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Inside this Issue

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2005

by James R. Hobbs

There were 61,820 domestic corporations each controlled by a foreign person for Tax Year 2005. These foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs) were relatively few in number, accounting for just 1.1 percent of all U.S. corporations. However, these corporations generated \$3.5 trillion of total receipts with \$9.2 trillion of total assets, accounting for 13.7 percent of the receipts and 13.9 percent of the assets reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns. Two industrial sectors, manufacturing and wholesale trade, generated more than two-thirds of the total FCDC receipts. Domestic corporations controlled by persons in the United Kingdom reported 20.5 percent of the FCDC total receipts. Profits (net income less deficit) reported by FCDCs for tax purposes were \$165.2 billion for 2005, a substantial increase from the prior year. The U.S. tax liability (total income tax after credits) of FCDCs was \$42.4 billion for 2005, also much larger than that of the prior year.

Controlled Foreign Corporations, 2004

by Lee Mahony and Randy Miller
For Tax Year 2004, foreign corporations controlled
by U.S. multinational corporations held \$9.2 trillion
in assets and reported \$3.8 trillion in receipts. More
than three-fourths of the 74,676 controlled foreign
corporations (CFCs) were concentrated in the services (31.4 percent), goods production (25.9 percent),
and distribution and transportation of goods (21.7
percent) industrial sectors. More than 45 percent of
these CFCs were incorporated in Europe, accounting
for 62.2 percent of end-of-year assets, 54.3 percent
of total receipts, and 49.8 percent of earnings and
profits (less deficit) before income taxes.

Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2004

by Scott Luttrell

For 2004, corporations that filed a U.S. tax return claimed foreign tax credits worth \$56.6 billion, representing an all-time high and a 13.2-percent increase over the previous high amount in 2003. The 5,502 corporations that claimed a foreign tax credit reduced their U.S. tax on worldwide income by 30.2 percent, from \$187.5 billion to \$130.9 billion. Other credits, including the general business credit and the possessions tax credit, further reduced their U.S. tax on worldwide income to \$118.9 billion. This group

of corporations reported \$533.2 billion in worldwide taxable income. About \$241.5 billion of worldwide taxable income, 45.3 percent, and \$61.2 billion of the U.S. tax liability, 32.6 percent, were reported as foreign-source income on Form 1118, *Computation of Foreign Tax Credit—Corporations*. Canada (11.7 percent), the United Kingdom (10.2 percent), South Korea (5.5 percent), and the Netherlands (5.1 percent) were the leading sources of foreign-source taxable income among individual countries. The largest amounts of current-year foreign taxes were paid to Canada (13.5 percent), the United Kingdom (11.8 percent), Norway (9.3 percent), and South Korea (7.1 percent).

Corporations for which the primary business was manufacturing claimed 65.6 percent of the total foreign tax credit, while earning 44.6 percent of worldwide taxable income and paying 44.5 percent of U.S. income tax before credits for Tax Year 2004. Services (11.1 percent), finance and insurance (10.1 percent), wholesale and retail trade (5.3 percent), and information (4.9 percent) were next among leading contributors to the foreign tax credit. Meanwhile, finance and insurance (17.3 percent and 17.5 percent), services (15.9 percent and 15.9 percent), wholesale and retail trade (11.8 percent and 11.8 percent), and information (6.7 percent and 6.7 percent) were next in terms of worldwide taxable income and U.S. tax liability, respectively.

Partnership and Sole Proprietorship Data, by Region and State, for Tax Years 2002-2005

by Brian J. Maisano

Between 2002 and 2005, the total number of partnership returns for the United States increased 23 percent, from 2,336,313 to 2,873,194, as tabulated from tax and information returns by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). During this period, the Southeast region experienced the fastest growth, 36.1 percent. Florida was the fastest growing State in this region, with an increase of 34,623 in the number of partnership returns, or 79.2 percent over the period. Georgia, North Carolina, and Virginia also contributed significantly to the growth of the region. In 2005, the Southeast also held the greatest share of the total number of partnership returns in the nation, 12.1 percent. The Great Lakes region experienced the slowest growth from 2002 to 2005, 21.9 percent.

The total number of sole proprietorship returns for the United States, grew by 392,396 between 2002 and 2005, a 1.9-percent increase over the period. The Great Lakes was the fastest growing region during the period, increasing by 9.0 percent to 3,135,856 returns in 2005, due to strong growth in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Illinois. Among all States, Georgia had both the largest percentage increase and the largest increase in the number of returns during the period from 583,810 returns in 2002 to 678,878 returns in 2005, for a 16.3-percent increase. This growth, however, was not reflected in the rest of the Southeast, which only grew 1.0 percent during the period. Florida contributed largely to this slow growth, with a 14.5-percent decline during the period. California, the largest State in terms of number of returns, declined 11.4 percent during this period, while the next two largest States—Texas and New York—grew by 3.5 percent and 5.5 percent, respectively.

Wealth Transfers, 2005 Gifts

by Darien Jacobson and Melissa Laine A total of 261.104 Federal gift tax returns was filed for gifts given in 2005, predominantly by wealthy Americans. A total of \$38.5 billion in assets was transferred from donors to donees, or gift recipients. Only 2.9 percent of returns were taxable, with \$1.7 billion in gift tax liability reported. Females represented 47.3 percent of the donee population, while males represented 46.3 percent. The remaining 6.4 percent represented trusts and donees with unknown identities. Gifts of cash were the preferred choice for both female and male donors, with cash assets comprising 49.0 percent of total gifts. Following cash, real estate was the second most frequently gifted asset, accounting for 20.8 percent of asset transfers. In 2005, donors used a variety of mechanisms to transfer their assets. Direct gifts comprised the bulk of transfers, as 76.3 percent of gifts were given outright.

The Credit for Increasing Research Activities: Statistics from Tax Years 2004-2005

by Eurry Kim

The Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981 first introduced the credit for increasing research activi-

ties. Key modifications to the calculation of the credit were made in the next decade. The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989 instituted gross receipts as a factor in calculating the credit starting in Tax Year 1990. Six years later, the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 added the Alternative Incremental Credit calculation method to the existing Regular Credit calculation method. The Regular Credit method has a base-sensitivity component that integrates ratios of historical research spending to average gross receipts into the current calculation. The Alternative Incremental Credit, on the other hand, uses average gross receipts in its calculation.

Persisting through Tax Year 2005, the credit experienced a 14.6-percent increase in claimants over the prior year, with U.S. C corporations claiming \$6.4 billion in credits for increasing research activities. A majority of the \$6.4 billion claimed were attributable to the manufacturing industry. Companies earning more than \$250 million in business receipts claimed the most credits in Tax Years 2001 through 2005.

In the Next Issue

The following articles or data releases are tentatively planned for inclusion in the fall 2008 issue of the *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, scheduled to be published in November 2008:

- Individual Income Tax Returns, 2006;
- Sole Proprietorships, 2006;
- Partnership Returns, 2006;
- Tax-Exempt Governmental and Private Activity Bonds, 2006;
- Charities and Other Tax-Exempt Organizations, 2005;
- Personal Wealth, 2004; and
- Transactions Between Large, Foreign-Owned Domestic Corporations and Related Foreign Persons, 2004.

by James R. Hobbs

or Tax Year 2005, the 61,820 domestic corporations each controlled by a foreign "person" generated \$3.5 trillion of total receipts with \$9.2 trillion of total assets, reported on income tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Both total receipts and total assets increased substantially for 2005, by 14.7 percent and 15.7 percent, respectively, over the previous year. These corporations were small in number, just 1.1 percent of the U.S. total. However, they accounted for 13.7 percent of the receipts and 13.9 percent of the assets reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns.

The profits (i.e., "net income (less deficit)" shown in the statistics of this article) reported by foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs) for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code were \$165.2 billion for 2005. This was a substantial increase from the \$90.8 billion reported for the prior year. Placed in context, the profits reported on all corporation income tax returns also increased, to \$1.9 trillion for 2005 from \$1.1 trillion for 2004.² FCDCs accounted for 8.5 percent of the profits reported by all corporations for 2005, up from 8.2 percent for 2004.

Of all the FCDCs, 30,870 reported positive profits (i.e., net income) for 2005, totaling \$201.6 billion. This was a 46.1-percent increase over the prior-year amount. The profitable companies for 2005 also reported \$153.0 billion of taxable income (i.e., "income subject to tax"), another significant increase of 46.1 percent over the prior year. The U.S. tax liability (i.e., "total income tax after credits") of FCDCs was \$42.4 billion for 2005, 41.7 percent more than that of the prior year.

For 2005, there were 3,790 "large" foreign-controlled domestic corporations, each with at least \$250 million of assets or at least \$50 million of receipts. These large FCDCs accounted for most of the key financial items of all FCDCs: 95.1 percent of total assets, 94.6 percent of total receipts, 93.7 percent of

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taxable income, and 92.7 percent of total income tax after credits. After an overview of all FCDCs, this article focuses on the large foreign-controlled domestic corporations and compares them to other large domestic corporations, i.e., those not controlled by foreign persons.

Tables showing selected balance sheet, income statement, and tax items for FCDCs are included at the end of this article. Table 1 shows historical FCDC data for selected tax years between 1971 and 2005. Tables 2, 3, and 4 concentrate on Tax Year 2005 data. Table 2 includes information for all FCDCs, classified by major industry under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Table 3 also presents data for all FCDCs, classified by country of the foreign owner, as well as age of the corporation. Table 4 presents information on the "large" FCDCs, classified by industrial sector. For comparison purposes, this table also contains data for the large domestic corporations not controlled by foreign persons.

Foreign Investment in the United States

Foreign investment in the United States can take several forms, including corporations. With regard to corporations, a foreign investor may own stock of a domestic (i.e., United States) company or operate in the United States through a branch of a foreign corporation.³ This article focuses on domestic corporations that are "controlled" by foreign persons. For the foreign-controlled domestic corporations covered in this article, control is defined as ownership by one foreign "person," directly or indirectly, of 50 percent or more of the U.S. corporation's voting stock, or of 50 percent or more of the value of all of the corporation's stock, at any time during the accounting period. A person is an entity, including an individual, corporation, partnership, estate, or trust. (This is discussed in greater depth in the Data Sources and Limitations section. Also, see "constructive ownership rules" and "foreign person" in the Explanation of Selected Terms section.)

¹ For additional 2005 statistics covering foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs), see Tables 24 and 25 of Statistics of Income—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns, IRS Publication 16. Statistics for tax years prior to 2005 are available in earlier editions of Publication 16. Additionally, for 2004 statistics covering FCDCs, see Hobbs, James R., "Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, 2004," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Summer 2007, Volume 27, Number 1. In addition, FCDC data are included on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats.

² Total corporate data referenced throughout this article come from: (1) Statistics of Income Bulletin, Publication 1136, Spring 2008, Volume 27, Number 4; (2) Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Returns, Publication 1053, selected years; and (4) unpublished Statistics of Income tabulations.

³ Sections 7701(a)(4) and (5) of the Internal Revenue Code define a domestic corporation as one created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any State. A foreign corporation is "one which is not domestic."

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As specified in the above paragraph, this study excludes returns of domestic corporations with stock owned by a single foreign person of 49 percent or less. However, the tax return forms filed by domestic corporations do indicate the presence of 25-percent to 49-percent foreign owners, and the Statistics of Income program does separately compile data on these domestic corporations. The data are generally not published, but this article includes some summary information for this group of corporations.⁴

Returns of certain domestic companies that are effectively controlled by foreign persons, i.e., those public companies in which "control" may be exercised with as little as 10 percent to 20 percent of the stock holdings, are excluded from both the 50-percent-or-more and the 25-percent to 49-percent tabulations. Tax return forms filed by domestic corporations do not include information about foreign persons with less than 25-percent stock holdings.

The foreign-controlled domestic corporation statistics shown in this article, as well as the unpublished tabulations for domestic corporations with 25-percent to 49-percent foreign owners, exclude domestic corporations with only foreign "portfolio" investment. A foreign portfolio investor, having only a minimal interest in a domestic company, exerts no control over the management of the domestic corporation, except to the extent, for example, of rights to vote periodically in stockholder meetings of the corporation. A foreign portfolio investor is primarily seeking dividend payments, an increase in the value of the shares of stock, or both. The Statistics of Income program does not conduct studies covering foreign portfolio investors of domestic corporations.

In addition to the foreign-controlled domestic corporations study discussed in this article, the Statistics of Income program conducts a separate study covering branches of foreign corporations operating in the United States. Statistics from that study are available to the public.⁵

Foreign-controlled domestic corporations can file tax returns on: (1) Form 1120, U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return; (2) Form 1120-L, U.S. Life *Insurance Company Income Tax Return*; (3) Form 1120-PC, U.S. Property and Casualty Insurance Company Income Tax Return; (4) Form 1120-REIT, U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate Investment Trusts; and (5) Form 1120-RIC, U.S. Income Tax Return for Regulated Investment Companies. The FCDC statistics shown in this article include all of these return types (unless otherwise stated). Data for all corporation income tax returns discussed in this article include (unless otherwise stated) the five form types listed above, plus two types filed by domestic corporations: Form 1120-A, U.S. Corporation Short-Form Income Tax Return, and Form 1120S, U.S. Income Tax Return for an S Corporation. Also included in the corporate total is Form 1120-F, U.S. Income Tax Return of a Foreign Corporation, for foreign corporations with income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. All of these form types are included in the Statistics of Income Corporate Study, from which FCDC statistics are derived.⁶ However, FCDCs cannot file Forms 1120-A, 1120-F, or 1120S.

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations

Growth of Corporations

The estimated numbers of returns filed by FCDCs have remained rather constant during the 10-year period of 1996-2005. There were 62,141 returns of foreign-controlled domestic corporations for 1996; 61,820 for 2005. With the rapid increase in the total numbers of U.S. corporation income tax returns, FCDCs generally comprised a slowly decreasing percentage of those returns, from 1.3 percent for 1996 down to 1.1 percent for 2005. The increase in total filings of U.S. corporation income tax returns has largely been due to the long-term growth in the num-

⁴ For 2005, there were only 4,950 returns that indicated a level of foreign ownership between 25 percent and 49 percent. These companies reported \$194.3 billion of assets, \$113.2 billion of receipts, \$10.2 billion of taxable income, and \$3.6 billion of total income tax after credits. All of these amounts were small in comparison to data for the corporations with at least 50-percent foreign ownership.

⁵ For the most recent statistics, there are tabulations covering branch operations of foreign corporations with income "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business in *Statistics of Income—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns*, IRS Publication 16. See Tables 10 and 11 of this publication. Statistics for tax years prior to 2005 are available in earlier editions of Publication 16 and on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats.

⁶ As a result of the Statistics of Income (SOI) sampling process, data shown in this article for "all corporations" exclude certain out-of-scope returns, such as returns for homeowners' associations (Form 1120-H) and certain political organizations (Form 1120-POL). For a more complete listing of the returns excluded from the SOI corporation sample, see the Description of the Sample and Limitations of the Data section of Statistics of Income—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns. On the other hand, in addition to legally defined corporations, the Internal Revenue Code recognizes many types of businesses as corporations, including joint stock companies and unincorporated associations (e.g., certain partnerships, savings and loan associations, and mutual savings banks). These organizations possess characteristics typical of the corporate form, such as continuity of life, limited liability of owners, and transferability of shares of capital ownership. They filed Forms 1120 and were included in the SOI corporation sample.

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ber of Forms 1120S filed by S corporations. FCDCs are not eligible to elect to be treated as S corporations for Federal income tax purposes.

To the extent that FCDCs filed consolidated income tax returns, the data included in this article actually represent more corporations than the stated number of returns. FCDCs, like most other corporations, could elect to file consolidated returns for affiliated groups of domestic corporations. Consolidated returns contained the combined financial data of two or more corporations in which a common parent corporation owned at least 80 percent of the stock of at least one member of the group, and at least 80 percent of the stock of each other member of the group was owned within the group. A consolidated return filed by a common parent was treated as a unit, with each statistical item being determined on the basis of the combined data of the affiliated group. For 2005, there were 5,736 consolidated returns filed by FCDCs, 9.3 percent of all FCDC returns. These returns accounted for \$8.1 trillion of assets (87.6 percent of the total for all FCDCs), \$3.0 trillion of receipts (86.7 percent of the total), \$148.7 billion of net income less deficits (90.0 percent of the total), \$135.2 billion of taxable income (88.4 percent of the total), and \$37.1 billion of total income tax after credits (87.4 percent of the total).

In contrast to the numbers of returns, the growth of foreign investment in the United States through foreign-controlled domestic corporations during the last 10 years was evident in most of the financial items. In particular, the percentages of both assets and receipts accounted for by FCDCs increased over the 1996-2005 time period.

The assets of domestic corporations controlled by foreign persons increased by 15.7 percent between 2004 and 2005, as compared to the 10.5-percent increase for the assets reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns.⁸ As a result of these changes, the percentage of total corporate assets accounted for by FCDCs rose from 13.3 percent for 2004 to 13.9 percent for 2005. Additionally, there was a substantial

rise in FCDC assets during the previous 10 years. The value of FCDC assets increased faster than did the value of assets of other corporations. Thus, the 13.9-percent share of the 2005 total corporate assets is a substantial increase from the 10.6-percent share for 1996 (Figure A).

Total receipts of FCDCs increased by 14.7 percent between 2004 and 2005, as compared to the increase of 12.3 percent for all corporations. Looking at a 10-year time period, the \$3.5 trillion of FCDC receipts for 2005 is a 111.6-percent increase over the \$1.7 trillion for 1996, using "current dollars" (which reflect actual values that prevailed during the specified years, i.e., no adjustments to the values were made to remove the effects of inflationary price changes). In comparison, total receipts reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns grew from \$15.5 trillion for 1996 to \$25.5 trillion for 2005, a 64.3-percent increase. As a result of the relatively rapid growth rate by FCDCs, their share of the receipts reported on all corporate returns increased from 10.7 percent for 1996 to 13.7 percent for 2005.

The growth of FCDCs can also be measured from the early 1970s, when a question concerning foreign ownership of corporations was first placed on the income tax return. For 1971, the 5,154 FCDCs reported \$36.7 billion of total assets and \$39.2 billion of total receipts. They accounted for just 0.3 percent of the returns, 1.3 percent of the assets, and 2.1 percent of the receipts reported by all corporations for that year (Table 1).

Industry Characteristics

For 2005, foreign-controlled domestic corporations were involved in each of the 19 industrial sectors (treating wholesale trade and retail trade as separate sectors) listed in Figure B. However, 39,930 of the 61,820, nearly two-thirds of the total, had primary business activities in one of the following four industrial sectors: (1) wholesale trade (15,789 returns); (2) real estate and rental and leasing (11,571 returns); (3) manufacturing (7,128 returns); and (4) professional,

⁷ For additional information on foreign investment in the United States, see *Survey of Current Business* reports, produced by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). BEA periodically produces several articles related to this subject. In addition to the printed versions of these articles, electronic versions can be obtained from the Internet at www.bea.gov/international/index.htm. The data in these reports may not be directly comparable to the information shown in this article because of definitional differences, such as those relating to time periods covered, levels of foreign ownership, and levels of company consolidation.

⁸ The percentage changes in the assets between 2004 and 2005 of domestic corporations controlled by foreign persons, as well as those of all corporations, may overstate the actual "change in investment." Assets are generally reported at book value on tax returns (i.e., the value at the time of acquisition). The book value of newly acquired assets is generally greater than the book value of similar assets they replaced. New corporations may tend to have a greater percentage of new assets with greater book values. To the extent that new corporations may have comprised a different portion of FCDCs than they did for other companies, the comparability of the two percentages may be limited.

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Figure A

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations as a Percentage of All Corporations, Tax Years 1996-2005

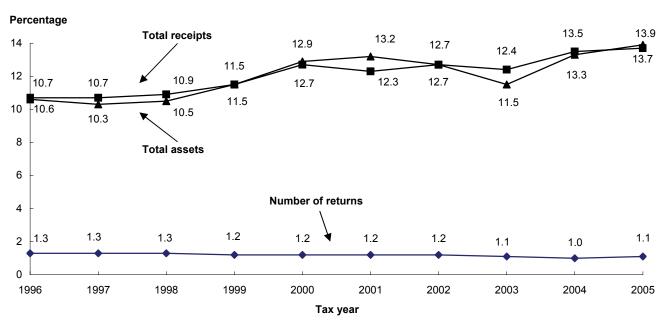


Figure B

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	Ret	urns	Total	assets	Total receipts		
Industrial sector	Number	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
All industries	61,820	100.00	9,218,983	100.00	3,505,629	100.00	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	841	1.36	5,164	0.06	2,598	0.07	
Mining	696	1.13	100,708	1.09	46,670	1.33	
Utilities	76	0.12	95,959	1.04	40,198	1.15	
Construction	2,530	4.09	35,480	0.38	41,876	1.19	
Manufacturing	7,128	11.53	2,380,069	25.82	1,659,400	47.34	
Wholesale and retail trade	19,388	31.36	526,079	5.71	888,086	25.33	
Wholesale trade	15,789	25.54	431,167	4.68	713,321	20.35	
Retail trade	3,599	5.82	94,913	1.03	174,765	4.99	
Transportation and warehousing	2,510	4.06	50,735	0.55	47,882	1.37	
Information	2,256	3.65	309,461	3.36	82,855	2.36	
Finance and insurance	2,540	4.11	4,370,039	47.40	436,398	12.45	
Real estate and rental and leasing	11,571	18.72	106,071	1.15	25,235	0.72	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	5,442	8.80	117,966	1.28	64,546	1.84	
Management of companies (holding companies)	2,567	4.15	1,002,966	10.88	85,278	2.43	
Administrative and support and waste management							
and remediation services	1,368	2.21	34,494	0.37	33,765	0.96	
Educational services	108	0.17	1,369	0.01	1,180	0.03	
Health care and social assistance	369	0.60	22,781	0.25	13,448	0.38	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	737	1.19	5,874	0.06	4,171	0.12	
Accommodation and food services	1,110	1.80	49,719	0.54	28,097	0.80	
Other services	583	0.94	4,045	0.04	3,947	0.11	

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using rounded data.

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scientific, and technical services (5,442 returns). By comparison, relatively few FCDCs were involved in educational services (108 returns) or utilities (76 returns). The Data Sources and Limitations section discusses how returns were classified by industry.

Corporations classified as wholesalers accounted for 20.3 percent of the receipts for all FCDCs, a percentage nearly as high as the 25.5 percent of the total returns they comprised. However, these companies reported only 4.7 percent of the total FCDC assets.

Corporations classified in the real estate and rental and leasing industrial sector reported only 1.2 percent of the assets and 0.7 percent of the receipts of all FCDCs. These percentages were both substantially less than the 18.7 percent of the FCDC returns that they filed.

Manufacturing corporations filed 11.5 percent of the FCDC returns for 2005. These capital-intensive goods-producing companies accounted for far greater percentages of the total FCDC assets (25.8 percent) and receipts (47.3 percent). These corporations were often large, with reported average amounts of assets and receipts of \$333.9 million and \$232.8 million, respectively.

Corporations classified in the professional, scientific, and technical services industrial sector reported only 1.3 percent of the assets and 1.8 percent of the receipts of all FCDCs. Both of these percentages are significantly lower than the portion (8.8 percent) of total FCDC returns this services sector represented. This sector is opposite the manufacturing sector in this regard. These service corporations were generally smaller than those in manufacturing, with reported average amounts of assets and receipts of \$21.7 million and \$11.9 million, respectively.

Two additional sectors warrant discussion. While corporations classified in the finance and insurance industrial sector composed only 4.1 percent of the total returns filed by FCDCs for 2005, they accounted for a very large portion of the FCDC assets (47.4 percent). In fact, this was the largest share of the total assets by any of the industrial sectors. Additionally, finance and insurance companies accounted for 12.4 percent of the total FCDC receipts.

Management (or holding) companies contributed a significant portion (10.9 percent) of the FCDC total assets. However, this sector did not account for significant portions of either the number of returns filed by FCDCs, nor the receipts reported by them.

While foreign-controlled domestic corporations accounted for 13.7 percent of the \$25.5 trillion of total receipts reported by all corporations filing U.S. income tax returns for 2005, these companies played disproportionately larger roles in certain industrial sectors. For instance, FCDCs produced substantial portions of the total receipts reported for manufacturing (22.8 percent) and wholesale trade (21.2 percent). Conversely, FCDC involvement in a number of other business activities was relatively low and accounted for a small percentage of the receipts for all companies classified in the following industries: construction (2.9 percent), health care and social assistance (2.5 percent), "other" services (2.1 percent), and agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting (1.8 percent). See Figure C.

FCDC industrial data can be tabulated at a more exacting level than those for industrial sectors. In general, sectors are composed of major groups. which in turn are composed of minor industries. For 2005, there were 15 minor industries that each accounted for over \$45 billion of receipts. They were: petroleum manufacturing refineries (\$587 billion), motor vehicles and parts manufacturing (\$289 billion), stock life insurance companies (\$209 billion), motor vehicles and parts wholesalers (\$151 billion), electrical goods wholesalers (\$127 billion), food and beverage retailers (\$95 billion), pharmaceuticals and medicines manufacturing (\$93 billion), securities brokers (\$90 billion), bank holding companies (\$80 billion), furniture and other durable goods wholesalers (\$67 billion), petroleum wholesalers (\$58 billion), professional and commercial equipment wholesalers (\$50 billion), stock property and casualty insurance companies (\$49 billion), metal and mineral wholesalers (\$48 billion), and machinery and equipment wholesalers (\$47 billion). See Figure D.

Companies in different industries often have different financial characteristics. For instance, the relative levels of assets and receipts of companies primarily engaged in wholesale trade differ significantly from those primarily engaged in credit intermediation (e.g., commercial banks, credit card issuers, credit unions, mortgage banks, and savings institutions). FCDC wholesalers produced large amounts of receipts with relatively small amounts of assets (as of the end of their accounting periods), resulting in \$1.65 of receipts for each dollar of assets for 2005. By comparison, credit intermediation companies

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Figure C

Total Receipts of All Corporations and Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

		Total receipts	
Industrial sector	All corporations	Foreign-controlled domestic corporations	Percentage
	(1)	(2)	(3)
All industries [1]	25,504,789	3,505,629	13.74
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	140,749	2,598	1.85
Mining	314,260	46,670	14.85
Utilities	652,930	40,198	6.16
Construction	1,452,509	41,876	2.88
Manufacturing	7,279,555	1,659,400	22.80
Wholesale and retail trade [2]	6,818,435	888,086	13.02
Wholesale trade	3,371,919	713,321	21.15
Retail trade	3,445,760	174,765	5.07
Transportation and warehousing	687,092	47,882	6.97
Information	1,053,251	82,855	7.87
Finance and insurance	3,301,643	436,398	13.22
Real estate and rental and leasing	316,578	25,235	7.97
Professional, scientific, and technical services	855,508	64,546	7.54
Management of companies (holding companies)	895,322	85,278	9.52
Administrative and support and waste management			
and remediation services	455,333	33,765	7.42
Educational services	34,297	1,180	3.44
Health care and social assistance	531,900	13,448	2.53
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	87,970	4,171	4.74
Accommodation and food services	438,571	28,097	6.41
Other services	188,875	3,947	2.09

^[1] Includes "Not allocable," which is not shown separately.

reported large amounts of assets, but relatively small amounts of receipts. These FCDCs produced only \$.06 of receipts for each dollar of assets. See Table 2.

Statistics classified by industry do have certain limitations. For example, FCDCs accounted for 22.8 percent and 21.2 percent of the receipts of all companies classified as manufacturers and whole-salers, respectively. However, these percentages may overstate the FCDC portion of wholesaling and understate the FCDC portion of manufacturing. This is because certain U.S. companies (not foreign-controlled) and their subsidiaries may have been involved in both manufacturing and wholesaling of the same product(s) and reported tax information for these activities on a single (consolidated) income tax return, which was statistically classified under the industry of its principal business activity, that being manufacturing, rather than trade. Conversely, many

FCDCs acted as wholesalers in the United States for products manufactured overseas by their parent, or other related, companies. These foreign-controlled domestic companies were classified in the wholesale trade industrial sector. (See the Data Sources and Limitations section for additional information about industrial classification limitations.)

Country Characteristics

Persons (including individuals, corporations, and other entities) resident in any country throughout the world can control U.S. corporations. As reported on the U.S. income tax returns of the foreign-controlled domestic corporations, the countries represent the geographic location of the foreign owner's place of residence in the case of individuals; and place of incorporation, organization, creation, or administration in the case of corporations or other entities. A for-

^[2] Includes "Wholesale and retail trade not allocable," which is not shown separately.

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using rounded data.

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Figure D

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items for Largest Minor Industries, Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

						Income	Total income	tax after credits
Minor industry	Number of returns	Total assets	Total receipts	Net income (less deficit)	Net income	subject to tax	Amount	As a percentage of total receipts
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Petroleum refineries, including integrated (manufacturers)	15	1,014,684	587,112	31,106	31,124	30,594	6,876	1.17
Motor vehicles and parts (manufacturers)	793	418,608	289,453	12,900	15,157	11,756	3,019	1.04
Stock life insurance companies	63	1,423,778	208,591	5,006	6,893	5,323	1,327	0.64
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts and								
supplies (wholesalers)	714	102,900	150,555	5,845	6,143	4,361	1,478	0.98
Electrical goods (wholesalers)	1,245	63,782	126,817	1,440	2,131	1,591	385	0.30
Food and beverage stores (retailers)	43	42,803	95,378	2,172	2,211	1,342	450	0.47
Pharmaceutical and medicine (manufacturers)	106	148,761	93,178	11,563	12,030	11,038	3,202	3.44
Securities brokerage	125	1,147,785	89,970	3,404	3,641	2,184	456	0.51
Offices of bank holding companies	30	943,887	79,883	11,979	11,996	11,486	3,437	4.30
Furniture, sports, toys, recycle, jewelry, and other durable goods (wholesalers)	2,704	29,764	67,038	1,025	1,525	1,136	361	0.54
Petroleum and petroleum products (wholesalers)	325	25,808	57,963	2,049	2,150	1,839	629	1.09
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies (wholesalers)	2,281	27,897	49,629	1,420	1,904	1,413	483	0.97
Stock property and casualty insurance companies	114	339.643	48.579	-280	2,969	1.085	355	0.73
Metal and mineral, except petroleum (wholesalers)	360	28,696	47,512		1,125	950		
Machinery, equipment, and supplies (wholesalers)	2,478	27,007	46,748		1,668	1,361	458	0.98

NOTES: This figure includes minor industries with at least \$45 billion of total receipts. These industries are listed by decreasing size of total receipts (column 3). Percentages are computed using rounded data.

eign corporation, or a chain of related foreign corporations, is frequently the owner of a U.S. subsidiary corporation. Because a holding company located in a country different from that of the ultimate owner may directly own the stock of a U.S. affiliate, the country reported on the tax return may not necessarily reflect the country of the ultimate owner. No data on the extent of this potential limitation are available. (See the Data Sources and Limitations section of this article for a brief discussion of the possible limitations of the data classified on a country basis.)

