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INTRODUCTION

The CONSER standard record (CSR) to which this documentation pertains is the result of a year-long effort that involved over 150 people, including a working group of catalogers, cataloging managers, and users of serial catalog records who developed the proposed record; catalogers at fourteen institutions who piloted the record; and a group of diverse reviewers from the fourteen pilot institutions who evaluated the record. The elements and cataloging guidelines used for the pilot projects have been adjusted as a result of pilot project outcomes and subsequent input.

This documentation is intended to meet the everyday documentation needs of CONSER-trained, experienced serials catalogers. Other CONSER documents address training needs. Once trained, catalogers should exercise judgment about elements and practices not specified in this documentation, keeping in mind that the goal of the catalog record is to meet user needs to find, identify, select, and obtain the resource. This documentation provides the cataloger with a set of elements that are required on each serial record. The elements are those that were identified as having the highest value in supporting users' efforts to find, identify, select, and obtain the resources they need, as well as navigate the relationships among titles.

The mandatory element set avoids requiring unessential or redundant elements. In a few cases, redundancy was deemed necessary because of display requirements (e.g., language elements) or so that certain elements (notes about issues described and consulted) are provided in all cases. This standard record does not preclude the use of any data in a bibliographic record. Given that no two resources are exactly alike, no documentation can cover all possible situations. Guidance to speed the process of making complex decisions about main entry, formulating corporate body names, and determining major vs. minor title changes can be found in Appendix A: Special Instructions.

Appendix A also includes general guidelines for record maintenance and working with copy. A basic principle for working with copy is to avoid removing data from an existing record unless that data is factually incorrect.

It is hoped that by including a defined element set in each record, CONSER records will become more uniform in the data they contain, and catalogers will be enabled to concentrate on unusual situations that are important for appropriate access. Specialized resources such as those in non-roman script, law serials, rare serials, newspapers, etc., have specialized requirements not included in this basic documentation.

The CONSER standard record has been developed with the intention of meeting user needs in the evolving digital environment. The CONSER standard record emphasizes access points over extensive descriptive detail in the belief that controlled subject and name access points are library cataloging's most valuable contribution in the current bibliographic environment.

The former Library of Congress Cataloging Policy and Support Office (now the Policy and Standards Division) provided new or revised LC Rule Interpretations to support policy decisions that differ from AACR2 rules.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- The mandatory data elements that make up the Metadata Application Profile (MAP) and the instructions for providing these elements set the standard for the CONSER record and replace the previous full, core, and minimal record CONSER element lists.
- CONSER standard records use MARC 21 encoding level "blank." Authority records in the Library of Congress/NACO and Subject Authority Files are required for all headings on CONSER standard records. CONSER standard records have an authentication code (i.e., "lc" or "lcd" and in the future "pcc") reflecting the fact that the name, series, and subject headings are supported by authority records.
- Minimal level records are still created in certain situations but they are not considered CONSER standard records. Minimal level records include the same mandatory descriptive elements, but may not contain subject headings and/or not all name and series headings are supported by authority records in the LC/NACO Authority File. Minimal level records use encoding level 7 and have an authentication code that reflects whether or not authority records exist for name and series headings on the record (i.e. "lcd" or "msc").
- Therefore a record lacking appropriate subject headings is considered minimal level, coded encoding level 7, and depending on whether name and series headings on the record are backed by authority records will be coded "lcd" or "msc". Records that have name or series headings not backed by authority records are coded encoding level 7 and given authentication code "msc."
- Every CONSER standard record will minimally contain the mandatory elements.
 Catalogers may add any additional data elements or fields that are required by the
 resource, e.g., addition of a uniform title is acceptable depending on local needs and
 judgment. Institutions may determine policies regarding additional nationally-applicable
 elements needed to meet institutional needs. Specialized materials, e.g., rare
 materials, law serials and newspapers may require specialized elements and
 practices.
- Standard abbreviations and capitalization are not required in designation and note fields (362, 515, 5XX).
- When using copy, all elements that are not incorrect should be left in the record, even if they are not part of the required element set. Elements that are not obviously incorrect or suspect should, in general, also be left in the record without further research. Further guidance is in Appendix A.
- In general, records should be maintained according to this standard. It is not required to maintain elements that are not part of the mandatory elements list. However, steps

should be taken to avoid records that contain incorrect or misleading information. Further guidance is in Appendix A.

