CORVALLIS PLANT MATERIALS CENTER
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
CORVALLIS, OREGON
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THE 2007 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT ANNUAL REPORT: *Medford District*

I. Brief Background of Project

The Corvallis Plant Materials Center (PMC) entered into a new agreement with the Medford District of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) in 2004 to provide native plant materials for ecological restoration. The agreement was amended in 2007. It was agreed that the PMC would maintain seed increase fields of five grasses, two legumes, and four forbs; continue germination trials and containerized production of two forbs; and establish seed increase fields of three species of rushes. Some plants that were produced in 2006 were maintained at the PMC until the spring of 2007.



Figure 1. *Eriogonum umbellatum* seed increase field, Corvallis Plant Materials Center, June 12, 2007.

II. Accessions Involved

Accessions included for the Medford District BLM in 2007 are listed in Table 1. This table also displays activities performed by PMC staff.

Table 1. Accessions involved for Medford District BLM cooperative agreement with Corvallis Plant Materials Center in 2007.

Species	Common name	Code	Accession #	Activity in 2007 ¹
Achnatherum lemmonii	Lemmon's needlegrass	ACLE8	9079398	pxn
Bromus lavipes	woodland brome	BRLA3	9079393	sfp
Bromus lavipes	woodland brome	BRLA3	9079396	sfp
Eriogonum umbellatum	sulfur-flowered buckwheat	ERUM	9079425	pxn, sfp
Festuca californica	California Fescue	FECA	9079399	sfp
Festuca roemeri	Roemer's fescue	FERO	9079395	sfp
Iris douglasiana	Douglas Iris	IRDO	9079417	trl, pxn
Juncus ensifolius	sword leaf rush	JUEN	9079418	trl,pxn
Juncus tenuis	poverty rush	JUTE	9079388	pxn
Lomatium macrocarpum	big-seeded lomatium	LOMA3	9079325	pxn, dlv
Lupinus adsurgens	Drew's silky lupine	LUAD	9079426	sfp
Penstemon roezlii	Roezl's penstemon	PERO12	9079419	pxn, sfp
Poa secunda	Sandberg blue grass	POSE	9079394	sfp
Polemonium carneum	royal Jaccob's ladder	POCA4	9079424	pxn
Potentilla glandulosa	sticky cinquefoil	POGL9	9079427	pxn, sfp
Rupertia physoides	forest scurf peas	RUPH3	9079323	sfp
Scirpus microcarpus	panicled bulrush	SCMI2	9079386	pxn
Sisyrinchium bellum	western blue-eyed grass	SIBE	9079420	trl, pxn
Triteleia hyacinthina	white hyacinth brodiaea	TRHY3	9079421	pxn
Wyethia angustifolia	California compassplant	WYAN	9079389	pxn, dlv
Xerophyllum tenax	common beargrass	XETE	9079385	pxn, dlv

¹⁻ sfp= seed increase, trl= germination research trials, pxn=plant production, dlv=plant materials delivery

III. Experimental Propagation

There was no experimental propagation in 2007.

IV. Field Seed Increase

The PMC did not establish any new fields from seed in 2007. Fields that were established in 2004 finally were discontinued due to poor spring emergence. *Festuca californica*, *Festuca roemeri*, and *Melica harfordii* fields were plowed under. All newer fields were

looking fair except the *Polemonium carneum* and *Festuca elmeri* fields. *P. careneum* plants looked extremely stressed and many did not survive the winter. The remaining plants were dug up and put into pots that were placed in the shadehouse. The plants did very well in the shadehouse. The *F. elmeri* plants struggle with the heavy saturated soils in the winter and the late summer drought at the PMC. The field was mulched and summer moisture did not seem terribly limiting.

The *Bromus lavipes* field had a vigorous spring emergence and the field looked full and green. During a few days in March, however, the PMC experienced freezing temperatures following heavy rains. After this, the *B. lavipes* field turned a red hue and many plants did not survive. The field was still worth harvesting but was removed after harvest.



Figure 2. *Penstemon roezlii* seed increase field, Corvallis Plant Materials Center, June 10, 2007.

Eriogonum umbellatum and Penstemon roezlii fields were expanded using container plants that were grown in 2006. The E. umbellatum transplants did not flower this year, but the established plants flowered heartily. P. roezlii transplants flowered and set seed this year, but were less vigorous than the established plants. The spring freezes caused many new transplants to frost heave. PMC employees returned to the fields and replanted all the transplants and no plants were lost.

The *Potentilla glandulosa* field was very spotty in 2006 and in the fall/winter of 2006/2007 the plants were dug up and transplanted to form full rows. These plants grew and flowered. Transplanting seemed to decrease the vigor of the plants, but they are expected to make a full recovery.

At least half of the *Rupertia* physiodes field did not emerge

this spring. This might have been a delayed response to being accidentally tilled the previous spring. Transplants are being grown to replace the lost rows of plants.

Lupinus adsurgens plants flowered this year. Plants were very healthy and produced a lot of good seed. No seed or plant predation was noticed on any of the plants. This species is thriving at the PMC.

Table 2. Yields from seed increase fields at the Corvallis Plant Materials Center in 2007.

