Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

United States Estate (and Generation-Skipping Transfer)

Tax Return

Estate of a citizen or resident of the United States (see separate instructions). To be filed for decedents dying after October 8, 1990. For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 1 of the separate instructions.

OMB No. 1545-0015

7	1a	Decedent's first name and middle initial (and maiden name, if any) 1b Decedent's last name			2 D	2 Decedent's social security no.			
Executor	3a	Legal residence (domicile) at time of death (county, state, and ZIP code, or foreign country)	3b Year domici	le established	4 Date of birt	h 5 D	ate of d	eath	
it and	6a	Name of executor (see page 2 of the instructions)	6b Executor's route; city,	address (num town, or post	ber and street in office; state; and	cluding ap	artment)	or suite no.	or rural
1.—Decedent	6c	Executor's social security number (see page 2 of the instructions)							
1.—De	7a	Name and location of court where will was probated or estate adm	ninistered					7b Cas	se number
Part	8	If decedent died testate, check here ▶ ☐ and attach a cert	tified copy of	the will. 9	If Form 4768 i	s attache	d, chea	ck here ▶	
ш	10	If Schedule R-1 is attached, check here ►							
	1	Total gross estate (from Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, ite	m 10)			_ 1			
	2	Total allowable deductions (from Part 5, Recapitulation, pa							
	3	Taxable estate (subtract line 2 from line 1)				. 3			
	4	Adjusted taxable gifts (total taxable gifts (within the meani after December 31, 1976, other than gifts that are includible							
	5	Add lines 3 and 4				. 5			
	6	Tentative tax on the amount on line 5 from Table A on page	ge 10 of the in	nstructions		. 6			
	7a	If line 5 exceeds $10,000,000$, enter the lesser of line 5 or $10,000,000$ or less, skip lines 7a and 7b and enter -		7a					
	b			7b					
	С	Enter 5% (.05) of line 7b				. 70			
	8	Total tentative tax (add lines 6 and 7c)					_		
Computation	9	Total gift tax payable with respect to gifts made by the decedent after December 31, 1976. Include gift taxes by the decedent's spouse for such spouse's share of split gifts (section 2513) only if the decedent was the donor of these gifts and they are includible in the decedent's gross estate (see instructions)							
uta	10	O Gross estate tax (subtract line 9 from line 8)							
шď	11	Maximum unified credit against estate tax		11	192,800	00			
.—Tax Cc	12	Adjustment to unified credit. (This adjustment may not exceed \$6,000. See page 7 of the instructions.)							
Ţ	13	Allowable unified credit (subtract line 12 from line 11)				. 1	3		
Part 2.	14	Subtract line 13 from line 10 (but do not enter less than ze					1		
Pê	15	Credit for state death taxes. Do not enter more than line 14. Figure the credit by using the amount on line 3 less \$60,000. See Table B in the instructions and attach credit evidence (see instructions).					5		
	16	Subtract line 15 from line 14				. 10)		
	17	Credit for Federal gift taxes on pre-1977 gifts (section 2012) (attack							
	18	Credit for foreign death taxes (from Schedule(s) P). (Attach Form		18 19		-			
	19	Credit for tax on prior transfers (from Schedule Q)				2	0		
	20 21	Total (add lines 17, 18, and 19)				. 2			
	22	Generation-skipping transfer taxes (from Schedule R, Part							
	23	Section 4980A increased estate tax (from Schedule S, Part					3		
	24	Total transfer taxes (add lines 21, 22, and 23)				2	4		
	25	Prior payments. Explain in an attached statement		25					
	26	United States Treasury bonds redeemed in payment of es	tate tax	26					
	27	Total (add lines 25 and 26)				. 2	_		
Llad	28	Balance due (or overpayment) (subtract line 27 from line 2 nalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including						mu kanulada	a and haliaf
		natties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer other than the execut							e and beller,
Siar	natur	e(s) of executor(s)					- Date		
Jigi	atuit	organisation (3)							
Sign	nature	e of preparer other than executor	Add	ress (and ZI	P code)		Date	,	

Part 3.—E	lections	by the	Executor
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Plea	se check the "Yes" or "No" box for each question	on. (See ins	tructions beginnii	ng on pa	ge 3.)			Yes	No
1	Do you elect alternate valuation?								
2	Do you elect special use valuation?								
	If "Yes," you must complete and attach Schedule Do you elect to pay the taxes in installments as d		section 61662						
	If "Yes," you must attach the additional information								
4	Do you elect to postpone the part of the taxes a 6163?		<u> </u>						
Pa	rt 4.—General Information (Note: Plea (See instru	ase attach th ctions begin	ne necessary supple ning on page 6.)	emental d	ocuments. Y	ou must attach	n the death	certifi	icate.)
Autho Servi	orization to receive confidential tax information under Rece, and to make written or oral presentations on behal	egulations sed of the estat	ction 601.504(b)(2)(i) te if return prepared	, to act as by an att	the estate's r orney, accou	epresentative be ntant, or enrolle	efore the Inte	rnal Re the exe	evenue ecutor:
Nam	e of representative (print or type)	State	Address (number,	street, and	room or suite	no., city, state, a	and ZIP code)	
this r	eclare that I am theattorney/ certified public ac eturn for the executor. I am not under suspension or d shown above.	countant/ lisbarment fro	enrolled agent (yo om practice before	u must ch the Interna	eck the appli al Revenue S	cable box) for the ervice and am of	ne executor a qualified to p	and pre	epared in the
Signa	ture	(CAF number	Dat	е	Telephone n	umber		
1	Death certificate number and issuing authority (at	tach a copy	of the death certif	icate to t	nis return).				
2	Decedent's business or occupation. If retired, che	eck here ►	☐ and state dece	dent's fo	rmer busines	ss or occupation	on.		
	 ✓ Married ✓ Widow or widower—Name, SSN, and date of ✓ Single ✓ Legally separated ✓ Divorced—Date divorce decree became final 		ceased spouse ►						
4a	Surviving spouse's name	4b Soc	cial security number	er	4c Amount	received (see p	age 6 of the	instru	ctions
5	Individuals (other than the surviving spouse), trusts, shown in Schedule O) (see instructions). For Privac								
N	ame of individual, trust, or estate receiving \$5,000 or more	e Ide	ntifying number	Re	lationship to o	decedent	Amount (see	instruc	ctions)
All u	nascertainable beneficiaries and those who receive	less than \$	5,000						
All U	nascertainable beneficiaries and those who receive	iess than \$	5,000			▶			
Tota	1								

(continued on next page) Page 2

Part 4.—General Information (continued)

Please check the "Yes" or "No" box for each question.					
6	Does the gross estate contain any section 2044 property (qualified terminable interest property (QTIP) from a prior gift or estate) (see page 6 of the instructions)?				
7a	Have Federal gift tax returns ever been filed?				
7b	Period(s) covered 7c Internal Revenue office(s) where filed				
If yo	u answer "Yes" to any of questions 8-16, you must attach additional information as described in the instructions.				
8a	Was there any insurance on the decedent's life that is not included on the return as part of the gross estate?				
b	Did the decedent own any insurance on the life of another that is not included in the gross estate?				
9 Did the decedent at the time of death own any property as a joint tenant with right of survivorship in which (a) one or more of the other joint tenants was someone other than the decedent's spouse, and (b) less than the full value of the property is included on the return as part of the gross estate? If "Yes," you must complete and attach Schedule E					
10 Did the decedent, at the time of death, own any interest in a partnership or unincorporated business or any stock in an inactive or closely held corporation?					
11 Did the decedent make any transfer described in section 2035, 2036, 2037, or 2038 (see the instructions for Schedule G beginning on page 11 of the separate instructions)? If "Yes," you must complete and attach Schedule G					
12 Were there in existence at the time of the decedent's death: a Any trusts created by the decedent during his or her lifetime? b Any trusts not created by the decedent under which the decedent possessed any power, beneficial interest, or trusteeship?					
13	Did the decedent ever possess, exercise, or release any general power of appointment? If "Yes," you must complete and attach Schedule H				
Was the marital deduction computed under the transitional rule of Public Law 97-34, section 403(e)(3) (Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981)? If "Yes," attach a separate computation of the marital deduction, enter the amount on item 18 of the Recapitulation, and note on item 18 "computation attached."					
15	Was the decedent, immediately before death, receiving an annuity described in the "General" paragraph of the instructions for Schedule I? If "Yes," you must complete and attach Schedule I				
16	Did the decedent have a total "excess retirement accumulation" (as defined in section 4980A(d)) in qualified employer plans and individual retirement plans? If "Yes," you must complete and attach Schedule S				

Part 5.—Recapitulation

Item number	Gross estate	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1	Schedule A—Real Estate		
2	Schedule B—Stocks and Bonds		
3	Schedule C—Mortgages, Notes, and Cash		
4	Schedule D—Insurance on the Decedent's Life (attach Form(s) 712)		
5	Schedule E—Jointly Owned Property (attach Form(s) 712 for life insurance)		
6	Schedule F—Other Miscellaneous Property (attach Form(s) 712 for life insurance).		
7	Schedule G—Transfers During Decedent's Life (attach Form(s) 712 for life insurance)		
8 9	Schedule H—Powers of Appointment		
10	Total gross estate (add items 1 through 9). Enter here and on line 1 of the Tax Computation		
Item	Deductions		
iumber	Doddottons		Amount
	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje	ct to Claims	
11	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje		
11 12	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje Schedule K—Debts of the Decedent		
11 12 13	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje		
11 12 13 14	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje Schedule K—Debts of the Decedent		
11 12 13 14 15	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje Schedule K—Debts of the Decedent	ecapitulation)	
11 12 13 14	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje Schedule K—Debts of the Decedent	ecapitulation)	
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje Schedule K—Debts of the Decedent	ecapitulation)	
13 14 15 16 17	Schedule J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subje Schedule K—Debts of the Decedent	ecapitulation)	

SCHEDULE A—Real Estate

- For jointly owned property that must be disclosed on Schedule E, see the instructions on the reverse side of Schedule E.
- Real estate that is part of a sole proprietorship should be shown on Schedule F.
- Real estate that is included in the gross estate under section 2035, 2036, 2037, or 2038 should be shown on Schedule G.
- Real estate that is included in the gross estate under section 2041 should be shown on Schedule H.
- If you elect section 2032A valuation, you must complete Schedule A and Schedule A-1.