M/A/NR Notes/Cataloging Guidelines $M = Mandatory \ A = Mandatory \ if \ applicable NR = Not \ Required$ **Data Element**

Leader		M	System-supplied except as below
	06 Type of record	М	
	07 Bibliographic level	М	(Default code currently = "s")
	08 Type of control	М	(Default = "blank")
	17 Encoding level	М	"blank"
	18 Descriptive cataloging form	М	а
006	Fixed-length data elements –	Α	
	additional material characteristics		
	It is required to code only the first		f the 006 for additional material
	characteristics, "Form of material.	"	
007	Physical description fixed field	Α	
			ategory of material" and subfield \$b
			er: additional subfields may be required
	for preservation microform, e.g. s	ubfield	\$e "Dimensions" is needed for
000	microform.	1	T
800	Fixed-length data elements –		
	general information		
	06 Publication status	M	
	07-10 Date 1 Beginning date of	M	
	publication	١.,	
	11-14 Date 2 Ending date of	M	
	publication	N 4	
	15-17 Country	M	11.0.10001
	18 Frequency	NR	U.S. ISSN center staff required to
			code.
			See instructions in Appendix A for use
	40 Dec. 15 (1	ND	of copy and record maintenance
	19 Regularity	NR	Used by U.S. ISSN center staff.
			See instructions in Appendix A for use
	O4 Tune of continuing recovers	N 4	of copy and record maintenance
	21 Type of continuing resource	M	Code and for original migrateries
	22 Form of original item	A	Code only for original microforms
	23 Form of item	M	
	24 Nature of entire work	NR	
	25-27 Nature of contents	NR	
	28 Government publication	A	
	29 Conference publication	NR	11
	33 Original alphabet of key title		Used by ISSN centers only

Data Element M/A/NR Notes/Cataloging Guidelines

M = Mandatory A = Mandatory if applicable NR = Not Required

	·		
	34 Successive/latest entry	M	Default = "0"
	35-37 Language	М	
	38 Modified record	Α	
	39 Cataloging source	M	
010	Library of Congress control number	М	
022	ISSN \$a, \$y	Α	\$z is used by ISSN centers only
030	CODEN designation	Α	If readily available to the cataloger
041	Language code	Α	Code \$a only; use for serials with
			multiple languages, see also
			instructions in 546
042	Authentication code	M	Use codes "lc" or "lcd" until
			implementation of code "pcc"
043	Geographic area code	Α	
050	Library of Congress call number	Α	
082	Dewey Decimal classification	Α	
	number		
086	Government document classification	Α	
100	Main entry – personal name	Α	
110	Main entry – corporate name	Α	
111	Main entry – meeting name	Α	
130	Main entry – uniform title \$a, \$n, \$p	Α	
1	1		

- "Distinguishing" uniform titles: With two exceptions, it is not required to create or add a uniform title (either as a main entry heading or in conjunction with a personal or corporate name main entry heading) in order to resolve conflicts according to AACR2 25.5B. Create uniform titles for these two categories: 1) monographic series, or 2) "generic" titles, i.e., those cases where the title consists solely of a word or words indicating the type of resource or the periodicity of the resource, e.g., "monthly newsletter," "journal," "biennial working papers." (LCRI 25.5B)
- Translations and language editions:
 It is not required to create or add a uniform title either as a main entry
 heading or in conjunction with a personal or corporate name main entry
 heading for translations or language editions. Instead, use an added entry
 (in addition to any 765 or 775 linking field) to provide collocation with the
 original language edition. Include the name of the language of the resource
 being cataloged in subfield \$1 of the 730 field. This is an exception to the

Data Element *M = Mandatory A = Mandatory if applicable NR = Not Required*Mandatory *A = Mandatory if applicable NR = Not Required*

general policy stated under Linking Fields below that it is not required to make added entries (730/740) that duplicate linking field access points.

 "Other "collocating" uniform titles: Continue to create or add uniform titles as required for legal materials and other cases of collocating (as opposed to "distinguishing") uniform titles that are not translations or language editions.

210	Abbreviated title \$a, \$b	Α	Do not put in 246
240	Uniform title \$a, \$n, \$p	Α	See cataloging guidelines for 130 field
245	Title and statement of responsibility		
	\$a Title proper	M	
	\$h Medium	Α	
	\$n Number of part/section	Α	
	\$p Name of part/section	Α	
	\$b Other title information and	NR	
	Parallel title(s)		

Generally, it is not required to transcribe other title information unless it provides clarification or support to the title proper that otherwise might appear misleading without the other title information.

