An Inventory Of Family Planning Service Sites: Institutional Characteristics United States-1974

From information collected in the first annual survey of all facilities included in the National Inventory of Family Planning Services, statistics are presented on demographic and institutional characteristics of service sites which render medical and nonmedical family planning services. The family planning service site is described in terms of its geographic and physical location, the agency or project responsible for its operation, its funding source, its primary purpose, the length of time it has been operational, the medical and ancillary services it performed, and the contraceptive methods that it provided.

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CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	1
Family Planning Service Sites	1
Geographic Distribution	2
Medical Family Planning Service Sites (Clinics)	2
Regional Distribution	3
Operating Responsibility for the Clinic	4
Funding Sources	5
Primary Purpose of the Clinic	5
Clinic Site	6
Type of Clinic Session	6 7
Years of Operation	9
Ancillary Services Provided	9
Contraceptive Methods Used	10
Contraceptive Methods Osed	10
Nonmedical Family Planning Service Sites	11
Services Provided	12
Operating Responsibility and Physical Location	12
Additional Sites	12
1974 ''Newly Established'' Sites	12
Special Category Sites	13
Special Catogory Steel	
List of Detailed Tables	15
Appendix I. Methodology	31
Appendix II. Institutional Terms and Categories	34
Geographic Categories	34
Geographic Area	34
Institutional Terms and Categories	35
Composition of "Other" Categories	35
Family Planning Terms	36
Types of Clinic Session	37
Appendix III.	38
Project Letter	38
Inventory Questionnaire	40

AN INVENTORY OF FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE SITES: INSTITUTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

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INTRODUCTION

This report offers statistical information about institutional characteristics of 8,170 family planning service sites in the United States and three of its territories. The information was gathered in 1974 through the first of an annual series of surveys of all facilities included in the newly instituted National Inventory of Family Planning Services.

The rapid expansion of family planning services in the United States since the mid-sixties has accentuated the need for accurate and current information about the extent to which these services are available nationally. The National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) is charged with the responsibility for collecting and reporting statistical information about family planning services throughout the Nation and its territories. To learn more about the number and characteristics of these providers of family planning services NCHS compiled, during 1972-73, a comprehensive inventory of all family planning service sites in the United States. Through annual surveys of service sites detailed facility characteristics are collected. The first annual survey of the Inventory was conducted in the summer of 1974.

The annual surveys have been designed to gather the following information about the Nation's institutional providers of family planning services—numbers and location, institutional characteristics, patients, and their staffing patterns.

Findings of the 1974 survey will be presented in four statistical reports. This report presents statistics on selected geographic and institutional characteristics of the family planning service site, including its physical location; the agency responsible for its operation; its funding source or sources; the length of time it has been operational; and the services and contraceptive methods provided at time of survey. The second report will describe the methodology used in planning and compiling the Inventory and in developing the survey design (e.g., both data collection and processing). Two subsequent reports will center their attention on patients and staffs of family planning service sites.

A total of 10,321 service sites were surveyed. Of these, 8,170 sites responded in whole or in part to the Inventory questionnaire. No attempt has been made to inflate the figure, 8,170, in order to compensate statistically for total nonresponse by a facility and thus to establish a hypothetical total universe of family planning service sites. (See appendix I for further details.) However, a statistical adjustment for nonresponses to specific items on the Inventory questionnaire was made. This imputation process is explained in appendix I.

The methodology used in collecting and processing the survey information may be found in appendix I. Certain definitions and classifications not defined elsewhere in this report are in appendix II. Appendix III contains facsimiles of the project letter and questionnaire used in this survey.

FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE SITES

Service sites which provided family planning services are classified into two basic categories.

The first category contains all service sites which offer family planning services that can only be provided by a physician, nurse-midwife, registered nurse, or other authorized personnel. These "medical family planning services" include: medi-

cal history; physical examination; laboratory testing (testing, consultation, and treatment including continuing medical supervision); issuance of drugs and contraceptive supplies; and appropriate medical referral when indicated. Service sites in this category will alternately be referred to as "medical family planning clinics."

In the second category are placed those service sites which do not directly provide any of the medical family planning services described in the preceding paragraph. For the purposes of this report such service sites will be referred to as "nonmedical family planning service sites." The functions of such nonmedical service sites are:

- To refer patients to any other site for medical family planning services.
- To provide space, equipment, contraceptive supplies, and/or staff to others who provided medical family planning services.
- To contract or pay others for the provision of medical family planning services.

Most of the data presented in this report come from 8,057 medical and nonmedical providers of family planning services throughout the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the territories of American Samoa, Puerto Rico, and the Canal Zone. Of this total, 4,494 were medical family planning clinics and 3,563 were nonmedical family planning service sites. This total of 8,057 is a literal census count of all family planning service sites which responded in whole or in part to the Inventory questionnaire and were known to be operational as of December 31, 1973. It forms the statistical base for all the detailed tables and most of the textual commentary in this report. The survey also yielded information on an additional 89 facilities known to have opened in 1974 prior to the formal completion of data collection for this survey. These 89 service sites, along with 24 other "special category" service sites. are discussed in the sections entitled "1974 Newly Established Sites," and "Special Category Sites," respectively. The total number responding to the survey, therefore, was 8,170 service sites, of which 8,057 are medical and nonmedical providers, 89 are newly established sites, and 24 are special category sites.

Geographic Distribution

The distribution of the 8,057 medical and nonmedical service sites by State and territory is shown in table 1. Table 2 shows the distribution of these facilities by geographic region and division, and by the 10 Standard Federal Administrative Regions. (See appendix II for the States and territories included in these geographic areas.) Figure 1 illustrates the percent distribution of these 8,057 service sites by Federal regions, and also shows as a rough index to adequacy of coverage by Federal region a comparison of a "special risk population," namely, the Nation's estimated 5.613.300 women at risk of unwanted pregnancy with incomes below 150 percent of poverty level. 1 The fit between the supply of family planning services and this measure of potential demand for them is seen to be close in every region.

MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE SITES (CLINICS)

The medical family planning service site (or clinic) was the chief target of the survey. These clinics were requested to complete all the items on the survey questionnaire. Thus, in addition to their geographic and physical location and the agency responsible for the operation, data are also available about the primary purpose, funding source or sources, types of clinic sessions that were held, the length of time of continuous operation, the medical and ancillary services performed, and the contraceptive methods that were provided. (Information about patient characteristics and staffing patterns was also gathered from the responding clinics; these will be described in subsequent reports.)

Of the 5,719 medical family planning clinics included in the initial mailing, 4,494 clinics and 113 service sites responded in whole or in part to the survey questionnaire. The total of 4,607 respondents yielded an actual response rate of 81 percent. The 113 service sites are discussed in the section "Additional Sites."

¹Estimates for 1973 of the "special risk population" appear in the publication *Data and Analyses for 1974 Revision of DHEW Five-Year Plan for Family Planning Services:* Center for Family Planning Development, 515 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, 1974, p. 11.

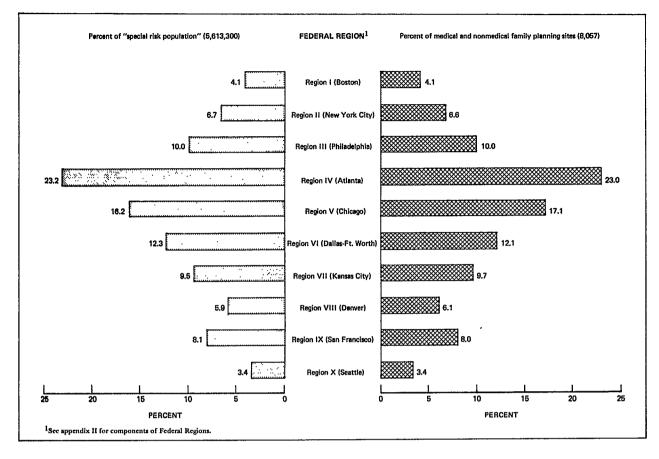


Figure 1. Percent distribution of medical and nonmedical family planning sites and of a "special risk population" by Standard Federal Administrative Region: United States, 1974

Regional Distribution

Tables 1 and 2 show a distribution of the responding clinics.

It was interesting to determine the relative

proportions of medical and nonmedical sites within each Federal region. The findings, rounded to the nearest whole percentage, are tabulated below:

Federal region	Total	Medical clinics	Nonmedical service sites
	Percent		
United States and territories-	100	56	44
Region I (Boston)	100 100 100 100 100 100	73 67 66 34 69	41 27 33 34 66 31 72
Region VII (Denver)	100 100 100	21 81	79 19 37

Note that though the national tendency is for medical clinics to outnumber nonmedical service sites by substantial margins, the tendency is reversed in Federal Regions V (Chicago), VII (Kansas City), and VIII (Denver), markedly so in the latter two regions.

Operating Responsibility for the Clinic

In table 3 the 4,494 responding medical family planning clinics are distributed geographically according to the agency responsible for their operation. From the national perspective, operating responsibility for the clinics was vested as follows:

Operating responsibility	Percent of clinics
United States and territories (4,494 clinics)	100.0
Government-operated	66.0 17.3 29.1
City or metropolitan area Health district	4.8 5.7
Indian Health Service Other Federal Government (Department of Defense, Veterans Administration, Public Health Service,	1.8
etcOther non-Federal government	6.8 0.6
Nongovernment-operated Planned Parenthood	34.0
affiliates	10.3
University Church	3.8 0.1
Hospital	5.6
Corporation	13.2
Individual	0.3
Partnership	0.1
Other nongovernment	0.6

Like the nonmedical service sites, the largest proportion of medical family clinics were government-operated, the greater number of these by State and county governments. However, the proportion of medical family planning clinics operated by nongovernment agents was clearly greater than the similar proportion for nonmedical service sites, the two principal nongovernment providers being Planned Parent-

hood affiliates and other nonprofit corporations. Though supporting data are not presented in the tables, profitmaking was found to be minimal in the provision of family planning services, as evidenced in the finding that profitmaking hospitals, corporations, individuals, and partnerships accounted for the operation of fewer than 1 percent of all family planning clinics.

Patterns of operating responsibility were far from uniform among the individual States and territories, as the data in table 4 reveal. In the listing that follows, the States and territories are grouped according to the agency responsible for operating the largest proportion of the clinics within their boundaries, while recognizing that a variety of providers may support this main provider within any given State or territorial jurisdiction.

Chiefly county-operated (15 jurisdictions).— Arizona, California, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, and West Virginia.

Chiefly State-operated (9 jurisdictions).—
Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Montana, Nevada,
New Mexico, Tennessee, Virginia, and Puerto
Rico.

Chiefly operated by a corporate entity other than Planned Parenthood (9 jurisdictions).— Hawaii, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Texas, and Wyoming.

Chiefly operated by affiliates of Planned Parenthood (7 jurisdictions).—Connecticut.Indiana, New Jersey, New York. Ohio, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

Chiefly operated by the Health District (5 jurisdictions).— Alabama, Idaho, South Carolina, Utah, and Washington.

Chiefly operated by city or metropolitan area government (3 jurisdictions).—Illinois, Minnesota, and the District of Columbia.

Chiefly operated by agencies of the Federal Government other than the Indian Health Service (3 jurisdictions).—Rhode Island, South Dakota, and the Canal Zone.

Chiefly operated by nongovernment hospitals (2 jurisdictions). —Pennsylvania and American Samoa.

Chiefly operated by Indian Health Service (1 jurisdiction).—Alaska.

