

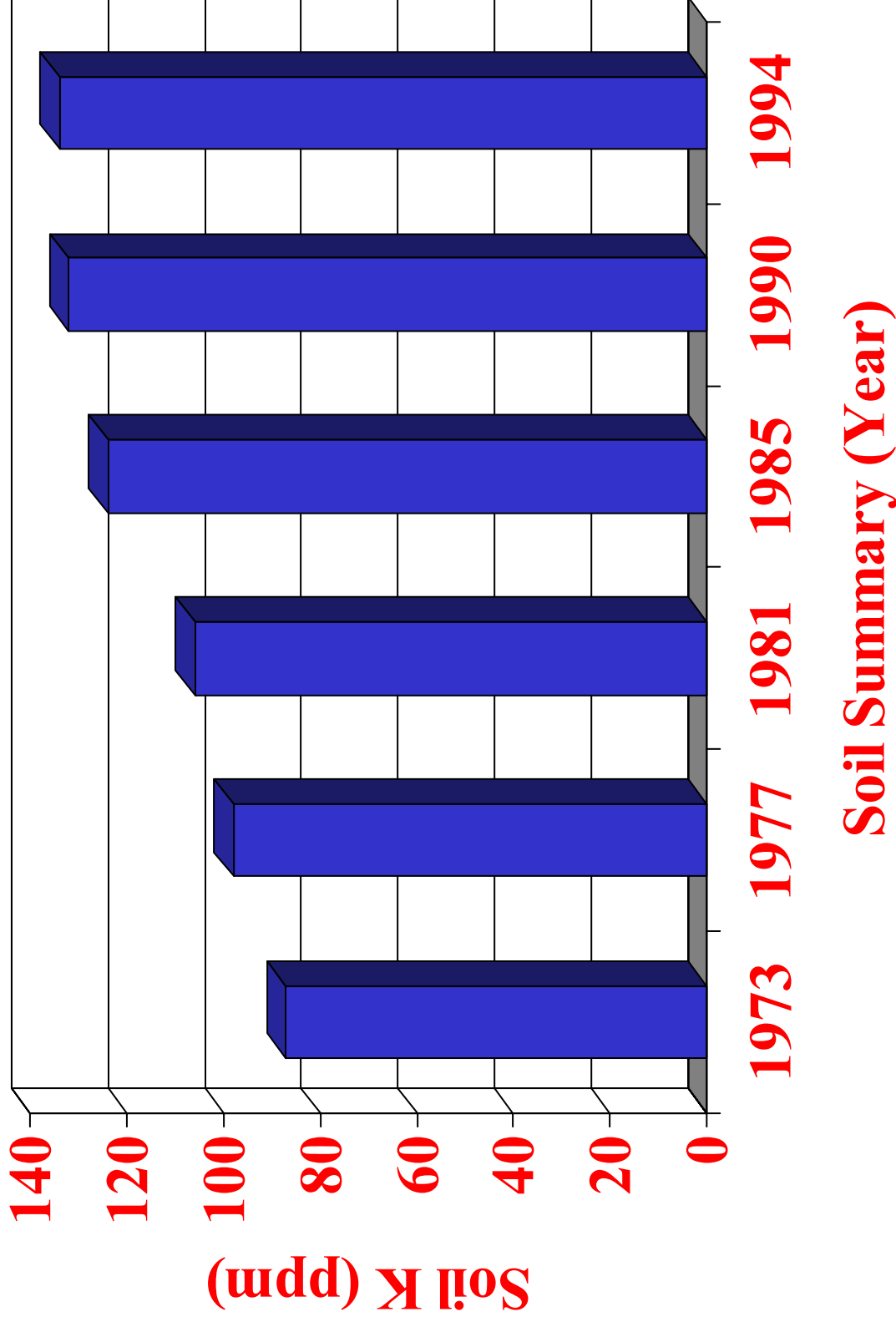
*Management & Diagnostic Issues  
Associated with High Potassium  
Content of Forages.....*

