Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

## Publication 15

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## Circular E, Employer's Tax Guide



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## Changes To Note

## Employment tax rates and wage bases for 1997.-

Social Security Tax:

- Tax Rate-6.2\% each for employers and employees
- Wage Base-\$65,400

Medicare Tax:

- Tax Rate- $1.45 \%$ each for employers and employees
- All wages subject to Medicare tax

Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax:

- Tax Rate-6.2\% (employers only)
- Wage Base-\$7,000

Electronic deposit requirement.- If your total deposits of social security, Medicare, railroad retirement, and withheld income taxes were more than $\$ 50,000$ in 1995, you must make electronic deposits for all depository tax liabilities that occur after June 30, 1997. When determining whether you exceeded the $\$ 50,000$ threshold, combine deposits of the following tax returns you filed: Forms 941, 941-PR, 941-SS, 943, 945, and CT-1. If you were required to deposit by electronic funds transfer in prior years, you must continue to do so throughout 1997. The Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) must be used to make electronic deposits. If you are required to make deposits by electronic funds transfer and fail to do so, you may be subject to a 10\% penalty. Taxpayers who are not required to make electronic deposits may voluntarily participate in EFTPS. For information on EFTPS, call 1-800-945-8400 or 1-800-555-4477. (These numbers are for EFTPS information only.)

Notice CP 136 mailout limited. - The annual deposit schedule notification (Notice CP 136) will not be mailed to all employers for 1997. For 1997 and following years, this notice will be mailed only to employers identified as having a change in their deposit schedule (monthly or semiweekly) for the next calendar year. See When To Deposit on page 19 for guidance on determining your deposit schedule.

New voluntary income tax withholding.- Beginning January 1, 1997, states must allow unemployment compensation recipients to elect to have Federal income tax withheld at a $15 \%$ rate. This also applies to recipients paid under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act. In addition, a payee who receives any of the following Federal payments may request Federal income tax withholding at a rate of $7 \%, 15 \%, 28 \%$, or $31 \%$ :

- Social security and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits
- Certain crop disaster payments
- Commodity Credit Corporation loans

The payee may request withholding on any of these payments on the new Form W-4V, Voluntary Withholding Request, or you may develop your own form. Any voluntary withholding on these payments must be reported on Form 945, Annual Return of Withheld Federal Income Tax, and is subject to the deposit rules (see section 11).

Qualifying newspaper distributors and carriers treated as statutory nonemployees. - For services performed after 1995, qualifying distributors and carriers of newspapers (including shopping news) are statutory nonemployees (direct sellers). See section 1 of Pub. 15A for more information.

## Tax Law Changes-Employee Benefits

New laws have been enacted to provide the following employee benefit plans. See Pub. 553, Highlights of 1996 Tax Changes, for more information.

Educational assistance programs.- The \$5,250 exclusion for employer-provided educational assistance programs, which expired after December 31, 1994, has been extended retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994. The exclusion will expire again for taxable years beginning after May 31, 1997. Also, for taxable years beginning in 1997, the exclusion does not apply to any course beginning after June 30, 1997. The educational assistance exclusion does not apply to graduate level courses beginning after June 30, 1996. See section 5 of Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, for more information.

Corrections.- If you included qualified educational assistance amounts in your employees' gross income after the exclusion expired on December 31, 1994 (for 1995 and 1996), see section 13 and the instructions for Forms 940 and W-2c for information on correcting the returns on which you reported this income.

To make these corrections simpler, you are not required to obtain the usual written statements from employees to claim withheld social security and Medicare taxes reported for these payments. However, if you do not obtain these employee statements, you must:

1) Notify affected employees that:
a) You are claiming the employees' share of these taxes on their behalf, and
b) Employees must not file their own claims for these taxes and must notify you if any such claims have been filed.
2) Refund the overcollected social security and Medicare taxes to these employees for amounts not already included in previous claims filed by the employees.
3) State on Form 941c (Part V) that you have done both of the above, instead of completing Part I. Write "IRC 127" at the top of Form 941c.

If you file Form 843 to claim a refund for these amounts, write "IRC 127" at the top of the form and the IRS will expedite your claim. Your employees should file Form 1040X to claim a refund for any income tax paid on excludible educational assistance based on the Form W-2c you provide them.

Simple retirement accounts.- For years beginning after 1996, qualified employers may adopt a "simple retirement plan" for their employees. Employer and employee contributions to a simple retirement account (subject to limitations) are excludible from the employee's income and are exempt from Federal income tax withholding. Nonelective (2\%) and matching employer contributions are exempt from social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment (FUTA) taxes. However, elective salary reduction contributions are subject to these employment taxes.

Salary reduction simplified employee pensions (SARSEP) repealed.-You may not establish a salary reduction simplified employee pension (SARSEP) after 1996. However, SARSEPs established before 1997 can continue to receive contributions.

Adoption assistance plans.-For taxable years beginning after 1996, you may establish an adoption assistance plan for your employees. At the time Circular E went to print, details were not available concerning the employment tax treatment of qualified adoption assistance plan payments. See Pub. 553 for more information.

Medical savings accounts.- Exclude any qualified contributions (subject to limitations) you make to an employee's medical savings account. Qualified employer contributions are not subject to Federal income tax withholding or social security, Medicare, or Federal unemployment taxes. Employee contributions to their medical savings account through a payroll deduction plan are not excludible from income or exempt from employment taxes. However, employees may be entitled to a deduction on their individual tax return for their qualified contributions.

Long-term care insurance.- A qualified long-term care insurance contract for employees is treated as an accident and health insurance contract for employment tax purposes. Premiums are excludible from employees' income and are exempt from Federal income tax withholding and social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment (FUTA) taxes.

## Calendar

The following is a list of important dates. Also see Pub. 509, Tax Calendars for 1997.

Note: For any due date, you will meet the "file" or "furnish" requirement if the form is properly addressed and mailed First-Class on or before the due date. If any date shown falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, use the next business day.

By January 31.- Furnish each employee a completed Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. Furnish each recipient a completed Form 1099 (e.g., Form 1099-R, Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc., and Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income). You may furnish Form W-2 or 1099 by mail as explained in the Note above.

File Form 940 or Form 940-EZ, Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return. However, if you deposited all the FUTA tax when due, you may file Form 940 or $940-E Z$ by February 10.

File Form 945, Annual Return of Withheld Federal Income Tax, to report any nonpayroll income tax withheld in 1996. See Nonpayroll Income Tax Withholding on page 4 for more information.

By February 15.- Ask for a new Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, from each employee who claimed exemption from withholding last year.

On February 16.-Any Form W-4 previously given you claiming exemption from withholding has expired. Begin withholding for any employee who previously claimed exemption from withholding but has not given you a new Form W-4 for the current year. If the employee does not give you a new Form W-4, withhold tax as if he or she is single, with zero withholding allowances. (See section 9.)

By February 28.- File Copy A of all Forms 1099 with Form 1096, Annual Summary and Transmittal of U.S. Information Returns, with the Internal Revenue Service Center for your area.

File Copy A of all Forms W-2 with Form W-3, Transmittal of Wage and Tax Statements, with the Social Security Administration (SSA).

File Form 8027, Employer's Annual Information Return of Tip Income and Allocated Tips, with the Internal Revenue Service. (See section 6.)

By April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31.Deposit Federal unemployment (FUTA) tax due if it is more than $\$ 100$.

File Form 941, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, and deposit any undeposited income, social security, and Medicare taxes. You may pay these taxes with Form 941 if your total tax liability for the quarter is less than $\$ 500$. If you deposited all taxes when due, you have 10 additional days from the due dates above to file the return.

Before December 1.-Remind employees to submit a new Form W-4 if their withholding allowances have changed or will change for the next year.

On December 31.- Form W-5, Earned Income Credit Advance Payment Certificate, expires. Eligible employees who want to receive advance payments of the earned income credit next year must give you a new Form W-5.

## Important Reminders

## Hiring New Employees

Eligibility for employment.-You must verify that each new employee is legally eligible to work in the United States. This will include completing the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification. You can get the form from INS offices. Contact the INS at 1-800-755-0777 for further information.

Income tax withholding.- Ask each new employee to complete the 1997 Form W-4.

Name and social security number.- Record each new employee's name and number from his or her social security card. Any employee without a social security card should apply for one. (See section 4.)

## Paying Wages, Pensions, or Annuities

Income tax withholding.- Withhold tax from each wage payment or supplemental unemployment compensation plan benefit payment according to the employee's Form W-4 and the correct withholding rate. (If you have nonresident alien employees, see section 9.) Withhold from periodic pension and annuity payments as if the recipient is married claiming three withholding allowances, unless he or she has provided Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Pension or Annuity Payments, either electing no withholding or giving a different number of allowances, marital status, or additional amount to be withheld. Do not withhold on direct rollovers from qualified plans. See section 9 and Pub.15-A,

Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide. Pub. 15-A includes information on withholding on pensions and annuities.

## Information Returns

You may have to file information returns to report certain types of payments made during the year. For example, you must file Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, to report payments of $\$ 600$ or more to persons not treated as employees (e.g., independent contractors) for services performed for your trade or business. For details about filing Forms 1099 and for information about required magnetic media filing, see the separate Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G. Do not use Forms 1099 to report wages and other compensation you paid to employees; report these on Form W2. See the separate Instructions for Form W-2 for details about filing Form W-2 and for information about required magnetic media filing. If you file 250 or more Forms W-2 you must file them on magnetic media.

Information reporting call site.- The IRS operates a centralized call site to answer questions about reporting on Forms W-2, W-3, 1099, and other information returns. If you have questions related to reporting on information returns, call 304-263-8700.

## Nonpayroll Income Tax Withholding

Nonpayroll income tax withholding must be reported on Form 945, Annual Return of Withheld Federal Income Tax. Form 945 is an annual tax return and the return for 1996 is due January 31, 1997. Separate deposits are required for payroll (Form 941) and nonpayroll (Form 945) withholding. Nonpayroll items include:

- Pensions, annuities, and IRAs.
- Military retirement.
- Gambling winnings.
- Indian gaming profits.
- Voluntary withholding on certain government payments (for 1997 and later years).
- Backup withholding.

All income tax withholding reported on Forms 1099 or W-2G must be reported on Form 945. All income tax withholding reported on Form W-2 must be reported on Form 941, 943, or Schedule H (Form 1040).

Example: Because distributions to participants from nonqualified pension plans and some other deferred compensation plans are treated as wages and are reported on Form W-2, they must be reported on Form 941, not Form 945. However, distributions from such plans to a beneficiary or estate of a deceased employee are not wages and are reported on Forms 1099-R and 945.

For details on depositing and reporting nonpayroll income tax withholding, see the separate Instructions for Form 945.

Employer Responsibilities: The following list provides a brief summary of your basic responsibilities. Because the individual circumstances for each employer can vary greatly, their responsibilities for withholding, depositing, and reporting employment taxes can differ. Each item in this list has a page reference to a more detailed discussion in this booklet.

|  | Page | Quarterly (By April 30, July 31, Page October 31, and January 31): |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Verify work eligibility of employees ................. 4 | $\square$ Deposit FUTA tax in an authorized financia |
|  | Record employees' names and SSNs from social security cards | institution if undeposited amount is over \$100 .. 26 File Form 941 (pay tax with return if not |
|  | employees for 1997 Form W-4 | required to deposit) |
|  | Each |  |
|  | ithhold Federal income tax based on each mployee's Form W-4 .................................. 32 | $\square$ Remind employees to submit a new Form W-4 if they need to change their withholding ........... 12 |
|  | Withhold employee's share of social security and Medicare taxes ..................................... 13 | $\square$ Ask for a new Form W-4 from employees claiming exemption from income tax |
|  | Include advance earned income credit in paycheck if employee requested it on Form W-5 $\qquad$ | withholding ........................................... 12 Reconcile Forms 941 with Forms W-2 and W-3 ............................................................ |
|  |  | $\square$ Furnish each employee a Form W- |
|  | hheld incom | $\square$ File copy A of Forms W-2 and the transmittal Form W-3 with the SSA |
|  | - Withheld and employer Medic | - Furnish each recipient a Form 109 Forms 1099-R and 1099-MISC). |
|  | ny advance earned income credit.............. 16 | orms 1099 and the transmittal F |
|  | : Due date of deposit depends on your | - File Form 940 or 940-EZ |
|  |  | File Form 945 for any nonpayroll income tax withholding |

Backup withholding.- You generally must withhold $31 \%$ of certain taxable payments if the payee fails to furnish you with his or her correct taxpayer identification number. This withholding is referred to as backup withholding.

Payments subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, patronage dividends, rents, royalties, commissions, nonemployee compensation, and certain other payments you make in the course of your trade or business. In addition, transactions by brokers and barter exchanges and certain payments made by fishing boat operators are subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding does not apply to wages, pensions, annuities, IRAs, or real estate transactions.

You can use Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, to request payees to furnish a taxpayer identification number and to certify that the number furnished is correct. You can also use Form W-9 to get certifications from payees that they are not subject to backup withholding or that they are exempt from backup withholding. The Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 includes a list of types of payees who are exempt from backup withholding. For more information, see Pub. 1679, A Guide to Backup Withholding.

## Recordkeeping

Keep all records of employment taxes for at least 4 years. These should be available for IRS review. Records should include:

- Your employer identification number.
- Amounts and dates of all wage, annuity, and pension payments.
- Amounts of tips reported.
- The fair market value of in-kind wages paid.
- Names, addresses, social security numbers, and occupations of employees and recipients.
- Any employee copies of Form W-2 that were returned to you as undeliverable.
- Dates of employment.
- Periods for which employees and recipients were paid while absent due to sickness or injury, and the amount and weekly rate of payments you or thirdparty payers made to them.
- Copies of employees' and recipients' income tax withholding allowance certificates (Forms W-4, W-4P, $\mathrm{W}-4 \mathrm{~S}$, and W-4V).
- Dates and amounts of tax deposits you made.
- Copies of returns filed.
- Records of allocated tips.
- Records of fringe benefits provided, including substantiation.


## Change of Address

To notify the IRS of a new business mailing address or business location, file Form 8822, Change of Address.

## Ordering Forms or Publications

If you need to order forms or publications, including additional copies of this booklet, use Form 7018-A, Employer's Order Blank for 1997 Forms, at the end of this booklet or call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

Forms and publications are also available by a personal computer and modem. If you subscribe to an online service, ask if IRS information is available and, if so, how to access it. You can get information through IRIS, the Internal Revenue Information Services, on FedWorld, a government bulletin board. Tax forms, instructions, publications, and other IRS information, are available through IRIS.

IRIS is accessible using your modem by calling 703-321-8020. On the Internet, telnet to iris.irs.ustreas.gov, or for file transfer protocol services, connect to ftp.irs.ustreas.gov. If you are using the World Wide Web, connect to http://www.irs.ustreas.gov.

FedWorld's help desk offers technical assistance on accessing IRIS (not tax help) during regular business hours at 703-487-4608. The IRIS menus offer information on available file formats and software needed to read and print files. You must print the forms to use them; the forms are not designed to be filled out onscreen.

## Telephone Help

Tax questions.- You can call the IRS with your tax questions Monday through Friday during regular business hours. Check your telephone book for the local number or call 1-800-829-1040.

Unresolved tax issues.- The Problem Resolution Program is for people who have been unable to resolve their problems with the IRS. If you have a tax problem you cannot clear up through normal channels, write to your local IRS District Director or call your local IRS office and ask for Problem Resolution assistance. This office cannot change the tax law or technical decisions. But it can help you clear up problems that resulted from previous contacts.

Telephone help using TTY/TDD equipment.- If you have access to TTY/TDD equipment, you may call 1 -800-829-4059 with your tax question or to order forms and publications. You may also use this number for problem resolution assistance.

Recorded tax information (Tele-Tax).- The Tele-Tax service provides recorded tax information on topics that answer many individual and business Federal tax questions. You can listen to up to three topics on each call you make. Touch-tone service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

A list of employment tax topics is provided below. Select, by number, the topic you want to hear. Then call 1-800-829-4477 and select option 2, Recorded Tax Information. For the directory of topics, listen to topic 123.

## Tele-Tax Topics

## Topic

No.
751 Social security and Medicare withholding rates
752
753

754
755
756
757

762

## Subject

Form W-2-Where, when, and how to file
Form W-4—Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate
Form W-5—Advance earned income credit Employer identification number (EIN)—How to apply
Employment taxes for household employees
Form 941—Deposit requirements
Form 941—Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return
Form 940/940-EZ—Deposit requirements
Form 940/940-EZ—Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment Tax Return
Form 945-Annual Return of Withheld Federal Income Tax
Tips-Withholding and reporting

## General Information

This guide explains your tax responsibilities as an employer. It explains the requirements for withholding, depositing, reporting, and paying taxes. It explains the forms you must give your employees, those your employees must give you, and those you must send to the IRS and SSA. (The instructions for each form have detailed filing requirements and instructions for completing the forms.) This guide also has tax tables you need to figure the taxes to withhold for each employee for 1997.

Additional employment tax information is available in Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide. Pub. 15-A includes specialized information supplementing the basic employment tax information provided in this guide.

Most employers must withhold (except FUTA), deposit, report, and pay the following employment taxes-

- Income tax.
- Social security and Medicare taxes.
- Federal unemployment tax (FUTA).

There are exceptions to these requirements. See Section 15, Special Rules for Various Types of Services and Payments. Railroad retirement taxes are explained in the Instructions for Form CT-1.

Federal Government employers.- The information in this guide applies to Federal agencies except for the rules requiring deposit of Federal taxes only at Federal Reserve banks or through the FedTax option of the Government On-Line Accounting Link Systems (GOALS). See the Treasury Financial Manual (I TFM 3-4000) for more information.

State and local government employers.- Employee wages are generally subject to Federal income tax withholding, but not Federal unemployment (FUTA) tax. In addition, wages, with certain exceptions, are subject to social security and Medicare taxes. See section 15 for more information on the exceptions.

You can get information on reporting and social security coverage from your local IRS office. If you have any questions about coverage under a section 218 (Social Security Act) agreement, contact the appropriate state official.

## 1. Employer Identification Number (EIN)

If you are required to report employment taxes or give tax statements to employees or annuitants, you need an EIN.

The EIN is a nine-digit number the IRS issues. The digits are arranged as follows: $00-0000000$. It is used to identify the tax accounts of employers and certain others that have no employees. Use your EIN on all the items you send to the IRS and SSA. For more information, get Pub. 1635, Understanding Your EIN.

If you have not asked for an EIN, request one on Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number. You can get this form at SSA offices or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM. You can ask for an EIN by calling the tele-TIN phone number for your state's IRS Service Center listed in the instructions for Form SS-4. (The Philadelphia Service Center has a new telephone num-ber:215-516-6999.)

You should have only one EIN. If you have more than one and are not sure which one to use, please check with the Internal Revenue Service Center where you file your return. Give the numbers you have, the name and address to which each was assigned, and the address of your main place of business. The IRS will tell you which number to use.

If you took over another employer's business, do not use that employer's EIN. If you don't have your own EIN by the time a return is due, write "Applied for" and the date you applied in the space shown for the number.

See Depositing without an EIN on page 18 if you must make a deposit and you don't have an EIN.

## 2. Who Are Employees?

Generally, employees are defined either under common law or under special statutes for special purposes.

Employee status under common law.- Anyone who performs services for you is your employee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. This is so even when you give the employee freedom of action. What matters is that you have the right to control the details of how the services are performed. Get Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, for more information on how to determine whether an individual providing services is an independent contractor or an employee.

Generally, people in business for themselves are not employees. For example, doctors, lawyers, veterinarians, construction contractors, and others in an independent trade in which they offer their services to the public are usually not employees. However, if the business is incorporated, corporate officers who work in the business are employees.

If an employer-employee relationship exists, it does not matter what it is called. The employee may be called an agent or independent contractor. It also does not matter how payments are measured or paid, what they are called, or if the employee works full or part time.

Statutory employees.- If someone who works for you is not an employee under the common law rules discussed above, do not withhold Federal income tax from his or her pay. Although the following persons may not be common law employees, they may be considered employees by statute for social security, Medicare, and FUTA tax purposes under certain conditions.

1) An agent (or commission) driver who delivers food, beverages (other than milk), laundry, or dry cleaning for someone else.
2) A full-time life insurance salesperson.
3) A homeworker who works by guidelines of the person for whom the work is done, with materials furnished by and returned to that person or to someone that person designates.
4) A traveling or city salesperson (other than an agentdriver or commission-driver) who works full time (except for sideline sales activities) for one firm or person getting orders from customers. The orders must be for items for resale or use as supplies in the customer's business. The customers must be retailers, wholesalers, contractors, or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other businesses dealing with food or lodging.

Get Pub. 15-A for details on statutory employees.

Statutory nonemployees.- Direct sellers and qualified real estate agents are by law considered nonemployees. They are instead treated as self-employed for all Federal tax purposes, including income and employment taxes. See Pub. 15-A for details.

Treating employees as nonemployees.- You will be liable for social security and Medicare taxes and withheld income tax if you don't deduct and withhold them because you treat an employee as a nonemployee. See Internal Revenue Code section 3509 for details.

Relief provisions.- If you have a reasonable basis for not treating a worker as an employee, you may be relieved from having to pay employment taxes for that worker. To get this relief, you must file all required information returns (Form 1099-MISC) on a basis consistent with your treatment of the worker. You (or your predecessor) must not have treated any worker holding a substantially similar position as an employee for any periods beginning after 1977.

IRS help.- If you want the IRS to determine whether a worker is an employee, file Form SS-8, Determination of Employee Work Status for Purposes of Federal Employment Taxes and Income Tax Withholding.

## 3. Family Employees

Child employed by parents.- Payments for the services of a child under the age of 18 who works for his or her parent in a trade or business (sole proprietorship or a partnership in which each partner is a parent of the child) are not subject to social security and Medicare taxes. If these services are for work other than in a trade or business, such as domestic work in the parent's private home, they are not subject to social security and Medicare taxes until the child reaches 21. However, see Covered services of a child or spouse below.

Payments for the services of a child under the age of 21 who works for his or her parent whether or not in a trade or business are not subject to Federal unemployment taxes.

The above rules apply even if the child is paid regular wages. The wages for these services are not subject to social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes. But they may still be subject to income tax withholding.

One spouse employed by another.- The wages for the services of an individual who works for his or her spouse in a trade or business are subject to income tax withholding and social security and Medicare taxes, but not to Federal unemployment taxes. However, the services of one spouse employed by another in other than a trade or business, such as domestic service in a private
home, are not subject to social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes.

Covered services of a child or spouse.- The wages for the services of a child or spouse are subject to income tax withholding as well as social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes if he or she works for:

1) A corporation, even if it is controlled by the child's parent or the individual's spouse,
2) A partnership, even if the child's parent is a partner, unless each partner is a parent of the child,
3) A partnership, even if the individual's spouse is a partner, or
4) An estate, even if it is the estate of a deceased parent.

Parent employed by child.- The wages for the services of a parent employed by his or her child in a trade or business are subject to income tax withholding and social security and Medicare taxes. Social security and Medicare taxes do not apply to wages paid to a parent for services not in a trade or business, but they do apply to domestic services if:

1) The parent cares for a child who lives with a son or daughter and who is under 18 , or requires adult supervision for at least 4 continuous weeks in a calendar quarter due to a mental or physical condition, and
2) The son or daughter is a widow or widower, divorced, or married to a person who, because of a physical or mental condition, cannot care for the child during such period.

Wages paid to a parent employed by his or her child are not subject to Federal unemployment (FUTA) tax, regardless of the type of services provided.

## 4. Employee's Social Security Number (SSN)

You must get each employee's name and SSN because you must enter them on Form W-2. (This requirement also applies to resident and nonresident alien employees.) You may ask your employee to show you his or her social security card. The employee is required to show the card if they have it available. If you do not provide the correct employee name and SSN on Form W-2, you may owe a penalty.

Any employee without a social security card can get one by completing Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card. You can get this form at Social Security Administration (SSA) offices or by calling 1-800-7721213. If your employee applied for an SSN but does not have it when you must file Form W-2, enter "Applied

For" on the form. When the employee receives the SSN, file Form W-2c, Corrected Wage and Tax Statement, to show the employee's SSN.

Note: Record the name and number of each employee exactly as they are shown on the employee's social security card. If the employee's name is not correct as shown on the card (for example, because of marriage or divorce) the employee should request a new card from the SSA. Continue to use the old name until the employee shows you the new social security card with the new name.

If your employee was given a new social security card to show his or her correct name and number after an adjustment to his or her alien residence status, correct your records and show the new information on Form W-2. If you filed Form W-2 for the same employee in prior years under the old name and SSN, file Form W-2c to correct the name and number. Advise the employee to contact the local SSA office about 9 months after the Form W2 c is filed to ensure that the records were updated.

## 5. Wages and Other Compensation

Wages subject to Federal employment taxes include all pay you give an employee for services performed. The pay may be in cash or in other forms. It includes salaries, vacation allowances, bonuses, commissions, and fringe benefits. It does not matter how you measure or make the payments. Also, compensation paid to a former employee for services performed while still employed are wages subject to employment taxes. See section 6 for a discussion of tips and section 7 for supplemental wages. Also see section 15 for exceptions to the general rules for wages. Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, provides additional information on wages and other compensation.

Employee business expense reimbursements.-A reimbursement or allowance arrangement is a system by which you substantiate and pay the advances, reimbursements, and charges for your employees' business expenses. How you report a reimbursement or allowance amount depends on whether it is an accountable or a nonaccountable plan. If a single payment includes both wages and an expense reimbursement, you must specify the amount of the reimbursement.

Accountable plan.- To be an accountable plan, your reimbursement or allowance arrangement must require your employees to meet all three of the following rules.

1) They must have paid or incurred deductible expenses while performing services as your employees.
2) They must adequately account to you for these expenses within a reasonable period of time.
3) They must return any amounts in excess of expenses within a reasonable period of time.

Amounts paid under an accountable plan are not wages and are not subject to income tax withholding and payment of social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes.

If the expenses covered by this arrangement are not substantiated or amounts in excess of expenses are not returned within a reasonable period of time, the amount is treated as paid under a nonaccountable plan. This amount is subject to income tax withholding and payment of social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes for the first payroll period following the end of the reasonable period.

A reasonable period of time depends on the facts and circumstances. Generally, it is considered reasonable if your employees receive the reimbursement within 30 days of the time they incur the expense, adequately account for the expenses within 60 days after the expenses were paid or incurred, and they return any amounts in excess of expenses within 120 days after the expense was paid or incurred. Also, it is considered reasonable if you give your employees a periodic statement (at least quarterly) that asks them to either return or adequately account for outstanding amounts and they do so within 120 days.

Nonaccountable plan.- Payments to your employee for travel and other necessary expenses of your business under a nonaccountable plan are wages and subject to income tax withholding and payment of social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment tax. Your payments are treated as paid under a nonaccountable plan if:

1) Your employee is not required to or does not substantiate timely those expenses to you with receipts or other documentation, or
2) You advance an amount to your employee for business expenses and your employee is not required to or does not return timely any amount he or she does not use for business expenses.

Per diem or other fixed allowance.-You may reimburse your employees by travel days, or miles, or some other fixed allowance. In these cases, your employee is considered to have accounted to you if the payments do not exceed rates established by the Federal Government. The 1996 standard mileage rate was 31 cents per mile for auto expenses. See Pub. 553, Highlights of 1996 Tax Changes, for the 1997 standard mileage rate. The government per diem rates for meals and lodging in the continental United States are listed in Pub. 1542, Per Diem Rates. Other than the amount of these expenses, your employees' business expenses (for example, the business purpose of the travel or the number of business miles driven) must be substantiated.

If the per diem or allowance paid exceeds the amounts specified, you must report the excess amount as wages. This excess amount is subject to income tax withholding and payment of social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes. Show the amount equal to the specified amount in box 13 of Form W-2, using code "L."

For more information, see chapter 16 in Pub.535, Business Expenses.

Wages not paid in money.- If in the course of your trade or business you pay your employees in a medium that is neither cash nor a readily negotiable instrument, such as a check, you are said to pay them "in kind." Payments in kind may be in the form of goods, lodging, food, clothing, or services. Generally, the fair market value of such payments at the time they are provided is subject to income tax withholding and social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment (FUTA) taxes.

However, noncash payments for household work, agricultural labor, and service not in the employer's trade or business are exempt from social security, Medicare, and FUTA taxes. Withhold income tax on these payments only if you and the employee agree to do so. However, noncash payments for agricultural labor, such as commodity wages, are treated as cash payments subject to employment taxes if the substance of the transaction is a cash payment.

Moving expenses.- Reimbursed and employer-paid qualified moving expenses (those that would otherwise be deductible by the employee) are not includible in an employee's income unless you have knowledge that the employee deducted the expenses in a prior year. Reimbursed and employer-paid nonqualified moving expenses are includible in income and are subject to employment taxes and income tax withholding. For more information on moving expenses for 1996, get Pub.521, Moving Expenses.

Meals and lodging.- The value of meals is not taxable income and is not subject to income tax withholding and social security, Medicare, and FUTA taxes if the meals are furnished for the employer's convenience and on the employer's premises. The value of lodging is not subject to income tax withholding and social security, Medicare, and FUTA taxes if the lodging is furnished for the employer's convenience, on the employer's premises, and as a condition of employment.
"For the convenience of the employer" means that you have a substantial business reason for providing the meals and lodging other than to provide additional compensation to the employee. For example, meals you provide at the place of work so an employee is available for emergencies during his or her lunch period are generally considered to be for your convenience.

However, whether meals or lodging are provided for the convenience of the employer depends on all the
facts and circumstances. A written statement that the meals or lodging are for your convenience is not sufficient.

For more information, see chapter 3 in Pub. 535.
Health insurance plans.- If you pay the cost of an accident or health insurance plan for your employees, your payments are not wages and are not subject to social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes, or income tax withholding.

Medical care reimbursements.- Medical care reimbursements paid for an employee under an employer's self-insured medical reimbursement plan are not wages and are not subject to social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment taxes, or income tax withholding.

Fringe benefits.- Unless the law says otherwise, you must include fringe benefits in an employee's gross income. The benefits are subject to income tax withholding and employment taxes. Fringe benefits include cars you provide, flights on aircraft you provide, free or discounted commercial flights, vacations, discounts on property or services, memberships in country clubs or other social clubs, and tickets to entertainment or sporting events. In general, the amount you must include is the amount by which the fair market value of the benefits is more than the sum of what the employee paid for it plus any amount the law excludes. There are other special rules you and your employees may use to value certain fringe benefits. See Pub. 535 for more information.