For 2005, residents of 40 countries accounted for nearly nine of every ten domestic corporations classified as 50-percent-or-more controlled by a foreign person. The 55,313 corporations controlled by persons resident in the 40 countries shown in Table 3 accounted for nearly all of the total FCDC financial items, including 99.5 percent of total assets, 99.0 percent of total receipts, 98.8 percent of taxable income, and 98.7 percent of total income tax after credits.

Domestic corporations controlled by persons resident in the United Kingdom reported total receipts of \$719 billion for 2005, an amount larger than that

for any other country. These receipts represented 20.5 percent of the total for all FCDCs. As shown in Figure E, the United Kingdom's share of receipts has substantially increased over the 10-year period beginning with 1996.

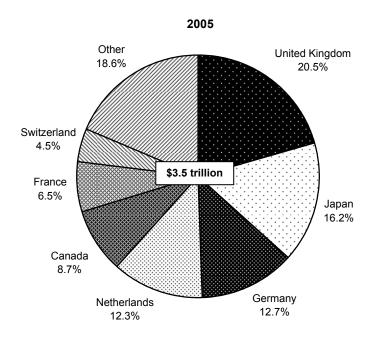
For 2005, domestic corporations with owners resident in Japan (\$567 billion), Germany (\$445 billion), the Netherlands (\$431 billion), Canada (\$304 billion), France (\$229 billion), and Switzerland (\$157 billion) also accounted for significant amounts of receipts. Of these six countries, Germany's portion of total receipts increased the most between 1996 and 2005 (from 9.6 percent to 12.7 percent), while the portion for Japan decreased the most (from 26.5 percent to 16.2 percent).

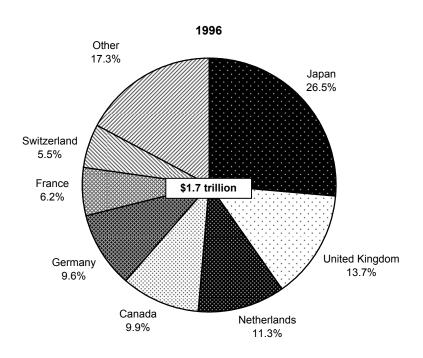
Domestic corporations controlled by persons resident in the United Kingdom accounted for \$2.5 trillion of assets, the largest portion held by any country. Corporations controlled by persons resident in the Netherlands (\$1.4 trillion), Germany (\$1.2 trillion), Canada (\$0.9 trillion), France (\$0.9 trillion), Switzerland (\$0.8 trillion), and Japan (\$0.7 trillion) also accounted for significant amounts of assets.

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Figure E

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Distribution of Total Receipts by Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Years 1996 and 2005





NOTE: All amounts are in current dollars.

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Although U.K.-controlled domestic corporations accounted for the largest part of the total FCDC receipts and assets for 2005, the U.K. was not responsible for the largest number of returns filed for FCDCs. Canadian-controlled domestic corporations filed the most returns, 9,569. Japanese-controlled domestic corporations were second with 4,853 returns; U.K.-controlled domestic corporations were third with 4,281; and German-controlled domestic corporations were fourth with 4,252.

For 2005, U.K.-controlled domestic corporations reported the largest amount of U.S. tax liability (\$11.1 billion). Japanese-controlled corporations, with \$7.8 billion of tax liability, followed. For the U.K.-controlled corporations, tax liabilities were 1.5 percent of the \$0.7 trillion of receipts. Tax liabilities were slightly lower at 1.4 percent of the \$0.6 trillion of receipts for the Japanese-controlled corporations. For all other countries, tax liabilities were 1.1 percent of the \$2.2 trillion of receipts. Many factors, including differences in industrial distributions and age distributions (discussed later in this article), may have caused the resulting differences between countries in calculating tax as a percentage of receipts.

Combined Country and Industry Characteristics

There were some similarities, but also important differences among the primary industrial activities of the corporations with owners from the top seven countries mentioned in the previous section.⁹ For the United Kingdom, manufacturing was the predominant industrial sector with 65.9 percent of the \$719 billion of receipts. More specifically, petroleum and coal products manufacturers produced the most receipts of any major industrial group, accounting for \$362 billion, or 50.3 percent of the country total.

Japanese-controlled corporations were concentrated in two industrial sectors, which produced most of the \$567 billion of receipts: wholesale trade (50.9 percent of the total) and manufacturing (36.9 percent). More specifically, wholesale trade of durable goods was the leading major industrial group, producing 44.6 percent of the total receipts. Japan was the only one of the seven countries in which capital-intensive manufacturing was not the leading industrial sector in producing receipts.

Like those in the United Kingdom, Germancontrolled corporations were primarily concentrated in manufacturing with 55.8 percent of the \$445 billion of receipts for that country. More specifically, transportation equipment manufacturers produced the most receipts of any major group, accounting for 30.3 percent of the total. Finance and insurance (14.3 percent) and wholesale trade (13.6 percent) were the other predominant industrial sectors.

For the Netherlands, manufacturing was again the largest industrial sector with 45.1 percent of the total receipts (\$431 billion). This sector was followed by finance and insurance (23.6 percent) and retail trade (13.3 percent). Within manufacturing, petroleum and coal products were the leading industry (with 31.1 percent of total receipts for that country). Insurance carriers reported 21.8 percent of the total receipts. Within the retail trade sector, food, beverage, and liquor stores were the leading industry with 11.2 percent of total receipts for that country.

Canadian-controlled corporations were primarily concentrated in manufacturing with 32.5 percent of the \$304 billion of receipts for that country. This sector was followed by finance and insurance (19.8 percent) and wholesale trade (14.5 percent). Insurance carriers reported 14.9 percent of the total receipts, the only major group in any sector that accounted for at least 10 percent of the total receipts.

France had the same three leading industrial sectors as did Canada, with manufacturers producing 45.0 percent of the \$229 billion of receipts for that country. This was followed by finance and insurance (20.8 percent) and wholesale trade (15.3 percent). More specifically, petroleum and coal products manufacturers produced the most receipts of any major industrial group (14.2 percent of the total), followed by insurance carriers (12.2 percent).

In turn, Switzerland had the same three leading industrial sectors as France. Manufacturing was the predominant sector in the United States for Swiss owners, with 46.3 percent of the \$157 billion of receipts, followed by finance and insurance with 34.7 percent and wholesale trade with 11.8 percent. More specifically, chemical manufacturing was the leading major industry, accounting for 23.2 percent of the total receipts for that country. Other important major industries were businesses that handled securities and commodity contracts and other financial investments (19.0 percent), insurance carriers (15.3 percent), and food manufacturers (11.1 percent).

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Age Characteristics

Table 3 presents data for two groups of FCDCs based on the age of each corporation. A "new" corporation is one with a year of incorporation of 2003 or after reported on its income tax return. An "old" corporation is one incorporated in or prior to 2002, or with an unknown (i.e., unreported) date of incorporation.¹⁰

The year of incorporation may be somewhat unreliable as an indicator of the true age of corporations. For example, a consolidated return may include companies that fall into both the new and old categories. However, the return (including all of the financial information contained in it) was classified into just one of the categories based on the year of incorporation of the parent company. Another example is a reorganization of an existing old corporation into a new corporation that results in it reporting a recent year of incorporation, even though it is an "old" business. An additional limitation is that the year of incorporation is difficult to verify during statistical processing because there are no other items to which it can be compared on a tax return form, and recourse to other sources is not always practical. Thus, it is subject to greater levels of taxpayer reporting and data entry errors.

For 2005, there were 13,548 FCDCs incorporated in 2003 or after. Wholesalers accounted for the greatest portion of these "new" corporations with 4,125 companies, followed by real estate with 2,043 companies and manufacturing with 1,497 companies.

Nearly four out of every five foreign-controlled domestic corporations were incorporated prior to 2003, i.e., considered to be "old" corporations. These corporations tended to be larger than the new corporations, accounting for 95.9 percent of the FCDC assets and 95.1 percent of the receipts.

Old corporations were generally more profitable than the newer corporations. New companies may have had more expenses (including startup costs) relative to receipts than the older companies. For 2005, old corporations reported \$160.2 billion of net profits on \$3.3 trillion of receipts, while new corporations reported \$4.9 billion of net profits on \$0.2 trillion of receipts. Thus, net profits (i.e., net income

less deficit) as a percentage of total receipts were 4.8 percent for old corporations, versus 2.9 percent for new corporations.

As a result of reporting most of the profits, old corporations also accounted for most of U.S. taxable income (95.5 percent) and U.S. tax liabilities (95.4 percent) of all FCDCs. The old corporations had \$40.4 billion of tax liabilities after credits, equaling 1.2 percent of their total receipts. The new corporations had \$2.0 billion of tax liabilities after credits, equaling 1.1 percent of their total receipts.

Receipts, Deductions, and Profits

Total receipts comprises all of the income "actually" received by corporations. (Corporate "constructive" income for tax purposes is discussed below.) These receipts include business receipts, as well as investment and incidental income. Business receipts are gross receipts from sales and operations and frequently make up most of a corporation's receipts. Investment income includes interest, dividends, and gains on the sale or exchange of both capital and noncapital assets. Interest, in turn, includes both taxable interest from all sources and nontaxable interest on State and local government obligations.

A domestic corporation, whether controlled by a foreign person or not, could have business activities in foreign countries, as well as in the United States. The estimates for total receipts shown in this article include business activities in the United States, as well as certain foreign activities as reported on tax returns of domestic corporations. Total receipts include the receipts of foreign branch operations of U.S. companies. Also included in these receipts are dividends remitted to U.S. corporations by their foreign subsidiaries.

The receipts and deductions of foreign-controlled domestic corporations that are shown in this article do not include amounts generated by their foreign parent or other related foreign companies. However, FCDCs could have had business transactions with their related foreign companies, and FCDC receipts and deductions stemming from these transactions are included in the statistics.¹¹

¹⁰ Dates of incorporation are reported on Form 1120, page 1, question C. Forms 1120L, 1120-PC, 1120-REIT, and 1120-RIC also contain this question in different locations on those forms.

¹¹ For the most recent detailed information on transactions between "foreign-owned domestic corporations" and their related foreign persons, see Jauquet, William P., "Transactions Between Large Foreign-Owned Domestic Corporations and Related Foreign Persons, 2002," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Winter 2005-2006, Volume 25, Number 3. The data contained in that article are not completely comparable to the data contained in this article, since they cover different time periods and are for U.S. corporations that were owned, 25 percent or more, by a foreign person. By contrast, the foreign ownership level used for the FCDC statistics shown in this article was 50 percent or more. Additionally, returns included in the "foreign-owned" study showed total receipts of \$500 million or more and reported transactions with related foreign persons on Form 5472, *Information Return of a 25-Percent Foreign-Owned U.S. Corporation or a Foreign Corporation Engaged in a U.S. Trade or Business*. Neither of these conditions was a requirement for inclusion in the FCDC study.

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An FCDC that transacts business with a related foreign company must determine "transfer prices" for those transactions. These transactions include the sale and purchase of tangible goods, fees for services, interest payments on debts, leasing expenses, and royalties. How transfer prices are determined for these transactions may affect the amount of profits (i.e., net income or deficit), taxable income, and taxes reported on the U.S. income tax return of an FCDC. Section 482 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the related regulations, provide guidance in determining transfer prices. In general, the objective is to use "arm's length prices," which means prices that would be used for transactions between independent enterprises and determined by market forces.

Over 87.2 percent of the \$3.5 trillion of total receipts reported by domestic corporations controlled by a foreign person consisted of "business receipts" (i.e., receipts from sales and operations). These same companies reported \$3.3 trillion of total deductions. Cost of goods sold was 67.0 percent of that total. (See "business receipts" and "cost of goods sold" in the Explanation of Selected Terms section.) Complete income statement statistics of FCDCs are shown in Tables 24 and 25 of *Statistics of Income*—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns.

It is noteworthy to look at the "gross profit" of FCDCs. Gross profit is the difference between business receipts and cost of goods sold. Two important industrial sectors for FCDCs, manufacturing and wholesale trade, accounted for most of the reported amounts of business receipts and cost of goods sold. In manufacturing, all FCDCs reported \$.78 of cost of goods sold for every dollar of business receipts, while the amount was \$.71 for all other corporations classified in this sector. Thus, FCDCs had smaller gross profits than other corporations, \$.22 compared to \$.29 for every dollar of business receipts. In wholesale trade, all FCDCs reported \$.82 of cost of goods sold for every dollar of business receipts. The

amount was the same (\$.82) for all other corporations classified in this sector. As a result, FCDCs and other corporations had similar gross profits, \$.18 for every dollar of business receipts.

Total receipts less total deductions for FCDCs equaled \$160.5 billion for 2005. By comparison, net income (less deficit) amounted to \$165.2 billion. The statistics for total receipts less total deductions include all income actually received by corporations, while the statistics for net income (less deficit) focus on taxable sources of corporate income, including "constructive" taxable income. Thus, unlike total receipts less total deductions, net income (less deficit) includes two items of constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations, and excludes nontaxable interest on State and local government obligations. 12 The two items of constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations are includable income from foreign corporations owned by U.S. shareholders and foreign dividend grossup. (See "constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations" in the Explanation of Selected Terms section.) For 2005, FCDCs reported \$6.4 billion of constructive taxable income, and received \$1.6 billion of nontaxable interest on State and local government obligations.

Net income (less deficit) for foreign-controlled domestic corporations increased substantially from the \$90.8 billion for 2004, to \$165.2 billion for 2005. In context, net income (less deficit) reported on all corporation income tax returns also increased between 2004 and 2005, from \$1.1 trillion to \$1.9 trillion.

The \$165.2 billion of total FCDC net income (less deficit) were the result of 30,870 corporations collectively reporting \$201.6 billion of positive net income and 30,950 companies reporting \$36.4 billion of deficits.¹³ Thus, nearly one out of every two domestic corporations with foreign owners reported a positive net income for 2005. In comparison, 58.6

Begin With: Total Receipts

(Includes Business Receipts)

Less: Total Deductions

(Includes Cost of Goods Sold)

Equals: Total Receipts Less Total Deductions

Plus: Constructive Taxable Income from Related Foreign Corporations

(Includes Includable Income from Controlled Foreign Corporations and Foreign Dividend Gross-Up)

Less: Nontaxable Interest on State and Local Government Obligations (Included in Total Receipts, above)

Equals: Net Income (Less Deficit)

¹² In general, the computation of net income (less deficit) can be shown as follows:

¹³ The 30,950 companies reporting a deficit may include a small number of "break-even" companies, i.e., those whose receipts and deductions were equal.

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percent of all corporations filing U.S. income tax returns for the same year reported a positive net income.

The percentage of FCDCs reporting positive net income varied greatly among the different industrial groups. At the industrial sector level, the portion reporting positive net income ranged from a low of 12.0 percent for educational services, to a high of 85.5 percent for arts, entertainment, and recreation. For the more predominant sectors of FCDCs, the percentages of profitable companies were 57.1 percent for manufacturing and 52.7 percent for wholesale trade.

The \$36.4 billion of deficits for 2005 could be carried back or forward to other tax years, under prescribed rules, to reduce the taxable income of those years (see "net operating loss deduction" in the Explanation of Selected Terms section). When a company carried back a deficit to a previous tax year, it could file either Form 1120X, Amended U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return, or Form 1139, Corporation Application for Tentative Refund. Net operating losses carried back to Tax Year 2005 from 2006 and beyond, reported on Forms 1120X and 1139, are not included in the statistics shown in this article. However, NOLs carried forward to Tax Year 2005 from prior years are included in the statistics and discussed in the next section.

Taxable Income and Taxes

For most corporations, taxable income (i.e., "income subject to tax") is generally equal to positive net income less statutory special deductions. 14 Statutory special deductions include deductions for net operating loss (NOL) carryovers from prior years and the special deductions for dividends and other corporate attributes allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. For 2005, the difference between the \$201.6 billion of positive net income and \$153.0 billion of taxable income was, for the most part, the result of statutory special deductions. The net operating loss deduction was \$29.9 billion and accounted for 61.0 percent of the \$49.0 billion of total statutory special deductions. In calculating taxable income for 2005, FCDCs reduced their positive net incomes by 14.8 percent using NOLs carried over from prior years.

For 2005, foreign-controlled domestic corporations reported \$153.0 billion of taxable income. This was the base on which \$53.1 billion of income tax were computed. The \$53.8 billion of total income tax before credits reported by FCDCs consisted primarily of the income tax, plus the alternative minimum tax and certain other taxes. The alternative minimum tax was \$0.7 billion, and the remaining taxes comprised a very small part of the total.

Tax credits totaling \$11.4 billion reduced the U.S. income tax liability of foreign-controlled domestic corporations from \$53.8 billion to \$42.4 billion for 2005. The largest credits claimed were \$8.1 billion of foreign tax credits, \$2.4 billion of general business credits, and \$0.8 billion of prior-year minimum tax credits. The \$42.4 billion of total U.S. income tax after credits represent the tax liability as originally reported by taxpayers. However, this amount may differ from the actual income tax collected and the final income tax liability of corporations for Tax Year 2005. The originally reported tax liability does not take into account either of the following possible changes: (1) amended returns filed by the corporations, or (2) adjustments made by IRS as a result of tax examination or enforcement activities. Among other reasons, corporations could file amended returns to use carryback provisions for net operating losses and unused foreign tax and general business credits.

The percentage of FCDCs reporting U.S. tax liabilities (i.e., total income tax after credits) for 2005 was 34.6 percent, up slightly from 34.1 percent reported for the previous year. However, the amount of tax liability reported by FCDCs increased to \$42.4 billion for 2005 from \$29.9 billion for 2004, a 41.7-percent increase.

The "Largest" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations

This article defines the largest companies as those with at least \$250 million of total assets, or those that produced at least \$50 million of business receipts. Within the finance and insurance, and management of companies (holding companies) industrial sectors,

¹⁴ There were certain exceptions to the relationship of positive net income minus statutory special deductions equaling taxable income. First, in some cases, the statutory special deductions for dividends received and for dividends paid on certain preferred stock of public utilities exceeded net income. Second, the tax bases of S corporations and life insurance companies were not defined as net income less statutory special deductions. Rather, these types of corporations computed taxable income using special provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Also, regulated investment companies and real estate investment trusts generally passed their net incomes on to be taxed at the shareholder level; but any taxable amounts not distributed were included in income subject to tax.

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total receipts were used in place of business receipts for selecting the largest companies.

Both size of assets and size of receipts were used to select the largest companies in order to ensure adequate coverage of all industries. As previously discussed, financial structure varies across industries. For instance, companies classified in wholesale trade generally report large amounts of receipts compared to their end-of-year assets. By comparison, credit intermediation corporations generally report large amounts of assets compared to their receipts. If either assets or receipts were used exclusively to select the largest companies, then the largest companies in one of these industrial groups would have been underrepresented in comparison to the other group.

Table 4 shows that there were 19,038 large domestic corporations for 2005. (See the discussion on returns excluded from Table 4, below.) Of this total, foreign persons controlled 3,790 corporations, or 19.9 percent. This percentage is remarkably larger than the 1.1 percent that FCDCs accounted for of all corporations, regardless of size.

The 3,790 large foreign-controlled domestic corporations comprised just 6.1 percent of the number of income tax returns filed by FCDCs. However, these large companies accounted for the majority of the key FCDC financial items, reporting 95.1 percent of the total assets, 94.6 percent of the total receipts, 93.7 percent of the taxable income, and 92.7 percent of the total income tax after credits, of all FCDCs.

There were 15,248 large domestic corporations that did not have controlling foreign owners for 2005. Similar to FCDCs, these large companies also accounted for a small portion of the total number of income tax returns filed by domestic corporations without foreign owners, but did comprise a significant portion of the key financial items (total assets, total receipts, etc.) of this group of returns.

The largest domestic corporations are primarily "old" corporations, with incorporation dates prior to 2003. Of the 3,790 large FCDCs contained in the Tax Year 2005 study, 89.6 percent were old corporations. Large ODCs were similar to the FCDCs in this respect, with old corporations accounting for 89.3 percent of this group of 15,248 corporations. See Figures F1 and F2.

The largest companies generally report profits that are greater than those of the rest of the companies. For 2005, the largest FCDCs reported net prof-

its of \$158.0 billion, 4.8 percent of the companies' receipts. The smaller FCDCs reported net profits of \$7.2 billion, 3.8 percent of the companies' receipts.

Table 4 shows data for the largest FCDCs apportioned by industrial sectors. This table also contains data for large domestic corporations that were not foreign-controlled. These "other domestic corporations" (ODCs) were not foreign-controlled or owned (i.e., they were either owned by domestic persons, or no separate foreign person owned 25 percent or more of the corporation's stock). This definition of other large domestic corporations is used throughout this article, including the data shown in Figures F through H. Thus, domestic corporations with a foreign person who owned between 25 percent and 49 percent of the corporation's stock are not included in either of the two groups shown in Figures F through H, and Table 4. These corporations are identified from Schedule K of Form 1120 during Statistics of Income processing. However, they are neither FCDCs nor ODCs, as defined.

Data for domestic corporations that filed Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations) are excluded from the comparisons between large FCDCs and other large domestic corporations shown in Figures F through H, and Table 4. (However, returns filed on these forms are included in the data of other figures and tables contained in this article, as appropriate.) While corporations filing these income tax returns report their incomes, they generally have little or no tax liabilities. Through separate special provisions of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to each of these types of corporations, the incomes of these corporations are generally taxed at the shareholder level. The Explanation of Selected Terms section discusses in greater detail the nature of real estate investment trusts (RE-ITs), regulated investment companies (RICs), and S corporations.

Industry Characteristics

The industrial makeup of the largest foreign-controlled domestic companies is somewhat different from that of other domestic corporations. For 2005, 37.4 percent of the largest FCDCs were classified as manufacturers, while manufacturers made up just 21.6 percent of the largest domestic companies that were not foreign-controlled. Similarly, wholesalers

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Figure F1

"Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Total Income Tax After Credits as a Percentage of Total Receipts, Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

		All returns		Returns of "ol	d" corporations	Total a	assets	Total re	eceipts	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts	Number	Percentage of total	Cumulative percentage	Number	Percentage of all returns	Amount	Average	Amount	Average	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Total	3,790	100.0	N/A	3,396	89.6	8,767,910	2,313	3,317,476	875	
Percentage of total income tax after										
credits divided by total receipts:										
Zero total receipts	4	0.1	0.1	d	d	1,429	357	0	(
Zero percent	1,062	28.0	28.1	933	87.9	1,113,420	1,048	532,674	50:	
Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent	1,106	29.2	57.3	1,037	93.8	3,130,522	2,830	1,068,417	96	
0.5 percent under 1.0 percent	367	9.7	67.0	326	88.8	1,761,862	4,801	639,604	1,74	
1.0 percent under 1.5 percent	251	6.6	73.6	229	91.2	288,238	1,148	206,177	82	
1.5 percent under 2.0 percent	224	5.9	79.5	212	94.6	579,810	2,588	329,284	1,47	
2.0 percent under 3.0 percent	272	7.2	86.7	254	93.4	399,550	1,469	238,797	87	
3.0 percent under 4.0 percent	165	4.4	91.1	149	90.3	460,597	2,791	128,121	77	
4.0 percent under 5.0 percent	87	2.3	93.4	77	88.5	247,846	2,849	54,700	62	
5.0 percent under 7.5 percent	103	2.7	96.1	98	95.1	411,940	3,999	70,654	68	
7.5 percent under 10.0 percent	59	1.6	97.6	d	d	137,713	2,334	24,396	41:	
10.0 percent or more	90	2.4	100.0	81	90.0	234,983	2,611	24,652	27	
		Total	Net	income (less d	eficit)	Income	To	Total income tax		
Percentage of total income tax after credits	Total									
. S. S	Total	receipts		Net subject Before	After o	redits				
divided by total receipts	deductions	receipts less total	Total		Deficit	subject to				
			Total	Net income	Deficit		Before credits	After of Amount	Average	
		less total	Total (12)		Deficit (14)	to				
	deductions	less total deductions		income		to tax	credits	Amount	Average (18)	
divided by total receipts	deductions (10)	less total deductions (11)	(12)	income (13)	(14)	to tax (15)	credits (16)	Amount (17)	Average (18)	
divided by total receipts Total	deductions (10)	less total deductions (11)	(12)	income (13)	(14)	to tax (15)	credits (16)	Amount (17)	Average (18)	
Total Percentage of total income tax after	deductions (10)	less total deductions (11)	(12)	income (13)	(14)	to tax (15)	credits (16)	Amount (17)	Average (18)	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts:	(10) 3,164,170	less total deductions (11) 153,306	(12) 157,959	income (13) 181,513	(14) -23,554	to tax (15) 143,404	(16) 50,538	Amount (17) 39,304	Average (18)	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts	(10) 3,164,170	less total deductions (11) 153,306	(12) 157,959 0	income (13) 181,513	(14) -23,554	to tax (15) 143,404	credits (16) 50,538	Amount (17) 39,304	Average (18)	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent	(10) 3,164,170 0 552,870	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905	(13) 181,513 0 3,363	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268	to tax (15) 143,404 0 1,092	(16) 50,538 0 310	Amount (17) 39,304 0	Average (18)	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent	(10) 3,164,170 0 552,870 1,031,690	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196 36,725	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283	to tax (15) 143,404 0 1,092 15,192	(16) 50,538 0 310 5,428	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 0 1,973	Average	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent	(10) 3,164,170 0 552,870 1,031,690 611,164	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196 36,725 28,440	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475 29,926	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758 29,929	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283 -3	to tax (15) 143,404 0 1,092 15,192 26,087	(16) 50,538 0 310 5,428 9,249	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 0 1,973 5,521	Average (18)	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent	(10) 3,164,170 0 552,870 1,031,690 611,164 194,669	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196 36,725 28,440 11,508	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475 29,926 11,502	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758 29,929 11,502	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283 -3 0	to tax (15) 143,404 0 0 1.092 15,192 26,087 9,906	0 310 5,428 9,249 3,487	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 0 1,973 5,521 2,549	(18) 1 1 1 1	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 1.0 percent under 1.0 percent 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent	0 3,164,170 0 552,870 1,031,690 611,164 194,669 310,151	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196 36,725 28,440 11,508 19,133	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475 29,926 11,502 18,814	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758 29,929 11,502 18,814	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283 -3 0 0	to tax (15) 143,404 0 1,092 15,192 26,087 9,906 17,766	0 310 5,428 9,249 3,487 6,222	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 1,973 5,521 2,549 5,855	(18) 1 1 1 1 2	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent	(10) 3,164,170 0 552,870 1,031,690 611,164 194,669 310,151 217,401	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196 36,725 28,440 11,508 19,133 21,397	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475 29,926 11,502 18,814 21,818	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758 29,929 11,502 18,814 21,818	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283 -3 0 0 0	0 1,092 15,192 26,087 9,906 17,766 19,703	0 310 5,428 9,249 3,487 6,222 6,893	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 1,973 5,521 2,549 5,855 5,962	Average (18) 1 1 1 2 2	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 1.0 percent under 1.0 percent 1.5 percent under 1.5 percent 2.0 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent	0 552,870 1,031,690 611,164 194,669 310,151 217,401 113,538	less total deductions (11) 153,306 0 -20,196 36,725 28,440 11,508 19,133 21,397 14,583	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475 29,926 11,502 18,814 21,818 15,267	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758 29,929 11,502 18,814 21,818 15,267	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283 -3 0 0 0 0	0 1,092 15,192 26,087 9,906 17,766 19,703 14,534	(16) 50,538 0 310 5,428 9,249 3,487 6,222 6,893 5,081	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 1,973 5,521 2,549 5,855 5,962 4,511	Average (18) 1 1 1 2 2 2	
Total Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent 2.0 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent 4.0 percent under 5.0 percent	0 552,870 1,031,690 611,164 194,669 310,151 217,401 113,538 46,273	0 -20,196 36,725 28,440 11,508 19,133 21,397 14,583 8,427	(12) 157,959 0 -19,905 38,475 29,926 11,502 18,814 21,818 15,267 8,466	(13) 181,513 0 3,363 38,758 29,929 11,502 18,814 21,818 15,267 8,466	(14) -23,554 0 -23,268 -283 -3 0 0 0 0 0	0 1,092 15,192 26,087 9,906 17,766 19,703 14,534 7,352	(16) 50,538 0 310 5,428 9,249 3,487 6,222 6,893 5,081 2,570	Amount (17) 39,304 0 0 1,973 5,521 2,549 5,855 5,962 4,511 2,462	(18) 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	

N/A-Not applicable.

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.

NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of \$250,000,000 or more, and/or with business receipts of \$50,000,000 or more (total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors). "Old" corporations were those with dates of incorporation prior to 2003, or with unknown dates of incorporation. Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

were a larger share of the FCDCs (28.0 percent) than of the other large domestic corporations (14.5 percent). Conversely, 13.2 percent of the largest ODCs were classified in finance and insurance, while this sector made up just 8.1 percent of the largest FCDCs. Retailers accounted for 11.4 percent of the largest domestic companies that were not foreign-controlled, while only 3.4 percent of the largest FCDCs were similarly classified. See Figure G for other differ-

ences in the industrial makeup of these two groups of corporations.

