Arizona NEMO: GIS Applications and AGWA Modeling for Integrated Watershed Management

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Components of the Watershed-Based Plans

GIS-based Land Use and Land Cover Analyses:

- ~ Physical
- ~ Biological
- ~ Social
- ~ Economic

Watershed Classification / Prioritization for Susceptibility to Water Quality Problems:

- ~ Metals
- ~ Sediment
- ~ Organics
- ~ Selenium



Watershed-Based Plans

Bill Williams Verde Little Colorado Upper Gila Agua Fria (Middle Gila) San Pedro

2007 / 2008: Santa Cruz Middle Gila

Salt





The Little Colorado River Watershed area is approximately 27,051 square miles, covering a little over 19% of the state of Arizona.

6-digit HUC = 150200











Population Change

ESRI 2006 "Best Analytical Presentation"



GIS-Based Hydrologic Modeling

Sediment yield - Automated Geospatial Watershed Assessment Tool (AGWA) / SWAT RUSLE/SEDMOD

Metals - Sediment yield + mine site proximity

Organics - GIS-based Land Use Analysis

Selenium - GIS-based Land Use Analysis

Fuzzy Logic Methodology

Automated Geospatial Watershed Assessment - AGWA



Advanced Resource Technology – ART Lab – GIS Watershed-Modeling



Inputs: Digital Elevation Models (DEMs), flow direction and flow accumulation grids.

Delineate and discretize the watershed, using a userspecified outlet and contributing source area,

Parameterize the watershed for soils and land cover to determine model parameters.

Generate precipitation files

Run the model and view results.

Automated Geospatial Watershed Assessment **Tool (AGWA)**

- Extension for ArcView 3.x
- Runs two runoff/erosion models: **KINEROS2 & SWAT**
- Model simulations identify subwatershed areas vulnerable to increased sedimentation and erosion due to soil and slope conditions as well as land use practices across the watershed

<u>Sediment</u>

- ADEQ Sediment or Turbidity data
- GIS analysis for human use Urbanization
- GIS analysis of Land ownership FMV = 0 if (% State + private <= 10) FMV = (% State + private - 10) / 15 FMV = 1 if (% State + private >= 25)
- Calc & Classify Runoff & Erosion
 AGWA / SWAT
- Final ranking using Weighted Combination method of Fuzzy Logic for each subwatershed

| | Runoff | |
|----------------------|----------|-----|
| Subwatershed | Category | FMV |
| Railroad Wash-Upper | | |
| Gila River | 3 | 0.6 |
| Apache Creek-Upper | | |
| Gila River | 3 | 0.6 |
| Animas Valley | 1 | 0.2 |
| Centerfire Creek-San | | |
| Francisco River | 1 | 0.2 |
| Upper Blue River | 2 | 0.4 |
| Pueblo Creek-San | | |
| Francisco River | 1 | 0.2 |
| Lower Blue River | 2 | 0.4 |





Appendix A: ADEQ Data

Nutrioso Creek Subwatershed

Combined Classification for Risk of Impairment:

•Sediment: Extreme due to exceedances at Nutrioso Creek; •Organics: High due to insufficient data at McKay Reservoir



| aterbody | Sampling | Ding and Assessment Status 11, 111, 111 | | | |
|--|----------|--|--|--|--|
| eek from o Picnic Creek 5020001-017 g site at this body. | Sampling | •Metals: Arsenic (td4); barium (td4); beryllium (td4); thorium (td4); antimony (td4); mercury (td4); cadmium (td4); chromium (td4); copper (td4); lead (td4); nickel (td4); silver (td4); zinc (td4); magnesium (4t); fluoride(4); boron (4); •Sediment: Total dissolved solids (4) and turbidity (4) •Organics: <i>E. coli</i> (4); •Selenium: selenium (4); | | | |
| | Status | Parameters exceeding standards: Turbidity (1/1). Currently assessed as "Impaired". Surface Waterbody risk classification: •Metals: Low •Sediment: Moderate due to insufficient data •Organics: Extreme due to exceedance | | | |

•Selenium: Low

Water Quality Data:





RUSLE Soil Loss

10-digit HUCS ranked

w/ Fuzzy-Logic

0.0 - 1.0

Fuzzy Membership functions - transform vulnerability / impairment metrics into Fuzzy Membership Values (FMV)