Species	Field Size (ac)	Method	harvest dates	Yield	Comments
Achnatherum lemmonii	0.03	hand	26-Jun	48 g	fair stand, low vigor
Bromus lavipes	0.25	seed stripper	11-Jul	11 lbs	poor stand, good vigor
Eriogonum umbellatum	0.015	hand	28-Jun	2.7 lbs	excellent stand, high vigor
Festuca roemeri	0.25	seed stripper	2-Jul	9.5 lbs	good stand, medium vigor
Lupinus adsurgens	0.01	hand	Jul 9- Aug 20	2 lbs	good stand, high vigor
Penstemon roezlii	0.02	hand	6-Aug	8.5 lbs	excellent stand, high vigor
Poa secunda	0.5	seed stripper	22-Jun	16 lbs	excellent stand, high vigor
Potentilla glandulosa	0.01	hand	4-Jul	25 g	small stand, medium vigor
Rupertia physoides	0.01	leaf blower	6-Aug	192 g	good stand, high vigor

Field notes 2006:



Weed control in the forb and legume seed increase fields was performed mainly by hand weeding and rouging. Borders were cultivated. Most fields were spot-sprayed with glyphosate using a shielded backpack sprayer to control exotic bentgrasses and other rhizomatous weeds. All grass fields were sprayed with Banvel in the spring to control broadleaf weeds, except the *B. lavipes* field. It was looking stressed so it was not sprayed. All grass fields (only the portions that were over 1 year old) were fertilized in October 2006 with 25 lbs/ac nitrogen (N) and in February 2007 with 50 lbs/ac N plus 15 lbs/ac sulfur (S). Grass fields were burned using drip torches following harvest. In mid October, Outlook (a non-selective pre-emergent herbicide) was applied to some fields that had been harvested in 2007 (Poa secunda, Achnatherum lemmoni). Outlook was used for the first time at the

Figure 3. *Lupinus adsurgens* seed increase field, Corvallis Plant Materials Center, July 2, 2007.

PMC in 2006. No plant damage was observed and weed control was very good. It may not need to be applied to fields every year. This fall, Outlook was only applied to fields that had not received the Outlook treatment in the fall of 2006.

V. Container Plant Production.

Containers of *Triteleia hyacinthina*, *Scirpus microcarpus*, *Sisyrinchium bellum*, *Juncus ensifolius*, *Juncus tenuis*, and *Iris douglasiana* were cared for throughout the summer in an outdoor shadehouse. The plants were too small to be transplanted out in early spring; they will be transplanted out into fields in the spring of 2008.

Table 3. Containerized plant production at the Corvallis PMC in 2007 for the BLM Medford District.

Species	Accession #	Amt.	Treatment	Purpose
Achnatherum lemmonii	9079398	500	70 days cold stratification	field expansion
Iris douglasiana	9079417	120	90 days cold stratification	field establishment
Juncus ensifolius	9079418	70	45 days cold stratification	field establishment
Juncus tenuis	9079388	125	45 days cold stratification	field establishment
Penstemon roezlii	9079419	200	outside overwinter	field expansion
Polemonium carneum	9079424	100	outside overwinter	shadehouse production
Potentilla glandulosa	9079427	200	outside overwinter	field expansion
Rupertia physoides	9079323	200	scarfication	field expansion
Sisyrinchium bellum	9079420	200	90 days cold stratification	field establishment



VI. Delivery of Plant Materials

Doug Kendig visited the PMC on April 20, 2007 and picked up plants that were grown for the 2006 agreement.

Figure 4. *Polemonium carneum* plants flowering at the Corvallis Plant Materials Center, June 10, 2007.

Table 4. Plants picked up by BLM staff on April 20, 2007

Species	Accession #	Amount
Lomatium macrocarpum	9079325	80 cones
Wyethia angustifolia	9079389	175 cones
Xerophyllum tenax	9079385	150 cones

Table 5. Current seed in storage at Corvallis Plant Materials Center, December 30, 2007. **Seed in storage**

Scientific name	Code	Accession #	Produced by PMC	Provided by BLM
Achnatherum lemmonii	ACLE8	9079398	48 g	
Bromus carinatus	BRCA5	9079397	621 g	2340 g
Bromus lavipes	BRLA3	9079393		
Bromus lavipes	BRLA3	9079396	33 lbs	64 g
Cimicifuga elata	CIEL	9079390		14 g
Darlingtonia californica	DACA5	9079391		6 g
Eriogonum umbellatum	ERUM	9079425	2.7 lbs	5 g
Festuca californica	FECA	9079399		836 g
Festuca californica	FECA	9079327	42 lbs	
Festuca elmeri	FEEL2	9079422	24 g	21 g
Festuca roemeri	FERO	9079395	9.5 lbs	803 g
Festuca romeri	FERO	9079326	339 g	
Frasera umpquaensis	FRUM	9079387		
Iris douglasiana	IRDO	9079417		72 g
Juncus ensifolius	JUEN	9079418		2 g
Juncus tenuis	JUTE	9079388	1 g	13 g
Lomatium macrocarpum	LOMA3	9079325		129 g
Lupinus adsurgens	LUAD	9079426	2 lbs	
Lupinus albifrons	LUAL4	9079322	29 g	
Melica harfordii	MEHA2	9079328	6 lbs	
Penstemon roezlii	PERO12	9079419	9 lbs	1 g
Poa secunda	POSE	9079394	16 lbs	2372 g
Polemonium carneum	POCA4	9079424		1 g
Potentilla glandulosa	POGL9	9079427	25 g	1 g
Rupertia physoides	RUPH3	9079323	1 lb	
Scirpus microcarpus	SCMI2	9079386		33 g
Sisyrinchium bellum	SIBE	9079420		8 g
Triteleia hyacinthina	TRHY3	9079421		8 g
Wyithia angustifolia	WYAN	9079389		
Xerophyllum tenax	XETE	9079385		226 g