





Dams

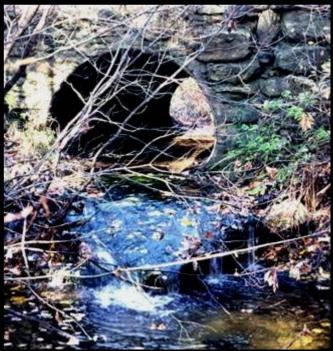




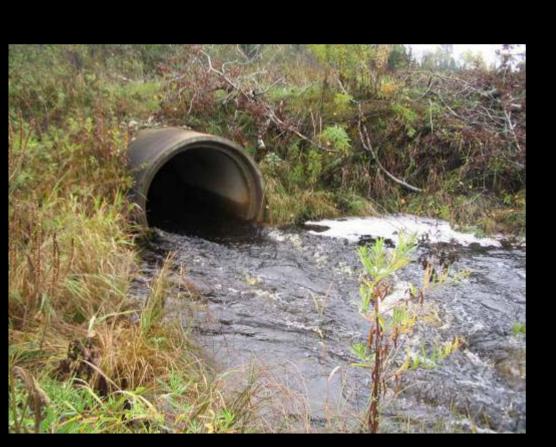
Sub-standard Culverts







ExcessiveVelocities







Outlet Drop (Perching)





Insufficient Water Depth



Impacts of River & Stream Crossings

- Habitat loss and degradation
- Roadkill leading to loss of populations
- Alteration of Ecological Processes
- Reduced access to vital habitats
- Population fragmentation & isolation
- Disruption of processes that maintain regional populations