Nontaxable fringe benefits.-Some fringe benefits are not taxable if certain conditions are met. See chapter 4 of Pub. 535 for details. Examples are:

1) Services provided to your employees at no additional cost to you.
2) Qualified employee discounts.
3) Working condition fringes that are property or services the employee could deduct as a business expense if he or she had paid for it. Examples include a company car for business use and subscriptions to business magazines.
4) Minimal value fringes (including an occasional cab ride when an employee must work overtime, local transportation benefits provided because of unsafe conditions and unusual circumstances, and meals you provide at eating places you run for your employees if the meals are not furnished at below cost).
5) Qualified transportation fringes subject to specified conditions and dollar limitations (including transportation in a commuter highway vehicle, any transit pass, and qualified parking).
6) Qualified moving expense reimbursement. See page 10 for details.
7) The use of on-premises athletic facilities if substantially all the use is by employees, their spouses, and their dependent children.
8) Qualified tuition reduction, which an educational organization provides its employees for education. For more information see Pub. 520, Scholarships and Fellowships.

However, do not exclude the following fringe benefits from the income of highly compensated employees unless the benefit is available to employees on a nondiscriminatory basis.

- No-additional-cost services (item 1).
- Qualified employee discounts (item 2).
- Meals provided at an employer operated eating facility (included in item 4).
- Reduced tuition for education (item 8).

For more information, including the definition of a highly compensated employee, see Pub. 535.

When fringe benefits are treated as paid.- You may choose to treat certain noncash fringe benefits as paid by the pay period, or by the quarter, or on any other basis you choose as long as you treat the benefits as paid at least as often as once a year. You do not have to make a formal choice of payment dates or notify the IRS of the dates you choose. You do not have to make this choice for all employees. You may change methods as often as you like, as long as you treat all benefits provided in a calendar year as paid by December 31 of the calendar year. See Pub. 535 for more information, including a discussion of the special accounting rule for fringe benefits provided during November and December.

Valuation of fringe benefits.-Generally, you must determine the value of fringe benefits no later than January 31 of the next year. Prior to January 31, you may reasonably estimate the value of the fringe benefits for purposes of withholding and depositing on time.

Withholding on fringe benefits.-You may add the value of fringe benefits to regular wages for a payroll period and figure withholding taxes on the total, or you may withhold Federal income tax on the value of the fringe benefits at the flat $28 \%$ supplemental wage rate.

You may choose not to withhold income tax on the value of an employee's personal use of a vehicle you provide. You must, however, withhold social security, Medicare, or railroad retirement taxes on the use of the vehicle. Get Pub. 15-A for more information on this election.

Depositing taxes on fringe benefits.- Once you choose payment dates for fringe benefits (discussed above), you must deposit taxes in the same deposit period you treat the fringe benefits as paid. To avoid a penalty, deposit the taxes following the general deposit rules for that deposit period.

If you determine by January 31 that you overestimated the value of a fringe benefit at the time you withheld and deposited for it, you may claim a refund for the overpayment or have it applied to your next employment tax return (see Valuation of fringe benefits above). If you underestimated the value and deposited too little, you may be subject to the failure to deposit penalty. See section 11 for information on deposit penalties.

If you deposited the required amount of taxes but withheld a lesser amount from the employee, you can recover from the employee the social security, Medicare, or income taxes you deposited on his or her behalf, and included in the employee's Form W-2. However, you must recover the income taxes before April 1 of the following year.

Sick pay.- In general, sick pay is any amount you pay, under a plan you take part in, to an employee because of sickness or injury. These amounts are sometimes paid by a third party, such as an insurance company or employees' trust. In either case, these payments are subject to social security, Medicare, or railroad retirement taxes, and Federal unemployment (FUTA) taxes. Sick pay becomes exempt from these taxes after the end of 6 calendar months after the calendar month the employee last worked for the employer. The payments are also subject to income tax. See Pub. 15-A for more information.

## 6. Tips

Tips your employee receives are generally subject to withholding. Your employee must report cash tips to you by the 10 th of the month after the month the tips are received. The report should include tips you paid over to the employee for charge customers and tips the employee received directly from customers. No report is required for months when tips are less than $\$ 20$. Your employee reports the tips on Form 4070, Employee's Report of Tips to Employer, or on a similar statement. The statement must be signed by the employee and must show the following:

- The employee's name, address, and SSN.
- Your name and address.
- The month or period the report covers.
- The total tips.

Both Forms 4070 and 4070-A, Employee's Daily Record of Tips, are included in Pub. 1244, Employee's Daily Record of Tips and Report to Employer.

You must collect income tax, employee social security tax, and employee Medicare tax on the employee's tips. You can collect these taxes from the employee's wages or from other funds he or she makes available. (See Tips treated as supplemental wages in section 7 for further information.) Stop collecting the employee social security tax when his or her wages and tips for tax
year 1997 reach $\$ 65,400$; collect the income and employee Medicare taxes for the whole year on all wages and tips.

You are responsible for the employer social security tax on wages and tips until the wages (including tips) reach the limit. You are responsible for the employer Medicare tax for the whole year on all wages and tips.

File Form 941 to report withholding on tips. If, by the 10th of the month after the month you received an employee's report on tips, you don't have enough employee funds available to deduct the employee tax, you no longer have to collect it. Show any uncollected social security and Medicare taxes on Form W-2, on lines 6b and 7 of Form 941, and as an adjustment on line 9, Form 941. (See the instructions for Forms W-2 and 941.)

If an employee reports to you in writing $\$ 20$ or more of tips in a month, they are subject to FUTA tax.

Allocated tips.- If you operate a large food or beverage establishment, you must report allocated tips under certain circumstances. However, do not withhold income, social security, or Medicare taxes on allocated tips.

A large food or beverage establishment is one that provides food or beverages for consumption on the premises, where tipping is customary, and where there are normally more than 10 employees on a typical business day during the preceding year.

The tips may be allocated by one of three methodshours worked, gross receipts, or good faith agreement. For information about these allocation methods, including the requirement to file Forms 8027 on magnetic media if 250 or more forms are filed, see the separate Instructions for Form 8027.

## 7. Supplemental Wages

Supplemental wages are compensation paid in addition to the employee's regular wages. They include, but are not limited to, bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, accumulated sick leave, severance pay, awards, prizes, backpay and retroactive pay increases for current employees, and payments for nondeductible moving expenses. Other payments subject to the supplemental wage rules include taxable fringe benefits and expense allowances paid under a nonaccountable plan.

If you pay supplemental wages with regular wages but do not specify the amount of each, withhold income tax as if the total were a single payment for a regular payroll period.

If you pay supplemental wages separately (or combine them in a single payment and specify the amount of each), the income tax withholding method depends partly on whether or not you withhold income tax from your employee's regular wages:

- If you withhold income tax from an employee's regular wages, you can use one of the following methods for the supplemental wages:
a) Withhold a flat $28 \%$ (no other percentage allowed).
b) Add the supplemental and regular wages for the most recent payroll period this year. Then figure the income tax withholding as if the total were a single payment. Subtract the tax already withheld from the regular wages. Withhold the remaining tax from the supplemental wages.
- If you did not withhold income tax from the employee's regular wages, use method b. (This would occur, for example, when the value of the employee's withholding allowances claimed on Form W-4 is more than the wages.)

Regardless of the method you use to withhold income tax on supplemental wages, they are subject to social security and Medicare taxes.

Tips treated as supplemental wages. - Withhold the income tax on tips from wages or from other funds the employee makes available. If an employee receives regular wages and reports tips, figure income tax as if the tips were supplemental wages. If you have not withheld income tax from the regular wages, add the tips to the regular wages. Then withhold income tax on the total. If you withheld income tax from the regular wages, you can withhold on the tips by method $\mathbf{a}$ or $\mathbf{b}$ above.

Vacation pay.- Vacation pay is subject to withholding as if it were a regular wage payment. When vacation pay is in addition to regular wages for the vacation period, treat it as a supplemental wage payment. If the vacation pay is for a time longer than your usual payroll period, spread it over the pay periods for which you pay it.

## 8. Payroll Period

The payroll period is a period of service for which you usually pay wages. When you have a regular payroll period, withhold income tax for that time period even if your employee does not work the full period.

When you don't have a payroll period, withhold the tax as if you paid wages on a daily or miscellaneous payroll period. Figure the number of days (including Sundays and holidays) in the period covered by the wage payment. If the wages are unrelated to a specific length of time (e.g., commissions paid on completion of a sale), count back the number of days from the payment period to the latest of:

1) The last wage payment made during the same calendar year,
2) The date employment began, if during the same calendar year, or
3) January 1 of the same year.

When you pay an employee for a period of less than 1 week, and the employee signs a statement under penalties of perjury that he or she is not working for any other employer during the same week for wages subject to withholding, figure withholding based on a weekly payroll period. If the employee later begins to work for another employer for wages subject to withholding, the employee must notify you within 10 days. You then figure withholding based on the daily or miscellaneous period.

## 9. Withholding From Employees' Wages

## Income Tax Withholding

To know how much income tax to withhold from employees' wages, you should have a Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, on file for each employee. Ask all new employees to give you a signed Form W-4 when they start work. Make the form effective with the first wage payment. If a new employee does not give you a completed Form W-4, withhold tax as if he or she is single, with no withholding allowances.

A Form W-4 remains in effect until the employee gives you a new one. If an employee gives you a Form W-4 that replaces an existing Form W-4, begin withholding no later than the start of the first payroll period ending on or after the 30th day from the date you received the replacement Form W-4. For exceptions, see Exemption from income tax withholding, Sending certain Forms W-4 to the IRS, and Invalid Forms W-4 below.

The amount of income tax withholding must be based on filing status and withholding allowances. Your employees may not base their withholding amounts on a fixed dollar amount or percentage. However, the employee may specify a dollar amount to be withheld in addition to the amount of withholding based on filing status and withholding allowances claimed on Form W-4.

Employees may claim fewer withholding allowances than they are entitled to claim. They may wish to claim fewer allowances to ensure that they have enough withholding or to offset other sources of taxable income that are not subject to adequate withholding.

Note: A Form W-4 that makes a change for the next calendar year will not take effect in the current calendar year.

Get Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax, for detailed instructions for completing Form W-4. Along with Form W-4, you may wish to order Pub. 505 and Pub. 919, Is My Withholding Correct for 1997?

When you receive a new Form W-4, do not adjust withholding for pay periods before the effective date of the new form; that is, do not adjust withholding retroactively. Also, do not accept any withholding or estimated tax payments from your employees in addition to withholding based on their Form W-4. If they require additional withholding, they should submit a new Form W-4 and, if necessary, pay estimated tax by filing Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Exemption from income tax withholding.- An employee may claim exemption from income tax withholding because he or she had no income tax liability last year and expects none this year. However, the wages are still subject to social security and Medicare taxes.

An employee must submit a Form W-4 to you each year by February 15 to claim exemption from withholding. If the employee does not give you a new Form W-4, withhold tax as if the employee is single with zero withholding allowances.

Withholding on nonresident aliens.- In general, if you pay wages to nonresident aliens, you must withhold income tax (unless excepted by regulations), social security, and Medicare taxes as you would for a U.S. citizen. You must also give a Form W-2 to the nonresident alien and file it with the SSA. The wages are subject to FUTA tax as well. However, see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Corporations, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for exceptions to these general rules.

Form $\mathbf{W}-4$. - To avoid underwithholding of income taxes, you should require nonresident aliens when completing Form W-4 to:

- Not claim exemption from income tax withholding.
- Request withholding as if they are single, regardless of their actual marital status.
- Claim only one allowance.
- Request an additional income tax withholding amount of $\$ 4.00$ per week.

Note: If the nonresident alien is a resident of Canada, Mexico, Japan, or Korea, he or she may claim more than one allowance.

Nonwage withholding.-In some cases, a Code section or a U.S. treaty provision will exempt payments to a nonresident alien from wages. These payments are not subject to regular income tax withholding. Form W-2 is not required in these cases. Instead, the payments are subject to withholding at a flat $30 \%$ or lower treaty rate, unless exempt from tax because of a Code or U.S. tax treaty provision.

Report these payments and any withheld tax on Form 1042-S, Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding. Form 1042-S is sent to the IRS with Form 1042, Annual Withholding Tax Return for U.S. Source Income of Foreign Persons. You may have to
make deposits of the withheld income tax, using Form 8109, Federal Tax Deposit Coupon. See Pub. 515 and the Instructions for Form 1042-S for more information.

Sending certain Forms W-4 to the IRS.- You must send the IRS copies of certain Forms W-4 received during the quarter from employees still employed by you at the end of the quarter. Send copies when the employee (1) claims more than 10 withholding allowances or (2) claims exemption from withholding and his or her wages would normally be more than $\$ 200$ per week. You are not required to send any other Forms W-4 unless the IRS notifies you in writing to do so.

Send in Forms W-4 that meet either of the above conditions each quarter with Form 941. Complete boxes 8 and 10 on any Forms W-4 you send in. You may use box 9 to identify the office responsible for processing the employee's payroll information. Also send copies of any written statements from employees in support of the claims made on Forms W-4. Send these statements even if the Forms W-4 are not in effect at the end of the quarter. You can send them to your IRS service center more often if you like. If you do so, include a cover letter giving your name, address, EIN, and the number of forms included. In certain cases, the IRS may notify you in writing that you must submit specified Forms W-4 more frequently to your district director separate from your Form 941.

If your Forms 941 are filed on magnetic media, this Form W-4 information also should be filed with the IRS on magnetic media. (See Filing Form W-4 on magnetic media below.) If you file Form 941 electronically or by TeleFile, send your paper Forms W-4 to your IRS service center with a cover letter. Magnetic media filers of Form 941 also may send paper Forms W-4 to their service center if they are unable to file them on magnetic media.

Base withholding on the Forms W-4 that you send in unless the IRS notifies you in writing to do otherwise. If the IRS notifies you about a particular employee, base withholding on the number of withholding allowances shown in the IRS notice. The employee will get a similar notice directly from the IRS. If the employee later gives you a new Form W-4, follow it only if (1) exempt status is not claimed or (2) the number of withholding allowances is equal to or fewer than the number in the IRS notice. Otherwise, disregard it and do not submit it to the IRS. Continue to follow the IRS notice.

If the employee prepares a new Form W-4 explaining any difference with the IRS notice, he or she may either submit it to the IRS or to you. If submitted to you, send the Form W-4 and explanation to the IRS office shown in the notice. Continue to withhold based on the notice until the IRS tells you to follow the new Form W-4.

Filing Form W-4 on magnetic media.- Form W-4 information may be filed with the IRS on magnetic media. If you wish to file on magnetic media, you must submit Form 4419, Application for Filing Information Returns

Magnetically/Electronically, to request authorization. See Pub. 1245, Specifications for Filing Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate on Magnetic Tape, and $51 / 4-$ and $31 / 2$-inch Magnetic Diskettes. To get more information about magnetic media filing, call the IRS Martinsburg Computing Center at 304-263-8700.

Invalid Forms W-4.- Any unauthorized change or addition to Form W-4 makes it invalid. This includes taking out any language by which the employee certifies that the form is correct. A Form W-4 is also invalid if, by the date an employee gives it to you, he or she indicates in any way that it is false.

When you get an invalid Form W-4, do not use it to figure withholding. Tell the employee it is invalid and ask for another one. If the employee does not give you a valid one, withhold taxes as if the employee were single and claiming no withholding allowances. However, if you have an earlier Form W-4 for this worker that is valid, withhold as you did before.

Amounts exempt from levy on wages, salary, and other income.- If you receive a Notice of Levy on Wages, Salary, and Other Income (Forms 668W or 668W(c)), you must withhold amounts as described in the instructions for these forms. Pub. 1494, Table for Figuring Amount Exempt From Levy on Wages, Salary, and Other Income (Forms 668W and 668W(c)), shows the exempt amount.

## Social Security and Medicare Taxes

The Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) provides for a Federal system of old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance. The old-age, survivors, and disability insurance part is financed by the social security tax. The hospital insurance part is financed by the Medicare tax. Each of these taxes is reported separately.

Social security and Medicare taxes are levied on both you and your employees (unless you or your employees are not subject to these taxes; see section 15). You, as an employer, must withhold and deposit the employee's part of the taxes and you must pay a matching amount. Generally, employee wages are subject to social security and Medicare taxes regardless of the employee's age, or whether he or she is receiving social security benefits. (If the employee reported tips, see section 6.)

Tax rates and the social security wage base.These taxes have different tax rates and only social security tax has a wage base. The wage base is the maximum wage that is subject to the tax for the year. Determine the amount of withholding for social security and Medicare taxes by multiplying each payment by the employee tax rate. There are no withholding allowances for social security and Medicare taxes.

The employee tax rate for social security is $6.2 \%$ (amount withheld). The employer tax rate for social security is also $6.2 \%$ (12.4\% total). The 1996 wage base was $\$ 62,700$. For 1997 , the wage base is $\$ 65,400$.

The employee tax rate for Medicare is $1.45 \%$ (amount withheld). The employer tax rate for Medicare tax is also $1.45 \%$ ( $2.9 \%$ total). There is no wage base limit for Medicare tax; all covered wages are subject to Medicare tax.

Successor employer.- If you received all or most of the property used in the trade or business of another employer, or a unit of that employer's trade or business, you may include the wages the other employer paid to your employees when you figure the annual wage limit for social security. See Regulations section 31.3121(a)(1)-1(b) for more information. Also see Rev. Proc. 84-77, C. B. 1984-2, 753 , for the procedures used in filing returns in a predecessor-successor situation.

Example: Early in 1996, you bought all the assets of a plumbing business from Mr. Martin. Mr. Brown, who had been employed by Mr. Martin and received \$2,000 in wages before the date of purchase, continued to work for you. You and Mr. Brown are subject to social security taxes on the first \$60,700 (\$62,700 less \$2,000) and Medicare taxes on all wages you pay him during the rest of the calendar year.

International Social Security Agreements.- The United States has social security agreements with many countries which eliminate dual taxation and coverage under both countries' systems. Compensation subject to social security and Medicare taxes may be exempt under one of these agreements. See Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, for more information and a list of agreement countries.

## Part-Time Workers

For income tax withholding and social security, Medicare, and Federal unemployment tax purposes, there are no differences between full-time employees, parttime employees, and employees hired for short periods. It does not matter whether the worker has another job or has the maximum amount of social security tax withheld by another employer. Income tax withholding may be figured the same way as for full-time workers. Or it may be figured by the part-year employment method, explained in Pub. 15-A.

## 10. Advance Earned Income Credit (EIC) Payment

An employee who is eligible for the earned income credit (EIC) and has a qualifying child is entitled to receive EIC payments with his or her pay during the year. To get these payments, the employee must give you a properly completed Form W-5, Earned Income Credit Advance Payment Certificate. You are required to make advance EIC payments to employees who give you a completed and signed Form W-5.

Certain employees who do not have a qualifying child may be able to claim the EIC on their tax return. However, they cannot get advance EIC payments.

For 1997, the advance payment can be as much as $\$ 1,326$. The tables that begin on page 56 reflect that limit.

Form W-5.- Form W-5 states the eligibility requirements for receiving advance EIC payments. On Form $\mathrm{W}-5$, an employee states that he or she expects to be eligible for the EIC and shows whether he or she has a certificate in effect with any other current employer. The employee also shows the following:

- Whether he or she has a qualifying child.
- Whether he or she is married.
- If the employee is married, whether his or her spouse has a certificate in effect with any employer.

An employee may have only one certificate in effect with a current employer at one time. If an employee is married and his or her spouse also works, each spouse should file a separate Form W-5.

Length of effective period.-Make the initial Form W-5 certificate effective for the first payroll period ending on or after the date the employee gives you the form (or the first wage payment made without regard to a payroll period). It remains in effect until the end of the calendar year unless the employee revokes the certificate or files another one. Eligible employees must file a new certificate each year.

Change of status.- If an employee gives you a signed Form W-5 and later becomes ineligible for advance EIC payments, he or she must revoke the certificate within 10 days after learning about the change of circumstances. The employee must give you a new Form $\mathrm{W}-5$ stating that he or she is no longer eligible for or no longer wants advance EIC payments.

If an employee's situation changes because his or her spouse files a Form W-5, the employee must file a new Form W-5 showing that his or her spouse has a certificate in effect with an employer. This will reduce the maximum amount of advance payments you can make to that employee.

If an employee's spouse has filed a Form W-5 that is no longer in effect, the employee may file a new Form W-5 with you, but is not required to do so. A new form will certify that the spouse does not have a certificate in effect and will increase the maximum amount of advance payments you can make to that employee.

Invalid certificate. - The Form W-5 is invalid if it is incomplete, unsigned, or has an alteration or unauthorized addition. The form has been altered if any of the language has been deleted. Any writing added to the form other than the requested entries is an unauthorized addition.

You should consider a certificate invalid if an employee has made an oral or written statement that clearly shows the Form W-5 to be false. If you receive an invalid certificate, tell the employee that the certificate is
invalid as of the date he or she made the oral or written statement. For advance EIC payment purposes, the invalid certificate is considered void.

You are not required to determine if a completed and signed Form W-5 is correct. However, you should contact the IRS district director if you have reason to believe the certificate has any incorrect statement.

How to figure the advance EIC payment.- To figure the amount of the advance EIC payment to include with the employee's pay, you must consider:

- Wages, including reported tips, for the pay period.
- Whether the employee is married or single.
- Whether a married employee's spouse has a Form W-5 in effect with an employer.

Note: If during the year you have paid an employee total wages of at least $\$ 25,760$, you must stop making advance EIC payments to that employee for the rest of the year.

Figure the amount of advance EIC to include in the employee's pay by using the tables that begin on page 56. There are separate tables for employees whose spouses have a certificate in effect. See page 33 for instructions on using the advance EIC payment tables. The amount of advance EIC paid to an employee during 1997 cannot exceed \$1,326.

Paying the advance EIC to employees.- An advance EIC payment is not wages and is not subject to withholding of income, social security, or Medicare taxes. An advance EIC payment does not change the amount of income, social security, or Medicare taxes you withhold from the employee's wages. You add the EIC payment to the employee's net pay for the pay period. At the end of the year, you show the total advance EIC payments in the box for "Advance EIC payment" on Form W-2. Do not include this amount in the "Wages..." box.

Employer's returns.-Show the total payments you made to employees on the advance EIC lines of your Form 941 or 943, whichever applies. Subtract this amount from your total taxes (see the specific instructions for each form). Reduce the amounts reported on the record of Federal tax liability (e.g., line 17 of Form 941) by any advance EIC paid to employees.

Generally, employers will make the advance EIC payment from withheld income tax and employee and employer social security and Medicare taxes. These taxes are normally required to be paid over to the IRS either through Federal tax deposits or with employment tax returns. For purposes of deposit due dates, advance EIC payments are considered deposited on the day you pay wages (including the advance EIC payment) to your employees. The advance EIC payment reduces, in this order, the amount of income tax withholding, withheld employee social security and Medicare taxes, and the employer's share of social security and Medicare taxes.

Example: You have 10 employees, each entitled to an advance EIC payment of $\$ 10$. The total advance payments you make for the payroll period are $\$ 100$. The total income tax withholding for the payroll period is $\$ 90$. The total employee and employer social security and Medicare taxes for the payroll period is $\$ 122.60$ ( $\$ 61.30$ each).

You are considered to have made a deposit of $\$ 100$ advance EIC payment on the day you paid wages, and you subtract this amount from your employment taxes for the payroll period. The $\$ 100$ is treated as if you paid the IRS the $\$ 90$ total income tax withholding and $\$ 10$ of the employee social security and Medicare taxes. You remain liable only for $\$ 112.60$ of the social security and Medicare taxes $(\$ 51.30+\$ 61.30=\$ 112.60)$.

Advance EIC payments more than taxes due.- If for any payroll period the total advance EIC payments are more than the total payroll taxes (withheld income tax and both employee and employer shares of social security and Medicare taxes), you may choose either to:

1) Reduce each employee's advance payment proportionally so that the total advance EIC payments equal the amount of taxes due, or
2) Elect to make full payment of the advance EIC and treat the excess as an advance payment of employment taxes.

Example: You have 10 employees who are each entitled to an advance EIC payment of $\$ 10$. The total amount of advance EIC payable for the payroll period is $\$ 100$. The total employment tax for the payroll period is $\$ 90$ (including income tax withholding and social security and Medicare taxes). The advance EIC payable is $\$ 10$ more than the total employment tax. The $\$ 10$ excess is $10 \%$ of the advance EIC payable (\$100). You may-

1) Reduce each employee's payment by $10 \%$ so the advance EIC payments equal your total employment tax (\$90), or
2) Pay each employee $\$ 10$, and treat the excess $\$ 10$ as an advance payment of employment taxes. Attach a statement to your employment tax return showing the excess advance EIC payments and the payroll period to which the excess applies.
U.S. territories.- If you are in American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, or the U.S. Virgin Islands, consult your local tax office for information on the EIC. You cannot take advance EIC payments into account on Form 941-SS.

## Required Notice to Employees

You must notify employees who have no income tax withheld that they may be able to claim a tax refund because of the EIC. Although you do not have to notify employees who claim exemption from withholding on Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate,
about the EIC, you are encouraged to notify any employees whose wages for 1996 were less than $\$ 28,495$ that they may be eligible to claim the credit for 1996. This is because eligible employees may get a refund of the amount of EIC that is more than the tax they owe. For example, an employee who had no tax withheld in 1996 and owes no tax, but is eligible for a $\$ 790$ EIC, can file a 1996 tax return to get a $\$ 790$ refund.

You will meet this notification requirement if you issue the IRS Form W-2 with the EIC notice on the back of the employee's copy (Copy C), or a substitute Form W-2 with the same statement. You may also meet the requirement by providing Notice 797, Possible Federal Tax Refund Due to the Earned Income Credit (EIC), or your own statement that contains the same wording.

If a substitute Form W-2 is given on time but doesn't have the required statement, you must notify the employee within 1 week of the date the substitute Form W2 is given. If Form W-2 is required but isn't given on time, you must give the employee Notice 797 or your written statement by the date Form $\mathrm{W}-2$ is required to be given. If Form W -2 is not required, you must notify the employee by February 7, 1997.

## 11. Depositing Taxes

In general, you must deposit income tax withheld and both the employer and employee social security and Medicare taxes (minus any advance EIC payments) by mailing or delivering a check, money order, or cash to an authorized financial institution or Federal Reserve bank. However, some taxpayers are required to deposit by electronic funds transfer. The requirement to deposit electronically is being phased in over a period of years and an increasing number of taxpayers will be required to use this method each year. See page 2 for information on electronic deposit requirements for 1997.

Payments with returns.- You may make payments with Form 941 instead of depositing if:

- Your net tax liability for the return period (line 13 on Form 941) is less than $\$ 500$, or
- You are making a payment in accordance with the Accuracy of Deposits Rule discussed on page 22. This amount may be $\$ 500$ or more. Caution: Only monthly schedule depositors (see below) are allowed to make this underpayment with the return.

Separate deposit requirements for nonpayroll (Form 945) tax liabilities.- Separate deposits are required for nonpayroll income tax withholding. Do not combine deposits for Form 941 and Form 945 tax liabilities. Generally, the deposit rules for nonpayroll liabilities are the same as discussed below. See the separate Instructions for Form 945 for more information.

Federal tax deposit (FTD) coupon.- If you are not making deposits by electronic funds transfer (see page 2), use Form 8109, Federal Tax Deposit Coupon, to make the deposits at an authorized financial institution or Federal Reserve Bank. Do not use the deposit coupons to pay delinquent taxes assessed by the IRS. Send those payments directly to your Internal Revenue Service Center with a copy of any related notice the IRS sent you.

For new employers, the IRS will send you an FTD coupon book 5 to 6 weeks after you receive an employer identification number (EIN). (Apply for an EIN on Form SS-4.) The IRS will keep track of the number of FTD coupons you use and automatically will send you additional coupons when you need them. If you do not receive your resupply of FTD coupons, call 1-800-8291040. You can have the FTD coupon books sent to a branch office, tax preparer, or service bureau that is making your deposits by showing that address on Form 8109C, FTD Address Change, which is in the FTD coupon book. (Filing Form 8109C will not change your address of record; it will change only the address where the FTD coupons are mailed.) The FTD coupons will be preprinted with your name, address, and EIN. They have entry boxes for indicating the type of tax and the tax period for which the deposit is made.

It is very important to clearly mark the correct type of tax and tax period on each FTD coupon. This information is used by the IRS to credit your account.

If you have branch offices depositing taxes, give them FTD coupons and complete instructions so they can deposit the taxes when due.

Please use only your FTD coupons. If you use anyone else's FTD coupon, you may be subject to the failure to deposit penalty. This is because your account will be underpaid by the amount of the deposit credited to the other person's account. See Penalties below for details.

How to make deposits.- Mail or deliver each FTD coupon and a single payment covering the taxes to be deposited to an authorized depositary or to the Federal Reserve bank or branch (FRB) serving your area. An authorized depositary is a financial institution (e.g., a commercial bank) that is authorized to accept Federal tax deposits. Follow the instructions in the FTD coupon book. Make the check or money order payable to the depositary or FRB where you make your deposit. To help ensure proper crediting of your account, include your EIN, the type of tax (e.g., Form 941), and tax period to which the payment applies on your check or money order.

Deposits at depositaries.- Authorized depositaries must accept cash, a postal money order drawn to the order of the depositary, or a check or draft drawn on and to the order of the depositary. You can deposit taxes with a check drawn on another financial institution only if the depositary is willing to accept that form of payment.

Note: Be sure that the financial institution where you make deposits is an authorized depositary. Deposits made at an unauthorized institution may be subject to the failure to deposit penalty.

Deposits at FRBs.- If you want to make a deposit at an FRB, make the deposit with the FRB serving your area. Deposits may be subject to the failure to deposit penalty if the payment is not considered an immediate credit item on the day it is received by the FRB. A personal check, including one drawn on a business account, is not an immediate credit item. To avoid a penalty, deposits made by personal checks drawn on other financial institutions must be made in advance of the deposit due date to allow time for check clearance. To be considered timely, the funds must be available to the FRB on the deposit due date before the FRB's daily cutoff deadline. Contact your local FRB to obtain information concerning check clearance and cutoff schedules.

Depositing on time.- The IRS determines if deposits are on time by the date they are received by an authorized depositary or FRB. However, a deposit received by the authorized depositary or FRB after the due date will be considered timely if the taxpayer establishes that it was mailed in the United States at least 2 days before the due date.

Note: If you are required to deposit any taxes more than once a month, any deposit of $\$ 20,000$ or more must be made by its due date to be timely.

Depositing without an EIN.- If you have applied for an EIN but have not received it, and you must make a deposit, make the deposit with your Internal Revenue Service Center. Do not make the deposit at an authorized depositary or FRB. Make it payable to the Internal Revenue Service and show on it your name (as shown on Form SS-4), address, kind of tax, period covered, and date you applied for an EIN. Send an explanation with the deposit. Do not use Form 8109-B, Federal Tax Deposit Coupon, in this situation.

Depositing without Form 8109.- If you do not have the preprinted Form 8109, you may use Form 8109-B to make deposits. Form 8109-B is an over-the-counter FTD coupon that is not preprinted with your identifying information. You may get this form by calling 1-800-829-1040. Be sure to have your EIN ready when you call. You will not be able to obtain this form by calling $1-$ 800-TAX-FORM.

Use Form 8109-B to make deposits only if-

- You are a new employer and you have been assigned an EIN, but you have not received your initial supply of Forms 8109, or
- You have not received your resupply of preprinted Forms 8109.