It is not required to transcribe parallel titles in 245 \$b. Record parallel titles and initialisms/acronyms not chosen as the title proper in field 246. See also instructions in field 246.

\$c Statement of responsibility NR

It is not required to transcribe a statement of responsibility of any kind in field 245 \$c. (Cf. LCRI 12.1F).¹

Varying form of title \$a, \$n, \$p, \$i, \$f | A

 Record in field 246 (rather than 245 \$b) acronyms/initialisms of the title proper, and parallel titles found on the chief source. Use indicators 11 for parallel titles. Use indicators 1 [blank] and \$i any time a note is needed for a variant title including the need to provide applicable date ranges for additional parallel titles that appear on later issues. Use indicators 13 for all other variant titles, including acronyms/initialisms.

¹ For CONSER minimal level or non-CONSER records where no authority record will be created or updated for a heading named in a statement of responsibility, transcribe the statement of responsibility as usual in the bibliographic record so that usage can be documented. (Cf. LCRI 12.7B7.1)

Data Element M/A/NR Notes/Cataloging Guidelines M = Mandatory A = Mandatory if applicable NR = Not Required

- Record variant titles that appear prominently in the resource being cataloged, and which a user might reasonably consider to be the title. Also record minor title changes as variant titles. In general, it is not required to provide information on the source of the variant title. Accordingly, indicator values for variant titles can be coded 13 with the exception of added entries for minor title changes. In these cases, record the minor title change using: 246 1 [blank] inputting specific introductory wording in subfield \$i.
- For online serials, try to locate the earliest issue appearing on the site.
 Generally consider recording as variant titles only titles appearing in readily
 accessible sources (for example, those that can be accessed within one or
 two pages from the earliest issue's title page or title screen or by clicking on
 a prominently displayed icon or menu choice on a home page or a main
 menu page).

247	Former title \$a, \$n, \$p	Α	Use only for integrating resources
250	Edition statement	Α	
260	Publication, distribution, etc.	M	See also special instructions
	\$a Place of publication	M	

- It is required to supply only the first-named place of publication as found on the item. It is not required to supply any additional places, regardless of the home country of the cataloging agency. (Cf. LCRI 12.4C)
- For online resources: if a place of publication is readily available (for example, found by scrolling within a few pages of the home page or first issue page), record that place in field 260 \$a. Otherwise, supply a probable place of publication (e.g. [United States?]) or [S.I.] in field 260 \$a. Code the fixed field country code accordingly.

	\$b Name of publisher	М	
	\$c Date of publication	NR	It is not required to supply dates in 260 \$c. See field 362 for instructions about recording dates of publication
300	Physical description		
	\$a Extent (SMD)	А	This element only required for tangible non-print formats
	\$b Other physical details	NR	
	\$c Dimensions	NR	
310	Current publication frequency	Α	If known

Data ElementM/A/NRNotes/Cataloging Guidelines $M = Mandatory \ A = Mandatory \ if applicable \ NR = Not \ Required$

321	Former publication frequency	NR	It is not required to provide former frequency notes on original records. See special instructions in Appendix A for use of copy and record maintenance
362 1	Dates of publication/designation		
	First indicator "1" unformatted style	Α	
	of publication whenever this in the first/last issue(s) are in ha. Captions and months may be and capitalization) or they may abbreviations. Numbers (including ordinal numay be recorded as Arabic numay be recorded as Arabic numbering is not present or or the copyright date. If numbering includes both issue the date. Include new series designation	nformat nd or n transci y be red imbers, imerals known ue nun	ribed as found (including abbreviations corded using standard AACR2) may be transcribed as found or they
490	Series statement/title	А	Required if applicable when series added entry is not being made
	 when no series added entry is statement, using the 490 field. over time in 490 fields on the k When a series added entry is the 8XX field. Establish new, or 	series being Docun bibliogra being in r upda	ed entry, search the authority file for authority records. included, transcribe the series ment changes in the series statement
500	General note(s): source of title, DBO	M	Designated notes only