Funding Sources

Table 4 presents data about funding sources for the medical family planning clinics. By the extent—either full or partial—to which they supported the operation of these 4,494 responding medical clinics, the Nation's funders of family planning services appear as follows:

Funding source	Total	Clinics fully funded	Clinics partially funded
		Percent	
Department of Health, Education, and			
Welfare Other Federal	69.0	14.2	54.8
agencies State gov-	12.0	5.3	6.7
ernment	48.1	6.0	42.1
county gov-	32.7	0.9	31.8
City gov- ernment Special re- search	12.1	0.7	11.4
grant Fees, con- tributions, donations, nonprofit corpora- tions, university and hospi- tal free clinics, and other miscella- neous	1.4		0.0
funders	26.3	9.4	16.9

It is evident that a substantial majority of medical family planning clinics owed their financial support chiefly to Federal, State, and county funding. The Federal Government led the funding field by an appreciable margin, chiefly through the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (DHEW).

Funding patterns varied among clinics, dependent on the government or nongovernment agency responsible for their operation. (See table 4.)

As expected, government-sponsored clinics

are supported almost entirely by public funds. The typical funding pattern is one of partial support from two or more government sources. For example, State-operated clinics most frequently received support primarily from State funds, secondly from DHEW funds, and to a lesser degree from county and city funds. County-operated clinics received support primarily from county funds, secondly from DHEW funds, and to a lesser degree from partial support by city funds. City-operated clinics received support primarily from funding by city government, secondly from DHEW funds, thirdly (and about equally) by State and county contributions.

The funding pattern for nongovernment clinics also reveals a substantial contribution from public funds, chiefly from DHEW, as table 4 will show. However, with such clinics there is an increased reliance on funds from the private sector, e.g., fees, donations, contributions, etc.

Primary Purpose of the Clinic

The medical clinics' responses to the Inventory question "What is your primary service or purpose?" are presented in table 4. They may be summarized as follows:

Primary purpose	Percent distri- bution
Medical family planning Comprehensive health care Other (chiefly general	72.0 22.9
gynecology services) Sterilization	3.2 0.2
V-D testing	0.2
Postpartum/prenatal care	1.4

It was evident, and expected, that a clear plurality of medical family planning clinics would report their primary function to be the provision of medical family planning services as defined earlier. This tendency held for all clinics regardless of the agent—government or nongovernment—responsible for their operation. Only to a minor degree, e.g., among clinics operated by the Indian Health Service and among the university clinics, did respondents report a primary purpose other than medical family planning. Most often this minority indicated a primary emphasis on

comprehensive health care with medical family planning services receiving relatively less.

Clinic Site

In its general instructions to respondents, the survey questionnaire defined a "clinic site" as follows:

"A clinic site is a place or facility at which any family planning services are provided on a regularly scheduled basis. It may be a hospital, health center, mobile unit, freestanding site, church, or store front. For mobile units each stop is considered a clinic location...Physician's offices should be considered as clinic locations only when there is a formal relationship with some project or agency which is responsible for providing family planning services. Physicians, nurses, volunteers, etc., who make home visits for the purpose of delivering a family planning service should count their home base of operation as the clinic location."

Responses designating clinic sites are tabulated in tables 4 and 5 and summarized as follows:

Clinic site	Percent distribution
State or local health department building	46.0 14.3
School or community building	12.8
Store-frontPhysician's office	1.4
Church	3.0
Mobile unitOther sites (e.g., privately owned, leased, or rented sites)	2.4 17.0

It is evident that a substantial majority of all clinics used the State or local health department building as their primary locus of activity. This was, of course, especially true for clinics under the operational authority of States, counties, health districts, and cities or metropolitan areas. An examination of tables 4 and 5 will yield information about sites used by other government-operated clinics as well as by those clinics which operated under nongovernment auspices. The reader may consult appendix II for the long and varied listing of miscellaneous "other sites" where medical family planning services were provided.

Type of Clinic Session

Findings are reported in table 6 on the type of clinic sessions held by the reporting clinics. Statistics are presented on three types of clinic sessions—specialized combined and mixed.

For the purposes of the Inventory, a session was "specialized" if only services related to medical family planning were provided. A "combined" session was one where family planning services were offered in conjunction with other health services such as maternity care, postpartum care, maternal and child health, obstetrics and gynecology, comprehensive, or other

health care. A clinic classified as holding "mixed" sessions is one which conducted both specialized and combined sessions.

By these criteria, survey findings revealed that a clear majority (about 54 percent) of the reporting clinics conducted specialized sessions, about 29 percent conducted combined sessions, and about 17 percent conducted mixed sessions. This order of preference for types of clinic session proved to be generally true regardless of

clinic site or the agent or project responsible for the clinic's operation.

Years of Operation

Table 4 presents statistics on the years of operation of the reporting clinics as of December 31, 1973. From an overall perspective, the findings may be summarized as follows:

Years of operation	Percent distribution
All responding clinics	100.0
Less than 1 year	11.7 15.4 15.9 20.1 11.8 12.3 4.8 8.0

According to the data the average clinic was 4.9 years old. About 63 percent of all reporting clinics had been in operation less than 5 years.

The following tabulation shows the mean years

of operation of the clinics according to the public or nonprofit agent or project responsible for the operation.

Operating agency	Number of reporting clinics	Mean years of clinic operation
All responding clinics	4,494	4.9
Government	2,966	4.9
State	775	4.4
County	1,308	4.9
City or metropolitan area	216	3.9
Health district	256	4.3
Indian Health Service	81	7.2
Other Federal GovernmentOther non-Federal government	305	6.7
Other non-rederat government	25	3.2
Nongovernment	1,528	5.0
Planned Parenthood affiliates	461	6.9
University	171	3.8
Church	- 6	4.2
Hospital	252	6.0
Corporation	594	3.3
Individual	12	2.9
Partnership	5	8.6
Other nongovernment agent	27	4.3

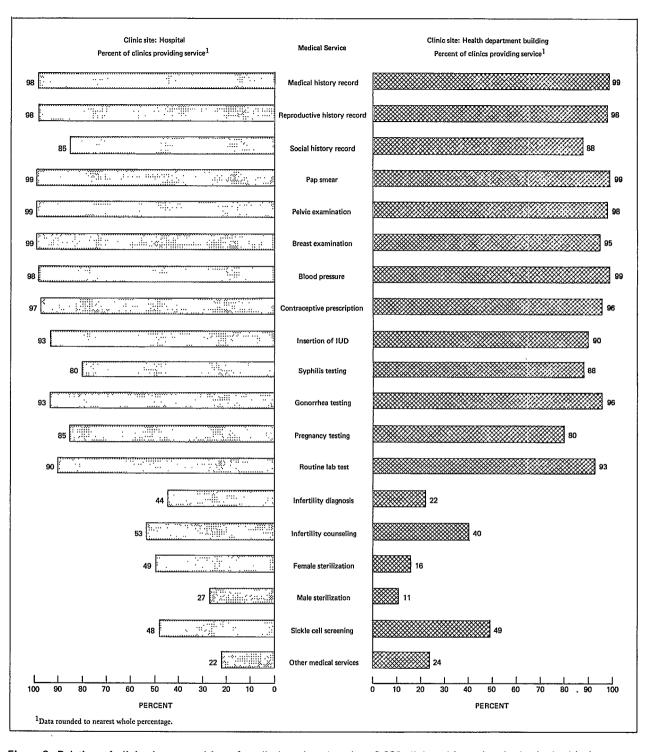


Figure 2. Relation of clinic site to provision of medical services, based on 2,068 clinics with service site in the health department building and 641 clinics with service site in a hospital: United States, 1974

Medical Services Provided

Medical services provided by the responding clinics are statistically described in tables 7 and 8. From an overall perspective the 19 medical services ranked as follows in terms of the percentage of clinics that performed each service. (The double line is used to separate the services commonly provided by most clinics from those less commonly or rarely performed.)

Rank	Medical service	Percent of responding clinics that performed the service
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Blood pressure Pap smear	97.4 96.8 96.5 95.3 94.8 91.1 87.6
14 15 16 17 18 19	Sickle cell screening	24.7

The data in table 7 demonstrates that the tendency to perform a given service varies with the operating responsibility for the clinic. That it also varies with the clinic site may be observed in the Inventory findings expressed in table 8. Figure 2 compares the two most popular sites used by medical family planning clinics—the hospital and the health department building. The reader will note that the clinics at these two sites are roughly equivalent in their tendencies to provide the more frequently rendered medical services. Services such as infertility diagnosis and counseling, and sterilization (male and fe-

male), however, are more often rendered in the hospital environment.

Ancillary Services Provided

Only 4,410 of the 4,494 clinics gave usable responses to the Inventory question concerning ancillary services or functions. Statistics on these ancillary services appear in tables 7 and 8. From an overall perspective, the ancillary services ranked as follows in terms of percentage of clinics that provided each service.

Rank	Ancillary service	Percent of responding clinics that provided the service
1 2	Individual counseling about family planning	98.4 92.2
3 4	Referral to other clinic for family planning or medical services not provided at clinic site	91.6
5	who had missed appointments and the scheduling of reappointments)	87.8
6	patients of family planning services and assisted them in availing themselves of the services)	72.9 60.7
7	Transportation to the clinic or service site (provided or subsidized)	39.7
8	Classroom or group sessions on sex education (in addition to family planning and contraceptive education)	35.4 29.2
10	Other ancillary service	4.6

The relationship between operating responsibility for the clinic and the clinic's tendency to provide ancillary services is explored in table 7. In general, the clinics operated by Planned Parenthood affiliates and other nongovernment corporations showed the most substantial degree of activity in providing ancillary services to their patients.

Contraceptive Methods Used

Survey findings about contraceptive methods employed by medical family planning clinics are presented in tables 7 and 8. Information was sought on the use of 11 specific methods of contraception. From an overall perspective, the 11 methods ranked as follows in terms of the percentage of clinics that employed each method. (As with the ranking for medical services, the double line is used to separate the methods commonly used by most clinics from those less commonly or rarely employed.)

Rank	Contraceptive method	Percent of responding clinics using the method
1 2 3 4 5	Oral (pill) IUD Foam Condom Diaphragm jelly	99.6 94.2 90.1 75.7 64.3
6	Sterilization	
-	(female)	34.4
7	Basal temperature	0/ 0
8	method	24.0 23.7
8 9	Ovulation method	5.2
10	Morning-after pill	4.7
$\overline{11}$	Injection	3.8

The tendency to use a given method was found to vary—at times substantially—depending

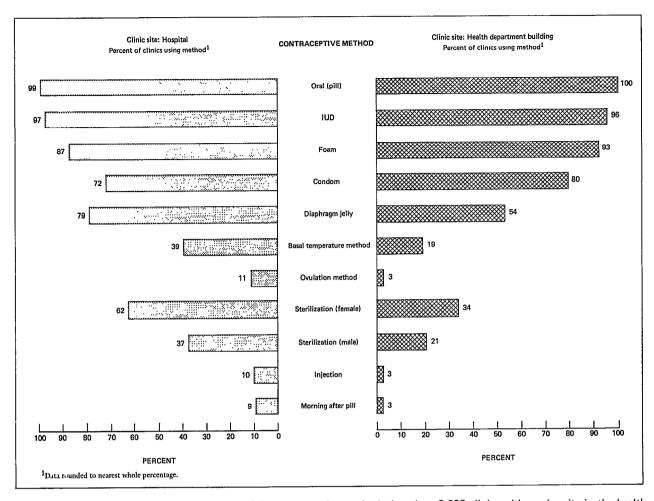


Figure 3. Relation of clinic site to utilization of 11 contraceptive methods, based on 2,068 clinics with service site in the health department building and 641 clinics with service site in a hospital: United States, 1974

on the clinic site. (See table 8.) Figure 3 graphically compares the hospital and the health department building—the two most popular sites used by medical family planning clinics—according to their respective tendencies to employ each of the 11 methods.

NONMEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE SITES

From the nonmedical family planning site the Inventory sought only a limited amount of information—geographic and physical location,

agency responsible for its operation, and the types of nonmedical service it provided. Of the 4,062 nonmedical sites included in this survey (see appendix I for further details), 3,563 (about 88 percent) responded in whole or in part to the seven substantive items on the questionnaire that they were requested to complete. Tables 1 and 2 show a distribution of these 3,563 responding sites.

Services Provided

The most frequent service offered by non-medical family planning service sites was referral, i.e., to another site for medical family planning services (table 9). About 98 percent of all nonmedical sites performed this service. In a relatively substantial proportion of cases (about 29 percent), the nonmedical service sites also rendered a family planning service by contracting or paying others for the provision of medical family planning services. In a minor proportion of cases (about 10 percent) nonmedical sites included in their services the providing of space, equipment, contraceptive supplies, and/or staff to others who rendered the medical family planning service.

Operating Responsibility and Physical Location

Table 9 also presents data about the agents responsible for the operation of nonmedical service sites. Very few of the nonmedical sites (about 10 percent) were operated by nongovernment agencies or projects. Nine out of every 10 were government-operated, about 92 percent of these functioning under the operating responsibility of State and county governments. With this degree and type of public sponsorship it is not surprising

that most nonmedical service sites operated out of public facilities. The largest proportion (slightly more than one-half) had their locus of service in the State and county welfare department building; the second largest proportion (about 31 percent) was in the State or local health department building.

ADDITIONAL SITES

The first annual survey of the National Inventory of Family Planning Services was intended to target family planning service sites which were known to be operational as of December 31, 1973, and which could be unambiguously categorized either as medical family planning clinics or as nonmedical family planning service sites, according to the criteria in the section "Family Planning Service Sites." The discussion in the preceding textual commentary as well as the supporting data in the detailed tables apply to this data base, numbering in total 8,057 responding sites.

An additional 113 sites are *not* included in the tabulations or analysis appearing in this report. These 113 sites are of two types—newly established clinics that could not provide the requested data, and special category sites. A brief description of both types is given below.

1974 "Newly Established" Sites

The survey discovered and gathered a limited amount of information about 89 additional clinics which began operation after December 31, 1973 and before the formal completion of data collection in midsummer 1974. For these 89 new additions data are available about the agency responsible for their operation and about their clinic sites, and are presented in the tabulation that follows.

Operating responsibility	Number of clinics
Total	89
Government-operated	54
State	20 22
Health district	1 8 1
Other Federal GovernmentOther non-Federal government	1 1
Nongovernment-operated	35
Plaumed Parenthood affiliates	7 2
Hospital	20 2
Clinic site	_
Tota1	89
State or local health department building	38
School or community building	22 4
Church	1 3 15

Special Category Sites

As mentioned above, the data base also excludes 24 family planning sites which may have been operational prior to 1974 but which—from

their responses—did not permit clear-cut categorization either as medical or nonmedical providers. Their provision of medical services was at best a minimal effort. These 24 facilities were, therefore, classified as "special category" sites. The following tabulated information con-

cerns the agency responsible for their operation and their physical locations.

Operating responsibility	Number
Total	24
Government-operated	16
StateCounty	14 2
Nongovernment-operated	7
Planned Parenthood affiliatesCorporation	4 3
Data lacking	1
Physical locations	
Total	24
State or local health department building	13 1 6 1

LIST OF DETAILED TABLES

Page		
	Number and percent distribution of reported medical family planning clinics and nonmedical family planning service sites by State and territory: United States, 1974	able 1.
17	Number and percent distribution of reported medical family planning clinics and nonmedical family planning service sites by geographic area: United States, 1974	2.
18	Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, State, and territory: United States, 1974	3.
20	Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic and selected characteristics: United States, 1974	4.
22	Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, clinic site, and primary purpose of the clinic: United States, 1974	5.
24	Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, clinic site, and type of clinic session: United States, 1974	6.
26	Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic and services provided: United States, 1974	7.
28	Number of reported medical family planning clinics by clinic site and services provided: United States, 1974	8.
29	Number of reported nonmedical family planning service sites by operating responsibility for the site, service site, and services provided: United States, 1974	9.

Table 1. Number and percent distribution of reported medical family planning clinics and nonmedical family planning service sites by State and territory: United States, 1974

	Family	planning	facilities	Family	planning	facilities
State and territory	Total	Medical clinics	Nonmedical service sites	Total	Medical clinics	Nonmedical service sites
		Number		Perc	ent distr	ibution
United States and territories	8,057	4,494	3,563	100.0	100.0	100.0
onited States and territorics	0,057	4,77	3,505	100.0	100.0	100.0
States:						
Alabama	169	131	38	2.1	2.9	1.1
AlaskaArizona	21 103	19 87	2 16	0.3 1.3	0.4 1.9	0.1
Arkansas	148	98	50	1.8	2.2	1.4
California	482	392	90	6.0	8.7	2.5
Connecticut	143	52 38	91	1.8 0.6	1.2	2.6
Delaware	21	16	5	0.3	0.4	0.1
District of ColumbiaFlorida	29 292	28 221	1 71	0.4 3.6	0.6	0.0
Georgia	391	248	149	4.9	5.5	4.2
Hawaii	32	27	5	0.4	0.6	0.1
IdahoIllinois	40 203	23 57	17 146	0.5 2.5	0.5 1.3	0.5
Indiana	233	54	179	2.9	1.2	5.0
Iowa	209	32	177	2.6	0.7	5.0
Kansas Kentucky	201 190	54 118	147	2.5 2.4	1.2	4.1
Louisiana	230	121	109	2.9	2.7	3.1
Maine Maryland	42	31	11	0.5	0.7	0.3
Massachusetts	148 163	119 76	29 87	$\begin{array}{c} 1.8 \\ 2.0 \end{array}$	2.7	0.8
Michigan	257	131	126	3.2	2.9	3.5
Minnesota Mississippi	209 176	36	173	2.6 2.2	0.8	4.9
Missouri	269	101 111	75 158	3.3	2.3	4.4
Montana	97	20	77	1.2	0.5	2.2
Nebraska Nevada	104	23 15	81	1.3	0.5	2.3
New Hampshire	31	13	18	0.4	0.3	0.5
New Jersev	131	85	46	1.6	1.9	1.3
New MexicoNew York	106	72 222	34 95	1.3	1.6	1.0
North Carolina	198	94	104	2.5	2.1	$\tilde{2.9}$
North DakotaOhio	96	8	88	1.2	0.2	2.5
Oklahoma	327 169	165 135	162	4.1	3.7 3.0	4.6 1.0
Oregon	102	63	39	1.3	1.4	1.1
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	252	146 22	106	3.1 0.3	3.3	3.0
South Carolina	149	108	41	1.9	2.4	1.2
South Dakota	88	100	82	1.1	0.1	2.3
Texas	281	193 247	88 76	3.5 4.0	4.3 5.5	2.3
IJtah	27	13	14	0.3	0.3	0.4
Vermont Virginia	23	13	10	0.3	0.3	0.3
Washington	266 109	170 65	96 44	3.3	3.8	2.7
West Virginia	88	60	28	1.1	1.3	0.8
Wisconsin	145	23 6	122 32	1.8	0.5	3.4
Territories:						
Virgin Islands	_	-	-	-	-	_
American Campa	1	1	-	0.0	0.0	-
Puerto RicoGuam	81	81	_	1.0	1.8	
Canal Zone	2	2		0.0	0.0	

Number and percent distribution of reported medical family planning clinics and nonmedical family planning service sites by geographic area: United States, 1974 Table 2.

	Family	planning	facilities	Family	planning	facilities
Geographic area ¹	Total	Medical clinics	Nonmedical services sites	Total	Medical clinics	Nonmedical services sites
		Number	•	Perc	ent distr	ibution
United States and territories2	8,057	4,494	3,563	100.0	100.0	100.0
Geographic Regions:						
Northeast	1,027 2,341 3,274 1,328	646 700 2,208 854	1,641 1,066		15.6 49.1	
Geographic Divisions:						
New England	327 700 1,165 1,176 1,588 816 870 582 746	193 453 430 270 1,064 543 601 288 566	247 735 906 524	8.7 14.5 14.6 19.7 10.1 10.8	23.7 12.1 13.4 6.4	7.7
Standard Federal Administrative Regions:						
Region I (Boston)	1,852 1,374	388 539 1,214 466	141 265 638	6.6 10.0 23.0 17.1 12.1 9.7	8.6 12.0 27.0 10.4 15.0 4.9	3.8 4.0 7.4 17.9 25.5 8.5 15.8 10.8 3.5 2.9

 $^{^1}$ For components of regions and divisions, see appendix II. 2 Includes respondents from the territories of American Samoa, Puerto Rico, and Canal Zone.

Table 3. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, State, and territory: United States, 1974

			Governm	ent-opera	ted medic	al famil	y plannin	g clinics	
State and territory	Total medical				Operatin	g respon	sibility	•	
beatt and territory	family planning clinics	Total	State	County	City or metro- politan area	Health dis- trict	Indian Health Service	Other Federal Govern- ment ¹	Other non- Federal govern- ment ¹
United States and territories	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
States:									
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Commecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa	131 19 87 98 392 52 316 28 221 248 227 54 118 121 31 119 76 131 20 23 15 72 222 94 81 65 135 146 121 135 136 146 146 147 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	112 188 839 274 327 915 197 230 231 249 295 181 299 101 202 447 295 1190 224 47 1190 224 47 1190 295 1190 1190 1190 1190 1190 1190 1190 11	11 11 12 18 18 19 40 17 10 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	48 58 200 2 144 200 9 8 3 16 3 16 5 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1	10 10 10 11 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	49 - 4 - 11 16 20 - 19 - 1 - 16 321 - 1 - 12 - 616 - 11 4 - 29 17 1 - 1	900	4743422-106114314242149316233-949416910232181-118-11	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Territories: Virgin Islands American Samoa Puerto Rico Guam Canal Zone	1 81 - 2	73	- 55 -		-	-		2 2	16

Table 3. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, State, and territory: United States, 1974—Con.

		acc, and	territor							
			Nongov	ernment-o	perated	medical	family pl	anning c	linics	
·	Total				Oper	ating r	esponsibil	ity		
State and territory	medical family planning clinics	Total	Planned parent- hood affil- iates	Univer- sity	Church	Hos- pital	Corpora- tion	Indi- vidual	Part- ner- ship	Other nongov- ernment ¹
United States and terri- tories	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Alabama	131 199 87 98 392 52 38 16 28 221 248 27 23 57 54 118 119 76 131 31 119 76 101 111 20 23 15 72 222 94 8 165 135 135 135 146 156 167 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	19 14 98 118 20 118 217 25 246 1129 246 113 110 110 114 110 114 110 114 110 114 110 114 110 110	13 29 16 17 6 3 5 9 14 19 5 11 28 4 13 22 32 19 6 5 7 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		1	11 18 2 3 3 1 1 1 2 13 2 13 2 14 2 14 2 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	5119954-3-22415-1523-	1	1	1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	170 65 60 23 6	11 20 14 18 3	12	1 - 2 -	-	3 2 1	1 7 14 3 3	-	1 -	-
Territories: Virgin Islands American Samoa Puerto Rico Guam Canal Zone	1 81 - 2	1 8 -	-	1 -		1 2 -	5	-	- - - -	-

See appendix II for components of "other" categories.