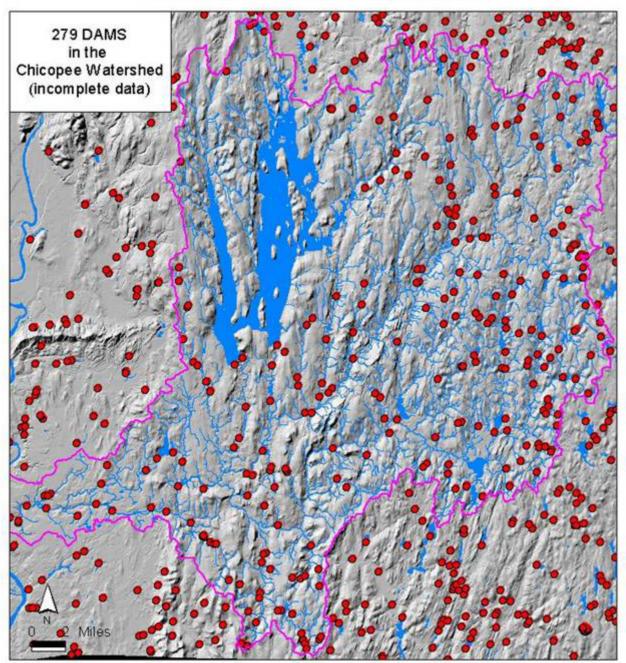


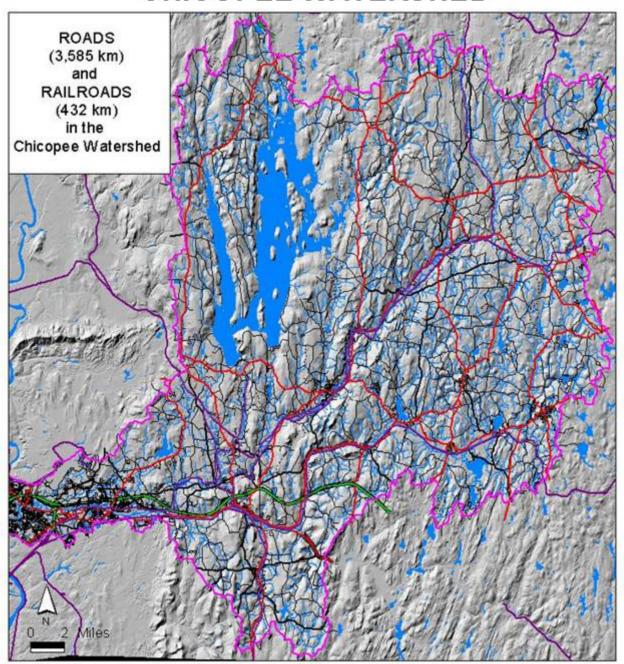


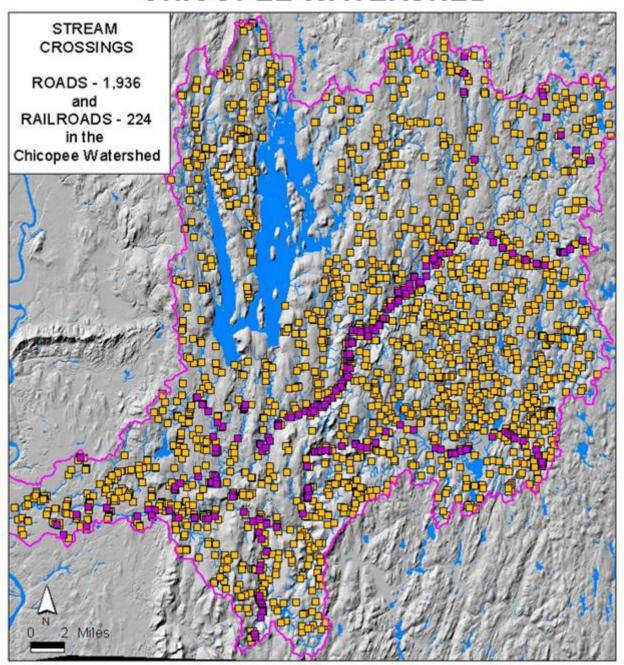


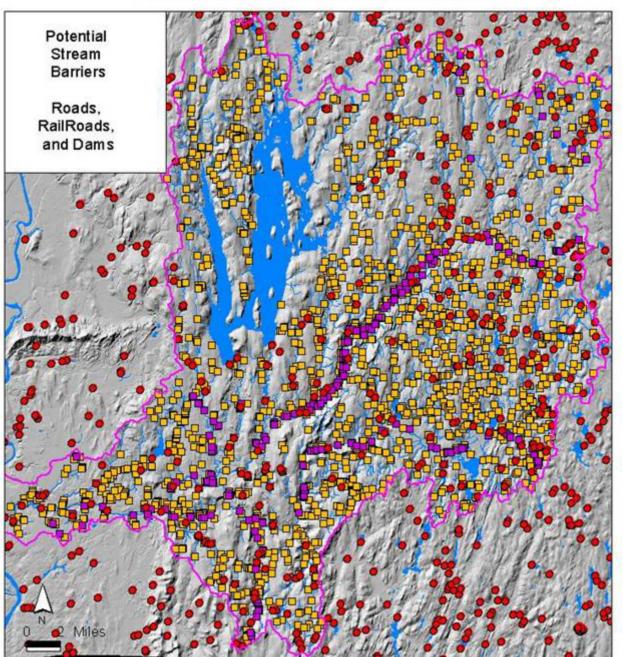
2 Miles

721 sq.mi.



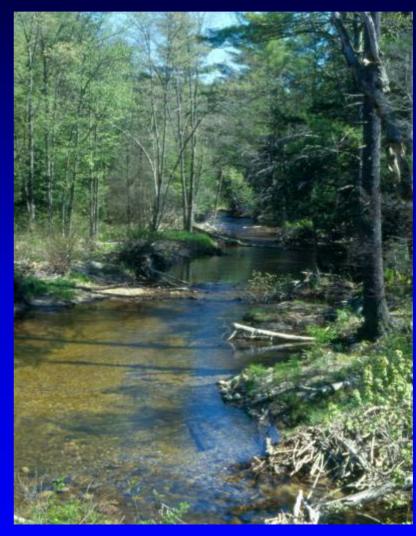






River and Stream Continuity Partnership

- University of Massachusetts Amherst
- MA Riverways Program
- The Nature Conservancy



River & Stream Continuity Project

Objectives of the River/Stream Continuity Project

- Technical guidance and standards for river/stream crossings
- Volunteer program to inventory and evaluate dams, culverts and other stream crossing structures
- System for prioritizing crossing structures for upgrade or replacement

Standards for River and Stream Crossings

Goals

- Fish passage
- Stream continuity
- Wildlife passage

Standards for River & Stream Crossings

Two Levels

- General
- Optimum

General Standards

Where:

Fish bearing streams and rivers

Goals:

- Fish passage
- River/stream continuity
- Some wildlife passage

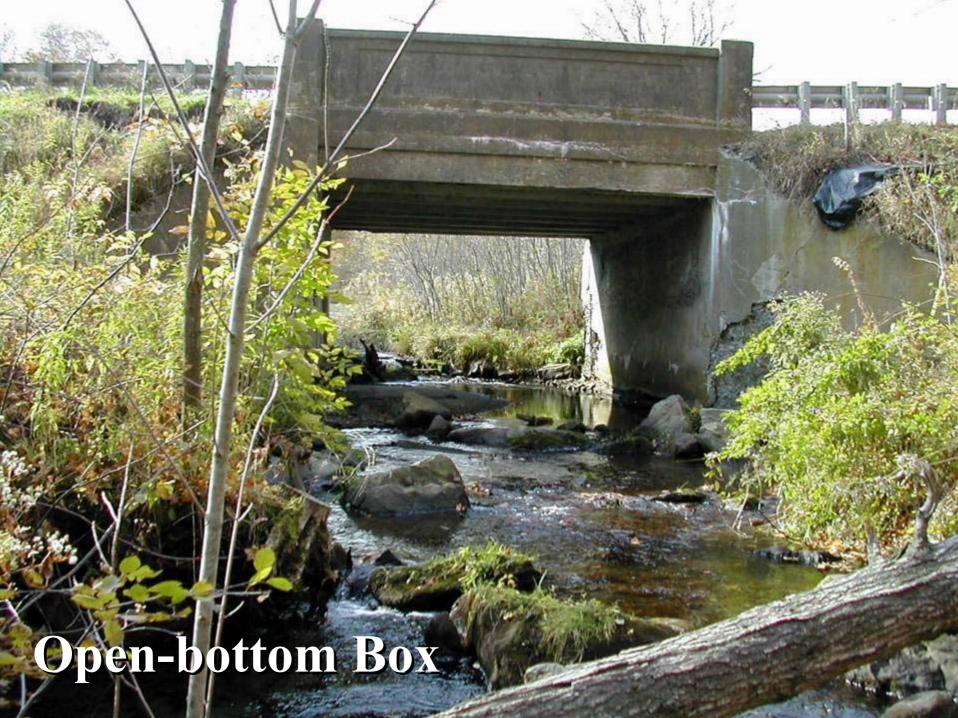
General Standards

- Bridge span preferred
- If a culvert then embedded ≥ 2 foot; ≥ 1 foot and 25% for corrugated round culverts
- Natural bottom substrate within culvert (matching upstream and downstream substrates)
- Spans channel (1.2 x bankful width)
- Designed to provide water depths and velocities at a variety of flows that are comparable to those found in upstream and downstream natural stream segments (e.g. low flow channel)
- Openness ratio ≥ 0.25 (calculated in meters)

MA Programmatic General Permit (PGP)

 New permanent crossings shall conform with the General Standards contained in the March 1, 2006 "Massachusetts River and Stream Crossing Standards"



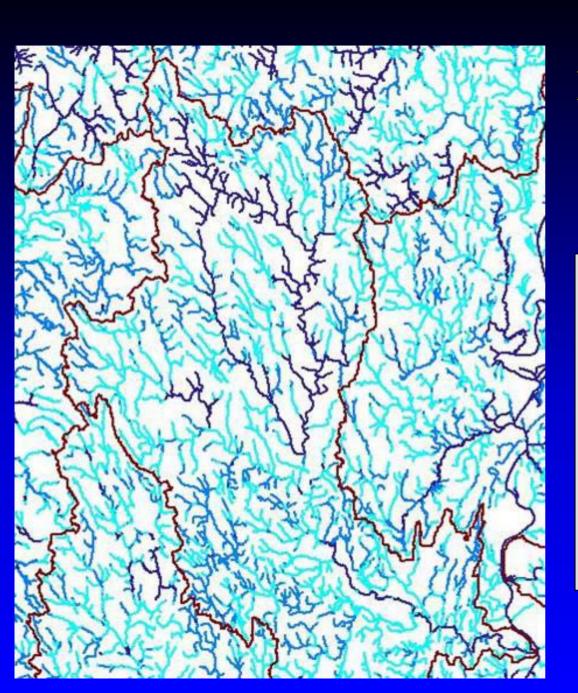




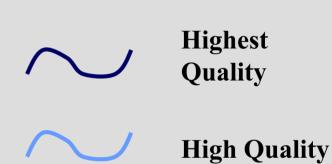


Ecosystem Restoration ViaCrossing Upgrades

- Systematic evaluation of river and stream crossings
- Evaluation of habitat quality and landscape considerations
- Establish priorities for upgrades
- Careful design and construction
- Permitting