Data Element M/A/NR Notes/Cataloging Guidelines

M = Mandatory A = Mandatory if applicable NR = Not Required

	It is required to provide the description based on (DBO) information and the source of title on all records. This information should be combined into one note. Always cite the source of title, even if it is the title page. (Exception: Source of title is not required in derived records). It is not required to use standard abbreviations and capitalization in notes.						
500	General note: Latest issue consulted	М					
	LIC note is required, even when		ing based on only one issue.				
515	Numbering peculiarities note	A					
530	Additional physical form available	NR					
	note	500 /					
		530 note	e, to describe any additional physical				
500	formats available.	Ι Δ					
533	Reproduction note	A	Library and Arabiyas Canada yas anhy				
534	Original version note	A	Library and Archives Canada use only				
538	System details note	1	es, it is not required to make a 538 note				
	 except in cases when it is necessary to indicate the type of operating system or the make and model of the computer(s) on which the resource is designed to run. For remote access electronic resources, make a note on mode of access 						
546	Language note	Δ	r than through the World Wide Web.				
	Record information about serials in multiple languages, translations, different languages of summaries, tables of contents, or accompanying material in a 546 note, as well as any other notes to clarify the language of the work being cataloged.						
550	Issuing body note	NR					
	It is not required to use 550 or o corporate body's name has cha updated/created. Make access p	nged ov points o	es simply to justify added entries. If a er time, authority records should be n the bibliographic record as 21.29F). For changes in issuing bodies,				
555	Cumulative index/finding aids note	Α					

² For CONSER minimal and non-CONSER records where no authority record will be created or updated, document the usage through transcription in the bibliographic record (either by supplying a 245 subfield \$b or subfield \$c, or a 550 note).

M/A/NR Notes/Cataloging Guidelines $M = Mandatory \ A = Mandatory \ if applicable NR = Not Required$ **Data Element**

580	Linking entry complexity note	NR	
		g inform	nation in a 580 note. Use linking entries
	with \$i whenever possible.	-	•
600	Subject added entry – personal	Α	
	name		
610	Subject added entry – corporate	Α	
	name		
611	Subject added entry – meeting	Α	
	name		
630	Subject added entry – uniform title	Α	
650	Subject added entry – topical term	Α	
651	Subject added entry – geographic	Α	
	name		
655	Index term – genre/form	Α	
700	Added entry – personal name	Α	
710	Added entry – corporate name	Α	May use with subfield "\$3" to indicate
			"applicable date" in lieu of 550
711	Added entry – meeting name	Α	
730	Added entry – uniform title	Α	It is not required to make an added
	,		entry that duplicates a linking field.
			See 130 field for instructions about
			uniform title added entries for
			translations and language editions
740	Added entry – uncontrolled related	Α	It is not required to make an added
	title		entry that duplicates a linking field.
			See 130 field for instructions about
			uniform title added entries for
			translations and language editions
752	Added entry – hierarchical place	Α	Newspapers only
	name		
Linking	_		entries. E.g., use 776 \$i rather than a
Fields	530 note, to describe any addition	onal phy	vsical formats available.
765	Original language entry	Α	
767	Translation entry	Α	
770	Supplement/special issue entry	Α	
772	Supplement parent entry	Α	
773	Host item	NR	
774	Constituent unit entry	NR	

M/A/NR Notes/Cataloging Guidelines $M = Mandatory \ A = Mandatory \ if applicable NR = Not Required$ **Data Element**

Other edition available entry	Α				
Additional physical form entry	Α	Use with subfield "\$i" in lieu of 530			
Issued with entry	Α				
Preceding entry	Α				
Succeeding entry	Α				
Non-specific relationship entry	NR				
Series added entry – personal name	NR				
Series added entry – corporate	NR				
name					
Series added entry – meeting name	NR				
Series added entry – uniform title	NR				
Electronic location and access	Α				
Remote access electronic resour	ces ger	nerally have a URI associated with the			
resource. CONSER records shou	ıld cont	ain generally-accessible URIs that point			
to the publisher's version of the resource or to a version in a trusted archive					
Local URIs or password-protected URIs should not be recorded in the nation					
level record.					
\$u Uniform resource identifier	Α				
\$3 Materials specified	Α				
	Additional physical form entry Issued with entry Preceding entry Succeeding entry Non-specific relationship entry Series added entry – personal name Series added entry – corporate name Series added entry – meeting name Series added entry – uniform title Electronic location and access Remote access electronic resour resource. CONSER records show to the publisher's version of the re Local URIs or password-protecte level record. \$u Uniform resource identifier	Additional physical form entry Issued with entry Preceding entry Succeeding entry Non-specific relationship entry Series added entry – personal name Series added entry – corporate name Series added entry – meeting name Series added entry – uniform title NR Electronic location and access A Remote access electronic resources generource. CONSER records should content to the publisher's version of the resource Local URIs or password-protected URIs level record. \$u Uniform resource identifier A			