Item number	Description	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1				
Tota	al from continuation schedules or additional sheets attached to this sch	edule		
	TAL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 1.)			

(If more space is needed, attach the continuation schedule from the end of this package or additional sheets of the same size.) (See the instructions on the reverse side.)

Instructions for Schedule A—Real Estate

If the total gross estate contains any real estate, you must complete Schedule A and file it with the return. On Schedule A list real estate the decedent owned or had contracted to purchase. Number each parcel in the left-hand column.

Describe the real estate in enough detail so that the IRS can easily locate it for inspection and valuation. For each parcel of real estate, report the area and, if the parcel is improved, describe the improvements. For city or town property, report the street and number, ward, subdivision, block and lot, etc. For rural property, report the township, range, landmarks, etc.

If any item of real estate is subject to a mortgage for which the decedent's estate is liable, that is, if the indebtedness may be charged against other property of the estate that is not subject to that mortgage, or if the decedent was personally liable for that mortgage, you must report the full value of the property in the value column.

Enter the amount of the mortgage under "Description" on this schedule. The unpaid amount of the mortgage may be deducted on Schedule K. If the decedent's estate is NOT liable for the amount of the mortgage, report only the value of the equity of redemption (or value of the property less the indebtedness) in the value column as part of the gross estate. Do not enter any amount less than zero. Do not deduct the amount of indebtedness on Schedule K.

Also list on Schedule A real property the decedent contracted to purchase. Report the full value of the property and not the equity in the value column. Deduct the unpaid part of the purchase price on Schedule K.

Report the value of real estate without reducing it for homestead or other exemption, or the value of dower, curtesy, or a statutory estate created instead of dower or curtesy.

Explain how the reported values were determined and attach copies of any appraisals.

Schedule A Examples

In this example, alternate valuation is not adopted; the date of death is January 1, 1997.

Item number	Description	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1	House and lot, 1921 William Street NW, Washington, DC (lot 6, square 481). Rent of \$2,700 due at end of each quarter, February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1. Value based on appraisal, copy of which is attached			108,000
	Rent due on item 1 for quarter ending November 1, 1996, but not collected at date of death			2,700
	Rent accrued on item 1 for November and December 1996			1,800
2	House and lot, 304 Jefferson Street, Alexandria, VA (lot 18, square 40). Rent of \$600 payable monthly. Value based on appraisal, copy of which is attached			96,000
	Rent due on item 2 for December 1996, but not collected at date of death			600

In this example, alternate valuation is adopted; the date of death is January 1, 1997.

Item number	Description	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1	House and lot, 1921 William Street NW, Washington, DC (lot 6, square 481). Rent of \$2,700 due at end of each quarter, February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1. Value based on appraisal, copy of which is attached. Not disposed of within 6 months following death	7/1/97	90,000	108,000
	Rent due on item 1 for quarter ending November 1, 1996, but not collected until February 1, 1997	2/1/97	2,700	2,700
	Rent accrued on item 1 for November and December 1996, collected on February 1, 1997	2/1/97	1,800	1,800
2	House and lot, 304 Jefferson Street, Alexandria, VA (lot 18, square 40). Rent of \$600 payable monthly. Value based on appraisal, copy of which is attached. Property exchanged for farm on May 1, 1997	5/1/97	90,000	96,000
	Rent due on item 2 for December 1996, but not collected until February 1, 1997 .	2/1/97	600	600

Instructions for Schedule A-1.—Section 2032A Valuation

The election to value certain farm and closely held business property at its special use value is made by checking "Yes" to line 2 of Part 3, Elections by the Executor, Form 706. Schedule A-1 is used to report the additional information that must be submitted to support this election. In order to make a valid election, you must complete Schedule A-1 and attach all of the required statements and appraisals.

For definitions and additional information concerning special use valuation, see section 2032A and the related regulations.

Part 1.—Type of Election

Estate and GST Tax Elections.—If you elect special use valuation for the estate tax, you must also elect special use valuation for the GST tax and vice versa.

You must value each specific property interest at the same value for GST tax purposes that you value it at for estate tax purposes.

Protective Election.—To make the protective election described in the separate instructions for line 2 of Part 3, Elections by the Executor, you must check this box, enter the decedent's name and social security number in the spaces provided at the top of Schedule A-1, and complete line 1 and column A of lines 3 and 4 of Part 2. For purposes of the protective election, list on line 3 all of the real property that passes to the qualified heirs even though some of the property will be shown on line 2 when the additional notice of election is subsequently filed. You need not complete columns B–D of lines 3 and 4. You need not complete any other line entries on Schedule A-1. Completing Schedule A-1 as described above constitutes a Notice of Protective Election as described in Regulations section 20.2032A-8(b).

Part 2.—Notice of Election

Line 10.—Because the special use valuation election creates a potential tax liability for the recapture tax of section 2032A(c), you must list each person who receives an interest in the specially valued property on Schedule A-1. If there are more than eight persons who receive interests, use an additional sheet that follows the format of line 10. In the columns "Fair market value" and "Special use value," you should enter the total respective values of all the specially valued property interests received by each person.

GST Tax Savings

To compute the additional GST tax due upon disposition (or cessation of qualified use) of the property, each "skip person" (as defined in the instructions to Schedule R) who receives an interest in the specially valued property must know the total GST tax savings on all of the interests in specially valued property received. This GST tax savings is the difference between the total GST tax that was imposed on all of the interests in specially valued property received by the skip person valued at their special use value and the total GST tax that would have been imposed on the same interests received by the skip person had they been valued at their fair market value.

Because the GST tax depends on the executor's allocation of the GST exemption and the grandchild exclusion, the skip person who receives the interests is unable to compute this GST tax savings. Therefore, for each skip person who receives an interest in specially valued property, you must attach worksheets showing the total GST tax savings attributable to all of that person's interests in specially valued property.

How To Compute the GST Tax Savings.—Before computing each skip person's GST tax savings, you must complete Schedules R and R-1 for the entire estate (using the special use values).

For each skip person, you must complete two Schedules R (Parts 2 and 3 only) as worksheets, one showing the interests in specially valued property received by the skip person at their special use value and one showing the same interests at their fair market value.

If the skip person received interests in specially valued property that were shown on Schedule R-1, show these interests on the Schedule R, Parts 2 and 3 worksheets, as appropriate. Do not use Schedule R-1 as a worksheet.

Completing the Special Use Value Worksheets.—On lines 2–4 and 6, enter -0-.

Completing the Fair Market Value Worksheets.—Lines 2 and 3, fixed taxes and other charges.—If valuing the interests at their fair market value (instead of special use value) causes any of these taxes and charges to increase, enter the increased amount (only) on these lines and attach an explanation of the increase. Otherwise, enter -0-.

Line 6—GST exemption.—If you completed line 10 of Schedule R, Part 1, enter on line 6 the amount shown for the skip person on the line 10 special use allocation schedule you attached to Schedule R. If you did not complete line 10 of Schedule R, Part 1, enter -0- on line 6.

Total GST Tax Savings.—For each skip person, subtract the tax amount on line 10, Part 2 of the special use value worksheet from the tax amount on line 10, Part 2 of the fair market value worksheet. This difference is the skip person's total GST tax savings.

Part 3.—Agreement to Special Valuation Under Section 2032A

The agreement to special valuation by persons with an interest in property is required under section 2032A(a)(1)(B) and (d)(2) and must be signed by all parties who have any interest in the property being valued based on its qualified use as of the date of the decedent's death.

An interest in property is an interest that, as of the date of the decedent's death, can be asserted under applicable local law so as to affect the disposition of the specially valued property by the estate. Any person who at the decedent's death has any such interest in the property, whether present or future, or vested or contingent, must enter into the agreement. Included are owners of remainder and executory interests; the holders of general or special powers of appointment; beneficiaries of a gift over in default of exercise of any such power; joint tenants and holders of similar undivided interests when the decedent held only a joint or undivided interest in the property or when only an undivided interest is specially valued; and trustees of trusts and representatives of other entities holding title to, or holding any interests in the property. An heir who has the power under local law to caveat (challenge) a will and thereby affect disposition of the property is not, however, considered to be a person with an interest in property under section 2032A solely by reason of that right. Likewise, creditors of an estate are not such persons solely by reason of their status as creditors.

If any person required to enter into the agreement either desires that an agent act for him or her or cannot legally bind himself or herself due to infancy or other incompetency, or due to death before the election under section 2032A is timely exercised, a representative authorized by local law to bind the person in an agreement of this nature may sign the agreement on his or her behalf.

The Internal Revenue Service will contact the agent designated in the agreement on all matters relating to continued qualification under section 2032A of the specially valued real property and on all matters relating to the special lien arising under section 6324B. It is the duty of the agent as attorney-in-fact for the parties with interests in the specially valued property to furnish the IRS with any requested information and to notify the IRS of any disposition or cessation of qualified use of any part of the property.

Checklist for Section 2032A Election.—If you are going to make the special use valuation election on Schedule A-1, please use this checklist to ensure that you are providing everything necessary to make a valid election.

To have a valid special use valuation election under section 2032A, you must file, in addition to the Federal estate tax return, (a) a notice of election (Schedule A-1, Part 2), and (b) a fully executed agreement (Schedule A-1, Part 3). You must include certain information in the notice of election. To ensure that the notice of election includes all of the information required for a valid election, use the following checklist. The checklist is for your use only. Do not file it with the return.

- 1. Does the notice of election include the decedent's name and social security number as they appear on the estate tax return?
- 2. Does the notice of election include the relevant qualified use of the property to be specially valued?
- **3.** Does the notice of election describe the items of real property shown on the estate tax return that are to be specially valued and identify the property by the Form 706 schedule and item number?
- **4.** Does the notice of election include the fair market value of the real property to be specially valued and also include its value based on the qualified use (determined without the adjustments provided in section 2032A(b)(3)(B))?
- 5. Does the notice of election include the adjusted value (as defined in section 2032A(b)(3)(B)) of (a) all real property that both passes from the decedent and is used in a qualified use, without regard to whether it is to be specially valued, and (b) all real property to be specially valued?
- **6.** Does the notice of election include **(a)** the items of personal property shown on the estate tax return that pass from the decedent to a qualified heir and that are used in qualified use and **(b)** the total value of such personal property adjusted under section 2032A(b)(3)(B)?
- 7. Does the notice of election include the adjusted value of the gross estate? (See section 2032A(b)(3)(A).)
- **8.** Does the notice of election include the method used to determine the special use value?
- **9.** Does the notice of election include copies of written appraisals of the fair market value of the real property?
- **10**. Does the notice of election include a statement that the decedent and/or a member of his or her family has owned all of the specially valued property for at

least 5 years of the 8 years immediately preceding the date of the decedent's death?

