- (c) USDA will have the burden of going forward to prove the existence of the the debt.
- (d) The employee requesting the hearing shall bear the ultimate burden of proof.
- (e) The evidence presented by the employee must prove that no debt exists or cast sufficient doubt such that reasonable minds could differ as to the existence of the debt.

§ 3.59 Written decision following a hearing.

Written decisions provided after a hearing will include:

- (a) A statement of the facts presented at the hearing to support the nature and origin of the alleged debt and those presented to refute the debt;
- (b) The hearing officer's analysis, findings and conclusions, considering all of the evidence presented and the respective burdens of the parties, in light of the hearing;
- (c) The amount and validity of the alledged debt determined as a result of the hearing; and
- (d) There payment schedule (including percentage of disposable pay), if applicable.
- (e) The determination of the amount of the debt at this hearing is the final agency action on this matter.

§3.60 Review of Departmental record related to the debt.

- (a) Notification by employee. An employee who intends to inspect or copy Departmental records related to the debt must send a letter to the Secretary stating his or her intention. The letter must be received by the Secretary within 30 calendar days of the date of the Notice of Intent.
- (b) Secretary's response. In response to the timely notice submitted by the debtor as described in paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary will notify the employee of the location and time when the employee may inspect and copy Departmental records related to the debt.

§ 3.61 Written agreement to repay debt as alternative to salary offset.

(a) Notification by employee. The employee may propose, in response to a Notice of Intent, a written agreement

to repay the debt as an alternative to salary offset. Any employee who wishes to do this must submit a proposed written agreement to repay the debt which is received by the Secretary within 30 calendar days of the date of the Notice of Intent.

(b) Secretary's response. The Secretary will notify the employee whether the employee's prosposed written agreement for repayment is acceptable. The Secretary may accept a repayment agreement instead of proceeding by offset. In making this determination, the Secretary will balance the Department's interest in collecting the debt against hardship to the employee. If the debt is delinquent and the employee has not disputed its existence or amount, the Secretary will accept a repayment agreement, instead of offset, for good cause such as, if the employee is able to establish that offset would result in undue financial hardship or would be against equity and good conscience.

§ 3.62 Procedures for salary offset: When deductions may begin.

(a) Deductions to liquidate an employee's debt will be by the method and in the amount stated in the Secretary's Notice of Intent to collect from the employee's current pay.

(b) If the employee filed a petition for a hearing with the Secretary before the expiration of the period provided for in §3.56 then deductions will begin after the hearing officer has provided the employee with a hearing, and a final written decision has been rendered in favor of the Secretary.

(c) If an employee retires or resigns before collection of the amount of the indebtedness is completed, the remaining indebtedness will be collected according to the procedures for administrative offset (see subpart B of this part).

§ 3.63 Procedures for salary offset: Types of collection.

A debt will be collected in a lumpsum or in installments. Collection will be by lump-sum collection unless the employee is financially unable to pay in one lump-sum, or if the amount of the debt exceeds 15 percent of disposable pay for an ordinary pay period. In

§ 3.64

these cases, deduction will be by installments, as set forth in §3.64.

§ 3.64 Procedures for salary offset: Methods of collection.

- (a) General. A debt will be collected by deductions at officially-established pay intervals from an employee's current pay account, unless the employee and the Secretary agree to alternative arrangements for repayment under § 3.61.
- (b) Installment deductions. Installment deductions will be made over a period not greater than the anticipated period of employment. The size and frequency of installment deductions will bear a reasonable relation to the size of the debt and the employee's ability to pay. However, the amount deducted for any period will not exceed 15 percent of the disposable pay from which the deduction is made, unless the employee has agreed in writing to the deduction of a greater amount. If possible, the installment payment will be sufficient in size and frequency to liquidate the debt in no more than three years. Installment payments of less than \$25 per pay period or \$50 a month will be accepted only in the most unusual cumstances.
- (c) Sources of deductions. The Department will make deductions only from basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay, or in the case of an employee not entitled to basic pay, other authorized pay.

§ 3.65 Procedures for salary offset: Imposition of interest, penalties and administrative costs.

Interest, penalties and administrative costs will be charged in accordance with 4 CFR 102.13.

§ 3.66 Nonwaiver of rights.

So long as there are no statutory or contractual provisions to the contrary, no employee payment (or all or portion of a debt) collected under these regulations will be interpreted as a waiver of any rights that the employee may have under 5 U.S.C. 5514.

§3.67 Refunds.

The Department will refund promptly to the appropriate individual

amounts offset under these regulations when:

- (a) A debt is waived or otherwise found not owing the United States (unless expressly prohibited by statute or regulation); or
- (b) The Department is directed by an administrative or judicial order to refund deducted from the employee's current pay.

§ 3.68 Agency regulations.

The Head of each USDA agency is delegated the authority to act for the Secretary under these regulations and may issue regulations or policies not inconsistent with Office of Personnel Management regulations (5 CFR part 550, subpart K) and regulations in this subpart governing the collection of a debt by salary offset.

Subpart D—Cooperation with the Internal Revenue Service

AUTHORITY: 26 U.S.C. 61, 31 U.S.C. 3720A, I TFRM 4055.50.

§ 3.81 Reporting discharged debts to the Internal Revenue Service.

When the Department discharges a debt for less than the full value of the indebtedness it will report the outstanding balance discharged, not including interest, to the Internal Revenue Service, using IRS Form 1099–G or any other form prescribed by the Service, when:

- (a) The principal amount of the debt not in dispute is \$600 or more; and
- (b) The obligation has not been discharged in a bankruptcy proceeding;and
- (c) The obligation is no longer collectible either because the time limit in the applicable statute for enforcing collection expired during the tax year, or because during the year a formal compromise agreement was reached in which the debtor was legally discharged of all or a portion of the obligation.

[50 FR 7726, Feb. 26, 1985]

§ 3.82 Offset against tax refunds.

The Department will take action to effect administrative offset against tax refunds due to debtors under 26 U.S.C.