FCDCs accounted for 32.4 percent of large wholesalers, 30.1 percent of large manufacturers, 28.5 percent of large real estate and rental/leasing companies, and 25.4 percent of large mining companies. By contrast, just 9.2 percent of large construction companies, 6.8 percent of large retailers, 6.0 percent of large management (holding) companies, and

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Figure F2

"Large" Domestic Corporations Not Foreign Controlled: Selected Items and Percentages, by Total Income Tax After Credits as a Percentage of Total Receipts, Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

		All returns		Returns of "old	l" corporations	Total a	assets	Total re	eceipts	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts	Number	Percentage of total	Cumulative percentage	Number	Percentage of all returns	Amount	Average	Amount	Average	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Total	15,248	100.0	N/A	13,612	89.3	41,072,862	2.694	13,657,411	896	
Percentage of total income tax after	, ,			-,-		, , , , , ,	,	-,,		
credits divided by total receipts:										
Zero total receipts	7	[1]	[1]	d	d	3,780	540	0	0	
Zero percent	3,708	24.3	24.4	3,251	87.7	3,579,316	965	1,743,214	470	
Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent	4,179	27.4	51.8	3,972	95.0	6,559,800	1,570	2,809,968	672	
0.5 percent under 1.0 percent	1,371	9.0	60.8	1,261	92.0	2,185,509	1,594	1,698,700	1,239	
1.0 percent under 1.5 percent	994	6.5	67.3	929	93.5	3,853,403	3,877	1,198,837	1,206	
1.5 percent under 2.0 percent	719	4.7	72.0	663	92.2	5,874,611	8,171	1,704,746	2,371	
2.0 percent under 3.0 percent	1,022	6.7	78.7	947	92.7	4,206,322	4,116	1,847,640	1,808	
3.0 percent under 4.0 percent	690	4.5	83.2	659	95.5	4,207,295	6,098	975,975	1,414	
4.0 percent under 5.0 percent	512	3.4	86.6	d	d	5,556,514	10,853	872,047	1,703	
5.0 percent under 7.5 percent	950	6.2	92.8	897	94.4	2,437,478	2,566	462,254	487	
7.5 percent under 10.0 percent	574	3.8	96.6	554	97	1,541,460	2,685	199,058	347	
10.0 percent or more	522	3.4	100.0	479	91.8	1,067,374	2,045	144,972	278	
		Total	N	et income (less de	eficit)	Income	To	Total income tax		
Percentage of total income tax after credits	Total	receipts		`	,	subject		After o		
divided by total receipts	deductions	less total	Total	Net	Deficit	to	Before	7 (10)	realto	
2222 2, 2222 222		deductions	Total	income	Belloit	tax	credits	Amount	Average	
	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
Total		(11)	` ′	` /	` '		, ,	` ′		
Total Percentage of total income tax after	(10) 12,551,699		(12) 1,187,940	(13) 1,283,601	(14) -95,661	(15) 970,476	(16) 341,713	(17) 248,097		
Percentage of total income tax after		(11)	` ′	` /	` '		, ,	` ′		
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts:	12,551,699	(11) 1,105,712	1,187,940	` /	-95,661		, ,	248,097	16	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts	12,551,699	(11) 1,105,712 -23	1,187,940 -21	1,283,601	-95,661	970,476	341,713	` ′	16	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859	(11) 1,105,712 -23 -81,644	1,187,940 -21 -73,401	1,283,601 2 18,067	- 95,661 -23 -91,467	970,476 0 9,693	341,713 0 3,336	248,097 0 0	16	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867	(11) 1,105,712 -23 -81,644 113,102	1,187,940 -21 -73,401 130,163	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937	970,476 0 9,693 52,548	341,713 0 3,336 19,425	248,097 0 0 4,359	16 0 0	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646	(11) 1,105,712 -23 -81,644 113,102 78,053	-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937 -161	970,476 0 9,693 52,548 61,688	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925	248,097 0 0 4,359 12,739	16 0 0 1	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646 1,114,651	-23 -81,644 113,102 78,053 84,186	-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222 88,138	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383 88,141	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937	970,476 0 9,693 52,548	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925 21,211	248,097 0 0 4,359	16 0 0 1 9	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646	(11) 1,105,712 -23 -81,644 113,102 78,053	-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937 -161 -3	970,476 0 9,693 52,548 61,688 60,275	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925	248,097 0 0 4,359 12,739 15,170	(18) 16 0 0 1 1 9 15 42 45	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646 1,114,651 1,547,475 1,616,835		-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222 88,138 170,501	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383 88,141 170,501	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937 -161 -3	970,476 0 9,693 52,548 61,688 60,275 145,622	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925 21,211 51,137 59,952	248,097 0 0 4,359 12,739 15,170 29,888	16 0 0 1 9 15 42	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646 1,114,651 1,547,475 1,616,835 828,517	-23 -81,644 113,102 78,053 84,186 157,271 230,805 147,457	-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222 88,138 170,501 246,891 148,705	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383 88,141 170,501 246,891	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937 -161 -3 0	970,476 0 9,693 52,548 61,688 60,275 145,622 171,501	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925 21,211 51,137	248,097 0 0 4,359 12,739 15,170 29,888 45,587 34,665	16 0 0 1 1 9 15 42 45	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent 4.0 percent under 5.0 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646 1,114,651 1,547,475 1,616,835 828,517 715,262	-23 -81,644 113,102 78,053 84,186 157,271 230,805 147,457 156,785	-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222 88,138 170,501 246,891 148,705 166,926	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383 88,141 170,501 246,891 148,731 166,968	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937 -161 -3 0 0 0	970,476 0 9,693 52,548 61,688 60,275 145,622 171,501 120,099 140,522	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925 21,211 51,137 59,952 42,506 49,195	248,097 0 0 4,359 12,739 15,170 29,888 45,587 34,665 39,155	16 0 0 1 1 9 15 42 45 50	
Percentage of total income tax after credits divided by total receipts: Zero total receipts Zero percent Greater than zero and under 0.5 percent 0.5 percent under 1.0 percent 1.0 percent under 1.5 percent 1.5 percent under 2.0 percent 2.0 percent under 3.0 percent 3.0 percent under 4.0 percent	12,551,699 23 1,824,859 2,696,867 1,620,646 1,114,651 1,547,475 1,616,835 828,517	-23 -81,644 113,102 78,053 84,186 157,271 230,805 147,457	-21 -73,401 130,163 90,222 88,138 170,501 246,891 148,705	1,283,601 2 18,067 134,099 90,383 88,141 170,501 246,891 148,731	-95,661 -23 -91,467 -3,937 -161 -3 0 0 0 -27 -41	970,476 0 9,693 52,548 61,688 60,275 145,622 171,501 120,099	341,713 0 3,336 19,425 21,925 21,211 51,137 59,952 42,506	248,097 0 0 4,359 12,739 15,170 29,888 45,587 34,665	0 0 0 1 9 15	

N/A—Not applicable

NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of \$250,000,000 or more, and/or with business receipts of \$50,000,000 or more (total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors). "Old" corporations were those with dates of incorporation prior to 2003, or with unknown dates of incorporation. Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

3.9 percent of large health care and social assistance corporations were FCDCs.

Table 4 presents industrial sector-level data for the largest domestic corporations, both foreign- and nonforeign-controlled. Column 43 of this table shows the percentage of returns that reported profits (i.e., positive net income). While 75.3 percent of large FCDCs reported profits, 78.3 percent of other large domestic corporations were similarly profitable. There are 19 different industrial sectors shown in the table, treating wholesale trade and retail trade as separate sectors. Because of disclosure considerations, percentages have been suppressed for two FCDC sectors. Of the 17 remaining industrial sectors, other

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.

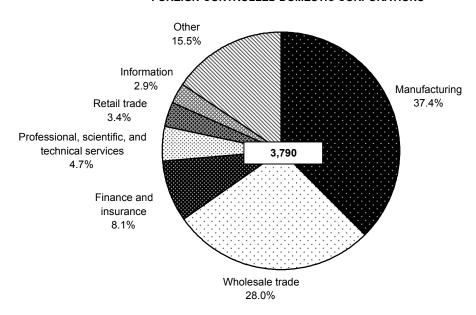
^[1] Less than 0.05 percent.

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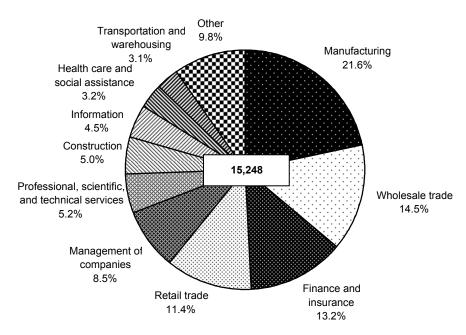
Figure G

Distribution of Returns by Industry for "Large" Foreign-Controlled and Other Domestic Corporations, Tax Year 2005

FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS



DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED



NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of \$250,000,000 or more, and/or with business receipts of \$50,000,000 or more. (Total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors.) Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent.

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domestic corporations (ODCs) had higher percentages of profitable companies in 11 sectors. Caution should be used when comparing the percentages for a given sector because not all differences between the percentages are statistically significant. Within each group of corporations, the percentage of corporations that reported a profit varied substantially across the industrial sectors. For this reason, it is important to compare the two types of corporations for a specific industry, rather than for all industries. This will be discussed later in this article, specifically looking at the two key industrial sectors for FCDCs: manufacturing and wholesale trade.

Column 57 of Table 4 shows the ratio of net income (less deficit) to total receipts. Overall, net income (less deficit) as a percentage of receipts for large FCDCs (4.8 percent) was considerably smaller than for ODCs (8.7 percent). Within each group of corporations, the ratio of profits to receipts varied across the industrial sectors. Other domestic corporations had higher ratios of net income (less deficit) to receipts than FCDCs in 14 out of 19 industrial sectors.

Net profits (i.e., net income (less deficit)) is one of the key factors that affect the amount of retained earnings of corporations. Columns 12-14 of Table 4 show corporate total, appropriated, and unappropriated retained earnings, respectively. The amounts of retained earnings were reported in the end-of-year balance sheets of the corporations' books of account. They represent earnings and profits of the corporations retained from normal and discontinued operations of previous years, as well as "extraordinary" gains and losses, and prior period adjustments. The amounts are also after reductions for dividends and distributions made to stockholders. (For a more extensive discussion of retained earnings, see Statistics of Income—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns.) Appropriated retained earnings were earnings set aside for specific purposes, such as reserves for plant expansion or bond retirements, and not available for distribution to stockholders. For 2005, the largest FCDCs reported a *negative* \$23.5 billion of total retained earnings, while other large domestic corporations reported \$3.4 trillion of positive retained earnings. Retained earnings is a component of net worth

and thus affects the ratio of net income (less deficit) to net worth, which is shown in column 56 of Table 4.

The ratio of taxable income (i.e., "income subject to tax") to total receipts is shown in column 61 of Table 4. This ratio, unlike the ratio of net income (less deficit) to total receipts discussed earlier, excludes deficits, and includes the amount of statutory special deductions reported on tax returns.

FCDCs generally had lower ratios of taxable income to receipts than those of other domestic corporations, 4.3 percent for FCDCs versus 7.1 percent for ODCs for all industries. For each group of large corporations, the ratio of taxable income to receipts varied among the different industrial sectors. Of the 17 different industrial sectors shown in the table (data for two FCDC sectors have been suppressed), ODCs had higher taxable income as a percentage of receipts in 13 sectors.

Table 4 also includes the ratio of total U.S. income tax after credits to total receipts (column 64). The total income tax after credits reported by both FCDCs (\$39.3 billion) and ODCs (\$248.1 billion) represents the tax liability of these companies as reported on their originally filed U.S. income tax returns (see column 42).

In using total income tax after credits as a percentage of total receipts, it should also be noted that a small portion of total income tax after credits (for example, the tax recapture of prior-year investment credits) does not relate to the current-year total receipts reported by corporations. However, this is not considered to be a major limitation in using the percentage because the regular income tax and the alternative minimum tax represented about 99 percent or more of the total income tax for both FCDCs and ODCs.

The ratio of tax to receipts shown in column 64 of Table 4 takes into account only the U.S. tax liabilities of the corporations. Additional data would be required to examine the worldwide tax liabilities of the corporations, which are beyond the scope of this article.¹⁵

Before looking at total income tax after credits for specific industries, it is useful to examine the amount of tax liability as a percentage of the total re-

¹⁵ One focus of this article is U.S. total income tax after credits. The reader might choose to focus instead on total worldwide taxes, which may be approximated by adding the foreign tax credits claimed by corporations to the U.S. tax liabilities (i.e., total income tax after credits) of these corporations. There are limitations in using this procedure, and the foreign tax credit only approximates the foreign tax liabilities of the corporations. Table 4 shows amounts of foreign tax credits in addition to U.S. total income tax after credits. For the most recent statistics covering corporate foreign tax credits in depth, see Luttrell, Scott, "Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 2004," in this issue of the *Statistics of Income Bulletin* (Summer 2008, Volume 28, Number 1). In addition, foreign tax credit data are included on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats.

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ceipts for all large domestic corporations. Figures F1 and F2 present such data classified by 12 categories of this percentage. For 2005, Figure F1 shows that large FCDCs reported \$39.3 billion of total income tax after credits, 1.2 percent of their total receipts. Column 3 of Figure F1 shows that 28.1 percent of FCDCs had no U.S. tax liabilities, that 67.0 percent of the companies had tax liabilities of less than 1.0 percent of their receipts, and that 91.1 percent of the companies had tax liabilities of less than 4.0 percent of their receipts. By comparison, Figure F2 shows that large domestic corporations not foreign-controlled reported \$248.1 billion of total income tax after credits, 1.8 percent of their total receipts. For these companies, 24.4 percent had no tax liabilities, 60.8 percent had tax liabilities of less than 1.0 percent of their receipts, and 83.2 percent had tax liabilities of less than 4.0 percent of their receipts.

FCDCs claimed smaller amounts of credits than ODCs in relative terms. For 2005, large FCDCs claimed \$11.2 billion of credits, equaling 22.2 percent of their income tax liabilities before credits. Other large domestic corporations claimed \$93.6 billion of credits for the same tax year, equaling 27.4 percent of their income tax liabilities before credits. The largest credit claimed by each group of corporations was the foreign tax credit, \$7.9 billion by large FCDCs and \$72.5 billion by other large domestic corporations.

Overall, while large FCDCs reported average tax liabilities after credits of \$1.18 per \$100 of receipts (or 1.2 percent), other domestic corporations reported tax liabilities after credits of \$1.82 per \$100 of receipts (or 1.8 percent). Of the 17 different industrial sectors shown in Table 4 (data for two FCDC sectors have been suppressed), ODCs had higher tax to receipts ratios in 13 sectors.

Table 4 highlights once again the differences in financial characteristics of different industries. For instance, looking at large FCDCs, finance and insurance companies have a slightly higher ratio of net income (less deficit) to receipts (3.6 percent) than do wholesalers (3.4 percent); see column 57. However, when total assets are used as the denominator in place of total receipts (column 55), the difference is substantial and reversed (the largest FCDCs in finance and insurance have a 0.4 percentage, and those in wholesale trade have a 5.5 percentage). Because the distribution of industrial activities based on principal businesses is not the same for the largest

FCDCs as it is for ODCs, this, again, illustrates the importance of comparing the two groups of corporations on an industrial basis. This article will now look at two specific industrial sectors that are important to FCDCs: manufacturing and wholesale trade.

Manufacturing was a significant industrial sector for large FCDCs, accounting for nearly one-half of the total receipts of the group of corporations. Both large FCDCs and ODCs were primarily "old" corporations; 89.8 percent of FCDCs and 91.0 percent of ODCs were incorporated before 2003. Large ODC manufacturers had higher percentages than those of large FCDC manufacturers in each of the four calculations previously discussed. Specifically, the percentage of ODCs in this industrial sector that reported positive profits was higher, but somewhat similar to that for the FCDCs, 74.5 percent and 72.5 percent, respectively (see column 43 of Table 4). Looking at the actual amounts of those positive profits and also accounting for losses reported by the remaining companies, the percentage of net income (less deficit) to total receipts was significantly higher for ODCs, 11.8 percent, than it was for FCDCs, 5.1 percent (see Figure H and column 57 of Table 4). Similarly, large manufacturing ODCs reported taxable incomes of 7.7 percent of their receipts, while the percentage for FCDCs was smaller at 4.7 percent (see column 61 of Table 4). The ratios of total income tax after credits to total receipts for ODCs and FCDCs were 1.4 percent and 1.2 percent, respectively (see column 64 of Table 4). The similarity of these tax to receipts ratios is partially explained by the difference in the amounts of credits that the two groups of corporations reported. ODCs reported larger credits than did the FCDCs. thereby reducing their postcredit tax liabilities by a larger portion. ODCs reported credits equaling 46.8 percent of their precredit income tax liabilities. For FCDCs, the percentage was substantially less, at 28.3 percent. For both groups of corporations, foreign tax credits accounted for most of the total credits.

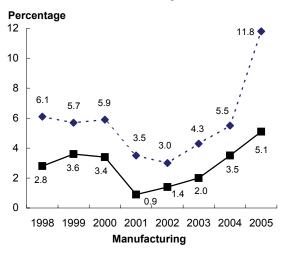
Wholesale trade was also a significant industrial sector for large FCDCs, accounting for 19.5 percent of the total receipts of the group of corporations. Most large FCDCs (93.9 percent) and ODCs (94.5 percent) were "old" corporations, incorporated before 2003. The percentage of ODCs in this industrial sector that reported positive profits was higher, but again similar to that for the FCDCs, 85.3 percent and 82.6 percent, respectively. Looking at the actual amounts of those positive profits and also accounting for loss-

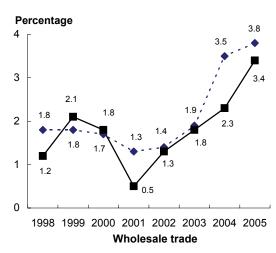
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Figure H

Percentage

"Large" Domestic Corporations: Net Income (Less Deficit) as a Percentage of Total Receipts, by Control Status and Industry, Tax Years 1998-2005

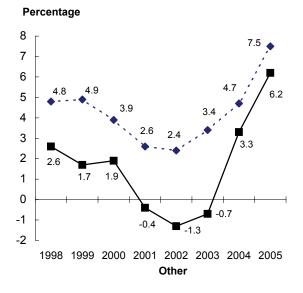




9 8 7 5.4 6 5 4 3 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.2 2 2.9 1 0 -1 -2

1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005

Finance [1]



- [1] Includes returns classified in the "finance and insurance" and "real estate and rental and leasing" industrial sectors of the North American Industry Classification System.

NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of \$250,000,000 or more, and/or with business receipts of \$50,000,000 or more. (Total receipts are used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors.) Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent.

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es reported by the remaining companies, the percentage of net income (less deficit) to total receipts was slightly higher for ODCs (3.8 percent) than it was for FCDCs (3.4 percent). Large wholesale ODCs reported taxable incomes of 3.2 percent of their receipts, while the percentage was 2.9 percent for FCDCs. The final ratio of total income tax after credits to total receipts shows the ODC and FCDC percentages being equal, at 0.9 percent. These last percentages are once again impacted by the amount of credits claimed by both groups of corporations. ODCs reported much larger credits than did the FCDCs, thereby reducing their postcredit tax liabilities by a larger portion. ODCs reported credits equaling 18.3 percent of their precredit income tax liabilities. For FCDCs, the percentage was much smaller, at just 7.9 percent. For both groups of corporations, foreign tax credits accounted for the largest share of the total credits.

Summary

Foreign investment and activity in the United States through FCDCs grew for Tax Year 2005. FCDCs reported \$3.5 trillion of total receipts for the year, a 14.7-percent increase over the 2004 level. Total receipts reported on all U.S. corporation income tax returns increased by 12.3 percent from the previous year. As a result, the share of total corporate receipts accounted for by FCDCs increased from 13.5 percent to 13.7 percent.

FCDC assets grew for 2005, as did the assets for all corporations. FCDC assets totaled \$9.2 trillion for 2005, a 15.7-percent increase from the previous year. By comparison, all corporations reported a total of \$66.4 trillion of assets for 2005, a 10.5-percent increase over the previous year. FCDCs accounted for 13.9 percent of total corporate assets for 2005, up from 13.3 percent for the previous year.

The number of returns filed by FCDCs increased by 6.7 percent for 2005, to 61,820. FCDCs accounted for only 1.1 percent of all corporation income tax returns filed for the year. This percentage is much smaller than the percentages of receipts and assets that FCDCs produced.

Two of the 19 industrial sectors, manufacturing and wholesale trade, generated more than two-thirds of the \$3.5 trillion of total FCDC receipts. Manufac-

turers produced \$1.7 trillion of receipts, while whole-salers accounted for an additional \$0.7 trillion.

Domestic corporations controlled by persons in the United Kingdom reported total receipts of \$0.7 trillion, 20.5 percent of the FCDC total. In addition, FCDCs owned by persons in Japan (16.2 percent), Germany (12.7 percent), the Netherlands (12.3 percent), Canada (8.7 percent), France (6.5 percent), and Switzerland (4.5 percent) accounted for significant portions of receipts.

Corporate profits were substantially larger than those of the previous year. The collective net income (less deficit) reported by foreign-controlled domestic corporations increased from \$90.8 billion for 2004 to \$165.2 billion for 2005. To place the performance of FCDCs in context, total corporate profits also increased from \$1.1 trillion for 2004 to \$1.9 trillion for 2005.

The U.S. tax liability of FCDCs (i.e., total income tax after credits) moved in the same direction as did profits, increasing from \$29.9 billion for 2004 to \$42.4 billion for 2005, or by 41.7 percent. To place this in perspective, the 2005 U.S. tax liabilities of all corporations were 39.1 percent more than the previous year.

Of the 61,820 foreign-controlled domestic corporations, the 3,790 "largest" companies accounted for most of the total amounts of key financial items (e.g., 95.1 percent of the total assets, 94.6 percent of the total receipts, 93.7 percent of the taxable income, and 92.7 percent of the total income tax after credits).

In comparing the 3,790 large foreign-controlled domestic corporations to the 15,248 other large domestic companies on the basis of industry, FCDCs had lower percentages than ODCs in most sectors using each of the following four criteria: (1) percentage of corporations that reported profits, (2) percentage of net income (less deficit) to total receipts, (3) percentage of taxable income to total receipts, and (4) percentage of total income tax after credits to total receipts.

While this article has been able to compare several key ratios related to the profits and taxes reported by foreign-controlled domestic corporations and other domestic corporations on the same bases of size and industry, additional research is needed to explain the differences in those ratios. ¹⁶

¹⁶ For additional information, see "Tax Administration: Comparison of the Reported Tax Liabilities of Foreign- and U.S.-Controlled Corporations, 1996-2000," U.S. General Accounting Office, GAO-04-358, February 2004. Also, see Grubert, Harry, "Another Look at the Low Taxable Income of Foreign-Controlled Companies in the United States," U.S. Department of the Treasury, Office of Tax Analysis, Paper 74, 1997; and Mataloni, Raymond J., Jr., "An Examination of the Low Rates of Return of Foreign-Owned U.S. Companies," U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, March 2000.

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Explanation of Selected Terms

The following are brief explanations of some of the terms used in this article. For more extensive definitions, see *Statistics of Income—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns*, IRS Publication 16.

Alternative Minimum Tax—This tax was designed to ensure that a taxpayer with substantial economic income would not avoid significant tax liability through a legitimate use of exclusions, deductions, and credits. In effect, it provided a second tax system that curtailed or eliminated many of the means of reducing taxes allowed in the regular tax system and taxed the resulting alternative taxable income at a reduced rate. The AMT is included in the amounts reported for both total income tax before (and after) credits.

Balance Sheets—The balance sheet data presented in this article were the amounts reported by the taxpayer as of the end of the taxpayer's accounting year. Taxpayers were instructed to provide data that agreed with their books of account but were given very few other guidelines. Since balance sheet data were from the taxpayer's books, they were generally governed by general accounting principles rather than the special rules of tax accounting. A number of steps were taken during statistical processing to reduce the variability due to taxpayer reporting practices. Misreported amounts were transferred to their proper accounts. Missing balance sheets were either supplied from reference books or statistically imputed based on other data and the company's characteristics. Some balance sheets were suppressed for final returns of corporations going out of existence and for most part-year returns (because the same company's end-of-year data could have been subject to inclusion from its full-year return).

Business Receipts—These receipts were, in general, the gross operating receipts of the corporation reduced by the cost of returned goods and allowances. They represented all of a corporation's receipts except investment and incidental income. Business receipts also exclude gains from the sale of assets. Some corporations reported sales and excise taxes as part of their gross receipts from sales (and deducted these taxes as part of "cost of goods sold" or as "taxes paid"); others reported their receipts after adjustment for these taxes. Business receipts in-

clude rents reported by real estate operators and other corporations for which rent made up a significant portion of income. The latter corporations included manufacturers that rented their products, lessors of public utility facilities, and companies engaged in rental services, such as lodging places and the rental of automobiles. Business receipts include such banking items as fees, commissions, and credit card income. Interest, the principal operating income of banking and financial institutions, was excluded from business receipts; rather, it was included in the separate statistics for interest received. Also, premium income of most insurance companies was included in business receipts. Security dealers included profits from security trades in business receipts.

Constructive Ownership Rules—The constructive ownership rules of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 318 apply in determining if a U.S. corporation is foreign-owned. However, if a corporation is owned by two or more "unrelated" foreign persons, neither of which owned 50 percent or more of the corporation, then that corporation was excluded from the FCDC statistics even though, together, these persons may have met the 50-percent-or-more ownership criterion. See also, Foreign Person, defined below.

Constructive Taxable Income from Related Foreign Corporations—This item is the sum of includable income from Controlled Foreign Corporations (CFCs) and foreign dividend gross-up. IRC sections 951-964 ("Subpart F") created an exception to the general rule that the earnings and profits of CFCs were subject to U.S. taxation only when the income was actually distributed to U.S. shareholders. 17 Under Subpart F, some types of foreign income are required to be included in the income of the U.S. shareholders, although not actually distributed. This includable income comprises passive investment income, income from sources thought especially easy to shift between tax jurisdictions, and income from sources contrary to public policy. Foreign dividend gross-up is constructive taxable income to corporations that claim a foreign tax credit. A U.S. corporation could claim a foreign tax credit for a share of the foreign taxes actually paid by its related foreign corporations. The share of foreign taxes was treated as deemed paid by the U.S. corporation. In order to receive credit against U.S. tax, the foreign taxes

¹⁷ For the most recent statistics covering CFCs, see Masters, Mike and Catterson Oh, "Controlled Foreign Corporations, 2002," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 2006, Volume 25, Number 4. In addition, CFC data are included on the IRS Internet site at www.irs.gov, under Tax Stats.

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deemed paid need to be included in the corporation's worldwide income. The dividend gross-up, which is the equivalent amount of the foreign taxes deemed paid by the U.S. corporation, is included as income of the U.S. corporation.

Cost of Goods Sold—This item generally consisted of the costs incurred by corporations in producing the goods or providing the services that generated the business receipts. Included were costs of materials used in manufacturing; costs of goods purchased for resale; direct labor; and a share of overhead expenses, such as rent, utilities, supplies, maintenance, and repairs. For statistical processing purposes, however, certain items (such as advertising, amortization, bad debts, compensation of officers, depletion, depreciation, interest paid, taxes, and contributions to charitable organizations, employee benefit programs, and pension plans) reported by taxpayers in cost of goods sold schedules were transferred to their respective and separate deduction categories.

Current and Noncurrent Assets—In this article, current assets plus noncurrent assets equal total assets. Table 4 of this article includes separate data for current assets and noncurrent assets. Current assets include cash, notes and accounts receivable (less the allowance for bad debts), inventories, investments in government obligations, tax-exempt securities, and other current assets, such as short-term prepaid expenses and nontrade receivables. Noncurrent assets include loans to stockholders, mortgage and real estate loans, other investments, depreciable assets (less accumulated depreciation), depletable assets (less accumulated depletion), land, intangible assets (less accumulated amortization), and other assets, including those not identified on the tax return as either current or long-term.

Current and Noncurrent Liabilities—In this article, current liabilities include accounts payable; mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in less than 1 year; and other current liabilities, such as accrued taxes, payrolls, and other expenses. Noncurrent liabilities include loans from stockholders; mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more; and other liabilities, including those not identified on the tax return as either current or long-term.

Foreign Person—A foreign person (or entity) includes: (1) a foreign citizen or nonresident alien, (2) an individual who is a citizen of a U.S. possession (but who is not a U.S. citizen or resident), (3) a foreign corporation, (4) a foreign partnership, (5) a for-

eign estate or trust within the meaning of IRC section 7701(a)(31), and (6) a foreign government (or one of its agencies or instrumentalities) to the extent that it is engaged in the conduct of a commercial activity as described in IRC section 892.

Foreign Tax Credit—Although the United States taxes the worldwide income of U.S. persons (including corporations), foreign source income is often taxed as well by the country where the income is earned. The foreign tax credit provisions were enacted to mitigate the potential impact of the double taxation of foreign-source income. U.S. persons are allowed a credit against U.S. income tax for income taxes paid (or accrued) to foreign countries or U.S. possessions, subject to a limitation that prevented corporations from using foreign tax credits to reduce U.S. tax liability on U.S.-sourced income. A corporation that claimed the foreign tax credit could not also claim a business deduction for the same foreign taxes paid. The foreign tax credit was not allowed for taxes paid to certain foreign countries whose governments were not recognized by the United States, with which the United States severed or did not conduct diplomatic relations, or which provided support for international terrorism.

Income Subject to Tax—For most corporations, income subject to tax, i.e., taxable income, consisted of (positive) net income minus certain statutory special deductions. However, there were special provisions in the Internal Revenue Code for determining the taxable income of S corporations and insurance companies.

Income Tax—This item was the amount of a corporation's tax liability calculated at the regular corporate tax rates. It is included in the amounts reported for both total income tax before (and after) credits.

Interest—This item is taxable interest, a component of total receipts. It includes interest on U.S. Government obligations, loans, notes, mortgages, corporate bonds, bank deposits, and dividends from savings and loans and mutual savings banks. This item does not include interest received from certain government obligations not subject to U.S. income tax, including those issued by States, local governments, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions.

Net Income (or Deficit)—This is a company's net profit or loss from taxable sources of income reduced by deductions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. It reflects not only actual receipts, but "construc-

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tive" receipts as well (i.e., includable income from Controlled Foreign Corporations and the foreign dividend "gross-up"). Tax-exempt interest on State and local government obligations is excluded from this item, but is included in "total receipts." The deductions include ordinary and necessary business deductions, but do not include statutory special deductions. The statistics for (positive) net income are generally larger than those for "income subject to tax" because the latter is reduced by the amount of statutory special deductions, including the net operating loss deduction. In this article, for a group of returns, this item may be referred to as either "profits" (i.e., net income exceeds deficits) or "losses" (deficits exceed net income). On Form 1120, net income (or deficit) was reported on page 1, line 28, entitled "Taxable income before net operating loss deduction and special deductions."

Net Operating Loss Deduction (NOLD)—A statutory "net operating loss" (NOL) for a given tax year could be carried back, in general, 2 years to reduce the taxable income of those years. Similarly, any amount of the NOL not offset against income during that time could be carried forward to offset income for a period not exceeding 20 years. A "net operating loss" is calculated using the laws and IRS regulations in effect for a given tax year, and is the excess of allowable deductions over taxable income, with certain adjustments. The amount of the deduction included in the statistics of this article, however, consists only of losses from prior years carried forward and actually used to reduce taxable income for the current (2005) tax year. Losses incurred after Tax Year 2005 and carried back to that year at a later date were not reported on the tax returns used for this article. Net operating losses on which the 2005 deduction was based include: (1) the excess of ordinary and necessary business expenses over income for previous loss years, and (2) statutory special deductions claimed in a loss year for dividends received and for dividends paid on certain preferred stock of public utilities (or any excess of such deductions over net income).

Net Worth—This item represented the stockholders' equity in the corporation, i.e., total assets less the claims of creditors. It is the net sum of capital stock, additional paid-in capital, appropriated retained earnings, and unappropriated retained earnings (including adjustments to shareholders' equity), minus the cost of treasury stock. Adjustments to shareholders' equity could be either positive or negative, and included unrealized gains and losses on securities held "available for sale." Treasury stock is common or preferred stock originally issued by the corporation that has been reacquired and held at the end of the accounting period by the issuing corporation.

Number of Returns—The data contained in this article include the number of returns filed for Tax Year 2005. For simplicity, the number of returns is sometimes referred to in this article as the number of corporations. However, the actual number of corporations may be larger than the number of returns because most domestic corporations could elect to file consolidated income tax returns. These returns were filed by common parent corporations and contained combined financial data of two or more affiliated domestic corporations meeting certain stock ownership requirements. Each consolidated return was treated for statistical purposes as a single unit.