- as to whether there were any periods during the 8-year period preceding the decedent's date of death during which the decedent or a member of his or her family (a) did not own the property to be specially valued, (b) use it in a qualified use, or (c) materially participate in the operation of the farm or other business? (See section 2032A(e)(6).)
- 12. Does the notice of election include, for each item of specially valued property, the name of every person taking an interest in that item of specially valued property and the following information about each such person: (a) the person's address, (b) the person's taxpayer identification number, (c) the person's relationship to the decedent, and (d) the value of the property interest passing to that person based on both fair market value and qualified use?
- **13.** Does the notice of election include affidavits describing the activities constituting material participation and the identity of the material participants?
- **14.** Does the notice of election include a legal description of each item of specially valued property?

(In the case of an election made for qualified woodlands, the information included in the notice of election must include the reason for entitlement to the woodlands election.)

Any election made under section 2032A will not be valid unless a properly executed agreement (Schedule A-1, Part 3) is filed with the estate tax return. To ensure that the agreement satisfies the requirements for a valid election, use the following checklist.

- 1. Has the agreement been signed by each and every qualified heir having an interest in the property being specially valued?
- **2.** Has every qualified heir expressed consent to personal liability under section 2032A(c) in the event of an early disposition or early cessation of qualified use?
- **3**. Is the agreement that is actually signed by the qualified heirs in a form that is binding on all of the qualified heirs having an interest in the specially valued property?
- **4.** Does the agreement designate an agent to act for the parties to the agreement in all dealings with the IRS on matters arising under section 2032A?
- **5**. Has the agreement been signed by the designated agent and does it give the address of the agent?

Form	706	(Day	4-97)

Estate of:			Decedent's Social Security Number
	SCHEDULE A-1—Se	ction 2032A Valuation	
	ns section 20.2032A-8(b)).—Comple	ction, see the checklist ete Part 2, line 1, and column A of licable) and Part 3. (See instructions.	nes 3 and 4. (See instructions.)
	1, see the checklist on page 7 for the agreement (i.e., Part 3—Agre	or the information and document eement to Special Valuation Unc	ts that must be included to make ler Section 2032A)—
• Is attached to this return whe Part 2.—Notice of Elect	en it is filed. tion (Regulations section		
1 Qualified use—check one ▶	Farm used for farming, or Trade or business other the	nan farming	
	lified use, passing to qualified he	eirs, and to be specially valued o	
A Schedule and item number from Form 706	Full value (without section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)	Adjusted value (with section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)	D Value based on qualified use (without section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)
Totals	of all property listed on line 2.		
	· ·	s for all property listed on line	
		eirs, but not specially valued on	
A Schedule and item number from Form 706	B Full value (without section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)	C Adjusted value (with section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)	D Value based on qualified use (without section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)
Totals If you checked "Regular election."	you must attach copies of appra	isals showing the column B value	s for all property listed on line 3.

4 Pers	sonal property used in a	qualified use and passing to qualified use and qual	ualified heirs.		
	Α	В	A (continued)		ontinued)
nı	Schedule and item umber from Form 706	Adjusted value (with section 2032A(b)(3)(B) adjustment)	Schedule and item number from Form 706	section	ed value (with 2032A(b)(3)(B) justment)
			"Subtotal" from Col. B, below		,
			Subtotal from Col. B, below	leit	
Subtota	al		Total adjusted value	,	
5 Ente	er the value of the total gr	ross estate as adjusted under s	section 2032A(b)(3)(A). ▶		
6 Atta	ach a description of the	method used to determine t	he special value based on qu	alified use.	
7 Did	the decedent and/or a m	nember of his or her family owr	n all property listed on line 2 fo	r at least 5 of the	
		ng the date of the decedent's			☐ Yes ☐ No
8 Wer	e there any periods durin	ng the 8-year period preceding	the date of the decedent's de	eath during which	
	decedent or a member of		y the date of the decedent's de	cattrading which	Yes No
		listed on line 2 above?			
		isted on line 2 above in a quali			
		pate in the operation of the fa			
If "∖	es" to any of the above	you must attach a statement I	isting the periods. If applicable	describe whethe	r the excentions of
	tions 2032A(b)(4) or (5) ar		.em.ge perioder ii appiiodere	, 4.000	эмээрнэнэ эн
		g the activities constituting	material participation and th	ne identity and re	elationship to the
dec	edent of the material pa	articipants.			
10 Pers	sons holding interests. Ent	er the requested information for	each party who received any int	erest in the special	ly valued property.
(Ead	ch of the qualified heirs i	receiving an interest in the pro	operty múst sign the agreéme	nt, and the agreer	nent must be filed
with	this return.)				
	Name		Address		
A					
В					
С					
D					
Е					
F					
G					
Н					
	Identifying nur	nber Relat	tionship to decedent	Fair market value	Special use value
Α	, ,		·		
В					
C					
D					
E					
F					
G					
<u>H</u>					<u> </u>
	•	the GST tax savings attributable to di		• •	,
		here $ ightharpoonup$ if you wish to make			32A(e)(13). Enter the
Sch	edule and item numbers fr	rom Form 706 of the property for	r which you are making this elec	tion ►	a that require as
YOU	mation to substantiate thi	explaining why you are entitled is election. You will be notified by	to make this election. The IRS have the IRS if you must supply furt	nay issue regulation her information	is that require more
	mation to substantiate till	S SISSEROII. TOU WIII DE HOUIIRU D	J and med in you must supply full	nor miloritiation.	

Schedule A-1— Page 9

Part 3.—Agreement to Special Valuation Under Section 2032A

Estate of:	Date of Death	Decedent's Social Security Number
There cannot be a valid election unless:	,	
• The agreement is executed by each and every of	one of the qualified heirs, and	
• The agreement is included with the estate tax re	eturn when the estate tax return is filed.	
We (list all qualified heirs and other persons having	g an interest in the property required to sigr	n this agreement)
being all the qualified heirs and		
being all other parties having interests in the prope	erty which is qualified real property and whi	ich is valued under section 2032A of the
Internal Revenue Code, do hereby approve of the	election made by	
Executor/Administrator of the estate of		
pursuant to section 2032A to value said property	on the basis of the qualified use to which the	he property is devoted and do hereby ente

The undersigned agree and consent to the application of subsection (c) of section 2032A of the Code with respect to all the property described on line 2 of Part 2 of Schedule A-1 of Form 706, attached to this agreement. More specifically, the undersigned heirs expressly agree and consent to personal liability under subsection (c) of 2032A for the additional estate and GST taxes imposed by that subsection with respect to their respective interests in the above-described property in the event of certain early dispositions of the property or early cessation of the qualified use of the property. It is understood that if a qualified heir disposes of any interest in qualified real property to any member of his or her family, such member may thereafter be treated as the qualified heir with respect to such interest upon filling a Form 706-A and a new agreement.

The undersigned interested parties who are not qualified heirs consent to the collection of any additional estate and GST taxes imposed under section 2032A(c) of the Code from the specially valued property.

If there is a disposition of any interest which passes or has passed to him or her or if there is a cessation of the qualified use of any specially valued property which passes or passed to him or her, each of the undersigned heirs agrees to file a **Form 706-A**, United States Additional Estate Tax Return, and pay any additional estate and GST taxes due within 6 months of the disposition or cessation.

It is understood by all interested parties that this agreement is a condition precedent to the election of special use valuation under section 2032A of the Code and must be executed by every interested party even though that person may not have received the estate (or GST) tax benefits or be in possession of such property.

Each of the undersigned understands that by making this election, a lien will be created and recorded pursuant to section 6324B of the Code on the property referred to in this agreement for the adjusted tax differences with respect to the estate as defined in section 2032A(c)(2)(C).

As the interested parties, the undersigned designate the following individual as their agent for all dealings with the Internal Revenue Service concerning the continued qualification of the specially valued property under section 2032A of the Code and on all issues regarding the special lien under section 6324B. The agent is authorized to act for the parties with respect to all dealings with the Service on matters affecting the qualified real property described earlier. This authority includes the following:

- To receive confidential information on all matters relating to continued qualification under section 2032A of the specially valued real property and on all matters relating to the special lien arising under section 6324B.
- To furnish the Service with any requested information concerning the property.
- To notify the Service of any disposition or cessation of qualified use of any part of the property.
- To receive, but not to endorse and collect, checks in payment of any refund of Internal Revenue taxes, penalties, or interest.
- To execute waivers (including offers of waivers) of restrictions on assessment or collection of deficiencies in tax and waivers of notice of disallowance of a claim for credit or refund.
- To execute closing agreements under section 7121.

into this agreement pursuant to section 2032A(d).

(continued on next page)

Estate of:	Date of Death	Decedent's Social Security Number
● Other acts (specify) ▶		
	to provide the Service with any requested infor if the qualified use of any part of this property.	rmation concerning this property and to notify
Name of Agent	Signature	- Address
and in the Notice of Election, along with its	s is listed in Form 706, United States Estate (ar fair market value according to section 2031 of t security number, and interest (including the valuection.	the Code and its special use value according
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned h	ave hereunto set their hands at	
this day of		
SIGNATURES OF EACH OF THE QUALIFIE	HEIRS:	
Signature of qualified heir	Signature of qualified h	neir
Signature of qualified heir	Signature of qualified h	neir
Signature of qualified heir	Signature of qualified h	neir
Signature of qualified heir	Signature of qualified h	neir
Signature of qualified heir	Signature of qualified h	neir
Signature of qualified heir	Signature of qualified h	neir
Signatures of other interested parties		

Signatures of other interested parties

SCHEDULE B—Stocks and Bonds

(For jointly owned property that must be disclosed on Schedule E, see the instructions for Schedule E.)

Item number	Description including face amount of bonds or number of shares and par value where needed for identification. Give 9-digit CUSIP number.	Unit value	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1					
To	otal from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached	to this sche	edule		
	OTAL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 2.)				
-				1	1

SCHEDULE C-Mortgages, Notes, and Cash

(For jointly owned property that must be disclosed on Schedule E, see the instructions for Schedule E.)

tem mber	Description	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1				
Total from continuation	on schedules (or additional sheets) att	ached to this schedule.		
TOTAL. (Also enter o	n Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at ite			

(If more space is needed, attach the continuation schedule from the end of this package or additional sheets of the same size.) (See the instructions on the reverse side.)