Decision-Making Guidance

The following guidance is intended to help simplify the decision making process when used in conjunction with AACR2 rules and Rule Interpretations to determine main entry, record place of publication, establish corporate headings, and determine major and minor title changes.

Main entry heading (1XX)

When determining if the main entry should be under corporate body or title, keep in mind that one issue may not truly reflect the entire run of a serial. The most common categories for entry of a serial under corporate body are those with administrative content or content including recommendations; if the serial doesn't have such content and isn't easily identified as being covered by one of the other categories in AACR2 21.1B2, enter under title.

Place of Publication

I. Formal publishing statement with multiple places of publication

E.g. Chief source, across the bottom of the cover: Harwood, Amsterdam, Beijing, Canberra, New York, Paris

P. [2] of cover: Published in Newark, New Jersey by Harwood Academic Publishers

Record the first named place.

260 \$a Amsterdam : \$b Harwood

II. No formal publishing statement

If there is no publishing statement presented on the item, infer the place of publication from the following sources printed on the item in this order, and supply the data in the 260 \$a:

- Address of issuing body
- Editorial business office address
- · Other editorial office address
- Subscription address

Do not infer a city of publication from a personal editor's address unless you have clear evidence that the editor is also the publisher. However, you may use a personal editor's address to infer the country of publication [AACR2 1.4C6].

Establishing Corporate Headings

Create a name heading for a body in the form by which it is commonly identified, and which is used by the body itself. Determine this form of name from works issued by the body in its own language (including its Web site). For international bodies, or for bodies that include English as one of their official languages, use the English form of name.

If there are multiple forms of the name, prefer the form presented formally on the chief source and/or the predominant form as evidenced by other works issued by the body. If in doubt as to whether to choose the full form of the name over an acronym or initialism, always choose the full form. (Cf. LCRI 24.2D) When faced with two equally acceptable name forms choose one and make a reference from the other in the name authority record. Make as many references in the authority record as seem appropriate to provide access for users of the catalog in performing searches, including keyword searches.

Add a qualifier to any name that in your judgment does not convey the idea of a corporate body. Also feel free to add a qualifier if in your opinion the addition assists in the understanding of the nature and purpose of the body.

Enter a subordinate body under the name of the higher or related body in all cases in which the name implies that it is an administrative part of another body, or in which the name is too general to stand by itself. When in doubt, assume that a name is general in nature and should therefore be entered subordinately. When in doubt as to whether to omit or retain any intervening body in a hierarchy, choose to retain it.

The desired result of your work is a name heading that, together with the references, provides access to the corporate body and its works. There are seldom "right" or "wrong" decisions in the grey areas of the name authority process; base your decisions on the usefulness of the name heading in providing access and collocation in the catalog.

Major vs. Minor Changes

I. Rules of thumb for problematic situations

Resource-type words: If the word can be used with an indefinite article, consider it a resource-type word (using this guideline, *newspaper* is a resource-type word; *news* is **not** a resource-type word). Frequency words are not considered resource-type words (though commonly used that way in English). In case of doubt, consider a word to be a resource-type word.

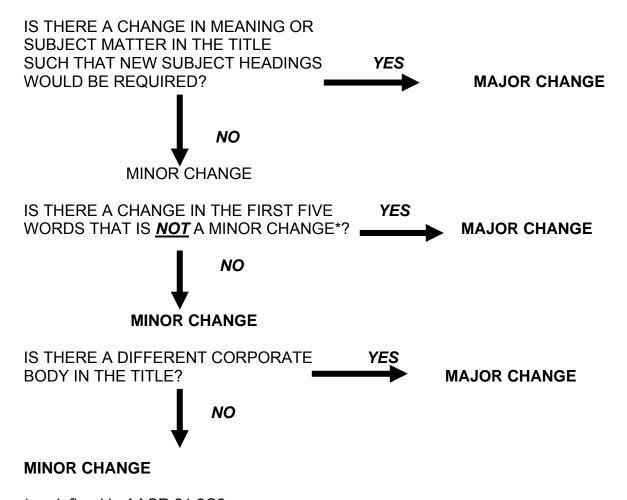
<u>Minor Word Variations</u>: In case of doubt, consider a different representation to be the same word but use caution and perhaps a dictionary in the case of different grammatical forms because words like *man* and *male* are different words with different meanings.