Designating Stream Standards





Highest Quality

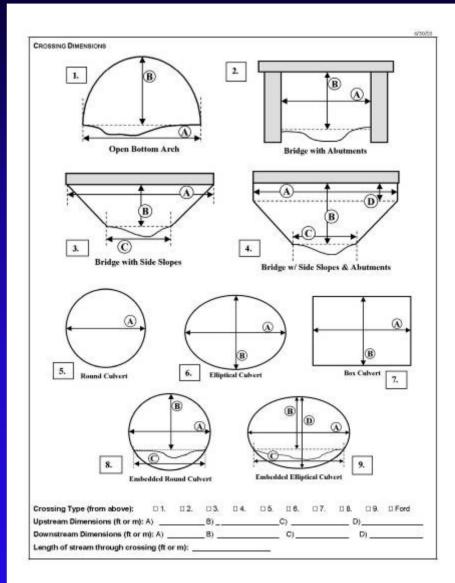
- Living Waters Core
- Select Biomap Core

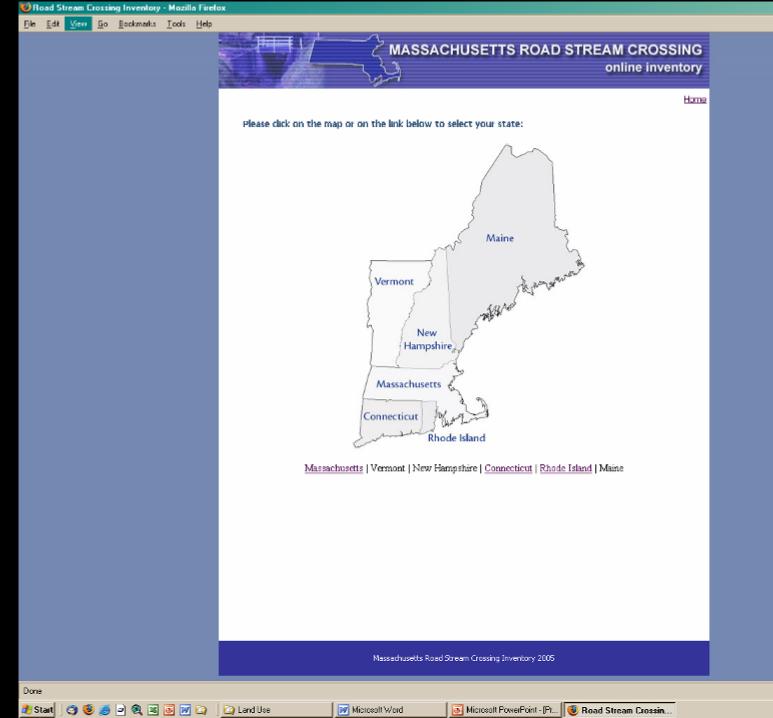
High Quality

- Biomap Core
- Coldwater Fisheries
- Anadromous Fish Runs
- Wild & Scenic Rivers
- MA Scenic Rivers
- Areas of Critical Environmental Concern