Instructions for Schedule C.— Mortgages, Notes, and Cash

Complete Schedule C and file it with your return if the total gross estate contains any:

- mortgages,
- notes, or
- cash.

List on Schedule C:

- mortgages and notes payable to the decedent at the time of death.
- cash the decedent had at the date of death.

Do not list on Schedule C:

 mortgages and notes payable by the decedent. (If these are deductible, list them on Schedule K.)

List the items on Schedule C in the following order:

- mortgages,
- promissory notes,
- contracts by decedent to sell land,
- cash in possession, and
- cash in banks, savings and loan associations, and other types of financial organizations.

What to enter in the "Description" column:

For mortgages, list:

- face value,
- unpaid balance,
- date of mortgage,
- date of maturity,
- name of maker,
- property mortgaged,
- interest dates, and
- interest rate.

Example to enter in "Description" column:

"Bond and mortgage of \$50,000, unpaid balance: \$24,000; dated: January 1, 1980; John Doe to Richard Roe; premises: 22 Clinton Street, Newark, NJ; due: January 1, 1997; interest payable at 10% a year--January 1 and July 1."

For promissory notes, list:

• in the same way as mortgages.

For contracts by the decedent to sell land, list:

- name of purchaser,
- contract date,
- property description,
- sale price,
- initial payment,
- amounts of installment payment,
- unpaid balance of principal, and
- interest rate.

For cash in possession, list:

such cash separately from bank deposits.

For cash in banks, savings and loan associations, and other types of financial organizations, list:

- name and address of each financial organization,
- amount in each account,
- serial or account number,
- nature of account--checking, savings, time deposit, etc., and
- unpaid interest accrued from date of last interest payment to the date of death.

Important: If you obtain statements from the financial organizations, keep them for IRS inspection.

SCHEDULE D—Insurance on the Decedent's Life

You must list all policies on the life of the decedent and attach a Form 712 for each policy.

Item number	Description	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1				
To	otal from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this	schedule		
T	OTAL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 4.)			

(If more space is needed, attach the continuation schedule from the end of this package or additional sheets of the same size.) (See the instructions on the reverse side.)

Instructions for Schedule D.—Insurance on the Decedent's Life

If you are required to file Form 706 and there was any insurance on the decedent's life, whether or not included in the gross estate, you must complete Schedule D and file it with the return.

Insurance you must include on Schedule D.—Under section 2042 you must include in the gross estate:

- Insurance on the decedent's life receivable by or for the benefit of the estate; and
- Insurance on the decedent's life receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate, as described below.

The term "insurance" refers to life insurance of every description, including death benefits paid by fraternal beneficiary societies operating under the lodge system, and death benefits paid under no-fault automobile insurance policies if the no-fault insurer was unconditionally bound to pay the benefit in the event of the insured's death.

Insurance in favor of the estate.—Include on Schedule D the full amount of the proceeds of insurance on the life of the decedent receivable by the executor or otherwise payable to or for the benefit of the estate. Insurance in favor of the estate includes insurance used to pay the estate tax, and any other taxes, debts, or charges that are enforceable against the estate. The manner in which the policy is drawn is immaterial as long as there is an obligation, legally binding on the beneficiary, to use the proceeds to pay taxes, debts, or charges. You must include the full amount even though the premiums or other consideration may have been paid by a person other than the decedent.

Insurance receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate.—Include on Schedule D the proceeds of all insurance on the life of the decedent not receivable by or for the benefit of the decedent's estate if the decedent possessed at death any of the incidents of ownership, exercisable either alone or in conjunction with any person.

Incidents of ownership in a policy include:

- The right of the insured or estate to its economic benefits:
- The power to change the beneficiary;

- The power to surrender or cancel the policy;
- The power to assign the policy or to revoke an assignment;
- The power to pledge the policy for a loan;
- The power to obtain from the insurer a loan against the surrender value of the policy;
- A reversionary interest if the value of the reversionary interest was more than 5% of the value of the policy immediately before the decedent died. (An interest in an insurance policy is considered a reversionary interest if, for example, the proceeds become payable to the insured's estate or payable as the insured directs if the beneficiary dies before the insured.)

Life insurance not includible in the gross estate under section 2042 may be includible under some other section of the Code. For example, a life insurance policy could be transferred by the decedent in such a way that it would be includible in the gross estate under section 2036, 2037, or 2038. (See the instructions to Schedule G for a description of these sections.)

Completing the Schedule

You must list every policy of insurance on the life of the decedent, whether or not it is included in the gross estate.

Under "Description" list:

- Name of the insurance company and
- Number of the policy.

For every policy of life insurance listed on the schedule, you must request a statement on **Form 712**, Life Insurance Statement, from the company that issued the policy. Attach the Form 712 to the back of Schedule D.

If the policy proceeds are paid in one sum, enter the net proceeds received (from Form 712, line 24) in the value (and alternate value) columns of Schedule D. If the policy proceeds are not paid in one sum, enter the value of the proceeds as of the date of the decedent's death (from Form 712, line 25).

If part or all of the policy proceeds are not included in the gross estate, you must explain why they were not included.

SCHEDULE E—Jointly Owned Property
(If you elect section 2032A valuation, you must complete Schedule E and Schedule A-1.)

PART 1.—Qualified Joint Interests—Interests Held by the Decedent and His or Her Spouse as the Only Joint Tenants (Section 2040(b)(2))

	(======================================				
Item number	Description For securities, give CUSIP number, if available.		Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1a Tota	tal from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to				
	nounts included in gross estate (one-half of line 1a)				
	2.—All Other Joint Interests				
2a Sta	ate the name and address of each surviving co-tenant. If there are an attached sheet.	e more than	three surviving co-te	nants, list the additi	onal co-tenants
	Name		Address (number and	d street, city, state, and	d ZIP code)
Α.					
В.					
C.					
Item number	Enter letter for co-tenant Description (including alternate valuation date if any) For securities, give CUSIP number, if available.		Percentage includible	Includible alternate value	Includible value at date of death
	1 1				
	tal from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to	this schedule	e		
	all other joint interests				
	tal includible joint interests (add lines 1b and 2b). Also enter o at item 5				

Instructions for Schedule E.—Jointly Owned Property

If you are required to file Form 706, you must complete Schedule E and file it with the return if the decedent owned any joint property at the time of death, whether or not the decedent's interest is includible in the gross estate

Enter on this schedule all property of whatever kind or character, whether real estate, personal property, or bank accounts, in which the decedent held at the time of death an interest either as a joint tenant with right to survivorship or as a tenant by the entirety.

Do not list on this schedule property that the decedent held as a tenant in common, but report the value of the interest on Schedule A if real estate, or on the appropriate schedule if personal property. Similarly, community property held by the decedent and spouse should be reported on the appropriate Schedules A through I. The decedent's interest in a partnership should not be entered on this schedule unless the partnership interest itself is jointly owned. Solely owned partnership interests should be reported on Schedule F, "Other Miscellaneous Property."

Part 1—Qualified joint interests held by decedent and spouse.—Under section 2040(b)(2), a joint interest is a qualified joint interest if the decedent and the surviving spouse held the interest as:

- Tenants by the entirety, or
- Joint tenants with right of survivorship if the decedent and the decedent's spouse are the only joint tenants.

Interests that meet either of the two requirements above should be entered in Part 1. Joint interests that do not meet either of the two requirements above should be entered in Part 2.

Under "Description," describe the property as required in the instructions for Schedules A, B, C, and F for the type of property involved. For example, jointly held stocks and bonds should be described using the rules given in the instructions to Schedule B.

Under "Alternate value" and "Value at date of death," enter the full value of the property.

Note: You cannot claim the special treatment under section 2040(b) for property held jointly by a decedent and a surviving spouse who is not a U.S. citizen. You must report these joint interests on Part 2 of Schedule E, not Part 1.

Part 2—Other joint interests.—All joint interests that were not entered in Part 1 must be entered in Part 2.

For each item of property, enter the appropriate letter A, B, C, etc., from line 2a to indicate the name and address of the surviving co-tenant.

Under "Description," describe the property as required in the instructions for Schedules A, B, C, and F for the type of property involved.

In the "Percentage includible" column, enter the percentage of the total value of the property that you intend to include in the gross estate.

Generally, you must include the full value of the jointly owned property in the gross estate. However, the full value should not be included if you can show that a part of the property originally belonged to the other tenant or tenants and was never received or acquired by the other tenant or tenants from the decedent for less than adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, or unless you can show that any part of the property was acquired with consideration originally belonging to the surviving joint tenant or tenants. In this case, you may exclude from the value of the property an amount proportionate to the consideration furnished by the other tenant or tenants. Relinquishing or promising to relinquish dower, curtesy, or statutory estate created instead of dower or curtesy, or other marital rights in the decedent's property or estate is not consideration in money or money's worth. See the Schedule A instructions for the value to show for real property that is subject to a mortgage.

If the property was acquired by the decedent and another person or persons by gift, bequest, devise, or inheritance as joint tenants, and their interests are not otherwise specified by law, include only that part of the value of the property that is figured by dividing the full value of the property by the number of joint tenants.

If you believe that less than the full value of the entire property is includible in the gross estate for tax purposes, you must establish the right to include the smaller value by attaching proof of the extent, origin, and nature of the decedent's interest and the interest(s) of the decedent's co-tenant or co-tenants.

In the "Includible alternate value" and "Includible value at date of death" columns, you should enter only the values that you believe are includible in the gross estate.

SCHEDULE F—Other Miscellaneous Property Not Reportable Under Any Other Schedule

(For jointly owned property that must be disclosed on Schedule E, see the instructions for Schedule E.)
(If you elect section 2032A valuation, you must complete Schedule F and Schedule A-1.)

	(ii you elect section 2002/ valuation, you must complete	ic Scriculic i and	Jenedale A 1.)			
	Did the decedent at the time of death own any articles of artistic or col collections whose artistic or collectible value combined at date of death If "Yes," submit full details on this schedule and attach appraisals.				Yes	No
	Has the decedent's estate, spouse, or any other person, received (or will of the decedent's employment or death?					
	Did the decedent at the time of death have, or have access to, a safe d If "Yes," state location, and if held in joint names of decedent and anot depositor. If any of the contents of the safe deposit box are omitted from the so omitted.	ther, state name a	nd relationship of	joint		
Ite num		Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at	date of	death
1						

(If more space is needed, attach the continuation schedule from the end of this package or additional sheets of the same size.) (See the instructions on the reverse side.)