Table 4. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic and selected characteristics: United States, 1974

	chara	cteristic:	s: Unite	d States,	19/4				
			Governm	ent-opera	ted medica	1 family	planning	clinics	
	Total medical				Operatin	g respon	sibility		
Selected characteristic	family planning clinics	Total	State	County	City or metro- politan area	Health dis- trict	Indian Health Service	Other Federal Govern- ment ¹	Other non- Federal govern- ment 1
Clinic site									
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Health department building Hospital	2,068 641 576 63 142 134 107 763	1,867 252 280 22 57 61 100 327	566 36 71 6 14 6 28 48	950 49 127 6 23 35 39 79	115 19 36 5 1 13 4 23	194 8 15 1 7 - 20 11	30 5 1 2 1 38	21 108 26 3 10 6 9	17 2 - - - - - 6
Primary purpose				•			ĺ		
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Medical family planning Sterilization	3,237 8 14 64 1,028	2,056 3 13 31 760 103	574 - - 8 187	935 - 8 10 308 47	135 1 2 55	216 - 1 2 31 6	6 - - 4 66 5	167 2 2 5 113	23 1 1 -
Years of operation]	
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Less than 1 year	526 691 715 904 532 554 214 358	328 407 467 543 355 463 182 221	80 88 197 127 83 121 45	123 204 155 245 161 214 115	30 26 19 72 24 36 5	35 46 47 25 27 46 6 24	15 2 6 18 9 16 3	44 40 39 38 50 30 8 56	1 1 4 18 1 -
Funding services									
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Department of Health, Education and Welfare	3,099 2,459 6400 538 302 2,361 1,891 270 1,471 1,429 422 546 514 32 633 62 1	2,050 1,652 398 337 141 196 1,679 1,442 237 1,351 1,313 38 466 441 25	568 515 53 30 24 6 672 551 121 221 221 221 221 221 -	918 804 114 72 622 10 767 682 85 934 34 104 101 3 2 2	164 121 43 15 9 6 45 38 7 36 35 11 137 119 18 3 2	177 137 40 20 17 3 157 139 18 114 112 2 35 33 2	76 44 72 5 2 3 1 1 1 - 2 2 2	126 56 70 194 27 167 20 17 3 10 9 1 3 3	17 14 3 - - 1
funders ¹ Partial funding Full funding	1,180 878 302	192 174 18	37 31 6	67 61 6	11 10 1	41 40 1	=	36 32 4	=

Table 4. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic and selected characteristics: United States, 1974—Con.

			Nongover	nment-ope	rated me	dical f	amily pl	anning o	linics	
	Total				Operat	ing res	ponsibil	ity.		
Selected characteristic	medical family planning clinics	Total	Planned Parent- hood affil- iates	Univer- sity	Church	Hos- pital	Corpo- ration	Indi- vidual	Part- ner- ship	Other non- govern- ment ¹
Clinic site										
All reporting clinics	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Health department building Hospital	2,068 641 576 63 142 134 107 763	201 389 296 41 85 73 7 436	64 74 74 16 11 46 176	12 35 97 2 5 4 -	1 2 2 - 1	10 209 11 1 3 -	114 63 105 21 53 18 7 213	11	3 - 2	5 7 1 1 1 1 -
All reporting clinics	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Medical family planning Sterilization	3,237 8 14 64 1,028	1,181 5 1 33 268 40	455 3 - - 3	69 2 1 91 8	4 1 1	139 - 25 66 22	486 - 1 6 92	9 3	2 - - - 2 1	17 - - 10
Years of operation										
All reporting clinics	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Less than 1 year	526 691 715 904 532 554 214 358	198 284 248 361 177 91 32	51 76 78 90 61 39 10	21 44 26 42 17 3 4	1 1 1 - - 1	16 45 36 42 25 34 12 42	104 116 97 170 70 13 5	1 10 - - -	1 2 -	4 2 8 4 2 - 3
Funding sources			•							
All reporting clinics	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Department of Health, Education and Welfare Partial funding Full funding Partial funding Partial funding	3,099 2,459 640 538 302 2,161 1,891 1,471 1,429 42 546 514 32 63 62	1,049 807 242 201 161 40 482 449 33 120 116 4 80 73 7 53 53	362 332 30 58 48 10 128 120 8 48 47 1 24 24 34	62 29 33 3 21 28 21 7 9 9 5 4 1 1	222	944 599 335 233 188 54 166 144 2 233 177 6 100	506 374 132 113 89 24 261 250 411 42 41 27 7 7	5 5 3 3 2 2	33 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 87 11 -7 43 22
funders Partial funding Full funding	1,180 878 302	988 704 284	430 385 45	121 26 95	6 4 2	181 75 106	224 197 27	7 5 2	5 3 2	14 9 5

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{See}$ appendix II for components of "other" categories.

Table 5. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, clinic site, and primary purpose of the clinic: United States, 1974

	primary po				ated medica		planning	clinics	 =
	Total medical			-			sibility		
Clinic site and primary purpose	family planning clinics	Total	State	County	City or metro- politan area	Health dis- trict	Indian Health Service	Other Federal Govern- ment ¹	Other non- Federal govern- ment ¹
All clinic sites	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Health department building	2,068	1,867	566	950	115	194	4	21	17
Medical family planning	1,532	1,350	417	668	65	165	2	16	17
V-D testing	8	- 8	-	6	ī	ī	-	-	-
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care	17 460	16 442	6 141	7 244	31	1 21	1	1 4	-
General GYN service and other miscellaneous 1	51	51	2					4	-
Hospital	641	252	36	25 49	18 19	6 8	30	100	- 0
Medical family planning	370	102	25	26	10	6	2	108 32	2 1
V-D testing	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Postpartum/prenatal care	33	9		1 2	ī	1	2	3	-
Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	188	119	9	17	7	1	24	61	-
miscellaneous ¹	45	20	2	3	1	-	2	12	-
School or community building Medical family planning	576	280	71	127	36	15	5	26	-
Sterilization	409 1	205	51	99	24	8	-	23	-
V-D testing Postpartum/prenatal care	- 2	-	[•		-	-	-	•.
Comprehensive health care	144	61	19	20	9	7	4	2	-
General GYN service and other miscellaneous	20	14	1	8	3	-	1	1	_
Store-front	63	22	6	6	5	1	1	3	_
Medical family planning	52	17	5	4	4	1	1	2	-
Sterilization	1	-1	[-	-	-	-	-	-
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care	7 3	2	ī	- 2	ī	2	-	-	-
Physician's office	142	57	14	23	1	7	2	1 10	-
Medical family planning	114	45	8	20	1	6	1	9	-
V-D testing	1	1	-1	-	-	-	= =	<u>i</u>	-
Postpartum/prenatal care	1 24 2	10	1 5	3	-	1	ī	=	=
Church	134	61	6	35	13	- 1	1	6	-
Medical family planning	118	52	5	29	12	_	-1	6	_
V-D testing			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care	3 12	2	-	1	-	-	1		-
General GYN service and other miscellaneous	1	6 1	1	4	1	-	-	-	-
Mobile unit	107	100	28	1 39	- 4	20	-	9	-
Medical family planning	98	93	28	32	4	20		9	-
Sterilization	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-		=	[]	-
Postpartum/prenatal care	6	4	=	4		=	=	=	Ξ
miscellaneous ¹ Other clinic site ¹	. 3	3	- 40	3	-	-	-	-	-
Medical family planning	763 544	327 192	48 35	79 57	23	11	38	122	6
SterilizationV-D testing	2	1	-	57	15	10	=	70 ∙1	5
Postpartum/prenatal care	8	3	ī	1	- 1	-	-	2	1
Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	187	116	11	16	ē [1	36	46	-
miscellaneous1	18	11	1	5	1	-	2	2	-

Table 5. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, clinic site, and primary purpose of the clinic: United States, 1974—Con.

			Nongover	nment-ope	rated me	dical f	amily pl	anning c	linics	
	Total medical				Operat	ing res	ponsibil	ity		
Clinic site and primary purpose	family planning clinics	Total	Planned Parent- hood affil- iates	Univer- sity	Church	Hos- pital	Corpo- ration	Indi- vidual	Part- ner- ship	Other non- govern- ment ¹
All clinic sites	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Health department building	2,068	201	64	12	1	10	114	-	-	-
Medical family planning	1,532	182	63	9	1	7	102	_	-	-
V-D testing	8			[] -	-	-] [-	_
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care	17 460	18	ī	3	-	3	11	=] =	Ξ
Hospital	51 641	389	74	35	2	209	63		_	5
Medical family planning	370	268	72	20	1	116	55	ı	-	3
V-D testing	4	3	2	1 -	-	_	-] =	_] -
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	188	24 69	-	10	1	21 52	2 5	-		2
miscellaneous1	45	25	-	4	-	20	1	-	-	<u>-</u>
School or community building	576	296	74	97	2	11	105	i -	-	7
Medical family planning Sterilization	409	204	74	27 1	1 -	8 -	90	-	-	4
V-D testing Postpartum/prenatal care	2	2	-	_		2	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive health care	144	83	-	67	1	_	12	-	-	3
General GYN service and other miscellaneous	20	6	-	2		1	3	-	-	-
Store-front	63	41	16	2	-	1	21	-	-	1
Medical family planning Sterilization	52	35	16	2	-	1	16	_	-	-
V-D testing	1	1	_	-	-	_	1	-] =	_
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other miscellaneous ¹	7	5	=	=	-		4	-	-	1
Physician's office	142	85	11	5	_	1	53	11	3	1
Medical family planning	114	69	11	2	-	-	46	8	1	1
V-D testing	-	-	-		-	'	-	_		-
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	1 24	14	-	2	-	ī	- 6	3	2	-
miscellaneous ¹	2	2	-	1	-	•	1	-	-	-
Medical family planning	134 118	73 66	46 46	4	1	3 2	18 12	-	_	1
Sterilization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-D testing	3	ī	[-	-		ĩ	_	_] -	-
Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	12	6	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
miscellaneous1	1	- [-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Mobile unit	107	7	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
Medical family planning SterilizationV-D testingV-D	98	5		-	-	, ,	5	=	-	-
Postpartum/prenatal care Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	6	2	-	-	- - -	111	2	-	-	-
miscellaneous1	3	426	176	- 16	-	17	010	-	-	- 10
Other clinic site Medical family planning	763 544	436 352	176 173	16	-	17 5	213 160	_	2	12 8
Sterilization	2	1 [1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
V-D testing	4 8	5	-	ī	{	1	3	-	-	-
Comprehensive health care General GYN service and other	187	71	2	9	-	10	46	-	-	4
miscellaneous1	18	7		1	[1	4		1	·

¹See appendix II for components of "other" categories.

Table 6. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, clinic site, and type of clinic session: United States, 1974

	"	2	Governm	ent-oper	ated medi	cal family	planning	clinics	-=-=
	Total medical				Operat	ing respo	nsibility		·
Clinic site and type of clinic session	family planning clinics	Total	State	County	City or metro- politan area	Health district	Indian Health Service	Other Federal Govern- ment ¹	Other non- Federal govern- ment
All clinic sites	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Health department building	2,068	1,867	566	950	115	194	4	21	17
SpecializedCombinedMixed	1,077 499 492	917 477 473	224 167 175	489 206 255	61 43 11	123 41 30	1 3 -	13 7 1	6 10 1
Hospital	641	252	36	49	19	8	30	108	2
Specialized	298 254 89	75 131 46	15 11 10	21 16 12	7 7 5	4 3 1	4 21 5	23 72 13	1 1 -
School or community building	576	280	71	127	36	15	5	26	
SpecializedCombinedMixed	322 188 66	137 98 45	28 25 18	63 38 26	14 21 1	12 3 -	- 5 -	20 6 -	- - -
Store-front	63	22	6	6	5	1	1	3	-
SpecializedCombinedMixed	41 17 5	12 9 1	3 3	4 1 1	1 4 ~	1	1	3 -	-
Physician's office	142	57	14	23	1	7	2	10	
SpecializedCombinedMixed	96 39 7	43 8 6	10 1 3	19 4 -	- 1 -	5 1 1	- 1 1	9 - 1	- - -
Church	134	61	6	35	13		1	6	
Specialized	106 20 8	46 9 6	6 -	22 7 6	12 1 -	- - -	1	6	-
Mobile unit	107	100	28	39	4	20		9	
SpecializedCombinedMixed	45 27 35	40 26 34	28	19 14 6	4	14 6 -	-	7 2 -	-
Other clinic site	763	327	48	79	23	11	38	122	6
Specialized Combined Mixed	462 246 55	141 158 28	21 22 5	41 29 9	11 12 -	7 3 1	1 33 4	56 57 9	4 2 -

See headnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic, clinic site, and type of clinic session: United States, 1974—Con.