Real Estate Investment Trusts—Domestic corporations, trusts, and associations that meet certain ownership, purpose, income, and diversification requirements may elect to be taxed as real estate investment trusts (REITs). Foreign-controlled domestic corporations can be REITs. However, RE-ITs played a much larger role for ODCs than for FCDCs.¹⁸ REITs generally invest in real estate and mortgages. A beneficial ownership of the trust is established through transferable shares or transferable certificates of beneficial interest. Among the income requirements, at least 95 percent of the total gross income of a REIT must come from dividends; interest; rents from real property; and gains from the sale of stock, securities, and real property; etc. Additionally, at least 75 percent of total gross income must be derived from rents from real property; interest on mortgages on real property; gains from sales of real property and mortgages; and dividends and gains from the sale of transferable shares in other REITs; etc. The tax liability of REITs is generally very low. This is because, through a statutory special deduction for dividends paid, REITs are not taxed on amounts

¹⁸ Shown in Appendix A of this article are Tax Year 2005 data for all REITs, RICs, and S corporations, regardless of size, filed by foreign-controlled domestic corporations (FCDCs) and by other domestic corporations (ODCs).

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distributed to shareholders. In general, REITs must distribute to their shareholders at least 90 percent of their taxable incomes. Such distributions are taxed to the shareholders (i.e., beneficiaries).

Regulated Investment Companies—A regulated investment company (RIC) is a domestic corporation registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a management company, business development company, unit investment trust, common trust fund, or a similar fund. Typically, it is a mutual fund. Foreign-controlled domestic corporations can be RICs. However, RICs played a much larger role for ODCs than for FCDCs. 18 A RIC must meet certain Internal Revenue Code requirements, including deriving at least 90 percent of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments related to securities loans, and gains from the sale of stock or securities, foreign currencies, or other income related to its business of investing in such stock, securities, or currencies. The tax liability of RICs is generally very low. This is because, through a statutory special deduction for dividends paid, RICs are not taxed on amounts distributed to shareholders. In general. RICs must distribute to their shareholders at least 90 percent of their taxable incomes. Such distributions are taxed at the shareholder level.

S Corporations—An S corporation has elected to be taxed through its shareholders under Internal Revenue Code section 1362. The IRC contains restrictive criteria that a company must meet in order to qualify as an S corporation, which include the number and types of shareholders. These companies are involved in numerous industrial activities. They report corporate income and deductions from their conduct of trades and businesses, but generally allocate any income or loss to their shareholders to be taxed only at the individual level. S corporations comprise a very large part of the corporate population. However, foreign-controlled domestic corporations cannot elect to be treated as S corporations. 18

Statutory Special Deductions—In general, net income less statutory special deductions equals income subject to tax. This item is the sum of: (1) deductions for net operating loss carryovers from prior years, and (2) special deductions for dividends and other corporate attributes allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, which includes: (a) dividends received deductions, (b) deductions for dividends paid on certain stock of public utilities, (c) deductions for dividends paid by regulated investment companies

and real estate investment trusts, (d) Internal Revenue Code section 857(b)(2)(E) deductions reported by real estate investment trusts, and (e) Code section 806(a) small life insurance company deductions. These deductions were in addition to ordinary and necessary business deductions.

Total Assets—This item represented those assets reported in the end-of-year balance sheets of the corporations' books of account. Total assets were net amounts after reduction by accumulated depreciation, accumulated amortization, accumulated depletion, and the reserve for bad debts.

Total Income Tax Before and After Credits—For 2005, total income tax of FCDCs was primarily comprised of the income tax imposed on corporate income subject to tax (98.7 percent of the total tax). The alternative minimum tax accounted for 1.3 percent of the total. A small number of corporation income tax returns without net income reported amounts of income tax. The income tax, in these cases, resulted from special provisions of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to life insurance operations. Additionally, some taxes included in total income tax were not imposed directly on a corporation's income subject to tax, such as the recapture taxes. Thus, a small number of corporations without net income and income tax may have reported such taxes on their income tax returns. These taxes were included in the statistics for total income tax. Also included in total income tax were personal holding company taxes and the taxes on undistributed net capital gains of regulated investment companies. Total income tax included an adjustment that could be either positive or negative. This adjustment was used for write-in amounts on the tax computation schedule (e.g., Schedule J of Form 1120), as well as for differences in total tax reported on the tax computation schedule and reported on the tax and payments section of the tax return (e.g., Page 1 of Form 1120). For 2005, the credits used to reduce the total income tax of FCDCs primarily included the foreign tax credit (70.7 percent of the \$11.4 billion of total credits), the general business credit (21.2 percent), and the prior-year minimum tax credit (7.1 percent), as well as small amounts of the U.S. possessions tax credit, the nonconventional source fuel credit, and the qualified zone academy bond credit.

Total Receipts—This item includes all of the income actually (as opposed to constructively) received by a corporation and reported on its income

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tax return. It includes gross taxable receipts, before the deduction of cost of goods sold and ordinary and necessary business expenses. It also includes tax-exempt interest received on State and local government obligations. A domestic corporation (i.e., one incorporated in the United States), whether controlled by a foreign person or not, could have business activities in a foreign country, as well as in the United States. Thus, total receipts may include those from foreign branch operations of the U.S. company. Also, the total receipts of a domestic corporation conducting business abroad through foreign subsidiaries may include dividends remitted from those subsidiaries. However, total receipts exclude certain taxable income from related foreign corporations that is only constructively received by the domestic corporation. Long-term capital gains of regulated investment companies, as well as both short-term and long-term capital gains of S corporations, are also excluded.

Total Receipts Less Total Deductions—This item differs from the "net income (less deficit)" shown in the statistics in that it includes nontaxable interest received on State and local government obligations, and excludes constructive taxable income from related foreign corporations.

Data Sources and Limitations

Time Period Covered

Data for Tax Year 2005 are based on returns with accounting periods that ended between July 2005 and June 2006. These accounting periods were 12 months in length, or less for part-year accounting periods. As a result of the 12-month span for ending accounting periods, the statistics shown in this article include accounting periods that began and ended within a 23-month span. For Tax Year 2005, that span was from August 2004 through June 2006. Nevertheless, most of the income and expense data are, in fact, associated with Calendar Year 2005. Of the 61,820 FCDC returns filed for Tax Year 2005, 40,913 had accounting periods that ended in December 2005, 66 percent of the total. These returns accounted for 77 percent of both the receipts and deductions reported by all FCDCs, as well as 87 percent of the FCDC assets.

The sampling frame for the 2005 statistics consisted, in general, of tax returns with accounting

periods that ended between July 2005 and June 2006, and that posted to the IRS Business Master File between July 2005 and June 2007. A 24-month sampling period was needed for several reasons. First, some corporations had noncalendar year accounting periods ending as late as June 2006. Second, while corporation returns were usually required to be filed within 2 1/2 months after the close of the accounting period, many requested filing extensions of 6 months. Third, normal administrative processing time lags required that the sampling process remained open until June 2007.

Returns Covered

The number of returns shown in this article represents returns of "active" corporations, i.e., those that reported any income or deduction items. While any corporation in existence during any portion of the taxable year was required to file an income tax return (even though it may have been inactive, not having any income or deductions), the great majority of returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service were for active corporations. Nonprofit corporations, exempt farmers' cooperatives, and certain other incorporated organizations did not file corporation income tax returns and are not included in the statistics shown in this article. Part-year returns, those filed for accounting periods of less than 12 months, were included in the number of returns and other data shown in this article. Continuing corporations changing their accounting periods, new corporations in existence less than 12 months, merging corporations, and liquidating corporations filed such returns. To avoid double counting, data from the balance sheets of part-year returns were not included in the statistics, except for those from initial returns of newly incorporated businesses.

Sample

This article presents statistical estimates based on a stratified sample of nearly 7,700 unaudited tax returns selected from over 61,800 returns of active domestic corporations controlled by a foreign person filed for Tax Year 2005. The statistics for FCDCs are based on samples of corporation income tax returns filed primarily on Form 1120 (*U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return*). In addition, the statistics for all FCDCs include data from the small numbers of other domestic corporation income tax returns filed on

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Forms 1120L (*U.S. Life Insurance Company Income Tax Return*), 1120-RIC (*U.S. Income Tax Return for Regulated Investment Companies*), 1120-REIT (*U.S. Income Tax Return for Real Estate Investment Trusts*), and 1120-PC (*U.S. Property and Casualty Insurance Company Income Tax Return*). For Tax Year 2005, FCDCs filed only 52 Forms 1120L, 260 Forms 1120-RIC, 79 Forms 1120-REIT, and 56 Forms 1120-PC. ¹⁹ As previously mentioned, FCDCs could not file Forms 1120-A, 1120-F, and 1120S. The statistics for the largest FCDCs shown in Figures F through H, and in Table 4, exclude Forms 1120-RIC and 1120-REIT.

Form 1120 sampled returns were stratified based on the size of total assets and the size of "proceeds" (which was used as a measure of income and was the larger of the absolute value of net income or deficit or the absolute value of "cash flow," i.e., net income plus depreciation plus depletion). Forms 1120L, 1120-RIC, 1120-REIT, and 1120-PC were sampled based solely on the size of total assets.

For 2005, the sampling rates for Forms 1120 alone (the majority of returns included in the sample) ranged from less than 1 percent to 100 percent. In general, Form 1120 returns with assets of \$50 million or more, or with "proceeds" of \$10 million or more, were selected for the Statistics of Income study at the 100-percent sampling rate. Thus, most if not all of the "largest" FCDCs (and other domestic corporations as well) were selected at the 100-percent rate. Therefore, sampling error is not considered to be a major concern for the large-corporation data shown in this article. For additional information on the sampling rates, see *Statistics of Income—2005, Corporation Income Tax Returns*.

Because the data presented are estimates based on samples, they are subject to sampling error. To properly use these data, the magnitude of the sampling error should be known. Coefficients of variation (CVs) are used to measure that magnitude. Figure I shows CVs for selected financial data of selected industrial sectors and selected countries of the

Figure I

Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items, by Selected Industrial Sector and Selected Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Year 2005

			Coefficients	of variation (p	ercentages)		
Selected industrial sector or country	Number of returns	Total assets	Total receipts	Net income	Deficit	Income subject to tax	Total income tax after credits
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Total	4.18	0.03	0.16	0.16	0.64	0.16	0.19
Selected industrial sector:							
Manufacturing	9.66	0.05	0.14	0.15	0.54	0.15	0.19
Wholesale trade	7.97	0.30	0.56	0.53	3.72	0.61	0.63
Information	21.89	0.15	1.10	0.87	0.67	1.11	1.13
Finance and insurance	13.13	0.01	0.15	0.49	0.09	0.30	0.35
Real estate and rental and leasing	8.75	0.95	2.05	2.78	10.87	3.40	3.47
Professional, scientific, and technical services	16.17	0.52	1.71	2.30	3.19	2.90	3.14
Management of companies (holding companies)	23.53	0.06	0.12	0.40	0.23	0.40	0.54
Selected country of foreign owner:							
Bermuda	9.71	0.15	0.82	0.97	1.35	1.74	2.76
Canada	11.65	0.11	0.69	0.69	2.63	0.91	0.99
France	19.60	0.06	0.32	0.39	1.89	0.45	0.54
Germany	13.28	0.07	0.33	0.73	2.01	0.75	1.08
Japan	10.90	0.16	0.44	0.38	1.83	0.39	0.41
Netherlands	23.69	0.04	0.20	0.26	2.06	0.26	0.42
Sweden	52.87	0.43	0.63	1.49	7.15	1.04	1.07
Switzerland	21.13	0.07	0.90	0.60	3.01	0.64	0.68
United Kingdom	14.48	0.03	0.24	0.17	2.59	0.15	0.20

¹⁹ The counts of 52 Forms 1120L and 260 Forms 1120-PC do not include returns of life insurance companies and property/casualty insurance companies, respectively, that were filed as part of consolidated returns under IRC section 1504(c). Under this section, a nonlife insurance parent company could include a domestic life insurance subsidiary in a consolidated return. For 2005, there were 121 section 1504(c) returns of foreign-controlled domestic corporations. Of this number, 59 returns had a property/casualty insurance company as the largest subsidiary; 12 returns had a life insurance company as the largest subsidiary; and the remainder (50) had a noninsurance company as the largest subsidiary.

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foreign owners. For a general discussion of sampling procedures and CVs, see "SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations" located near the back of this issue of the *Statistics of Income Bulletin*.

Nonsampling Limitations

Nonsampling errors can be categorized as coverage errors, nonresponse errors, processing errors, or response errors. These errors can be the result of the inability to obtain information about all returns in the sample, differing interpretations of tax concepts or instructions by the taxpayer, inability of a corporation to provide accurate information at the time of filing (data are collected before auditing), inability to obtain all tax schedules and attachments, errors in recording or coding the data, errors in collecting or cleaning the data, errors made in estimating for missing data, and failure to represent all population units.

Returns were selected for this study based on taxpayers' responses to two questions that appeared on the various types of Form 1120. The first question asked whether one "foreign person" owned, directly or indirectly, 25 percent or more of the filing corporation's voting stock or of the total value of all the corporation's stock, at any time during the tax year. If this question was answered "Yes," then a second question asked for the percentage owned.²⁰ If the first question was answered "Yes," and the second question was answered with a percentage between 50 and 100, then the return was included in the FCDC statistics. Taxpayers sometimes incorrectly answered these questions or did not answer them at all.²¹ However, prior to tabulation, corporations with large amounts of assets or receipts, and with changes in foreign ownership status between 2004 and 2005, were researched, and the answers to the questions were verified. These large corporations had a dominating effect on the estimates for balance sheet, income statement, and tax items.

Each return used for the statistics had an industry code reported, or was assigned one during administrative or statistical processing. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) was used as a classifier of the returns. The industry code represented the principal business activity (i.e., the activity which accounted for the largest portion of the total receipts) of the corporation filing the return. However, a given return may summarize the activity of a company engaged in several businesses or may have been a consolidated return filed for an affiliated group of corporations that conducted different business activities. To the extent that some consolidated (and nonconsolidated) returns covered corporations that were engaged in many types of business activities, the data in this article are not entirely related to the industrial activity under which they are shown.

There is an additional limitation related to data presented by industrial classification. Companies that sell similar products may not be classified in the same industry. For instance, those FCDCs that were primarily U.S. distributors of products made in foreign countries by their parent or other related companies were classified as wholesalers. However, other domestic corporations that were also distributors may have been included in consolidated returns covering both the manufacture and distribution of similar products and classified as manufacturers.

Each return was assigned a foreign country code during statistical processing that identified the owner's country. For individuals, it was the owner's country of residence. For all others, it was the country in which the foreign entity was incorporated, organized, created, or administered. To the extent that a holding company or other affiliated entity was part of a chain between a U.S. subsidiary company and the ultimate foreign parent, the country data may be related to the holding company and, thus, not be related to the foreign country of the ultimate parent.

²⁰ On Form 1120, Page 3, Schedule K, the actual questions were: "(7) At any time during the tax year, did one foreign person own, directly or indirectly, at least 25 percent of: (a) the total voting power of all classes of stock of the corporation entitled to vote, or (b) the total value of all classes of stock of the corporation?" and "(7a) If 'Yes,' enter percentage owned." There was an additional question used for the country distribution of these statistics, which was: "(7b) If 'Yes,' enter owner's country."

²¹ The FCDC statistics include data from returns in which the first question (see footnote 20) was answered "Yes," and the second question covering percentage owned was not answered. There were 1,806 returns for Tax Year 2005 that were included in the FCDC data, although the exact foreign ownership percentage was not specified. These returns reported \$21.8 billion of assets and \$18.5 billion of receipts.

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Appendix A

REITs, RICs, and S Corporations Filed by Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations (FCDCs) and Other Domestic Corporations (ODCs), Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Type of corporation and item	FCDCs	ODCs
Real Estate Investment Trusts		
Number of returns	79	1,172
Total assets	40,780	1,294,294
Total receipts	3,260	110,821
Net income (less deficit)	1,851	68,734
Income subject to tax	0	34
Total income tax after credits	[1]	95
Regulated Investment Companies		
Number of returns	260	10,699
Total assets	189,965	10,290,601
Total receipts	5,438	304,352
Net income (less deficit)	4,189	210,777
Income subject to tax	0	2
Total income tax after credits	[1]	21
S Corporations		
Number of returns	0	3,684,086
Total assets	0	2,736,982
Total receipts	0	5,252,514
Total net income (less deficit)	0	361,043
Income subject to tax	0	1,463
Total income tax after credits	0	611

^[1] Less than \$500,000.

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Table 1. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations as a Percentage of All Corporations: Selected Items for Selected Tax Years 1971-2005

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Item	1971	1990	1996	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ALL CORPORATIONS								
Number of returns, total	1,733,332	3,716,650	4,631,370	5,045,274	5,266,607	5,401,237	5,557,965	5,671,257
Number with net income	1,063,940	1,910,670	2,588,424	2,819,153	2,800,517	2,932,115	3,116,468	3,324,260
Total assets	2,889,221	18,190,058	28,642,263	47,026,872	50,413,502	53,644,785	60,117,759	66,445,430
Total receipts	1,906,008	11,409,520	15,525,718	20,605,808	19,749,426	20,689,574	22,711,864	25,504,789
Business receipts	1,763,760	9,860,442	13,659,470	17,636,551	17,297,125	18,264,394	19,975,876	21,800,290
Interest received [1]	65,596	942,238	1,037,374	1,576,101	1,233,298	1,132,675	1,337,626	1,712,271
Total deductions	1,824,063	11,032,575	14,728,089	19,691,592	19,198,882	19,940,595	21,636,156	23,612,766
Cost of goods sold	1,241,282	6,610,770		11,135,288	10,607,404	11,318,645	12,497,905	13,816,464
Interest paid	64,697	825,372	770,885	1,271,679	912,752	818,017	938,790	1,287,098
Total receipts less total deductions	81,945	376,945	797,629	914,216	550,544	748,980	1,075,708	1,892,024
Net income (less deficit)	79,700	370,633	806,485	927,526	563,657	779,989	1,111,693	1,948,655
Net income	96,688	552,527	986,783	1,336,620	1,053,126	1,175,609	1,455,797	2,234,882
Deficit	-16,988	-181,894	-180,298	-409,094	-489,470	-395,620	-344,104	-286,227
Income subject to tax	83,165	366,353	639,840	760,404	600,554	699,337	857,392	1,201,325
Total income tax before credits	37,510	128,186	223,713	266,282	209,691	243,823	299,555	419,209
Income tax	37,143	119,434	219,757	262,233	207,056	241,275	296,200	416,324
Total income tax after credits	30,220	96,403	170,621	204,044	153,613	177,517	224,435	312,086
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS								
Number of returns, total	5,154	44,113	62,141	60,609	61,615	58,945	57,935	61,820
Number with net income	2,575	17,360	29,115	26,519	26,617	27,269	29,233	30,870
Total assets	36,674	1,652,255	3,047,613	6,071,994	6,382,309	6,170,122	7,971,399	9,218,983
Total receipts	39,181	1,060,295	1,656,366	2,612,072	2,510,781	2,569,302	3,056,503	3,505,629
Business receipts	38,043	950,083	1,486,200	2,253,215	2,249,184	2,329,930	2,733,472	3,058,260
Interest received [1]	420	67,315	98,681	180,006	122,104	102,179	154,954	235,304
Total deductions	38,050	1,056,921	1,616,498	2,549,986	2,506,266	2,542,193	2,969,718	3,345,178
Cost of goods sold	28,804	709,052	1,073,946	1,584,513	1,548,698	1,652,622	1,964,224	2,239,966
Interest paid	733	77,562	96,537	186,835	119,001	109,453	129,530	199,877
Total receipts less total deductions	1,132	3,374	39,868	62,085	4,515	27,109	86,785	160,450
Net income (less deficit)	1,111	3,966	41,924	66,312	7,838	31,952	90,846	165,188
Net income	1,496	29,410	67,842	118,598	82,660	92,846	138,010	201,597
Deficit	-384	-25,444	-25,918	-52,287	-74,822	-60,895	-47,165	-36,409
Income subject to tax	1,344	23,704	52,778	97,515	64,593	73,521	104,740	153,007
Total income tax before credits	650	8,719	18,984	34,650	22,727	25,971	37,058	53,820
Income tax	631	8,008	18,329	33,950	22,447	25,607	36,451	53,137
Total income tax after credits	610	7,438	15,437	28,073	17,819	19,121	29,932	42,415
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS AS A PERCENTAGE OF ALL CORPORATIONS								
Number of returns, total	0.30	1.19	1.34	1.20	1.17	1.09	1.04	1.09
Number with net income	0.24	0.91	1.12	0.94	0.95	0.93	0.94	0.93
Total assets	1.27	9.08	10.64	12.91	12.66	11.50	13.26	13.87
Total receipts	2.06	9.29	10.67	12.68	12.71	12.42	13.46	13.74
Business receipts	2.16	9.64	10.88	12.78	13.00	12.76	13.68	14.03
Interest received [1]	0.64	7.14		11.42	9.90	9.02	11.58	13.74
Total deductions	2.09	9.58	10.98	12.95	13.05	12.75	13.73	14.17
Cost of goods sold	2.32	10.73	12.33	14.23	14.60	14.60	15.72	16.21
Interest paid	1.13	9.40	12.52	14.69	13.04	13.38	13.80	15.53
Total receipts less total deductions	1.38	0.90	5.00	6.79	0.82	3.62	8.07	8.48
Net income (less deficit)	1.39	1.07	5.20	7.15	1.39	4.10	8.17	8.48
Net income	1.55	5.32	6.88	8.87	7.85	7.90	9.48	9.02
Deficit	2.26	13.99	14.38	12.78	15.29	15.39	13.71	12.72
Income subject to tax	1.62	6.47	8.25	12.82	10.76	10.51	12.22	12.74
Total income tax before credits	1.73	6.80	8.49	13.01	10.84	10.65	12.37	12.84
Income tax	1.70	6.70	8.34	12.95	10.84	10.61	12.31	12.76
Total income tax after credits	2.02	7.72	9.05	13.76	11.60	10.77	13.34	13.59

^[1] Excludes nontaxable interest received on State and local government obligations.

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. All amounts are in current dollars. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Returns, selected years, for discussions of changes affecting the comparability of the data over time.

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Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2005 [All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	l N	umber of retu		Total	Net	Total	Business	Total
Major industry	Total	With	With total	assets	worth	receipts	receipts	deductions
	Total	net	income tax	accosto		1000.pt0	. ooo.pto	uouuoo
	(1)	income (2)	after credits (3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
All industries [1]	61,820	30,870	21,362	9,218,983	1,959,727	3,505,629	3,058,260	3,345,178
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	841	292	21,302	5,164	1,776	2,598	2,059	2,649
Agricultural production	664	209	135	4,076	1,761	2,098	1,743	2,175
Forestry and logging	*67	*62	*62	*509	*74	*227	*135	*164
Support activities and fishing, hunting, and trapping	111	*21	*7	579	-59	273	181	310
Mining	696	247	187	100,708	51,032	46,670	43,673	40,992
Utilities	76	48	45	95,959	25,622	40,198	38,329	38,436
Construction	2,530	1,187	1,059	35,480	11,395	41,876	39,233	39,810
Construction of buildings	708	415	382	17,362	5,193	26,983	25,830	25,559
Heavy and civil engineering construction	1,103	174	136	14,083	5,098	9,915	8,536	9,196
Specialty trade contractors	719	598	541	4,035	1,104	4,979	4,867	5,055
Manufacturing	7,128	4,073	2,677	2,380,069	557,013	1,659,400	1,567,026	1,580,675
Food manufacturing	546	142	106	52,460	12,372	51,866	51,139	51,400
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	64	37	34	35,050	7,207	24,217	22,455	21,998
Textile mills and textile product mills	136	70	59	3,072	1,348	3,761	3,635	3,688
Apparel manufacturing	104	99	98	1,169	562	2,016	1,971	1,937
Leather and allied product manufacturing	d	d	d	d 5.540	d	d 7 445	d 7 050	7.000
Wood product manufacturing	174	138 73	140 66	5,516	985	7,415	7,250	7,099
Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities	111 51	40	40	14,870 9,457	5,231 1,638	21,294 11,315	20,594 11,090	21,385 11,202
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	43	38	36	1,015,933	138,750	589,543	569,665	559,379
Chemical manufacturing	477	334	256	280,891	98,655	191,438	174,932	175,536
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	647	198	162	40,455	8,974	50,034	48,403	49,477
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	149	122	109	81,411	29,541	53,850	50,172	48,937
Primary metal manufacturing	136	89	85	36,019	12,574	45,267	44,022	42,240
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	483	257	180	37,887	12,936	36,742	35,283	34,907
Machinery manufacturing	852	528	406	137,659	43,835	100,962	95,784	98,106
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	1,252	1,047	301	114,528	45,955	95,472	90,586	95,173
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component								
manufacturing	273	166	76	35,897	14,377	29,986	28,672	28,758
Transportation equipment manufacturing	873	282	238	440,651	111,754	310,846	280,369	297,855
Furniture and related product manufacturing	140	*112	*11	1,712	393	3,236	3,199	3,029
Miscellaneous manufacturing	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	0
Wholesale and retail trade	19,388	9,762	6,667	526,079	144,100	888,086	860,612	862,002
Wholesale trade	15,789	8,318	5,800	431,167	116,701	713,321	690,450	691,128
Wholesale trade, durable goods	10,302	5,631	4,267	291,103	77,799	510,279	498,449	498,038
Wholesale trade, nondurable goods	5,110	2,591	1,530	139,862	38,782	202,836	191,795	192,886
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers Retail trade	*377	*96	*4 866	*201	*120	*206	*206	*205 170,873
Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers	3,599 90	1,444 40	21	94,913 3,456	27,399 1,080	174,765 7,462	170,163 7,300	7,358
Furniture and home furnishings stores	163	40 d	d d	4,825	700	5,009	4,924	4,891
Electronics and appliance stores	481	241	90	2,040	-267	3,794	3,699	3,782
Building material and garden equipment and	401	2-11	- 00	2,040	201	0,704	0,000	0,702
supplies dealers	*58	*55	*54	*597	*181	*1,294	*1,274	*1,272
Food, beverage and liquor stores	43	17	16	42,803	13,231	95,378	93,338	93,381
Health and personal care stores	93	*33	*31	9,179	1,829	14,876	14,479	14,584
Gasoline stations	*312	*63	*62	*2,323	*783	*9,106	*8,973	*8,912
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	288	85	69	13,021	6,955	12,669	11,878	11,914
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	693	*93	*92	905	176	1,560	1,532	1,596
General merchandise stores	*232	d	d	*123	*61	*307	*277	*340
Miscellaneous store retailers	137	68	58	8,114	247	8,284	7,939	8,160
Nonstore retailers	1,009	723	322	7,529	2,422	15,028	14,549	14,683
Transportation and warehousing	2,510	1,604	1,203	50,735	19,762	47,882	45,689	47,923
Air, rail, and water transportation	413	111	32	15,320	5,018	8,088	7,524	7,859
Truck transportation	555	*26	*25	1,415	535	1,994	1,962	1,989
Transit and ground passenger transportation	*280	*277	*277	*2,803	*1,611	*2,530	*2,487	*2,558
Pipeline transportation	*14	*11	*11	*3,411	*1,893	*1,244	*1,047	*1,248
Other transportation and support activities	942	877	569	24,090	9,438	31,243	30,171	31,738
Warehousing and storage	307	303	290	3,696	1,268	2,783	2,498	2,532