Assessment Field Forms

	ordinator		Crossing	ID#	
Dat	e:Stream/River:	Road:		Town:	
Loc	ation:		ordinates (lat/li	ong):	
Ob	server:	Phone #:	Email ad	dress:	
Ph	oto IDs:	PARKETON NO.		W00.00	
Ro	ad/Railway Characteristics				
1.1	of Travel Lanes: Shoulder/	Breakdown lanes: []Y	es ENo Roa	d Surface: DPaved DUng	paved IRR
2.1	ire any of the following condition	s present that would	significantly in	hibit wildlife crossing o	ver the road?
	High traffic volume (> 50 car	s per minute)	II Yes	□No	
	Steep embankments		II Yes	DI No.	
	Retaining walls		B Yes	□ No	
	Jersey barriers		I) Yes	[] No	
	Fencing		☐ Yes	□ No	
	Other (specify)				
200		0010212700000000000000		stores and the state of the sta	
	ossing/Stream Characterist				
	Crossing Type: □ Ford □ Bridge				12134-3900
	Condition of crossing: Good			☐ Rusted through	□ Broken
5.	Does the stream at the crossing	contain fish?	Il Yes	□ No	□ Don't kng
	사이를 다시 그렇게 되었습니다.				
-	ls the stream flowing (in the nati		□ Yes	□ No	
	Flow conditions during the surv	ey are:	27543.00		
	Flow conditions during the surv	ey are:	27543.00	□ No ow □ higher than averag	
7.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem	ey are: typical low-flow as present?	□ average fi	ow II higher than averag	
7.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem linlet drop	ey are: □ typical low-flow ns present? □ No	□ average fi	ow □ higher than averag	
7.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem Inlet drop Outlet perch	ey are: typical low-flow ns present? No No	□ average fi □ <6° □ <6°	ow II higher than averag	
7.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem Inlet drop Outlet perch Flow contraction	ey are: typical low-flow present? No No Yes	□ average fi □ <6° □ No	ow □ higher than averag □ ≥ 6" □ ≥ 6"	
7.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem Inlet drop Outlet perch Flow contraction Tailwater armoring:	ey are: typical low-flow ins present? No	□ average fi □ <6° □ <6° □ No	ow □ higher than averag □ ≥ 6" □ ≥ 6"	
9.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem Inlet drop Outlet perch Flow contraction Tailwater armoring: Tailwater scour pool:	ey are: typical low-flow ins present? No	□ average fi □ <6° □ No	ow □ higher than averag □ ≥ 6" □ ≥ 6"	
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7. 3. 9. 10.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem Inlet drop Outlet perch Flow contraction Tailwater armoring: Tailwater scour pool: Physical barriers to fish and wike	ey are: typical low-flow typical low-flow spresent? No	□ average fi □ <6° □ <6° □ No □ Not Exten □ Smal □ Permanen	ow □ higher than averag □ ≥ 6" □ ≥ 6" sive □ None □ None t □ Temporary	y 🛭 None
7.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem Inlet drop Outlet perch Flow contraction Tailwater armoring: Tailwater scour pool: Physical barriers to fish and wike Describe any barriers:	ey are: typical low-flow ns present? No No Yes Extensive Large diffe passage:	□ average fi □ <6° □ <6° □ No □ Not Exten □ Smal □ Permanen	ow higher than averag	y 🛭 None
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7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Flow conditions during the surv unusually low Are any of the following problem inlet drop Outlet perch Flow contraction Tailwater armoring: Tailwater scour pool: Physical barriers to fish and wike Describe any barriers: Crossing Embedded? Not er Crossing substrate: None Water depth matches that of the	ey are: typical low-flow typical low-flow spresent? No	□ average fi □ <6° □ <6° □ No □ Not Exten □ Small □ Permanen Dedded □ Full e (large rip rap, □ Yes (com) □ Yes (com)	ow higher than averag	e None sembedded > 1' g Comparable cantly different)