<u>Geographic term or government body</u>? When the serial is issued by or associated with a government body, consider a geographic term to be a representation of the corporate body's name (e.g., <u>California</u> facts and figures issued by an agency of the California state government).

<u>Change of meaning or subject matter</u>: Limit the application of this rule to changes that would be reflected in subject headings, and cases where the publisher indicates that the title change reflects a change in scope.

II. Title change analysis

Changed titles might include multiple changes simultaneously. The cataloger must determine whether *any* of the changes are considered major (because multiple minor changes are collectively still considered minor). Answering the questions on the following chart can help:



*as defined in AACR 21.2C2

Working with Copy and Record Maintenance

General Guidelines

- Existing records created before implementation of the CONSER standard record (CSR) do not need to be edited just to conform to the new standard. Do not remove any fields from existing records unless the data in those fields is determined to be factually incorrect. If new information needs to be supplied, supply it according to the CSR Metadata Application Profile (MAP). If in a particular situation it is more difficult to supply information according to CSR MAP and the cataloger can easily supply the information according to pre-CSR style, it is fine to do so. The only exceptions are fields that are already outdated and will not be maintained because the information is no longer required under these guidelines. For example, it is not necessary to keep outdated systems requirements data in records for CD-ROMs.
- A maintenance rule of thumb is that any change that affects record access/identification or other serials functions (such as receiving, claiming, or binding) is a candidate for maintenance.
- It is required to maintain the mandatory elements from the CONSER standard element set.
- Generally, it is not required to update the style or tagging of information solely to reflect changes in cataloging codes or CONSER practice (CEG B4.3).

Maintaining a record with a non-generic title qualified by corporate body

When working with an authenticated record that includes a 130 with a corporate body
used as a qualifier for a non-generic title and that corporate body undergoes a major
name change or is no longer associated with the publication, treat the title as if it were a
generic title qualified by body and make a new record with a new 130 qualified by the
new body.

Maintaining or using copy that includes systems requirements:

• If systems requirements are outdated, replace the outdated information with current information only if the current information is appropriate under current 538 guidelines; otherwise delete the outdated information.

Note: 538 fields added for a resource that is part of the Registry of Digital Masters contain data about digitization standards; this information should always be retained in the record.

Maintaining or using existing cataloging with former frequency information:

• If there is a former frequency in field 310, move the former frequency to field 321, and add the current frequency in field 310. Prefer to leave existing 321 fields on an existing record, even if more than three. (Reminder: don't leave outdated fixed field information for frequency and regularity when changing a 310 in an existing record. It should be updated with current frequency information when the record being modified is an "nsdp" authenticated record.)

Maintaining or using existing cataloging with formatted 362 information:

- To indicate new series, changes in numbering, etc., the cataloger may add to an existing formatted 362 according to previous practice, or convert the information into an unformatted note that includes new series information. See examples in Appendix B.
- To add an ending designation, the cataloger can add to an existing formatted 362 according to previous practice or add a separate unformatted 362.

Maintaining or using existing cataloging when a responsible body changes its name or a new body takes responsibility:

If a responsible body uses a variant name not already recorded on an authority record, add the variant to the authority record. If a body name change requires a new authority record, or a new body becomes responsible for the resource, provide a 550 note or an "applicable date" subfield (\$3) for the 710 field to indicate applicable dates for the new name or the new body and make access points as appropriate. ³

³ For CONSER minimal level or non-CONSER records, where authority records will not be created or updated, add notes about corporate body changes.