Instructions for Schedule F.—Other Miscellaneous Property

You must complete Schedule F and file it with the return.

On Schedule F list all items that must be included in the gross estate that are not reported on any other schedule, including:

- Debts due the decedent (other than notes and mortgages included on Schedule C)
- Interests in business
- Insurance on the life of another (obtain and attach Form 712, Life Insurance Statement, for each policy)

Note for single premium or paid-up policies: In certain situations, for example where the surrender value of the policy exceeds its replacement cost, the true economic value of the policy will be greater than the amount shown on line 56 of Form 712. In these situations, you should report the full economic value of the policy on Schedule F. See Rev. Rul. 78-137, 1978-1 C.B. 280 for details.

- Section 2044 property (see Decedent Who Was a Surviving Spouse below)
- Claims (including the value of the decedent's interest in a claim for refund of income taxes or the amount of the refund actually received)
- Rights
- Royalties
- Leaseholds
- Judgments
- Reversionary or remainder interests
- Shares in trust funds (attach a copy of the trust instrument)
- Household goods and personal effects, including wearing apparel
- Farm products and growing crops
- Livestock
- Farm machinery
- Automobiles

If the decedent owned any interest in a partnership or unincorporated business, attach a statement of assets and liabilities for the valuation date and for the 5 years before the valuation date. Also attach statements of the net earnings for the same 5 years. You must account for goodwill in the valuation. In general, furnish the same information and follow the methods used to value close corporations. See the instructions for Schedule B.

All partnership interests should be reported on Schedule F unless the partnership interest, itself, is jointly owned. Jointly owned partnership interests should be reported on Schedule E.

If real estate is owned by the sole proprietorship, it should be reported on Schedule F and not on Schedule A. Describe the real estate with the same detail required for Schedule A.

Line 1.—If the decedent owned at the date of death articles with artistic or intrinsic value (e.g., jewelry, furs, silverware, books, statuary, vases, oriental rugs, coin or stamp collections), check the "Yes" box on line 1 and provide full details. If any one article is valued at more than \$3,000, or any collection of similar articles is valued at more than \$10,000, attach an appraisal by an expert under oath and the required statement regarding the appraiser's qualifications (see Regulations section 20.2031-6(b)).

Decedent Who Was a Surviving Spouse

If the decedent was a surviving spouse, he or she may have received qualified terminable interest property (QTIP) from the predeceased spouse for which the marital deduction was elected either on the predeceased spouse's estate tax return or on a gift tax return, Form 709. The election was available for gifts made and decedents dying after December 31, 1981.

If this election was made and the surviving spouse retained his or her interest in the QTIP property at death, the full value of the QTIP property is includible in his or her estate, even though the qualifying income interest terminated at death. It is valued as of the date of the surviving spouse's death, or alternate valuation date, if applicable. Do not reduce the value by any annual exclusion that may have applied to the transfer creating the interest.

The value of such property included in the surviving spouse's gross estate is treated as passing from the surviving spouse. It therefore qualifies for the charitable and marital deductions on the surviving spouse's estate tax return if it meets the other requirements for those deductions.

For additional details, see Regulations section 20.2044-1.

SCHEDULE G—Transfers During Decedent's Life

(If you elect section 2032A valuation, you must complete Schedule G and Schedule A-1.)

Item number	Description For securities, give CUSIP number, if available.	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
A.	Gift tax paid by the decedent or the estate for all gifts made by the decedent or his or her spouse within 3 years before the decedent's death (section 2035(c)).	x x x x x		
B.	Transfers includible under section 2035(a), 2036, 2037, or 2038:			
1				
To	stal from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to the	s schedule		
T(OTAL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 7.).			

SCHEDULE H—Powers of Appointment

(Include "5 and 5 lapsing" powers (section 2041(b)(2)) held by the decedent.)

If you elect section 2032A valuation, you must complete Schedule H and Schedule A-

	(If you elect section 2032A valuation, you must complete	Schedule H and Scl	nedule A-1.)	
Item number	Description	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death
1				
To	otal from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this	s schedule		
	OTAL. (Also enter on Part 5. Recapitulation, page 3. at item 8.)			

	SCHEDULE I—Ani	nuities			
Note: Gen	erally, no exclusion is allowed for the estates of decedents dying after D	December 31, 1984 (see	page 13 of the ins		
0000/0	ou excluding from the decedent's gross estate the value of a		on described in	section Yes	No
If "Yes)(2)? . ," you must attach the information required by the instructions.				
Item number	Description Show the entire value of the annuity before any exclusions.	Alternate valuation date	Includible alternate value	Includible value at date of	death
1					

Total from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule .

SCHEDULE J—Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subject to Claims

Note: Do not list on this schedule expenses of administering property not subject to claims. For those expenses, see the instructions for Schedule L.

If executors' commissions, attorney fees, etc., are claimed and allowed as a deduction for estate tax purposes, they are not allowable as a deduction in computing the taxable income of the estate for Federal income tax purposes. They are allowable as an income tax deduction on Form 1041 if a waiver is filed to waive the deduction on Form 706 (see the Form 1041 instructions).

Total funeral expenses: Total funeral expenses. B. Administration expenses: Executors' commissions—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.). Accountant fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.). Miscellaneous expenses: Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule. Total miscellaneous expenses.	Item number	Description	Expense amount	Total amount
Total funeral expenses	4	A. Funeral expenses:		
B. Administration expenses: Executors' commissions—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.) Attorney fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.) Miscellaneous expenses: Expense amount Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule.	1			
B. Administration expenses: Executors' commissions—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.) Attorney fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.) Miscellaneous expenses: Expense amount Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule.				
B. Administration expenses: Executors' commissions—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.) Attorney fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply.) Miscellaneous expenses: Expense amount Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule.				
Attorney fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply). Accountant fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply). Miscellaneous expenses: Expense amount Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule.				
Accountant fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do not apply), Miscellaneous expenses: Expense amount Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule.	1	Executors' commissions—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words the	at do not apply.)	
A Miscellaneous expenses: Expense amount Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule.	2	Attorney fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do no	ot apply.)	
Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule	3	Accountant fees—amount estimated/agreed upon/paid. (Strike out the words that do	not apply.)	
Total miscellaneous expenses from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule	4	Miscellaneous expenses:	Expense amount	
attached to this schedule	•			
attached to this schedule				
attached to this schedule				
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		T		

TOTAL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 11.)

Instructions for Schedule J.— Funeral Expenses and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Subject to Claims

General.—You must complete and file Schedule J if you claim a deduction on item 11 of Part 5, Recapitulation.

On Schedule J, itemize funeral expenses and expenses incurred in administering property subject to claims. List the names and addresses of persons to whom the expenses are payable and describe the nature of the expense. Do not list expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims on this schedule. List them on Schedule L instead.

The deduction is limited to the amount paid for these expenses that is allowable under local law but may not exceed:

- 1. The value of property subject to claims included in the gross estate, plus
- **2.** The amount paid out of property included in the gross estate but not subject to claims. This amount must actually be paid by the due date of the estate tax return.

The applicable local law under which the estate is being administered determines which property is and is not subject to claims. If under local law a particular property interest included in the gross estate would bear the burden for the payment of the expenses, then the property is considered property subject to claims.

Unlike certain claims against the estate for debts of the decedent (see the instructions for Schedule K in the separate instructions), you cannot deduct expenses incurred in administering property subject to claims on both the estate tax return and the estate's income tax return. If you choose to deduct them on the estate tax return, you cannot deduct them on a Form 1041 filed for the estate. Funeral expenses are only deductible on the estate tax return.

Funeral Expenses.—Itemize funeral expenses on line A. Deduct from the expenses any amounts that were reimbursed, such as death benefits payable by the Social Security Administration and the Veterans Administration.

Executors' Commissions.—When you file the return, you may deduct commissions that have actually been paid to you or that you expect will be paid. You may not deduct commissions if none will be collected. If the amount of the commissions has not been fixed by decree of the proper court, the deduction will be allowed on the final examination of the return, provided that:

- The District Director is reasonably satisfied that the commissions claimed will be paid;
- The amount entered as a deduction is within the amount allowable by the laws of the jurisdiction where the estate is being administered;
- It is in accordance with the usually accepted practice in that jurisdiction for estates of similar size and character.

If you have not been paid the commissions claimed at the time of the final examination of the return, you must support the amount you deducted with an affidavit or statement signed under the penalties of perjury that the amount has been agreed upon and will be paid. You may not deduct a bequest or devise made to you instead of commissions. If, however, the decedent fixed by will the compensation payable to you for services to be rendered in the administration of the estate, you may deduct this amount to the extent it is not more than the compensation allowable by the local law or practice.

Do not deduct on this schedule amounts paid as trustees' commissions whether received by you acting in the capacity of a trustee or by a separate trustee. If such amounts were paid in administering property not subject to claims, deduct them on Schedule L.

Note: Executors' commissions are taxable income to the executors. Therefore, be sure to include them as income on your individual income tax return.

Attorney Fees.—Enter the amount of attorney fees that have actually been paid or that you reasonably expect to be paid. If on the final examination of the return the fees claimed have not been awarded by the proper court and paid, the deduction will be allowed provided the District Director is reasonably satisfied that the amount claimed will be paid and that it does not exceed a reasonable payment for the services performed, taking into account the size and character of the estate and the local law and practice. If the fees claimed have not been paid at the time of final examination of the return, the amount deducted must be supported by an affidavit, or statement signed under the penalties of perjury, by the executor or the attorney stating that the amount has been agreed upon and will be paid.

Do not deduct attorney fees incidental to litigation incurred by the beneficiaries. These expenses are charged against the beneficiaries personally and are not administration expenses authorized by the Code.

Interest Expense.—Interest expenses incurred after the decedent's death are generally allowed as a deduction if they are reasonable, necessary to the administration of the estate, and allowable under local law.

If you elect to pay the estate tax in installments, you may deduct the interest payable as it accrues. For more information, see the instructions for Question 3, Elections by the Executor, on page 5 of the separate instructions.

Interest incurred as the result of a Federal estate tax deficiency is a deductible administrative expense. Penalties are not deductible even if they are allowable under local law.