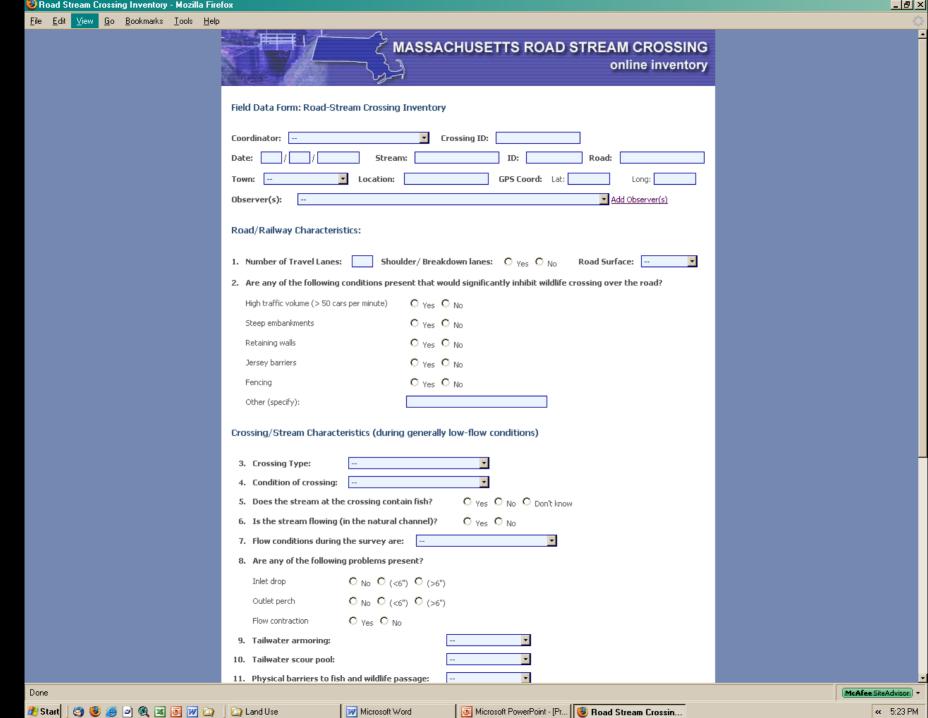




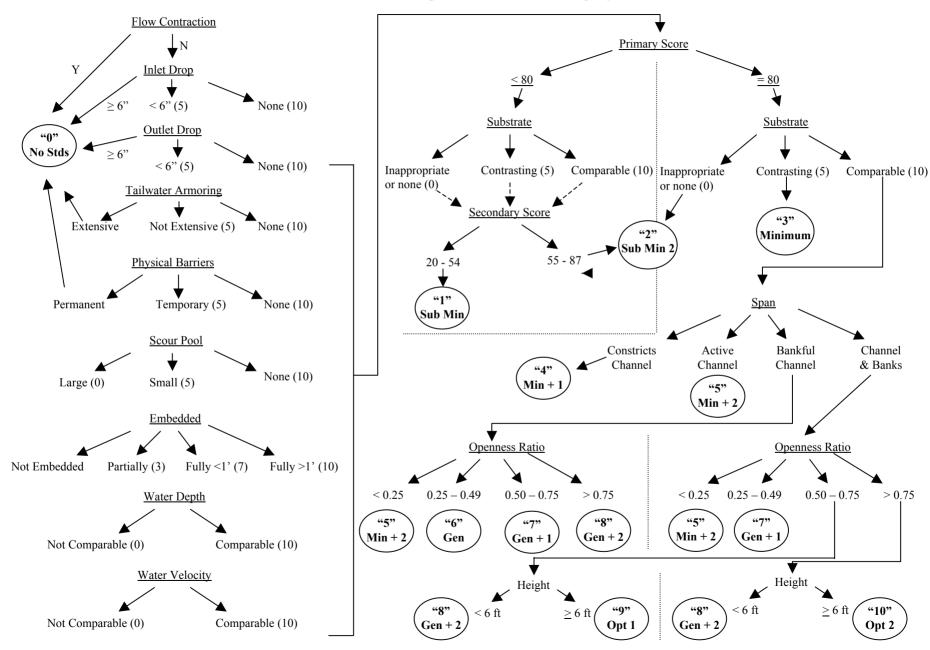
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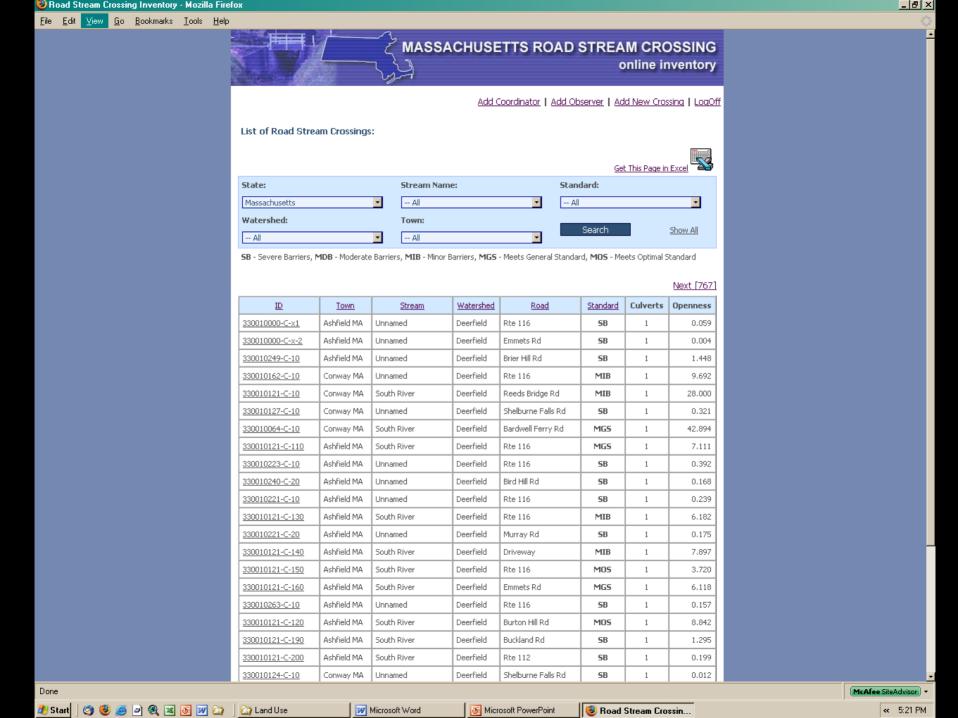
