#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

If an individual wishes to change the content of a record pertaining to himself or herself that is contained in the system or records, he or she should contact the appropriate system manager with the information described in the notification procedure, identify the specific items requested to be changed, and provide a justification for such change. A request to amend a record must meet the requirements in the regulations at 34 CFR 5b.7.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Information in this system will be obtained from applicants applying for a Department contract, grant, or loan at the time of application. Information will also be obtained from Department program offices, employees, consultants, and others performing personnel services for the Department.

# SYSTEM EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

None.

#### 18-03-03

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Receivables Management System.

#### SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:

None.

# SYSTEM LOCATIONS:

Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Financial Improvement and Receivables Group, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20202–4330.

Office of the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Department of Education, Seventh and D Streets, SW., Washington, DC 20202.

Nationwide Credit, Inc., Credit Claims and Collection, 2253 Northwest Parkway, Marietta, GA 30067.

Payco American Corporation, 180 N. Executive Drive, Brookfield, WI 53005–6011.

CSC Credit Services, Inc., 7909 Parkwood Circle, Suite 200, Houston, TX 77036–6565.

# CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals covered by the system include: Persons billed by the Department of Education (Department) for materials and services such as Freedom of Information Act requests and computer tapes of statistical data, persons ordered by a court of law to pay restitutions to the Department, individuals who received grants under the Bilingual Education Fellowship Program and who have not provided evidence to the Department of fulfilling

their work requirements as described in the Bilingual Education Fellowship Program Contract, individuals who have received funds through the Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) Scholarship program and who have not provided evidence of fulfilling their obligations under that program, current and former Department employees who received overpayments on travel allowances or who received salary overpayments and the overpayments have not been waived by the Department, individuals who were overpaid or inappropriately paid under grant programs administered by the Department other than Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA) and claims against individuals, including orders by a court or other authority to make restitution for the misuse of Federal funds in connection with any program administered by the Department.

# CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Documents maintained in the system include: activity logs, copies of checks, contracts, court orders, letters of notice, promissory notes, telephone logs, and related correspondence.

# AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Federal Claims Collection Act of 1966; Debt Collection Act of 1982; and the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996.

# PURPOSE(S):

The Receivables Management System is a database system that is kept for servicing general consumer debts owed to the Department and issuing reports of operations and the status of accounts to the U.S. Department of Treasury (Treasury) and the Office of Management and Budget. The receivables are generated from bills to individuals for materials and services from the Department, claims arising from court-ordered restitutions for any program administered by the Department, loans and overpayments to individuals under programs other than the student financial assistance programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

Records will be used by debt servicing staff to bill debtors to the Department and collect the debts.

# ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSE OF SUCH USES:

The Department of Education (Department) may disclose information contained in a record in this system of records under the routine uses listed in this system of records without the consent of the individual if the disclosure is compatible with the purposes for which the record was collected. Disclosures under the following routine uses may be made on a case-by-case basis or, in appropriate circumstances under computer matching agreements authorized under the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records may be disclosed for the following debt servicing program purposes:

(a) Program purposes: (1) To verify the identity and location of the debtor, disclosures may be made to credit agencies and Federal agencies. (2) To enforce the terms of a loan or where disclosure is required by Federal law, disclosure may be made to credit agencies, educational and financial institutions, and Federal, State, or local agencies.

(b) *Debt servicing.* Records under routine use may be disclosed to the United States Department of the Treasury and privately contracted collection companies for debt servicing.

(c) Litigation disclosure. (1) In the event that one of the parties listed below is involved in litigation, or has an interest in litigation, the Department may disclose certain records to the parties described in paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) of this routine use under the conditions specified in those paragraphs:

(i) The Department, or any component of the Department;

(ii) Any Department employee in his or her official capacity;

(iii) Any employee of the Department in his or her individual capacity where the Department of Justice (DOJ) has agreed to provide or arrange for representation for the employee:

(iv) Any employee of the Department in his or her individual capacity where the agency has agreed to represent the employee; or

(v) The United States where the Department determines that the litigation is likely to affect the Department or any of its components.

(2) Disclosure to the DOJ. If the Department determines that disclosure of certain records to the DOJ is relevant and necessary to litigation and is compatible with the purpose for which the records were collected, the Department may disclose those records as a routine use to the DOJ.

(3) Administrative Disclosures. If the Department determines that disclosure of certain records to an adjudicative body before which the Department is authorized to appear, an individual or entity designated by the Department or otherwise empowered to resolve disputes is relevant and necessary to the

administrative litigation and is compatible with the purpose for which the records were collected, the Department may disclose those records as a routine use to the adjudicative body, individual or entity.