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	N	umber of retu	ns					ĺ
Major industry		With	With total	Total	Net	Total	Business	Total
Major iridustry	Total	net	income tax	assets	worth	receipts	receipts	deductions
		income	after credits					ĺ
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Information	2,256	1,015	657	309,461	181,578	82,855	71,028	80,21
Publishing industries	941	510	163	61,960	15,408	29,719	25,709	28,94
Motion picture and sound recording industries	422	30	26	28,175	13,226	10,942	8,205	9,88
Broadcasting (except Internet)	92	*18	*17	2,697	1,835	1,296	1,189	1,44
Internet publishing and broadcasting	*5	d	d	*15,327	*3,318	*7,920	*7,624	*7,28
Telecommunications	570	306	303	185,804	143,558	26,348	22,641	26,26
Internet service providers, Web search portals, and				,	.,	- , -	, .	
data processing services	183	128	*124	3,943	201	1,365	1,209	1,48
Other information services	42	d	d	11,555	4,033	5,266	4,450	4,90
Finance and insurance	2,540	1,390	962	4,370,039	729,450	436,398	222,230	415,58
Credit intermediation	668	216	163	261,113	21,106	16,864	8,076	15,99
Depository credit intermediation	149	32	30	94,110	7,083	4,074	595	3,5
Nondepository credit intermediation	519	184	133	167,003	14,023	12,790	7,481	12,40
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial				,,,,,,	,	,	, -	<u> </u>
investments and related activities	757	450	389	2,014,317	90,288	139,628	32,202	132,86
Insurance carriers and related activities	340	257	236	1,821,551	402,627	269,256	181,950	262,55
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	776	467	174	273,057	215,429	10,650	3	4,10
Real estate and rental and leasing	11,571	5,487	3,835	106,071	35,998	25,235	16,869	22,14
Real estate	11,274	5,246	3,652	74,648	30,593	13,060	6,383	10,60
Rental and leasing services	292	d	d	31,192	5,308	12,022	10,396	11,40
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except								
copyrighted works)	*5	d	d	*232	*97	*152	*89	*14
Professional, scientific, and technical services	5,442	2,470	1,435	117,966	51,311	64,546	59,558	62,8
Management of companies (holding companies)	2,567	1,058	726	1,002,966	105,938	85,278	16,660	71,0
Administrative and support and waste management and								
remediation services	1,368	648	276	34,494	11,430	33,765	32,021	33,3
Administrative and support services	1,348	636	266	28,752	9,201	30,447	28,909	30,0
Waste management and remediation services	*20	*12	*10	*5,742	*2,229	*3,319	*3,112	*3,36
Educational services	108	*13	*12	1,369	575	1,180	1,143	1,14
Health care and social assistance	369	265	265	22,781	11,653	13,448	12,510	12,09
Offices of health practitioners and outpatient care centers	*309	*251	*251	*17,284	*9,636	*8,686	*7,977	*7,52
Miscellaneous health care and social assistance	22	*10	*10	2,079	874	1,424	1,345	1,42
Hospitals, nursing, and residential care facilities	*38	*4	*4	*3,419	*1,143	*3,338	*3,188	*3,14
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	737	630	594	5,874	1,620	4,171	3,382	3,9
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	408	366	334	3,064	1,060	1,635	1,308	1,46
Other arts, entertainment, and recreation	329	265	261	2,810	560	2,536	2,074	2,5
Accommodation and food services	1,110	487	364	49,719	18,400	28,097	22,496	26,48
Accommodation	365	184	152	35,341	16,968	9,612	5,616	8,49
Food services and drinking places	745	303	212	14,378	1,433	18,485	16,880	17,98
Other services	583	193	193	4,045	1,073	3,947	3,746	3,7
Repair and maintenance	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Personal and laundry services	387	*8	*8	2,291	352	1,501	1,350	1,3
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	Cost	Total	Net			Income	Total inc	ome tax
Major industry	of	receipts	income	Net	Deficit	subject	Before	After
	goods	less total	(less	income		to	credits	credits
	sold	deductions	deficit)			tax		
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
All industries [1]	2,239,966	160,450	165,188	201,597	-36,409	153,007	53,820	42,41
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,270	-51	-46	296	-342	142	50	4
Agricultural production	1,058	-77	-77	184	-261	67	23	2
Forestry and logging	*112	*62	*62	*64	*-1	*64	*22	*2
Support activities and fishing, hunting, and trapping	101	-37	-32	*48	*-80	*11	*4	*:
Mining	23,628	5,678	6,017	6,831	-814	4,147	1,665	86
Utilities	22,873	1,761	1,758	1,884	-126	723	271	18
Construction of buildings	32,997	2,066	2,064	2,680	-616	2,310 1,425	808 499	79 49
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction	22,809 6,758	1,423 719	1,422 719	1,512 958	-90 -239	712	249	23
Specialty trade contractors	3,429	-76	-77	210	-239	173	60	6
Manufacturing	1,226,727	78,725	81,684	93,273	-11,589	78,253	27,486	19,83
Food manufacturing	31,988	465	445	1,826	-1,381	1,648	580	56
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	11,227	2,220	2,239	2,274	-35	1,936	677	64
Textile mills and textile product mills	2,731	73	73	182	-109	1,930	48	4
Apparel manufacturing	1,352	78	78	112	-34	91	31	3
Leather and allied product manufacturing	1,55 <u>2</u>	d d	d d	d	d	d	d	
Wood product manufacturing	5,765	316	316	406	-90	357	125	12-
Paper manufacturing	17,017	-90	-89	398	-487	126	44	4
Printing and related support activities	7,889	113	113	178	-65	133	47	4:
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	516,744	30,163	31,147	31,183	-36	30,653	10,728	6,89
Chemical manufacturing	94,674	15,902	17,036	18,030	-994	15,669	5,503	4,00
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	35,709	557	595	1,131	-537	605	212	17
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	32,521	4,914	5,026	5,269	-242	3,697	1,322	1,20
Primary metal manufacturing	34,779	3,027	3,117	3,446	-328	3,052	1,070	61:
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	25,812	1,834	1,870	2,213	-343	1,649	580	54
Machinery manufacturing	70,846	2,856	2,929	4,102	-1,174	2,245	797	59
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	69,127	299	396	2,496	-2,100	1,454	520	43
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component								
manufacturing	20,580	1,227	1,378	1,790	-412	1,069	380	20
Transportation equipment manufacturing	227,496	12,991	13,210	15,743	-2,533	12,216	4,279	3,17
Furniture and related product manufacturing	2,280	207	207	*207	*[2]	*197	*69	*6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Wholesale and retail trade	691,591	26,085	26,504	31,482	-4,978	24,002	8,380	7,79
Wholesale trade	567,145	22,193	22,453	26,500	-4,047	20,581	7,175	6,64
Wholesale trade, durable goods	415,607	12,242	12,391	15,192	-2,800	11,417	3,977	3,68
Wholesale trade, nondurable goods	151,538	9,950	10,061	11,299	-1,238	9,163	3,198	2,96
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	*0	*1	*1	*9	*-8	*[2]	*[2]	*[2
Retail trade	124,446	3,892	4,051	4,981	-931	3,421	1,205	1,15
Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers	6,325	104	104	150	-46	136	48	4
Furniture and home furnishings stores	2,792	118	117	d	d 163	d	d	4
Electronics and appliance stores	2,664	11	11	174	-163	58	21	1
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	*1.055	*22	*22	*34	*-12	*27	*9	*:
Food, beverage and liquor stores	70,419		2,172	2,211	-12	1,342	471	45
Health and personal care stores	9,240	292	2,172	*447	*-152	*379	*133	*12
Gasoline stations	*7,620		*189	*189	*[2]	*183	*64	*5
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	5,711	754	754	898	ر <u>-</u> ا 144-	566	203	20
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	1,142	-36	-36	*36	*-72	*18	*5	*
General merchandise stores	*208		*-34	d	d	d	d	
Miscellaneous store retailers	5,449	124	125	182	-57	119	42	4
Nonstore retailers	11,822	345	330	459	-130	395	140	13
Transportation and warehousing	17,392	-42	-33	1,607	-1,640	1,219	423	36
Air, rail, and water transportation	2,352	229	237	426	-189	385	136	9
Truck transportation	153		5	*31	*-26	*21	*8	*
Transit and ground passenger transportation	*1,097	*-28	*-28	*9	*-37	*4	*1	*
Pipeline transportation	*845	*-4	*-17	*81	*-98	*79	*27	*2
Other transportation and support activities	12,379		-481	788	-1,269	561	193	18
Warehousing and storage	567		252	273	-21	168	59	5

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Major Industry, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	Cost	Total	Net			Income	Total inc	ome tax
	of	receipts	income	Net	5 6 11	subject		
Major industry	goods	less total	(less	income	Deficit	to	Before	After
	sold	deductions	deficit)			tax	credits	credits
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Information		` '	` '		` ′		` '	
Information	27,059	2,639	2,917	6,709	-3,792	3,379	1,214	1,090
Publishing industries	10,743	774	855	1,283	-428	722	255	199
Motion picture and sound recording industries	4,035	1,055	1,175	1,277	-102	48	20	13
Broadcasting (except Internet)	478	-145	-154	*52	*-206	*27	*9	*8
Internet publishing and broadcasting	*1,616	*636	*637	d	d	d	d	d
Telecommunications	9,249	80	145	2,938	-2,793	1,809	655	608
Internet service providers, Web search portals, and	455	400	100	50	474	*40	*40	*40
data processing services	455	-122	-122	52	-174	*40	*13	*13
Other information services	484	361	382	d	d	d	d	d
Finance and insurance	137,081	20,816	21,155	28,280	-7,125	15,787	5,431	4,430
Credit intermediation	117	874	872	1,640	-768	1,517	530	491
Depository credit intermediation	0	545	541	601	-60	598	209	207
Nondepository credit intermediation	117	329	331	1,039	-708	919	321	284
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial		0.750	7.040					4 500
investments and related activities	507	6,758	7,218	7,978	-760	5,417	1,946	1,532
Insurance carriers and related activities	136,457	6,699	6,592	11,854	-5,262	8,219	2,734	2,299
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	0	6,484	6,473	6,808	-335	633	221	107
Real estate and rental and leasing	4,651	3,091	2,870	4,347	-1,477	2,811	978	914
Real estate	689	2,459	2,444	3,393	-949	2,427	835	811
Rental and leasing services	3,915	621	415	d	d	d	d	d
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except								
copyrighted works)	*47	*11	*11	d	d	d	d	d
Professional, scientific, and technical services	21,419	1,724	1,761	3,713	-1,951	2,248	790	689
Management of companies (holding companies)	759	14,196	14,734	15,586	-852	14,268	5,003	4,230
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	15,374	384	388	807	-419	544	190	169
Administrative and support services	14,985	425	428	784	-356	525	183	162
Waste management and remediation services	*388	*-41	*-40	*23	*-63	*19	*7	*7
Educational services	430	38	39	*58	*-19	*37	*13	*9
Health care and social assistance	4,535	1,358	1,357	1,485	-128	1,262	445	427
Offices of health practitioners and outpatient care centers	*4,040	*1,159	*1,158	*1,186	*-27	*1,115	*390	*385
Miscellaneous health care and social assistance	463	4	3	*54	*-51	*51	*18	*17
Hospitals, nursing, and residential care facilities	*32	*195	*195	*246	*-50	*96	*36	*24
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	788	178	185	405	-221	367	127	114
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	272	174	180	244	-64	219	76	66
Other arts, entertainment, and recreation	516	4	5	161	-157	148	51	48
Accommodation and food services	9,518	1,616	1,629	1,872	-243	1,249	458	380
Accommodation	845	1,115	1,126	1,236	-110	700	265	222
Food services and drinking places	8,673	501	503	636	-133	550	193	159
Other services	1,874	199	217	282	-65	259	89	70
Repair and maintenance	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Personal and laundry services	304	127	144	*192	*-48	*187	*65	*46
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d

 $^{^{\}star}$ Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.

^[1] Includes "Not allocable," which is not shown separately.

^[2] Absolute value is less than \$500,000.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Table 3. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Age of Corporation and Selected Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Year 2005

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	N	umber of retui	ns					
Age of corporation and selected		\A/;4b4	With total	Total	Net	Total	Business	Total
country of foreign owner	Total	With net	income tax	assets	worth	receipts	receipts	deductions
		income	after credits					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	, ,	` ,	` ′	` '	` '	` ,	` ,	` , ,
All foreign-controlled domestic corporations	61,820	30,870	21,362	9,218,983	1,959,727	3,505,629	3,058,260	3,345,178
AGE OF CORPORATION								
Old corporations:								
Number or amount	48,272	25,993	18,067	8,844,437	1,846,471	3,332,478	2,900,335	3,176,551
Percentage of all corporations	78.08	84.20	84.58	95.94	94.22	95.06	94.84	94.96
New corporations:	7 0.00	020	000	00.0	0	55.55	0 1.0 1	000
Number or amount	13,548	4,878	3,294	374.546	113,257	173,151	157,926	168,627
Percentage of all corporations	21.92	15.80	15.42	4.06	5.78	4.94	5.16	5.04
		10100						
SELECTED COUNTRY								
OF FOREIGN OWNER	EE 242	27 042	10 120	0.476.224	1 040 272	2 460 226	2 024 620	2 240 020
Selected countries, total	55,313	27,843	19,130	9,176,324	1,949,373	3,469,236	3,024,638	3,310,030
Percentage of all countries	89.47	90.19	89.55	99.54	99.47	98.96	98.90	98.95
Selected countries:					o - 000	00.0=0	00.455	
Australia	1,189	716	335	98,335	27,333	32,972	29,155	30,085
Austria	294	239	206	6,793	2,706	9,272	9,034	8,747
Belgium	659	495	155	81,653	8,959	38,769	32,960	36,575
Bermuda	248 1,092	143 444	108 67	200,316	62,840 1,890	65,581	54,478	64,977
Brazil British Virgin Islands [1]	3,203	1,176	922	9,345 20,296	5,911	7,885 18,054	7,359 16,056	7,600 17,587
Canada	9,569	4,796	3,691	889.973	261,760	303,710	257,202	292,448
Cayman Islands	1,190	4,790	430	88,953	41,510	23,910	19,779	22,207
China	1,180	433	381	4,962	1,320	8,486	8,295	8,263
China (Taiwan)	1,524	464	333	14,777	4,763	22,878	22,304	22,202
Colombia	886	*63	*62	621	-29	542	488	553
Denmark	441	381	84	18,147	4,072	19,943	18,951	19,233
Finland	84	44	44	12,694	4,779	21,209	20,218	20,855
Former Soviet Union [2]	628	*352	*76	2,097	577	8,087	7,945	8,038
France	2,213	1,112	514	850,778	241,097	228,913	183,685	213,664
Germany	4,252	2,221	1,597	1,165,695	245,699	444,701	376,542	428,537
Hong Kong	1,318	650	483	7,053	1,913	8,929	8,418	8,783
India	1,191	840	742	3,482	735	5,929	5,863	5,890
Ireland	496	186	161	29,020	3,306	17,494	15,559	17,004
Israel	918	469	305	35,464	7,078	13,971	12,257	13,274
Italy	1,318	637	425	30,042	9,847	22,005	20,667	20,668
Japan	4,853	2,590	1,976	686,403	174,559	567,063	532,471	543,963
Liechtenstein	180	63	44	2,754	1,281	5,093	4,804	4,831
Luxembourg	363	184	120	41,125	13,657	24,932	23,102	24,342
Mexico	2,192	1,397	891	24,204	11,311	21,302	19,400	19,388
Netherlands	1,885	1,067	795	1,400,655	290,685	431,047	366,254	412,554
Netherlands Antilles	268	142	132	9,062	3,631	7,702	6,990	6,699
Norway	208	70	53	13,709	4,942	13,246	12,412	12,647
Pakistan	*506	723	d 214	*82	*37	*221	*220	*244
Panama Puorto Rico	1,037			10,142	1,211	5,946	5,455	5,664
Puerto Rico Saudi Arabia	98 286	*19 30	*7 *12	26,927 4,217	1,332 1,969	1,884 9,719	291 8,618	1,826 8,876
Singapore	188	95		14,119	5,813	8,855	8,335	8,789
South Africa, Republic of	317	d	/ 2 d	3,759	467	5,684	5,599	5,798
South Korea, Republic of	1,333	563	279	25,143	4,717	59,007	57,846	58,508
Spain Spain	417	213	115	16,140	5,116	11,624	10,903	11,439
Sweden	466	362	343	49,528	12,274	52,528	49.467	50,619
Switzerland	1,427	779	634	771,797	56,155	156,562	123,717	149,123
United Kingdom	4,281	2,476	1,593	2,484,273	417,785	719,154	618,397	674,707
Venezuela	1,015	738		21,789	4,365	44,427	43,142	42,823

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Table 3. Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: Selected Items, by Age of Corporation and Selected Country of Foreign Owner, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]

		Total	 	N			Total inc	ome tax
Age of corporation and selected country of foreign owner	Cost of goods sold	receipts less total	Net income (less deficit)	Net income	Deficit	Income subject to tax	Before credits	After credits
	(9)	deductions (10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
		,		` ,	, ,	ì	` ′	,
All foreign-controlled domestic corporations	2,239,966	160,450	165,188	201,597	-36,409	153,007	53,820	42,4
AGE OF CORPORATION								
Old corporations:								
Number or amount	2,125,263	155,926	160,244	192,140	-31,896	146,133	51,371	40,4
Percentage of all corporations	94.88	97.18	97.01	95.31	87.60	95.51	95.45	95.
New corporations:	444.700	4.504	4.044	0.450	4.540	0.074	0.440	4.0
Number or amount	114,703		4,944	9,456	-4,513	6,874	2,449	1,9
Percentage of all corporations	5.12	2.82	2.99	4.69	12.40	4.49	4.55	4.
SELECTED COUNTRY OF FOREIGN OWNER								
Selected countries, total	2,214,543	159,206	163,928	199,159	-35,225	151,165	53,177	41,8
Percentage of all countries	98.87	99.22	99.24	98.79	96.75	98.80	98.81	98
Selected countries:								
Australia	17,570	2,888	2,973	3,998	-1,025	2,998	1,064	
Austria	6,584	525	524	579	-55	533	186	1
Belgium	23,925	2,193	2,216	2,427	-211	1,841	646	ţ
Bermuda	36,213	604	803	3,661	-2,858	1,522	571	- 3
Brazil British Virgin Islands [1]	5,507 12,129	285 468	284 473	515 1,155	-231 -682	477 579	166 199	
Canada	188,912	11,261	11,420	17,310	-5,890	11,243	4,002	3,3
Cayman Islands	9,993	1,703	1,792	2,867	-1,075	1,251	443	3,0
China	6,652	224	223	296	-73	264	90	
China (Taiwan)	19,707	676	676	901	-224	674	235	•
Colombia	397	-11	-11	*24	*-35	*24	*7	
Denmark	12,968	710	725	901	-176	435	177	1
Finland	15,716	354	362	487	-125	217	82	
Former Soviet Union [2] France	7,493 122,504	49 15,249	49 15,873	*109 18,820	*-59 -2,946	*86 12,824	*30 4,360	3,5
Germany	260,878	16,164	16,772	20,895	-4,122	11,133	3,945	2,5
Hong Kong	7,148	146	146	20,093	-145	211	72	۷,۰
India	3,019	39	38	182	-144	154	49	
Ireland	10,880	490	486	786	-300	607	212	2
Israel	9,282	697	709	1,071	-361	771	269	2
Italy	12,285	1,337	1,359	1,732	-373	1,427	497	4
Japan	412,190	23,099	23,122	27,815	-4,693	23,951	8,398	7,7
Liechtenstein	3,764	261	259	290	-31	157	54	
Luxembourg Mexico	12,855 13,022	590 1,914	663 2,001	1,334 2,431	-671 -430	1,095 1,762	389 614	
Netherlands	290,792	18,493	18,952	20,785	-1,832	16,687	5,814	4,5
Netherlands Antilles	2,979	1,003	1,001	1,089	-1,032	849	297	7,
Norway	10,166	600	602	784	-182	307	107	-
Pakistan	*153	*-22	*-22	d	d	d	d	
Panama	4,473	283	289	370	-81	237	82	
Puerto Rico	26	58	56	*79	*-23	*78	*27	
Saudi Arabia	8,316	843	843	889	-46	885	*310	*2
Singapore	5,198	66	70	208	-138	98	35	
South Africa, Republic of	4,392 52,949	-114 498	-114 504	936	d -432	576	d 201	
South Korea, Republic of Spain	52,949 8,100	498 185	238	936 645	-432 -407	576 545	191	
Sweden	38,224	1,909	1,892	2,167	-407 -276	1,618	565	
Switzerland	61,902	7,438	7,386	8,800	-1,413	7,180	2,524	2,2
United Kingdom	454,184	44,447	46,688	49,731	-3,043	44,133	15,663	11,0
Venezuela	41,096	1,604	1,606	1,693	-87	1,645	572	,

^{*} Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.

^[1] Includes domestic corporations with owners from Saint Christopher, Nevis, and Anguilla.

^[2] Includes domestic corporations with owners from Russia, Armenia, Uzbekistan, Ukraine, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Sakhalin Island, Moldova, Kyrgyzstan, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Kurile Islands, Georgia, Belarus, and Estonia.

NOTES: "New" corporations were those with dates of incorporation between 2003 and 2006; "old" corporations were those with dates of incorporation prior to 2003, or with unknown dates of incorporation. Countries shown in this table are those in which one or more of the following were present: (a) at least 500 returns, (b) at least \$10 billion of total assets, or (c) at least \$5 billion of total receipts. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	N	umber of return	ns		Ass	ets	
Control status and industrial sector	Total	With net income	With total income tax after credits	Total	Current	Nonc Total	urrent Loans to stockholders
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(0)	(1)
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS							
All industries	3,790	2,853	2,723	8,767,910	4,097,858	4,670,051	30,22
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	12	9	8	1,675	483	1,192	00,==
Mining	78	55	52	94,614	21,512	73,102	40
Utilities	25	22	18	93,942	11,546	82,396	
Construction	78	53	52	28,464	17,004	11,459	11
Manufacturing	1,418	1,028	976	2,341,323	1,309,016	1,032,307	2,82
Wholesale and retail trade	1,191	973	940	483,067	274,422	208,646	2,04
Wholesale trade	1,063	878	850	394,464	241,119	153,345	1,56
Retail trade	128	96	91	88,603	33,302	55,301	48
Transportation and warehousing	77	59	55	46,153	10,172	35,981	26
Information	109	71	65	301,387	37,819	263,568	2,14
Finance and insurance	306	234	229	4,116,485	1,729,392	2,387,093	21,27
Real estate and rental and leasing	67	46	46	63,038	17,850	45,188	20
Professional, scientific, and technical services	180	132	122	105,900	32,195	73,706	1
Management of companies (holding companies)	83	62	56	985,394	617,637	367,757	38
Administrative and support and waste				,	,	,	
management and remediation services	71	52	49	31,554	7,023	24,531	6
Educational services	6	d	d d	1,143	309	833	
Health care and social assistance	20	13	13	22,101	5,041	17,060	3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	19	7	7	4,138	1,045	3,093	
Accommodation and food services	39	26	26	44,865	4,633	40,232	42
Other services	12	d	d	2,667	759	1,908	42
	12	ŭ	u	2,007	739	1,300	
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED							
All industries	15,248	11,944	11,535	41,072,862	16,138,040	24,934,822	338,40
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	111	89	84	20,839	6,794	14,045	9
Mining	229	172	171	393,902	89,621	304,282	2,21
Utilities	186	130	124	1,378,146	322,912	1,055,234	9
Construction	768	663	671	181,437	112,637	68,800	1,33
Manufacturing	3,293	2,453	2,316	7,418,404	2,583,239	4,835,166	37,79
Wholesale and retail trade	3,959	3,249	3,147	1,769,855	728,891	1,040,964	2,04
Wholesale trade	2,218	1,892	1,846	889,312	364,083	525,229	1,55
Retail trade	1,741	1,358	1,301	880,543	364,808	515,735	48
Transportation and warehousing	478	348	337	434,486	96,272	338,213	1,76
Information	683	405	385	2,487,723	492,740	1,994,984	71
Finance and insurance	2,013	1,702	1,670	13,897,302	4,762,360	9,134,942	4,73
Real estate and rental and leasing	168	118	111	215,972	81,699	134,273	18
Professional, scientific, and technical services	789	549	515	326,654	138,631	188,023	48
Management of companies (holding companies)	1,300	1,242	1,240	11,886,758	6,575,929	5,310,828	285,36
Administrative and support and waste	,	,					,
management and remediation services	321	227	220	175,982	42,049	133,933	12
Educational services	52	33	31	15,260	5,335	9,926	
Health care and social assistance	495	284	248	153,355	36,966	116,389	7
		37	35	44,649	6,783	37,866	1,19
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	63	31	001				
Arts, entertainment, and recreation Accommodation and food services	262	187	176	242,324	47,852	194,472	15

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

		Liabilities			Net	worth	
Control status		Nonc	urrent		F	Retained earnir	igs
and industrial sector	Current	Total	Loans from stockholders	Total	Total	Appropriated	Unappropriated
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS							
All industries	4,197,448	2,878,442	118,991	1,692,020	-23,510	16,671	-40,181
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	231	678	0	766	-132	0	-132
Mining	15,061	29,909	2,277	49,644	-1,169	4	-1,172
Utilities	13,782	55,208	2,088	24,952	306	0	306
Construction	11,399	7,472	793	9,593	361	0	36
Manufacturing	1,166,792	628,046	63,546	546,485	-22,970	635	-23,606
Wholesale and retail trade	209,510	138,418	6,202	135,139	8,278	80	8,198
Wholesale trade	181,154	104,357	4,374	108,954	8,163	8	8,15
Retail trade	28,357	34,061	1,828	26,185	115	72	43
Transportation and warehousing	9,946	17,862	555	18,345	-2,337	5	-2,342
Information	43,426	76,368	24,184	181,594	-40,706	305	-41,01°
Finance and insurance	1,891,023	1,704,642	10,659	520,820	39,490	15,519	23,97
Real estate and rental and leasing	14,432	29,258	1,420	19,348	-416	0	-416
Professional, scientific, and technical services	34,651	23,444	2,491	47,805	-15,540	23	-15,563
Management of companies (holding companies)	768,367	121,815	2,115	95,212	26,820	93	26,72
Administrative and support and waste							
management and remediation services	7,143	13,161	1,646	11,249	-15,335	0	-15,335
Educational services	395	265	103	483	-226	Ö	
Health care and social assistance	3,137	7,573	483	11,390	1,279	0	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,421	1,455	114	1,262	-58	0	
Accommodation and food services	6,014	21,504	254	17,347	-1,599	0	
Other services	718	1,363	61	586	443	6	437
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED		1,000				-	
All industries	19,851,960	11,532,423	102,662	9,688,480	3,435,032	115,989	3,319,042
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	5,630	11,373	502	3,836	1,402	18	1,384
Mining	67,365	148,032	639	178,505	59,583	54	59,529
Utilities	330,893	719,109	1,259	328,143	3,081	1,178	1,903
Construction	55,432	62,494	285	63,511	45,757	6	45,75
Manufacturing	2,235,072	2,188,938	27,038	2,994,395	1,284,794	2.641	1,282,154
Wholesale and retail trade	553,265	410,787	4.006	805,804	498,980	2,673	496,307
Wholesale trade	258,981	179,190	2,734	451,141	272,872	2,464	270,408
Retail trade	294,284	231,596	1,272	354,662	226,108	209	225,899
Transportation and warehousing	99,721	255,028	2.440	79,737	11,053	46	11,007
Information	493,116	885,516	2,807	1,109,092	-141,309	171	-141.480
Finance and insurance	7,012,418	4,782,084	2,999	2,102,800	1,111,492	106,887	1,004,605
Real estate and rental and leasing	62,198	98,832	3,187	54,943	5,572	19	5,553
Professional, scientific, and technical services	117,491	85,347	863	123,816	-26,012	168	-26,180
Management of companies (holding companies)	8,690,573	1,579,878	51,971	1,616,308	522,282	1.806	520,476
Administrative and support and waste	5,500,070	.,010,010	01,071	.,510,000	322,232	1,500	020, 170
management and remediation services	39,342	74,516	66	62,124	17,002	127	16,875
Educational services	4,198	4,105	20	6,958	2,554	127	2,554
Health care and social assistance	32,096	70,001	898	51,259	1,592	12	1,580
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	7,104	20,520	1,789	17,025	-8,288	6	-8,294
, a.o, ontortainment, and recreation							
Accommodation and food services	41,157	122,002	1,875	79,166	44,337	122	44,215

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

				Receipts			
Control status						Dividends re	ceived from:
and industrial sector	Total	Business receipts	Interest [1]	Rents	Royalties	Domestic corporations	Foreign corporations
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS							
II industries	3,317,476	2,896,114	230,843	15,680	11,086	4,232	17,53°
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,140	1,037	9	1	1	0	•
Mining	44,712	42,140	529	61	48	628	14
Utilities	39,742	37,935	754	206	0	34	4
Construction	37,734	35,895	309	175	11	1	4
Manufacturing	1,613,934	1,523,244	21,211	9,691	4,656	524	10,40
Wholesale and retail trade	814,069	788,353	5,549	1,195	2,181	550	2,36
Wholesale trade	647,165	625,655	4,814	821	1,923	525	1,54
Retail trade	166,904	162,699	735	374	257	25	82
Transportation and warehousing	40,411	38,546	400	233	19	4	13
Information	75,587	64,296	2,529	111	2,789	564	42
Finance and insurance	421,980	218,793	141,464	1,580	24	1,769	2,82
Real estate and rental and leasing	16,678	12,806	899	317	4	22	1
Professional, scientific, and technical services	53,056	49,634	554	101	679	28	13
Management of companies (holding companies)	83,443	16,635	55,573	1,832	111	78	89
Administrative and support and waste		10,000	00,010	1,000			
management and remediation services	30,049	28,587	350	7	6	8	
Educational services	873	845	2	1	24	0	
Health care and social assistance	12,994	12,100	108	9	14	0	1
	2,950	2,250	63	29	25	20	·
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	25,446	20,482	511	131	449	3	4
Accommodation and food services Other services	25,446	2,538	28	0	449	0	4
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED	2,076	2,556	20	0	47	U	
II industries	13,657,411	11,123,685	1,222,727	75,847	134,422	15,653	327,20
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	22,696	21,157	114	55	40	4	65
Mining	203,064	177,660	2,961	272	1,127	285	6,76
Utilities	598,404	552,440	9,810	2,902	69	159	1,74
Construction	238,313	229,675	1,826	549	237	39	24
Manufacturing	4,578,404	3,938,064	121,684	19,802	82,460	2,020	258,23
Wholesale and retail trade	2,941,330	2,840,069	17,157	4,588	10,228	836	14,38
Wholesale trade	1,250,180	1,204,833	9,686	2,431	4,100	778	10,22
Retail trade	1,691,150	1,635,236	7,471	2,157	6,128	58	4,15
Transportation and warehousing	391,479	370,563	3,305	1,497	1,978	53	85
·			31,132	13,029	23,910	1,594	11,66
Information	1 844.9191	090.4101	31.1321	13.0291			
Information Finance and insurance	844,919 2.183,725	696,410 1.391,230	560.744		1.242		11.41
Finance and insurance	2,183,725	1,391,230	560,744	6,465 521		8,651 29	
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing		1,391,230 67,559	560,744 6,120	6,465	1,242 618	8,651	80
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services	2,183,725 83,426 239,347	1,391,230 67,559 221,127	560,744 6,120 4,311	6,465 521 312	1,242 618 4,554	8,651 29 54	80 2,60
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies)	2,183,725 83,426	1,391,230 67,559	560,744 6,120	6,465 521	1,242 618	8,651 29	80 2,60
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste	2,183,725 83,426 239,347 764,167	1,391,230 67,559 221,127 111,973	560,744 6,120 4,311 456,130	6,465 521 312 23,828	1,242 618 4,554 444	8,651 29 54 1,837	2,60 10,73
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	2,183,725 83,426 239,347 764,167	1,391,230 67,559 221,127 111,973	560,744 6,120 4,311 456,130 2,421	6,465 521 312 23,828 357	1,242 618 4,554 444 1,541	8,651 29 54	11,41 80 2,60 10,73
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services	2,183,725 83,426 239,347 764,167 171,470 14,402	1,391,230 67,559 221,127 111,973 152,781 13,811	560,744 6,120 4,311 456,130 2,421 102	6,465 521 312 23,828 357 18	1,242 618 4,554 444 1,541	8,651 29 54 1,837 32	80 2,60 10,73 1,25
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services Health care and social assistance	2,183,725 83,426 239,347 764,167 171,470 14,402 159,102	1,391,230 67,559 221,127 111,973 152,781 13,811 151,906	560,744 6,120 4,311 456,130 2,421 102 996	6,465 521 312 23,828 357 18 496	1,242 618 4,554 444 1,541 122 131	8,651 29 54 1,837 32 1 23	2,60 10,73 1,25
Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services	2,183,725 83,426 239,347 764,167 171,470 14,402	1,391,230 67,559 221,127 111,973 152,781 13,811	560,744 6,120 4,311 456,130 2,421 102	6,465 521 312 23,828 357 18	1,242 618 4,554 444 1,541	8,651 29 54 1,837 32	80 2,60 10,73 1,25