Deposit record.- For your records, a stub is provided with each FTD coupon in the coupon book. The FTD coupon itself will not be returned. It is used to credit your account. Your check, bank receipt, or money order is your receipt.

How to claim credit for overpayments.- If you deposited more than the right amount of taxes for a quarter, you can choose on Form 941 for that quarter to have the overpayment refunded or applied as a credit to your next return. Do not ask the depositary or FRB to request a refund from the IRS for you.

Penalties.- Penalties may apply if you do not make required deposits on time. The penalties do not apply if any failure to make a proper and timely deposit was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect. For amounts not properly or timely deposited, the penalty rates are:
$2 \%$ - Deposits made 1 to 5 days late.
$5 \%$ - Deposits made 6 to 15 days late.
$10 \%$ - Deposits made 16 or more days late. Also
applies to amounts paid to the IRS within 10
days of the date of the first notice the IRS sent
asking for the tax due.
$10 \%$ - Deposits made at an unauthorized financial
institution, paid directly to the IRS, or paid with
your tax return (but see Depositing without an
EIN and Payments with returns earlier for
exceptions).
$10 \%$ - Amounts subject to electronic deposit
requirements but not deposited using the
Electronic Federal Tax Payment System
(EFTPS).
$15 \%$ - Amounts still unpaid more than 10 days after the
date of the first notice the IRS sent asking for
the tax due or the day on which you receive
notice and demand for immediate payment,
whichever is earlier.

Order in which deposits are applied.- Tax deposits are applied first to satisfy any past due underdeposits for the quarter, with the oldest underdeposit satisfied first.

Example: Cedar Inc. is required to make a deposit of $\$ 1,000$ on April 15 and $\$ 1,500$ on May 15 . It does not make the deposit on April 15. On May 15, Cedar Inc. deposits $\$ 1,700$ assuming that it has paid its May deposit in full and applied $\$ 200$ to the late April deposit. However, because deposits are applied first to past due underdeposits in due date order, $\$ 1,000$ of the May 15 deposit is applied to the late April deposit. The remaining $\$ 700$ is applied to the May 15 deposit. Therefore, in addition to an underdeposit of $\$ 1,000$ for April 15, Cedar Inc. has an underdeposit for May 15 of $\$ 800$. Penalties will be applied to both underdeposits as explained above.

Trust fund recovery penalty.-If income, social security, and Medicare taxes that must be withheld are not
withheld or are not deposited or paid to the IRS, the trust fund recovery penalty may apply. The penalty is the full amount of the unpaid trust fund tax. This penalty may apply to you if these unpaid taxes cannot be immediately collected from the employer or business.

The trust fund recovery penalty may be imposed on all persons who are determined by the IRS to be responsible for collecting, accounting for, and paying over these taxes, and who acted willfully in not doing so.

A responsible person can be an officer or employee of a corporation, a partner or employee of a partnership, an accountant, a volunteer director/trustee, or an employee of a sole proprietorship. A responsible person also may include one who signs checks for the business or otherwise has authority to cause the spending of business funds.

Willfully means voluntarily, consciously, and intentionally. A responsible person acts willfully if the person knows the required actions are not taking place.

Separate accounting when deposits are not made or withheld taxes are not paid.- Separate accounting may be required if you do not pay over withheld employee social security, Medicare, or income taxes; deposit required taxes; make required payments; or file tax returns. In this case, you would receive written notice from the district director requiring you to deposit taxes in a special trust account for the U.S. Government. You would also have to file monthly tax returns on Form 941-M, Employer's Monthly Federal Tax Return.

## When To Deposit

There are two deposit schedules-monthly or semi-weekly-for determining when you deposit social security and Medicare taxes and withheld income tax. These schedules tell you when a deposit is due after a tax liability arises (e.g., when you have a payday). Prior to the beginning of each calendar year, you must determine which of the two deposit schedules you are required to use. The deposit schedule you must use is based on the total tax liability you reported on Form 941 during a fourquarter lookback period as discussed below. Your deposit schedule is not determined by how often you pay your employees or make deposits (see Application of Monthly and Semiweekly Schedules on page 20).

Similar rules apply for Federal income tax withholding for nonpayroll items such as backup withholding and withholding on pensions, annuities, and gambling winnings. These rules do not apply to Federal unemployment (FUTA) tax. See the Instructions for Form 940 for information on depositing FUTA tax.

Lookback period.- Your deposit schedule for a calendar year is determined from the total taxes (not reduced by any advance earned income credit payments) reported on your Forms 941 (line 11) in a four-quarter lookback period. The lookback period begins July 1 and
ends June 30 as shown in the Table 1 below. If you reported $\$ 50,000$ or less of taxes for the lookback period, you are a monthly schedule depositor; if you reported more than $\$ 50,000$, you are a semiweekly schedule depositor. There are two exception rules-the $\$ 500$ rule and the $\$ 100,000$ one-day rule. The deposit rules and exceptions are discussed below.

## Table 1. Lookback Period for Calendar Year 1997

| Calendar Year 1997 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan.-Mar. Apr.-June July-Sept. Oct.-Dec. <br> Lookback Period    <br> 1995   <br> July-Sept. Oct.-Dec. Jan.-Mar. Apr.-June    |  |  |  |

## Monthly Deposit Schedule

You are a monthly schedule depositor for a calendar year if the total taxes on Form 941 (line 11) for the four quarters in your lookback period were $\$ 50,000$ or less. Under the monthly deposit schedule, deposit Form 941 taxes on payments made during a month by the 15th day of the following month.

Monthly schedule depositors should not file Form 941 on a monthly basis. Do not file Form 941-M, Employer's Monthly Federal Tax Return, unless you are instructed to do so by an IRS representative.

New employers.- During the first calendar year of your business, your tax liability for each quarter in the lookback period is considered to be zero. Therefore, you are a monthly schedule depositor for the first calendar year of your business (but see the $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ One-Day Rule on page 20).

## Semiweekly Deposit Schedule

You are a semiweekly schedule depositor for a calendar year if the total taxes on Form 941 (line 11) during your lookback period were more than $\$ 50,000$. Under the semiweekly deposit schedule, deposit Form 941 taxes on payments made on Wednesday, Thursday, and/or Friday by the following Wednesday. You must deposit amounts accumulated on payments made on Saturday, Sunday, Monday, and/or Tuesday by the following Friday.

## Table 2. Semiweekly Deposit Schedule

| Payment Days/ <br> Deposit Periods | Deposit By: |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wednesday, Thursday, <br> and/or Friday | Following Wednesday |
| Saturday, Sunday, <br> Monday, and/or <br> Tuesday | Following Friday |

If a quarterly return period ends on a day other than Tuesday or Friday, taxes accumulated on the days covered by the return period just ending are subject to one deposit obligation, and taxes accumulated on the days covered by the new return period are subject to a separate deposit obligation. For example, if one quarterly return period ends on Thursday and a new quarter begins on Friday, taxes accumulated on Wednesday and Thursday are subject to one deposit obligation and taxes accumulated on Friday are subject to a separate obligation. Separate deposits are required because two different quarters are affected.

## Example of Monthly and Semiweekly Schedules

Rose Co. reported Form 941 taxes as follows:

## 1996 Lookback Period

| 3rd Quarter 1994 | - | $\$ 12,000$ | 3rd Quarter 1995 | - | $\$ 12,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4th Quarter 1994 | - | $\$ 12,000$ | 4th Quarter 1995 | - | $\$ 12,000$ |
| 1st Quarter 1995 | - | $\$ 12,000$ | 1st Quarter 1996 | - | $\$ 12,000$ |
| 2nd Quarter $1995-$ | $\$ 12,000$ | 2nd Quarter 1996 | - | $\$ 15,000$ |  |
| $\$ 48,000$ |  |  | $\$ 51,000$ |  |  |

Rose Co. is a monthly schedule depositor for 1996 because its tax liability for the four quarters in its lookback period (third quarter 1994 through second quarter 1995) was not more than $\$ 50,000$. However, for 1997, Rose Co. must follow the semiweekly deposit schedule because the total taxes exceeded $\$ 50,000$ for the four quarters in its lookback period (third quarter 1995 through second quarter 1996).

## Deposits on Banking Days Only

If a deposit is required to be made on a day that is not a banking day, the deposit is considered timely if it is made by the close of the next banking day. In addition to Federal and state bank holidays, Saturdays and Sundays are treated as nonbanking days. For example, if a deposit is required to be made on a Friday and Friday is not a banking day, the deposit will be considered timely if it is made by the following Monday (if that Monday is a banking day).

Semiweekly schedule depositors have at least 3 banking days to make a deposit. That is, if any of the 3
weekdays after the end of a semiweekly period is a banking holiday, you will have one additional banking day to deposit. For example, if a semiweekly schedule depositor accumulated taxes for payments made on Friday and the following Monday is not a banking day, the deposit normally due on Wednesday may be made on Thursday (allowing 3 banking days to make the deposit).

## Application of Monthly and Semiweekly Schedules

The terms "monthly schedule depositor" and "semiweekly schedule depositor" do not refer to how often your business pays its employees or even how often you are required to make deposits. The terms identify which set of deposit rules you must follow when an employment tax liability arises. The deposit rules are based on the dates wages are paid; not on when tax liabilities are accrued.

Monthly schedule example: Spruce Co. is a monthly schedule depositor with seasonal employees. It paid wages each Friday during January but did not pay any wages during February. Under the monthly schedule, Spruce Co. must deposit the combined tax liabilities for the January paydays by February 18 (February 15 is a Saturday and February 17 is a holiday). Spruce Co. does not have a deposit requirement for February (due by March 17) because no wages were paid and, therefore, it did not have a tax liability for the month.

Semiweekly schedule example: Green Inc., which has a semiweekly deposit schedule, pays wages once each month on the last day of the month. Although Green Inc. has a semiweekly deposit schedule, it will deposit just once a month because it pays wages only once a month. The deposit, however, will be made under the semiweekly deposit schedule as follows: Green Inc.'s tax liability for the January 31, 1997 (Friday) payday must be deposited by February 5, 1997 (Wednesday). Under the semiweekly deposit schedule, liabilities for wages paid on Wednesday through Friday must be deposited by the following Wednesday.

## \$500 Rule

If you accumulate less than a $\$ 500$ tax liability during a return period (e.g., during a quarter for Form 941), no deposits are required and you may pay the tax with the return for the period. However, if you are unsure that you will accumulate less than $\$ 500$, deposit under the appropriate rules so that you will not be subject to failure to deposit penalties.

## \$100,000 One-Day Rule

If you accumulate a tax liability of $\$ 100,000$ or more on any day during a deposit period, you must deposit the tax by the next banking day, whether you are a monthly or semiweekly schedule depositor. For monthly schedule depositors, the deposit period is a calendar month.

The deposit periods for a semiweekly schedule depositor are Wednesday through Friday and Saturday through Tuesday.

For purposes of the \$100,000 rule, do not continue accumulating tax liability after the end of a deposit period. For example, if a semiweekly schedule depositor has accumulated a liability of $\$ 95,000$ on a Tuesday (of a Saturday-through-Tuesday deposit period) and accumulated a $\$ 10,000$ liability on Wednesday, the $\$ 100,000$ one-day rule does not apply. Thus, $\$ 95,000$ must be deposited by Friday and $\$ 10,000$ must be deposited by the following Wednesday.

In addition, once you accumulate at least $\$ 100,000$ in a deposit period, stop accumulating at the end of that day and begin to accumulate anew on the next day. For example, Fir Co. is a semiweekly schedule depositor. On Monday, Fir Co. accumulates taxes of \$110,000 and must deposit this amount on Tuesday, the next banking day. On Tuesday, Fir Co. accumulates additional taxes of $\$ 30,000$. Because the $\$ 30,000$ is not added to the previous $\$ 110,000$ and is less than $\$ 100,000$, Fir Co. must deposit the $\$ 30,000$ by Friday following the semiweekly deposit schedule.

If you are a monthly schedule depositor and accumulate a $\$ 100,000$ tax liability on any day during a month, you become a semiweekly schedule depositor on the next day and remain so for at least the rest of the calendar year and for the following calendar year.

Example: Elm Inc. started its business on February 1, 1997. On February 12, it paid wages for the first time and accumulated a tax liability of $\$ 40,000$. On February 19, Elm Inc. paid wages and accumulated a liability of $\$ 60,000$, bringing its accumulated tax liability to $\$ 100,000$. Because this was the first year of its business, the tax liability for its lookback period is considered to be zero, and it would be a monthly schedule depositor based on the lookback rules. However, since Elm Inc. accumulated a $\$ 100,000$ liability on February 19, it became a semiweekly schedule depositor on February 20. It will be a semiweekly schedule depositor for the remainder of 1997 and for 1998. Elm Inc. is required to deposit the $\$ 100,000$ by February 20 (Thursday), the next banking day.

When To Deposit Employment Taxes


## Adjustments and the Lookback Rule

Determine your tax liability for the four quarters in the lookback period based on the tax liability as originally reported on Form 941. If you made adjustments to correct errors on previously filed employment tax returns, these adjustments do not affect the amount of tax liability for purposes of the lookback rule. If you report adjustments on your current employment tax return to correct errors on prior period returns, include these adjustments as part of your tax liability for the current quarter. If you filed Form 843 to claim a refund for a prior period overpayment, your tax liability does not change for either the prior period or the current period for purposes of the lookback rule.

Example: An employer originally reported a tax liability of $\$ 45,000$ for the four quarters in the lookback period ending June 30, 1996. The employer discovered during January 1997 that the tax during one of the lookback period quarters was understated by $\$ 10,000$ and corrected this error with an adjustment on the 1997 first quarter return. This employer is a monthly schedule depositor for 1997 since the lookback period tax liabilities are based on the amounts originally reported and they were less than $\$ 50,000$. The $\$ 10,000$ adjustment is part of the 1997 first quarter tax liability.

## Accuracy of Deposits Rule

You are required to deposit 100\% of your tax liability on or before the deposit due date. However, penalties will not be applied for depositing less than $100 \%$ if both of the following conditions are met:

1) Any deposit shortfall does not exceed the greater of $\$ 100$ or $2 \%$ of the amount of taxes otherwise required to be deposited, and
2) The deposit shortfall is paid or deposited by the shortfall makeup date as described below.

- Monthly Schedule Depositor. Deposit or pay the shortfall with your return by the due date of the Form 941 for the period in which the shortfall occurred. You may pay the shortfall with Form 941 even if the amount is $\$ 500$ or more.
- Semiweekly Schedule Depositor. Deposit by the earlier of the first Wednesday or Friday that falls on or after the 15th of the month following the month in which the shortfall occurred, or, if earlier, the due date of Form 941. For example, if a semiweekly schedule depositor has a deposit shortfall during February 1997, the shortfall makeup date is March 19, 1997 (Wednesday). However, if the shortfall occurred on the required April 2 deposit date for a March 28, 1997, pay date, the return due date for the March 28 tax liability (April 30) would come before the May 16 (Friday) shortfall makeup date. In this case, the shortfall would have to be deposited by April 30.


## 12. Filing Form 941

Each quarter, all employers who pay wages subject to income tax withholding (including withholding on sick pay and supplemental unemployment benefits) or social security and Medicare taxes must file Form 941, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return. However, the following exceptions apply:

1) Seasonal employers who no longer file for quarters when they regularly have no tax liability because they have paid no wages. To alert the IRS that you will not have to file a return for one or more quarters during the year, mark the Seasonal employer box above line 1 on Form 941. The IRS will mail two Forms 941 to the seasonal filer once a year after March 1. The preprinted label will not include the date the quarter ended. You must enter the date the quarter ended when you file the return. The IRS will generally not inquire about unfiled returns if at least one taxable return is filed each year. However, you must mark
the Seasonal employer box on every quarterly return you file. Otherwise, the IRS will expect a return to be filed for each quarter.
2) Household employers reporting social security and Medicare taxes and/or withheld income tax. If you are a sole proprietor and file Form 941 for business employees, you may include taxes for household employees on your Form 941. Otherwise, for wages paid after 1994, report social security and Medicare taxes and income tax withholding for household employees on Schedule H (Form 1040), Household Employment Taxes. See Pub. 926, Household Employer's Tax Guide, for more information.
3) Employers reporting wages for employees in American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Puerto Rico. If the employees are not subject to U.S. income tax withholding, use Form 941-SS. Employers in Puerto Rico use Form 941PR.
4) Agricultural employers reporting social security and Medicare taxes and withheld income tax. Report these on Form 943, Employer's Annual Tax Return for Agricultural Employees.

Magnetic tape filing of Form 941.- Reporting agents filing Forms 941 for groups of taxpayers can file them on magnetic tape. See the reporting agent discussion in section 8 of Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, for more information.

Penalties.- For each whole or part month a return is not filed when required (disregarding any extensions of the filing deadline), there is a penalty of $5 \%$ of the unpaid tax due with that return. The maximum penalty is $25 \%$. Also, for each whole or part month the tax is paid late (disregarding any extensions of the payment deadline), a penalty of $0.5 \%$ of the amount of tax generally applies. The maximum for this penalty is also $25 \%$. The penalties will not be charged if there is an acceptable reason for failing to file or pay.

Use of a reporting agent or other third-party payroll service provider does not relieve an employer of the responsibility to ensure that tax returns are filed and all taxes are paid or deposited correctly and on time.

Do not file more than one Form 941 per quarter.Employers with multiple locations or divisions must file only one Form 941 per quarter. Filing more than one return may result in processing delays and may require correspondence between you and the IRS.

Hints on filing.- Do not report more than one calendar quarter on a return.

Use the preaddressed form mailed to you. If you don't have the form, get one from any IRS office in time to file the return when due. If you use a form that is not preaddressed, please show your name and EIN on it.

Be sure they are exactly as they appeared on earlier returns. See the Instructions for Form 941 for suggestions for preparing the form.

Final return.- If you go out of business, you must file a final return for the last quarter in which wages are paid. If you continue to pay wages or other compensation for quarters following termination of your business, you must file returns for those quarters. See the Form 941 instructions for details on how to file a final return.

Note: If you are required to file a final Form 941, you are also required to furnish Form W-2 to your employees by the due date of the final Form 941. File Forms W-2 and $W-3$ with the SSA by the last day of the month following the due date of your final Form 941. See the Instructions for Form W-2 for more information.

Filing late Forms 941 for prior years.- If you are filing an original return for a quarter in a prior year and you are using the current year form, you will have to modify Form 941.

Caution: The instructions on the form may be inappropriate for the year for which you are reporting taxes because of changes in the law, regulations, or procedures. Contact the IRS if you have any questions. The revision date (found under the form number at the top of the form) will tell you the year for which the form was developed.

Note: A form for a particular year can generally be used without modification for any quarter within that year. For example, a form with any 1997 revision date (e.g., January or October 1997) can generally be used without modification for any quarter of 1997.

In all cases, however, be sure to correctly fill out the "Date quarter ended " section at the top of the form. If you are modifying a form with preprinted information, change the date (the date is shown with the month and year the quarter ends; for example, JUN97 would be for the quarter ending June 30, 1997). Cross out any inapplicable tax rate(s) shown on the form and write in the rate from the chart below. You can get tax rates and wage bases for years not shown in the table from the IRS.

Table 3. Social Security and Medicare Tax Rates (For 3 prior years.)

| Calendar Year | Wage Base <br> (each <br> employee) | Tax Rate on <br> Taxable <br> Wages and <br> Tips |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1996-Social Security | $\$ 62,700$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| 1996-Medicare | All Wages | 2.9 |
| 1995-Social Security | 61,200 | 12.4 |
| 1995-Medicare | All Wages | 2.9 |
| 1994-Social Security | 60,600 | 12.4 |
| 1994-Medicare | All Wages | 2.9 |

Reconciling Forms W-2, W-3, and 941.- When there are discrepancies between Forms 941 filed with the IRS and Forms W-2 and W-3 filed with the SSA, we must contact you to resolve the discrepancies. This costs time and money, both for the Government and for you the employer.

To help reduce discrepancies-

1) Report bonuses as wages and as social security and Medicare wages on Forms W-2 and 941.
2) Report both social security and Medicare wages and taxes separately on Forms W-2, W-3, and 941.
3) Report social security taxes on Form W-2 in the box for social security tax withheld, not as social security wages.
4) Report Medicare taxes on Form W-2 in the box for Medicare tax withheld, not as Medicare wages.
5) Make sure social security wage amounts for each employee do not exceed the annual social security wage base.
6) Do not report noncash wages that are not subject to social security or Medicare taxes as social security or Medicare wages.
7) If you used an EIN on any quarterly Form 941 for the year that is different from the EIN reported on Form W-3, enter the other EIN on Form W-3 in the box for "Other EIN used this year."

To reduce the discrepancies between amounts reported on Forms W-2, W-3, and 941-

1) Be sure the amounts on Form W-3 are the total amounts from Forms W-2.
2) Reconcile Form W-3 with your four quarterly Forms 941 by comparing amounts reported for-

- Income tax withholding.
- Social security wages, social security tips, and Medicare wages and tips. Form W-3 should include Form 941 adjustments only for the current
year (i.e., if the Form 941 adjustments include amounts for a prior year, do not report those prior year adjustments on the current-year Forms W-2 and W-3).
- Social security and Medicare taxes. The amounts shown on the four quarterly Forms 941, including current-year adjustments, should be approximately twice the amounts shown on Form W-3. This is because Form 941 includes both the employer and employee shares of social security and Medicare taxes.
- Advance earned income credit.

Do not report on Form 941 backup withholding or income tax withholding on nonpayroll payments such as pensions, annuities, and gambling winnings. Nonpayroll withholding must be reported on Form 945 (see the separate Instructions for Form 945 for details). Income tax withholding required to be reported on Forms 1099 or W-2G must be reported on Form 945 . Only taxes and withholding properly reported on Form W-2 should be reported on Form 941.

Amounts reported on Forms W-2, W-3, and 941 may not match for valid reasons. If they do not match, you should determine that the reasons are valid. Keep your reconciliation so you will have a record of why amounts did not match in case there are inquiries from the IRS or the SSA.

## 13. Reporting Adjustments on Form 941

There are two types of adjustments: current period adjustments and adjustments to correct errors on prior period returns. See the instructions for Forms 941 and 941c for more information on how to report these adjustments.

## Current Period Adjustments

In certain cases, amounts reported as social security and Medicare taxes on lines 6a, 6b, and 7 of Form 941 must be adjusted to arrive at your correct tax liability (e.g., excluding amounts withheld by a third-party payer or amounts you were not required to withhold). Current period adjustments are reported on line 9 of Form 941 and include the following:

Adjustment of tax on tips.- If, by the 10th of the month after the month you received an employee's report on tips, you do not have enough employee funds available to withhold the employee's share of social security and Medicare taxes, you no longer have to collect it. Report the entire amount of these tips on lines 6 b (social security tips) and 7 (Medicare wages and tips). Include as an adjustment on line 9 the total uncollected employee share of the social security and Medicare taxes.

Adjustment of group-term life insurance premiums paid for former employees. - The employee share of social security and Medicare taxes on groupterm life insurance over $\$ 50,000$ for a former employee is paid by the former employee with his or her tax return and is not collected by the employer. However, include all social security and Medicare taxes for such coverage on lines $6 a$ and 7 (social security and Medicare taxes), and back out the amount of the employee share of these taxes as an adjustment on line 9. See Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, for more information on group-term life insurance.

Note: Also enter the amount of the above adjustments in the "Other" adjustment entry space and provide a brief supporting statement explaining the nature and amount of the adjustments (see the example below). Do not use Form 941c as the supporting statement for current period adjustments.

Adjustment of tax on third-party sick pay.-Report both the employer and employee shares of social security and Medicare taxes for sick pay on lines 6a and 7 of Form 941 . Deduct on line 9 the social security and Medicare taxes on third-party sick pay for which you are not responsible. Also enter the sick pay adjustment in the "Sick Pay" adjustment entry space. No additional statement for this adjustment is required. See section 7 of Pub. 15-A for more information.

Fractions of cents adjustment.- If there is a difference between the total tax on line 8 and the total deducted from your employees' wages or tips plus the employer's contribution, and this difference is caused by adding or dropping fractions of cents in collecting the tax, report the difference on line 9. Also enter the amount of this adjustment in the entry space for "Fractions of Cents." No additional statement for this adjustment is required.

Example of reporting current period adjustments: Cedar Inc. was entitled to the following current period adjustments:

- Third-party sick pay: It included taxes of $\$ 2,000$ for sick pay on lines 6a and 7 for social security and Medicare taxes. However, the third-party payer of the sick pay withheld and paid to the IRS the employee share $(\$ 1,000)$ of these taxes. Cedar Inc. is entitled to a $\$ 1,000$ sick pay adjustment (negative).
- Fractions of cents: Cedar Inc. determined that the amounts calculated and deposited for social security and Medicare taxes during the quarter were a net $\$ 10$ more than the amount figured on lines 6a and 7 (social security and Medicare taxes). This difference was caused by adding or dropping fractions of cents when figuring employment taxes for each wage payment. It must report a $\$ 10$ fractions-of-cents adjustment (positive).
- Life insurance premiums: Cedar Inc. paid groupterm life insurance premiums for policies in excess

of $\$ 50,000$ for former employees. The former employees must pay the employee share of the social security and Medicare taxes (\$200) on the policies. However, Cedar Inc. must include the employee share of these taxes with the social security and Medicare taxes reported on lines 6a and 7 of Form 941. It is entitled to a $\$ 200$ adjustment (negative).

Cedar Inc. reported these adjustments on line 9 of Form 941 as shown in the Current Period Adjustment Example above. A brief supporting statement was filed with Form 941 explaining the life insurance adjustment, including the amount of the adjustment.

## Prior Period Adjustments

Generally, you can correct errors on prior period Forms 941 by making an adjustment on the Form 941 for the quarter during which the error was discovered. For example, if you made an error in reporting social security tax on your second quarter 1996 Form 941 and discovered the error during January 1997, correct the error by making an adjustment on your first quarter 1997 Form 941.

The adjustment increases or decreases your tax liability for the quarter in which it is reported (the quarter the error is discovered) and is interest free. The net adjustments reported on Form 941 may include any number of corrections for one or more previous quarters, including both overpayments and underpayments.

You are required to provide background information and certifications supporting prior period adjustments. File with Form 941 a Form 941c, Supporting Statement To Correct Information, or attach a statement that shows:

- What the error was.
- Quarter in which the error was made.
- The amount of the error for each quarter.
- Date on which you found the error.
- That you repaid the employee tax or received from each affected employee a written consent to this refund or credit, if the entry corrects an overcollection.
- If the entry corrects social security and Medicare taxes overcollected in an earlier year, that you received from the employee a written statement that he or she will not claim a refund or credit for the amount.

Do not file Form 941c or the equivalent supporting statement separately. The IRS will not be able to process your adjustments without this supporting information. See the instructions for Form 941c for more information.

Income tax withholding adjustments.- Correct prior period income tax withholding errors by making an adjustment on line 4 of Form 941 for the quarter during which you discovered the error.

Note: You may make an adjustment to correct income tax withholding errors only for quarters during the same calendar year. This is because the employee uses the amount shown on Form W-2 as a credit when filing the income tax return (Form 1040, etc.).

You cannot adjust amounts reported as income tax withheld in a prior calendar year unless it is to correct an administrative error. An administrative error occurs if the amount you entered on Form 941 is not the amount you actually withheld. For example, if the total income tax actually withheld was incorrectly reported on Form 941 due to a mathematical or transposition error, this would be an administrative error. The administrative error adjustment corrects the amount reported on Form 941 to agree with the amount actually withheld from employees.

Social security and Medicare tax adjustments.Correct prior period social security and Medicare tax errors by making an adjustment on line 9 of Form 941 for the quarter during which you discovered the error. You may report adjustments on Form 941 for previous quarters in the current and prior years.


Reporting prior period adjustments on the record of Federal tax liability.- Adjustments to correct errors in prior periods must be taken into account on either Form 941, Line 17, Monthly Summary of Federal Tax Liability, or on Schedule B (Form 941), Employer's Record of Federal Tax Liability.

If the adjustment corrects an underreported liability in a prior quarter, report the adjustment on the entry space corresponding to the date the error was discovered. If the adjustment corrects an overreported liability, use the adjustment amount as a credit to offset subsequent liabilities until it is used up.

Example of reporting prior period adjustments: Elm Co., a monthly schedule depositor, discovered on January 10, 1997, that it overreported social security tax on a prior quarter return by $\$ 5,000$. Its total tax liabilities for the first quarter of 1997 were: January$\$ 4,500$, February- $\$ 4,500$, and March- $\$ 4,500$. Elm Co. completed line 17 of Form 941 as shown in the Prior Period Adjustment Example above.

The adjustment for the $\$ 5,000$ overreported liability offset the January liability, so the $\$ 4,500$ liability was not deposited and a - 0 -liability was reported on line 17, column (a). The remaining $\$ 500$ of the $\$ 5,000$ adjustment credit was used to partially offset the liabilities for February, so only $\$ 4,000$ of the $\$ 4,500$ liability was deposited and reported on line 17, column (b).

Note: Do not make any changes to the record of Federal tax liability for current period adjustments. The amounts reported on the record reflect the actual amounts you withheld from employees' wages for social security and Medicare taxes. Because the current period adjustments make the amounts reported on lines $6 a, 6 b$, and 7 of Form 941 equal the actual amounts you withheld (the amounts reported on the record), no additional changes to the record of Federal tax liability are necessary for these adjustments.

Filing a claim for overreported prior period liabili-ties.- If you discover an error on a prior quarter return resulting in a tax overpayment, you may file Form 843,

Claim for Refund and Request for Abatement, for a refund. This form also can be used to request an abatement of an overassessment of employment taxes, interest, and/or penalties. You must file Form 941c, or an equivalent statement, with Form 843. See the separate Instructions for Form 843.

Collecting underwithheld taxes from employees.If you withheld no income, social security, or Medicare taxes or less than the right amount from an employee's wages, you can make it up from later pay to that employee. But you are the one who owes the underpayment to the IRS. Reimbursement is up to you and the employee. Underwithheld income tax must be recovered from the employee on or before the last day of the calendar year. There are special rules for tax on tips (see section 6) and fringe benefits (see section 5).

Refunding amounts incorrectly withheld from employees. - If you withheld more than the right amount of income, social security, or Medicare taxes from wages paid, give the employee the excess. Any excess income tax withholding must be reimbursed to the employee prior to the end of the calendar year. Keep in your records the employee's written receipt showing the date and amount of the repayment. If you don't have a receipt, you must report and pay each excess amount when you file the return for the quarter in which you withheld too much tax.

Correcting filed Form W-2 and W-3 statements.When adjustments are made to correct social security and Medicare taxes because of a change in the wage totals reported for a previous year, you also may need to file Form W-2c, Corrected Wage and Tax Statement, and Form W-3c, Transmittal of Corrected Wage and Tax Statements.

## Wage Repayments

If employees repay you for wages received in error, do not offset the repayments against current-year wages
unless the repayments are for amounts received in error in the current year.