Record example 1

Rec stat c Type a BLvl s S/L 0 Desc a	Entered 2 ELvI Form Orig SrTp	0060404 Srce c Conf EntW Cont	Replaced GPub Freq Regl DtSt c	Ctrl MRec Alph	Lang spa Ctry ag 2000 , 9999
022 \$a 1 040 \$a 0 042 \$a lo 043 \$a s 049 \$a 0 050 14 \$a H	-ag GUA D4813 \$b .E53				
	ncuentro Regio ncuentro Regio		•		**
	ctas del Enc		•		
					ia Obrera, and Area de
	ntropología y T	rabajo de la E	scuela de Ar	ntropología	3
•	nnual	oão 2000)			
	egan with 1er (escription base		2000): title t	from cove	r
	atest issue con				l •
•	abor \$z Argenti	,	,		
	abor unions \$z				
650 0 \$a V	orking class \$2	z Argentina \$x	Social condi	itions \$v C	ongresses.
					dios de Historia Obrera.
					ologia y Trabajo.
					manidades y Artes.
710 2 \$a N	úcleo de Estud	ios del Trabajo	o y la Conflic	tividad So	ciai.

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710 2 \$a Taller de Estudios Laborales.

710 2 \$a Observatorio Social de América Latina.

710 2 \$a Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales.

^{**} See instructions for 245, \$b in the Metadata Application Profile (MAP). In this example, \$b is supplied because it provides a clarification for a title proper that might be misleading otherwise.

Record example 2

Rec stat c	Entered 2	0060328	Replaced	20060403	3
Type a	ELvl	Srce c	GPub	Ctrl	Lang eng
BLvl s	Form s	Conf	Freq	MRec	Ctry aj
S/L 0	Orig	EntW	Regl	Alph	
Desc a	SrTp p	Cont	DtSt c	Dates 20	06,9999
006 m 007 c \$b 010 \$a 20 040 \$a C 041 0 \$a e 042 \$a lc 043 \$a e 049 \$a C 245 00 \$a C 246 11 \$a A 246 13 \$a C 260 \$a [A 310 \$a Q 362 1 \$a B 500 \$a D C 500 \$a La 546 \$a A 651 0 \$a C 651 0 \$a C	r 006262116 GU \$c CGU ng \$a aze d -urk GUA aucasian journa vropa Mäsälälä JEA azerbaijan?] : \$l uarterly egan with Volui escription base enter for Europ atest issue cons rticles in Azerba aucasus \$x Pol aucasus \$x Pol aucasus \$x So	al of Europear ri üzra qafqaz o Centre for E me 1 (Winter 2 d on: Volume ean Studies - sulted: Volume aijani and Eng litics and gove cial conditions	n affairs \$h [jurnalı uropean Stu 2006). 1 (Winter 2 Azerbaijan e 1 (Winter 2 lish. ernment \$v F	electronic udies 006); title f Web site; v 2006) (viev Periodicals	resource].** rom journal home page viewed Mar. 28, 2006). ved Mar. 28, 2006).
	aucasus \$x Ec			odicals.	
	vropa Araşdırm				
856 40 \$u ht	tp://www.ces-a	z.org/cjea.php)		

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^{**} See instructions for 245, \$b in the Metadata Application Profile (MAP)

Record example 3

Rec stat c Type a BLvl s S/L 0 Desc a	Entered ELvI Form Orig SrTp	Srce c Conf EntW Cont	Replace GPub Freq Regl DtSt c	ed 2006040 Ctrl MRec Alph Dates 20	Lang mon Ctry mp
040 \$a C 042 \$a Ic 043 \$a a 049 \$a C 050 14 \$a H 245 00 \$a M 260 \$a U 362 1 \$a B 500 \$a D 500 \$a L 650 0 \$a P	-mp GGUA IE6185.M65 S longolyn filate Ilaanbaatar : legan with No lescription ba atest issue co lostage stamp	•	in 2003. , published ir 1. a \$v Periodic	n 2003; title	

Record example 4

Rec stat c Type a BLvl s S/L 0 Desc a	Entered : ELvI Form Orig SrTp p	20060404 Srce c Conf EntW Cont	GPub Freq Regl	Alph	4 Lang mul Ctry mp 005 , 9999
010 \$a 2006262150					
040 \$a CGU \$c CGU					
041 \$a mul					
042 \$a lcd					
043 \$a a-mp					
049 \$a CGUA					
050 14 \$a PN1010 \$b .G85					
245 00 \$a Gunu.					
260 \$a Ulaanbaatar : \$b Academy of Culture and Poetry					
310 \$a Quarterly					
362 1 \$a Began with 1 (Spring 2005).					
\$ \$ \$ Description based on: 1 (Spring 2005); title from cover.					
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					
\$46 \$a Includes poems in many languages with accompanying English translations.					
650 0 \$a Poetry \$v Periodicals.					
650 0 \$a Mongolian poetry \$v Translations into English \$v Periodicals.					