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

				Deductions			
Control status and industrial sector	Total	Cost of goods sold	Compensation of officers	Salaries and wages	Interest paid	Taxes paid	Depreciation
	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS							
All industries	3,164,170	2,134,260	12,374	193,656	195,907	39,236	71,48
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,049	659	12	53	49	19	4
Mining	38,892	23,014	142	2,266	1,385	879	2,15
Utilities	37,985	22,727	42	1,473	2,886	1,287	2,46
Construction	35,983	30,625	198	1,422	591	357	29
Manufacturing	1,535,227	1,194,762	3,819	66,146	39,159	16,072	37,20
Wholesale and retail trade	788,404	636,261	2,044	38,549	9,271	6,844	12,16
Wholesale trade	625,578	516,335	1,655	23,664	6,916	4,621	9,94
Retail trade	162,827	119,925	389	14,885	2,355	2,223	2,21
Transportation and warehousing	40,569	13,990	209	6,597	1,099	1,158	1,41
Information	70,819	23,832	410	10,601	6,302	1,273	3,95
Finance and insurance	407,336	136,243	3,897	28,808	99,238	4,544	4,99
Real estate and rental and leasing	15,353	3,912	174	2,475	1,709	469	2,64
Professional, scientific, and technical services	51,374	18,146	731	12,120	1,537	2,339	8
Management of companies (holding companies)	69,695	759	359	9,373	29,744	1,124	1,9
Administrative and support and waste							
management and remediation services	29,699	13,909	113	5,597	1,226	1.220	50
Educational services	847	276	23	198	31	24	
Health care and social assistance	11,586	4,436	83	1,923	373	427	23
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,758	574	38	757	134	64	
Accommodation and food services	24,078	8,923	60	4,863	1,120	1,068	4
Other services	2,515	1,212	19	435	52	68	:
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS	,	,					
NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED							
All industries	12,551,699	6,984,208	71,976	1,255,848	939,778	251,045	329,8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	21,242	16,559	152	961	544	319	4
Mining	175,683	97,998	1,627	7,588	7,478	5,756	7,2
Utilities	580,031	345,271	2,105	22,168	32,965	19,975	33,1
Construction	218,377	170,122	2,162	10,044	2,871	3,337	1,8
Manufacturing	4,113,967	2,853,394	16,497	269.448	160,166	70,361	108,5
Wholesale and retail trade	2,821,436	2,187,363	9,388	235,451	27,422	38,326	31.4
Wholesale trade	1,206,670	1,020,308	5,000	58,877	12,277	9,852	9,0
Retail trade	1,614,766	1,167,055	4,388	176,574	15,144	28,474	22,4
Transportation and warehousing	379,965	101,703	1,602	78,147	10,602	13,451	20,6
Information	776,259	142.538	5,648	124,632	59,334	21,715	52.2
Finance and insurance	2,000,832	826,826	14,828	195,844	350,248	31,241	18,4
Real estate and rental and leasing	76,481	14,327	741	13,041	8,306	2,021	13,9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	231,489	72,877	4,831	62,796	6,049	6,599	4,0
Management of companies (holding companies)	628,431	4,776	7,226	100,705	254,347	13,902	22.9
Administrative and support and waste	,	.,	.,==0	,		,	,
management and remediation services	158,657	68,367	1,147	28,823	5,023	7,259	3,6
Educational services	12,957	1,992	190	4,291	206	386	3
Health care and social assistance	153,070	21,182	1,528	55,677	4,296	6,077	3,3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	20,517	3,306	269	4,438	1,436	1,363	1,1
Accommodation and food services	160,130	46,104	1,858	37,878	7,799	8,145	5,7
			1,000	01,010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	٥, ، ٢٥	U,1

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

		Constructive				Statutory spec	cial deductions
Control status and industrial sector	Total receipts less total deductions	taxable income from related foreign corporations	Net income (less deficit)	Net income	Deficit	Total	Net operating loss deduction
	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS							
l industries	153,306	6,202	157,959	181,513	-23,554	38,429	25,79
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	91	0	91	116	-26	19	1
Mining	5,820	340	6,158	6,463	-305	2,532	2,01
Utilities	1,757	0	1,753	1,829	-76	1,169	1,11
Construction	1,751	1	1,752	2,099	-348	197	15
Manufacturing	78,708	3,225	81,643	90,884	-9,241	14,558	8,26
Wholesale and retail trade	25,665	534	26,083	28,880	-2,797	6,882	4,90
Wholesale trade	21,588	352	21,847	24,266	-2,419	5,466	3,94
Retail trade	4,077	181	4,237	4,614	-378	1,416	90
Transportation and warehousing	-158	22	-152	1,233	-1,384	331	20
Information	4,768	291	5,047	6,320	-1,273	3,160	2,4
Finance and insurance	14,644	717	14,998	21,075	-6,077	5,928	3,7
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,325	4	1,120	1,582	-462	684	6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1,682	37	1,689	2,572	-883	1,038	9
Management of companies (holding companies)	13,748	994	14,236	14,360	-124	1,010	3
Administrative and support and waste							
management and remediation services	350	5	352	630	-278	235	2
Educational services	26	1	27	d	d	d	
Health care and social assistance	1,409	0	1,408	1,454	-46	222	2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	192	[2]	193	301	-108	15	
Accommodation and food services	1,368	14	1,381	1,470	-89	420	3
Other services	162	17	180	d	d	d	
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED							
I industries	1,105,712	108,883	1,187,940	1,283,601	-95,661	318,905	81,5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,454	74	1,523	1,681	-158	678	1-
Mining	27,382	2,730	30,011	35,253	-5,242	6,274	3,7
Utilities	18,373	751	18,486	30,892	-12,406	5,502	4,0
Construction	19,936	78	19,977	20,731	-754	684	5
Manufacturing	464,437	79,017	539,873	560,300	-20,427	209,224	24,3
Wholesale and retail trade	119,894	5,878	124,561	132,729	-8,168	16,112	5,6
Wholesale trade	43,509	4,172	46,909	49,932	-3,022	9,905	2,5
	76,384	1,706	77,652	82,797	-5,145	6,208	3,0
Retail trade							4 0
Transportation and warehousing	11,514	357	11,769	20,091	-8,322	1,736	
Transportation and warehousing Information	11,514 68,660	357 3,893	72,088	90,102	-18,014	24,908	15,9
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance	11,514 68,660 182,893	357 3,893 8,303	72,088 176,589	90,102 185,385	-18,014 -8,796	24,908 22,742	1,0 15,9 10,2
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945	357 3,893 8,303 65	72,088 176,589 6,931	90,102 185,385 8,330	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399	24,908 22,742 4,369	15,9 10,2 3,9
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945 7,858	357 3,893 8,303 65 743	72,088 176,589 6,931 8,505	90,102 185,385 8,330 14,028	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399 -5,523	24,908 22,742 4,369 4,686	15,9 10,2 3,9 2,7
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies)	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945	357 3,893 8,303 65	72,088 176,589 6,931	90,102 185,385 8,330	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399	24,908 22,742 4,369	15,9 10,2 3,9 2,7
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945 7,858 135,735	357 3,893 8,303 65 743 6,109	72,088 176,589 6,931 8,505 136,603	90,102 185,385 8,330 14,028 137,367	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399 -5,523 -764	24,908 22,742 4,369 4,686 8,687	15,9 10,2 3,9 2,7 1,4
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945 7,858 135,735	357 3,893 8,303 65 743 6,109	72,088 176,589 6,931 8,505 136,603	90,102 185,385 8,330 14,028 137,367	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399 -5,523 -764	24,908 22,742 4,369 4,686 8,687 5,357	15,9 10,2 3,9 2,7 1,4
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945 7,858 135,735 12,813	357 3,893 8,303 65 743 6,109 245	72,088 176,589 6,931 8,505 136,603 12,833 1,404	90,102 185,385 8,330 14,028 137,367 13,801 1,568	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399 -5,523 -764 -969 -164	24,908 22,742 4,369 4,686 8,687 5,357 62	15,9 10,2 3,9 2,7 1,4
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services Health care and social assistance	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945 7,858 135,735 12,813 1,445 6,032	357 3,893 8,303 65 743 6,109 245 1	72,088 176,589 6,931 8,505 136,603 12,833 1,404 5,910	90,102 185,385 8,330 14,028 137,367 13,801 1,568 8,318	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399 -5,523 -764 -969 -164 -2,408	24,908 22,742 4,369 4,686 8,687 5,357 62 1,246	15,9 10,2 3,9 2,7 1,4 4,4
Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services	11,514 68,660 182,893 6,945 7,858 135,735 12,813	357 3,893 8,303 65 743 6,109 245	72,088 176,589 6,931 8,505 136,603 12,833 1,404	90,102 185,385 8,330 14,028 137,367 13,801 1,568	-18,014 -8,796 -1,399 -5,523 -764 -969 -164	24,908 22,742 4,369 4,686 8,687 5,357 62	15,9 10,2 3,9

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Control status and industrial sector	Income subject to tax	Total income tax before credits	Income tax	Alternative minimum tax	Total credits	Foreign tax credit	Total income tax after credits
	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS							
All industries	143,404	50,538	49,914	621	11,234	7,938	39,304
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	98	34	34	0	1	0	3:
Mining	3,932	1,587	1,375	212	776	706	81
Utilities	672	253	235	17	83	0	17
Construction	1,933	678	676	2	11	9	66
Manufacturing	76,618	26,930	26,790	144	7,616	5,595	19,31
Wholesale and retail trade	22,086	7,746	7,710	36	573	335	7,17
Wholesale trade	18,887	6,617	6,592	26	521	314	6,09
Retail trade	3,198	1,129	1,118	11	52	21	1,07
Transportation and warehousing	902	319	315	4	53	26	26
Information	3,204	1,154	1,120	34	114	47	1,04
Finance and insurance	14,966	5,147	5,013	131	992	716	4,15
Real estate and rental and leasing	898	322	314	8	53	8	26
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1,538	548	537	11	84	46	46
Management of companies (holding companies)	13,358	4,679	4,675	4	733	396	3,94
Administrative and support and waste	<u> </u>	,	,				,
management and remediation services	398	141	138	2	19	1	12
Educational services	d	d	d	d	d	d	12
Health care and social assistance	1,232	434	431	3	18	1	41
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	285	100	100	0	9	2	9
Accommodation and food services	1.067	391	377	11	76	26	31
Other services	1,007 d	d	d	d	d	d	01
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS	_ ~	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	~ ~		<u> </u>	
NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED							
All industries	970,476	341,713	339,277	2,411	93,616	72,534	248,09
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,040	364	362	2,411	15	11	34
Mining	29.012	10,500	10,151	348	3,250	2,943	7,25
Utilities	25,801	9,224	9,029	190	1,660	96	7,56
Construction	20,048	7,015	7,002	7	205	60	6,80
Construction			7,002		58,243	49.940	66.16
Manufacturing	35/17/12	12// /101	124 076				00,10
Manufacturing Wholesale and retail trade	354,742	124,410	124,076	323		-,	37 16
Wholesale and retail trade	117,182	40,987	40,914	91	3,821	2,880	
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade	117,182 40,389	40,987 14,137	40,914 14,098	91 52	3,821 2,588	2,880 1,998	11,54
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade	117,182 40,389 76,793	40,987 14,137 26,849	40,914 14,098 26,816	91 52 39	3,821 2,588 1,233	2,880 1,998 882	11,54 25,61
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436	91 52 39 21	3,821 2,588 1,233 745	2,880 1,998 882 327	11,54 25,61 5,71
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974	91 52 39 21 236	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884	91 52 39 21 236 906	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383	91 52 39 21 236 906 72	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964 9,714	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456 3,430	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383 3,391	91 52 39 21 236 906 72 38	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59 633	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955 25 393	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,39 2,79
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies)	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383	91 52 39 21 236 906 72	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,39 2,79
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964 9,714 128,638	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456 3,430 45,066	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383 3,391 44,988	91 52 39 21 236 906 72 38 45	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59 633 8,928	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955 25 393 6,067	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,39 2,79 36,13
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964 9,714 128,638	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456 3,430 45,066	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383 3,391 44,988	91 52 39 21 236 906 72 38 45	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59 633	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955 25 393 6,067	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,39 2,79 36,13
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964 9,714 128,638 8,454 1,506	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456 3,430 45,066 3,041 527	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383 3,391 44,988 2,954 526	91 52 39 21 236 906 72 38 45	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59 633 8,928	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955 25 393 6,067	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,38 2,79 36,13
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services Health care and social assistance	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964 9,714 128,638 8,454 1,506 7,079	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456 3,430 45,066 3,041 527 2,491	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383 3,391 44,988 2,954 526 2,472	91 52 39 21 236 906 72 38 45	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59 633 8,928 420 4	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955 25 393 6,067 165 3	37,16 11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,39 2,79 36,13 2,62 52 2,43
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Information Finance and insurance Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Educational services	117,182 40,389 76,793 18,406 65,673 162,826 3,964 9,714 128,638 8,454 1,506	40,987 14,137 26,849 6,457 23,205 57,773 1,456 3,430 45,066 3,041 527	40,914 14,098 26,816 6,436 22,974 56,884 1,383 3,391 44,988 2,954 526	91 52 39 21 236 906 72 38 45	3,821 2,588 1,233 745 3,775 10,370 59 633 8,928	2,880 1,998 882 327 2,796 5,955 25 393 6,067	11,54 25,61 5,71 19,43 47,40 1,38 2,79 36,13

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

			Percenta	ges		
Control status and industrial sector	Number of returns with net income	Number of returns with total income tax after credits	Current liabilities	Noncurrent liabilities	Net worth	Total liabilities divided by net worth
	Divided by total	number of returns	Div	rided by total asse	ts	
	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS	,	, ,	, ,		, ,	
All industries	75.28	71.85	47.87	32.83	19.30	418.19
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	75.00	66.67	13.79	40.48	45.73	118.67
Mining	70.51	66.67	15.92	31.61	52.47	90.58
Utilities	88.00	72.00	14.67	58.77	26.56	276.49
Construction	67.95	66.67	40.05	26.25	33.70	196.72
Manufacturing	72.50	68.83	49.83	26.82	23.34	328.43
Wholesale and retail trade	81.70	78.93	43.37	28.65	27.98	257.46
Wholesale trade	82.60	79.96	45.92	26.46	27.62	262.05
Retail trade	75.00	71.09	32.00	38.44	29.55	238.37
Transportation and warehousing	76.62	71.43	21.55	38.70	39.75	151.58
Information	65.14	59.63	14.41	25.34	60.25	65.97
Finance and insurance	76.47	74.84	45.94	41.41	12.65	690.39
Real estate and rental and leasing	68.66	68.66	22.89	46.41	30.69	225.81
Professional, scientific, and technical services	73.33	67.78	32.72	22.14	45.14	121.52
Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste	74.70	67.47	77.98	12.36	9.66	934.95
management and remediation services	73.24	69.01	22.64	41.71	35.65	180.50
Educational services	d	d	34.56	23.18	42.26	136.6
Health care and social assistance	65.00	65.00	14.19	34.27	51.54	94.03
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	36.84	36.84	34.34	35.16	30.50	227.89
Accommodation and food services	66.67	66.67	13.40	47.93	38.66	158.63
Other services	d d	d d	26.92	51.11	21.97	355.12
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED						
All industries	78.33	75.65	48.33	28.08	23.59	323.94
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	80.18	75.68	27.02	54.58	18.41	443.25
Mining	75.11	74.67	17.10	37.58	45.32	120.67
Utilities	69.89	66.67	24.01	52.18	23.81	319.98
Construction	86.33	87.37	30.55	34.44	35.00	185.68
Manufacturing	74.49	70.33	30.13	29.51	40.36	147.74
Wholesale and retail trade	82.07	79.49	31.26	23.21	45.53	119.64
Wholesale trade	85.30	83.23	29.12	20.15	50.73	97.13
Retail trade	78.00	74.73	33.42	26.30	40.28	148.28
Transportation and warehousing	72.80	70.50	22.95	58.70	18.35	444.90
Information	59.30	56.37	19.82	35.60	44.58	124.30
Finance and insurance	84.55	82.96	50.46	34.41	15.13	560.90
Real estate and rental and leasing	70.24	66.07	28.80	45.76	25.44	293.09
Professional, scientific, and technical services	69.58	65.27	35.97	26.13	37.90	163.82
Management of companies (holding companies) Administrative and support and waste	95.54	95.38	73.11	13.29	13.60	635.43
management and remediation services	70.72	68.54	22.36	42.34	35.30	183.28
Educational services	63.46	59.62	27.51	26.90	45.60	119.3
Health care and social assistance	57.37	50.10	20.93	45.65	33.43	199.18
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	58.73	55.56	15.91	45.96	38.13	162.26
Accommodation and food services	71.37	67.18	16.98	50.35	32.67	206.10
Other services	71.25	66.25	16.41	46.50	37.10	169.57

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	Percentages—continued								
Control status and industrial sector	Total receipts divided by total	Cost of goods sold divided by	Interest paid divided by total	Total receipts I	ess total deducti	ons divided by			
ilidustriai sector	assets	business receipts	receipts	Total assets	Net worth	Total receipts			
	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)			
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS									
All industries	37.84	73.69	5.91	1.75	9.06	4.6			
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	68.06	63.55	4.30	5.43	11.88	7.9			
Mining	47.26	54.61	3.10	6.15	11.72	13.0			
Utilities	42.30	59.91	7.26	1.87	7.04	4.4			
Construction	132.57	85.32	1.57	6.15	18.25	4.6			
Manufacturing	68.93	78.44	2.43	3.36	14.40	4.8			
Wholesale and retail trade	168.52	80.71	1.14	5.31	18.99	3.			
Wholesale trade	164.06	82.53	1.07	5.47	19.81	3.3			
Retail trade	188.37	73.71	1.41	4.60	15.57	2.4			
Transportation and warehousing	87.56	36.29	2.72	-0.34	-0.86	-0.3			
Information	25.08	37.07	8.34	1.58	2.63	6.3			
Finance and insurance	10.25	62.27	23.52	0.36	2.81	3.			
Real estate and rental and leasing	26.46	30.55	10.25	2.10	6.85	7.			
Professional, scientific, and technical services	50.10	36.56	2.90	1.59	3.52	3.			
Management of companies (holding companies)	8.47	4.56	35.65	1.40	14.44	16.			
Administrative and support and waste									
management and remediation services	95.23	48.65	4.08	1.11	3.11	1.			
Educational services	76.38	32.66	3.55	2.27	5.38	2.			
Health care and social assistance	58.79	36.66	2.87	6.38	12.37	10.			
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71.29	25.51	4.54	4.64	15.21	6.			
Accommodation and food services	56.72	43.57	4.40	3.05	7.89	5.			
Other services	100.41	47.75	1.94	6.07	27.65	6.			
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED									
All industries	33.25	62.79	6.88	2.69	11.41	8.			
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	108.91	78.27	2.40	6.98	37.90	6.			
Mining	51.55	55.16	3.68	6.95	15.34	13.			
Utilities	43.42	62.50	5.51	1.33	5.60	3.			
Construction	131.35	74.07	1.20	10.99	31.39	8.			
Manufacturing	61.72	72.46	3.50	6.26	15.51	10.			
Wholesale and retail trade	166.19	77.02	0.93	6.77	14.88	4.			
Wholesale trade	140.58	84.68	0.98	4.89	9.64	3.			
Retail trade	192.06	71.37	0.90	8.67	21.54	4.			
Transportation and warehousing	90.10	27.45	2.71	2.65	14.44	2.			
Information	33.96	20.47	7.02	2.76	6.19	8.			
Finance and insurance	15.71	59.43	16.04	1.32	8.70	8.			
Real estate and rental and leasing	38.63	21.21	9.96	3.22	12.64	8.			
Professional, scientific, and technical services	73.27	32.96	2.53	2.41	6.35	3.			
Management of companies (holding companies)	6.43	4.27	33.28	1.14	8.40	17.			
Administrative and support and waste									
management and remediation services	97.44	44.75	2.93	7.28	20.62	7.			
Educational services	94.38	14.42	1.43	9.47	20.77	10.			
Health care and social assistance	103.75		2.70	3.93	11.77	3.			
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	48.28		6.66	2.33	6.11	4.			
Accommodation and food services	73.70	31.48	4.37	7.62	23.32	10.			
Other services	77.21	42.83	2.98	2.83	7.62	3.			

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

	Percentages—continued							
Control status and	Net inco	ome (less deficit) divided	by	Net operating loss deduction divided by ne				
industrial sector	Total assets	Net worth	Total receipts	income				
	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)				
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS								
All industries	1.80	9.34	4.76	14.2				
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	5.43	11.88	7.98	16.38				
Mining	6.51	12.40	13.77	31.1				
Utilities	1.87	7.03	4.41	60.9				
Construction	6.16	18.26	4.64	7.5				
Manufacturing	3.49	14.94	5.06	9.0				
Wholesale and retail trade	5.40	19.30	3.20	16.9				
Wholesale trade	5.54	20.05	3.38	16.2				
Retail trade	4.78	16.18	2.54	20.9				
Transportation and warehousing	-0.33	-0.83	-0.38	21.2				
Information	1.67	2.78	6.68	38.7				
Finance and insurance	0.36	2.88	3.55	17.8				
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.78	5.79	6.72	41.9				
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1.59	3.53	3.18	36.4				
Management of companies (holding companies)	1.44	14.95	17.06	2.7				
Administrative and support and waste								
management and remediation services	1.12	3.13	1.17	36.1				
Educational services	2.36	5.59	3.09	00.1				
Health care and social assistance	6.37	12.36	10.84	14.2				
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	4.66	15.29	6.54	0.3				
Accommodation and food services	3.08	7.96	5.43	26.3				
Other services	6.75	30.72	6.72					
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS								
NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED								
All industries	2.89	12.26	8.70	6.3				
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	7.31	39.70	6.71	8.5				
Mining	7.62	16.81	14.78	10.6				
Utilities	1.34	5.63	3.09	13.0				
Construction	11.01	31.45	8.38	2.7				
Manufacturing	7.28	18.03	11.79	4.3				
Wholesale and retail trade	7.04	15.46	4.23	4.2				
Wholesale trade	5.27	10.40	3.75	5.2				
Retail trade	8.82	21.89	4.59	3.7				
Transportation and warehousing	2.71	14.76	3.01	5.3				
Information	2.90	6.50	8.53	17.6				
Finance and insurance	1.27	8.40	8.09	5.5				
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.21	12.61	8.31	46.8				
Professional, scientific, and technical services	2.60	6.87	3.55	19.4				
Management of companies (holding companies)	1.15	8.45	17.88	1.0				
Administrative and support and waste								
management and remediation services	7.29	20.66	7.48	32.2				
Educational services	9.20	20.18	9.75	3.9				
Health care and social assistance	3.85	11.53	3.71	12.5				
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.31	6.07	4.79	14.2				
Accommodation and food services	7.84	24.01	10.64	9.1				
Other services	2.81	7.59	3.64	12.0				

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Table 4. "Large" Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations Compared to Other "Large" Domestic Corporations: Selected Items and Percentages, by Industrial Sector, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	Percentages—continued							
Control status and	Income	subject to tax div	ided by	Total incom	e tax after credits	divided by		
industrial sector	Total assets	Net worth	Total receipts	Total assets	Net worth	Total receipts		
	(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)		
FOREIGN-CONTROLLED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS								
All industries	1.64	8.48	4.32	0.45	2.32	1.1		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	5.85	12.79	8.60	1.97	4.31	2.		
Mining	4.16	7.92	8.79	0.86	1.63	1.		
Utilities	0.72	2.69	1.69	0.18	0.68	0.		
Construction	6.79	20.15	5.12	2.34	6.95	1.		
Manufacturing	3.27	14.02	4.75	0.82	3.53	1.		
Wholesale and retail trade	4.57	16.34	2.71	1.48	5.31	0.		
Wholesale trade	4.79	17.33	2.92	1.55	5.60	0.		
Retail trade	3.61	12.21	1.92	1.22	4.11	0.		
Transportation and warehousing	1.95	4.92	2.23	0.58	1.45	0.		
Information	1.06	1.76	4.24	0.35	0.57	1.		
Finance and insurance	0.36	2.87	3.55	0.10	0.80	0.		
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.42	4.64	5.38	0.43	1.39	1.		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1.45	3.22	2.90	0.44	0.97	0.		
Management of companies (holding companies)	1.36	14.03	16.01	0.40	4.14	4		
Administrative and support and waste								
management and remediation services	1.26	3.54	1.32	0.39	1.08	0.		
Educational services	d	h h	d	d	d	0.		
Health care and social assistance	5.57	10.82	9.48	1.88	3.65	3		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6.89	22.58	9.66	2.20	7.21	3		
Accommodation and food services	2.38	6.15	4.19	0.70	1.81	1.		
Other services	d	d	d	d	d			
DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS								
NOT FOREIGN-CONTROLLED								
All industries	2.36	10.02	7.11	0.60	2.56	1.		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	4.99	27.11	4.58	1.67	9.10	1.		
Mining	7.37	16.25	14.29	1.84	4.06	3.		
Utilities	1.87	7.86	4.31	0.55	2.30	1		
Construction	11.05	31.57	8.41	3.75	10.72	2		
Manufacturing	4.78	11.85	7.75	0.89	2.21	1		
Wholesale and retail trade	6.62	14.54	3.98	2.10	4.61	1		
Wholesale trade	4.54	8.95	3.23	1.30	2.56	0		
Retail trade	8.72	21.65	4.54	2.91	7.22	1		
Transportation and warehousing	4.24	23.08	4.70	1.31	7.16	1		
Information	2.64	5.92	7.77	0.78	1.75	2		
Finance and insurance	1.17	7.74	7.46	0.34	2.25	2		
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.84	7.21	4.75	0.65	2.54	1		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	2.97	7.85	4.06	0.86	2.26	1		
Management of companies (holding companies)	1.08	7.96	16.83	0.30	2.24	4		
Administrative and support and waste								
management and remediation services	4.80	13.61	4.93	1.49	4.22	1		
Educational services	9.87	21.64	10.46	3.43	7.52	3		
Health care and social assistance	4.62	13.81	4.45	1.59	4.74	1		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3.00	7.86	6.21	0.88	2.32	1		
Accommodation and food services	5.78	17.70	7.85	1.48	4.54	2		
Other services	3.50	9.43	4.53	1.18	3.18	1		

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific corporations. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.

^[1] Excludes nontaxable interest received on State and local government obligations, which totaled \$26.7 billion for large domestic corporations not foreign-controlled, and \$1.5 billion for large foreign-controlled domestic corporations.

^[2] Less than \$500,000.

NOTES: "Large" corporations are those with total assets of \$250,000,000 or more, and/or with business receipts of \$50,000,000 or more (total receipts were used in lieu of business receipts for the finance and insurance, and management of companies sectors). Data exclude Forms 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts), 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies), and 1120S (S corporations). Data also exclude returns in which the foreign ownership level is between 25 percent and 49 percent. Percentages shown in table were calculated using rounded data. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

by Lee Mahony and Randy Miller

or Tax Year 2004, foreign corporations controlled by U.S. multinational corporations held \$9.2 trillion in assets and reported receipts of \$3.8 trillion. These controlled foreign corporations (CFCs) paid \$69.3 billion in income taxes on \$362.2 billion of earnings and profits (E&P) before income taxes.

Approximately 79.0 percent, or 58,992, of CFCs for Tax Year 2004 were concentrated in three major industrial sectors: (1) goods production; (2) distribution and transportation of goods; and (3) services. These three industrial sectors accounted for 84.7 percent of total receipts (\$3.2 trillion), 72.6 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes (\$263.1 billion), and 67.1 percent of income taxes (\$46.5 billion). Foreign corporations in the finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing sector held 42.5 percent of total CFC assets (\$3.9 trillion), while generating only 9.4 percent of total CFC receipts (\$356.0 billion) and 16.0 percent of total CFC E&P (less deficit) before income taxes (\$57.9 billion).

For Tax Year 2004, 74,676 CFCs were incorporated in 185 different countries.¹ Over 45 percent, or 33,719, of these CFCs were incorporated in Europe. Slightly more than 91 percent of these European CFCs were located in European Union countries. Latin America and Asia domiciled 14.3 percent and 19.2 percent of all CFCs, respectively.

Controlled Foreign Corporations

Direct foreign investment by U.S. persons may take several forms, including foreign branches, partnerships, and separate corporations. This article deals with the use of the corporation as a vehicle for direct foreign investment. For U.S. income tax purposes, a foreign corporation is "controlled" if U.S. shareholders own more than 50 percent of its outstanding voting stock, or more than 50 percent of the value of all its outstanding stock (directly, indirectly, or construc-

Lee Mahony and Randy Miller are economists with the Special Studies Returns Analysis Section. This article was prepared under the direction of Chris Carson, Chief. tively) on any day during the foreign corporation's tax year. A "noncontrolled" foreign corporation is any foreign corporation that fails to meet either of the above requirements for control. For purposes of determining control, a U.S. shareholder is defined as a U.S. person who owns 10 percent or more of the foreign corporation's total combined voting stock.² However, for Statistics of Income purposes, a foreign corporation is controlled only if one U.S. corporation satisfies either of the above 50-percent ownership requirements for an uninterrupted period of at least 30 days during the foreign corporation's tax year.³ For Tax Year 2004, there were 10,939 U.S. corporations that held such control over at least one foreign corporation.

In general, the income of a CFC is not taxable to the U.S. shareholders until repatriated in the form of a dividend. Prior to 1962, U.S. taxpayers could defer U.S. tax on such income indefinitely by accumulating this income in a CFC. To address the potential for tax avoidance, Congress enacted the Subpart F provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in 1962.⁴ These provisions require certain items of income to be treated as dividends deemed paid to the U.S. shareholders and, therefore, subject to U.S. taxation. Currently, a U.S. shareholder of a CFC may be required to include in gross income the shareholder's ratable share of the CFC's: (1) Subpart F income (see Subpart F income in the Explanation of Selected Terms section of this article); (2) earnings invested in U.S. property; (3) previously excluded Subpart F income withdrawn from "qualified investments" in less developed countries and in "foreign base company" shipping operations; (4) previously excluded export trade income withdrawn from investment in export trade assets; and (5) factoring income (income derived from the acquisition of a trade or service receivable).

CFCs by Industrial Sector

For Tax Year 2004, goods producers accounted for 20.2 percent of end-of-year assets and 43.0 percent of total receipts (see Figure A). These CFCs earned 34.6 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes

¹ Based on unpublished data.

² The current definition of a Controlled Foreign Corporation is provided in Internal Revenue Code section 957. Ownership attribution rules are provided in section 958.

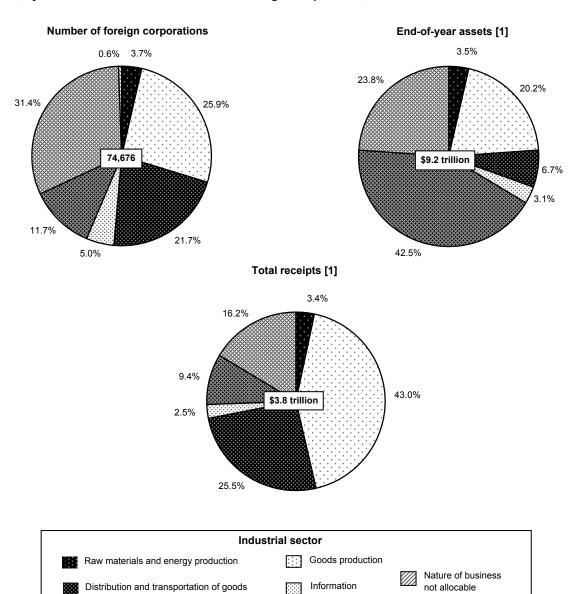
³ The statistics in this article pertain only to foreign corporations for which one U.S. corporation satisfies the requirements for control. Generally, complete Form 5471 filings are required only for foreign corporations controlled by a single U.S. shareholder (i.e., those shareholders meeting the definition of a "Category of Filer 4" taxpayer per the Form 5471 instructions). Partial filing requirements exist for noncontrolled foreign corporations and for controlled foreign corporations which are not controlled by a single U.S. shareholder. For more details, refer to the instructions for Form 5471.

⁴ The prevention of tax avoidance was a primary tax policy objective that led to the enactment of the Subpart F provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Other policy considerations also contributed to the enactment of Subpart F. For more detailed information on the history of Subpart F, see "The Deferral of Income Earned Through U.S. Controlled Foreign Corporations: A Policy Study," Office of Tax Policy, Department of the Treasury, December 2000.