Repayment of current year wages.- If you receive repayments for wages paid during a prior quarter in the current year, report adjustments on Form 941 to recover income tax withholding and social security and Medicare taxes for the repaid wages (as discussed above). Report the adjustments on Form 941 for the quarter during which the repayment occurred.

Repayment of prior year wages.- If you receive repayments for wages paid during a prior year, report an adjustment on the Form 941 for the quarter during which the repayment was made to recover the social security and Medicare taxes. Instead of making an adjustment on Form 941, you may file a claim for these taxes using Form 843. You may not make an adjustment for income tax withholding because the wages were paid during a prior year.

You also must file Form W-2c with the SSA to correct social security and Medicare wages and tax. Do not correct wages (line 1) on Form W-2c for the amount paid in error. Give a copy of Form W-2c to the employee.

Note: The wages paid in error in the prior year remain taxable to the employee for that year. This is because the employee received and had use of those funds during that year. The employee is not entitled to file an amended return (Form 1040X) to recover the income tax on these wages. Instead, the employee is entitled to a deduction (or credit in some cases) for the repaid wages on his or her income tax return for the year of repayment.

## 14. Filing Form 940 or 940-EZ

The Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), with state unemployment systems, provides for payments of unemployment compensation to workers who have lost their jobs. Most employers pay both a Federal and a state unemployment tax. Only the employer pays FUTA tax; it is not deducted from the employee's wages. For more information, see the Instructions for Form 940.

Reporting FUTA tax.- Use Form 940 or 940-EZ, Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return, to report this tax. The IRS will mail a preaddressed Form 940 or $940-$ EZ to you if you filed a return the year before. If you do not receive Form 940 or 940EZ, you can get the form by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

Form 940-EZ requirements.- You may be able to use Form 940-EZ if (1) you paid unemployment taxes ( "contributions") to only one state, (2) you paid these taxes by the due date of Form 940 or $940-E Z$, and (3) all wages that were taxable for FUTA tax purposes were also taxable for your state's unemployment tax. Otherwise, use Form 940. For example, if you paid wages to corporate officers (these wages are subject to FUTA tax) in a state that exempts these wages from its unemployment taxes, you cannot use Form 940-EZ.

## 15. Special Rules for Various Types of Services and Payments

(Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.)

| Special Classes of Employment and Special Types of Payments | Treatment Under Employment Taxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income Tax Withholding | Social Security and Medicare | Federal Unemployment |
| Aliens, nonresident. | See page 13 and Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Corporations, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens. |  |  |
| Aliens, resident: <br> 1. Service performed in the U.S. <br> 2. Service performed outside U.S. | Same as U.S. citizen. <br> Withhold | Same as U.S. citizen. (Exempt if any part of service as crew member of foreign vessel or aircraft is performed outside U.S.) <br> Taxable if (1) working for an American employer or (2) an American employer by agreement covers U.S. citizens and residents employed by its foreign affiliates. | Same as U.S. citizen. <br> Exempt unless on or in connection with an American vessel or aircraft and either performed under contract made in U.S. or alien is employed on such vessel or aircraft when it touches U.S. port. |
| Cafeteria plan benefits under section 125. | If employee chooses cash, subject to all employment taxes. If employee chooses another benefit, the treatment is the same as if the benefit were provided outside the plan. (See Pub.15-A for more information.) |  |  |
| Deceased worker: <br> 1. Wages paid to beneficiary or estate in same calendar year as worker's death. (See Instructions for Form W-2 for details.) <br> 2. Wages paid to beneficiary or estate after calendar year of worker's death. | Exempt <br> Exempt | Taxable <br> Exempt | Taxable <br> Exempt |
| Dependent care assistance programs (limited to \$5,000; \$2,500 if married filing separately). | Exempt to the extent it is reasonable to believe that amounts are excludable from gross income under section 129. |  |  |
| Disabled worker's wages paid after year in which worker became entitled to disability insurance benefits under the Social Security Act. | Withhold | Exempt, if worker did not perform any service for employer during period for which payment is made. | Taxable |
| Employee business expense reimbursement: <br> a. Accountable plan. <br> 1. Amounts not exceeding specified government rate for per diem or standard mileage. <br> 2. Amounts in excess of specified government rate for per diem or standard mileage. <br> b. Nonaccountable plan. <br> (See page 8 for details.) | Exempt <br> Withhold <br> Withhold | Exempt <br> Taxable <br> Taxable | Exempt <br> Taxable <br> Taxable |
| Fishing and related activities. | See Pub. 595, Tax Guide for Commercial Fishermen. |  |  |
| Foreign governments and international organizations. | Exempt | Exempt | Exempt |


| Special Classes of Employment and <br> Special Types of Payments | Treatment Under Employment Taxes |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Income Tax Withholding | Social Security and Medi- <br> care | Federal Unemployment |
| Foreign service by U.S. citizens: <br> 1. As U.S. government employee. | Withhold | Same as within U.S. | Exempt |


| Special Classes of Employment and <br> Special Types of Payments | Treatment Under Employment Taxes |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Income Tax Withholding | Social Security and Medi- <br> care | Federal Unemployment |
| Interest on loans with below-market interest <br> rates (foregone interest and deemed original issue <br> discount). (See Pub. 15-A for more information.) | Exempt (but deemed pay- <br> ments of compensation-re- <br> lated loans must be shown <br> on Form W-2). | Exempt, unless loans are <br> compensation related. | Exempt, unless loans are <br> compensation related. |
| Leave-sharingplans: Amounts paid to an em- <br> ployee pursuant to a leave-sharing plan. | Withhold |  |  |
| Newspaper carriers and vendors: Newspaper <br> carriers under age 18; newspaper and magazine <br> vendors buying at fixed prices and retaining receipts <br> from sales to customers. See Pub 15-A for informa- <br> tion on statutory nonemployee status. | Exempt (withhold if both <br> employer and employee <br> voluntarily agree). | Exempt | Taxable |


| Special Classes of Employment and Special Types of Payments | Treatment Under Employment Taxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income Tax Withholding | Social Security and Medicare | Federal Unemployment |
| Severance or dismissal pay. | Withhold | Taxable | Taxable |
| Service not in the course of the employer's trade or business, other than on a farm operated for profit or for household employment in private homes. | Withhold only if employee earns $\$ 50$ or more in cash in a quarter and works on 24 or more different days in that quarter or in the preceding quarter. | Taxable if employee receives $\$ 100$ or more in a calendar year. | Taxable only if employee earns $\$ 50$ or more in cash in a quarter and works on 24 or more different days in that quarter or in the preceding quarter. |
| Sick pay. <br> (See Pub.15-A for more information.) | Withhold. | Exempt after end of 6 calendar months after the calendar month employee last worked for employer. | Exempt after end of 6 calendar months after the calendar month employee last worked for employer. |
| State governments and political subdivisions, employees of: <br> 1. Fees of public official. <br> 2. Salaries and wages. | Exempt <br> Withhold | Taxable if certain transportation services or if covered by a section 218 (Social Security Act) agreement. <br> Taxable (1) for services performed by employees who are not members of retirement systems of employers and (2) (for Medicare tax only) for employees not otherwise covered by a section 218 agreement and hired after 3/31/86. | Exempt <br> Exempt |
| Students, scholars, trainees, teachers, etc.: <br> 1. Student enrolled and regularly attending classes, performing services for: <br> a. Private school, college, or university. <br> b. Auxiliary nonprofit organization operated for and controlled by school, college, or university. <br> c. Public school, college, or university. | Withhold <br> Withhold <br> Withhold | Exempt <br> Exempt unless services are covered by a section 218 (Social Security Act) agreement. <br> Exempt unless services are covered by a section 218 (Social Security Act) agreement. | Exempt <br> Exempt <br> Exempt |
| 2. Full-time student performing service for academic credit, combining instruction with work experience as an integral part of the program. | Withhold | Taxable | Exempt unless program was established for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers. |
| 3. Student nurse performing part-time services for nominal earnings at hospital as incidental part of training. | Withhold | Exempt | Exempt |
| 4. Student employed by organized camps. | Withhold | Taxable | Exempt |
| 5. Student, scholar, trainee, teacher, etc., as nonimmigrant alien under section 101(a)(15)(F), (J), (M), or (Q) of Immigration and Nationality Act (i.e., aliens holding $\mathrm{F}-1, \mathrm{~J}-1, \mathrm{M}-1$, or $\mathrm{Q}-1$ visas). | Withhold unless excepted by regulations. | Exempt if service is perform section 101 (a)(15)(F), (J), (M Nationality Act. | d for purpose specified in , or (Q) of Immigration and |
| Supplemental unemployment compensation plan benefits. | Withhold | Exempt | Exempt |
| Tips: <br> 1. If $\$ 20$ or more in a month. <br> 2. If less than $\$ 20$ in a month. (See section 6 for more information.) | Withhold <br> Exempt | Taxable <br> Exempt | Taxable for all tips reported in writing to employer. <br> Exempt |
| Worker's compensation. | Exempt | Exempt | Exempt |

# 16. How To Use the Income Tax Withholding and Advance Earned Income Credit (EIC) Payment Tables 

## Income Tax Withholding

There are several ways to figure income tax withholding. The following methods of withholding are based on information you get from your employees on Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate. See section 9 for more information on Form W-4.

## Wage Bracket Method

Under the wage bracket method, find the proper table (on pages 36 through 55) for your payroll period and the employee's marital status as shown on his or her Form W-4. Then, based on the number of withholding allowances claimed on the Form W-4 and the amount of wages, find the amount of tax to withhold. If your employee is claiming more than 10 withholding allowances, see below.

Note: If you cannot use the wage bracket tables because wages exceed the amount shown in the last bracket of the table, use the percentage method of withholding described below. Be sure to reduce wages by the amount of total withholding allowances in Table 5 before using the percentage method tables (pages 3435).

Adjusting wage bracket withholding for employees claiming more than 10 withholding allowances.The wage bracket tables can be used if an employee claims up to 10 allowances. More than 10 allowances may be claimed because of the special withholding allowance, additional allowances for deductions and credits, and the system itself.

To adapt the tables to more than 10 allowances:

1) Multiply the number of withholding allowances over 10 by the allowance value for the payroll period. (The allowance values are in Table 5, Percentage Method-1997 Amount for One Withholding AIlowance below.)
2) Subtract the result from the employee's wages.
3) On this amount, find and withhold the tax in the column for 10 allowances.

This is a voluntary method. If you use the wage bracket tables, you may continue to withhold the amount in the " 10 " column when your employee has more than 10 allowances, using the method above. You can also use any other method described below.

## Percentage Method

If you do not want to use the wage bracket tables on pages $36-55$ to figure how much income tax to withhold, you can use a percentage computation based on the table below and the appropriate rate table. This method works for any number of withholding allowances the employee claims and any amount of wages.

Use these steps to figure the income tax to withhold under the percentage method:

1) Multiply one withholding allowance (see table below) by the number of allowances the employee claims.
2) Subtract that amount from the employee's wages.
3) Determine the amount to withhold from the appropriate table on pages 34 and 35 .

Table 5. Percentage Method-Amount for One Withholding Allowance

| Payroll Period | One Withholding Allowance |
| :---: | :---: |
| Weekly | \$ 50.96 |
| Biweekly | 101.92 |
| Semimonthly | 110.42 |
| Monthly. | 220.83 |
| Quarterly | 662.50 |
| Semiannually ................. | 1,325.00 |
| Annually ..................... | 2,650.00 |
| Daily or miscellaneous (each day of the payroll period) ....... | 10.19 |

Example: An unmarried employee is paid $\$ 450$ weekly. This employee has in effect a Form W-4 claiming two withholding allowances. Using the percentage method, figure the income tax to withhold as follows:

1. Total wage payment
$\$ 450.00$
2. One allowance......................... $\$ 50.96$
3. Allowances claimed on Form W-4
4. Multiply line 2 by line 3 $\$ 101.92$
5. Amount subject to withholding (subtract line 4 from line 1)
$\$ 348.08$
6. Tax to be withheld on $\$ 348.08$ from Table 1-single person, page 34 \$ 44.56

To figure the income tax to withhold, you may reduce the last digit of the wages to zero, or figure the wages to the nearest dollar.

Annual income tax withholding.-Figure the income tax to withhold on annual wages under the Percentage

Method for an annual payroll period. Then prorate the tax back to the payroll period.

Example: A married person claims four withholding allowances. She is paid $\$ 1,000$ a week. Multiply the weekly wages by 52 weeks to figure the annual wage of $\$ 52,000$. Subtract \$10,600 (the value of four withholding allowances for a year) for a balance of $\$ 41,400$. Using the table for the annual payroll period, $\$ 5,242.50$ is withheld. Divide the annual tax by 52 . The weekly tax is \$100.82.

## Alternative Methods of Income Tax Withholding

Rather than the Percentage or Wage Bracket Methods described above, you can use an alternative method to withhold income tax. Pub. 15-A, Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, describes these alternative methods and contains:

1) Formula tables for percentage method withholding (for automated payroll systems).
2) Wage bracket percentage method tables (for automated payroll systems).
3) Combined income, social security, and Medicare tax withholding tables.

Some alternative methods explained in Pub. 15-A are annualized wages, average estimated wages, cumulative wages, and part-year employment.

## Advance Payment Methods for the Earned Income Credit (EIC)

To figure the advance EIC payment, you may use either the Wage Bracket Method or the Percentage Method explained below. You may use other methods for figuring advance EIC payments if the amount of the payment is about the same as it would be using tables in this booklet. See the tolerances allowed in the chart in section 10 of Pub. 15-A. See section 10 in this booklet for an explanation of the advance payment of the EIC.

The number of withholding allowances an employee claims on Form W-4 is not used in figuring the advance EIC payment. Nor does it matter that the employee has claimed exemption from income tax withholding on Form W-4.

## Wage Bracket Method

If you use the wage bracket tables on pages 58 through 61, figure the advance EIC payment as follows.

Find the employee's gross wages before any deductions using the appropriate table. There are different tables for (a) single or married employees without spouse filing a certificate and (b) married employees with both spouses filing certificates. Determine the amount of the advance EIC payment shown in the appropriate table for the amount of wages paid.

## Percentage Method

If you do not want to use the wage bracket tables to figure how much to include in an employee's wages for the advance EIC payment, you can use the percentage method based on the appropriate rate table on pages 56 and 57.

Find the employee's gross wages before any deductions in the appropriate table on pages 56 and 57. There are different tables for (a) single or married employees without spouse filing a certificate and (b) married employees with both spouses filing certificates. Find the advance EIC payment shown in the appropriate table for the amount of wages paid.

## Whole-Dollar Withholding and Paying Advance EIC (Rounding)

The income tax withholding amounts in the wage bracket tables (pages 36 through 55) have been rounded to whole-dollar amounts.

When employers use the percentage method (pages 34 and 35 ) or an alternative method of income tax withholding, the tax for the pay period may be rounded to the nearest dollar.

The wage bracket tables for advance EIC payments (pages 58 through 61) have also been rounded to whole-dollar amounts. If you use the percentage method for advance EIC payments (pages 56 and 57), the payments may be rounded to the nearest dollar.

If rounding is used, it must be used consistently. Withheld tax amounts should be rounded to the nearest whole dollar by (1) dropping amounts under 50 cents and (2) increasing amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next higher dollar.

# Tables for Percentage Method of Withholding <br> (For Wages Paid in 1997) 

## TABLE 1-WEEKLY Payroll Period

| (a) SINGLE person (including head of household)- |  |  |  | (b) MARRIED person- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If the am (after sub withhold | unt of wages tracting allowances) is | The amount of inco to withhold is: | me tax | If the amount of wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) is: |  | The amount of income tax to withhold is: |  |
| Not ov | 51 | \$0 |  | Not o | 124 | \$0 |  |
| Over- | But not over- |  | of excess over- | Over- | But not over- |  | of excess over- |
| \$51 | -\$503 | 15\% | -\$51 | \$124 | -\$874 | 15\% | -\$124 |
| \$503 | -\$1,067 | \$67.80 plus 28\% | -\$503 | \$874 | -\$1,786 | \$112.50 plus 28\% | -\$874 |
| \$1,067 | -\$2,426 | \$225.72 plus 31\% | -\$1,067 | \$1,786 | -\$3,000 | \$367.86 plus 31\% | -\$1,786 |
| \$2,426 | -\$5,241 | \$647.01 plus 36\% | -\$2,426 | \$3,000 | -\$5,294 | \$744.20 plus 36\% | -\$3,000 |
| \$5,241 | . . . . . | \$1,660.41 plus 39. | 6\% - \$5,241 | \$5,294 |  | \$1,570.04 plus 39. | 6\% - \$5,294 |

## TABLE 2-BIWEEKLY Payroll Period

(a) SINGLE person (including head of household)-

If the amount of wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) is:

The amount of income tax

Not over \$102.

| Over- | But not over- |  |  | of excess over- |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\$ 102$ | $-\$ 1,006$ | . | $.15 \%$ | $-\$ 102$ |
| $\$ 1,006$ | $-\$ 2,135$ | . | .$\$ 135.60$ plus $28 \%$ | $-\$ 1,006$ |
| $\$ 2,135$ | $-\$ 4,852$ | . | .$\$ 451.72$ plus $31 \%$ | $-\$ 2,135$ |
| $\$ 4,852$ | $-\$ 10,483$ | . | $. \$ 1,293.99$ plus $36 \%$ | $-\$ 4,852$ |
| $\$ 10,483$ | . | . | . | . |$\$ 3,321.15$ plus $39.6 \%-\$ 10,483$

## (b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages
(after subtracting
withholding allowances) is:
The amount of income tax

Not over \$248
$\left.\begin{array}{rclr}\text { Over- } & \text { But not over- } & & \text { of excess over- } \\ \$ 248 & -\$ 1,748 . & . & 15 \% \\ \$ 1,748 & -\$ 3,571 & . & \$ 225.00 \text { plus } 28 \%\end{array}\right)-\$ 1,748$

## TABLE 3-SEMIMONTHLY Payroll Period

| (a) SINGLE person (including head of household)- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If the amount of wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) is: |  | The amount of income tax to withhold is: |  |
| Not over | \$110 | \$0 |  |
| Over- | But not over- |  | of excess over- |
| \$110 | -\$1,090 | 15\% | -\$110 |
| \$1,090 | -\$2,313 | \$147.00 plus 28\% | -\$1,090 |
| \$2,313 | -\$5,256 | \$489.44 plus 31\% | -\$2,313 |
| \$5,256 | -\$11,356 | \$1,401.77 plus 36\% | \% -\$5,256 |
| \$11,356. |  | \$3,597.77 plus 39.6 | 6\% - \$11,356 |

## (b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages
(after subtracting
withholding allowances) is:
Not over \$269

| Over- | But not over- |  | of excess over- |  |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 269$ | $-\$ 1,894$. | . | $15 \%$ | $-\$ 269$ |
| $\$ 1,894$ | $-\$ 3,869$. | . | $\$ 243.75$ plus $28 \%$ | $-\$ 1,894$ |
| $\$ 3,869$ | $-\$ 6,500$. | . | $\$ 796.75$ plus $31 \%$ | $-\$ 3,869$ |
| $\$ 6,500$ | $-\$ 11,471$ | . | $\$ 1,612.36$ plus $36 \%$ | $-\$ 6,500$ |
| $\$ 11,471$ | . | . | . | . |

## TABLE 4-MONTHLY Payroll Period

(a) SINGLE person (including head of household)-

If the amount of wages
(after subtracting
withholding allowances) is:
Not over \$221

| Over- | But not over- | of excess over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$221 | -\$2,179 | 15\% | -\$221 |
| \$2,179 | -\$4,625 | \$293.70 plus 28\% | -\$2,179 |
| \$4,625 | -\$10,513 | \$978.58 plus 31\% | -\$4,625 |
| \$10,513 | -\$22,713 | \$2,803.86 plus 36\% | -\$10,513 |
| \$22,713 |  | \$7,195.86 plus 39.6\% | -\$22,713 |

(b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages (after subtracting
withholding allowances) is:
Not over \$538

| Over- | But not over- | of excess over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$538 | -\$3,788 | 15\% | -\$538 |
| \$3,788 | -\$7,738 | \$487.50 plus 28\% | -\$3,788 |
| \$7,738 | -\$13,000 | \$1,593.50 plus 31\% | -\$7,738 |
| \$13,000 | -\$22,942 | \$3,224.72 plus 36\% | -\$13,000 |
| \$22,942 |  | \$6,803.84 plus 39.6\% | -\$22,942 |

# Tables for Percentage Method of Withholding (Continued) 

(For Wages Paid in 1997)

## TABLE 5-QUARTERLY Payroll Period

| (a) SINGLE person (including head of household)- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If the amount of wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) is: |  | The amount of income tax to withhold is: |  |
| Not over | \$663 | \$0 |  |
| Over- | But not over- |  | of excess ove |
| \$663 | -\$6,538 | 15\% | -\$663 |
| \$6,538 | -\$13,875 | \$881.25 plus 28\% | -\$6,538 |
| \$13,875 | -\$31,538 | \$2,935.61 plus 31\% | \% -\$13,875 |
| \$31,538 | -\$68,138 | \$8,411.14 plus 36\% | \% - \$31,538 |
| \$68,138 |  | \$21,587.14 plus 39.6 | 9.6\% - \$68,138 |

(b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages
(after subtracting
withholding allowances) is:
Not over \$1,613

| Over- | But not over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1,613$ | $-\$ 11,363$. | . |
| $\$ 11,363$ | $-\$ 23,213$ | . |
| $\$ 23,213$ | $-\$ 39,000$ | . |
| $\$ 39,000$ | $-\$ 68,825$ | . |
| $\$ 68,825$ | . | . |
|  | . | . |

The amount of income tax to withhold is:

## \$0

| of excess over- |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $-\$ 1,613$ |  |
| $15 \%$ | $-\$ 11,363$ |
| $\$ 1,462.50$ plus $28 \%$ | $-\$ 23,213$ |
| $\$ 4,780.50$ plus $31 \%$ | $-\$ 39,000$ |
| $\$ 9,674.47$ plus 36\% | $-\$ 68,825$ |
| $\$ 20,411.47$ plus $39.6 \%$ | $-\$ 6$ |

## TABLE 6-SEMIANNUAL Payroll Period

## (b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages (after subtracting The amount of income tax withholding allowances) is: to withhold is:
Not over \$3,225
\$0
Over- But not over-

| Over- | But not over- | of excess over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$3,225 | -\$22,725 | 15\% | -\$3,225 |
| \$22,725 | -\$46,425 | \$2,925.00 plus 28\% | -\$22,725 |
| \$46,425 | -\$78,000 | \$9,561.00 plus 31\% | -\$46,425 |
| \$78,000 | -\$137,650 | \$19,349.25 plus 36\% | -\$78,000 |
| \$137,650 | . . . . . | \$40,823.25 plus 39.6\% | -\$137,650 |

## TABLE 7-ANNUAL Payroll Period

(a) SINGLE person (including head of household)-

If the amount of wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) is:

The amount of income tax to withhold is:
Not over \$2,650 . . . . \$0

| Over- | But not over- | of excess over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$2,650 | -\$26,150 | 15\% | -\$2,650 |
| \$26,150 | -\$55,500 | \$3,525.00 plus 28\% | -\$26,150 |
| \$55,500 | -\$126,150 | \$11,743.00 plus 31\% | -\$55,500 |
| \$126,150 | -\$272,550 | \$33,644.50 plus 36\% | -\$126,150 |
| \$272,550 |  | \$86,348.50 plus 39.6\% | -\$272,550 |

## (b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages
(after subtracting
withholding allowances) is:
Not over \$6,450
Over- But not over-
The amount of income tax
\$6,450 - \$45,450
\$45,450 - \$92,850
\$92,850 - \$156,000
\$156,000 - \$275,300
\$275,300.
to withhold is:
\$0
of excess over-
15\%

- $\$ 6,450$
$\$ 5,850.00$ plus $28 \% \quad-\$ 45,450$
$\$ 19,122.00$ plus $31 \% \quad-\$ 92,850$
$\$ 38,698.50$ plus $36 \%-\$ 156,000$
$\$ 81,646.50$ plus $39.6 \%-\$ 275,300$

|  | of excess over- |
| :--- | ---: |
| $15 \%$ | $-\$ 6,450$ |
| $\$ 5,850.00$ plus $28 \%$ | $-\$ 45,450$ |
| $\$ 19,122.00$ plus $31 \%$ | $-\$ 92,850$ |
| $\$ 38,698.50$ plus $36 \%$ | $-\$ 156,000$ |
| $\$ 81,646.50$ plus $39.6 \%$ | $-\$ 275,300$ |

## TABLE 8-DAILY or MISCELLANEOUS Payroll Period

(a) SINGLE person (including head of household)-

If the amount of wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) divided by the number of days in the payroll period is:
Not over \$10.20
Over- But not over-

| $\$ 10.20$ | $-\$ 100.60$ | . | $15 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 100.60$ | $-\$ 213.50$ | . | $\$ 13.56$ plus $28 \%$ |
| $\$ 213.50$ | $-\$ 485.20$ | . | $-\$ 10.20$ |
| $\$ 485.20$ | $-\$ 1,048.30$ | . | plus $31 \%$ |

The amount of income tax to withhold per day is: \$0
. 12 plus 39.6\%

## (b) MARRIED person-

If the amount of wages (after
subtracting withholding
allowances) divided by the number of days in the payroll period is:
Not over \$24.80
Over- But not over-
The amount of income tax to withhold per day is:

| $\$ 24.80$ | $-\$ 174.80$ |  | $15 \%$ | $-\$ 24.80$ |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 174.80$ | $-\$ 357.10$ | . | $\$ 22.50$ plus $28 \%$ | $-\$ 174.80$ |
| $\$ 357.10$ | $-\$ 600.00$ | . | $\$ 73.54$ plus $31 \%$ | $-\$ 357.10$ |
| $\$ 600.00-\$ 1,058.80$ | . | $\$ 148.84$ plus $36 \%$ | $-\$ 600.00$ |  |
| $\$ 1,058.80$ | . | . | . | $\$ 314.01$ plus $39.6 \%$ |$-\$ 1,058.80$