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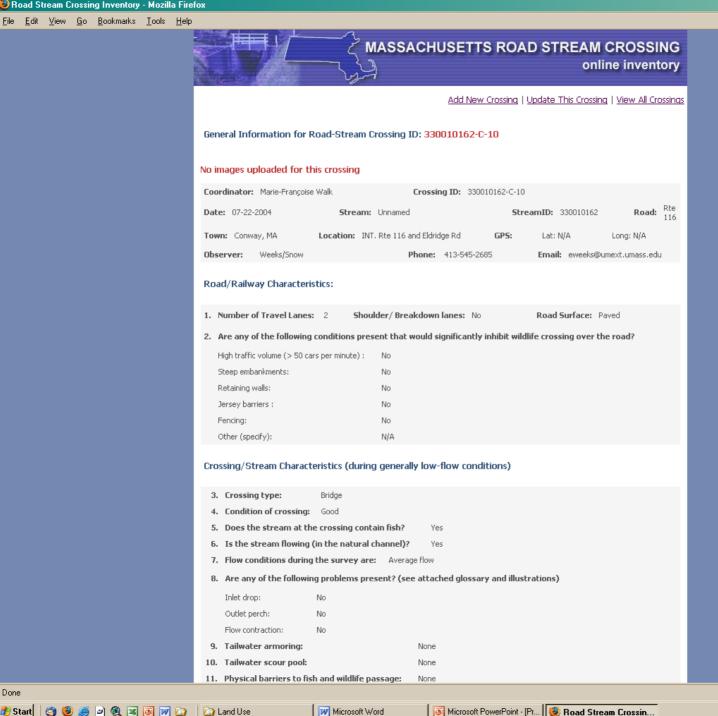
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MA Crossing Structures Scoring System