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Figure A

U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, End-of-Year Assets, and Receipts, by Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004



Services

[1] Includes "Nature of business not allocable," not shown separately. NOTE: Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

and leasing

Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental

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for all corporate-owned CFCs. Goods producers paid \$22.3 billion of foreign taxes, representing 32.2 percent of all taxes paid by CFCs. Chemical, computer and electronic products, petroleum and coal products, and transportation equipment manufacturers collectively reported 61.4 percent of end-of-year assets, 61.0 percent of total receipts, and 58.0 percent of E&P (less deficits) before income taxes for all goods producers. Chemical manufacturers alone generated 32.7 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes and 23.9 percent of foreign income taxes reported by all goods producers.

For Tax Year 2004, CFCs engaged in finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing held 42.5 percent of all assets while generating only 9.4 percent of total receipts and 16.0 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes reported by all CFCs. More than \$3.3 trillion, or 85.3 percent, of the assets reported for this industrial sector were attributable to finance corporations. These finance corporations amassed 65.8 percent of receipts and 70.0 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for this industrial sector. Insurance subsidiaries reported nearly \$0.5 trillion in assets and nearly \$0.1 trillion in receipts, representing 12.0 percent and 27.7 percent of total assets and total receipts for this sector, respectively.

There were more CFCs in the services sector than any other industrial sector. More than 31 percent of all CFCs were classified as service corporations. Service providers reported nearly \$2.2 trillion in assets and more than \$0.6 trillion in receipts. However, excluding management and holding companies, CFCs classified in the services sector reported only \$0.4 trillion in assets and \$0.3 trillion in receipts.

Geographic Distribution of CFCs

Figure B shows the geographic distribution of CFCs by major region of incorporation. For Tax Year 2004, Europe remained the dominant region for CFC activity. Europe alone accounted for 62.2 percent of end-of-year assets, 54.3 percent of total receipts, and 49.8 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for all CFCs. European CFCs paid 46.9 percent of the \$69.3 billion of foreign income taxes reported by all CFCs for Tax Year 2004. Within Europe, most CFC activity was concentrated in European Union (EU) countries. More than 91 percent of European

CFCs were incorporated in EU countries. These CFCs reported 92.8 percent of ending assets, 90.6 percent of total receipts, and 86.7 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for all European CFCs. More than 47 percent of European CFCs not incorporated in EU countries were incorporated in Switzerland. These Swiss CFCs accounted for 79.6 percent of ending assets, 81.7 percent of receipts, and 72.4 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for non-EU European CFCs.

Other Western Hemisphere countries (which includes Canada) and Asia also were significant regions of CFC activity. CFCs conducting business in the Other Western Hemisphere countries held 19.5 percent of all CFC end-of-year assets and reported 18.4 percent of all CFC receipts. These CFCs reported 24.0 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes and paid 22.7 percent of foreign income taxes paid by all CFCs. Within the Other Western Hemisphere region, Canada was home to most CFC activity. Canadian CFCs generated 60.2 percent of total receipts, 46.7 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes, and 55.5 percent of foreign income taxes for CFCs in this region. With 6,559 CFCs, Canada had more CFCs than any other country except the United Kingdom (8,227). CFCs in Asia reported 9.5 percent of ending assets, 15.1 percent of total receipts, and 13.6 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for all CFCs. More CFC economic activity occurred in Japan than any other Asian country. Japanese CFCs accounted for 44.9 percent of ending assets, 34.7 percent of total receipts, and 30.7 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes reported by all Asian CFCs. For Tax Year 2004, there were almost as many CFCs incorporated in China (2,264) as Japan (2,265). In fact, for Tax Year 2004, only 8 countries had more CFCs than China.5

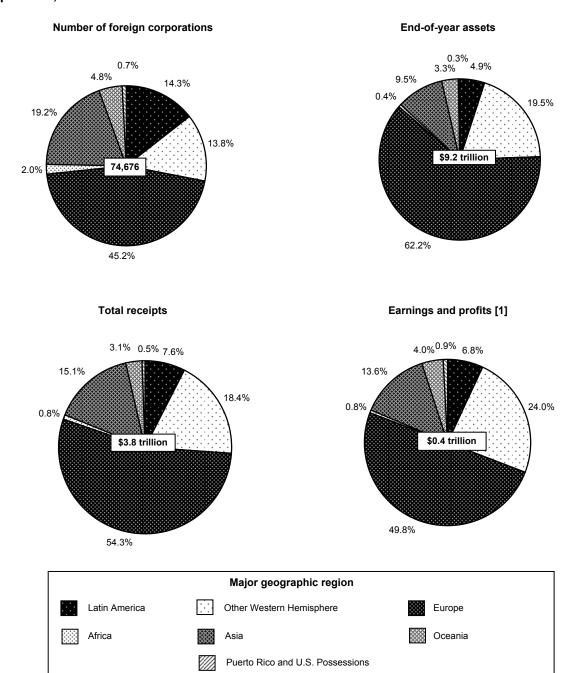
The two geographic groupings with the smallest CFC representation were Africa and U.S. Possessions (including Puerto Rico). Only 2.7 percent of all CFCs were incorporated in these two regions. Collectively, these two regions accounted for less than 1.0 percent of end-of-year assets, 1.4 percent of total receipts, and 1.7 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for all CFCs. Within Africa, most CFC activity was concentrated in four countries. South Africa, Liberia, Mauritius, and Egypt

⁵ The countries with the most CFCs are: United Kingdom (8,227), Canada (6,559), Mexico (4,618), Germany (4,121), France (3,857), Netherlands (3,151), Australia (2,807), Japan (2,265), China (2,264), and Hong Kong (1,800).

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Figure B

U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, End-of-Year Assets, Receipts, and Earnings, by Geographic Region of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004



^[1] Less deficits and before income taxes.

NOTE: Includes "Other country or country unknown," not shown separately. Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

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collectively accounted for 76.7 percent of ending assets, 75.4 percent of total receipts, and 94.2 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for all African CFCs. South Africa alone had 41.2 percent of African CFCs. South African CFCs reported 35.2 percent of ending assets, 54.4 percent of total receipts, and 58.9 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes reported by all African CFCs. Most CFC activity in the U.S. possessions is attributable to Puerto Rico. Puerto Rican CFCs held 89.3 percent of ending assets and generated 90.2 percent of total receipts reported by all CFCs operating in the U.S. possessions. For Tax Year 2004, the average tax rate for CFCs incorporated in Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions was 8.7 percent, compared to the average tax rate of 19.2 percent for all other CFCs (see Average Tax Rate in the Explanation of Selected Terms section of this article). CFCs incorporated in African countries had the highest average tax rate of any region at 29.7 percent.

Profitability

For purposes of this article, two measures are used to assess pretax profitability for CFCs: rate of return on assets and profit margin. Rate of return on assets is defined as current E&P (less deficit) before income taxes divided by end-of-year assets. Profit margin is defined as current E&P (less deficit) before income taxes divided by total receipts.

For Tax Year 2004, profitability measures varied among the six different major industrial sectors. CFCs engaged in raw materials and energy production reported both the highest rate of return on assets (10.2 percent) and the highest profit margin (26.1 percent). The high profitability of this sector is attributable to CFCs in the mining subsector. The return on assets and profit margin for mining CFCs were 11.9 percent and 33.6 percent, respectively. CFCs in the utilities subsector reported a 6.5-percent return on assets and a 13.3-percent profit margin, while CFCs engaged in agriculture, forestry, and fishing reported only a 3.8-percent return on assets and an 8.5-percent profit margin.

CFCs engaged in the distribution and transportation of goods sector reported the second highest return on assets percentage (8.5 percent). These CFCs, however, also reported the lowest profit margin of any sector (5.4 percent). Conversely, CFCs in the finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing sector reported the second highest profit margin (16.3)

percent), while reporting the lowest return on assets (1.5 percent).

Distributions of Earnings and Profits

For Tax Year 2004, CFCs distributed \$135.2 billion of E&P to U.S. and foreign shareholders. Nearly 68 percent of distributions of E&P were from not previously taxed E&P (\$91.4 billion), while the remainder was distributed from previously taxed E&P (\$43.8 billion). More than 34 percent of CFC distributions (\$46.6 billion) represented taxable dividends to the U.S. parent corporation.

The majority of distributions of E&P are attributed to CFCs doing business in the goods production and services sectors. These two industrial sectors distributed \$75.1 billion of E&P or 55.6 percent of total distributions. Of this total, \$49.0 billion were from not previously taxed E&P, with the remaining \$26.1 billion coming from previously taxed E&P. Almost 21.4 percent of distributions by goods producers were attributable to chemical manufacturers, while an additional 12.3 percent were attributable to petroleum and coal products manufacturers. CFCs classified as management companies reported 81.6 percent of distributions to shareholders reported by all services CFCs.

European-based CFCs accounted for 49.2 percent (\$66.5 billion) of all distributions of E&P. Nearly 62.0 percent of these distributions were from not previously taxed E&P (\$41.2 billion), with the remainder distributed from previously taxed E&P (\$25.3 billion). CFCs incorporated in European Union countries made 88.1 percent of all shareholder distributions by European CFCs. CFCs in the Other Western Hemisphere region distributed \$37.7 billion of E&P in Tax Year 2004, or 27.9 percent of all distributions. Canadian CFCs accounted for 61.6 percent of these distributions; CFCs in Bermuda and the Cayman Islands accounted for 22.5 percent and 11.1 percent, respectively.

Figure C displays taxable payout ratios by industrial sector. The taxable payout ratio is defined as taxable dividends paid to a U.S. person by a CFC with positive current E&P net of current-year Subpart F income divided by positive current E&P net of current-year Subpart F income (see U.S. person, Current earnings and profits, and Subpart F Income in the Explanation of Selected Terms section of this article). For Tax Year 2004, CFCs reported a taxable payout ratio of 8.8 percent. This ratio is lower than the tax-

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Figure C

U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number of Foreign Corporations with Positive Current Earnings and Profits Net of Current-Year Subpart F Income and Taxable Payout Ratios, by Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of foreign corporations with positive current earnings and profits net of current-year Subpart F income	Positive current earnings and profits net of current-year Subpart F income [1]	Taxable payout ratio (percentage)
	(1)	(2)	(3)
All industries	41,931	294,649,031	8.8
Raw materials and energy production	1,124	24,283,854	22.0
Goods production	12,037	105,657,597	8.3
Distribution and transportation of goods	10,156	36,582,974	5.9
Information	1,810	9,526,661	21.4
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	4,363	45,291,578	3.8
Services	12,252	73,222,646	8.3
Nature of business not allocable	189	83,721	0.3

^[1] Amounts are multiplied by the total percentage of voting stock owned by the Form 5471 filer at the end of its annual accounting period.

able payout ratio reported for the previous three CFC studies (10.3 percent for Tax Year 2002, 11.9 percent for Tax Year 2000, and 16.0 for Tax Year 1998).

The taxable payout ratio varied considerably among the industrial sectors. CFCs in the raw materials and energy production sector reported the largest taxable payout ratio (22.0 percent). CFCs in the information sector also reported a substantial taxable payout ratio (21.4 percent). No other industrial sector had a double-digit taxable payout ratio.

Largest 7,500 Controlled Foreign Corporations

For Tax Year 2004, the largest 7,500 CFCs held \$8.5 trillion in assets and reported receipts of \$3.0 trillion.⁶ These amounts increased from Tax Year 2002 by 45.7 percent and 30.7 percent, respectively. These 7,500 CFCs reported foreign taxes of \$54.4 billion on pretax earnings and profits of \$313.1 billion, increases from Tax Year 2002 of 40.9 percent and 56.0 percent, respectively. These foreign corporations distributed \$113.0 billion of E&P to all shareholders during Tax Year 2004.⁷ Of these distributions, \$37.3 billion represented taxable remittances to U.S. parent corporations. U.S. parent corporations were required to include an additional \$40.4 billion

in taxable income attributable to these largest 7,500 CFCs under the subpart F income rules.

As Figure D shows, 80.5 percent of the largest 7,500 CFCs conducted business in three industrial sectors: services (28.0 percent), goods production (27.8 percent), and finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing (24.7 percent). These sectors accounted for 87.8 percent of ending assets, 70.4 percent of total receipts, and 74.7 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes for the largest 7,500 CFCs. Among the largest 7,500 CFCs, service corporations experienced the most significant economic growth from Tax Year 2002 to Tax Year 2004. Ending assets and receipts for these service corporations increased by 67.0 percent and 88.7 percent, respectively. For Tax Year 2004, service corporations earned 75.4 percent more in E&P (less deficit) before income taxes and paid 107.5 percent more in foreign income taxes than for Tax Year 2002. For the largest 7,500 CFCs, raw materials and energy production was the only sector to experience a decrease in ending assets (1.0 percent) and total receipts (2.5) percent). However, CFCs in this sector reported increases in E&P (less deficit) before income taxes and foreign income taxes of 77.3 percent and 63.8

⁶ The SOI Controlled Foreign Corporation Study has changed from a defined population to a sample. In prior studies, data generally were published only for the largest 7,500 foreign corporations controlled by large U.S. multinationals. Beginning with Tax Year 2004, SOI is publishing population estimates for controlled foreign corporations. For transitional purposes, this article includes limited data for the 7,500 largest controlled foreign corporations. Tax Year 2004 is the last year for which statistics will be reported for the largest 7,500 controlled foreign corporations.

⁷ Based on unpublished data.

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Figure D

U.S. Corporations with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Net Income, Earnings, Taxes, Dividends, and Subpart F Income, by Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Control	led Foreign Corpo	rations	
Industrial sector	Number of U.S.		Total assets			Net income
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Beginning-of- year	End-of-year	Total receipts	(less deficit) before income taxes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
All industries	1,135	7,500	6,979,508,476	8,500,682,185	2,980,832,112	353,654,732
Raw materials and energy production	97	356	283,417,594	300,251,790	110,282,162	32,619,651
Goods production	507	2,086	1,379,151,897	1,621,423,345	1,318,882,571	141,417,872
Distribution and transportation of goods	308	869	415,877,413	476,443,399	706,004,976	42,903,579
Information	67	236	153,684,612	263,476,630	66,425,947	6,226,141
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	385	1,856	, , ,	3,834,116,468	318,224,097	57,066,692
Services	634	2,097	1,634,717,095	2,004,970,553	461,012,359	73,420,797
		Cont	rolled Foreign Co	rporations—contir	nued	
Industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Net income (less deficit)	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
All industries	313,734,337	313,129,621	54,388,141	258,741,480	37,332,477	40,394,360
Raw materials and energy production	22,124,651	33,293,068	9,405,697	23,887,372	8,106,735	758,816
Goods production	122,828,136	106,539,184	16,828,485	89,710,698	14,313,788	10,325,669
Distribution and transportation of goods	35,527,066	39,382,536	7,713,349	31,669,187	2,411,509	6,955,389
Information	4,735,246	6,540,116	1,591,412	4,948,704	3,607,935	421,504
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	47,343,462	53,142,117	9,231,256	43,910,861	2,371,365	12,411,667
Services	81,175,776	74,232,601	9,617,942	64,614,659	6,521,146	9,521,314

^[1] Number of returns is not additive because some U.S. corporations had Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one industrial sector. The industrial activity of the parent corporation filing the return often differs from that of the Controlled Foreign Corporations.

percent, respectively. For Tax Year 2002, the information sector was the only sector with an aggregate deficit in E&P before income taxes (\$4.1 billion). For Tax Year 2004, this sector reported \$6.5 billion of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes.

For Tax Year 2004, 54.2 percent of the largest 7,500 CFCs were incorporated in Europe (see Figure E). European CFCs accounted for 63.3 percent of total assets and 56.4 percent of total receipts of the largest 7,500 CFCs. These CFCs earned 51.1 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes and paid 48.0 percent of foreign taxes for the largest 7,500 CFCs. Approximately, 92.9 percent of these European CFCs were incorporated in European Union countries. Other Western Hemisphere and Asia were two other regions of significant activity, accounting

for 19.0 percent and 11.6 percent of the largest 7,500 CFCs for Tax Year 2004.

The largest 7,500 CFCs accounted for 92.2 percent of ending assets, 78.5 percent of total receipts, and 86.5 percent of E&P (less deficit) before income taxes of all CFCs controlled by U.S. parent corporations. The largest 7,500 CFCs paid 78.5 percent of foreign income taxes attributable to all CFCs. These largest CFCs remitted 80.0 percent of foreign taxable dividends paid to controlling U.S. shareholders and generated 84.5 percent of total subpart F income reported by these U.S. shareholders. Figure F shows the industrial and geographic composition for all CFCs and the largest 7,500 CFCs for Tax Year 2004. As Figure F shows, the largest 7,500 CFCs accurately reflect the industrial and geographic composition

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⁸ Based on unpublished data.

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Figure E

U.S. Corporations with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Net Income, Earnings, Taxes, Dividends, and Subpart F Income, by Geographic Region of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Contro	lled Foreign Corpo	rations	
Geographic region of incorporation	Number of U.S.		Total	assets		Net income
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Beginning-of- year	End-of-year	Total receipts	(less deficit) before income taxes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
All geographic regions	1,135	7,500	6,979,508,476	8,500,682,185	2,980,832,112	353,654,732
Latin America	223	660	308,822,943	363,726,266	189,285,962	21,414,543
Other Western Hemisphere	571	1,422	1,439,513,081	1,688,102,041	588,225,064	79,964,308
Europe	792	4,064	4,379,055,538	5,383,455,930	1,681,081,503	201,779,814
Africa	44	74	20,676,547	23,674,901	15,716,356	1,616,450
Asia	264	869	605,903,525	753,039,347	415,463,889	37,263,580
Oceania	134	373	205,775,010	270,595,620	80,461,566	9,928,700
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions	27	38	19,761,832	18,088,079	10,597,773	1,687,336
		Cont	trolled Foreign Co	orporations—contir	ued	
Geographic region of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Net income (less deficit)	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
All geographic regions	313,734,337	313,129,621	54,388,141	258,741,480	37,332,477	40,394,360
Latin America	17,015,430	18,345,968	4,180,562	14,165,407	1,922,479	648,480
Other Western Hemisphere	66,210,516	81,680,392	13,660,286	68,020,106	15,356,921	11,871,449
Europe	191,191,862	160,011,693	26,108,144	133,903,549	15,268,934	23,128,482
Africa	1,122,703	1,705,438	490,438	1,215,000	302,105	119,839
Asia	28,630,476	38,207,225	7,861,460	30,345,765	3,293,628	3,714,994
Oceania	8,102,410	11,305,240	1,948,484	9,356,755	991,592	783,954
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions	1,460,940	1,873,665	138,767	1,734,898	196,818	127,162

^[1] Number of returns is not additive because some U.S. corporations had Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one geographical region.

of the population of all CFCs at the industrial sector and major geographic region levels.⁹

Data Sources and Limitations

The statistics presented in this article are based on information collected from corporate tax returns (Form(s) 1120) with accounting periods ending July 2004 through June 2005 and their attached Form(s) 5471, *Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Corporations*. A U.S. corporation is required by Internal Revenue Service regulations to submit a Form 5471 for any Controlled Foreign Corporation (CFC) with an accounting peri-

od ending with or within the U.S. parent's accounting period. Thus, the accounting periods for Tax Year 2004 CFCs may have ended as early as July 2003 and as late as June 2005. However, most CFC activity occurred in Calendar Year 2004. These statistics report data for active foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporations (see Active versus inactive Controlled Foreign Corporations in the Explanation of Selected Terms section of this article).

Coefficient of variation (CV) tables are not provided because these data are not subject to significant sampling error. For example, CFCs sampled at a 100-percent rate accounted for more than 95.0 per-

⁹ While the largest 7,500 CFCs accurately depict the industrial and geographic composition of all CFCs, the new study design allows SOI to publish more detailed data at the industry and country levels, as well as provide population estimates for CFC data. In prior CFC studies, SOI did not publish statistics for many industries and countries due to the disclosure problems associated with having data for only 7,500 CFCs.

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Figure F

Percentage of the Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, and Taxes of All Controlled Foreign Corporations and the 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations, by Industrial Sector and Geographic Region of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004

Industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number	of CFCs	End-of-ye	ear assets	Total re	eceipts	Current E8 ceipts (less defici		Income taxes	
	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All industries [1]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Raw materials and energy production	3.7	4.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.7	9.2	10.6	14.5	17.3
Goods production	25.9	27.8	20.2	19.1	43.0	44.2	34.6	34.0	32.2	30.9
Distribution and transportation of goods	21.7	11.6	6.7	5.6	25.5	23.7	14.5	12.6	16.8	14.2
Information	5.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.1	3.2	2.9
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental										
and leasing	11.7	24.7	42.5	45.1	9.4	10.7	16.0	17.0	15.1	17.0
Services	31.4	28.0	23.8	23.6	16.2	15.5	23.6	23.7	18.1	17.7
Geographic area of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number	of CFCs	End-of-ye	ear assets	Total re	eceipts	Currer (less of before inc		Income taxes	
. c.o.g., co.pauc.	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500	All CFCs	7,500
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All geographic regions [2]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Latin America	14.3	8.8	4.9	4.3	7.6	6.4	6.8	5.9	9.2	7.7
Other Western Hemisphere	13.8	19.0	19.5	19.9	18.4	19.7	24.0	26.1	22.7	25.1
Europe	45.2	54.2	62.2	63.3	54.3	56.4	49.8	51.1	46.9	48.0
Africa	2.0	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.5	1.3	0.9
Asia	19.2	11.6	9.5	8.9	15.1	13.9	13.6	12.2	15.7	14.5
Oceania	4.8	5.0	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.7	4.0	3.6	4.0	3.6
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3

^[1] Includes "Nature of business not allocable," not shown separately.

cent of the number of CFCs and more than 99.9 percent of the total ending assets for all CFCs. ¹⁰ However, these data may be subject to nonsampling error.

Several limitations apply when making comparisons to prior-year statistics. First, the data in this article are based on a sample of U.S. corporations. For Tax Year 2004, this sample includes all CFCs controlled by U.S. corporations with \$10 million or more in total assets or \$2.5 million or more in "proceeds" and all CFCs filed by U.S. corporations with less than \$10 million in the SOI corporate sample. The sample for the Tax Year 2004 CFC statistics is far more inclusive than recent studies, which included only the 7,500 largest CFCs controlled by U.S. corporations with \$500 million or more in total assets.

Second, statistics previously published by Statistics of Income for tax years before 1986 were for all CFCs controlled by U.S. corporations with total assets of \$250 million or more, not just the 7,500 largest active CFCs controlled by U.S. corporations with total assets of \$500 million or more. Therefore, the statistics for these years include smaller and also inactive CFCs. For this reason, comparisons between statistics on the largest CFCs and statistics for years before 1986 should be made with caution.

Third, the composition of the 7,500 largest CFCs is not consistent across tax years. For example, only 84.3 percent of the 7,500 largest CFCs for Tax Year 2004 were also included in the 7,500 largest CFCs for Tax Year 2002. Many of the 7,500 largest CFCs

^[2] Includes "Other country or country unknown," not shown separately.

NOTE: Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding

¹⁰ Based on unpublished data.

¹¹ See Statistics of Income, *Corporation Income Tax Returns*, 2004 for a more complete description of the SOI Corporate sample. The SOI Corporate sample is the basis for the SOI Controlled Foreign Corporation sample includes every Form 5471 filed by each corporation in the SOI Corporate sample

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for Tax Year 2002 that were not included among the 7,500 largest CFCs for Tax Year 2004 were still controlled by U.S. corporations, but the size of their total assets for Tax Year 2004 excluded them from this group. In addition, some of the 7,500 largest CFCs for Tax Year 2002 were not included in Tax Year 2002 because they were no longer "controlled" or the U.S. parent corporation's total assets had fallen below \$500 million.

Finally, fluctuations in exchange rates can have significant effects on the reported statistics. Financial statistics that are translated using current (as opposed to historical) rates of exchange can be distorted by large exchange rate fluctuations. The weakening of the U.S. dollar against many currencies from Tax Year 2002 to Tax Year 2004 certainly contributed to the large increases in some of the statistics presented in this article.

Caution should also be used when comparing data by industrial groupings. For Tax Years 1998, 2000, 2002, and 2004, CFCs were classified under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which differs from the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system used before Tax Year 1998. While most industries were not affected by the implementation of NAICS, the groupings of some economic activities were changed. The most significant change was the movement of the management of companies and enterprises sector from finance, insurance, and real estate under the SIC system to the services sector under NAICS. Furthermore, CFCs were classified by industry based on their principal business activity as reported on Form 5471. However, assets, receipts, and profits may have also been related to secondary business activities. It is not possible to measure the extent of these secondary business activities due to these activities not being detailed on Form 5471.

Explanation of Selected Terms

Active versus inactive Controlled Foreign Corporations—In general, a foreign corporation was considered active if earnings and profits, income taxes, receipts, expenses, distributions of E&P, or certain transactions between the foreign corporation and its subsidiaries or majority shareholder were reported on Form 5471, Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Corporations. The filing of Form 5471 was required even if a CFC was dormant or inactive for Tax Year 2004. Only data

from active CFCs are included in the statistics in this article, unless otherwise noted.

Average tax rate—For purposes of this article, the average tax rate is defined as income tax divided by E&P (less deficit) before income taxes.

Controlled Foreign Corporation—Section 957 of the Internal Revenue Code defines a foreign corporation as being controlled if more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation entitled to vote, or more than 50 percent of the value of all its outstanding stock, is owned (directly, indirectly, or constructively) by U.S. shareholders on any day during the foreign corporation's tax year. A U.S. shareholder for purposes of determining control is defined as a U.S. person (see definition below) owning 10 percent or more of the foreign corporation's voting stock. For purposes of these statistics, a foreign corporation was controlled only if a single U.S. corporation satisfied the ownership requirements for an uninterrupted period of at least 30 days. These are the only foreign corporations for which complete Form 5471 filings are required. U.S corporations may also control a CFC through a partnership where the U.S. corporation is the controlling partner. To the extent possible, these CFCs have also been included in these statistics.

Country of incorporation—The country of incorporation is the country under whose laws the CFC is legally created. The CFC's country of incorporation is not necessarily the principal place of business. For Tax Year 2004, 1,728 CFCs (2.3 percent) reported a principal place of business that differed from the reported country of incorporation. Tables 2 and 3 provide data by country of incorporation; data by principal place of business are not included in these statistics.

Current earnings and profits—Current earnings and profits represent the difference between total earnings and profits of the foreign corporation at the end of the current year (before reduction by dividends paid during the year) and the accumulated earnings and profits of the corporation at the beginning of the year. Although current earnings and profits typically are an after-tax measure of profits, they are shown in these statistics both before and after taxes. Earnings and profits are a tax concept referring to the economic capacity of a corporation to make a distribution to shareholders that is not a return on capital. The term "earnings and profits" is not specifically defined in the Internal Revenue

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Code. In those instances where current earnings and profits were not reported for the foreign corporation, net income per books was used in place of missing earnings and profits.

Distributions out of earnings and profits—A distribution comes first from current earnings and profits and then from accumulated earnings and profits.

Income taxes—CFCs reported income, war profits, and excess profits taxes paid or accrued to any foreign country or U.S. Possession as income tax for their annual accounting periods.

OPEC countries—The member countries of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries for Tax Year 2004 were: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Previously taxed earnings and profits—This includes any earnings and profit amounts that were subject to U.S. tax in the current year or in a prior year, but not distributed. Previously taxed earnings and profits include amounts related to Subpart F income (see definition below), earnings related to investments in certain U.S property, previously excluded Subpart F income withdrawn from qualified investments, previously excluded export trade income withdrawn from investment in export trade assets, factoring income, and earnings invested in excess passive assets.

Subpart F income—Internal Revenue Code sections 951 and 952 stipulate specific cases in which earnings and profits are deemed to have been paid by a CFC to a U.S. shareholder. Such income is subject to U.S. tax whether or not it is repatriated to U.S. shareholders in the form of an actual dividend.

Internal Revenue Code section 951 requires that U.S. shareholders include in their gross incomes certain undistributed profits of foreign corporations controlled by U.S. shareholders. Subpart F income from a CFC includes certain insurance income of U.S. risks, "foreign base company" income, international boycott participation income, bribes and other illegal payments to foreign government officials, and income from any country which the United States does not recognize or with which it has severed relations, or which repeatedly provides support for acts of international terrorism.

Total assets—For purposes of determining the 7,500 largest CFCs for these statistics, total assets are defined as the larger of the foreign corporation's beginning-of-year and end-of-year total assets. However, the statistics cited in this article generally refer to ending assets unless otherwise noted.

Total receipts—Total receipts equal business receipts (gross receipts from sales and operations) plus income from investment activity. In the statistics reported prior to 1990, "business receipts" were used to describe the larger of "gross receipts from sales and operations" and "total income." The latter is a tax return concept used to describe the sum of business receipts less cost of sales and operations (i.e., gross profit), plus income (less loss) from investments.

U.S. person—A U.S. person can be a U.S. citizen or resident individual, a domestic partnership, a domestic corporation, or an estate or trust (other than a foreign estate or trust whose income from sources outside the United States is not includable in the beneficiaries' gross income).