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0 \\ & 55 \\ & 60 \\ & 65 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 55 \\ 60 \\ 65 \\ 70 \\ 75 \end{array}$ | 0 1 2 2 3 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 80 \\ & 85 \\ & 90 \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ | 80 85 90 95 100 | 4 5 5 6 7 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 100 105 110 115 120 | 105 110 115 120 125 | 8 8 9 10 11 | 0 1 2 2 2 3 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 125 130 135 140 145 | 130 135 140 145 150 | 11 12 13 14 14 | 4 5 5 5 6 7 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 150 155 160 165 170 | 155 160 165 170 175 | 15 16 17 17 18 | 8 8 9 10 11 | 0 1 1 2 3 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 175 180 185 190 195 | 180 185 190 195 200 | 19 20 20 21 22 | 11 12 13 14 14 | 4 4 5 6 7 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 210 \\ & 220 \\ & 230 \\ & 240 \end{aligned}$ | 210 220 230 240 250 | 23 25 26 28 29 | 15 17 18 20 21 | 8 9 11 12 14 | 0 2 3 3 5 6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 260 \\ & 270 \\ & 280 \\ & 290 \end{aligned}$ | 260 270 280 290 300 | 31 32 34 35 37 | 23 24 26 27 29 | 15 17 18 20 21 | 8 9 11 12 14 | 0 2 3 5 5 6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 310 \\ & 320 \\ & 330 \\ & 340 \end{aligned}$ | 310 320 330 340 350 | 38 40 41 43 44 | 30 32 33 33 35 36 | 23 24 26 27 29 | 15 17 18 20 21 | 8 9 11 12 14 | 0 1 3 4 6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 350 \\ & 360 \\ & 370 \\ & 380 \\ & 390 \end{aligned}$ | 360 370 380 390 400 | 46 47 49 50 52 | 38 39 41 42 44 | 30 32 33 35 36 | 23 24 26 27 29 | 15 17 18 20 21 | 7 9 10 12 13 | 0 1 3 4 4 6 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 400 410 420 430 440 | 410 420 430 440 450 | 53 55 56 58 59 | 45 47 48 50 51 | 38 39 41 42 44 | 30 32 33 35 36 | 23 24 26 27 29 | 15 16 18 19 21 | 7 9 10 12 13 | 0 1 3 4 6 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 450 \\ & 460 \\ & 470 \\ & 480 \\ & 490 \end{aligned}$ | 460 470 480 490 500 | 61 62 64 65 67 | 53 54 56 57 59 | 45 47 48 50 51 | 38 39 41 42 44 | 30 32 33 35 36 | 22 <br> 24 <br> 25 <br> 27 <br> 28 | 15 16 18 19 21 | 7 9 10 12 13 | 0 1 2 4 5 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 510 \\ & 520 \\ & 530 \\ & 540 \end{aligned}$ | 510 520 530 540 550 | 68 71 74 77 80 | 60 62 63 65 66 | 53 54 56 56 57 59 | 45 47 48 50 51 | 38 39 41 42 44 | 30 31 33 34 36 36 | 22 <br> 24 <br> 25 <br> 27 <br> 28 | 15 16 18 19 21 | 7 8 10 11 13 | 0 1 2 4 5 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 550 \\ & 560 \\ & 570 \\ & 580 \\ & 590 \end{aligned}$ | 560 570 580 590 600 | 82 85 88 91 94 | 68 71 74 77 79 | 60 62 63 65 66 | 53 54 56 57 59 | 45 47 48 50 51 | 37 39 40 42 43 | 30 31 33 34 34 36 | 22 24 25 27 28 | 14 16 17 19 20 | 7 8 10 11 13 | 0 1 2 4 5 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$600 | \$610 | 96 | 82 | 68 | 60 | 53 | 45 | 37 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 7 |
| 610 | 620 | 99 | 85 | 71 | 62 | 54 | 46 | 39 | 31 | 23 | 16 | 8 |
| 620 | 630 | 102 | 88 | 73 | 63 | 56 | 48 | 40 | 33 | 25 | 17 | 10 |
| 630 | 640 | 105 | 91 | 76 | 65 | 57 | 49 | 42 | 34 | 26 | 19 | 11 |
| 640 | 650 | 108 | 93 | 79 | 66 | 59 | 51 | 43 | 36 | 28 | 20 | 13 |
| 650 | 660 | 110 | 96 | 82 | 68 | 60 | 52 | 45 | 37 | 29 | 22 | 14 |
| 660 | 670 | 113 | 99 | 85 | 70 | 62 | 54 | 46 | 39 | 31 | 23 | 16 |
| 670 | 680 | 116 | 102 | 87 | 73 | 63 | 55 | 48 | 40 | 32 | 25 | 17 |
| 680 | 690 | 119 | 105 | 90 | 76 | 65 | 57 | 49 | 42 | 34 | 26 | 19 |
| 690 | 700 | 122 | 107 | 93 | 79 | 66 | 58 | 51 | 43 | 35 | 28 | 20 |
| 700 | 710 | 124 | 110 | 96 | 82 | 68 | 60 | 52 | 45 | 37 | 29 | 22 |
| 710 | 720 | 127 | 113 | 99 | 84 | 70 | 61 | 54 | 46 | 38 | 31 | 23 |
| 720 | 730 | 130 | 116 | 101 | 87 | 73 | 63 | 55 | 48 | 40 | 32 | 25 |
| 730 | 740 | 133 | 119 | 104 | 90 | 76 | 64 | 57 | 49 | 41 | 34 | 26 |
| 740 | 750 | 136 | 121 | 107 | 93 | 79 | 66 | 58 | 51 | 43 | 35 | 28 |
| 750 | 760 | 138 | 124 | 110 | 96 | 81 | 67 | 60 | 52 | 44 | 37 | 29 |
| 760 | 770 | 141 | 127 | 113 | 98 | 84 | 70 | 61 | 54 | 46 | 38 | 31 |
| 770 | 780 | 144 | 130 | 115 | 101 | 87 | 73 | 63 | 55 | 47 | 40 | 32 |
| 780 | 790 | 147 | 133 | 118 | 104 | 90 | 75 | 64 | 57 | 49 | 41 | 34 |
| 790 | 800 | 150 | 135 | 121 | 107 | 93 | 78 | 66 | 58 | 50 | 43 | 35 |
| 800 | 810 | 152 | 138 | 124 | 110 | 95 | 81 | 67 | 60 | 52 | 44 | 37 |
| 810 | 820 | 155 | 141 | 127 | 112 | 98 | 84 | 70 | 61 | 53 | 46 | 38 |
| 820 | 830 | 158 | 144 | 129 | 115 | 101 | 87 | 72 | 63 | 55 | 47 | 40 |
| 830 | 840 | 161 | 147 | 132 | 118 | 104 | 89 | 75 | 64 | 56 | 49 | 41 |
| 840 | 850 | 164 | 149 | 135 | 121 | 107 | 92 | 78 | 66 | 58 | 50 | 43 |
| 850 | 860 | 166 | 152 | 138 | 124 | 109 | 95 | 81 | 67 | 59 | 52 | 44 |
| 860 | 870 | 169 | 155 | 141 | 126 | 112 | 98 | 84 | 69 | 61 | 53 | 46 |
| 870 | 880 | 172 | 158 | 143 | 129 | 115 | 101 | 86 | 72 | 62 | 55 | 47 |
| 880 | 890 | 175 | 161 | 146 | 132 | 118 | 103 | 89 | 75 | 64 | 56 | 49 |
| 890 | 900 | 178 | 163 | 149 | 135 | 121 | 106 | 92 | 78 | 65 | 58 | 50 |
| 900 | 910 | 180 | 166 | 152 | 138 | 123 | 109 | 95 | 80 | 67 | 59 | 52 |
| 910 | 920 | 183 | 169 | 155 | 140 | 126 | 112 | 98 | 83 | 69 | 61 | 53 |
| 920 | 930 | 186 | 172 | 157 | 143 | 129 | 115 | 100 | 86 | 72 | 62 | 55 |
| 930 | 940 | 189 | 175 | 160 | 146 | 132 | 117 | 103 | 89 | 75 | 64 | 56 |
| 940 | 950 | 192 | 177 | 163 | 149 | 135 | 120 | 106 | 92 | 77 | 65 | 58 |
| 950 | 960 | 194 | 180 | 166 | 152 | 137 | 123 | 109 | 94 | 80 | 67 | 59 |
| 960 | 970 | 197 | 183 | 169 | 154 | 140 | 126 | 112 | 97 | 83 | 69 | 61 |
| 970 | 980 | 200 | 186 | 171 | 157 | 143 | 129 | 114 | 100 | 86 | 72 | 62 |
| 980 | 990 | 203 | 189 | 174 | 160 | 146 | 131 | 117 | 103 | 89 | 74 | 64 |
| 990 | 1,000 | 206 | 191 | 177 | 163 | 149 | 134 | 120 | 106 | 91 | 77 | 65 |
| 1,000 | 1,010 | 208 | 194 | 180 | 166 | 151 | 137 | 123 | 108 | 94 | 80 | 67 |
| 1,010 | 1,020 | 211 | 197 | 183 | 168 | 154 | 140 | 126 | 111 | 97 | 83 | 68 |
| 1,020 | 1,030 | 214 | 200 | 185 | 171 | 157 | 143 | 128 | 114 | 100 | 86 | 71 |
| 1,030 | 1,040 | 217 | 203 | 188 | 174 | 160 | 145 | 131 | 117 | 103 | 88 | 74 |
| 1,040 | 1,050 | 220 | 205 | 191 | 177 | 163 | 148 | 134 | 120 | 105 | 91 | 77 |
| 1,050 | 1,060 | 222 | 208 | 194 | 180 | 165 | 151 | 137 | 122 | 108 | 94 | 80 |
| 1,060 | 1,070 | 225 | 211 | 197 | 182 | 168 | 154 | 140 | 125 | 111 | 97 | 82 |
| 1,070 | 1,080 | 228 | 214 | 199 | 185 | 171 | 157 | 142 | 128 | 114 | 100 | 85 |
| 1,080 | 1,090 | 231 | 217 | 202 | 188 | 174 | 159 | 145 | 131 | 117 | 102 | 88 |
| 1,090 | 1,100 | 235 | 219 | 205 | 191 | 177 | 162 | 148 | 134 | 119 | 105 | 91 |
| 1,100 | 1,110 | 238 | 222 | 208 | 194 | 179 | 165 | 151 | 136 | 122 | 108 | 94 |
| 1,110 | 1,120 | 241 | 225 | 211 | 196 | 182 | 168 | 154 | 139 | 125 | 111 | 96 |
| 1,120 | 1,130 | 244 | 228 | 213 | 199 | 185 | 171 | 156 | 142 | 128 | 114 | 99 |
| 1,130 | 1,140 | 247 | 231 | 216 | 202 | 188 | 173 | 159 | 145 | 131 | 116 | 102 |
| 1,140 | 1,150 | 250 | 234 | 219 | 205 | 191 | 176 | 162 | 148 | 133 | 119 | 105 |
| 1,150 | 1,160 | 253 | 237 | 222 | 208 | 193 | 179 | 165 | 150 | 136 | 122 | 108 |
| 1,160 | 1,170 | 256 | 240 | 225 | 210 | 196 | 182 | 168 | 153 | 139 | 125 | 110 |
| 1,170 | 1,180 | 259 | 244 | 228 | 213 | 199 | 185 | 170 | 156 | 142 | 128 | 113 |
| 1,180 | 1,190 | 262 | 247 | 231 | 216 | 202 | 187 | 173 | 159 | 145 | 130 | 116 |
| 1,190 | 1,200 | 266 | 250 | 234 | 219 | 205 | 190 | 176 | 162 | 147 | 133 | 119 |
| 1,200 | 1,210 | 269 | 253 | 237 | 222 | 207 | 193 | 179 | 164 | 150 | 136 | 122 |
| 1,210 | 1,220 | 272 | 256 | 240 | 224 | 210 | 196 | 182 | 167 | 153 | 139 | 124 |
| 1,220 | 1,230 | 275 | 259 | 243 | 227 | 213 | 199 | 184 | 170 | 156 | 142 | 127 |
| 1,230 | 1,240 | 278 | 262 | 246 | 231 | 216 | 201 | 187 | 173 | 159 | 144 | 130 |
| 1,240 | 1,250 | 281 | 265 | 249 | 234 | 219 | 204 | 190 | 176 | 161 | 147 | 133 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 | \$125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 125 | 130 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 130 | 135 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 135 | 140 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 140 | 145 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 145 | 150 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 150 | 155 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 155 | 160 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 160 | 165 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 165 | 170 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 170 | 175 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 175 | 180 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 180 | 185 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 185 | 190 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 190 | 195 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 195 | 200 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 200 | 210 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 210 | 220 | 14 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 220 | 230 | 15 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 230 | 240 | 17 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 240 | 250 | 18 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 250 | 260 | 20 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 260 | 270 | 21 | 14 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 270 | 280 | 23 | 15 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 280 | 290 | 24 | 17 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 290 | 300 | 26 | 18 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 300 | 310 | 27 | 20 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 310 | 320 | 29 | 21 | 13 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 320 | 330 | 30 | 23 | 15 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 330 | 340 | 32 | 24 | 16 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 340 | 350 | 33 | 26 | 18 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 350 | 360 | 35 | 27 | 19 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 360 | 370 | 36 | 29 | 21 | 13 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 370 | 380 | 38 | 30 | 22 | 15 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 380 | 390 | 39 | 32 | 24 | 16 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 390 | 400 | 41 | 33 | 25 | 18 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 400 | 410 | 42 | 35 | 27 | 19 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 410 | 420 | 44 | 36 | 28 | 21 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 420 | 430 | 45 | 38 | 30 | 22 | 15 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 430 | 440 | 47 | 39 | 31 | 24 | 16 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 440 | 450 | 48 | 41 | 33 | 25 | 18 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 450 | 460 |  | 42 |  |  | 19 |  | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 460 | 470 | 51 | 44 | 36 | 28 | 21 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 470 | 480 | 53 | 45 | 37 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 480 | 490 | 54 | 47 | 39 | 31 | 24 | 16 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 490 | 500 |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| 500 | 510 | 57 | 50 | 42 | 34 | 27 | 19 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 510 | 520 | 59 | 51 | 43 | 36 | 28 | 20 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 520 | 530 | 60 | 53 | 45 | 37 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 530 | 540 | 62 | 54 | 46 | 39 | 31 | 23 | 16 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 540 | 550 | 63 | 56 | 48 | 40 | 33 | 25 | 17 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 550 | 560 | 65 | 57 | 49 | 42 | 34 | 26 | 19 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 560 | 570 | 66 | 59 | 51 | 43 | 36 | 28 | 20 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 570 | 580 | 68 | 60 | 52 | 45 | 37 | 29 | 22 | 14 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 580 | 590 | 69 | 62 | 54 | 46 | 39 | 31 | 23 | 16 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 590 | 600 | 71 | 63 | 55 | 48 | 40 | 32 | 25 | 17 | 9 | 2 | 0 |
| 600 | 610 | 72 | 65 | 57 | 49 | 42 | 34 | 26 | 19 | 11 | 3 | 0 |
| 610 | 620 | 74 | 66 | 58 | 51 | 43 | 35 | 28 | 20 | 12 | 5 | 0 |
| 620 | 630 | 75 | 68 | 60 | 52 | 45 | 37 | 29 | 22 | 14 | 6 | 0 |
| 630 | 640 | 77 | 69 | 61 | 54 | 46 | 38 | 31 | 23 | 15 | 8 | 0 |
| 640 | 650 | 78 | 71 | 63 | 55 | 48 | 40 | 32 | 25 | 17 | 9 | 2 |
| 650 | 660 | 80 | 72 | 64 | 57 | 49 | 41 | 34 | 26 | 18 | 11 | 3 |
| 660 | 670 | 81 | 74 | 66 | 58 | 51 | 43 | 35 | 28 | 20 | 12 | 5 |
| 670 | 680 | 83 | 75 | 67 | 60 | 52 | 44 | 37 | 29 | 21 | 14 | 6 |
| 680 | 690 | 84 | 77 | 69 | 61 | 54 | 46 | 38 | 31 | 23 | 15 | 8 |
| 690 | 700 | 86 | 78 | 70 | 63 | 55 | 47 | 40 | 32 | 24 | 17 | 9 |
| 700 | 710 | 87 | 80 | 72 | 64 | 57 | 49 | 41 | 34 | 26 | 18 | 11 |
| 710 | 720 | 89 | 81 | 73 | 66 | 58 | 50 | 43 | 35 | 27 | 20 | 12 |
| 720 | 730 | 90 | 83 | 75 | 67 | 60 | 52 | 44 | 37 | 29 | 21 | 14 |
| 730 | 740 | 92 | 84 | 76 | 69 | 61 | 53 | 46 | 38 | 30 | 23 | 15 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$740 | \$750 | 93 | 86 | 78 | 70 | 63 | 55 | 47 | 40 | 32 | 24 | 17 |
| 750 | 760 | 95 | 87 | 79 | 72 | 64 | 56 | 49 | 41 | 33 | 26 | 18 |
| 760 | 770 | 96 | 89 | 81 | 73 | 66 | 58 | 50 | 43 | 35 | 27 | 20 |
| 770 | 780 | 98 | 90 | 82 | 75 | 67 | 59 | 52 | 44 | 36 | 29 | 21 |
| 780 | 790 | 99 | 92 | 84 | 76 | 69 | 61 | 53 | 46 | 38 | 30 | 23 |
| 790 | 800 | 101 | 93 | 85 | 78 | 70 | 62 | 55 | 47 | 39 | 32 | 24 |
| 800 | 810 | 102 | 95 | 87 | 79 | 72 | 64 | 56 | 49 | 41 | 33 | 26 |
| 810 | 820 | 104 | 96 | 88 | 81 | 73 | 65 | 58 | 50 | 42 | 35 | 27 |
| 820 | 830 | 105 | 98 | 90 | 82 | 75 | 67 | 59 | 52 | 44 | 36 | 29 |
| 830 | 840 | 107 | 99 | 91 | 84 | 76 | 68 | 61 | 53 | 45 | 38 | 30 |
| 840 | 850 | 108 | 101 | 93 | 85 | 78 | 70 | 62 | 55 | 47 | 39 | 32 |
| 850 | 860 | 110 | 102 | 94 | 87 | 79 | 71 | 64 | 56 | 48 | 41 | 33 |
| 860 | 870 | 111 | 104 | 96 | 88 | 81 | 73 | 65 | 58 | 50 | 42 | 35 |
| 870 | 880 | 113 | 105 | 97 | 90 | 82 | 74 | 67 | 59 | 51 | 44 | 36 |
| 880 | 890 | 116 | 107 | 99 | 91 | 84 | 76 | 68 | 61 | 53 | 45 | 38 |
| 890 | 900 | 118 | 108 | 100 | 93 | 85 | 77 | 70 | 62 | 54 | 47 | 39 |
| 900 | 910 | 121 | 110 | 102 | 94 | 87 | 79 | 71 | 64 | 56 | 48 | 41 |
| 910 | 920 | 124 | 111 | 103 | 96 | 88 | 80 | 73 | 65 | 57 | 50 | 42 |
| 920 | 930 | 127 | 113 | 105 | 97 | 90 | 82 | 74 | 67 | 59 | 51 | 44 |
| 930 | 940 | 130 | 115 | 106 | 99 | 91 | 83 | 76 | 68 | 60 | 53 | 45 |
| 940 | 950 | 132 | 118 | 108 | 100 | 93 | 85 | 77 | 70 | 62 | 54 | 47 |
| 950 | 960 | 135 | 121 | 109 | 102 | 94 | 86 | 79 | 71 | 63 | 56 | 48 |
| 960 | 970 | 138 | 124 | 111 | 103 | 96 | 88 | 80 | 73 | 65 | 57 | 50 |
| 970 | 980 | 141 | 127 | 112 | 105 | 97 | 89 | 82 | 74 | 66 | 59 | 51 |
| 980 | 990 | 144 | 129 | 115 | 106 | 99 | 91 | 83 | 76 | 68 | 60 | 53 |
| 990 | 1,000 | 146 | 132 | 118 | 108 | 100 | 92 | 85 | 77 | 69 | 62 | 54 |
| 1,000 | 1,010 | 149 | 135 | 121 | 109 | 102 | 94 | 86 | 79 | 71 | 63 | 56 |
| 1,010 | 1,020 | 152 | 138 | 123 | 111 | 103 | 95 | 88 | 80 | 72 | 65 | 57 |
| 1,020 | 1,030 | 155 | 141 | 126 | 112 | 105 | 97 | 89 | 82 | 74 | 66 | 59 |
| 1,030 | 1,040 | 158 | 143 | 129 | 115 | 106 | 98 | 91 | 83 | 75 | 68 | 60 |
| 1,040 | 1,050 | 160 | 146 | 132 | 118 | 108 | 100 | 92 | 85 | 77 | 69 | 62 |
| 1,050 | 1,060 | 163 | 149 | 135 | 120 | 109 | 101 | 94 | 86 | 78 | 71 | 63 |
| 1,060 | 1,070 | 166 | 152 | 137 | 123 | 111 | 103 | 95 | 88 | 80 | 72 | 65 |
| 1,070 | 1,080 | 169 | 155 | 140 | 126 | 112 | 104 | 97 | 89 | 81 | 74 | 66 |
| 1,080 | 1,090 | 172 | 157 | 143 | 129 | 114 | 106 | 98 | 91 | 83 | 75 | 68 |
| 1,090 | 1,100 | 174 | 160 | 146 | 132 | 117 | 107 | 100 | 92 | 84 | 77 | 69 |
| 1,100 | 1,110 | 177 | 163 | 149 | 134 | 120 | 109 | 101 | 94 | 86 | 78 | 71 |
| 1,110 | 1,120 | 180 | 166 | 151 | 137 | 123 | 110 | 103 | 95 | 87 | 80 | 72 |
| 1,120 | 1,130 | 183 | 169 | 154 | 140 | 126 | 112 | 104 | 97 | 89 | 81 | 74 |
| 1,130 | 1,140 | 186 | 171 | 157 | 143 | 128 | 114 | 106 | 98 | 90 | 83 | 75 |
| 1,140 | 1,150 | 188 | 174 | 160 | 146 | 131 | 117 | 107 | 100 | 92 | 84 | 77 |
| 1,150 | 1,160 | 191 | 177 | 163 | 148 | 134 | 120 | 109 | 101 | 93 | 86 | 78 |
| 1,160 | 1,170 | 194 | 180 | 165 | 151 | 137 | 123 | 110 | 103 | 95 | 87 | 80 |
| 1,170 | 1,180 | 197 | 183 | 168 | 154 | 140 | 125 | 112 | 104 | 96 | 89 | 81 |
| 1,180 | 1,190 | 200 | 185 | 171 | 157 | 142 | 128 | 114 | 106 | 98 | 90 | 83 |
| 1,190 | 1,200 | 202 | 188 | 174 | 160 | 145 | 131 | 117 | 107 | 99 | 92 | 84 |
| 1,200 | 1,210 | 205 | 191 | 177 | 162 | 148 | 134 | 120 | 109 | 101 | 93 | 86 |
| 1,210 | 1,220 | 208 | 194 | 179 | 165 | 151 | 137 | 122 | 110 | 102 | 95 | 87 |
| 1,220 | 1,230 | 211 | 197 | 182 | 168 | 154 | 139 | 125 | 112 | 104 | 96 | 89 |
| 1,230 | 1,240 | 214 | 199 | 185 | 171 | 156 | 142 | 128 | 114 | 105 | 98 | 90 |
| 1,240 | 1,250 | 216 | 202 | 188 | 174 | 159 | 145 | 131 | 116 | 107 | 99 | 92 |
| 1,250 | 1,260 | 219 | 205 | 191 | 176 | 162 | 148 | 134 | 119 | 108 | 101 | 93 |
| 1,260 | 1,270 | 222 | 208 | 193 | 179 | 165 | 151 | 136 | 122 | 110 | 102 | 95 |
| 1,270 | 1,280 | 225 | 211 | 196 | 182 | 168 | 153 | 139 | 125 | 111 | 104 | 96 |
| 1,280 | 1,290 | 228 | 213 | 199 | 185 | 170 | 156 | 142 | 128 | 113 | 105 | 98 |
| 1,290 | 1,300 | 230 | 216 | 202 | 188 | 173 | 159 | 145 | 130 | 116 | 107 | 99 |
| 1,300 | 1,310 | 233 | 219 | 205 | 190 | 176 | 162 | 148 | 133 | 119 | 108 | 101 |
| 1,310 | 1,320 | 236 | 222 | 207 | 193 | 179 | 165 | 150 | 136 | 122 | 110 | 102 |
| 1,320 | 1,330 | 239 | 225 | 210 | 196 | 182 | 167 | 153 | 139 | 125 | 111 | 104 |
| 1,330 | 1,340 | 242 | 227 | 213 | 199 | 184 | 170 | 156 | 142 | 127 | 113 | 105 |
| 1,340 | 1,350 | 244 | 230 | 216 | 202 | 187 | 173 | 159 | 144 | 130 | 116 | 107 |
| 1,350 | 1,360 | 247 | 233 | 219 | 204 | 190 | 176 | 162 | 147 | 133 | 119 | 108 |
| 1,360 | 1,370 | 250 | 236 | 221 | 207 | 193 | 179 | 164 | 150 | 136 | 122 | 110 |
| 1,370 | 1,380 | 253 | 239 | 224 | 210 | 196 | 181 | 167 | 153 | 139 | 124 | 111 |
| 1,380 | 1,390 | 256 | 241 | 227 | 213 | 198 | 184 | 170 | 156 | 141 | 127 | 113 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 | \$105 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 105 | 110 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 110 | 115 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 115 | 120 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 120 | 125 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 125 | 130 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 130 | 135 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 135 | 140 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 140 | 145 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 145 | 150 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 150 | 155 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 155 | 160 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 160 | 165 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 165 | 170 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 170 | 175 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 175 | 180 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 180 | 185 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 185 | 190 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 190 | 195 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 195 | 200 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 200 | 205 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 205 | 210 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 210 | 215 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 215 | 220 | 17 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 220 | 225 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 225 | 230 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 230 | 235 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 235 | 240 | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 240 | 245 | 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 245 | 250 | 22 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 250 | 260 | 23 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 260 | 270 | 24 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 270 | 280 | 26 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 280 | 290 | 27 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 290 | 300 | 29 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 300 | 310 | 30 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 310 | 320 | 32 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 320 | 330 | 33 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 330 | 340 | 35 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 340 | 350 | 36 | 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 350 | 360 | 38 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 360 | 370 | 39 | 24 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 370 | 380 | 41 | 26 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 380 | 390 | 42 | 27 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 390 | 400 | 44 | 29 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 400 | 410 | 45 | 30 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 410 | 420 | 47 | 32 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 420 | 430 | 48 | 33 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 430 | 440 | 50 | 35 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 440 | 450 | 51 | 36 | 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 450 | 460 | 53 | 38 | 22 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 460 | 470 | 54 | 39 | 24 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 470 | 480 | 56 | 41 | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 480 | 490 | 57 | 42 | 27 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 490 | 500 | 59 | 44 | 28 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 500 | 520 | 61 | 46 | 31 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| 520 | 540 | 64 | 49 | 34 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 540 | 560 | 67 | 52 | 37 | 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 560 | 580 | 70 | 55 | 40 | 24 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 580 | 600 | 73 | 58 | 43 | 27 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 620 | 76 | 61 | 46 | 30 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 620 | 640 | 79 | 64 | 49 | 33 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 640 | 660 | 82 | 67 | 52 | 36 | 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 660 | 680 | 85 | 70 | 55 | 39 | 24 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 680 | 700 | 88 | 73 | 58 | 42 | 27 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 700 | 720 | 91 | 76 | 61 | 45 | 30 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 720 | 740 | 94 | 79 | 64 | 48 | 33 | 18 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 740 | 760 | 97 | 82 | 67 | 51 | 36 | 21 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 760 | 780 | 100 | 85 | 70 | 54 | 39 | 24 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 780 | 800 | 103 | 88 | 73 | 57 | 42 | 27 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$800 | \$820 | 106 | 91 | 76 | 60 | 45 | 30 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 820 | 840 | 109 | 94 | 79 | 63 | 48 | 33 | 17 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 840 | 860 | 112 | 97 | 82 | 66 | 51 | 36 | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 860 | 880 | 115 | 100 | 85 | 69 | 54 | 39 | 23 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 880 | 900 | 118 | 103 | 88 | 72 | 57 | 42 | 26 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 900 | 920 | 121 | 106 | 91 | 75 | 60 | 45 | 29 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 920 | 940 | 124 | 109 | 94 | 78 | 63 | 48 | 32 | 17 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 940 | 960 | 127 | 112 | 97 | 81 | 66 | 51 | 35 | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 960 | 980 | 130 | 115 | 100 | 84 | 69 | 54 | 38 | 23 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 980 | 1,000 | 133 | 118 | 103 | 87 | 72 | 57 | 41 | 26 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 | 1,020 | 137 | 121 | 106 | 90 | 75 | 60 | 44 | 29 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,020 | 1,040 | 142 | 124 | 109 | 93 | 78 | 63 | 47 | 32 | 17 | 2 | 0 |
| 1,040 | 1,060 | 148 | 127 | 112 | 96 | 81 | 66 | 50 | 35 | 20 | 5 | 0 |
| 1,060 | 1,080 | 154 | 130 | 115 | 99 | 84 | 69 | 53 | 38 | 23 | 8 | 0 |
| 1,080 | 1,100 | 159 | 133 | 118 | 102 | 87 | 72 | 56 | 41 | 26 | 11 | 0 |
| 1,100 | 1,120 | 165 | 136 | 121 | 105 | 90 | 75 | 59 | 44 | 29 | 14 | 0 |
| 1,120 | 1,140 | 170 | 142 | 124 | 108 | 93 | 78 | 62 | 47 | 32 | 17 | 1 |
| 1,140 | 1,160 | 176 | 147 | 127 | 111 | 96 | 81 | 65 | 50 | 35 | 20 | 4 |
| 1,160 | 1,180 | 182 | 153 | 130 | 114 | 99 | 84 | 68 | 53 | 38 | 23 | 7 |
| 1,180 | 1,200 | 187 | 159 | 133 | 117 | 102 | 87 | 71 | 56 | 41 | 26 | 10 |
| 1,200 | 1,220 | 193 | 164 | 136 | 120 | 105 | 90 | 74 | 59 | 44 | 29 | 13 |
| 1,220 | 1,240 | 198 | 170 | 141 | 123 | 108 | 93 | 77 | 62 | 47 | 32 | 16 |
| 1,240 | 1,260 | 204 | 175 | 147 | 126 | 111 | 96 | 80 | 65 | 50 | 35 | 19 |
| 1,260 | 1,280 | 210 | 181 | 152 | 129 | 114 | 99 | 83 | 68 | 53 | 38 | 22 |
| 1,280 | 1,300 | 215 | 187 | 158 | 132 | 117 | 102 | 86 | 71 | 56 | 41 | 25 |
| 1,300 | 1,320 | 221 | 192 | 164 | 135 | 120 | 105 | 89 | 74 | 59 | 44 | 28 |
| 1,320 | 1,340 | 226 | 198 | 169 | 141 | 123 | 108 | 92 | 77 | 62 | 47 | 31 |
| 1,340 | 1,360 | 232 | 203 | 175 | 146 | 126 | 111 | 95 | 80 | 65 | 50 | 34 |
| 1,360 | 1,380 | 238 | 209 | 180 | 152 | 129 | 114 | 98 | 83 | 68 | 53 | 37 |
| 1,380 | 1,400 | 243 | 215 | 186 | 158 | 132 | 117 | 101 | 86 | 71 | 56 | 40 |
| 1,400 | 1,420 | 249 | 220 | 192 | 163 | 135 | 120 | 104 | 89 | 74 | 59 | 43 |
| 1,420 | 1,440 | 254 | 226 | 197 | 169 | 140 | 123 | 107 | 92 | 77 | 62 | 46 |
| 1,440 | 1,460 | 260 | 231 | 203 | 174 | 146 | 126 | 110 | 95 | 80 | 65 | 49 |
| 1,460 | 1,480 | 266 | 237 | 208 | 180 | 151 | 129 | 113 | 98 | 83 | 68 | 52 |
| 1,480 | 1,500 | 271 | 243 | 214 | 186 | 157 | 132 | 116 | 101 | 86 | 71 | 55 |
| 1,500 | 1,520 | 277 | 248 | 220 | 191 | 163 | 135 | 119 | 104 | 89 | 74 | 58 |
| 1,520 | 1,540 | 282 | 254 | 225 | 197 | 168 | 140 | 122 | 107 | 92 | 77 | 61 |
| 1,540 | 1,560 | 288 | 259 | 231 | 202 | 174 | 145 | 125 | 110 | 95 | 80 | 64 |
| 1,560 | 1,580 | 294 | 265 | 236 | 208 | 179 | 151 | 128 | 113 | 98 | 83 | 67 |
| 1,580 | 1,600 | 299 | 271 | 242 | 214 | 185 | 156 | 131 | 116 | 101 | 86 | 70 |
| 1,600 | 1,620 | 305 | 276 | 248 | 219 | 191 | 162 | 134 | 119 | 104 | 89 | 73 |
| 1,620 | 1,640 | 310 | 282 | 253 | 225 | 196 | 168 | 139 | 122 | 107 | 92 | 76 |
| 1,640 | 1,660 | 316 | 287 | 259 | 230 | 202 | 173 | 145 | 125 | 110 | 95 | 79 |
| 1,660 | 1,680 | 322 | 293 | 264 | 236 | 207 | 179 | 150 | 128 | 113 | 98 | 82 |
| 1,680 | 1,700 | 327 | 299 | 270 | 242 | 213 | 184 | 156 | 131 | 116 | 101 | 85 |
| 1,700 | 1,720 | 333 | 304 | 276 | 247 | 219 | 190 | 162 | 134 | 119 | 104 | 88 |
| 1,720 | 1,740 | 338 | 310 | 281 | 253 | 224 | 196 | 167 | 139 | 122 | 107 | 91 |
| 1,740 | 1,760 | 344 | 315 | 287 | 258 | 230 | 201 | 173 | 144 | 125 | 110 | 94 |
| 1,760 | 1,780 | 350 | 321 | 292 | 264 | 235 | 207 | 178 | 150 | 128 | 113 | 97 |
| 1,780 | 1,800 | 355 | 327 | 298 | 270 | 241 | 212 | 184 | 155 | 131 | 116 | 100 |
| 1,800 | 1,820 | 361 | 332 | 304 | 275 | 247 | 218 | 190 | 161 | 134 | 119 | 103 |
| 1,820 | 1,840 | 366 | 338 | 309 | 281 | 252 | 224 | 195 | 167 | 138 | 122 | 106 |
| 1,840 | 1,860 | 372 | 343 | 315 | 286 | 258 | 229 | 201 | 172 | 144 | 125 | 109 |
| 1,860 | 1,880 | 378 | 349 | 320 | 292 | 263 | 235 | 206 | 178 | 149 | 128 | 112 |
| 1,880 | 1,900 | 383 | 355 | 326 | 298 | 269 | 240 | 212 | 183 | 155 | 131 | 115 |
| 1,900 | 1,920 | 389 | 360 | 332 | 303 | 275 | 246 | 218 | 189 | 160 | 134 | 118 |
| 1,920 | 1,940 | 394 | 366 | 337 | 309 | 280 | 252 | 223 | 195 | 166 | 138 | 121 |
| 1,940 | 1,960 | 400 | 371 | 343 | 314 | 286 | 257 | 229 | 200 | 172 | 143 | 124 |
| 1,960 | 1,980 | 406 | 377 | 348 | 320 | 291 | 263 | 234 | 206 | 177 | 149 | 127 |
| 1,980 | 2,000 | 411 | 383 | 354 | 326 | 297 | 268 | 240 | 211 | 183 | 154 | 130 |
| 2,000 | 2,020 | 417 | 388 | 360 | 331 | 303 | 274 | 246 | 217 | 188 | 160 | 133 |
| 2,020 | 2,040 | 422 | 394 | 365 | 337 | 308 | 280 | 251 | 223 | 194 | 166 | 137 |
| 2,040 | 2,060 | 428 | 399 | 371 | 342 | 314 | 285 | 257 | 228 | 200 | 171 | 143 |
| 2,060 | 2,080 | 434 | 405 | 376 | 348 | 319 | 291 | 262 | 234 | 205 | 177 | 148 |
| 2,080 | 2,100 | 439 | 411 | 382 | 354 | 325 | 296 | 268 | 239 | 211 | 182 | 154 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 \\ \mathbf{\$ 5 0} \\ 260 \\ 270 \\ 280 \end{array}$ | $\$ 250$ 260 270 280 290 | 0 1 3 4 6 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 290 \\ & 300 \\ & 310 \\ & 320 \\ & 330 \end{aligned}$ | 300 310 320 330 340 | 7 9 10 12 13 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 340 \\ & 350 \\ & 360 \\ & 370 \\ & 380 \end{aligned}$ | 350 360 370 380 390 | 15 16 18 19 21 | 0 1 2 4 5 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 390 \\ & 400 \\ & 410 \\ & 420 \\ & 430 \end{aligned}$ | 400 410 420 430 440 | 22 24 25 27 28 | 7 8 10 11 13 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 440 \\ & 450 \\ & 460 \\ & 470 \\ & 480 \end{aligned}$ | 450 460 470 480 490 | 30 31 33 34 36 | 14 16 17 19 20 | 0 0 2 2 3 5 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 490 500 520 540 560 | 500 520 540 560 580 | 37 39 42 45 48 | 22 24 27 30 33 | 6 9 12 15 18 | 0 0 0 0 0 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 580 \\ & 600 \\ & 620 \\ & 640 \\ & 660 \end{aligned}$ | 600 620 640 660 680 | 51 54 57 60 63 | 36 39 42 45 48 | 21 24 27 30 33 | 5 8 11 14 17 | 0 0 0 0 0 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 680 \\ & 700 \\ & 720 \\ & 740 \\ & 760 \end{aligned}$ | 700 720 740 760 780 | 66 69 72 75 78 | 51 54 57 60 63 | 36 39 42 45 48 | 20 23 26 29 32 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 8 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 17 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 780 \\ & 800 \\ & 820 \\ & 840 \\ & 860 \end{aligned}$ | 800 820 840 860 880 | 81 84 87 90 93 | 66 69 72 75 78 | 51 54 57 60 63 | 35 38 41 44 47 | 20 <br> 23 <br> 26 <br> 29 <br> 32 | 5 8 11 14 17 | 0 0 0 0 0 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 880 900 920 940 960 | 900 $\mathbf{9 2 0}$ $\mathbf{9 4 0}$ $\mathbf{9 6 0}$ $\mathbf{9 8 0}$ | 96 99 102 105 108 | 81 84 87 90 93 | 66 69 72 75 78 | 50 53 56 59 62 | 35 38 41 44 47 | 20 23 26 29 32 | 5 8 11 14 17 | 0 0 0 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ $\mathbf{9 8 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 0}$ | 1,000 $\mathbf{1 , 0 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 8 0}$ | 111 114 117 120 123 | 9 96 99 102 105 108 | 81 84 87 90 93 | 65 68 71 74 77 | 50 53 56 59 59 62 | 35 38 41 44 47 | 20 23 26 29 32 | 4 7 10 13 16 | 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 1,080 $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 4 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 0}$ | 1,100 1,120 1,140 1,160 1,180 | 126 129 132 135 138 | 111 114 117 120 123 | 96 99 102 105 108 | 80 <br> 83 <br> 86 <br> 89 <br> 92 | 65 68 71 74 77 | 50 53 56 59 62 | 35 38 41 44 47 | 19 22 25 28 31 | 4 7 10 13 16 | 0 0 0 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 1,180 $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 0}$ | 1,200 1,220 $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 8 0}$ | 141 144 147 150 153 | 126 129 132 135 138 | 111 114 117 120 123 | 95 98 101 104 107 | 80 <br> 83 <br> 86 <br> 89 <br> 92 | 65 68 71 74 77 | 50 <br> 53 <br> 56 <br> 59 <br> 62 | 34 37 40 43 46 | 19 22 25 28 31 | 4 7 10 13 16 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 1,280 $\mathbf{1 , 3 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 3 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 3 4 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 3 6 0}$ | 1,300 1,320 1,340 1,360 1,380 | 156 159 162 165 168 | 141 144 147 150 153 | 126 129 132 135 138 | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & 113 \\ & 116 \\ & 119 \\ & 122 \end{aligned}$ | 95 98 101 104 107 | 80 83 86 89 89 92 | 65 68 71 74 77 | 49 52 55 58 61 | 34 37 40 43 46 | 19 22 25 28 31 | 3 6 9 12 15 |