(4) Opposing counsel, representatives and witnesses. If the Department determines that disclosure of certain records to an opposing counsel, representative or witness in an administrative proceeding is relevant and necessary to the litigation and is compatible with the purpose for which the records were collected, the Department may disclose those records as a routine use to the counsel, representative or witness.

- (5) Enforcement disclosure. In the event that information in this system of records indicates, either on its face or in connection with other information, a violation or potential violation of any applicable statute, regulation, or order of a competent authority, the relevant records in the system of records may be referred, as a routine use, to the appropriate agency, whether foreign, Federal, State, Tribal, or local, charged with the responsibility of investigating or prosecuting this violation or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, or executive order or rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant thereto.
- (6) Contract disclosure. If the Department contracts with an entity for the purpose of performing any function that requires disclosure of records in this system to employees of the contractor, the Department may disclose the records as a routine use to those employees. Before entering into a contract, the Department shall require the contractor to maintain Privacy Act safeguards as required under 5 U.S.C. 552a(m) with respect to the records in the system.

(7) Disclosure to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for Credit Reform Act (CRA) Support. The Department may disclose individually identifiable information to OMB as necessary to fulfill CRA requirements.

- (8) Employee grievance, complaint or conduct disclosure. Records may be disclosed if a record maintained in this system of records is relevant to present or former employee grievance, complaint, discipline or competence determination proceedings of another agency of the Federal Government. In this case, the Department may disclose the record as a routine use in the course of the proceedings if the disclosure is compatible with the purposes for this system of records.
- (9) *Labor organization disclosure.* Records under this routine use may be

- disclosed whenever a contract between a component of the Department and a labor organization recognized under Title V of the United States Code, Chapter 71, provides that the Department will disclose personal records relevant to the organization's mission. The disclosures will be made only as authorized by law.
- (10) Research disclosure. Records under this routine use may be disclosed whenever an appropriate official of the Department determines that an individual or organization is qualified to carry out specific research related to functions or purposes of this system of records. The official may disclose records from this system of records to that researcher solely for the purpose of carrying out that research related to the functions or purposes of this system of records. The researcher is required to maintain Privacy Act safeguards with respect to these records.
- (11) Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Advice Disclosure. Records under this routine use may be disclosed to the DOJ and the OMB in the event that the Department deems it desirable or necessary in determining whether particular records are required to be disclosed under the FOIA.
- (12) Disclosure to the Department of Justice. Records may be disclosed under this routine use to the DOJ from this system of records as a routine use to the extent necessary for obtaining DOJ advice on any matter relevant to an audit, inspection, or other inquiry related to the programs covered by this system.
- (13) Congressional member disclosure. The Department may disclose information from this system of records to a member of Congress from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from the member made at the written request of that individual. The Members' right to the information is no greater than the right of the individual who requested it.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

# STORAGE:

Records under this system will be kept on paper files in metal file cabinets and in data files in computers. They are stored in desk top and mainframe computers with records backed up on magnetic media.

# RETRIEVABILITY:

The data will be retrieved by name, loan or case number, or Social Security number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

All physical access to the sites of the Department of Education and the contractors where this system of records is maintained, are controlled and monitored by security personnel who check each individual entering the building for an employee's or visitor's badge.

The computer system employed by the Department offers a high degree of resistance to tampering and circumvention. This security system limits data access to Department of Education and contract staff on a "need-to-know" basis, and controls individual users' ability to access and alter records within the system. All users of this system are given a unique user ID. All interactions by individual users with the system are recorded.

At contractor sites, access to all automated data processing facilities are restricted by photo identification, signin and out logs, CYPHER locks, or ID card readers. Smoke and fire detection devices are installed and maintained operational on all facilities including tape and disk library areas. Physical security of the building involves restricted access as well as 24-hour security guard at the ground-floor entrance to the building. Access to building is obtained through the use of key entry doors. The system permits entry to an individual only with an access code.

# RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records are disposed of in accordance with the National Archives and Records Administration's General Records Schedule (GRS) 6, items 1a, 10b, and 10c; and GRS 7.

# SYSTEM MANAGERS AND ADDRESS:

Director, Financial Improvement and Receivables Group, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW., Room 3117, Washington, DC 20202– 4330.

# NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

If an individual wishes to determine whether a record exists regarding him or her in this system of records, the individual should provide the system manager his or her name, Social Security number, case or loan number, or other debt identifying number. Requests for notification about an individual must meet the requirements in the regulations at 34 CFR 5b.5.

# RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

If an individual wishes to gain access to a record in this system, he or she should contact the system manager and provide information described in the notification procedure. Requests by an individual for access to a record must meet the requirements in the regulations at 34 CFR 5b.5.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

If an individual wishes to change the content of a record in the system of records, he or she should contact the system manager with the information described in the notification procedure, identify the specific item(s) to be changed, and provide a written justification for the change. Requests to amend a record must meet the requirements of the regulations at 34 CFR 5b.7.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Information is obtained from Department program offices, debtors, court orders, and probation officers.

#### **EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:**

None.

#### 18-03-04

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Files and Lists of Potential and **Current Consultants, Grant Application** Reviewers Peer Reviewers, and Site Visitors

#### SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:

None.

# SYSTEM LOCATION:

See the Appendix attached to this system notice.

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals who have been or may be used by the Department as consultants, field readers, grant application reviewers, peer reviewers or site visitors, to review and evaluate various program activities.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Name, address, telephone number, title, institutional or agency affiliation, resume, social security number or other individual identifier, compensation and/or reimbursement information (if any), and area(s) of individual expertise of each individual serving as a consultant, field reader, grant application reviewer or site visitor. Records of past performance of individuals covered by this notice. Disability (if special arrangement need to be made).

# AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

20 U.S.C. 1221e-3(a)(1), (b), 1232, and 3474.

#### PURPOSE(S):

The Department uses the information in this system of records to determine qualification and fitness of individuals the Department may use to review and evaluate documents, programs, and projects of the Department of Education, its grantees and contractors.

### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND **PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:**

The Department may disclose personally identifiable information from this record system for the following

(1) Congressional member disclosure. The Department may disclose records to a member of Congress from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from the member made at the written request of that individual. The member's right to the information is no greater than the right of the individual who requested it.

(2) Enforcement disclosure. In the event that information in this system of records indicates, either on its face or in connection with other information, a violation or potential violation of any applicable statute, regulation, or order of a competent authority, The Department may disclose the relevant records to the appropriate agency, whether foreign, Federal, State, Tribal, or local, charged with the responsibility of investigating or prosecuting that violation or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, executive order, rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant thereto.

(3) Litigation and Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Disclosures.

(a) *Introduction*. In the event that one of the parties listed below is involved in litigation or ADR, or has an interest in litigation ADR, The Department may disclose certain records to the parties described in paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this routine use under the conditions specified in those paragraphs:

(i) The Department of Education, or any component of the Department; or

(ii) Any Department employee in his

or her official capacity; or

(iii) Any Department employee in his or her individual capacity if the Department of Justice (DOJ) has agreed to provide or arrange for representation for the employee;

(iv) Any Department employee in his or her individual capacity where the agency has agreed to represent the employee; or

(v) The United States where the Department determines that the litigation is likely to affect the Department or any of its components.

(b) Disclosure to the DOJ. If The Department determines that disclosure of certain records to the DOJ is relevant and necessary to litigation or ADR, the Department may disclose those records as a routine use to the DOJ.

(4) Employment, benefit, and

contracting disclosure.

(5) For decisions by the Department. A record from this system of records may be disclosed as a "routine use" to a Federal, state, or local agency maintaining civil, criminal or other relevant enforcement records or other pertinent records, such as current licenses, if necessary to obtain a record relevant to an agency decision concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant, or other benefit.

(6) For decisions by other Federal agencies. A record from this system of records may be disclosed to a Federal agency, in response to its request, in connection with the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the reporting of an investigation of an employee, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant, or other benefit by the requesting agency, to the extent that the record is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter.

(7) Employee conduct disclosure. If a record maintained by The Department is relevant to an employee discipline or competence determination proceeding of another agency of the Federal Government, The Department may disclose the record in the course of the proceeding.

(8) Labor organization disclosure. Where a contract between a component of the Department and a labor organization recognized under Chapter 71, U.S.C. Title V provides that the agency will disclose personal records relevant to the organization's mission, records in this system of records may be disclosed to such an organization.

(9) FOIA advice disclosure. In the event the Department deems it desirable or necessary, in determining whether particular records are required to be disclosed under the Freedom of Information Act, disclosure may be made to the Department of Justice for the purpose of obtaining its advice.

(10) Contract disclosure. When the Department contemplates that it will contract with a private firm for the purpose of collating, analyzing, aggregating or otherwise refining records in this system. Relevant records will be disclosed to such a contractor. The contractor shall be required to maintain Privacy Act safeguards with respect to such records.