Table 1 - Risk

| Reach Condition | Downstream WS Condition | FMV |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-----|
| Extreme | N/A | 1.0 |
| High | Extreme | 1.0 |
| High | High | 0.8 |
| High | Moderate /Low | 0.7 |
| Moderate | Extreme | 0.7 |
| Moderate | High | 0.6 |
| Moderate | Moderate | 0.5 |
| Moderate | Low | 0.3 |
| Low | N/A | 0.0 |

Table 2 – Sediment FMV

| FMV | Justification | |
|-----|--|---|
| 0.6 | Classified as moderate risk, drains into Apache Creek subwatershed that is classified as high risk. | |
| 0.8 | Classified as high risk, drains into Yuma Wash subwatershed that is classified as high risk. | |
| 0.5 | Classified as moderate risk (no data), and is along the Arizona-New Mexico state line. | |
| 0.5 | Classified as moderate risk (limited data), drains into New Mexico. | |
| 0.6 | Classified as moderate risk, drains into Yuma Wash that is classified as high risk. | |
| 0.5 | Classified as moderate risk (no data). | |
| | FMV 0.6 0.8 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 | FMVJustification0.6Classified as moderate risk, drains into Apache Creek subwatershed that is classified as high risk.0.8Classified as high risk, drains into Yuma Wash subwatershed that is classified as high risk.0.8Classified as moderate risk (no data), and is along the Arizona-New Mexico state line.0.5Classified as moderate risk (limited data), drains into New Mexico.0.6Classified as moderate risk, drains into Yuma Wash that is classified as high risk.0.5Classified as moderate risk, drains into Yuma Wash that is classified as high risk.0.5Classified as moderate risk (ho data). |

Sediments

Rio De Flag Subwatershed, in the Flagstaff area, for sediment pollution derived from land use – increased urbanization



Metals

- Assume sediment from abandoned mine sites contains elevated levels of heavy metals
- Calculate & Classify Sediment Yield
 RUSLE / SEDMOD ArcInfo Workstation
- ADEQ Water Quality Data
- GIS analysis to rank subwatershed based on number of mines in subwatershed & near streams
- Final ranking using Weighted Combination method of Fuzzy Logic for each subwatershed

| Subwatershed | WOA1 | #Mines/ Subwatershed | #Mines/ Riparian | Erosion Category | FMV Weighted |
|---|------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Railroad Wash-Upper Gila River | 0.6 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 0.200 | 0.640 |
| Apache Creek-Upper Gila River | 0.8 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 0.200 | 0.700 |
| Animas Valley | 0.5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.150 |
| Centerfire Creek-San Francisco River | 0.5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.200 | 0.210 |
| Upper Blue River | 0.6 | 0.250 | 0.400 | 0.200 | 0.385 |
| Pueblo Creek-San Francisco River | 0.5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.150 |
| Lower Blue River | 0.6 | 0.500 | 0.400 | 0.200 | 0.410 |





Metals

Carnero Creek Subwatershed – Little Colorado River Headwaters Subwatershed, for metals pollution.



Organics

- ADEQ Water Quality Data for Nitrogen, pH, *E. coli*, DO
- GIS Analysis of Land Use
 Grazing
- GIS Analysis of Human Use
 - Subwatershed and near riparian area
- Final ranking using Weighted Combination method of Fuzzy Logic for each subwatershed



Organics, and Nutrients!

Lower Silver Creek Subwatershed, for organics pollution due to failing septic systems, lawn amendments, and livestock grazing.



<u>Selenium</u>

- ADEQ Water Quality Data
- GIS Analysis of Land Use
 Agriculture
- Final ranking using Weighted Combination method of Fuzzy Logic for each subwatershed



| Subwatershed Name | WQA1 | FMV for Agricultural Lands | FMV Weighted | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Railroad Wash-Upper Gila River | 1.0 | 0.354 | 0.677 | |
| Apache Creek-Upper Gila River | 1.0 | 0.059 | 0.530 | |
| Animas Valley | 0.5 | 0.000 | 0.250 | |
| Centerfire Creek-San Francisco River | 0.5 | 0.186 | 0.343 | |
| Upper Blue River | 0.5 | 0.001 | 0.250 | |
| Pueblo Creek-San Francisco River | 0.5 | 0.000 | 0.250 | |
| Lower Blue River | 0.3 | 0.000 | 0.150 | <u> </u> |

Selenium

Tonahakaad Wash Subwatershed Lower Little Colorado River – Subwatershed, for selenium due to elevated naturally occurring selenium.

....not a land use concern.