MARRIED Persons-BIWEEKLY Payroll Period (For Wages Paid in 1997)

| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$1,380 | \$1,400 | 171 | 156 | 141 | 125 | 110 | 95 | 80 | 64 | 49 | 34 | 18 |
| 1,400 | 1,420 | 174 | 159 | 144 | 128 | 113 | 98 | 83 | 67 | 52 | 37 | 21 |
| 1,420 | 1,440 | 177 | 162 | 147 | 131 | 116 | 101 | 86 | 70 | 55 | 40 | 24 |
| 1,440 | 1,460 | 180 | 165 | 150 | 134 | 119 | 104 | 89 | 73 | 58 | 43 | 27 |
| 1,460 | 1,480 | 183 | 168 | 153 | 137 | 122 | 107 | 92 | 76 | 61 | 46 | 30 |
| 1,480 | 1,500 | 186 | 171 | 156 | 140 | 125 | 110 | 95 | 79 | 64 | 49 | 33 |
| 1,500 | 1,520 | 189 | 174 | 159 | 143 | 128 | 113 | 98 | 82 | 67 | 52 | 36 |
| 1,520 | 1,540 | 192 | 177 | 162 | 146 | 131 | 116 | 101 | 85 | 70 | 55 | 39 |
| 1,540 | 1,560 | 195 | 180 | 165 | 149 | 134 | 119 | 104 | 88 | 73 | 58 | 42 |
| 1,560 | 1,580 | 198 | 183 | 168 | 152 | 137 | 122 | 107 | 91 | 76 | 61 | 45 |
| 1,580 | 1,600 | 201 | 186 | 171 | 155 | 140 | 125 | 110 | 94 | 79 | 64 | 48 |
| 1,600 | 1,620 | 204 | 189 | 174 | 158 | 143 | 128 | 113 | 97 | 82 | 67 | 51 |
| 1,620 | 1,640 | 207 | 192 | 177 | 161 | 146 | 131 | 116 | 100 | 85 | 70 | 54 |
| 1,640 | 1,660 | 210 | 195 | 180 | 164 | 149 | 134 | 119 | 103 | 88 | 73 | 57 |
| 1,660 | 1,680 | 213 | 198 | 183 | 167 | 152 | 137 | 122 | 106 | 91 | 76 | 60 |
| 1,680 | 1,700 | 216 | 201 | 186 | 170 | 155 | 140 | 125 | 109 | 94 | 79 | 63 |
| 1,700 | 1,720 | 219 | 204 | 189 | 173 | 158 | 143 | 128 | 112 | 97 | 82 | 66 |
| 1,720 | 1,740 | 222 | 207 | 192 | 176 | 161 | 146 | 131 | 115 | 100 | 85 | 69 |
| 1,740 | 1,760 | 226 | 210 | 195 | 179 | 164 | 149 | 134 | 118 | 103 | 88 | 72 |
| 1,760 | 1,780 | 231 | 213 | 198 | 182 | 167 | 152 | 137 | 121 | 106 | 91 | 75 |
| 1,780 | 1,800 | 237 | 216 | 201 | 185 | 170 | 155 | 140 | 124 | 109 | 94 | 78 |
| 1,800 | 1,820 | 242 | 219 | 204 | 188 | 173 | 158 | 143 | 127 | 112 | 97 | 81 |
| 1,820 | 1,840 | 248 | 222 | 207 | 191 | 176 | 161 | 146 | 130 | 115 | 100 | 84 |
| 1,840 | 1,860 | 254 | 225 | 210 | 194 | 179 | 164 | 149 | 133 | 118 | 103 | 87 |
| 1,860 | 1,880 | 259 | 231 | 213 | 197 | 182 | 167 | 152 | 136 | 121 | 106 | 90 |
| 1,880 | 1,900 | 265 | 236 | 216 | 200 | 185 | 170 | 155 | 139 | 124 | 109 | 93 |
| 1,900 | 1,920 | 270 | 242 | 219 | 203 | 188 | 173 | 158 | 142 | 127 | 112 | 96 |
| 1,920 | 1,940 | 276 | 247 | 222 | 206 | 191 | 176 | 161 | 145 | 130 | 115 | 99 |
| 1,940 | 1,960 | 282 | 253 | 225 | 209 | 194 | 179 | 164 | 148 | 133 | 118 | 102 |
| 1,960 | 1,980 | 287 | 259 | 230 | 212 | 197 | 182 | 167 | 151 | 136 | 121 | 105 |
| 1,980 | 2,000 | 293 | 264 | 236 | 215 | 200 | 185 | 170 | 154 | 139 | 124 | 108 |
| 2,000 | 2,020 | 298 | 270 | 241 | 218 | 203 | 188 | 173 | 157 | 142 | 127 | 111 |
| 2,020 | 2,040 | 304 | 275 | 247 | 221 | 206 | 191 | 176 | 160 | 145 | 130 | 114 |
| 2,040 | 2,060 | 310 | 281 | 252 | 224 | 209 | 194 | 179 | 163 | 148 | 133 | 117 |
| 2,060 | 2,080 | 315 | 287 | 258 | 230 | 212 | 197 | 182 | 166 | 151 | 136 | 120 |
| 2,080 | 2,100 | 321 | 292 | 264 | 235 | 215 | 200 | 185 |  | 154 | 139 | 123 |
| 2,100 | 2,120 | 326 | 298 | 269 | 241 | 218 | 203 | 188 | 172 | 157 | 142 | 126 |
| 2,120 | 2,140 | 332 | 303 | 275 | 246 | 221 | 206 | 191 | 175 | 160 | 145 | 129 |
| 2,140 | 2,160 | 338 | 309 | 280 | 252 | 224 | 209 | 194 | 178 | 163 | 148 | 132 |
| 2,160 | 2,180 | 343 | 315 | 286 | 258 | 229 | 212 | 197 | 181 | 166 | 151 | 135 |
| 2,180 | 2,200 | 349 | 320 | 292 | 263 | 235 | 215 | 200 | 184 | 169 | 154 | 138 |
| 2,200 | 2,220 | 354 | 326 | 297 | 269 | 240 | 218 | 203 | 187 | 172 | 157 | 141 |
| 2,220 | 2,240 | 360 | 331 | 303 | 274 | 246 | 221 | 206 | 190 | 175 | 160 | 144 |
| 2,240 | 2,260 | 366 | 337 | 308 | 280 | 251 | 224 | 209 | 193 | 178 | 163 | 147 |
| 2,260 | 2,280 | 371 | 343 | 314 | 286 | 257 | 228 | 212 | 196 | 181 | 166 | 150 |
| 2,280 | 2,300 | 377 | 348 | 320 | 291 | 263 | 234 | 215 | 199 | 184 | 169 | 153 |
| 2,300 | 2,320 | 382 | 354 | 325 | 297 | 268 | 240 | 218 | 202 | 187 | 172 | 156 |
| 2,320 | 2,340 | 388 | 359 | 331 | 302 | 274 | 245 | 221 | 205 | 190 | 175 | 159 |
| 2,340 | 2,360 | 394 | 365 | 336 | 308 | 279 | 251 | 224 | 208 | 193 | 178 | 162 |
| 2,360 | 2,380 | 399 | 371 | 342 | 314 | 285 | 256 | 228 | 211 | 196 | 181 | 165 |
| 2,380 | 2,400 | 405 | 376 | 348 | 319 | 291 | 262 | 234 | 214 | 199 | 184 | 168 |
| 2,400 | 2,420 | 410 | 382 | 353 | 325 | 296 | 268 | 239 | 217 | 202 | 187 | 171 |
| 2,420 | 2,440 | 416 | 387 | 359 | 330 | 302 | 273 | 245 | 220 | 205 | 190 | 174 |
| 2,440 | 2,460 | 422 | 393 | 364 | 336 | 307 | 279 | 250 | 223 | 208 | 193 | 177 |
| 2,460 | 2,480 | 427 | 399 | 370 | 342 | 313 | 284 | 256 | 227 | 211 | 196 | 180 |
| 2,480 | 2,500 | 433 | 404 | 376 | 347 | 319 | 290 | 262 | 233 | 214 | 199 | 183 |
| 2,500 | 2,520 | 438 | 410 | 381 | 353 | 324 | 296 | 267 | 239 | 217 | 202 | 186 |
| 2,520 | 2,540 | 444 | 415 | 387 | 358 | 330 | 301 | 273 | 244 | 220 | 205 | 189 |
| 2,540 | 2,560 | 450 | 421 | 392 | 364 | 335 | 307 | 278 | 250 | 223 | 208 | 192 |
| 2,560 | 2,580 | 455 | 427 | 398 | 370 | 341 | 312 | 284 | 255 | 227 | 211 | 195 |
| 2,580 | 2,600 | 461 | 432 | 404 | 375 | 347 | 318 | 290 | 261 | 232 | 214 | 198 |
| 2,600 | 2,620 | 466 | 438 | 409 | 381 | 352 | 324 | 295 | 267 | 238 | 217 | 201 |
| 2,620 | 2,640 | 472 | 443 | 415 | 386 | 358 | 329 | 301 | 272 | 244 | 220 | 204 |
| 2,640 | 2,660 | 478 | 449 | 420 | 392 | 363 | 335 | 306 | 278 | 249 | 223 | 207 |
| 2,660 | 2,680 | 483 | 455 | 426 | 398 | 369 | 340 | 312 | 283 | 255 | 226 | 210 |

SINGLE Persons-SEMIMONTHLY Payroll Period
(For Wages Paid in 1997)

| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 | \$115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 115 | 120 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 120 | 125 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 125 | 130 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 130 | 135 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 135 | 140 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 140 | 145 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 145 | 150 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 150 | 155 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 155 | 160 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 160 | 165 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 165 | 170 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 170 | 175 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 175 | 180 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 180 | 185 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 185 | 190 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 190 | 195 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 195 | 200 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 200 | 205 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 205 | 210 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 210 | 215 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 215 | 220 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 220 | 225 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 225 | 230 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 230 | 235 | 18 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 235 | 240 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 240 | 245 | 20 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 245 | 250 | 21 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 250 | 260 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 260 | 270 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 270 | 280 | 25 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 280 | 290 | 26 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 290 | 300 | 28 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 300 | 310 | 29 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 310 | 320 | 31 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 320 | 330 | 32 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 330 | 340 | 34 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 340 | 350 | 35 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 350 | 360 | 37 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 360 | 370 | 38 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 370 | 380 | 40 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 380 | 390 | 41 | 25 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 390 | 400 | 43 | 26 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 400 | 410 | 44 | 28 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 410 | 420 | 46 | 29 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 420 | 430 | 47 |  | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 430 | 440 | 49 | 32 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 440 | 450 | 50 | 34 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 450 | 460 | 52 | 35 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 460 | 470 | 53 | 37 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 470 | 480 | 55 | 38 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 480 | 490 | 56 | 40 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 490 | 500 | 58 | 41 | 25 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 500 | 520 | 60 | 43 | 27 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 520 | 540 | 63 | 46 | 30 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 540 | 560 | 66 | 49 | 33 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 560 | 580 | 69 | 52 | 36 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 580 | 600 | 72 | 55 | 39 | 22 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 620 | 75 | 58 | 42 | 25 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 620 | 640 | 78 | 61 | 45 | 28 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 640 | 660 | 81 | 64 | 48 | 31 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 660 | 680 | 84 | 67 | 51 | 34 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 680 | 700 | 87 | 70 | 54 | 37 | 21 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 700 | 720 | 90 | 73 | 57 | 40 | 24 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 720 | 740 | 93 | 76 | 60 | 43 | 27 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 740 | 760 | 96 | 79 | 63 | 46 | 30 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 760 | 780 | 99 | 82 | 66 | 49 | 33 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 780 | 800 | 102 | 85 | 69 | 52 | 36 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 800 | 820 | 105 | 88 | 72 | 55 | 39 | 22 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 820 | 840 | 108 | 91 | 75 | 58 | 42 | 25 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$840 | \$860 | 111 | 94 | 78 | 61 | 45 | 28 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 860 | 880 | 114 | 97 | 81 | 64 | 48 | 31 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 880 | 900 | 117 | 100 | 84 | 67 | 51 | 34 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 900 | 920 | 120 | 103 | 87 | 70 | 54 | 37 | 21 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 920 | 940 | 123 | 106 | 90 | 73 | 57 | 40 | 24 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 940 | 960 | 126 | 109 | 93 | 76 | 60 | 43 | 27 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 960 | 980 | 129 | 112 | 96 | 79 | 63 | 46 | 30 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 980 | 1,000 | 132 | 115 | 99 | 82 | 66 | 49 | 33 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 | 1,020 | 135 | 118 | 102 | 85 | 69 | 52 | 36 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,020 | 1,040 | 138 | 121 | 105 | 88 | 72 | 55 | 39 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,040 | 1,060 | 141 | 124 | 108 | 91 | 75 | 58 | 42 | 25 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,060 | 1,080 | 144 | 127 | 111 | 94 | 78 | 61 | 45 | 28 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,080 | 1,100 | 147 | 130 | 114 | 97 | 81 | 64 | 48 | 31 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,100 | 1,120 | 153 | 133 | 117 | 100 | 84 | 67 | 51 | 34 | 17 | 1 | 0 |
| 1,120 | 1,140 | 158 | 136 | 120 | 103 | 87 | 70 | 54 | 37 | 20 | 4 | 0 |
| 1,140 | 1,160 | 164 | 139 | 123 | 106 | 90 | 73 | 57 | 40 | 23 | 7 | 0 |
| 1,160 | 1,180 | 169 | 142 | 126 | 109 | 93 | 76 | 60 | 43 | 26 | 10 | 0 |
| 1,180 | 1,200 | 175 | 145 | 129 | 112 | 96 | 79 | 63 | 46 | 29 | 13 | 0 |
| 1,200 | 1,220 | 181 | 150 | 132 | 115 | 99 | 82 | 66 | 49 | 32 | 16 | 0 |
| 1,220 | 1,240 | 186 | 155 | 135 | 118 | 102 | 85 | 69 | 52 | 35 | 19 | 2 |
| 1,240 | 1,260 | 192 | 161 | 138 | 121 | 105 | 88 | 72 | 55 | 38 | 22 | 5 |
| 1,260 | 1,280 | 197 | 166 | 141 | 124 | 108 | 91 | 75 | 58 | 41 | 25 | 8 |
| 1,280 | 1,300 | 203 | 172 | 144 | 127 | 111 | 94 | 78 | 61 | 44 | 28 | 11 |
| 1,300 | 1,320 | 209 | 178 | 147 | 130 | 114 | 97 | 81 | 64 | 47 | 31 | 14 |
| 1,320 | 1,340 | 214 | 183 | 152 | 133 | 117 | 100 | 84 | 67 | 50 | 34 | 17 |
| 1,340 | 1,360 | 220 | 189 | 158 | 136 | 120 | 103 | 87 | 70 | 53 | 37 | 20 |
| 1,360 | 1,380 | 225 | 194 | 164 | 139 | 123 | 106 | 90 | 73 | 56 | 40 | 23 |
| 1,380 | 1,400 | 231 | 200 | 169 | 142 | 126 | 109 | 93 | 76 | 59 | 43 | 26 |
| 1,400 | 1,420 | 237 | 206 | 175 | 145 | 129 | 112 | 96 | 79 | 62 | 46 | 29 |
| 1,420 | 1,440 | 242 | 211 | 180 | 149 | 132 | 115 | 99 | 82 | 65 | 49 | 32 |
| 1,440 | 1,460 | 248 | 217 | 186 | 155 | 135 | 118 | 102 | 85 | 68 | 52 | 35 |
| 1,460 | 1,480 | 253 | 222 | 192 | 161 | 138 | 121 | 105 | 88 | 71 | 55 | 38 |
| 1,480 | 1,500 | 259 | 228 | 197 | 166 | 141 | 124 | 108 | 91 | 74 | 58 | 41 |
| 1,500 | 1,520 | 265 | 234 | 203 | 172 | 144 | 127 | 111 | 94 | 77 | 61 | 44 |
| 1,520 | 1,540 | 270 | 239 | 208 | 177 | 147 | 130 | 114 | 97 | 80 | 64 | 47 |
| 1,540 | 1,560 | 276 | 245 | 214 | 183 | 152 | 133 | 117 | 100 | 83 | 67 | 50 |
| 1,560 | 1,580 | 281 | 250 | 220 | 189 | 158 | 136 | 120 | 103 | 86 | 70 | 53 |
| 1,580 | 1,600 | 287 | 256 | 225 | 194 | 163 | 139 | 123 | 106 | 89 | 73 | 56 |
| 1,600 | 1,620 | 293 | 262 | 231 | 200 | 169 | 142 | 126 | 109 | 92 | 76 | 59 |
| 1,620 | 1,640 | 298 | 267 | 236 | 205 | 175 | 145 | 129 | 112 | 95 | 79 | 62 |
| 1,640 | 1,660 | 304 | 273 | 242 | 211 | 180 | 149 | 132 | 115 | 98 | 82 | 65 |
| 1,660 | 1,680 | 309 | 278 | 248 | 217 | 186 | 155 | 135 | 118 | 101 | 85 | 68 |
| 1,680 | 1,700 | 315 | 284 | 253 | 222 | 191 | 160 | 138 | 121 | 104 | 88 | 71 |
| 1,700 | 1,720 | 321 | 290 | 259 | 228 | 197 | 166 | 141 | 124 | 107 | 91 | 74 |
| 1,720 | 1,740 | 326 | 295 | 264 | 233 | 203 | 172 | 144 | 127 | 110 | 94 | 77 |
| 1,740 | 1,760 | 332 | 301 | 270 | 239 | 208 | 177 | 147 | 130 | 113 | 97 | 80 |
| 1,760 | 1,780 | 337 | 306 | 276 | 245 | 214 | 183 | 152 | 133 | 116 | 100 | 83 |
| 1,780 | 1,800 | 343 | 312 | 281 | 250 | 219 | 188 | 157 | 136 | 119 | 103 | 86 |
| 1,800 | 1,820 | 349 | 318 | 287 | 256 | 225 | 194 | 163 | 139 | 122 | 106 | 89 |
| 1,820 | 1,840 | 354 | 323 | 292 | 261 | 231 | 200 | 169 | 142 | 125 | 109 | 92 |
| 1,840 | 1,860 | 360 | 329 | 298 | 267 | 236 | 205 | 174 | 145 | 128 | 112 | 95 |
| 1,860 | 1,880 | 365 | 334 | 304 | 273 | 242 | 211 | 180 | 149 | 131 | 115 | 98 |
| 1,880 | 1,900 | 371 | 340 | 309 | 278 | 247 | 216 | 185 | 155 | 134 | 118 | 101 |
| 1,900 | 1,920 | 377 | 346 | 315 | 284 | 253 | 222 | 191 | 160 | 137 | 121 | 104 |
| 1,920 | 1,940 | 382 | 351 | 320 | 289 | 259 | 228 | 197 | 166 | 140 | 124 | 107 |
| 1,940 | 1,960 | 388 | 357 | 326 | 295 | 264 | 233 | 202 | 171 | 143 | 127 | 110 |
| 1,960 | 1,980 | 393 | 362 | 332 | 301 | 270 | 239 | 208 | 177 | 146 | 130 | 113 |
| 1,980 | 2,000 | 399 | 368 | 337 | 306 | 275 | 244 | 213 | 183 | 152 | 133 | 116 |
| 2,000 | 2,020 | 405 | 374 | 343 | 312 | 281 | 250 | 219 | 188 | 157 | 136 | 119 |
| 2,020 | 2,040 | 410 | 379 | 348 | 317 | 287 | 256 | 225 | 194 | 163 | 139 | 122 |
| 2,040 | 2,060 | 416 | 385 | 354 | 323 | 292 | 261 | 230 | 199 | 168 | 142 | 125 |
| 2,060 | 2,080 | 421 | 390 | 360 | 329 | 298 | 267 | 236 | 205 | 174 | 145 | 128 |
| 2,080 | 2,100 | 427 | 396 | 365 | 334 | 303 | 272 | 241 | 211 | 180 | 149 | 131 |
| 2,100 | 2,120 | 433 | 402 | 371 | 340 | 309 | 278 | 247 | 216 | 185 | 154 | 134 |
| 2,120 | 2,140 | 438 | 407 | 376 | 345 | 315 | 284 | 253 | 222 | 191 | 160 | 137 |


(For Wages Paid in 1997)

| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$1,420 | \$1,440 | 174 | 158 | 141 | 125 | 108 | 91 | 75 | 58 | 42 | 25 | 9 |
| 1,440 | 1,460 | 177 | 161 | 144 | 128 | 111 | 94 | 78 | 61 | 45 | 28 | 12 |
| 1,460 | 1,480 | 180 | 164 | 147 | 131 | 114 | 97 | 81 | 64 | 48 | 31 | 15 |
| 1,480 | 1,500 | 183 | 167 | 150 | 134 | 117 | 100 | 84 | 67 | 51 | 34 | 18 |
| 1,500 | 1,520 | 186 | 170 | 153 | 137 | 120 | 103 | 87 | 70 | 54 | 37 | 21 |
| 1,520 | 1,540 | 189 | 173 | 156 | 140 | 123 | 106 | 90 | 73 | 57 | 40 | 24 |
| 1,540 | 1,560 | 192 | 176 | 159 | 143 | 126 | 109 | 93 | 76 | 60 | 43 | 27 |
| 1,560 | 1,580 | 195 | 179 | 162 | 146 | 129 | 112 | 96 | 79 | 63 | 46 | 30 |
| 1,580 | 1,600 | 198 | 182 | 165 | 149 | 132 | 115 | 99 | 82 | 66 | 49 | 33 |
| 1,600 | 1,620 | 201 | 185 | 168 | 152 | 135 | 118 | 102 | 85 | 69 | 52 | 36 |
| 1,620 | 1,640 | 204 | 188 | 171 | 155 | 138 | 121 | 105 | 88 | 72 | 55 | 39 |
| 1,640 | 1,660 | 207 | 191 | 174 | 158 | 141 | 124 | 108 | 91 | 75 | 58 | 42 |
| 1,660 | 1,680 | 210 | 194 | 177 | 161 | 144 | 127 | 111 | 94 | 78 | 61 | 45 |
| 1,680 | 1,700 | 213 | 197 | 180 | 164 | 147 | 130 | 114 | 97 | 81 | 64 | 48 |
| 1,700 | 1,720 | 216 | 200 | 183 | 167 | 150 | 133 | 117 | 100 | 84 | 67 | 51 |
| 1,720 | 1,740 | 219 | 203 | 186 | 170 | 153 | 136 | 120 | 103 | 87 | 70 | 54 |
| 1,740 | 1,760 | 222 | 206 | 189 | 173 | 156 | 139 | 123 | 106 | 90 | 73 | 57 |
| 1,760 | 1,780 | 225 | 209 | 192 | 176 | 159 | 142 | 126 | 109 | 93 | 76 | 60 |
| 1,780 | 1,800 | 228 | 212 | 195 | 179 | 162 | 145 | 129 | 112 | 96 | 79 | 63 |
| 1,800 | 1,820 | 231 | 215 | 198 | 182 | 165 | 148 | 132 | 115 | 99 | 82 | 66 |
| 1,820 | 1,840 | 234 | 218 | 201 | 185 | 168 | 151 | 135 | 118 | 102 | 85 | 69 |
| 1,840 | 1,860 | 237 | 221 | 204 | 188 | 171 | 154 | 138 | 121 | 105 | 88 | 72 |
| 1,860 | 1,880 | 240 | 224 | 207 | 191 | 174 | 157 | 141 | 124 | 108 | 91 | 75 |
| 1,880 | 1,900 | 243 | 227 | 210 | 194 | 177 | 160 | 144 | 127 | 111 | 94 | 78 |
| 1,900 | 1,920 | 248 | 230 | 213 | 197 | 180 | 163 | 147 | 130 | 114 | 97 | 81 |
| 1,920 | 1,940 | 254 | 233 | 216 | 200 | 183 | 166 | 150 | 133 | 117 | 100 | 84 |
| 1,940 | 1,960 | 260 | 236 | 219 | 203 | 186 | 169 | 153 | 136 | 120 | 103 | 87 |
| 1,960 | 1,980 | 265 | 239 | 222 | 206 | 189 | 172 | 156 | 139 | 123 | 106 | 90 |
| 1,980 | 2,000 | 271 | 242 | 225 | 209 | 192 | 175 | 159 | 142 | 126 | 109 | 93 |
| 2,000 | 2,020 | 276 | 245 | 228 | 212 | 195 | 178 | 162 | 145 | 129 | 112 | 96 |
| 2,020 | 2,040 | 282 | 251 | 231 | 215 | 198 | 181 | 165 | 148 | 132 | 115 | 99 |
| 2,040 | 2,060 | 288 | 257 | 234 | 218 | 201 | 184 | 168 | 151 | 135 | 118 | 102 |
| 2,060 | 2,080 | 293 | 262 | 237 | 221 | 204 | 187 | 171 | 154 | 138 | 121 | 105 |
| 2,080 | 2,100 | 299 | 268 | 240 | 224 | 207 | 190 | 174 | 157 | 141 | 124 | 108 |
| 2,100 | 2,120 | 304 | 273 | 243 | 227 | 210 | 193 | 177 | 160 | 144 | 127 | 111 |
| 2,120 | 2,140 | 310 | 279 | 248 | 230 | 213 | 196 |  | 163 | 147 | 130 | 114 |
| 2,140 | 2,160 | 316 | 285 | 254 | 233 | 216 | 199 | 183 | 163 | 150 | 133 | 117 |
| 2,160 | 2,180 | 321 | 290 | 259 | 236 | 219 | 202 | 186 | 169 | 153 | 136 | 120 |
| 2,180 | 2,200 | 327 | 296 | 265 | 239 | 222 | 205 | 189 | 172 | 156 | 139 | 123 |
| 2,200 | 2,220 | 332 | 301 | 270 | 242 | 225 | 208 | 192 | 175 | 159 | 142 | 126 |
| 2,220 | 2,240 | 338 | 307 | 276 | 245 | 228 | 211 | 195 | 178 | 162 | 145 | 129 |
| 2,240 | 2,260 | 344 | 313 | 282 | 251 | 231 | 214 | 198 | 181 | 165 | 148 | 132 |
| 2,260 | 2,280 | 349 | 318 | 287 | 256 | 234 | 217 | 201 | 184 | 168 | 151 | 135 |
| 2,280 | 2,300 | 355 | 324 | 293 | 262 | 237 | 220 | 204 | 187 | 171 | 154 | 138 |
| 2,300 | 2,320 | 360 | 329 | 298 | 268 | 240 | 223 | 207 | 190 | 174 | 157 | 141 |
| 2,320 | 2,340 | 366 | 335 | 304 | 273 | 243 | 226 | 210 | 193 | 177 | 160 | 144 |
| 2,340 | 2,360 | 372 | 341 | 310 | 279 | 248 | 229 | 213 | 196 | 180 | 163 | 147 |
| 2,360 | 2,380 | 377 | 346 | 315 | 284 | 253 | 232 | 216 | 199 | 183 | 166 | 150 |
| 2,380 | 2,400 | 383 | 352 | 321 | 290 | 259 | 235 | 219 | 202 | 186 | 169 | 153 |
| 2,400 | 2,420 | 388 | 357 | 326 | 296 | 265 | 238 | 222 | 205 | 189 | 172 | 156 |
| 2,420 | 2,440 | 394 | 363 | 332 | 301 | 270 | 241 | 225 | 208 | 192 | 175 | 159 |
| 2,440 | 2,460 | 400 | 369 | 338 | 307 | 276 | 245 | 228 | 211 | 195 | 178 | 162 |
| 2,460 | 2,480 | 405 | 374 | 343 | 312 | 281 | 251 | 231 | 214 | 198 | 181 | 165 |
| 2,480 | 2,500 | 411 | 380 | 349 | 318 | 287 | 256 | 234 | 217 | 201 | 184 | 168 |
| 2,500 | 2,520 | 416 | 385 | 354 | 324 | 293 | 262 | 237 | 220 | 204 | 187 | 171 |
| 2,520 | 2,540 | 422 | 391 | 360 | 329 | 298 | 267 | 240 | 223 | 207 | 190 | 174 |
| 2,540 | 2,560 | 428 | 397 | 366 | 335 | 304 | 273 | 243 | 226 | 210 | 193 | 177 |
| 2,560 | 2,580 | 433 | 402 | 371 | 340 | 309 | 279 | 248 | 229 | 213 | 196 | 180 |
| 2,580 | 2,600 | 439 | 408 | 377 | 346 | 315 | 284 | 253 | 232 | 216 | 199 | 183 |
| 2,600 | 2,620 | 444 | 413 | 382 | 352 | 321 | 290 | 259 | 235 | 219 | 202 | 186 |
| 2,620 | 2,640 | 450 | 419 | 388 | 357 | 326 | 295 | 264 | 238 | 222 | 205 | 189 |
| 2,640 | 2,660 | 456 | 425 | 394 | 363 | 332 | 301 | 270 | 241 | 225 | 208 | 192 |
| 2,660 | 2,680 | 461 | 430 | 399 | 368 | 337 | 307 | 276 | 245 | 228 | 211 | 195 |
| 2,680 | 2,700 | 467 | 436 | 405 | 374 | 343 | 312 | 281 | 250 | 231 | 214 | 198 |
| 2,700 | 2,720 | 472 | 441 | 410 | 380 | 349 | 318 | 287 | 256 | 234 | 217 | 201 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 | \$220 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 220 | 230 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 230 | 240 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 240 | 250 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 250 | 260 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 260 | 270 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 270 | 280 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 280 | 290 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 290 | 300 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 300 | 320 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 320 | 340 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 340 | 360 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 360 | 380 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 380 | 400 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 400 | 420 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 420 | 440 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 440 | 460 | 34 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 460 | 480 | 37 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 480 | 500 | 40 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 500 | 520 | 43 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 520 | 540 | 46 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 540 | 560 | 49 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 560 | 580 | 52 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 580 | 600 | 55 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 640 | 60 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 640 | 680 | 66 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 680 | 720 | 72 | 39 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 720 | 760 | 78 | 45 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 760 | 800 | 84 | 51 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 800 | 840 | 90 | 57 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 840 | 880 | 96 | 63 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 880 | 920 | 102 | 69 | 36 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 920 | 960 | 108 | 75 | 42 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 960 | 1,000 | 114 | 81 | 48 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 | 1,040 | 120 | 87 | 54 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,040 | 1,080 | 126 | 93 | 60 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| 1,080 | 1,120 | 132 | 99 | 66 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,120 | 1,160 | 138 | 105 | 72 | 39 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,160 | 1,200 | 144 | 111 | 78 | 45 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,200 | 1,240 | 150 | 117 | 84 | 51 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,240 | 1,280 | 156 | 123 | 90 | 57 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,280 | 1,320 | 162 | 129 | 96 | 63 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,320 | 1,360 | 168 | 135 | 102 | 69 | 35 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,360 | 1,400 | 174 | 141 | 108 | 75 | 41 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,400 | 1,440 | 180 | 147 | 114 | 81 | 47 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,440 | 1,480 | 186 | 153 | 120 | 87 | 53 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,480 | 1,520 | 192 | 159 | 126 | 93 | 59 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,520 | 1,560 | 198 | 165 | 132 | 99 | 65 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,560 | 1,600 | 204 | 171 | 138 | 105 | 71 | 38 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,600 | 1,640 | 210 | 177 | 144 | 111 | 77 | 44 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,640 | 1,680 | 216 | 183 | 150 | 117 | 83 | 50 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,680 | 1,720 | 222 | 189 | 156 | 123 | 89 | 56 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,720 | 1,760 | 228 | 195 | 162 | 129 | 95 | 62 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,760 | 1,800 | 234 | 201 | 168 | 135 | 101 | 68 | 35 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,800 | 1,840 | 240 | 207 | 174 | 141 | 107 | 74 | 41 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,840 | 1,880 | 246 | 213 | 180 | 147 | 113 | 80 | 47 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,880 | 1,920 | 252 | 219 | 186 | 153 | 119 | 86 | 53 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,920 | 1,960 | 258 | 225 | 192 | 159 | 125 | 92 | 59 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,960 | 2,000 | 264 | 231 | 198 | 165 | 131 | 98 | 65 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,000 | 2,040 | 270 | 237 | 204 | 171 | 137 | 104 | 71 | 38 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,040 | 2,080 | 276 | 243 | 210 | 177 | 143 | 110 | 77 | 44 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,080 | 2,120 | 282 | 249 | 216 | 183 | 149 | 116 | 83 | 50 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,120 | 2,160 | 288 | 255 | 222 | 189 | 155 | 122 | 89 | 56 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,160 | 2,200 | 294 | 261 | 228 | 195 | 161 | 128 | 95 | 62 | 29 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,200 | 2,240 | 305 | 267 | 234 | 201 | 167 | 134 | 101 | 68 | 35 | 2 | 0 |
| 2,240 | 2,280 | 316 | 273 | 240 | 207 | 173 | 140 | 107 | 74 | 41 | 8 | 0 |
| 2,280 | 2,320 | 328 | 279 | 246 | 213 | 179 | 146 | 113 | 80 | 47 | 14 | 0 |
| 2,320 | 2,360 | 339 | 285 | 252 | 219 | 185 | 152 | 119 | 86 | 53 | 20 | 0 |
| 2,360 | 2,400 | 350 | 291 | 258 | 225 | 191 | 158 | 125 | 92 | 59 | 26 | 0 |
| 2,400 | 2,440 | 361 | 299 | 264 | 231 | 197 | 164 | 131 | 98 | 65 | 32 | 0 |

(For Wages Paid in 1997)

\$5,040 and over
Use Table 4(a) for a SINGLE person on page 34. Also see the instructions on page 32.

| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 \\ 540 \\ 560 \\ 580 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 540 \\ 560 \\ 580 \\ 600 \\ 640 \end{array}$ | 0 2 5 8 12 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 640 \\ & 680 \\ & 720 \\ & 760 \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 680 \\ & 720 \\ & 760 \\ & 800 \\ & 840 \end{aligned}$ | 18 24 30 36 42 | 0 0 0 0 3 9 | 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 840 \\ 880 \\ 920 \\ 960 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 880 \\ 920 \\ 960 \\ 1,000 \\ 1,040 \end{array}$ | 48 54 60 66 72 | 15 21 27 33 39 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 1,040 $\mathbf{1 , 0 8 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 0}$ | 1,080 $\mathbf{1 , 1 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 0}$ | 78 84 90 96 102 | 45 51 57 63 69 | 12 18 24 30 36 | 0 0 0 0 0 3 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1,240 \\ & 1,280 \\ & 1,320 \\ & 1,360 \\ & 1,400 \end{aligned}$ | 1,280 1,320 1,360 1,400 1,440 | 108 114 120 126 132 | 75 81 87 93 99 | 42 48 54 60 66 | 9 15 15 21 27 33 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| 1,440 1,480 1,520 1,560 1,600 | 1,480 $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 5 6 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 6 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 6 4 0}$ | 138 144 150 156 162 | 105 111 117 123 129 | 72 78 84 90 96 | 39 45 51 57 63 | 6 12 18 24 30 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1,640 \\ & 1,680 \\ & 1,720 \\ & 1,760 \\ & 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 , 6 8 0} \\ & 1,720 \\ & 1,760 \\ & 1,800 \\ & 1,840 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 168 \\ & 174 \\ & 180 \\ & 186 \\ & 192 \end{aligned}$ | 135 141 147 153 159 | 102 108 114 120 126 | 69 75 81 87 93 | 36 42 48 54 60 | 3 9 15 21 27 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1 , 8 4 0} \\ & 1,880 \\ & \mathbf{1 , 9 2 0} \\ & 1,960 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 0 0 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 8 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 9 2 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 9 6 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 0 0 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 0 4 0}$ | 198 204 210 216 222 | 165 171 177 183 189 | 132 138 144 150 156 | 99 105 111 117 123 | 66 72 78 84 90 | 33 39 45 51 57 | 0 6 12 18 24 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 , 0 4 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 0 8 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 1 2 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 1 6 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 8 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 1 2 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 1 6 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 2 4 0}$ | 228 234 240 246 252 | 195 201 207 213 219 | 162 168 174 180 186 | 129 135 141 147 153 | 96 102 108 114 120 | 63 69 75 81 87 | 30 36 42 48 54 | 0 3 9 15 21 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 2 4 0} \\ 2,280 \\ 2,320 \\ 2,360 \\ 2,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 2 8 0} \\ 2,320 \\ 2,360 \\ 2,400 \\ \mathbf{2 , 4 4 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 258 \\ & 264 \\ & 270 \\ & 270 \\ & 276 \\ & 282 \end{aligned}$ | 225 231 237 243 249 | 192 198 204 210 216 | 159 165 171 177 183 | 126 132 138 144 150 | 93 99 105 111 117 | 60 66 72 78 84 | 27 33 39 45 51 | 0 0 5 11 17 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 4 4 0} \\ 2,480 \\ 2,520 \\ \mathbf{2 , 5 6 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 6 0 0} \end{array}$ | 2,480 $\mathbf{2 , 5 2 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 5 6 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 6 0 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 6 4 0}$ | 288 294 300 306 312 | 255 261 267 273 279 | 222 228 234 240 246 | 189 195 201 207 213 | 156 162 168 174 180 | 123 129 135 141 147 | 90 96 102 108 114 | 57 63 69 75 81 | 23 29 35 41 47 | 0 0 2 8 14 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 6 4 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 6 8 0} \\ \mathbf{2}, 720 \\ \mathbf{2 , 7 6 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 8 0 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 6 8 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 7 2 0} \\ \mathbf{2}, 760 \\ \mathbf{2 , 8 0 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 8 4 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 318 \\ & 324 \\ & 330 \\ & 336 \\ & 342 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 285 \\ & 291 \\ & 297 \\ & 303 \\ & 309 \end{aligned}$ | 252 258 264 270 276 | 219 225 231 237 243 | 186 192 198 204 210 | 153 159 165 171 177 | 120 126 132 138 144 | 87 93 99 105 111 | 53 59 65 71 77 | 20 26 32 38 44 | 0 0 0 5 11 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 8 4 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 8 8 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 9 2 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 9 6 0} \\ \mathbf{3 , 0 0 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 , 8 8 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 9 2 0} \\ \mathbf{2 , 9 6 0} \\ \mathbf{3 , 0 0 0} \\ \mathbf{3 , 0 4 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 348 \\ & 354 \\ & 360 \\ & 3666 \\ & 372 \end{aligned}$ | 315 321 327 333 339 | 282 288 294 300 306 | 249 255 261 267 273 | 216 222 228 234 240 | 183 189 195 201 207 | 150 156 162 168 174 | 117 123 129 135 141 | 83 89 95 101 107 | 50 56 62 68 74 | 17 23 29 35 41 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3,040 \\ & 3,080 \\ & 3,120 \\ & 3,160 \\ & 3,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,080 \\ & 3,120 \\ & 3,160 \\ & 3,200 \\ & 3,240 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 378 \\ & 384 \\ & 390 \\ & 396 \\ & 402 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 345 \\ & 351 \\ & 357 \\ & 363 \\ & 369 \end{aligned}$ | 312 318 324 330 336 | $\begin{aligned} & 279 \\ & 285 \\ & 291 \\ & 297 \\ & 303 \end{aligned}$ | 246 252 258 264 270 | $\begin{aligned} & 213 \\ & 219 \\ & 225 \\ & 231 \\ & 237 \end{aligned}$ | 180 186 192 198 204 | $\begin{aligned} & 147 \\ & 153 \\ & 159 \\ & 165 \\ & 171 \end{aligned}$ | 113 119 125 131 137 | 80 86 92 98 104 | 47 53 59 65 71 |

MARRIED Persons-MONTHLY Payroll Period
(For Wages Paid in 1997)

| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$3,240 | \$3,280 | 408 | 375 | 342 | 309 | 276 | 243 | 210 | 177 | 143 | 110 | 77 |
| 3,280 | 3,320 | 414 | 381 | 348 | 315 | 282 | 249 | 216 | 183 | 149 | 116 | 83 |
| 3,320 | 3,360 | 420 | 387 | 354 | 321 | 288 | 255 | 222 | 189 | 155 | 122 | 89 |
| 3,360 | 3,400 | 426 | 393 | 360 | 327 | 294 | 261 | 228 | 195 | 161 | 128 | 95 |
| 3,400 | 3,440 | 432 | 399 | 366 | 333 | 300 | 267 | 234 | 201 | 167 | 134 | 101 |
| 3,440 | 3,480 | 438 | 405 | 372 | 339 | 306 | 273 | 240 | 207 | 173 | 140 | 107 |
| 3,480 | 3,520 | 444 | 411 | 378 | 345 | 312 | 279 | 246 | 213 | 179 | 146 | 113 |
| 3,520 | 3,560 | 450 | 417 | 384 | 351 | 318 | 285 | 252 | 219 | 185 | 152 | 119 |
| 3,560 | 3,600 | 456 | 423 | 390 | 357 | 324 | 291 | 258 | 225 | 191 | 158 | 125 |
| 3,600 | 3,640 | 462 | 429 | 396 | 363 | 330 | 297 | 264 | 231 | 197 | 164 | 131 |
| 3,640 | 3,680 | 468 | 435 | 402 | 369 | 336 | 303 | 270 | 237 | 203 | 170 | 137 |
| 3,680 | 3,720 | 474 | 441 | 408 | 375 | 342 | 309 | 276 | 243 | 209 | 176 | 143 |
| 3,720 | 3,760 | 480 | 447 | 414 | 381 | 348 | 315 | 282 | 249 | 215 | 182 | 149 |
| 3,760 | 3,800 | 486 | 453 | 420 | 387 | 354 | 321 | 288 | 255 | 221 | 188 | 155 |
| 3,800 | 3,840 | 497 | 459 | 426 | 393 | 360 | 327 | 294 | 261 | 227 | 194 | 161 |
| 3,840 | 3,880 | 508 | 465 | 432 | 399 | 366 | 333 | 300 | 267 | 233 | 200 | 167 |
| 3,880 | 3,920 | 519 | 471 | 438 | 405 | 372 | 339 | 306 | 273 | 239 | 206 | 173 |
| 3,920 | 3,960 | 530 | 477 | 444 | 411 | 378 | 345 | 312 | 279 | 245 | 212 | 179 |
| 3,960 | 4,000 | 541 | 483 | 450 | 417 | 384 | 351 | 318 | 285 | 251 | 218 | 185 |
| 4,000 | 4,040 | 553 | 491 | 456 | 423 | 390 | 357 | 324 | 291 | 257 | 224 | 191 |
| 4,040 | 4,080 | 564 | 502 | 462 | 429 | 396 | 363 | 330 | 297 | 263 | 230 | 197 |
| 4,080 | 4,120 | 575 | 513 | 468 | 435 | 402 | 369 | 336 | 303 | 269 | 236 | 203 |
| 4,120 | 4,160 | 586 | 524 | 474 | 441 | 408 | 375 | 342 | 309 | 275 | 242 | 209 |
| 4,160 | 4,200 | 597 | 536 | 480 | 447 | 414 | 381 | 348 | 315 | 281 | 248 | 215 |
| 4,200 | 4,240 | 609 | 547 | 486 | 453 | 420 | 387 | 354 | 321 | 287 | 254 | 221 |
| 4,240 | 4,280 | 620 | 558 | 496 | 459 | 426 | 393 | 360 | 327 | 293 | 260 | 227 |
| 4,280 | 4,320 | 631 | 569 | 507 | 465 | 432 | 399 | 366 | 333 | 299 | 266 | 233 |
| 4,320 | 4,360 | 642 | 580 | 519 | 471 | 438 | 405 | 372 | 339 | 305 | 272 | 239 |
| 4,360 | 4,400 | 653 | 592 | 530 | 477 | 444 | 411 | 378 | 345 | 311 | 278 | 245 |
| 4,400 | 4,440 | 665 | 603 | 541 | 483 | 450 | 417 | 384 | 351 | 317 | 284 | 251 |
| 4,440 | 4,480 | 676 | 614 | 552 | 490 | 456 | 423 | 390 | 357 | 323 | 290 | 257 |
| 4,480 | 4,520 | 687 | 625 | 563 | 502 | 462 | 429 | 396 | 363 | 329 | 296 | 263 |
| 4,520 | 4,560 | 698 | 636 | 575 | 513 | 468 | 435 | 402 | 369 | 335 | 302 | 269 |
| 4,560 | 4,600 | 709 | 648 | 586 | 524 | 474 | 441 | 408 | 375 | 341 | 308 | 275 |
| 4,600 | 4,640 | 721 | 659 | 597 | 535 | 480 | 447 | 414 | 381 | 347 | 314 | 281 |
| 4,640 | 4,680 | 732 | 670 | 608 | 546 | 486 | 453 | 420 | 387 | 353 | 320 | 287 |
| 4,680 | 4,720 | 743 | 681 | 619 | 558 | 496 | 459 | 426 | 393 | 359 | 326 | 293 |
| 4,720 | 4,760 | 754 | 692 | 631 | 569 | 507 | 465 | 432 | 399 | 365 | 332 | 299 |
| 4,760 | 4,800 | 765 | 704 | 642 | 580 | 518 | 471 | 438 | 405 | 371 | 338 | 305 |
| 4,800 | 4,840 | 777 | 715 | 653 | 591 | 529 | 477 | 444 | 411 | 377 | 344 | 311 |
| 4,840 | 4,880 | 788 | 726 | 664 | 602 | 540 | 483 | 450 | 417 | 383 | 350 | 317 |
| 4,880 | 4,920 | 799 | 737 | 675 | 614 | 552 | 490 | 456 | 423 | 389 | 356 | 323 |
| 4,920 | 4,960 | 810 | 748 | 687 | 625 | 563 | 501 | 462 | 429 | 395 | 362 | 329 |
| 4,960 | 5,000 | 821 | 760 | 698 | 636 | 574 | 512 | 468 | 435 | 401 | 368 | 335 |
| 5,000 | 5,040 | 833 | 771 | 709 | 647 | 585 | 523 | 474 | 441 | 407 | 374 | 341 |
| 5,040 | 5,080 | 844 | 782 | 720 | 658 | 596 | 535 | 480 | 447 | 413 | 380 | 347 |
| 5,080 | 5,120 | 855 | 793 | 731 | 670 | 608 | 546 | 486 | 453 | 419 | 386 | 353 |
| 5,120 | 5,160 | 866 | 804 | 743 | 681 | 619 | 557 | 495 | 459 | 425 | 392 | 359 |
| 5,160 | 5,200 | 877 | 816 | 754 | 692 | 630 | 568 | 506 | 465 | 431 | 398 | 365 |
| 5,200 | 5,240 | 889 | 827 | 765 | 703 | 641 | 579 | 518 | 471 | 437 | 404 | 371 |
| 5,240 | 5,280 | 900 | 838 | 776 | 714 | 652 | 591 | 529 | 477 | 443 | 410 | 377 |
| 5,280 | 5,320 | 911 | 849 | 787 | 726 | 664 | 602 | 540 | 483 | 449 | 416 | 383 |
| 5,320 | 5,360 | 922 | 860 | 799 | 737 | 675 | 613 | 551 | 489 | 455 | 422 | 389 |
| 5,360 | 5,400 | 933 | 872 | 810 | 748 | 686 | 624 | 562 | 501 | 461 | 428 | 395 |
| 5,400 | 5,440 | 945 | 883 | 821 | 759 | 697 | 635 | 574 | 512 | 467 | 434 | 401 |
| 5,440 | 5,480 | 956 | 894 | 832 | 770 | 708 | 647 | 585 | 523 | 473 | 440 | 407 |
| 5,480 | 5,520 | 967 | 905 | 843 | 782 | 720 | 658 | 596 | 534 | 479 | 446 | 413 |
| 5,520 | 5,560 | 978 | 916 | 855 | 793 | 731 | 669 | 607 | 545 | 485 | 452 | 419 |
| 5,560 | 5,600 | 989 | 928 | 866 | 804 | 742 | 680 | 618 | 557 | 495 | 458 | 425 |
| 5,600 | 5,640 | 1,001 | 939 | 877 | 815 | 753 | 691 | 630 | 568 | 506 | 464 | 431 |
| 5,640 | 5,680 | 1,012 | 950 | 888 | 826 | 764 | 703 | 641 | 579 | 517 | 470 | 437 |
| 5,680 | 5,720 | 1,023 | 961 | 899 | 838 | 776 | 714 | 652 | 590 | 528 | 476 | 443 |
| 5,720 | 5,760 | 1,034 | 972 | 911 | 849 | 787 | 725 | 663 | 601 | 540 | 482 | 449 |
| 5,760 | 5,800 | 1,045 | 984 | 922 | 860 | 798 | 736 | 674 | 613 | 551 | 489 | 455 |
| 5,800 | 5,840 | 1,057 | 995 | 933 | 871 | 809 | 747 | 686 | 624 | 562 | 500 | 461 |



| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 219 \\ 222 \\ 225 \\ 228 \\ 231 \end{array}$ | $\$ 222$ 225 228 231 234 | 47 48 49 50 51 | 44 45 46 47 48 | 41 42 43 44 45 | 39 39 40 41 42 | 36 37 37 38 39 | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 34 \\ & 35 \\ & 35 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | 30 31 32 33 33 | 27 28 29 30 31 | 24 25 26 27 28 | 21 22 23 24 25 | 19 19 20 21 22 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 234 \\ & 237 \\ & 240 \\ & 243 \\ & 246 \end{aligned}$ | 237 240 243 246 249 | 52 53 54 55 56 | 49 50 51 52 53 | 46 47 48 49 49 | 43 44 44 45 46 | 40 41 42 42 43 | 37 38 39 40 40 | 34 35 36 36 37 38 | 31 32 33 34 35 | 29 29 30 31 32 | 26 26 27 28 29 | 23 24 24 25 26 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 249 \\ & 252 \\ & 255 \\ & 258 \\ & 261 \end{aligned}$ | 252 255 258 261 264 | 57 58 59 59 60 | 54 54 55 56 57 | 50 51 52 53 54 | 47 48 49 50 51 | 44 45 46 47 48 | 41 42 43 44 45 | 38 39 40 41 42 | 36 36 37 38 39 | 33 34 34 35 36 | 30 31 32 32 33 | 27 28 29 30 30 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 264 \\ & 267 \\ & 270 \\ & 273 \\ & 276 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 267 \\ & 270 \\ & 273 \\ & 276 \\ & 279 \end{aligned}$ | 61 62 63 64 65 | 58 59 60 61 62 | 55 56 57 58 59 | 52 53 54 55 56 | 49 50 51 51 52 | 46 46 47 48 49 | 43 43 44 45 46 | 40 41 41 42 43 | 37 38 38 39 39 40 | 34 35 36 37 37 | 31 32 33 34 35 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 279 \\ & 282 \\ & 285 \\ & 288 \\ & 291 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 282 \\ & 285 \\ & 288 \\ & 291 \\ & 294 \end{aligned}$ | 66 67 68 69 70 | 63 64 65 66 67 | 60 61 62 62 63 | 57 57 58 58 59 60 | 53 54 55 56 57 | 50 50 51 52 53 54 | 47 48 49 50 51 | 44 45 46 47 48 | 41 42 43 44 44 | 38 39 40 41 42 | 35 36 37 38 39 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 294 \\ & 297 \\ & 300 \\ & 303 \\ & 306 \end{aligned}$ | 297 300 303 306 309 | 71 72 72 73 74 | 67 68 69 70 71 | 64 65 66 67 68 | 61 62 63 64 65 | 58 59 60 61 62 | 55 56 57 58 59 | 52 53 54 54 55 | 49 49 50 51 52 | 45 46 47 48 49 | 42 43 44 45 46 | 40 40 41 42 43 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 309 \\ & 312 \\ & 315 \\ & 318 \\ & 321 \end{aligned}$ | 312 315 318 321 324 | 75 76 77 78 79 | 72 73 74 75 76 | 69 70 71 72 73 | 66 67 68 69 70 | 63 64 65 65 66 | 59 60 61 62 63 | 56 57 58 59 60 | 53 54 55 56 57 | 50 51 52 53 54 | 47 48 49 50 51 | 44 45 46 46 47 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 324 \\ & 327 \\ & 330 \\ & 333 \\ & 336 \end{aligned}$ | 327 330 333 336 339 | 80 81 82 83 84 | 77 78 79 80 80 | 74 75 75 76 77 | 70 71 72 73 74 | 67 68 69 70 71 | 64 65 66 67 68 | 61 62 63 64 65 | 58 59 60 61 62 | 55 56 57 57 58 | 51 52 53 54 55 | 48 49 50 51 52 |
| 339 341 343 345 347 | 341 343 345 347 349 | 84 85 86 86 87 | 81 82 83 83 83 84 | 78 79 79 80 81 | 75 76 76 77 77 | 72 72 73 74 74 | 69 69 70 70 71 | 65 66 67 67 68 | 62 63 64 64 65 | 59 60 60 61 62 | 56 57 57 58 58 | 53 53 54 55 55 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 349 \\ & 351 \\ & 353 \\ & 355 \\ & 357 \end{aligned}$ | 351 353 355 357 359 | 88 88 89 89 90 | 84 85 86 86 87 87 | 81 82 82 83 83 84 | 78 79 79 80 81 81 | 75 76 76 77 77 | 72 72 73 74 74 | 69 69 70 70 71 | 65 66 67 67 68 | 62 63 63 64 65 | 59 60 60 61 62 | 56 57 57 58 58 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 359 \\ & 361 \\ & 363 \\ & 365 \\ & 367 \end{aligned}$ | 361 363 365 367 369 | 91 91 92 92 93 | 87 87 88 89 89 90 | 84 85 86 86 87 | 81 82 82 83 84 | 78 79 79 80 80 | 75 75 76 77 77 | 72 72 73 74 74 | 69 69 70 70 71 | 65 66 67 67 68 | 62 63 63 64 65 | 59 60 60 61 62 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 369 \\ & 371 \\ & 373 \\ & 375 \\ & 377 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 371 \\ & 373 \\ & 375 \\ & 377 \\ & 379 \end{aligned}$ | 94 94 95 96 96 | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \\ & 91 \\ & 92 \\ & 92 \\ & 93 \end{aligned}$ | 87 88 89 89 90 | 84 85 85 86 87 | 81 82 82 83 84 84 | 78 79 79 80 80 | 75 75 76 77 77 | 72 72 73 73 74 | 68 69 70 70 71 | 65 66 67 67 68 | 62 63 63 64 65 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 379 \\ & 381 \\ & 383 \\ & 385 \\ & 387 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 381 \\ & 383 \\ & 385 \\ & 387 \\ & 389 \end{aligned}$ | 97 97 98 99 99 | $\begin{aligned} & 94 \\ & 94 \\ & 95 \\ & 96 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | 91 91 92 92 93 93 | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \\ & 88 \\ & 89 \\ & 89 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \\ & 85 \\ & 85 \\ & 86 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81 \\ & 82 \\ & 82 \\ & 83 \\ & 84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & 78 \\ & 79 \\ & 80 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 75 \\ & 76 \\ & 77 \\ & 77 \end{aligned}$ | 72 72 73 73 74 | 68 69 70 70 71 | 65 66 66 67 68 |


| If the wages are- |  | And the number of withholding allowances claimed is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | The amount of income tax to be withheld is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0 \\ & 27 \\ & 30 \\ & 33 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 27 \\ 30 \\ 33 \\ 36 \\ 39 \end{array}$ | 0 1 1 1 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 39 42 45 48 51 | 42 45 48 51 54 | 2 3 3 4 4 | 1 1 2 2 3 | 0 0 0 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 57 \\ & 60 \\ & 63 \\ & 66 \end{aligned}$ | 57 60 63 66 69 | 5 5 6 6 6 | 3 4 4 4 5 | 2 2 2 3 3 | 0 0 1 1 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 69 \\ & 72 \\ & 75 \\ & 78 \\ & 81 \end{aligned}$ | 72 75 78 78 81 84 | 7 7 8 8 8 | 5 6 6 7 7 | 4 4 5 5 5 | 2 3 3 4 4 | 1 1 2 2 2 3 | 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 84 \\ & 87 \\ & 90 \\ & 93 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | 87 90 90 93 96 99 | 9 10 10 10 11 | 8 8 8 8 9 9 | 6 6 7 7 8 | 5 5 5 6 6 | 3 3 4 4 4 5 | 1 2 2 3 3 | 0 0 1 1 1 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 99 102 105 105 108 111 | 102 105 108 111 114 | 11 12 12 13 13 | 10 10 11 11 12 | 8 9 9 10 10 | 7 7 7 8 8 9 | 5 6 6 7 7 | 4 4 5 5 6 | 2 3 3 4 4 | 1 1 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 114 117 120 123 126 | 117 120 123 126 129 | 14 14 15 15 15 | 12 13 13 13 14 | 11 11 11 12 12 | 9 9 9 10 10 11 | 7 8 8 8 9 9 | 6 7 7 8 | 4 5 5 6 6 | 3 3 4 4 4 | 1 2 2 2 3 3 | 0 0 1 1 2 | 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 129 132 135 138 141 | 132 135 138 141 144 | 16 16 17 17 18 | 14 15 15 16 16 | 13 13 14 14 15 | 11 12 12 13 13 | 10 10 11 11 12 | 8 9 9 10 10 | 7 7 7 8 8 8 | 5 6 6 7 7 | 4 4 5 5 5 | 2 3 3 3 4 | 1 1 1 2 2 |
| 144 147 150 153 156 | 147 150 153 156 159 | 18 19 19 19 20 | 17 17 17 18 18 | 15 15 16 16 17 | 14 14 14 15 15 | 12 12 13 13 14 | 10 11 11 12 12 | 9 9 10 10 11 | 7 8 8 8 9 9 | 6 6 7 7 8 | 4 5 5 6 6 | 3 3 4 4 5 |
| 159 162 165 168 171 | 162 165 168 171 174 | 20 21 21 22 22 | 19 19 20 20 21 | 17 18 18 19 19 | 16 16 17 17 18 | 14 15 15 16 16 | 13 13 13 14 14 15 | 11 12 12 13 13 | 10 10 11 11 11 | 8 9 9 9 10 | 7 7 7 8 8 | 5 6 6 6 7 |
| 174 177 180 183 186 | 177 180 183 186 189 | 23 24 24 25 26 | 21 22 22 22 23 | 20 20 20 21 21 | 18 18 19 19 20 | 16 17 17 18 18 | 15 15 16 16 17 | 13 14 14 15 15 | 12 12 13 13 14 | 10 11 11 12 12 | 9 9 10 10 11 | 7 8 8 9 9 |
| 189 192 195 198 201 | 192 195 198 201 204 | 27 28 29 29 30 | 24 25 26 27 27 | 22 22 23 24 25 | 20 21 21 22 22 | 19 19 20 20 21 | 17 18 18 19 19 | 16 16 17 17 17 | 14 15 15 16 16 | 13 13 14 14 14 | 11 12 12 12 13 | 10 10 10 11 11 |
| 204 207 210 213 216 | 207 210 213 216 219 | 31 32 33 34 34 | 28 29 30 31 32 | 25 26 27 28 29 | 23 23 24 24 25 26 | 21 21 22 22 23 | 19 20 20 21 21 | 18 18 19 19 20 | 16 17 17 18 18 | 15 15 16 16 17 | 13 14 14 15 15 | 12 12 13 13 14 |
| 219 222 225 228 231 | 222 225 228 231 234 | 35 36 37 38 39 | 32 33 34 35 36 | 30 30 31 32 33 | 27 28 28 29 30 | 24 25 26 26 27 | 22 22 23 24 24 | 20 21 21 22 22 | 19 19 20 20 20 | 17 18 18 18 19 | 16 16 16 17 17 | 14 15 15 15 16 |