Record example 5 (authority record for monographic series is qualified by "(Online)" to distinguish print and online series titles)

Authority record for the print series (portion of record):

010 \$a n 90710306

130 0 \$a Memorias de la Real Academia de Buenas Letras de Barcelona

Authority record for the online series (portion of record):

010 \$a no2007158837

130 0 \$a Memorias de la Real Academia de Buenas Letras de Barcelona (Online)

Bibliographic record for the online series (portion of record)

006 m d

007 \$a c +b r

010 \$a 2008262000

130 0 \$a Memorias de la Real Academia de Buenas Letras de Barcelona (Online)

245 10 \$a Memorias de la Real Academia de Buenas Letras de Barcelona ‡h [electronic resource].

362, 500, and 515 Examples

Examples of original cataloging

- 1. 362 1 Began with August/September 1970; ceased with March 1972.
 - 500 Description based on: August/September 1970; title from cover.
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: March 1972.

[No enumeration; months spelled out on pieces; had first and last issue in hand]

- 2. 362 1 Began with Volume 1, Number 1 (January 1995).
 - 500 Description based on: Volume 1, Number 1 (January 1995); title from title page.
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: February 1999.
 - 515 Volume numbering ended with Volume 4, Number 12 (December 1998). Issues for January 1999- not numbered.

["Volume" and "Number" both capitalized and spelled out on pieces; months spelled out]

- 3. 362 1 Began in 1943. Original numbering ended with Vol. 10, No. 12 (June 1952). None published July 1952-June 1974. New numbering began with No. 1 (July 1974). Ceased in 1975.
 - 500 Description based on: Vol. 2, No. 1 (July 1944); title from cover.
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: No. 1 (July 1974).

["Vol." and "No." abbreviated and capitalized on pieces; did not have 1st or last issue in hand; do not know designation for 1st and last issue.]

- 4. 362 1 Began with Band 1, Lieferung 1, published in 1973; Neue Folge, <2006->.
 - 500 Description based on: Band 1, Lieferung 1, published in 1973; title from cover.
 - Latest issue consulted: Neue Folge, Band 1, Lieferung 4, published in 2006.

[Band, Lieferung, and Neue Folge all capitalized and spelled out on pieces; do not have Neue Folge, Band 1, Lieferung 1-3; not sure when Neue Folge began.]

- 5. 362 1 Began with Birinci sene, birinci cüz (1 Mārt, sene 1299 [1881]).
 - 500 Description based on: Birinci sene, birinci cüz (1 Mārt, sene 1299 [1881]); title from cover.
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: Ikinci sene, on birinci cüz (15 Mārt, sene 1300 [1882]).

[Transcribed as on pieces, added Gregorian calendar date in square brackets.]

- 6. 362 1 Began in the 1890s.
 - 500 Description based on: 1904; title from cover.
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: 1925.

- 7. 362 1 Began and ceased with: 1918.
 - 500 Description based on: 1918; title from cover.
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: 1918.
- 8. 362 1 Began with vol. 1, no. 1 (1985); ceased with vol. 13, no. 6 (Dec. 1997).
 - Description based on: Vol. 1, no. 1 (1985); title from front matter PDF (Oxford Web site, viewed Sept. 5, 2008).
 - 500 Latest issue consulted: Vol. 13, no. 6 (Dec. 1997) (viewed Sept. 5, 2008).

Example of working with copy

In existing OCLC record showing a formatted 362: 362 0_ \$a Vol. 1, no. 1- 500 __ \$a Latest issue consulted: Vol. 4, no. 3.

The serial ceased with: Volume 4, number 4, with publication date of 2005 (last issue in hand).

Options for closing record

Close out the formatted 362:
____ 260 _ \$a London : \$b [s.n.], \$c 2002-2005.____
362 0_ \$a Vol. 1, no. 1-v. 4, no. 4.

Or

Close with an unformatted 362:

- 362 0 \$a Vol. 1, no. 1-
 - 362 1_ \$a Ceased with v. 4, no. 4, published in 2005.
 - \$ \$a Latest issue consulted: Vol. 4, no. 4, published in 2005.