Miscellaneous Expenses.—Miscellaneous administration expenses necessarily incurred in preserving and distributing the estate are deductible. These expenses include appraiser's and accountant's fees, certain court costs, and costs of storing or maintaining assets of the estate.

The expenses of selling assets are deductible only if the sale is necessary to pay the decedent's debts, the expenses of administration, or taxes, or to preserve the estate or carry out distribution.

SCHEDULE K—Debts of the Decedent	, and Mortgages and Liens
----------------------------------	---------------------------

tem mber	Debts of the Decedent—Creditor and nature of claim, and allowable death taxes	Amount unpaid to date	Amount in contest	Amount claimed a a deduction
1				
				_
Total	from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached	to this schedule		
			<u> </u>	
	from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12 Mortgages and Liens—Desc)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/ em nber	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOT/	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12)		Amount
TOTA em nber 1	AL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 12	ription		Amount

SCHEDULE L—Net Losses During Administration and Expenses Incurred in Administering Property Not Subject to Claims

Item number	Net losses during administration (Note: Do not deduct losses claimed on a Federal income tax return.)	Amount
1		
Tota	al from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule	
TOT	TAL. (Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 16.)	
Item	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.)	Amount
Item number	Expenses incurred in administering property not subject to claims (Indicate whether estimated, agreed upon, or paid.) If from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule	Amount

SCHEDULE M—Bequests, etc., to Surviving Spouse

Election To Deduct Qualified Terminable Interest Property Under Section 2056(b)(7).—If a trust (or other property) meets the requirements of qualified terminable interest property under section 2056(b)(7), and

- a. The trust or other property is listed on Schedule M, and
- **b.** The value of the trust (or other property) is entered in whole or in part as a deduction on Schedule M, then unless the executor specifically identifies the trust (all or a fractional portion or percentage) or other property to be excluded from the election, the executor shall be deemed to have made an election to have such trust (or other property) treated as qualified terminable interest property under section 2056(b)(7).

If less than the entire value of the trust (or other property) that the executor has included in the gross estate is entered as a deduction on Schedule M, the executor shall be considered to have made an election only as to a fraction of the trust (or other property). The numerator of this fraction is equal to the amount of the trust (or other property) deducted on Schedule M. The denominator is equal to the total value of the trust (or other property).

Election To Deduct Qualified Domestic Trust Property Under Section 2056A.—If a trust meets the requirements of a qualified domestic trust under section 2056A(a) and this return is filed no later than 1 year after the time prescribed by law (including extensions) for filing the return, and

- a. The entire value of a trust or trust property is listed on Schedule M, and
- b. The entire value of the trust or trust property is entered as a deduction on Schedule M,

then unless the executor specifically identifies the trust to be excluded from the election, the executor shall be deemed to have made an election to have the entire trust treated as qualified domestic trust property.

		L	103	140
1 2a b c d e 3	Did any property pass to the surviving spouse as a result of a qualified disclaimer?			140
Iter numl		Ar	mount	
1				
	Total from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule			
4 5a b c	Total amount of property interests listed on Schedule M	-		
d 6	Add items a, b, and c			
	Recapitulation, page 3 at item 18	1		

(If more space is needed, attach the continuation schedule from the end of this package or additional sheets of the same size.) (See the instructions on the reverse side.)

Ves No

Examples of Listing of Property Interests on Schedule M

Item number	Description of property interests passing to surviving spouse		
1	One-half the value of a house and lot, 256 South West Street, held by decedent and surviving spouse as joint tenants with right of survivorship under deed dated July 15, 1957 (Schedule E, Part I, item 1)	\$132,500	
2	Proceeds of Gibraltar Life Insurance Company policy No. 104729, payable in one sum to surviving spouse (Schedule D, item 3)	200,000	
3	Cash bequest under Paragraph Six of will	100,000	

Instructions for Schedule M.—Bequests, etc., to Surviving Spouse (Marital Deduction)

General

You must complete Schedule M and file it with the return if you claim a deduction on item 18 of Part 5, Recapitulation.

The marital deduction is authorized by section 2056 for certain property interests that pass from the decedent to the surviving spouse. You may claim the deduction only for property interests that are included in the decedent's gross estate (Schedules A through I).

Note: The marital deduction is generally not allowed if the surviving spouse is **not** a U.S. citizen. The marital deduction is allowed for property passing to such a surviving spouse in a "qualified domestic trust" or if such property is transferred or irrevocably assigned to such a trust before the estate tax return is filed. The executor must elect qualified domestic trust status on this return. See the instructions on pages 28–30 for details on the election.

Property Interests That You May List on Schedule M

Generally, you may list on Schedule M all property interests that pass from the decedent to the surviving spouse and are included in the gross estate. However, you should not list any "Nondeductible terminable interests" (described below) on Schedule M unless you are making a QTIP election. The property for which you make this election must be included on Schedule M. See "Qualified Terminable Interest Property" on the following page.

For the rules on common disaster and survival for a limited period, see section 2056(b)(3).

You may list on Schedule M only those interests that the surviving spouse takes:

- **1.** As the decedent's legatee, devisee, heir, or donee;
- **2.** As the decedent's surviving tenant by the entirety or joint tenant;
- **3.** As an appointee under the decedent's exercise of a power or as a taker in default at the decedent's nonexercise of a power;

- **4.** As a beneficiary of insurance on the decedent's life;
- **5.** As the surviving spouse taking under dower or curtesy (or similar statutory interest); and
- **6.** As a transferee of a transfer made by the decedent at any time.

Property Interests That You May Not List on Schedule M

You should not list on Schedule M:

- **1.** The value of any property that does not pass from the decedent to the surviving spouse;
- 2. Property interests that are not included in the decedent's gross estate;
- **3.** The full value of a property interest for which a deduction was claimed on Schedules J through L. The value of the property interest should be reduced by the deductions claimed with respect to it:
- 4. The full value of a property interest that passes to the surviving spouse subject to a mortgage or other encumbrance or an obligation of the surviving spouse. Include on Schedule M only the net value of the interest after reducing it by the amount of the mortgage or other debt;
- **5.** Nondeductible terminable interests (described below);
- **6.** Any property interest disclaimed by the surviving spouse.

Terminable Interests

Certain interests in property passing from a decedent to a surviving spouse are referred to as *terminable interests*. These are interests that will terminate or fail after the passage of time, or on the occurrence or nonoccurrence of some contingency. Examples are: life estates, annuities, estates for terms of years, and patents.

The ownership of a bond, note, or other contractual obligation, which when discharged would not have the effect of an annuity for life or for a term, is not considered a terminable interest.

Nondeductible terminable interests.— A terminable interest is *nondeductible*, and should not be entered on Schedule M (unless you are making a QTIP election) if:

- 1. Another interest in the same property passed from the decedent to some other person for less than adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth; and
- **2.** By reason of its passing, the other person or that person's heirs may enjoy part of the property after the termination of the surviving spouse's interest.

This rule applies even though the interest that passes from the decedent to a person other than the surviving spouse is not included in the gross estate, and regardless of when the interest passes. The rule also applies regardless of whether the surviving spouse's interest and the other person's interest pass from the decedent at the same time.

Property interests that are considered to pass to a person other than the surviving spouse are any property interest that: (a) passes under a decedent's will or intestacy; (b) was transferred by a decedent during life; or (c) is held by or passed on to any person as a decedent's joint tenant, as appointee under a decedent's exercise of a power, as taker in default at a decedent's release or nonexercise of a power, or as a beneficiary of insurance on the decedent's life.

For example, a decedent devised real property to his wife for life, with remainder to his children. The life interest that passed to the wife does not qualify for the marital deduction because it will terminate at her death and the children will thereafter possess or enjoy the property.

However, if the decedent purchased a joint and survivor annuity for himself and his wife who survived him, the value of the survivor's annuity, to the extent that it is included in the gross estate, qualifies for the marital deduction because even though the interest will terminate on the wife's death, no one else will possess or enjoy any part of the property.

The marital deduction is not allowed for an interest that the decedent directed the executor or a trustee to convert, after death, into a terminable interest for the surviving spouse. The marital deduction is not allowed for such an interest even if there was no interest

in the property passing to another person and even if the terminable interest would otherwise have been deductible under the exceptions described below for life estate and life insurance and annuity payments with powers of appointment. For more information, see Regulations sections 20.2056(b)-1(f) and 20.2056(b)-1(g), Example (7).

If any property interest passing from the decedent to the surviving spouse may be paid or otherwise satisfied out of any of a group of assets, the value of the property interest is, for the entry on Schedule M, reduced by the value of any asset or assets that, if passing from the decedent to the surviving spouse, would be nondeductible terminable interests. Examples of property interests that may be paid or otherwise satisfied out of any of a group of assets are a bequest of the residue of the decedent's estate, or of a share of the residue, and a cash legacy payable out of the general estate.

Example: A decedent bequeathed \$100,000 to the surviving spouse. The general estate includes a term for years (valued at \$10,000 in determining the value of the gross estate) in an office building, which interest was retained by the decedent under a deed of the building by gift to a son. Accordingly, the value of the specific bequest entered on Schedule M is \$90,000.

Life Estate With Power of Appointment in the Surviving

Spouse.—A property interest, whether or not in trust, will be treated as passing to the surviving spouse, and will not be treated as a nondeductible terminable interest if: (a) the surviving spouse is entitled for life to all of the income from the entire interest; (b) the income is payable annually or at more frequent intervals; (c) the surviving spouse has the power, exercisable in favor of the surviving spouse or the estate of the surviving spouse, to appoint the entire interest; (d) the power is exercisable by the surviving spouse alone and (whether exercisable by will or during life) is exercisable by the surviving spouse in all events; and (e) no part of the entire interest is subject to a power in any other person to appoint any part to any person other than the surviving spouse (or the surviving spouse's legal representative or relative if the surviving spouse is disabled. See Rev. Rul. 85-35, 1985-1 C.B. 328). If these five conditions are satisfied only for a specific portion of the entire interest, see the section 2056(b) regulations to determine the amount of the marital deduction.