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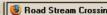




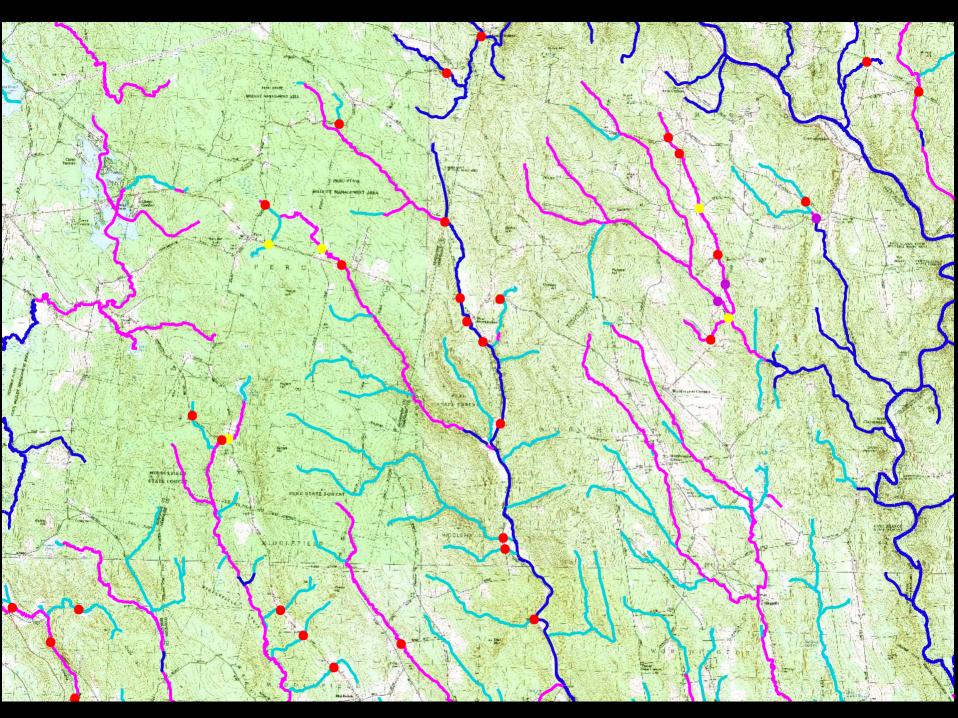








McAfee SiteAdvisor



Westfield River Continuity Project Final Report

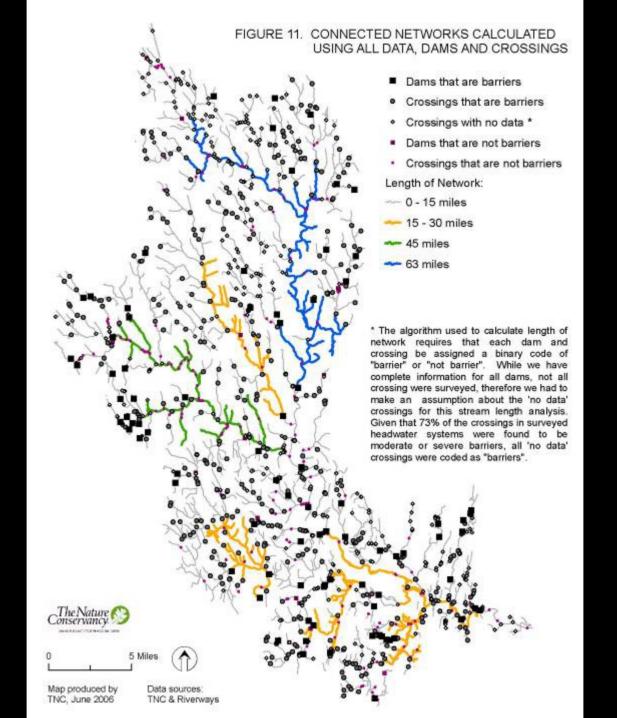
The Nature Conservancy Massachusetts Field Office June 2006

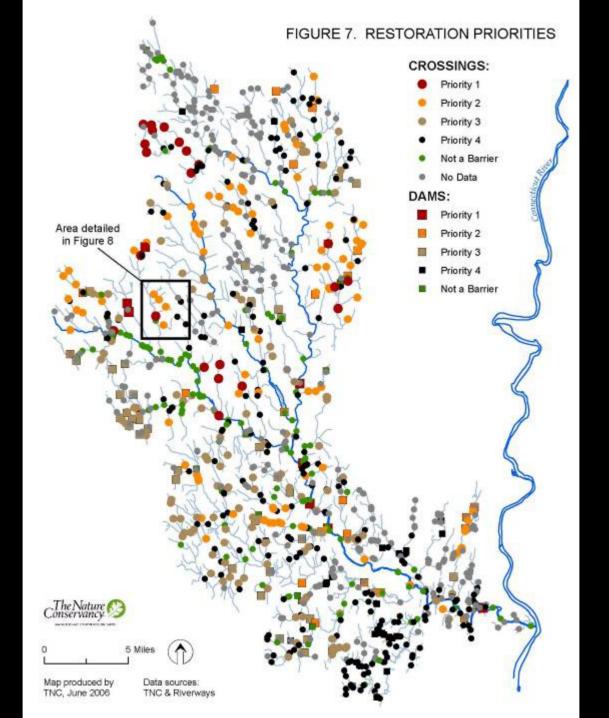


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The Nets

Conservancy.

SAVING THE LAST GREAT PLACES ON EARTH

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