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Dept of Dairy Science**



- \* *Production of Forage K*
- \* *Diagnostics of Forage K*
- \* *Animal/ Forage K Interface*

# Average Soil K in Wisconsin



## Alfalfa Fertilization, Yield and Forage K Levels

	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>			
<b>K<sub>2</sub>O</b>	<b>Yield K</b>	<b>Yield K</b>	<b>Yield K</b>			
<b>0</b>	<b>2.92</b>	<b>1.11</b>	<b>2.95</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>2.99</b>	<b>0.89</b>
<b>120</b>	<b>3.68</b>	<b>1.53</b>	<b>3.94</b>	<b>1.71</b>	<b>3.57</b>	<b>1.14</b>
<b>480</b>	<b>4.05</b>	<b>2.31</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>2.69</b>	<b>4.16</b>	<b>2.05</b>
<b>960</b>	<b>4.18</b>	<b>2.71</b>	<b>4.43</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>4.31</b>	<b>3.36</b>

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**Smith 1975**

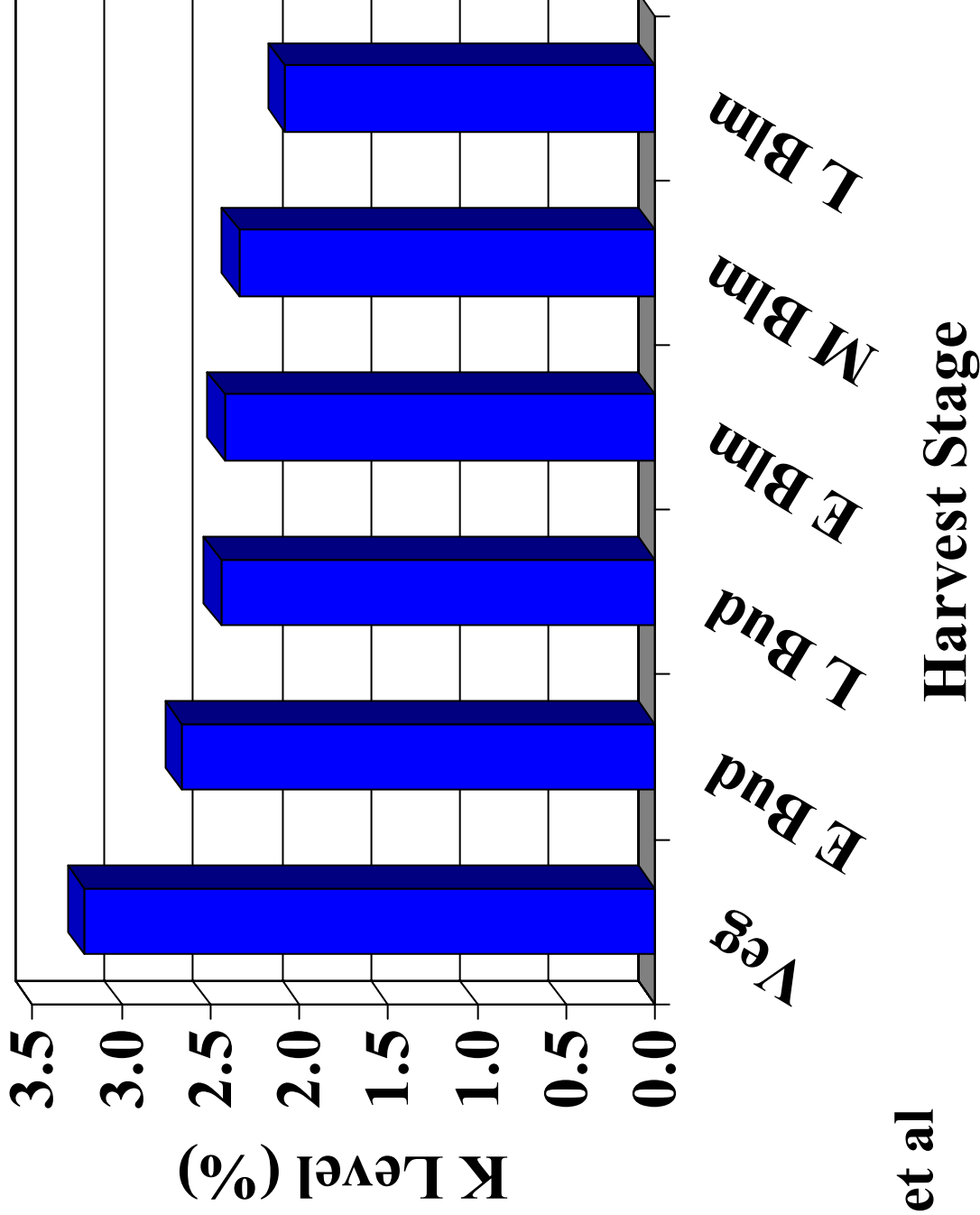
# Forage Species and Forage K.. Hoffman et al