			Nongover	nment-op	erated m	edical f	amily pla	nning cl	inics	
Clinia atha and huna	Total med- ical				Opera	ting res	ponsibili	ty		
Clinic site and type of clinic session	family plan- ning clinics	Total	Planned Parent- hood affil- iates	Uni- versi- ty	Church	Hospi- tal	Corpor- ation	In- divid- ual	Part- ner- ship	Other non- govern- ment ¹
All clinic sites	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27
Health department building	2,068	201	64	12	1	10	114	_	-	
Specialized Combined Mixed	1,077 499 492	160 22 19	54 2 8	6 5 1	1	7 3 -	93 12 9	-	-	=
Hospital	641	389	74	. 35	2	209	63	1		5
Specialized Combined Mixed	298 254 89	223 123 43	70 3 1	11 18 6	1 1	91 85 33	49 12 2	ī	=	1 3 1
School or community building	576	296	74	97	2	11	105		-	7
Specialized Combined Mixed	322 188 66	185 90 21	71	27 58 12	1 1	6 5 -	75 25 5	-	-	5 1 1
Store-front	63	41	16	2		1	21	-		1
Specialized Combined Mixed	41 17 5	29 8 4	13 1 2	2	-	1 -	15 4 2	-	-	ĩ
Physician's office	142	85	11	5		1	53	11	3	1
Specialized Combined Mixed	96 39 7	53 31 1	11	3 2 -	-	<u></u>	32 20 1	6 5	3	. 1
Church	134	73	46	4	1	3	18			1
Specialized Combined Mixed	106 20 8	60 11 2	43 2 1	3 1 -	1 -	2 1 -	11 6 1	=	-	1
Mobile unit	107	7					7		<u> </u>	
Specialized Combined Mixed	45 27 35	5 1 1	-	=	- -	-	5 1 1	- -	-	=
Other clinic site1	763	436	176	16	-	17	213		2	12
SpecializedCombinedMixed	462 246 55	321 88 27	155 10 11	6 7 3	-	5 10 2	148 55 10	-	- 2 -	7 4 1

¹See appendix II for components of "other" categories.

Table 7. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic and services provided: United States, 1974

	ices F	oro vided:	United	States,	19/4				
			planning clinics						
Services provided	Total medical				Operat	ing respon	sibility		
	family planning clinics	Total	State	County	City or metro- politan area	Health district	Indian Health Service	Other Federal Govern- ment ¹	Other non- Federal govern- ment ¹
Medical services:									
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Medical history record Reproductive history	4,408	2,923	770	1,293	216	251	81	287	25
record	4,351 3,856 4,420 4,377 4,336 4,439 4,284 3,936 3,689 4,262 3,630 4,002 1,729 849 648 1,866 1,112	2,893 2,504 2,913 2,889 2,887 2,828 2,631 2,834 2,751 1,165 529 1,405 731	746 646 761 762 730 770 774 682 691 752 662 710 133 292 138 71 449	1,290 1,124 1,283 1,271 1,258 1,255 1,156 1,156 1,257 1,257 1,456 1,230 473 193 193 167 525 321	216 205 215 215 215 214 211 203 207 213 187 204 40 63 24 15 143 61	253 216 254 240 254 255 227 219 228 250 197 247 20 118 33 23 23 129 76	78 71 80 81 80 81 81 77 74 77 78 77 31 52 25 21 6	285 218 296 295 295 286 261 262 272 257 258 125 103 150 86	25 24 24 25 25 25 24 23 11 13 8 25 5 1
Ancillary services: All reporting clinics ²	4,410	2,901	768	1,289	216	245	78	280	25
Individual counseling Followup program Referral to other clinic Referral to social services agency	4,341 3,871 4,041 4,065 3,213 2,675 1,559 1,751 1,287 204	2,856 2,601 2,653 2,653 2,150 1,613 853 1,066 706 103	756 709 707 675 621 397 280 270 97 16	1,283 1,201 1,186 1,206 963 716 247 417 312 52	208 188 203 211 160 137 85 87 92 10	241 231 231 235 200 163 84 126 83 10	77 63 70 70 40 33 23 39 14 2	266 185 231 232 142 144 116 120 101 13	25 24 25 24 24 23 18 7 7
Contraceptive methods:				i					
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,966	775	1,308	216	256	81	305	25
Oral (pill)	4,474 4,234 4,047 3,403 2,888 1,080 1,544 1,065 213 712	2,962 2,884 2,687 2,256 1,663 115 1,020 697 101 107 475	775 728 708 629 338 105 25 270 177 34 27 210	1,306 1,249 1,195 743 272 28 375 242 23 27 156	216 208 207 148 180 57 12 53 22 8 10	255 253 234 203 140 49 8 99 55 6 4	81 78 53 37 21 24 37 33 32 4	304 284 266 216 223 124 33 168 163 28 35	25 24 24 24 18 8 5 18 5

Table 7. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by operating responsibility for the clinic and services provided: United States, 1974—Con.

		Nongovernment-operated medical family planning clinics										
	Total medical		Operating responsibility									
Services provided	family planning clinics	Total	Planned parent- hood affil- iates	Uni- versi- ty	Church	Hospi- tal	Corpor- ation	In- divid- ual	Part- ner- ship	Other non- govern- ment ¹		
edical services:	'								'			
All reporting clinics	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12	5	27		
Medical history record Reproductive history	4,408	1,485	453	167	6	249	569	9	5	27		
record	4,351 3,856 4,420 4,377 4,336 4,439	1,458 1,352 1,507 1,488 1,479 1,508	453 429 454 454 454 457	156 129 168 171 169 170	6 4 6 6 6	242 222 249 249 250 247	562 530 587 564 560 588	8 7 11 12 11 10	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	26 26 27 27 27 24 25		
Contraceptive prescription	4,284 3,936 3,689 4,262 3,630 4,092 1,008 1,729 849	1,456 1,315 1,058 1,428 1,295 1,341 343 564 320 246	440 428 262 440 368 391 197 127 34	167 113 140 162 148 144 40 60 32	5466661111	244 237 223 231 215 233 140 146 147	558 497 394 550 525 535 136 222 93 110	12 10 9 9 3 1 1 5 6	55555442132	25 21 19 25 20 25 4 6 5		
Male sterilization Sickle cell screening Other medical service ¹	1,866 1,112	461 381	113 99	67 54	2 -	141	129 161	1	3	8 3		
ncillary services:		:										
All reporting clinics2	4,410	1,509	459	165	6	245	591	12	5	26		
Individual counseling Followup program Referral to other	4,341 3,871	1,485 1,270	458 383	161 114	6 5 6	236 189 192	584 545 563	9 7 9	5 3 3	26 24 24		
Referral to social service agency	4,041 4,065 3,213	1,388 1,412 1,063	446 450 358	145 129 83	5 2	215	576 480	9 7	4	24		
Outreach program	2,675	1,062	378	105	3	151	403	5	2	15		
sion on sex education Transportation to clinic- Baby sitting	1,559 1,751 1,287	706 685 581	230 218 198	84 43 34	1 2 1	64	296 338 259	6 7 9	2 -	13		
Other ancillary service ices ¹	204	101	36	17	1	14	30	-	-	3		
Contraceptive methods:												
All reporting clinics	4,494	1,528	461	171	6	252	594	12		 		
Oral (pill) IUD Foam Condom Diaphragm/jelly	4,234 4,047 3,403	1,360	340	122 113	5	246 212 178	588 537 546 485 446	10 12 8	5 5	23 23 16		
Basal temperature method Ovulation method Sterilization (female) Sterilization (male) Injection Morning after pill Other method ¹	1,080 233 1,544 1,065 169 213	118 524 368 68 106	83 88 8 8 10	45 14 15 50	1 -	39 191 80 25	172 19 21	666	2 1 -			

¹See appendix II for components of "other" categories.
²Total responses cumulate to 4,410. This resulted from the exclusion of 84 responses which indicated no ancillary service performed.

Table 8. Number of reported medical family planning clinics by clinic site and services provided: United States, 1974

	m-11	Clinic site										
Services provided	Total medical family planning clinics	Health depart- ment building	Hospital	School or community building	Store- front	Physi- cian's office	Church	Mobile unit	Other site ¹			
Medical services:												
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,068	641	576	63	142	134	107	763			
Medical history record	4,408 4,351 3,856 4,420 4,377 4,336 4,439 4,284 3,689 4,262 3,630 4,092 1,008 1,729 648 1,866 1,112	2,037 2,020 1,814 2,044 2,019 1,974 2,051 1,979 1,863 1,818 1,989 1,646 1,928 462 825 324 225 1,005	625 542	560 541 476 558 552 572 549 572 449 454 537 448 158 84 158 184	63 62 59 61 61 61 62 58 336 58 55 16 5 17 20	135 137 127 140 141 139 124 95 129 113 123 26 41 27 36 21	131 132 118 131 130 130 132 128 129 129 129 129 14 40 13 15 41 38	107 107 71 107 93 107 107 91 90 104 107 78 105 4 32 5 6 32	748 727 649 746 747 741 749 720 647 570 716 645 131 278 128 128 128			
Ancillary services:												
All reporting clinics ²	4,410	2,040	624	566	63	138	134	106	739			
Individual counseling Followup program Referral to other clinic Referral to social service agency	4,341 3,871 4,041 4,065	2,022 1,938 1,889 1,889	608 480 510 560	559 470 537 522	63 55 62 61	134 105 114 128	130 112 130 133	106 103 105 106	719 608 694 666			
family planning	2,675 1,559 3,213 1,751 1,287 204	1,610 1,201 623 745 477 64	337 381 221 206 195 37	404 356 212 236 181 42	55 52 42 30 26 4	105 72 52 81 56 6	101 91 47 66 59 3	78 24 19 41 41 2	523 498 343 346 252 46			
Contraceptive methods:												
All reporting clinics	4,494	2,068	641	576	63	142	134	107	763			
Oral (pill)	4,474 4,234 4,047 3,403 2,888 1,080 233 1,544 1,065 169 213 712	2,067 1,989 1,927 1,645 1,119 388 69 701 439 62 53 383	632 620 556 459 509 247 70 397 236 61 58	572 489 496 418 404 121 30 112 99 15 54 84	63 60 58 45 45 12 1 12 9	141 134 122 100 92 37 2 43 47 2 4 41	134 126 124 90 103 30 7 25 19 3 2	106 105 96 85 23 23 1 26 9	759 711 668 561 593 222 23 228 207 26 40			

See appendix II for components of "other" categories.
Total responses cumulate to 4,410. This resulted from the exclusion of 84 responses which indicated no ancillary service performed.