Life Insurance, Endowment, or Annuity Payments, With Power of Appointment in Surviving Spouse.—A property interest consisting of the entire proceeds under a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract is treated as passing from the decedent to the surviving spouse, and will not be treated as a nondeductible terminable interest if: (a) the surviving spouse is entitled to receive the proceeds in installments, or is entitled to interest on them, with all amounts payable during the life of the spouse, payable only to the surviving spouse; (b) the installment or interest payments are payable annually, or more frequently, beginning not later than 13 months after the decedent's death; (c) the surviving spouse has the power, exercisable in favor of the surviving spouse or of the estate of the surviving spouse, to appoint all amounts payable under the contract; (d) the power is exercisable by the surviving spouse alone and (whether exercisable by will or during life) is exercisable by the surviving spouse in all events; and (e) no part of the amount payable under the contract is subject to a power in any other person to appoint any part to any person other than the surviving spouse. If these five conditions are satisfied only for a specific portion of the proceeds, see the section 2056(b) regulations to determine the amount of the marital deduction.

Charitable Remainder Trusts.—An interest in a charitable remainder trust will **not** be treated as a nondeductible terminable interest if:

- 1. The interest in the trust passes from the decedent to the surviving spouse; and
- 2. The surviving spouse is the only beneficiary of the trust other than charitable organizations described in section 170(c).

A "charitable remainder trust" is either a charitable remainder annuity trust or a charitable remainder unitrust. (See section 664 for descriptions of these trusts.)

Election To Deduct Qualified Terminable Interests (QTIP)

You may elect to claim a marital deduction for qualified terminable interest property or property interests. You make the QTIP election simply by listing the qualified terminable interest property on Schedule M and deducting its value. You are presumed to have made the QTIP election if you list the property and deduct its value on Schedule M. If you make this election, the surviving spouse's gross estate will include the value of the "qualified terminable interest property." See the instructions for line 6 of General Information for more details. The election is irrevocable.

If you file a Form 706 in which you do not make this election, you may not file an amended return to make the election unless you file the amended return on or before the due date for filing the original Form 706.

The effect of the election is that the property (interest) will be treated as passing to the surviving spouse and will not be treated as a nondeductible terminable interest. All of the other marital deduction requirements must still be satisfied before you may make this election. For example, you may not make this election for property or property interests that are not included in the decedent's gross estate.

Qualified terminable interest property is property (a) that passes from the decedent, and (b) in which the surviving spouse has a qualifying income interest for life.

The surviving spouse has a *qualifying income interest for life* if the surviving spouse is entitled to all of the income from the property payable annually or at more frequent intervals, or has a usufruct interest for life in the property, and during the surviving spouse's lifetime no person has a power to appoint any part of the property to any person other than the surviving spouse. An annuity is treated as an income interest regardless of whether the property from which the annuity is payable can be separately identified.

The QTIP election may be made for all or any part of a qualified terminable interest property. A partial election must relate to a fractional or percentile share of the property so that the elective part will reflect its proportionate share of the increase or decline in the whole of the property when applying sections 2044 or 2519. Thus, if the interest of the surviving spouse in a trust (or other property in which the spouse has a qualified life estate) is qualified terminable interest property, you may make an election for a part of the trust (or other property) only if the election relates to a defined fraction or percentage of the entire trust (or other property). The fraction or percentage may be defined by means of a formula.

Qualified Domestic Trust Election (QDOT)

The marital deduction is allowed for transfers to a surviving spouse who is not a U.S. citizen only if the property passes to the surviving spouse in a "qualified domestic trust" (QDOT) or if such property is transferred or irrevocably assigned to a QDOT before the decedent's estate tax return is filed.

A QDOT is any trust:

1. That requires at least one trustee to be either an individual who is a citizen of the United States or a domestic corporation;

- 2. That requires that no distribution of corpus from the trust can be made unless such a trustee has the right to withhold from the distribution the tax imposed on the QDOT;
- **3.** That meets the requirements of any applicable regulations; and
- **4.** For which the executor has made an election on the estate tax return of the decedent.

You make the QDOT election simply by listing the qualified domestic trust or the **entire value** of the trust property on Schedule M and deducting its value. You are presumed to have made the QDOT election if you list the trust or trust property and deduct its value on Schedule M. **Once made, the election is irrevocable.**

If an election is made to deduct qualified domestic trust property under section 2056A(d), the following information should be provided for each qualified domestic trust on an attachment to this schedule:

- **1.** The name and address of every trustee;
- **2.** A description of each transfer passing from the decedent that is the source of the property to be placed in trust; and
- **3.** The employer identification number for the trust.

The election must be made for an entire QDOT trust. In listing a trust for which you are making a QDOT election, unless you specifically identify the trust as not subject to the election, the election will be considered made for the entire trust.

The determination of whether a trust qualifies as a QDOT will be made as of the date the decedent's Form 706 is filed. If, however, judicial proceedings are brought before the Form 706's due date (including extensions) to have the trust revised to meet the QDOT requirements, then the determination will not be made until the court-ordered changes to the trust are made.

Line 1

If property passes to the surviving spouse as the result of a qualified disclaimer, check "Yes" and attach a copy of the written disclaimer required by section 2518(b).

Line 3

Section 2056(b)(7) creates an automatic QTIP election for certain joint and survivor annuities that are includible in the estate under section 2039. To qualify, only the surviving spouse can have the right to receive payments before the death of the surviving spouse.

The executor can elect out of QTIP treatment, however, by checking the "Yes" box on line 3. Once made, the election is irrevocable. If there is more than one such joint and survivor annuity, you are not required to make the election for all of them.

If you make the election out of QTIP treatment by checking "Yes" on line 3, you cannot deduct the amount of the annuity on Schedule M. If you do not make the election out, you must list the joint and survivor annuities on Schedule M.

Listing Property Interests on Schedule M

List each property interest included in the gross estate that passes from the decedent to the surviving spouse and for which a marital deduction is claimed. This includes otherwise nondeductible terminable interest property for which you are making a QTIP election. Number each item in sequence and describe each item in detail. Describe the instrument (including any clause or paragraph number) or provision of law under which each item passed to the surviving spouse. If possible, show where each item appears (number and schedule) on Schedules A through I.

In listing otherwise nondeductible property for which you are making a QTIP election, unless you specifically identify a fractional portion of the trust or other property as not subject to the election, the election will be considered made for all of the trust or other property.

Enter the value of each interest before taking into account the Federal estate tax or any other death tax. The valuation dates used in determining the value of the gross estate apply also on Schedule M.

- If Schedule M includes a bequest of the residue or a part of the residue of the decedent's estate, attach a copy of the computation showing how the value of the residue was determined. Include a statement showing:
- The value of all property that is included in the decedent's gross estate (Schedules A through I) but is not a part of the decedent's probate estate, such as lifetime transfers, jointly owned property that passed to the survivor on decedent's death, and the insurance payable to specific beneficiaries.
- The values of all specific and general legacies or devises, with reference to the applicable clause or paragraph of the decedent's will or codicil. (If legacies are made to each member of a class, for example, \$1,000 to each of decedent's employees, only the number in each class and the total value of property received by them need be furnished.)
- The date of birth of all persons, the length of whose lives may affect the value of the residuary interest passing to the surviving spouse.
- Any other important information such as that relating to any claim to any part of the estate not arising under the will.

Lines 5a, b, and c.—The total of the values listed on Schedule M must be reduced by the amount of the Federal estate tax, the Federal GST tax, and the amount of state or other death and GST taxes paid out of the property interest involved. If you enter an amount for state or other death or GST taxes on lines 5b or 5c, identify the taxes and attach your computation of them.

Attachments.—If you list property interests passing by the decedent's will on Schedule M, attach a certified copy of the order admitting the will to probate. If, when you file the return, the court of probate jurisdiction has entered any decree interpreting the will or any of its provisions affecting any of the interests listed on Schedule M, or has entered any order of distribution, attach a copy of the decree or order. In addition, the District Director may request other evidence to support the marital deduction claimed.

	SCHEDULE O—Charitable, Public, and Similar Gifts and Bed	luests		
1a	If the transfer was made by will, has any action been instituted to have interpreted or to contest the of its provisions affecting the charitable deductions claimed in this schedule?	will or any 	Yes	No
b	According to the information and belief of the person or persons filing this return, is any such action If "Yes," full details must be submitted with this schedule.	planned?		
2	Did any property pass to charity as the result of a qualified disclaimer?			
Iten numb		,	Amount	
1	I from continuation schedules (or additional sheets) attached to this schedule			
		3		
3 4a	Total			
b	Other death taxes payable out of property interests listed above 4b			
С	Federal and state GST taxes payable out of property interests listed above 4c			
d	Add items a, b, and c	4d		
5	Net value of property interests listed above (subtract 4d from 3). Also enter on Part 5, Recapitulation, page 3, at item 19	5		

(If more space is needed, attach the continuation schedule from the end of this package or additional sheets of the same size.) (The instructions to Schedule O are in the separate instructions.)

	SCHEDULE	P—Credit for	Forei	gn Deatl	n Taxes	
	List all foreign countries to which death ta	xes have been paid	and for	which a cre	edit is claimed on this	return.
on	If a credit is claimed for death taxes paid this sheet and attach a separate copy of Sch	o more than one for nedule P for each of	eign cou the oth	ıntry, compi er countries	ute the credit for taxes	paid to one country
	The credit computed on this sheet is for the	ne				
				(Name of death	•	
		imposed	ın		(Name of country)	
Cre	edit is computed under the					
	zenship (nationality) of decedent at time of d		(Insert title	e of treaty or "s	statute")	
CIL	(All amounts and values		Inited St	ates money.)	
1	Total of estate, inheritance, legacy, and succession situated in that country, subjected to these taxes,	n taxes imposed in the	e country	named above	e attributable to property	
	Value of the gross estate (adjusted, if necessary, a Value of property situated in that country, subject estate (adjusted, if necessary, according to the installation).	according to the instrued to death taxes imp	ictions fo	r item 2) nat country, a		
4	Tax imposed by section 2001 reduced by the total of	credits claimed under s	sections 2	2010 2011 at	nd 2012 (see instructions)	
	Amount of Federal estate tax attributable to proper					
	by item 4.)	ned above (the smalle	 er of item	1 or item 5).	Also enter on line 18 of	
	Part 2, Tax Computation					
Pa	art 1.—Transferor Information	Q—Credit for	iax oi	n Prior i	ransiers	
	Name of transferor	Social security nur	mber		office where estate return was filed	Date of death
Α						
В						
С						
	eck here if section 2013(f) (special valuation page 17 of the instructions).	n of farm, etc., real pr	operty) a	djustments to	the computation of the	credit were made (see
Pa	art 2.—Computation of Credit (se	e instructions	beginr	ning on p	age 17)	
	Item		Tr	ansferor		Total
	item	Α		В	С	A, B, & C
1	Transferee's tax as apportioned (from worksheet, (line 7 \div line 8) \times line 35 for each column)					
2	Transferor's tax (from each column of worksheet, line 20)					
	Maximum amount before percentage requirement (for each column, enter amount from line 1 or 2, whichever is smaller)					
	Percentage allowed (each column) (see instructions)	%		%	%	
5	Credit allowable (line 3 × line 4 for each column)					
6	TOTAL credit allowable (add columns A, B, and C of line 5). Enter here and on line 19 of Part 2, Tax Computation					

SCHEDULE R—Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax

Note: To avoid application of the deemed allocation rules, Form 706 and Schedule R should be filed to allocate the GST exemption to trusts that may later have taxable terminations or distributions under section 2612 even if the form is not required to be filed to report estate or GST tax.