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Species	Forage K	
	Spring	Summer
Alfalfa	2.53	2.49
Birdsfoot	2.89	2.69
Red Clover	3.16	2.94
Bromegrass	2.80	3.16
Orchardgrass	3.24	3.22
Perennial Rye	3.05	2.65
Quackgrass	2.52	2.85
Timothy	2.33	2.35

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# Maturity by Alfalfa K Level



Hoffman et al

## Forage K Levels- UW Soil and Forage Lab 1992-95

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Forage	% K		
	AVE	MIN	MAX
Legume Hay	2.76	0.98	4.44
Grass Hay	1.95	0.38	3.58
Legume Silage	3.26	0.61	4.62
Grass Silage	3.06	0.88	4.44
Small Grain Silage	2.55	1.20	4.23
Corn Silage	1.37	0.43	3.19

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## Manure- K Output

Item	100	Milk Yield	70	50
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### Excretion lbs/d

P (diet=.40)	.12	.11	.10
P (diet=.45)	.15	.14	.13
P (diet=.60)	.24	.21	.19
K (diet=.80)	.30	.27	.24
K (diet=1.2)	.52	.45	.40

Van Horn et al

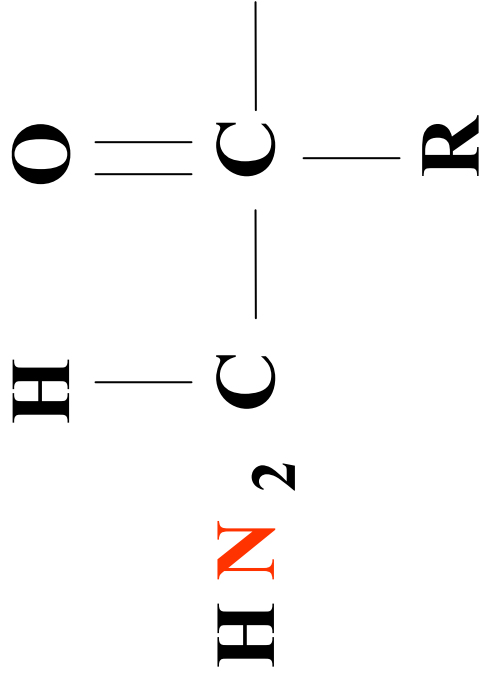


# Diagnostics of Forage K

*Inorganic (Salt)*

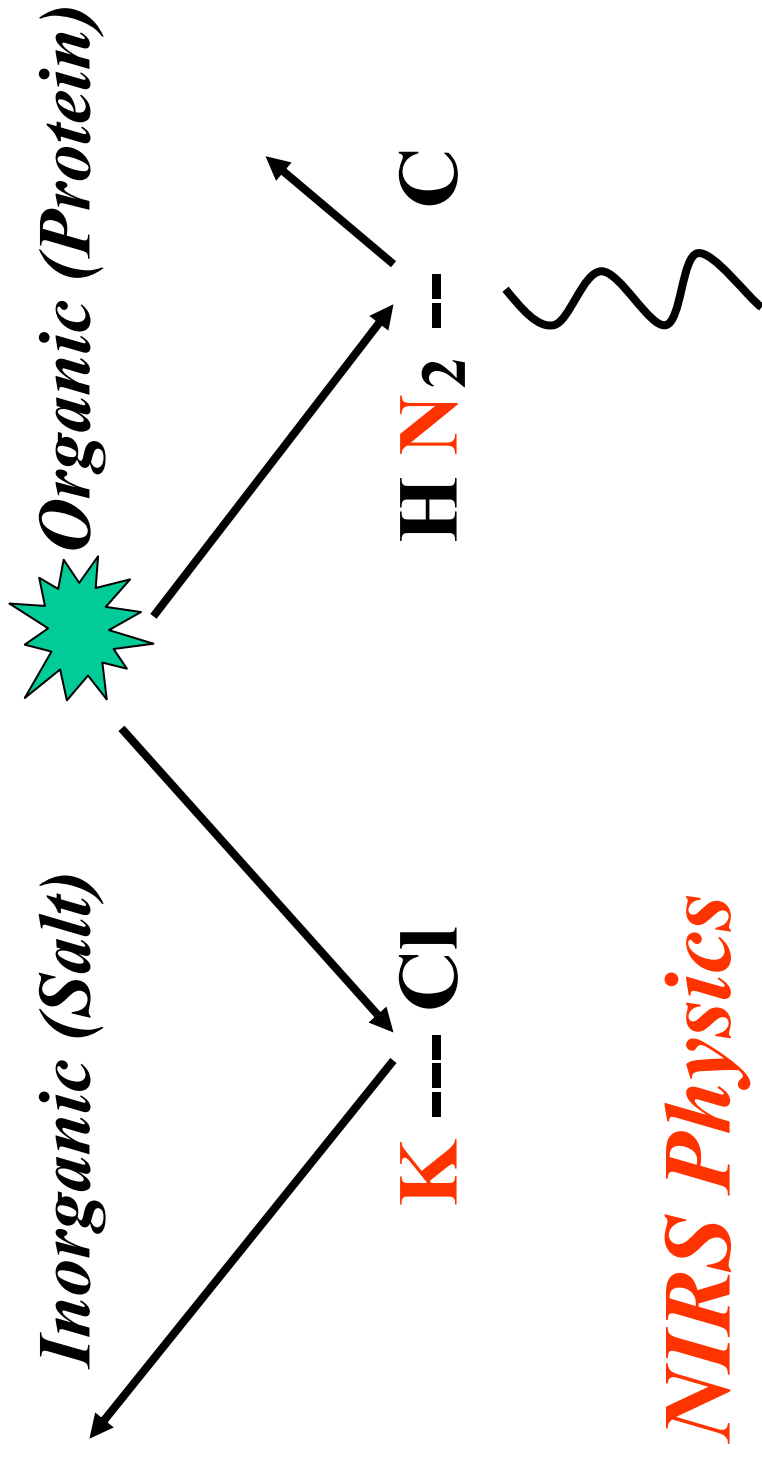


*Organic (Protein)*



*NIRS Physics*

# Diagnostics of Forage K



# Forages

Nutrient R 2 SEC

CP .96 .79

ADF .92 1.6

NDF .93 2.3

UIP .87 1.5

SOLCP .81 4.4

CA .81 .18

ADF-CP .77 .24

NDF-CP .72 .71

P .58 .04

K .54 .45

MG .50 .05

ASH ? ?

LIGNIN ? ?

Good

Fair

?