Table 9. Number of reported nonmedical family planning service sites by operating responsibility for the site, service site, and services provided: United States, 1974

	Total	Government-operated nonmedical family planning service sites											
Nonmedical service site and	non- medical family		Operating responsibility										
services provided	plan- ning service sites	Total	State	County	City or metro- politan area	Health dis- trict	Indian Health Service	Other Federal Govern- ment ¹	Other non- Federal govern- ment ¹				
All service sites	3,563	3,204	1,267	1,690	36	111	9	74	17				
Health department building	1,091	1,057	342	623	12	67	2	8	3				
Refer, etc. ² Provide space, etc. ³ Contract, etc. ⁴	1,058 113 242	1,028 99 236	334 36 101	610 43 103	12 2 1	60 13 26	2 - 1	8 4 2	2 1 2				
Hospital	121	47	3	27	5	5	2	4	1				
Refer, etc. ²	107 39 10	44 11 8	3 1 2	25 5 3	5 3	4 - 2	2 1 -	4 1 1	1 - -				
School or community building	394	308	120	150	7	14	1	11	5				
Refer, etc. ²	384 56 108	301 34 97	118 8 45	146 14 44	6 3 -	14 3 3	1 - -	11 3 2	5 3 3				
Store_front	18	10	4	4	1	•	_	1	_				
Refer, etc. ² Provide space, etc. ³ Contract, etc. ⁴	17 1 5	9 1 5	3 1 3	4 - 2	1 - -	- !	<u>-</u> -	1 - -	- -				
Physician's office	28	21	4	12	-	_	-	5	-				
Refer, etc. ² Provide space, etc. ³ Contract, etc. ⁴	27 4 6	20 3 6	3 1 1	12 2 4	- -	- -	-	5 - 1	- -				
Church	14	10	2	6	_	_	_	2	_				
Refer, etc. ²	14 1 5	10 1	2 - 2	6 1	- -	-	- -	2	-				
Mobile unit	9	3 5	1	1	-	1 !		1 1	1				
	8	4	1	1	_	1	-	1	1				
Refer, etc. ² Provide space, etc. ³ Contract, etc. ⁴	3 2	2 2	-	-	- -	1	-	1 1	1				
Public welfare departments (and miscellaneous other sites)	1,888	1,746	791	867	11	24	4	42	7				
Refer, etc. ² Provide space, etc. ³ Contract, etc. ⁴	1,859 155 653	1,723 126 610	782 52 318	858 64 275	9 1 3	23 2 2	4 - 1	40 7 10	7 - 1				

Table 9. Number of reported nonmedical family planning service sites by operating responsibility for the site, service site, and services provided: United States, 1974—Con.

510	e, service		and Service	es provid							
	Nongovernment-operated nonmedical family planning service si										
Nonmedical service	non- medical family plan- ning service sites		Operating responsibility								
site and services provided		Total	Planned Parent- hood affili- ates	Univer- sity	Church	Hos- pital	Corpora- tion	Indi- vidual	Part- ner- ship	Other nongov- ernment ¹	
All service sites	3,563	359	44	33	4	67	171	6	4	30	
Health department building	1,091	34	6	1	_	1	18	1	-	7	
Refer, etc. ² Provide space, etc. ³	1,058 113	30 14	5 2	1 1	-	1 -	15 11	1 -	-	7	
Contract, etc.4	242 121	6 74	3	1 2	_	55	- 12	-	- 1	2	
Refer, etc. ²	107	63	3	2		46	10	-	1	1	
Provide space, etc. ³	39 10	28 2	_	1 1	-	20	7 1		-	-	
School or community building	394	86	18	23	-	3	37	_	_	5	
Refer, etc. ²	384	83	18	22	-	3	36	_	-	4	
etc.3	56 108	22 11	2 -	2 1	-	1 -	16 9	-	-	1	
Store-front	18	8	3	-	} -	1	3	-	-	1	
Refer, etc. ² Provide space,	17	8	3	-	-	1	3	-	-	1	
etc.3 Contract, etc.4	1 5			-] -] =	_	-	=	[-	
Physician's office	28	7	1	-] -] 1	1	3	1	-	
Refer, etc. ² Provide space,	27	7	1	-	-	1	1	3	1	-	
etc.3 Contract, etc.4	6	1 -	_] =	[=	_	-	_	=	
Church	14	4	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-	
Refer, etc. ² Provide space,	14	4	1	-] 1	1	1	-	-	-	
etc.3	1 5	2	ī		ī	_	_] -	_	-	
Mobile unit	9	4	-	-	ļ -	-	4	-	-	-	
Refer, etc. ² Provide space,	8	4	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	
etc.3	3 2	1 -	-	-] -	1 -] [] -	
Public welfare departments (and miscellaneous other sites)	1,888	142	12	7	3	5	95	2	2	16	
Refer, etc.2	1,859	136	12	6	3	5	91	2	2	1.5	
Provide, etc. ³ Contract, etc. ⁴	155 653	29 43	4 4	2		ī	20 35	ī	=	5	

¹See appendix II for components of "other" categories.

²Refer patients to any other site for medical family planning services.

³Provide space, equipment, contraceptive supplies, and/or staff to others who provide medical family planning services

⁴Contract or pay others for the provision of medical family planning services.

APPENDIX I

METHODOLOGY

The first (1974) annual survey of the National Inventory of Family Planning Services was based on a mail survey directed to the providers of family planning services in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the territories of the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Canal Zone. The survey was designed to acquire information about demographic and institutional characteristics of the facilities that provide family planning services, and about their patients and staffing patterns. The present report centers its attention on the geographic location and institutional characteristics of such facilities.

Procedurally, the survey was divided into two phases: Phase 1—Development of the universe and pretest, and Phase 2—Conduct of the mail survey.

Phase 1-Development of the universe and pretest.—Prior to beginning the actual survey effort, the National Center for Health Statistics in 1972-73 developed a universe of family planning projects which is called the National Inventory of Family Planning Services. The universe was assembled from the following sources:

The National Reporting System on Family Planning Services (NRSFPS)
Planned Parenthood affiliates
Community Health Service
Regional Medical Programs
Health Maintenance Organizations
Approximately 3,000 colleges and universities
HUD Model Cities Program
Indian Health Service

Office of Economic Opportunity

Maternal and Child Health Service
O'Champus (Department of Defense Organizations)

County health and welfare departments
State health departments
Master Facility Inventory (maintained by the National Center for Health Statistics)
American Association of Medical Clinics
American Fertility Society
Association for Voluntary Sterilization
Twenty-five religious denominations

The forms, listings, directories, etc., received from all these sources were put on computer tape, matched and unduplicated, yielding an initial universe of 14,524 facilities. In conjunction with Planned Parenthood affiliates, the National Center for Health Statistics then conducted a pretest survey on a nationwide sample of 500 projects during the spring of 1973. Two questionnaires were utilized to complete the pretest effort:

- 1. Project Characteristic and Clinic Identification Record. This form was completed by each project, agency, or program operating any facilities which provided family planning services.
- Clinic Record. This form was completed by each project, agency, or program for every location where they provided family planning services.

During the period of data collection for the pretest, further unduplication of the universe was performed. As a result of this and the analysis of the pretest findings, the universe was revised to then contain 10,577 facilities. The analysis of the pretest results also made possible the development of a new questionnaire which replaced the two former questionnaires. Upon completion

²There were no responses from the Virgin Islands and Guam.

of the pretest analysis, a national meeting was held in October 1973 attended by technical advisors from Federal, State, and local agencies. Based on the comments of this committee, the survey procedures and the questionnaire to be used were revised and finalized. (Appendix III presents a facsimile of the questionnaire in final form.)

The last step in finalizing the universe for this first annual survey was the use of a project letter. (See appendix III for a facsimile.) This letter was used to: (1) confirm the facility's address listing, (2) confirm that the facility did indeed participate in providing family planning services, and (3) provide the name and actual location of all family planning facilities for which the addressee was operationally responsible. These mailings produced a 95 percent response rate and resulted in the reduction of the universe to 10,321 facilities. Of these, 5,857 were treated as providers of medical family planning services and 4,464 were treated as nonmedical providers. (See definitions in appendix II.)

Phase 2-Conduct of the mail survey; data collection and processing.—Phase 2 of the survey involved the actual conduct of the survey to include questionnaire mailings, followups, editing, coding, keypunching and verification, and production of data tapes and tabulations. The main data collection effort for the survey extended from April through August 1974. It consisted of an initial mailout of the questionnaire to the 10,321 presumed providers in the newly updated universe, of two followup mailings, and of final telephone followups to nonrespondents.

Responses resulted in deletions from the universe of facilities which proved to be non-providers, out-of-business, out-of-scope, duplicates, and postmaster returns. (Postmaster returns were minimal due to the use of the preliminary project letter.) Some additions were made to the list of medical providers from the ranks of presumed nonmedical facilities which proved, in fact, to be providing medical family planning services. The combined effect of these deletions and additions produced a revised universe of 9,781 facilities of which 5,719 were presumed medical and 4,062 were presumed nonmedical service sites.

Of the 5.719 presumed medical providers. 4.607 clinics responded in whole or in part to the questionnaire. (Medical providers were requested to complete all items on the questionnaire.) A total of 4,494 of these 4,607 clinics satisfied two basic requirements of the Inventory: (1) They were operational as of December 31, 1973. (2) They could be clearly and unambiguously categorized as medical providers. Responses were also received from 113 additional service sites. Eighty-nine of this number began operation in 1974 and were, therefore, unable to supply answers to most of the items on the questionnaire. Another 24 sites may have been operational prior to 1974 but their responses did not permit clear-cut categorization either as medical or nonmedical providers. Their provision of medical services was at best a minimal effort. In the present report we isolate these 113 sites from the main data base of 4,494 clinics and make them the subject of a special discussion at the end of the textual commentary. It is the data base of 4,494 responding clinics which forms the clinic universe in all of the detailed tables and most of the textual commentary of this report.

Of the 4,062 presumed *nonmedical* providers, 3,563 facilities responded in whole or in part to the limited number of items on the questionnaire that they were requested to complete. (Items 1-7.) This reflected a response rate of about 88 percent. It is these 3,563 nonmedical providers which form the nonmedical data base for the detailed tables and textual commentary of the present report.

Therefore, a total of 8,170 service sites—medical and nonmedical—responded in whole or in part to the survey and are described in the present report. This is about 84 percent of the 9,781 family planning service sites included in the universe.

The 1974 survey was the first annual survey to be conducted. No previous data are available on either the responding or nonresponding service sites and there was no contact at all with the nonrespondents. Having no information on these nonrespondents, it is not statistically valid to assume that the facility characteristics of the nonrespondents occur in the same proportions

as with the respondents. For this reason, the totals for medical and nonmedical providers that appear in this report are literal enumerations of actual respondents. No attempt has been made to inflate the figures statistically in order to compensate for total nonresponse by a facility and thus agree with the estimated universe of 9.781 sites.

Though no inflation to a total universe was attempted, a statistical adjustment was made for

nonresponses to specific items on the survey questionnaire. This was done in order to produce a uniform data base representative of the entire respondent population of family planning sites. The imputation procedure was usually a "hot decking" process, in which records were sorted by the responses to two or more key classification questions and the needed data was taken from the previous record in the sort sequence.

APPENDIX II INSTITUTIONAL TERMS AND CATEGORIES

GEOGRAPHIC CATEGORIES

Geographic Area

Geographic Region and Division	States Included (Excludes Territories)					
Northeast						
New England	Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont					
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania					
North Central						
East North Central	Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin					
West North Central	Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas					
South						
	Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida					
East South Central	Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi					
West South Central	Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas					
West						
	Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada					
Pacific	Washington, Oregon, Alaska, California, Hawaii					

Standard Federal Administrative Region (with headquarters city)

States and Territories Included

Region I (Boston)	Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont
Region II (New York City)	New York, New Jersey, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Canal Zone
Region III (Philadelphia)	Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Penn- sylvania, Virginia, West Virginia
Region IV (Atlanta)	Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee
Region V (Chicago)	Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin
Region VI (Dallas-Ft. Worth)	Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas
Region VII (Kansas City)	Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska
Region VIII (Denver)	Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota
Region IX (San Francisco)	Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Guam, American Samoa
Region X (Seattle)	Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington

INSTITUTIONAL TERMS AND CATEGORIES

Composition of "Other" Categories

Other physical location and clinic sites.—State, county, or local welfare department or government building including courthouse, city hall; military base or dispensary; free standing clinic; dwelling, including house, apartment housing project, semiattached house; office building, including bank building, rented office; privately owned, leased, or rented building; miscellaneous sites, including visiting nurses association, adoption agency, Indian health office, medical center, maternity home, remodeled furniture store, bus station, health maintenance organization, YWCA, youth crisis center, rehabilitation center, model family practice unit, model cities facility, and Salvation Army home for girls.

