

2000 R&D 100 Awards Winner Electroexploded Metal Nanoparticles

Features

The electroexploded metal nanoparticle technology will provide the market with a broad range of nanoscale metal powders from any metal or alloy that can be fabricated into a wire. The process is especially applicable to highly reactive and refractory metal that, at present, are not available by other techniques. The nanoparticles are created by exploding the wire with a hugh electrical pulse and propelling the resulting metal clusters at supersonic speed through cold argon or other gases. Electroexploded metal nanoparticles are from 10 to 500 times smaller then previously available, ultrafine, metal powers, so their surface area per volume – hence reactivity – is much greater.

Applications

These ultrafine-grained metal powders are used for:

- enhancing combustion for rocket fuels;
- improving lubricants;
- improving catalysts;
- improving batteries;
- "writing" microelectronic circuits with nanoparticle "inks";
- enhancing explosives; and
- forming coating for wear resistance, corrosion resistance, or conductivity.

Benefits

Among the benefits provided by the electroexploding technology are

- a broad-range of nanoscale metal powders;
- greater surface energy;
- the capability to rapidly produce large quantities at a low cost; and
- the potential for new applications.