The GST tax is imposed on taxable transfers of interests in property located **outside the United States** as well as property located inside the United States.

See instructions beginning on page 17.

Part 1.—GST Exemption Reconciliation (Section 2631) and Section 2652(a)(3) (Special QTIP) Election

	You no longer need to check a box to make a section 2652(a)(3) (special QTIP) election. If you list qualifying property in Part 1, line 9, below, you will be considered to have made this election. See page 19 of the separate instructions for details.					
1	Maximum allowable GST exemption					\$1,000,000
	Total GST exemption allocated	•	•		2	
3	Total GST exemption allocated transfers	-	using Form 709, aga	inst decedent's lifetime	3	
4	GST exemption allocated on lin	ne 6 of Schedule R,	Part 2		4	
5	GST exemption allocated on lin	ne 6 of Schedule R,	Part 3		5	
6	Total GST exemption allocated	on line 4 of Schede	ule(s) R-1		6	
7	Total GST exemption allocated	to intervivos transfe	ers and direct skips (a	add lines 2-6)	7	
8	GST exemption available to all line 1)			sts (subtract line 7 from	8	
9	Allocation of GST exemption to):		
	Α	В	С	D		E
	Name of trust	Trust's EIN (if any)	GST exemption allocated on lines 2–6, above (see instructions)	Additional GST exemption allocated (see instructions)		Trust's inclusion ratio (optional—see instructions)
9D	Total. May not exceed line 8,	above	9D			
10	CCT exemption excitable to all	acata ta castian 202	22A interests received	ov individual banaficiarias		
10	GST exemption available to all (subtract line 9D from line 8).				10	

Part 2.—Direct Skips Where the Property Interests Transferred Bear the GST Tax on the Direct Skips

the Birect Skips		Т	
Name of skip person	Description of property interest transferred		Estate tax value
Total estate tax values of all pro	perty interests listed above	1	
•	and other charges borne by the property interests listed above .	2	
3 GST taxes borne by the proper	ty interests listed above but imposed on direct skips other than		
those shown on this Part 2 (see	instructions)	3	
	ges (add lines 2 and 3)	4	
	skips (subtract line 4 from line 1)	5 6	
•		7	
		8	
8 GST tax due (divide line / nv /	818182)	0	
•	818182)	9	
9 Enter the amount from line 8 of10 Total GST taxes payable by th			

Part 3.—Direct Skips Where the Property Interests Transferred Do Not Bear the GST Tax on the Direct Skips

Name of skip person	Description of property interest transferred	Estate ta	ax value
1 Total estate tax values of all pro	pperty interests listed above	1	
	and other charges borne by the property interests listed above . rty interests listed above but imposed on direct skips other than	2	
those shown on this Part 3 (see	e instructions)	3 4	
5 Total tentative maximum direct	rges (add lines 2 and 3)	5	
6 GST exemption allocated7 Subtract line 6 from line 5		7	
	.55). Enter here and on Schedule R, Part 2, line 9	8	
o OST tax due (multiply line / by	.50). Little fiele and on Schedule R, Fall Z, IIIIE 7	Sahadula D	Dogo 2F

SCHEDULE R-1 (Form 706) (Rev. April 1997)

Signature of fiduciary or officer representing fiduciary

Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax

Direct Skips From a Trust Payment Voucher

OMB No. 1545-0015

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Executor: File one copy with Form 706 and send two copies to the fiduciary. Do not pay the tax shown. See the separate instructions. Fiduciary: See instructions on the following page. Pay the tax shown on line 6. Name of trust Trust's EIN Name and title of fiduciary Name of decedent Address of fiduciary (number and street) Decedent's SSN Service Center where Form 706 was filed City, state, and ZIP code Name of executor Address of executor (number and street) City, state, and ZIP code Filing due date of Schedule R, Form 706 (with extensions) Date of decedent's death Part 1.—Computation of the GST Tax on the Direct Skip Description of property interests subject to the direct skip Estate tax value 1 1 Total estate tax value of all property interests listed above 2 Estate taxes, state death taxes, and other charges borne by the property interests listed above. 3 3 Tentative maximum direct skip from trust (subtract line 2 from line 1). 4 GST exemption allocated **5** Subtract line 4 from line 3 5 GST tax due from fiduciary (divide line 5 by 2.818182) (See instructions if property will not bear the GST tax.) Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct, and complete. Signature(s) of executor(s) Date Date

Instructions for the Trustee

Introduction

Schedule R-1 (Form 706) serves as a payment voucher for the Generation-Skipping Transfer (GST) tax imposed on a direct skip from a trust, which you, the trustee of the trust, must pay. The executor completes the Schedule R-1 (Form 706) and gives you 2 copies. File one copy and keep one for your records.

How to pay

You can pay by check or money order.

- Make it payable to the "Internal Revenue Service." (DO NOT abbreviate Internal Revenue Service.)
- Make the check or money order for the amount on line 6 of Schedule R-1.
- Write "GST Tax" and the trust's EIN on the check or money order.

Signature

You must sign the Schedule R-1 in the space provided.

What to mail

Mail your check or money order and the copy of Schedule R-1 that you signed.

Where to mail

Mail to the Service Center shown on Schedule R-1.

When to pay

The GST tax is due and payable 9 months after the decedent's date of death (shown on the Schedule R-1). You will owe interest on any GST tax not paid by that date.

Automatic extension

You have an automatic extension of time to file Schedule R-1 and pay the GST tax. The automatic extension allows you to file and pay by 2 months after the due date (with extensions) for filing the decedent's Schedule R (shown on the Schedule R-1).

If you pay the GST tax under the automatic extension, you will be charged interest (but no penalties).

Additional information

For more information, see Code section 2603(a)(2) and the instructions for Form 706, United States Estate (and Generation-Skipping Transfer) Tax Return.

SCHEDULE S—Increased Estate Tax on Excess Retirement Accumulations

(Under section 4980A(d) of the Internal Revenue Code)

Pa	rt I Tax Computation				
	Check this box if a section 4980A(d)(5) spousal election is You must attach the statement described in the instruction Enter the name and employer identification number (EIN) of which the decedent had an interest at the time of death:	ns.			
	Name			E	EIN
	Plan #1				
	Plan #2				
	Plan #3				
	IRA #1				
	IRA #2				
	IRA #3				
		A Plan #1	B Plan #2	C Plan #3	D All IRAs
3	Value of decedent's interest				
4	Amounts rolled over after death				
	Total value (add lines 3 and 4)				
7	Decedent's investment in the contract under section 72(f)				
8	Excess life insurance amount				
9	Decedent's interest as a beneficiary				
	Total reductions in value (add lines 6, 7, 8, and 9) Net value of decedent's interest (subtract line 10 from				
	line 5)				
12	Decedent's aggregate interest in all plans and IRAs (add c	olumns A-D of li	ne 11)	• 12	
13	Present value of hypothetical life annuity (from Part III, line	4)	13		
14	Remaining unused grandfather amount (from Part II, line 4))	14		
15	Enter the greater of line 13 or line 14			<u>15</u>	
16	Excess retirement accumulation (subtract line 15 from line	12)		16	
17	Increased estate tax (multiply line 16 by 15%). Enter here page 1				

on page 38

Pa	rt II Grandfather Election		
1	Was a grandfather election made on a previously filed Form 5329?	. ▶	☐ Yes ☐ No
2	Initial grandfather amount	2	
3	Total amount previously recovered	3	
4	Remaining unused grandfather amount (subtract line 3 from line 2). Enter here and on Part I, line 14, on page 38	4	
Pa	rt III Computation of Hypothetical Life Annuity		
1	Decedent's attained age at date of death (in whole years, rounded down)	1	
2	Applicable annual annuity amount (see page 21 of the instructions)	2	
3	Present value multiplier (see page 21 of the instructions)	3	
4	Present value of hypothetical life annuity (multiply line 2 by line 3). Enter here and on Part I, line 13,		

CONTINUATION SCHEDULE

Continuation of Schedule (Enter letter of schedule you are continuing.)

Item number	Description For securities, give CUSIP number, if available.	Unit value (Sch. B, E, or G only)	Alternate valuation date	Alternate value	Value at date of death or amount deductible
		3,			
Т	OTAL. (Carry forward to main schedule.)				

Instructions for Continuation Schedule

When you need to list more assets or deductions than you have room for on one of the main schedules, use the Continuation Schedule on page 40. It provides a uniform format for listing additional assets from Schedules A through I and additional deductions from Schedules J, K, L, M, and O.

Please keep the following points in mind:

- Use a separate Continuation Schedule for each main schedule you are continuing. Do not combine assets or deductions from different schedules on one Continuation Schedule.
- Make copies of the blank schedule before completing it if you expect to need more than one.
- Use as many Continuation Schedules as needed to list all the assets or deductions.
- Enter the letter of the schedule you are continuing in the space at the top of the Continuation Schedule.
- Use the *Unit value* column <u>only</u> if continuing Schedule B, E, or G. For all other schedules, use this space to continue the description.
- Carry the total from the Continuation Schedule(s) forward to the appropriate line on the main schedule.

If continuing	Report	Where on Continuation Schedule
Schedule E, Pt. 2	Percentage includible	Alternate valuation date
Schedule K Amount unpaid to date Alternate valuation		Alternate valuation date
Schedule K	Amount in contest	Alternate value
Schedules J, L, M	Description of deduction continuation	Alternate valuation date and Alternate value
Schedule O	Character of institution	Alternate valuation date and Alternate value
Schedule O	Amount of each deduction	Amount deductible