Operating responsibility - other Federal Government. — Department of Defense (Army, Navy, Air Force, etc.), Veterans Administration, Public Health Service (not Indian Health Service), Urban League, NIMH, Agricultural Works Health Project, and Family Planning Council.

Operating responsibility - other non-Federal Government.—County Hospital Board.

Operating responsibility - other nongovernment.—Private mental health agency, nonprofit educational corporation, and students.

Other primary service or purpose.—General gynecologic services, abortion, thermo rhythm clinic, mental retardation care, and child comprehensive health.

Funding source - other Federal agencies.—
Office of Economic Opportunity, Department of

Defense, Veterans Administration, HUD, and Migrant Project.

Funding source - special research grant,— Comprehensive ambulatory care grant, Sunnen Foundation, Map-Parke Davis, Mead Johnson and Co., and New Haven Foundation.

Funding source - other sources.—Patient fees; student fees; prepaid health plan; donations and contributions; nonprofit corporation including National Urban League, APHA, United Givers Fund, United Appeal, American College of OB-GYN; Population Council; church; university; hospital; personal resources; Hun and Co. (TX) Opportunities Center; Jobs for Progress; National Free Clinics; Munn Fund; and Planned Parenthood.

Other medical services provided.—Nutritional counseling, abortions, genetic counseling, sterilization counseling, prenatal care, vaginal infection, low hematocrit, physical exam, PPD, rubella treatment, immunizations, chest X-ray, mantoux, nonroutine lab tests, weight or diet counseling, TB screening, cautery, treatment of infections, WBC, hypertension, diabetes screening, mental health care, radiological, heart and lung exam, endometrial biopsy, menstrual induction, colposcopy, EKG, cervicitis, and rubella testing.

Other ancillary services.—Dental care and or referral, education on breast and cervical cancer, prenatal classes, RAP sessions, films and visual aids, translation for Spanish and Italian speaking patients, recreation and social services programs, consumers' advisory board, and training medical students.

Other contraceptive methods.—Withdrawal, suppositories, "The Navajoway."

Family Planning Terms

Family planning services.—Family planning services provide the means which enable individuals to meet their family planning objectives. These services are medical, social, and educational.

Medical family planning services refer to the following services provided by a physician, nurse-midwife, registered nurse, or other authorized personnel: medical history, physical examination; laboratory testing; testing, consultation, and treatment including continuing medical supervision; issuance of drugs and contraceptive supplies; and appropriate medical referral when indicated.

Social and ecucational family planning services are such services as outreach, the provision of transportation, or babysitting, which are provided to enable a person to attend a family planning clinic or to otherwise obtain medical family planning services. (In the present report, these are grouped under "ancillary" services.)

Clinic site.—A place or facility at which any medical family planning services were provided on a regularly scheduled basis. It may be a hospital, health center, mobile unit, free-standing site, church, or store front. For mobile units each stop was considered a clinic location, physicians' offices were considered as clinic locations only when there was a formal relationship with some project or agency which was responsible for providing family planning services. Physicians, nurses, volunteers, etc., who made home visits for the purpose of delivering a family planning service reported their home base of operations as the clinic location.

Medical family planning clinic.—A family planning service site which performed medical family planning services as defined on page of this appendix.

Nonmedical family planning service site.—A family planning service site which did not directly provide any medical family planning services as defined on page of this appendix, but instead functioned to:

- Refer patients to any other site for medical family planning services.
- Provide space, equipment, contraceptive supplies, and/or staff to others who provided medical family planning services.
- Contract or pay others for the provision of medical family planning services.

Family planning patient.—A family planning patient is a client who met one of the following conditions during her/his visit:

- (1) The client was provided a method of contraception by the clinic.
- (2) The client received contraceptive, infertility, or sterilization counseling in conjunction with a medical service which was not V.D. or pregnancy testing.

Types of Clinic Session

A specialized session was one where only services related to medical family planning were provided.

A combined session was one where family planning services were offered in conjunction with other health services such as maternity, postpartum, maternal and child health, obstetrics and gynecology, comprehensive, or other health care.

A clinic classified as holding mixed sessions was one which conducted both specialized and combined sessions.

APPENDIX III PROJECT LETTER



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HEALTH RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20852

NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

October 1973

Dear Administrator:

The rapid increase of family planning programs across the nation over the last decade has highlighted the need for current and accurate information on the extent and nature of these services.

Therefore, the National Center for Health Statistics has planned an extensive National Family Planning Services Data Collection System. This system when fully operational will provide health planners at all levels of government with timely statistics not only on the number and characteristics of patients but also facility and staff characteristics and extent of services available at the many varied facilities — both public and privately funded — which provide family planning services nationally.

The Center is now in the process of verifying its listing of all facilities in the U.S. and its outlying territories which provide some type of Family Planning services. We are therefore asking your cooperation in completing the back page of this letter and returning it to us in the enclosed self-addressed postage-paid envelope within five (5) days. The information requested will assist us in insuring that all projects, agencies, or programs which participate in the provisions of family planning services are included in our listing.

We sincerely appreciate your support in this developmental period which is so important to the success of the full-scale National Family Planning Services Data Collection System.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Gloria Hollis Chief Health Facilities Statistics Branch Division of Health Resources Statistics

In case we need to contact you, please enter your phone number

Area code Phone Number

For the purpose of this data collection system, Family planning services are those medical, social and/or education services which are primarily concerned with the regulation of conception.

CHECK ONE BOX ONLY

			ager	ncy name	
	whose addre	ess is			
	Addressee is planning ser	an administrative vices at the following	unit which does particing locations:	ipate in the provision o	of family
	Name of	service site			
(-)	Lasation	Number .	Street	Room Number	P.O. Box, Route
(a)	Location	City or Town	County	State	Zip
	Name of	service site			
		Number	Street	Room Number	P.O. Box, Route
(b)	Location	City or Town	County	State	Zip
	Name of	service site			
		Number	Street	Room Number	P.O. Box, Route
(c)	Location	City or Town	County	State	Zip
	Name of	service site			
		Number	Street	Room Number	P.O. Box, Route
(d)	. Location	City or Town	County	State	Zip
		ce is needed, please o	complete this information to this letter.	ion on a	

INVENTORY QUESTIONNAIRE

OMB Clearance No. 068R-1393

DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
Health Resources Administration
National Center for Health Statistics

NATIONAL INVENTORY OF FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

(NC

(NOTE: Clinic name and

PROJECT NO.

1974 ANNUAL SURVEY address label goes here

Dear Director:

The rapid expansion of family planning services in the United States since the mid-sixties has brought to the forefront the need for accurate and current information on the extent to which these services are available nationally. On January 1, 1972, the National Center for Health Statistics implemented the National Reporting System for Family Planning Services to collect monthly data on family planning patients seen in public facilities and the services they receive. However, there is currently no comprehensive inventory available of all facilities providing family planning services in the United States and the services available through them.

The National Center for Health Statistics is therefore conducting this annual survey to obtain current information about each family planning clinic or service site such as name, location, caseload, services offered, and staff size. This National Inventory of Family Planning Services expands upon previous surveys of this nature conducted by Planned Parenthood-World Population.

The information from this survey will be used by the National Center for Health Statistics for statistical reports on the characteristics of facilities providing family planning services. In addition, the data will be made available to other agencies to compile directories of available clinics or service sites, to plan for needed addititional facilities, and to plan for future manpower needs.

One of these questionnaires is to be completed for each clinic or service site at which your project, agency, or program provides family planning services.

Before completing this questionnaire, you should familiarize yourself with the definitions at the top of page 2. If this is one of a group of clinics or service sites administered or directed by a central agency, project, or program, please return the completed questionnaire to your Project so that the questionnaires for all clinics under the Project's direction can be returned together. All questionnaires should be returned within three weeks.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Ehrand B Parun

Sincerely,

Edward B. Perrin, Ph.D.

Director

National Center for Health Statistics

For this survey, the following definitions apply:

FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

Family planning services provide the means which enable individuals to meet their family planning objectives. These services are medical, social, and educational.

Medical family planning services refer to the following services provided by a physician, nurse-midwife, registered nurse, or other authorized personnel: medical history; physical examination; laboratory testing; testing, consultation, and treatment including continuing medical supervision; issuance of drugs and contraceptive supplies; and appropriate medical referral when indicated.

Social and educational family planning services are such services as outreach, the provision of transportation, or babysitting, which are provided to enable a person to attend a family planning clinic or to otherwise obtain medical family planning services.

CLINIC SITE

A clinic site is a place or facility at which any family planning services are provided on a regularly scheduled basis. It may be a hospital, health center, mobile unit, free-standing site, church, or store front. For mobile units each stop is considered a clinic location; therefore, a separate questionnaire should be completed for each stop or location. Physicians' offices should be considered as clinic locations only when there is a formal relationship with some project or agency which is responsible for providing family planning services. Physicians, nurses, volunteers, etc., who make home visits for the purpose of delivering a family planning service should count their home base of operations as the clinic location.

FAMILY PLANNING PATIENT

A family planning patient is a client who meets one of the following conditions during her/his visit:

- The client is provided a method of contraception by the clinic;
- (2) The client receives contraceptive, infertility, or sterilization counseling in conjunction with a medical service which is not V.D. or pregnancy testing.

Card 1								
9-1 1.	WHAT IS Y	OUR AREA CODE AND TELE	PHONE NUMBER	?		L_	a Code Numb	5-19
2a.		e on label) YOUR CLINIC OR SERVICE	THE COR	RECT			,	
		Yes						
		Nob. WHAT IS	THE CORRECT	NAME?			 	
3a.	IS (add LOCATION SITE?	ress on label) FOR YOUR CLINIC OR SER	THE COR	RECT	Number	Stree	et .	P.O. Box, Rout
] Yes			City or to	wn		County
			THE ENTIRE		State			Zip Code
4.	IS THIS C	LINIC OR SERVICE SITE	LOCATED IN A	: (Mark	(X) one box	conly)		_
	20-1	State or local health department building	^k -∢□	Stor	2	-7	Mobile unit	;
	-# <u></u>	Hospital	-5	Phys:	ician's :e		a. WHAT IS	S THE S ADDRESS?
	-3	School or community building	-€□	Chur				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
						21-	Other (Spec	rify)
5.	PLEASE CH LITY (e.g SERVICE S	ECK THE BOX WHICH BEST ., THAT PROVIDES MOST, ITE. (DO NOT INCLUDE	INDICATES T IF NOT ALL, DRGANIZATION	HE TYPE OF THE S INVOLV	OF ORGANIZA' STAFF, SUPPI ED ONLY WITI	rion which Lies, And I Funding.	HAS OPERATI SPACE) FOR 1	ING RESPONSIBI- THIS CLINIC OR
		rnmental			governmenta:			
	2 E- 1	State	:	9-1	Planned Par Clinic Affi	renthood-W lliation N	orld Populat	
	£3-1	County	ě	34-1	University		1040-0C	
	24-1	City or Metropolitan	irea 3	? E - I 🗀	Church			
	#5-1	Health District	ā	36-	Hospital -		Profit	;
	36-1	Indian Health Service					Honpro	ofit
	27-	Other Federal Governme (Specify)	ent 3	77-	Corporation	. —	Profit	
	rs-	Other nonfederal government (Specify)	ā	88-1	Individual,	profit	Lig sompre	• - •
				39-1	Partnershi	, profit		
			4	re- 🗀	Other non-g	government	(Specify)	

6.	DOES ANY	OTHER	AGENCY	or organiza	ATION ALSO	PROVIDE	FAMI LY	PLANNING	SERVICES	AT THIS	S SITE?	
	11-1	No				-z 🖵	Yes					
						♥ 6a.	WHAT	IS THEIR	NAME?			