NIR UNPLUGGED

## \* *Animal/ Forage K Interface*

- **Milk Fever**
- **Hypocalcemia**
- **Hypomagnesemia**
- **Heat Stress**

# *Milk Fever*

Goff and Horst

Diet	meq/kg			
Ca	K	DCAD	Cows	MF pH
Low	Low	-150	9	0 5.8
Low	Medium	+150	11	4 8.0
Low	High	+450	9	7 8.1
High	Low	-150	10	2 5.7
High	Medium	+150	9	6 7.9
High	High	+460	12	3 8.2

Ca Low=.49 High=1.5  
K Low=1.1 Medium=1.8 High=2.5

# ***(Hypocalcemia)***

## **Summary**

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<b>Experiment</b>	<b>DCAD</b>	<b>Hypocalcemia</b>	<b>Milk</b>
<b>Block 1984</b>	<b>-129</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15738</b>
	<b>+331</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14667</b>
<b>Oetzel 1988</b>	<b>-75</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>+189</b>	<b>67</b>	
<b>Beede 1992</b>	<b>-250</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20661</b>
	<b>+50</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>19940</b>

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*Hypocalcemia = serum/blood Ca less than 4mg/100 ml*

*Effects of Forage K on*

*Mg Utilization in*

*Dairy Cattle*

*Hypomagnesemia*

# 1997 Hypomagnesemia Outbreak

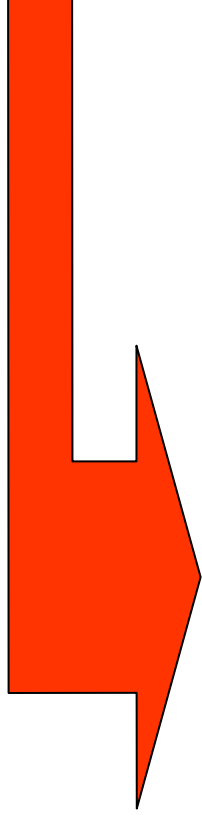
- \* 7 Herds (Central WI)
- \* 180 Cases
- \* Down Cows (Variable DIM)
- \* Mortality
- \* Stall Trama
- \* Older Cows
- \* IV Ca (No Response)
- \* TMRS
- \* Stored Feeds
- \* Low Milk
- \* Blood Mg <1.5mg/l
- \* IV MgSO<sub>4</sub> Good
- \* MgO Bolus Good
- \* Tetany



# *Question?*

*Why were cows in Central Wisconsin exhibiting symptoms of tetanus on stored feeds?*

*Whole Farm  
Hypomagnesemia  
Pathway*



*Forage*

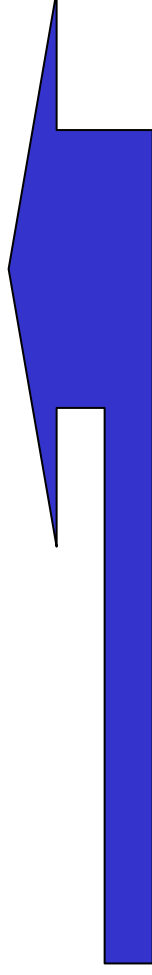
**High Forage K**  
**Low Forage Mg**  
**Grass Forages**  
**Forage TA Production**  
**NIRS Mg Inaccuracy**

*Soil*

**Heavy**  
**Low pH**  
**Lime = CaCO<sub>3</sub>**  
**Manure/Fertilizer K**  
**High Soil K**

*Dairy Cow*

**High Diet K**  
**Low Mg Absorption**  
**Rumen TC Production**  
**Blood Mg Chelation**  
**Urinary Mg Excretion**



# *Hypomagnesemia*

- \* **Recognize High Risk Situations**
  - **High K Soils**
  - **Heavy Manure Application**
  - **Grasses**
  - **NIRS Mg Analysis**
  - **Old Cows / High Production**
- \* **Increase Dietary Mg**
  - **NRC = .25**
  - **.35-.45 Safe**
- \* **Use MgOx Bolus Pre-Post Partum**
- \* **IV MgSO<sub>4</sub>**