# Tables for Percentage Method of Advance EIC Payments <br> (For Wages Paid in 1997) 

## Table 1. WEEKLY Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount
of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

## Over- But not over-

$\$ 0 \quad \$ 125$. . . 20.40\% of wages
\$125 \$229. . \$26
\$229
$\$ 26$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages in excess of \$229
(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

Over- But not over-
\$0 \$62 . . . 20.40\% of wages
\$114. . \$13
\$114

The amount of payment to be made is:
$\$ 13$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages in excess of \$114

## Table 2. BIWEEKLY Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

The amount of payment to be made is:

Over- But not over-
$\$ 0 \quad \$ 250$. . $20.40 \%$ of wages
\$250 \$458 . . . \$51
$\$ 458$. . . . . $\$ 51$ less 9.588\% of wages in excess of \$458
(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is: |  | The amount of payment to be made is: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over- } \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | But not over\$125. | 20.40\% of wages |
|  |  |  |
| \$125 | \$229 | \$26 |
| \$229 |  | \$26 less 9.588\% of wages |
|  |  | in excess of \$229 |

## Table 3. SEMIMONTHLY Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

| Over- | But not over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$270 | 20.40\% of wages |
| \$270 | \$497 | \$55 |
| \$497 |  | \$55 less 9.588\% of wages in excess of \$497 |

(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

Over- But not over-
$\$ 0 \quad \$ 135$. . . 20.40\% of wages
\$135 \$248 . . \$28
\$248

The amount of payment to be made is:
\$28 less 9.588\% of wages in excess of \$248

## Table 4. MONTHLY Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

The amount of payment to be made is:

| Over- | But not over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$541 | 20.40\% of wages |
| \$541 | \$994. | \$110 |
| \$994 |  | $\$ 110$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages in excess of $\$ 994$ |

(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

| Over- | But not over |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$270 | 20.40\% of wages |
| \$270 | \$497 | \$55 |
| \$497 | . . . . | \$55 less 9.588\% of wages in excess of \$497 |

The amount of payment to be made is:

## Table 5. QUARTERLY Payroll Period

(a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

| Over- | But not over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$1,625 | 20.40\% of wages |
| \$1,625 | \$2,982 | \$332 |
| \$2,982 |  | \$332 less 9.588\% of wages in excess of $\$ 2,982$ |

(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:
Over- But not over$\$ 0 \quad \$ 812$. . 20.40\% of wages
\$812 \$1,491 . . \$166
\$1,491 . . . . . $\$ 166$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages in excess of $\$ 1,491$

## Table 6. SEMIANNUAL Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

| Over- | But not over- |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 0$ | $\$ 3,250$ | . | . |$)$

The amount of payment to be made is: in excess of \$5,965
(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

Over- But not over-

| $\$ 0$ | $\$ 1,625$ | . | . |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | $20.40 \%$ of wages

## Table 7. ANNUAL Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:

| Over- \$0 | But not over\$6,500. | 20.40\% of wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$6,500 | \$11,930. | \$1,326 |
| \$11,930 |  | \$1,326 less 9.588\% of wages |

(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the amount of wages (before deducting withholding allowances) is:
Over- But not over-
$\$ 0 \quad \$ 3,250$. . 20.40\% of wages
\$3,250 \$5,965 . . \$663
$\$ 5,965$. . . . . $\$ 663$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages
in excess of $\$ 5,965$

## Table 8. DAILY or MISCELLANEOUS Payroll Period

## (a) SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

If the wages divided by the number of days in such period (before deducting withholding allowances) are:

| Over- | But not over- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$25 | 20.40\% of wages |
| \$25 | \$45 | \$5 |
| \$45 | . . . . . | $\$ 5$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages in excess of \$45 |

(b) MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

If the wages divided by
the number of days in such period (before deducting withholding allowances) are:
Over- But not over-
$\$ 0 \quad \$ 12$. . . 20.40\% of wages
\$12 \$22 . . \$2
\$22 . . . . . $\$ 2$ less $9.588 \%$ of wages in excess of $\$ 22$

Tables for Wage Bracket Method of Advance EIC Payments (For Wages Paid in 1997)

## WEEKLY Payroll Period

SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$70 | \$75 | \$14 | \$255 | \$265 | \$22 | \$395 | \$405 | \$9 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 75 | 80 | 15 | 265 | 275 | 21 | 405 | 415 | 8 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 80 | 85 | 16 | 275 | 285 | 20 | 415 | 425 | 7 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 85 | 90 | 17 | 285 | 295 | 19 | 425 | 435 | 6 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 90 | 95 | 18 | 295 | 305 | 18 | 435 | 445 | 5 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 95 | 100 | 19 | 305 | 315 | 17 | 445 | 455 | 4 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 100 | 105 | 20 | 315 | 325 | 16 | 455 | 465 | 3 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 105 | 110 | 21 | 325 | 335 | 15 | 465 | 475 | 2 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 110 | 115 | 22 | 335 | 345 | 14 | 475 | 485 | 1 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 115 | 120 | 23 | 345 | 355 | 13 | 485 | -- - | 0 |
| 50 | 55 | 10 | 120 | 225 | 24 | 355 | 365 | 13 |  |  |  |
| 55 | 60 | 11 | 225 | 235 | 25 | 365 | 375 | 12 |  |  |  |
| 60 | 65 | 12 | 235 | 245 | 24 | 375 | 385 | 11 |  |  |  |
| 65 | 70 | 13 | 245 | 255 | 23 | 385 | 395 | 10 |  |  |  |

MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$35 | \$40 | \$7 | \$120 | \$130 | \$11 | \$190 | \$200 | \$5 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 40 | 45 | 8 | 130 | 140 | 10 | 200 | 210 | 4 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 45 | 50 | 9 | 140 | 150 | 9 | 210 | 220 | 3 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 50 | 55 | 10 | 150 | 160 | 8 | 220 | 230 | 2 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 55 | 60 | 11 | 160 | 170 | 7 | 230 | 240 | 1 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 60 | 110 | 12 | 170 | 180 | 6 | 240 | --- | 0 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 110 | 120 | 12 | 180 | 190 | 6 |  |  |  |

BIWEEKLY Payroll Period
SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment | Wages- |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$130 | \$135 | \$27 | \$475 | \$485 | \$48 | \$735 | \$745 | \$24 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 135 | 140 | 28 | 485 | 495 | 48 | 745 | 755 | 23 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 140 | 145 | 29 | 495 | 505 | 47 | 755 | 765 | 22 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 145 | 150 | 30 | 505 | 515 | 46 | 765 | 775 | 21 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 150 | 155 | 31 | 515 | 525 | 45 | 775 | 785 | 20 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 155 | 160 | 32 | 525 | 535 | 44 | 785 | 795 | 19 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 160 | 165 | 33 | 535 | 545 | 43 | 795 | 805 | 18 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 165 | 170 | 34 | 545 | 555 | 42 | 805 | 815 | 17 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 170 | 175 | 35 | 555 | 565 | 41 | 815 | 825 | 16 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 175 | 180 | 36 | 565 | 575 | 40 | 825 | 835 | 15 |
| 50 | 55 | 10 | 180 | 185 | 37 | 575 | 585 | 39 | 835 | 845 | 14 |
| 55 | 60 | 11 | 185 | 190 | 38 | 585 | 595 | 38 | 845 | 855 | 13 |
| 60 | 65 | 12 | 190 | 195 | 39 | 595 | 605 | 37 | 855 | 865 | 12 |
| 65 | 70 | 13 | 195 | 200 | 40 | 605 | 615 | 36 | 865 | 875 | 11 |
| 70 | 75 | 14 | 200 | 205 | 41 | 615 | 625 | 35 | 875 | 885 | 10 |
| 75 | 80 | 15 | 205 | 210 | 42 | 625 | 635 | 34 | 885 | 895 | 9 |
| 80 | 85 | 16 | 210 | 215 | 43 | 635 | 645 | 33 | 895 | 905 | 8 |
| 85 | 90 | 17 | 215 | 220 | 44 | 645 | 655 | 32 | 905 | 915 | 7 |
| 90 | 95 | 18 | 220 | 225 | 45 | 655 | 665 | 31 | 915 | 925 | 6 |
| 95 | 100 | 19 | 225 | 230 | 46 | 665 | 675 | 30 | 925 | 935 | 5 |
| 100 | 105 | 20 | 230 | 235 | 47 | 675 | 685 | 29 | 935 | 945 | 4 |
| 105 | 110 | 21 | 235 | 240 | 48 | 685 | 695 | 28 | 945 | 955 | 3 |
| 110 | 115 | 22 | 240 | 245 | 49 | 695 | 705 | 27 | 955 | 965 | 2 |
| 115 | 120 | 23 | 245 | 455 | 50 | 705 | 715 | 26 | 965 | 975 | 2 |
| 120 | 125 | 24 | 455 | 465 | 50 | 715 | 725 | 25 | 975 | 985 | 1 |
| 125 | 130 | 26 | 465 | 475 | 49 | 725 | 735 | 25 | 985 | --- | 0 |

## BIWEEKLY Payroll Period

MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \\ \text { least } \end{gathered}$ | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$65 | \$70 | \$13 | \$235 | \$245 | \$24 | \$365 | \$375 | \$12 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 70 | 75 | 14 | 245 | 255 | 23 | 375 | 385 | 11 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 75 | 80 | 15 | 255 | 265 | 22 | 385 | 395 | 10 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 80 | 85 | 16 | 265 | 275 | 21 | 395 | 405 | 9 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 85 | 90 | 17 | 275 | 285 | 20 | 405 | 415 | 8 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 90 | 95 | 18 | 285 | 295 | 19 | 415 | 425 | 7 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 95 | 100 | 19 | 295 | 305 | 18 | 425 | 435 | 6 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 100 | 105 | 20 | 305 | 315 | 17 | 435 | 445 | 5 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 105 | 110 | 21 | 315 | 325 | 16 | 445 | 455 | 4 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 110 | 115 | 22 | 325 | 335 | 15 | 455 | 465 | 3 |
| 50 | 55 | 10 | 115 | 120 | 23 | 335 | 345 | 14 | 465 | 475 | 2 |
| 55 | 60 | 11 | 120 | 225 | 24 | 345 | 355 | 13 | 475 | 485 | 1 |
| 60 | 65 | 12 | 225 | 235 | 25 | 355 | 365 | 13 | 485 | .-. | 0 |

## SEMIMONTHLY Payroll Period

SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$140 | \$145 | \$29 | \$505 | \$515 | \$54 | \$785 | \$795 | \$27 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 145 | 150 | 30 | 515 | 525 | 53 | 795 | 805 | 26 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 150 | 155 | 31 | 525 | 535 | 52 | 805 | 815 | 25 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 155 | 160 | 32 | 535 | 545 | 51 | 815 | 825 | 24 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 160 | 165 | 33 | 545 | 555 | 50 | 825 | 835 | 23 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 165 | 170 | 34 | 555 | 565 | 49 | 835 | 845 | 22 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 170 | 175 | 35 | 565 | 575 | 48 | 845 | 855 | 21 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 175 | 180 | 36 | 575 | 585 | 47 | 855 | 865 | 20 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 180 | 185 | 37 | 585 | 595 | 46 | 865 | 875 | 19 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 185 | 190 | 38 | 595 | 605 | 45 | 875 | 885 | 18 |
| 50 | 55 | 10 | 190 | 195 | 39 | 605 | 615 | 44 | 885 | 895 | 17 |
| 55 | 60 | 11 | 195 | 200 | 40 | 615 | 625 | 43 | 895 | 905 | 16 |
| 60 | 65 | 12 | 200 | 205 | 41 | 625 | 635 | 42 | 905 | 915 | 15 |
| 65 | 70 | 13 | 205 | 210 | 42 | 635 | 645 | 41 | 915 | 925 | 14 |
| 70 | 75 | 14 | 210 | 215 | 43 | 645 | 655 | 40 | 925 | 935 | 13 |
| 75 | 80 | 15 | 215 | 220 | 44 | 655 | 665 | 39 | 935 | 945 | 12 |
| 80 | 85 | 16 | 220 | 225 | 45 | 665 | 675 | 38 | 945 | 955 | 11 |
| 85 | 90 | 17 | 225 | 230 | 46 | 675 | 685 | 37 | 955 | 965 | 10 |
| 90 | 95 | 18 | 230 | 235 | 47 | 685 | 695 | 36 | 965 | 975 | 9 |
| 95 | 100 | 19 | 235 | 240 | 48 | 695 | 705 | 35 | 975 | 985 | 8 |
| 100 | 105 | 20 | 240 | 245 | 49 | 705 | 715 | 34 | 985 | 995 | 8 |
| 105 | 110 | 21 | 245 | 250 | 50 | 715 | 725 | 33 | 995 | 1,005 | 7 |
| 110 | 115 | 22 | 250 | 255 | 51 | 725 | 735 | 32 | 1,005 | 1,015 | 6 |
| 115 | 120 | 23 | 255 | 260 | 52 | 735 | 745 | 31 | 1,015 | 1,025 | 5 |
| 120 | 125 | 24 | 260 | 265 | 53 | 745 | 755 | 31 | 1,025 | 1,035 | 4 |
| 125 | 130 | 26 | 265 | 270 | 54 | 755 | 765 | 30 | 1,035 | 1,045 | 3 |
| 130 | 135 | 27 | 270 | 495 | 55 | 765 | 775 | 29 | 1,045 | 1,055 | 2 |
| 135 | 140 | 28 | 495 | 505 | 54 | 775 | 785 | 28 | 1,055 1,065 | 1,065 | 1 |

MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$50 | \$55 | \$10 | \$100 | \$105 | \$20 | \$265 | \$275 | \$25 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 55 | 60 | 11 | 105 | 110 | 21 | 275 | 285 | 24 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 60 | 65 | 12 | 110 | 115 | 22 | 285 | 295 | 23 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 65 | 70 | 13 | 115 | 120 | 23 | 295 | 305 | 22 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 70 | 75 | 14 | 120 | 125 | 24 | 305 | 315 | 21 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 75 | 80 | 15 | 125 | 130 | 26 | 315 | 325 | 20 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 80 | 85 | 16 | 130 | 135 | 27 | 325 | 335 | 19 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 85 | 90 | 17 | 135 | 245 | 28 | 335 | 345 | 18 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 90 | 95 | 18 | 245 | 255 | 27 | 345 | 355 | 17 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 95 | 100 | 19 | 255 | 265 | 26 | $355$ | $365$ | 16 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (contin | ed on next | page) |

## SEMIMONTHLY Payroll Period

MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \\ \text { least } \end{gathered}$ | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$365 | \$375 | \$16 | \$415 | \$425 | \$11 | \$465 | \$475 | \$6 | \$515 | \$525 | \$1 |
| 375 | 385 | 15 | 425 | 435 | 10 | 475 | 485 | 5 | 525 |  | 0 |
| 385 | 395 | 14 | 435 | 445 | 9 | 485 | 495 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 395 | 405 | 13 | 445 | 455 | 8 | 495 | 505 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 405 | 415 | 12 | 455 | 465 | 7 | 505 | 515 | 2 |  |  |  |

MONTHLY Payroll Period
SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment | Wages- |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment | Wages |  | Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made | At least | But less than | to be made |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$285 | \$290 | \$58 | \$1,030 | \$1,040 | \$106 | \$1,590 | \$1,600 | \$52 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 290 | 295 | 59 | 1,040 | 1,050 | 105 | 1,600 | 1,610 | 51 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 295 | 300 | 60 | 1,050 | 1,060 | 104 | 1,610 | 1,620 | 50 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 300 | 305 | 61 | 1,060 | 1,070 | 103 | 1,620 | 1,630 | 50 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 305 | 310 | 62 | 1,070 | 1,080 | 102 | 1,630 | 1,640 | 49 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 310 | 315 | 63 | 1,080 | 1,090 | 101 | 1,640 | 1,650 | 48 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 315 | 320 | 64 | 1,090 | 1,100 | 100 | 1,650 | 1,660 | 47 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 320 | 325 | 65 | 1,100 | 1,110 | 99 | 1,660 | 1,670 | 46 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 325 | 330 | 66 | 1,110 | 1,120 | 98 | 1,670 | 1,680 | 45 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 330 | 335 | 67 | 1,120 | 1,130 | 97 | 1,680 | 1,690 | 44 |
| 50 | 55 | 10 | 335 | 340 | 68 | 1,130 | 1,140 | 97 | 1,690 | 1,700 | 43 |
| 55 | 60 | 11 | 340 | 345 | 69 | 1,140 | 1,150 | 96 | 1,700 | 1,710 | 42 |
| 60 | 65 | 12 | 345 | 350 | 70 | 1,150 | 1,160 | 95 | 1,710 | 1,720 | 41 |
| 65 | 70 | 13 | 350 | 355 | 71 | 1,160 | 1,170 | 94 | 1,720 | 1,730 | 40 |
| 70 | 75 | 14 | 355 | 360 | 72 | 1,170 | 1,180 | 93 | 1,730 | 1,740 | 39 |
| 75 | 80 | 15 | 360 | 365 | 73 | 1,180 | 1,190 | 92 | 1,740 | 1,750 | 38 |
| 80 | 85 | 16 | 365 | 370 | 74 | 1,190 | 1,200 | 91 | 1,750 | 1,760 | 37 |
| 85 | 90 | 17 | 370 | 375 | 75 | 1,200 | 1,210 | 90 | 1,760 | 1,770 | 36 |
| 90 | 95 | 18 | 375 | 380 | 77 | 1,210 | 1,220 | 89 | 1,770 | 1,780 | 35 |
| 95 | 100 | 19 | 380 | 385 | 78 | 1,220 | 1,230 | 88 | 1,780 | 1,790 | 34 |
| 100 | 105 | 20 | 385 | 390 | 79 | 1,230 | 1,240 | 87 | 1,790 | 1,800 | 33 |
| 105 | 110 | 21 | 390 | 395 | 80 | 1,240 | 1,250 | 86 | 1,800 | 1,810 | 32 |
| 110 | 115 | 22 | 395 | 400 | 81 | 1,250 | 1,260 | 85 | 1,810 | 1,820 | 31 |
| 115 | 120 | 23 | 400 | 405 | 82 | 1,260 | 1,270 | 84 | 1,820 | 1,830 | 30 |
| 120 | 125 | 24 | 405 | 410 | 83 | 1,270 | 1,280 | 83 | 1,830 | 1,840 | 29 |
| 125 | 130 | 26 | 410 | 415 | 84 | 1,280 | 1,290 | 82 | 1,840 | 1,850 | 28 |
| 130 | 135 | 27 | 415 | 420 | 85 | 1,290 | 1,300 | 81 | 1,850 | 1,860 | 27 |
| 135 | 140 | 28 | 420 | 425 | 86 | 1,300 | 1,310 | 80 | 1,860 | 1,870 | 27 |
| 140 | 145 | 29 | 425 | 430 | 87 | 1,310 | 1,320 | 79 | 1,870 | 1,880 | 26 |
| 145 | 150 | 30 | 430 | 435 | 88 | 1,320 | 1,330 | 78 | 1,880 | 1,890 | 25 |
| 150 | 155 | 31 | 435 | 440 | 89 | 1,330 | 1,340 | 77 | 1,890 | 1,900 | 24 |
| 155 | 160 | 32 | 440 | 445 | 90 | 1,340 | 1,350 | 76 | 1,900 | 1,910 | 23 |
| 160 | 165 | 33 | 445 | 450 | 91 | 1,350 | 1,360 | 75 | 1,910 | 1,920 | 22 |
| 165 | 170 | 34 | 450 | 455 | 92 | 1,360 | 1,370 | 74 | 1,920 | 1,930 | 21 |
| 170 | 175 | 35 | 455 | 460 | 93 | 1,370 | 1,380 | 74 | 1,930 | 1,940 | 20 |
| 175 | 180 | 36 | 460 | 465 | 94 | 1,380 | 1,390 | 73 | 1,940 | 1,950 | 19 |
| 180 | 185 | 37 | 465 | 470 | 95 | 1,390 | 1,400 | 72 | 1,950 | 1,960 | 18 |
| 185 | 190 | 38 | 470 | 475 | 96 | 1,400 | 1,410 | 71 | 1,960 | 1,970 | 17 |
| 190 | 195 | 39 | 475 | 480 | 97 | 1,410 | 1,420 | 70 | 1,970 | 1,980 | 16 |
| 195 | 200 | 40 | 480 | 485 | 98 | 1,420 | 1,430 | 69 | 1,980 | 1,990 | 15 |
| 200 | 205 | 41 | 485 | 490 | 99 | 1,430 | 1,440 | 68 | 1,990 | 2,000 | 14 |
| 205 | 210 | 42 | 490 | 495 | 100 | 1,440 | 1,450 | 67 | 2,000 | 2,010 | 13 |
| 210 | 215 | 43 | 495 | 500 | 101 | 1,450 | 1,460 | 66 | 2,010 | 2,020 | 12 |
| 215 | 220 | 44 | 500 | 505 | 102 | 1,460 | 1,470 | 65 | 2,020 | 2,030 | 11 |
| 220 | 225 | 45 | 505 | 510 | 103 | 1,470 | 1,480 | 64 | 2,030 | 2,040 | 10 |
| 225 | 230 | 46 | 510 | 515 | 104 | 1,480 | 1,490 | 63 | 2,040 | 2,050 | 9 |
| 230 | 235 | 47 | 515 | 520 | 105 | 1,490 | 1,500 | 62 | 2,050 | 2,060 | 8 |
| 235 | 240 | 48 | 520 | 525 | 106 | 1,500 | 1,510 | 61 | 2,060 | 2,070 | 7 |
| 240 | 245 | 49 | 525 | 530 | 107 | 1,510 | 1,520 | 60 | 2,070 | 2,080 | 6 |
| 245 | 250 | 50 | 530 | 535 | 108 | 1,520 | 1,530 | 59 | 2,080 | 2,090 | 5 |
| 250 | 255 | 51 | 535 | 540 | 109 | 1,530 | 1,540 | 58 | 2,090 | 2,100 | 4 |
| 255 | 260 | 52 | 540 | 990 | 110 | 1,540 | 1,550 | 57 | 2,100 | 2,110 | 4 |
| 260 | 265 | 53 | 990 | 1,000 | 110 | 1,550 | 1,560 | 56 | 2,110 | 2,120 | 3 |
| 265 | 270 | 54 | 1,000 | 1,010 | 109 | 1,560 | 1,570 | 55 | 2,120 | 2,130 | 2 |
| 270 | 275 | 55 | 1,010 | 1,020 | 108 | 1,570 | 1,580 | 54 | 2,130 | 2,140 | 1 |
| 275 280 | 280 | 56 57 | 1,020 | 1,030 | 107 | 1,580 | 1,590 | 53 | 2,140 | --- | 0 |

## MONTHLY Payroll Period

MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$145 | \$150 | \$30 | \$515 | \$525 | \$53 | \$795 | \$805 | \$26 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 150 | 155 | 31 | 525 | 535 | 52 | 805 | 815 | 25 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 155 | 160 | 32 | 535 | 545 | 51 | 815 | 825 | 24 |
| 15 | 20 | 3 | 160 | 165 | 33 | 545 | 555 | 50 | 825 | 835 | 23 |
| 20 | 25 | 4 | 165 | 170 | 34 | 555 | 565 | 49 | 835 | 845 | 22 |
| 25 | 30 | 5 | 170 | 175 | 35 | 565 | 575 | 48 | 845 | 855 | 21 |
| 30 | 35 | 6 | 175 | 180 | 36 | 575 | 585 | 47 | 855 | 865 | 20 |
| 35 | 40 | 7 | 180 | 185 | 37 | 585 | 595 | 46 | 865 | 875 | 19 |
| 40 | 45 | 8 | 185 | 190 | 38 | 595 | 605 | 45 | 875 | 885 | 18 |
| 45 | 50 | 9 | 190 | 195 | 39 | 605 | 615 | 44 | 885 | 895 | 17 |
| 50 | 55 | 10 | 195 | 200 | 40 | 615 | 625 | 43 | 895 | 905 | 16 |
| 55 | 60 | 11 | 200 | 205 | 41 | 625 | 635 | 42 | 905 | 915 | 15 |
| 60 | 65 | 12 | 205 | 210 | 42 | 635 | 645 | 41 | 915 | 925 | 14 |
| 65 | 70 | 13 | 210 | 215 | 43 | 645 | 655 | 40 | 925 | 935 | 13 |
| 70 | 75 | 14 | 215 | 220 | 44 | 655 | 665 | 39 | 935 | 945 | 12 |
| 75 | 80 | 15 | 220 | 225 | 45 | 665 | 675 | 38 | 945 | 955 | 11 |
| 80 | 85 | 16 | 225 | 230 | 46 | 675 | 685 | 37 | 955 | 965 | 10 |
| 85 | 90 | 17 | 230 | 235 | 47 | 685 | 695 | 36 | 965 | 975 | 9 |
| 90 | 95 | 18 | 235 | 240 | 48 | 695 | 705 | 35 | 975 | 985 | 8 |
| 95 | 100 | 19 | 240 | 245 | 49 | 705 | 715 | 34 | 985 | 995 | 8 |
| 100 | 105 | 20 | 245 | 250 | 50 | 715 | 725 | 33 | 995 | 1,005 | 7 |
| 105 | 110 | 21 | 250 | 255 | 51 | 725 | 735 | 32 | 1,005 | 1,015 | 6 |
| 110 | 115 | 22 | 255 | 260 | 52 | 735 | 745 | 31 | 1,015 | 1,025 | 5 |
| 115 | 120 | 23 | 260 | 265 | 53 | 745 | 755 | 31 | 1,025 | 1,035 | 4 |
| 120 | 125 | 24 | 265 | 270 | 54 | 755 | 765 | 30 | 1,035 | 1,045 | 3 |
| 125 | 130 | 26 | 270 | 495 | 55 | 765 | 775 | 29 | 1,045 | 1,055 | 2 |
| 130 | 135 | 27 | 495 | 505 | 54 | 775 | 785 | 28 | 1,055 | 1,065 | 1 |
| 135 | 140 | 28 | 505 | 515 | 54 | 785 | 795 | 27 | 1,065 | - - - | 0 |
| 140 | 145 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## DAILY Payroll Period

SINGLE or MARRIED Without Spouse Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| \$0 | \$5 | \$0 | \$15 | \$20 | \$3 | \$55 | \$65 | \$3 | \$75 | \$85 | \$1 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 20 | 45 | 4 | 65 | 75 | 2 | 85 | \$85 | 0 |
| 10 | 15 | 2 | 45 | 55 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MARRIED With Both Spouses Filing Certificate

| Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made | Wages- |  | Payment to be made |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  | At least | But less than |  |
| $\$ 0$ 5 | $\$ 5$ 10 | $\$ 0$ 1 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20 \\ 30 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | \$30 | \$40 | \$1 | \$40 | --- | \$0 |


#### Abstract

Index


(Rev. November 1996)

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| W-3 |  | 1096 |  | 1099-G |  | 1099-S |  |
| W-3c |  | 1098 |  | 1099-INF |  | 5498 |  |
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Forms end Publications You May Need:

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Form W-2c, Corrected Wage and Tax Statemert (two forms per sheat)
Instructions for Form W-2
Form W-3. Transmittal of Wage and Tax Statements (one forrn per sheet)
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Pub. 1494, Table for Figuring Armount Exempt Front Levy on Wages, Salary, and Other income (Form B6BN and 66BW(c)

## Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Forms:



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Why not use a personal computer and modem to get the forms and information you need?

Here is a sample of what you will find when you visit the IRS's Internet Web Site at — http://wwwirs.ustreas.gov

- Forms and Instructions
- Publications
- Educational Materials
- IRS Press Feleases and Fact Sheets
- Tele-Tax Topics on About 150 Tax Topics
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## You can also reach us using:

- Telnet at iris.irs.ustreas.gov
- File Transfer Protocod at ftp.Irs.ustreas.gov
- Direct Dial (by modem)-You can also dial direct to the Internal Revenue Information Services (ARIS) by calling 703-321-8020 using your modern. IRIS is an on-line information service on FedWorld. FedWorld's help desk (703-487-4608) offers technical assistance on accessing IRIS (not tax help) during normal business hours.


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