7.	ARE MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES (AS OR SERVICE SITE FOR WHICH YOU ARE REPORT AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION NAMED IN QUESTION	DEFINING?	MED AT THE TOP OF PAGE 2) PROVIDED AT THIS CLINIC IMPORTANT - THIS QUESTION DOES NOT PERTAIN TO THE IT TO YOUR OWN AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION.
	II-Q Zes		
	a. WHAT IS YOUR PRIMARY SERVICE	ъ.	DOES THIS CLINIC OR SERVICE SITE:
	OR PURPOSET	"	(1) REFER PATIENTS TO ANY OTHER SITE FOR
	43-1 Medical family planning		MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES?
	-3 Sterilization		44-1 No -E Yes
	-3 V-D Testing		(a) WHAT IS THEIR NAME AND ADDRESS:
	Postpartum and/or		(Name)
	Comprehensive		(Street)
	Health Care		(City)(2ip)
	- Other (Specify)		(2) PROVIDE SPACE, EQUIPMENT, CONTRACEPTIVE SUPPLIES, AND/OR STAFF TO OTHERS WHO PROVIDE MEDICAL PANILY PLANNING SERVICES?
	Note the contract of the Contr		45-1 No -3 Yes
			(a) WHAT IS THEIR NAME AND ADDRESS:
			(Name)
			(Street)
			(City)(Zip)
			(3) CONTRACT OR PAY OTHERS FOR THE PROVISION OF MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES?
			46-1 No -° Yes
			(a) WHAT IS THEIR NAME AND ADDRESS?
			(Name)
			(Street)
			(City)(Zip)
IF 7b	"YES" WAS MARKED IN 7 AND 78 ANSWERED, CC (1) - (3) ANSWERED, SKIP TO QUESTION 18 C		BELOW WITH QUESTION 8. IF "NO" WAS MARKED IN 7 AND LAST PAGE.
8.	DO YOU REPORT TO THE NATIONAL REPORTING	SYSTEM	FOR FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES?
	17-1 No	- ž	Yes 8a. WHAT IS YOUR CLINIC NUMBER?
9.	WHEN DID THIS CLINIC OR SERVICE SITE FIR	ST BEG	in offering medical family planning Services?
	month year		
	ee 55, k? Ed, 55		
10.	PLEASE ENTER BELOW THE NAME OF EACH COUN OF YOUR TOTAL PATIENTS FROM EACH COUNTY.	TY SERV	VED BY THIS CLINIC OR SERVICE SITE AND THE PERCENTAG
:	Name of County 2 of patie	nts	Name of County 3 of patients
	e·10 3013		gofs cas1
	0018 C019		2074 0087
	0025 0025		304C a047

11.	WHAT PERCENTAGE OF Y	OUR BUDGET FOR FAMILY	PLANNING	SERVICES WAS	RECEIVED IN	1973	FROM THE
	FOLLOWING SOURCES?	(THE PERCENTAGES SHOU	LD ADD TO	100 PERCENT.	1	13/0	THOM THE

α.	Department of Health, Education, and Welfare	,	x 2043
b.	Other Federal agencies (Specify)		X 0052
c.	State government	16-	% en55
đ.	County government		% 0.558
e.	City government	_	2 2001
f.	Planned Parenthood-World Population	_	x eu64
g.	Special Research Grant (Specify)		% 2067
h.	Other source(s) than above (Specify)	1?-	% Je70
	Total of a - h	16-	100 %

12. WE WOULD LIKE SOME INFORMATION ON YOUR FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC SESSIONS. THESE ARE REGULARLY SCHEDULED PERIODS OF TIME DURING WHICH MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES ARE PROVIDED AT THIS SITE.

	F	OR A	GENC:	Y USE	ON	LY		
0010								
cc21								
cc32								
cc43								
cc54								Γ
cc65								

In column (1), check the box to indicate the days of the week during which medical family planning services are provided.

In column (2), enter the time period during which medical family planning services are provided (e.g., 9-11 a.m.; 3-5 p.m.). If a split session is operated on any day, enter both time periods in the same box for that day. If this is a comprehensive health center or HMO where family planning is provided only on an "as needed" basis, check the "as needed" box in column (2).

In column (3), check the box which best describes the type of clinic session being held. For the purposes of this study, a clinic session may be specialized (5) (where only services related to medical family planning are provided) or combined (C) (where family planning services are offered in conjunction with other health services such as maternity, post-partum, maternal and child health, obstetrics and gynecology, comprehensive or other health care).

In column (4), check the box which describes the frequency of these sessions - W for weekly, B for bimonthly (e.g., every other week), M for monthly, or 0 for other.

(1) Days of Week Medical Family Planning Provided		(2) Time Period			(3) Type Clinic S		(4) Frequency of Sessions				
				As Needed	Specialized	Combined	Weekly	Bimonthly	Honthly	Other	
Monday											
Tuesday											
Wednesday			•								
Thursday											
Friday											
Saturday											
Sunday											

13a. WAS THIS CLINIC OR SERVICE SITE CLOSED AT LEAST ONE MONTH (FOUR CONSECUTIVE WEEKS) DURING ANY PART OF 1973?

b. Closed from / to / month day

call month day

call month day

month day

month day

Card 4

	14a.	HOW MANY PATIENTS RECEIVED MEDICAL FAMILY 1973 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1973?	PLAN	NING SERVICES AT THIS SITE FROM JANUARY 1,
				Total Patients cc43
	ъ.	. HOW MANY OF THESE TOTAL PATIENTS WERE ENTI 1973 UNDER:	TLED	TO SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN
		(1) Title IV-A (AFDC)?		gc 48
		(2) Title XIX (Medicaid)?		ea53
	с.	HOW MANY OF THESE TOTAL PATIENTS WERE NEW RECEIVED MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES 1973 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1973?	PATIE	
				New Patients CC58
	d.	HOW MANY MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING VISITS WE THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1973? (DO NOT INCLUD REGISTERED PATIENT RECEIVED SUPPLIES ONLY.	RE RE E VIS)	ECORDED AT THIS SITE FROM JANUARY 1, 1973 SITS OR MAILINGS WHEREBY A PREVIOUSLY
			_	Total Visits cc63
Cand 5 9-5	15a.	WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING SERVICES OR FUNCTIONS ARE PROVIDED AT THIS SITE FOR FAMILY PLANNING PATIENTS? (Check all that apply.)	15	Sb. WHAT PERCENTAGE OF YOUR PATIENTS RECEIVED THESE SERVICES IN 1973 ON THEIR INITIAL* VISIT FOR MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES? Percentage
	(1)	Record of pertinent medical history		
	(2)	Record of reproductive history		cc10
	(3)	Record of pertinent social history		co13
	(4)	Pap smear		cc18
	(5)	Pelvic examination		ec19
				0022
	(6)	Breast examination		0025
	(7)	Taking of blood pressure		cc28
	(8)	Contraceptive prescription		cc31
	(9)	Insertion of IUD		
	(10)	V-D testing for syphilis		0087
	(11)	V-D testing for gonorrhea		2040
	(12)	Pregnancy testing		
	(13)	Routine lab tests (hematocrit, urine for sugar and albumin)		0043
	(14)	Infertility diagnosis		cc46
				ec49
	(15)	Infertility counseling		co52
	(16)	Female sterilisation		cess
	(17)	Male sterilization		3258
	(18)	Sickle cell screening		
	(19)	Other medical service (Specify)		· ·
		*An initial visit for medical family planni a patient is registered for and receives m "first time" at this site.		
		DO NOT FILL IN — cc64	_	
		FOR AGENCY USE ONLY		

$\frac{Card \ \theta}{g-\theta}$ 16. WHICH	H OF THE FOLLOWING OTHER ANCILLARY SERVE	ICES OR FUNCTIONS	ARE PROVID	ED AT TH	IIS	SITE			
. 10-1	Individual counseling about family plan	ining							
11-1	Follow-up Program (Follow-up activities			who	•				
12-1	have missed appointments and the schedu Referral to other clinic for family pla provided at this site			ot					
13-1	Referral to appropriate agency for soci	ial services							
14-1	Outreach Program (Outreach activities of patients of family planning services as selves of the services.)	re those which is	nform prosp availing t	ective hem-					
15-1	-1 Classroom or group sessions about family planning								
16-1	Classroom or group sessions on sex education)	cation (in additi	on to famil	y					
17-1	17-1 Transportation to the clinic or service sits (provided or subsidized)								
18-1	Babysitting (while patient is at clinic	or service site	,						
19-	Other (Specify)		_						
20-1	None								
	PERCENTAGE OF ALL YOUR PATIENTS USED OODS IN 1973? (Include only those metho				ONTI	KACEPT	VE		
(a)	Oral (Pill)	-			_ 00	21			
(Б) 🗀	IUD	-			_ 00	24			
(a)	Foam	-			_ 00	27			
(d)	Condom	_		 _	_ 00	30			
(e)	Diaphragm/jelly	_			_ 00	33			
(f)	Basal Temperature Rhythm	_			_ 00	36			
. (g)	Cervical-Mucus Rhythm	_			_ 00	39			
(h)	Sterilization (female)	-			_ 00	42			
(i)	Sterilization (male)	-			_ 00	145			
(j)	Injection	-			_ 00	:48			
(k)	Morning after pill	_			_ 00	51			
(1) <u> </u>	Other (Specify)				_ 00	54			
(m)	None offered (Infertility counseling o	nly)			_ 00	.57	60-		
	1								
		DO NOT FILL		cc61			44		
		FOR AGENCY U	ISE ONLY	2000	١ .				

18. PLEASE INDICATE BELOW THE NUMBER OF STAFF USUALLY INVOLVED IN THE DELIVERY OF MEDICAL FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES AT THIS CLINIC OR SERVICE SITE DURING A TYPICAL WEEK. INCLUDE VOLUNTEERS, CONTRACT, AND PAID EMPLOYEES. COUNT EACH PERSON ONLY ONCE, IN THE OCCUPATION AT WHICH HE/SHE SPENDS MOST TIME.

Staff Type	Total Staff delivering family planning services	Total staff hours usually worked per week		
Administrator/Director	cc10	cc12		
Clerk/Secretary	ee15	cc17		
Clinic Aide	3020	cc22		
Health Educator	ae25	ce27		
Licensed Practical Nurse	0030	0032		
Nurse Midwife/Nurse Practitioner	0088	0037		
Nutritionist	0240	0045		
Outreach Worker	roif.	cc4;		
Physician	ce50	0051		
Physician's Assistant	0055	0057		
Registered Nurse	0061	0000		
Social Worker	2085	co6?		
Other (Specify)	2070	cc?		

ق ق	7	5	-
-----	---	---	---

19.

NAME OF PER	SON COMPLETING THIS FORM	: (Please print)	JOB TITLE:
			TELEPHONE NUMBER:

COMMENTS:

DO NOT FILL IN	cc10			
20 411 1111 111	cc16		-	
FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY	cc22			

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