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations	
	[Total a	assets	
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	Total receipts
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Industries	10,939	74,676	7,613,683,688	9,217,097,520	3,795,850,5
Raw materials and energy production	574	2,744	308,810,919	326,367,994	127,239,9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	132	466	17,825,665	19,001,172	8,568,9
Mining	316	1,766	217,596,505	231,881,871	81,962,6
Oil and gas extraction	198 59	1,212 287	182,391,018 21,808,569	193,358,065 26,517,202	64,704,3 10,801,0
Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining	90	267	13,396,919	12,006,604	6,457,
Utilities	155	511	73,388,749	75,484,951	36,708,
Goods production	3,912	19,359	1,596,395,081	1,865,827,173	1,633,118,
Construction	149	675	14,867,521	16,401,113	19,078,
Construction of buildings	39	87	2,361,105	2,800,144	2,879,
Heavy and civil engineering construction	45	111	1,179,045	1,327,807	1,371,
Specialty trade contractors	76	476	11,327,370	12,273,162	14,828,
Manufacturing Food manufacturing	3,813 161	18,684 936	1,581,527,560	1,849,426,060	1,614,039,
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	37	282	86,610,351 67,712,546	96,855,689 79,728,563	99,299, 81,959,
Beverage manufacturing	29	225	47,710,719	57,033,110	42,233,
Tobacco manufacturing	9	57	20,001,826	22,695,453	39,725,
Textile mills and textile product mills	58	136	5,734,829	5,857,783	4,564,
Apparel manufacturing	122	416	9,284,167	9,348,293	12,504,
Leather and allied product manufacturing	38	66	943,217	1,059,102	2,178,
Wood product manufacturing	42	123	3,869,904	4,280,675	4,726,
Paper manufacturing	182	729	60,040,708	71,599,496	41,049,
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	36 426	162 3,150	57,496,213 501,461,086	59,024,665 606,413,237	115,349, 294,207,
Basic chemical manufacturing	76	710	43,311,185	50,585,684	36,693,
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	103	462	257,920,989	340,830,658	156,271,
Soap, cleaning compound, and toilet preparation				2.12,222,222	,
manufacturing	39	449	26,024,534	31,937,421	25,675,
Other chemical manufacturing	270	1,529	174,204,378	183,059,473	75,566,
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	293	870	60,373,311	68,922,882	40,801,
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	96	320	27,388,944	39,250,042	18,965
Primary metal manufacturing	108	241	19,761,713	23,408,009	20,038,
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	404 402	1,391 1,543	35,415,874 45,414,614	39,107,629 54,531,951	37,732
Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing	699	2,325	173,685,831	219,571,997	60,213 243,939
Communications equipment manufacturing	134	631	30,971,829	38,269,072	50,304,
Semiconductor and other electronic component			00,011,020	00,200,012	00,001,
manufacturing	259	884	57,400,354	63,166,178	78,815,
Other computer and electronic manufacturing	341	809	85,313,648	118,136,746	114,819,
Electric equipment, appliance, and component					
manufacturing	478	1,618	57,897,341	62,323,245	65,334,
Transportation equipment manufacturing	245	1,460	235,558,143	261,095,685	343,430,
Motor vehicles and parts manufacturing	164	1,158	214,151,520	243,446,592	330,517,
Other transportation equipment manufacturing Furniture and related product manufacturing	103 48	302 150	21,406,623 3,166,327	17,649,093 3,419,820	12,912, 3,601,
Miscellaneous manufacturing	831	2,764	129,712,442	143,627,295	124,142,
Medical and equipment supplies manufacturing	207	797	47,692,734	51,580,324	51,632,
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	645	1,968	82,019,707	92,046,971	72,510,
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,348	16,215	540,946,198	620,621,547	966,617,
Wholesale and retail trade	3,134	14,671	510,082,149	586,224,562	928,941,
Wholesale trade	2,397	12,461	384,856,205	439,298,527	670,099,
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies					
wholesalers	110	439	16,249,462	17,049,510	33,635,
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies		_			
wholesalers	97	393	7,476,149	10,209,718	9,498,
Electrical and electronic goods wholesalers Machinery, equipment, and suppliers wholesalers	311 352	1,441 1,580	28,429,868 32,404,960	36,786,814 39,699,919	60,822,7 42,984,4

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations	
			Total a	assets	
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	Total receipts
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Drugs and druggists' sundries wholesalers	77	726	54,101,061	65,348,807	58,782,720
Apparel, piece goods, and notions wholesalers	122	375	7,140,170	8,412,540	9,635,183
Grocery and related product wholesalers	81	360	9,301,716	10,025,528	20,174,91
Chemical and allied products wholesalers	166	842	20,254,055	22,840,846	30,918,48
Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers Other wholesale trade	41 1,348	358 5,948	72,066,069 137,432,695	80,207,355 148,717,490	157,337,049 246,310,04
Retail trade	880	2,196	125,104,604	146,794,815	258,557,958
Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers	41	181	6,368,660	7,760,681	20,038,218
Electronics and appliance stores	132	247	3,907,600	4,868,022	8,246,386
Building materials and garden equipment and			2,227,222	.,,	-,,
suppliers dealers	25	74	3,218,596	4,728,042	5,388,728
Food and beverage stores	29	45	3,803,120	4,446,309	12,004,81
Health and personal care stores	277	331	4,189,073	4,243,487	3,806,153
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	50	149	5,021,571	5,242,857	9,841,10
General merchandise stores	21	82	43,466,356	51,524,520	84,489,59
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	50	139	2,182,675	2,647,772	2,319,85
Other retailers	291	947	52,946,952	61,333,125	112,423,100
Wholesale and retail trade not allocable	11 327	13	121,340	131,220	284,20
Transportation and warehousing	26	1,544 137	30,864,049 2,334,619	34,396,985 2,823,566	37,675,44° 3,345,23°
Air transportation Water transportation	66	267	9,719,115	10,531,691	6,800,46
Truck transportation	46	188	1,851,579	2,640,856	3,729,748
Support activities for transportation	126	565	9,168,556	10,389,880	16,094,284
Other transportation	44	188	5,957,788	5,797,708	5,462,247
Warehousing and storage	101	199	1,832,392	2,213,283	2,243,46
Information	743	3,740	176,746,514	289,705,068	95,170,49
Publishing industries	202	965	29,890,548	41,458,870	24,196,69
Newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishers	91	605	16,455,322	18,567,159	10,282,76
Software publishers	113	361	13,435,226	22,891,711	13,913,92
Motion picture and sound recording industries	51	729	22,510,608	87,496,530	22,711,46
Broadcasting (except Internet)	40 7	324 15	18,042,179	19,868,288	8,520,64
Internet publishing and broadcasting Telecommunications	183	826	26,358 96,887,677	44,836 125,854,520	106,43 29,876,52
Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data	103	020	90,007,077	125,654,520	29,070,32
processing services	188	403	5,063,019	8,810,756	4,987,80
Other information services	153	476	4,326,125	6,171,268	4,770,92
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5, 11 1,=00	.,,
and leasing	1,664	8,743	3,189,714,638	3,919,933,672	356,043,53
Finance and insurance	1,166	6,553	3,098,144,998	3,814,233,269	332,614,00
Credit intermediation and related activities	282	1,301	769,668,522	947,197,513	71,175,76
Depository credit intermediation	42	162	262,255,267	350,570,255	21,104,78
Nondepository credit intermediation	210	931	462,477,245	546,680,197	45,584,16
Activities related to credit intermediation	76	208	44,936,010	49,947,061	4,486,820
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial					
investments and related products	614	2,724	1,620,065,500	1,999,193,785	134,418,14
Insurance carriers and related activities	456	1,891	395,195,323	470,225,006	98,474,31
Insurance carriers	185	468	273,507,721	329,084,068	68,604,72
Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related	ا	4 400	101 007 000	141 440 000	20,000 50
activities	344 174	1,423	121,687,602 313,215,653	141,140,938 397,616,965	29,869,59
Funds, trusts, and other financial activities Real estate and rental and leasing	724	2,190	91,569,640	105,700,403	28,545,77 23,429,52
Rental and leasing services	173	526	50,732,530	57,502,791	13,015,96
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment	173	320	55,752,550	07,002,701	10,010,80
rental and leasing	139	383	36,270,321	42,485,602	5,456,238
Other rental and leasing services	41	143	14,462,208	15,017,188	7,559,72
Other real estate and rental and leasing	592	1,664	40,837,111	48,197,612	10,413,56

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations			
			Total a	Total assets			
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	Total receipts		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Services	4,693	23,418	1,799,886,561	2,193,185,896	616,353,220		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	3,085	13,473	252,903,009	298,054,649	262,157,131		
Architectural, engineering, and related services	231	769	8,324,713	9,221,079	10,729,183		
Computer system design and related services	1,395	4,776	112,717,684	131,546,081	111,649,649		
Custom computer programming services	281	521	1,246,137	2,150,881	2,026,579		
Computer systems design services	165	603	8,635,394	11,912,588	8,265,860		
Other computer system design and							
related services	1,008	3,653	102,836,153	117,482,613	101,357,21		
Management, scientific, and technical consulting							
services	330	1,021	18,762,157	17,619,659	12,261,360		
Scientific research and development services	406	698	9,388,783	11,044,029	4,235,699		
Advertising and related services	175	2,530		48,256,390	42,982,33		
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	1,016	3,678	. , . ,	80,367,411	80,298,90		
Management of companies and enterprises	1,744	5,965	1,436,662,341	1,774,470,144	273,299,27		
Administration and support and waste management and							
remediation services	566	1,714	39,319,851	41,489,008	33,211,070		
Educational services	37	205	2,577,385	3,274,421	1,733,426		
Health care and social assistance	66	299	4,312,838	5,185,507	2,914,92		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	103	405	11,824,252	12,118,074	6,092,56		
Accommodation and food services	85	678	36,174,591	38,879,837	25,129,12		
Other services (except public administration)	205	678	16,112,294	19,714,256	11,815,70		
Nature of business not allocable	218	458	1,183,778	1,456,172	1,307,88		

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Con	trolled Foreign Co	rporations—conti		
					rations with currer	
	Current		Current	profits	(+) before income	taxes
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector	earnings		earnings	Current		Current
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits	Income	and profits	earnings		earnings
or controlled i oroigir corporation	(less deficit)	taxes	(less deficit)	and profits	Income	and profits
	before income		after income	before income	taxes	after incom
	taxes		taxes	taxes		taxes
	(0)	(7)	(0)	(0)	(40)	
II industrias	(6)	(7)	(8) 292,946,918	(9)	(10)	(11)
Il industries Raw materials and energy production	362,199,144 33,177,301	69,252,227 10,066,054	292,946,918	432,572,981 38,092,670	67,997,857 9,955,655	364,575,1 28,137,0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	725,729	93,365	632,365	879,878	90,770	789,1
Mining	27,556,673	9,342,615	18,214,058	31,873,585	9,193,351	22,680,2
Oil and gas extraction	25,045,402	8,871,467	16,173,934	28,161,716	8,747,103	19,414,6
Mining (except oil and gas)	1,937,918	308,223	1,629,695	2,965,918	301,411	2,664,
Support activities for mining	573,353	162,924	410,429	745,951	144,836	601,
Utilities	4,894,898	630,075	4,264,823	5,339,207	671,534	4,667,6
Goods production	125,146,203	22,297,868	102,848,335	145,962,799	22,179,827	123,782,9
Construction	1,303,105	358,240	944,865	1,797,692	356,973	1,440,7
Construction of buildings	187,949	57,635	130,315	267,816	55,082	212,
Heavy and civil engineering construction	13,857	13,146	711	102,383	13,495	88,8
Specialty trade contractors	1,101,298	287,459	813,839	1,427,493	288,396	1,139,0
Manufacturing	123,843,098	21,939,628	101,903,470	144,165,107	21,822,853	122,342,
Food manufacturing	6,562,527	1,502,805	5,059,722	7,357,908	1,464,599	5,893,
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	12,176,581	1,880,036	10,296,545	12,744,581	1,831,093	10,913,4
Beverage manufacturing	7.576.267	1,013,334	6,562,933	8,038,110	964,023	7,074,0
Tobacco manufacturing	4,600,315	866,702	3,733,613	4,706,471	867,070	3,839,4
Textile mills and textile product mills	221,500	55,708	165,792	315,066	57,583	257,
Apparel manufacturing	742,879	111,504	631,376	1,047,059	114,959	932,
Leather and allied product manufacturing	129,296	32,942	96,354	145,557	33,000	112,
Wood product manufacturing	495,672	152,884	342,789	560,021	153,156	406,
Paper manufacturing	2,491,031	632,819	1,858,212	3,336,848	631,051	2,705,
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	8,148,989	2,236,064	5,912,925	8,415,002	2,234,193	6.180.
Chemical manufacturing	40,880,273	5,322,827	35,557,446	43,549,730	5,358,645	38,191,
Basic chemical manufacturing	4,150,610	803,338	3,347,272	4,774,481	750,920	4,023,
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	28,109,898	2,493,374	25,616,524	29,029,752	2,540,231	26,489,
Soap, cleaning compound, and toilet preparation	20,100,000	2, 100,01	20,010,021	20,020,102	2,010,201	20, 100,
manufacturing	3,089,930	845,022	2,244,909	3,192,580	839,830	2,352,
Other chemical manufacturing	5,529,834	1,181,093	4,348,741	6,552,917	1,227,664	5,325,
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	2,673,724	735,765	1,937,959	3,225,827	734,415	2,491,
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	3,426,841	488,420	2,938,421	3,635,794	476,464	3,159,
Primary metal manufacturing	2,682,781	462,149	2,220,632	2,887,822	461,522	2,426,
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	2,731,502	649,377	2,082,125	3,147,847	643,949	2,503,
Machinery manufacturing	3,413,202	926,423	2,486,779	4,478,616	921,400	3,557,
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	16,941,192	1,966,888	14,974,304	19,786,673	1,915,872	17,870,
Communications equipment manufacturing	2,490,632	411,157	2,079,475	3,310,980	394,043	2,916,
Semiconductor and other electronic component	, ,	, -	,,,,,,	-,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,
manufacturing	5,091,953	696,720	4,395,234	6,336,461	676,407	5,660,
Other computer and electronic manufacturing	9,358,606	859,011	8,499,595	10,139,233	845,421	9,293,
Electric equipment, appliance, and component	2,300,000	300,011	5, 100,000	. 5, 100,200	5-10,-12-1	0,200,
manufacturing	4,807,806	807,120	4,000,686	5,616,302	778,785	4,837,
Transportation equipment manufacturing	6,661,327	1,685,256	4,976,071	12,874,609	1,832,821	11,041,
Motor vehicles and parts manufacturing	4,922,236	1,515,825	3,406,411	10,754,128	1,682,326	9,071,
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	1,739,091	169,431	1,569,660	2,120,481	150,495	1,969,
Furniture and related product manufacturing	72,093	28,530	43,563	175,804	27,388	148,
Miscellaneous manufacturing	8,583,883	2,262,111	6,321,772	10,864,039	2,151,960	8,712,
Medical and equipment supplies manufacturing	3,703,132	783,107	2,920,025	4,609,962	693,836	3,916,
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	4,880,751	1,479,004	3,401,747	6,254,077	1,458,124	4,795,
Distribution and transportation of goods	52,504,462	11,643,824	40,860,638	58,826,488	11,454,019	47,372,
Wholesale and retail trade	49,583,839	11,215,390	38,368,449	55,258,912	11,454,019	44,232,
Wholesale trade	37,916,811	7,477,862	30,438,949	41,996,815	7,314,197	34,682,
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies	51,810,011	1,+11,002	30,430,848	71,080,015	1,314,187	54,06∠,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	660.040	249.000	444 740	1 056 330	200 042	0.47
wholesalers	662,842	248,099	414,743	1,056,330	208,813	847,
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies	4 000 00-	470 440	4 000 000	4 007 000	400.051	4 000
wholesalers	1,802,035	172,413	1,629,623	1,867,883	169,351	1,698,
Electrical and electronic goods wholesalers	2,435,048	562,571	1,872,477	2,839,901	551,497	2,288,4
Machinery, equipment, and suppliers wholesalers	3,312,332	511,206	2,801,126	3,581,384	507,954	3,073,4

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	ļ	Con	trolled Foreign Co	rporations—contir		
					ations with curren	•
	Current		Current	profits	(+) before income	taxes
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector	earnings		earnings	Current		Current
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits	Income	and profits	earnings		earnings
ů i	(less deficit)	taxes	(less deficit)	and profits	Income	and profits
	before income		after income	before income	taxes	after incom
	taxes		taxes	taxes		taxes
	(0)	(-)	(0)	(0)	(40)	(4.4)
Druge and druggiste' sundries wholesalors	(6) 5.912.907	(7) 1,217,375	(8) 4,695,533	(9) 6.431.905	(10) 1,149,432	(11) 5,282,4
Drugs and druggists' sundries wholesalers Apparel, piece goods, and notions wholesalers	604,425	139,021	4,695,533	762,479	135,664	5,262,4
Grocery and related product wholesalers	930,740	172,726	758,014	1,117,642	169,589	948,0
Chemical and allied products wholesalers	1,682,421	418,699	1,263,722	1,881,436	410,048	1,471,3
Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers	5,741,597	303,359	5,438,239	5,993,096	289,203	5,703,8
Other wholesale trade	14,832,463	3,732,395	11,100,068	16,464,760	3,722,646	12,742,1
Retail trade	11,650,146	3,731,932	7,918,213	13,244,834	3,707,210	9,537,6
Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers	304,148	89,919	214,229	395,029	88,915	306,1
Electronics and appliance stores	159,586	87,845	71,741	354,755	95,097	259,6
Building materials and garden equipment and	100,000	0.,0.0	,	33 1,1 33	00,001	200,0
suppliers dealers	387,341	134,822	252,519	415,950	135,667	280,2
Food and beverage stores	387,699	82,936	304,763	414,078	84,117	329,9
Health and personal care stores	394,000	82,497	311,503	421,736	81,982	339,7
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	894,159	238,379	655,781	967,543	243,642	723,9
General merchandise stores	1,706,857	769,125	937,732	2,325,981	765,729	1,560,2
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	131,192	52,550	78,642	232,974	52,273	180,7
Other retailers	7,285,163	2,193,861	5,091,303	7,716,789	2,159,788	5,557,0
Wholesale and retail trade not allocable	16,882	* 5,596	11,287	* 17,262	* 5,493	* 11,7
Transportation and warehousing	2,920,623	428,434	2,492,189	3,567,577	427,119	3,140,4
Air transportation	150,918	30,020	120,898	182,815	30,060	152,7
Water transportation	1,265,633	64,052	1,201,580	1,441,010	69,241	1,371,
Truck transportation	68,905	38,050	30,855	164,821	35,228	129,
Support activities for transportation	929,570	174,666	754,904	1,022,968	173,119	849,8
Other transportation	375,143	88,282	286,860	576,241	90,592	485,6
Warehousing and storage	130,454	33,363	97,090	179,722	28,879	150,8
Information	8,073,622	2,249,857	5,823,765	12,847,072	2,133,474	10,713,
Publishing industries	4,350,921	860,150	3,490,771	4,770,967	860,181	3,910,7
Newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishers	1,382,076	454,177	927,899	1,497,357	451,127	1,046,2
Software publishers	2,968,845	405,974	2,562,872	3,273,610	409,054	2,864,
Motion picture and sound recording industries	1,861,241	529,000	1,332,241	2,389,116	515,078	1,874,0
Broadcasting (except Internet)	613,154	75,540	537,614	1,536,552	81,846	1,454,
Internet publishing and broadcasting	3,507	* 1	3,506	4,139	* 1	4,
Telecommunications	308,754	474,398	-165,644	2,803,793	363,730	2,440,0
Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data						
processing services	401,656	161,870	239,786	690,150	158,533	531,6
Other information services Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental	534,389	148,897	385,492	652,356	154,106	498,2
and leasing	57,870,006	10,466,173	47,403,834	71,341,733	10,020,332	61,321,4
Finance and insurance	54,283,443	9,630,755	44,652,688	65,623,136	9,215,587	56,407,5
Credit intermediation and related activities	15,322,487	2,885,988	12,436,499	18,412,537	2,768,286	15,644,2
Depository credit intermediation	4,765,030	1,082,205	3,682,825	4,927,099	1,045,345	3,881,7
Nondepository credit intermediation	9,708,306	1,639,898	8,068,408	12,432,264	1,581,327	10,850,9
Activities related to credit intermediation	849,151	163,885	685,266	1,053,174	141,613	911,
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial						
investments and related products	19,366,610	3,319,300	16,047,310	22,656,569	3,180,184	19,476,
Insurance carriers and related activities	13,779,479	2,597,167	11,182,312	16,114,294	2,493,431	13,620,8
Insurance carriers	9,309,312	1,561,265	7,748,046	10,613,800	1,499,843	9,113,9
Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related						
activities	4,470,167	1,035,902	3,434,265	5,500,493	993,588	4,506,
Funds, trusts, and other financial activities	5,814,867	828,300	4,986,567	8,439,737	773,687	7,666,0
Real estate and rental and leasing	3,586,563	835,418	2,751,146	5,718,596	804,744	4,913,
Rental and leasing services	2,184,110	313,809	1,870,301	3,612,290	303,249	3,309,0
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment	1	-,	,,.,.	, , , , ,		.,
rental and leasing	2,011,163	204,443	1,806,720	3,141,678	195,690	2,945,9
Other rental and leasing services	172,947	109,366	63,581	470,612	107,559	363,0
		521,609	,	,	501,496	,

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Cont	trolled Foreign Co	rporations—conti	nued		
	Current		Current	Foreign corporations with current earnings and profits (+) before income taxes			
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits after income taxes	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Services	85,462,899	12,510,316	72,952,583	105,385,304	12,234,108	93,151,196	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	21,611,410	4,616,298	16,995,112	27,438,997	4,514,556	22,924,441	
Architectural, engineering, and related services	550,949	124,505	426,444	789,742	118,581	671,161	
Computer system design and related services	12,916,459	2,516,635	10,399,824	15,371,891	2,492,363	12,879,528	
Custom computer programming services	163,892	42,587	121,305	254,897	41,115	213,782	
Computer systems design services	437,756	123,696	314,060	830,598	120,412	710,186	
Other computer system design and							
related services	12,314,811	2,350,352	9,964,459	14,286,395	2,330,835	11,955,560	
Management, scientific, and technical consulting							
services	1,079,600	215,991	863,609	1,443,692	204,937	1,238,755	
Scientific research and development services	196,648	47,599	149,049	662,997	45,222	617,775	
Advertising and related services	1,812,426	569,399	1,243,027	2,694,178	540,789	2,153,390	
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	5,055,328	1,142,168	3,913,160	6,476,497	1,112,665	5,363,832	
Management of companies and enterprises	59,388,762	6,630,893	52,757,869	71,865,251	6,503,151	65,362,100	
Administration and support and waste management and							
remediation services	1,155,902	350,002	805,899	1,748,806	321,101	1,427,705	
Educational services	273,399	37,784	235,615	357,186	30,560	326,625	
Health care and social assistance	294,303	75,625	218,678	429,193	73,785	355,408	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	197,886	77,726	120,160	407,252	74,761	332,491	
Accommodation and food services	1,492,814	486,589	1,006,225	1,922,138	482,153	1,439,985	
Other services (except public administration)	1,048,423	235,398	813,025	1,216,482	234,041	982,440	
Nature of business not allocable	-35,348	18,136	-53,484	116,914	20,443	96,471	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued							
	Distributio	ns out of earnings a	,					
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Not previously taxed earnings and profits	Previously taxed earnings and profits	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart income			
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)			
I industries	135,230,421	91,424,129	43,806,293	46,638,623	47,794,5			
Raw materials and energy production	15,990,632	15,156,004	834,627	8,410,113	932,0			
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	408,147	135,377	* 272,770	19,012	180,5			
Mining Oil and gas extraction	13,399,910 12,624,788	12,953,615 12,238,401	446,295 386,388	8,360,012 8,029,068	661,6 593,6			
Mining (except oil and gas)	605,299	552,630	* 52,669	270,678	35,6			
Support activities for mining	169,822	162,585	* 7,238	60,265	32,3			
Utilities	2,182,575	2,067,012	115,562	31,090	89,9			
Goods production	43,338,323	31,700,160	11,638,163	17,604,019	11,898,			
Construction	518,383	461,385	56,998	87,647	91,			
Construction of buildings	* 26,431	* 24,929	* 1,502	* 18,538	* ;			
Heavy and civil engineering construction	* 14,642	* 12,516	* 2,126	* 7,049	* 7,:			
Specialty trade contractors	477,310	423,940	53,369	62,060	83,			
Manufacturing	42,819,940	31,238,775	11,581,166	17,516,373	11,806,			
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	3,170,812 4,006,222	2,624,196	546,616	1,048,032	586,			
Beverage and tobacco product mandracturing Beverage manufacturing	1,245,743	1,864,795 1,189,052	2,141,426 56,691	643,082 630,578	2,279, 667,			
Tobacco manufacturing	2,760,479	675,744	2,084,735	* 12,504	1,612,			
Textile mills and textile product mills	179,807	158,103	* 21,704	* 143,470	* 13.			
Apparel manufacturing	1,220,848	1,137,110	83,738	642,513	99,			
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 48,690	* 35,097	* 13,594	* 15,946	* 8,			
Wood product manufacturing	211,684	207,536	* 4,148	* 80,460	* 10,			
Paper manufacturing	2,085,098	1,847,772	237,326	1,250,820	184,			
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	5,316,950	4,628,937	688,013	3,094,966	731,			
Chemical manufacturing	9,269,840	6,222,778	3,047,062	3,956,916	2,436			
Basic chemical manufacturing	929,845	797,260	132,585	387,712	265			
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	4,209,669	2,552,883	1,656,787	1,940,985	1,389			
Soap, cleaning compound, and toilet preparation	4 040 700	4 000 457	200 572	740.050	220			
manufacturing Other chemical manufacturing	1,240,729 2,889,597	1,032,157 1,840,478	208,572 1,049,119	749,253 878,966	229 552			
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	799,096	632,251	1,049,119	302,856	177			
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	1,024,326	775,091	249,235	355,658	122			
Primary metal manufacturing	557,404	413,641	* 143,763	172,928	181			
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	1,061,228	942,642	118,586	404,726	199			
Machinery manufacturing	1,505,103	1,221,557	283,546	628,182	263			
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	4,127,249	3,296,125	831,125	2,870,441	1,239			
Communications equipment manufacturing	999,001	853,188	145,813	668,313	292			
Semiconductor and other electronic component								
manufacturing	1,264,997	817,569	447,428	693,099	324			
Other computer and electronic manufacturing	1,863,251	1,625,367	237,883	1,509,029	622			
Electric equipment, appliance, and component	. ===	===						
manufacturing	1,576,609	754,252	822,357	399,169	595			
Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicles and parts manufacturing	3,018,952 2,807,774	1,648,771 1,513,743	1,370,181 1,294,031	781,104 738,311	1,988 1,815			
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	211,178	135,028	* 76,150	42,794	172			
Furniture and related product manufacturing	83,833	61,610	* 22,223	* 11,572	* 3			
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3,556,188	2,766,510	789,678	713,531	684			
Medical and equipment supplies manufacturing	1,483,234	1,009,522	473,712	178,402	291			
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	2,072,954	1,756,987	315,967	535,129	393			
Distribution and transportation of goods	15,607,374	8,856,732	6,750,642	4,030,637	8,705			
Wholesale and retail trade	14,448,666	8,466,614	5,982,052	3,912,210	7,469			
Wholesale trade	10,728,566	6,214,226	4,514,340	2,849,800	6,024			
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies								
wholesalers	216,486	184,091	32,395	119,078	51			
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies								
wholesalers	80,776	75,525	* 5,251	51,154	233			
Electrical and electronic goods wholesalers Machinery, equipment, and suppliers wholesalers	436,990 545,659	341,087 411,134	95,903 134,525	165,476 297,158	278 331			

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued							
	Distributio	ons out of earnings a						
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Not previously taxed earnings and profits	Previously taxed earnings and profits	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income			
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)			
Drugs and druggists' sundries wholesalers	1,071,111	857,661	213,450	108,603	370,882			
Apparel, piece goods, and notions wholesalers	280,730	257,271	* 23,459	61,140	76,155			
Grocery and related product wholesalers	366,949	238,573	128,376	146,587	123,900			
Chemical and allied products wholesalers	464,137	286,219	177,918	121,868	339,288			
Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers Other wholesale trade	2,025,481	245,437	1,780,044	168,024	2,265,237			
Retail trade	5,240,246 3,712,571	3,317,227 2,244,859	1,923,019 1,467,712	1,610,711 1,062,410	1,954,099 1,444,955			
Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers	* 79,401	* 76,094	* 3,307	* 6,300	5,807			
Electronics and appliance stores	* 17,462	* 17,462	0,307	* 5,978	* 16,987			
Building materials and garden equipment and	17,102	17,102	0	0,070	10,007			
suppliers dealers	* 4,264	* 3,975	* 288	* 3,015	* 229,163			
Food and beverage stores	* 4,655	* 4,655	0	* 123	* 1,953			
Health and personal care stores	* 177,224	* 144,993	* 32,231	* 82,627	* 15,153			
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	* 394,428	* 44,844	* 349,584	* 40,740	312,124			
General merchandise stores	1,056,350	985,139	* 71,211	* 73,774	* 28,276			
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	* 109,908	* 73,920	* 35,988	* 68,122	26,703			
Other retailers	1,868,880	893,776	975,104	781,731	808,788			
Wholesale and retail trade not allocable	* 7,530	* 7,530	0	0	* 20			
Transportation and warehousing	1,158,708	390,118	768,590	118,427 * 485	1,236,177			
Air transportation Water transportation	* 4,091 755,113	* 485 * 78,817	* 3,606 676,296	* 20,166	48,810 968,669			
Truck transportation	61,997	54.438	* 7,560	* 33,985	* 9,552			
Support activities for transportation	183,832	111,002	72,831	23,928	139,491			
Other transportation	111,481	107,698	* 3,783	* 38,979	65,614			
Warehousing and storage	42,194	37,678	* 4,515	* 886	4,040			
nformation	7,182,894	6,453,724	729,170	4,305,580	678,604			
Publishing industries	4,785,498	4,283,337	502,161	3,771,250	393,276			
Newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishers	909,839	792,075	117,763	351,738	120,308			
Software publishers	3,875,659	3,491,261	384,398	3,419,511	272,968			
Motion picture and sound recording industries	1,750,187	1,560,941	189,247	255,830	120,598			
Broadcasting (except Internet)	128,602	123,677	* 4,925	* 16,855	13,070			
Internet publishing and broadcasting	0	0	0	0	117.000			
Telecommunications	385,344	357,354	* 27,989	164,419	117,333			
Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data	44 400	20 566	* 1,534	* 26 752	7 140			
processing services Other information services	41,100 92,163	39,566 88,849	* 3,314	* 26,753 70,474	7,140 27,187			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental	52,100	00,040	0,014	70,474	21,101			
and leasing	21,287,176	11,919,322	9,367,854	3,317,628	13,505,475			
Finance and insurance	19,806,590	10,883,173	8,923,417	3,095,931	11,588,536			
Credit intermediation and related activities	3,647,299	2,793,419	853,880	671,972	1,431,851			
Depository credit intermediation	795,237	556,050	* 239,187	466,792	314,614			
Nondepository credit intermediation	2,669,017	2,140,237	528,780	184,585	986,817			
Activities related to credit intermediation	183,045	97,132	85,913	* 20,594	130,421			
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial								
investments and related products	6,591,356	3,686,676	2,904,680	1,324,364	4,913,709			
Insurance carriers and related activities	4,904,567	3,347,531	1,557,036	548,452	2,613,921			
Insurance carriers	2,669,918	1,491,205	1,178,714	153,113	1,932,126			
Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related								
activities	2,234,648	1,856,326	378,322	395,338	681,795			
Funds, trusts, and other financial activities	4,663,368	1,055,547	3,607,822	551,144	2,629,055			
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,480,586	1,036,149	444,437	221,697	1,916,938			
Rental and leasing services	455,080	325,437	129,643	118,270	1,663,971			
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment	410 500	200 050	129,643	110 000	1 610 101			
rental and leasing Other rental and leasing services	418,502 * 36,578	288,859 * 36,578	129,643	118,020 * 250	1,619,182 * 44,789			
	30,570	30,370	U	230	44,708			

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued						
	Distributio	ons out of earnings a					
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Not previously taxed earnings and profits	Previously taxed earnings and profits	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income		
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)		
Services	31,805,437	17,319,610	14,485,827	8,970,235	12,067,414		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	4,298,087	3,013,334	1,284,753	1,648,444	2,375,961		
Architectural, engineering, and related services	98,061	63,618	34,442	44,923	81,687		
Computer system design and related services	1,576,166	895,519	680,647	513,868	990,107		
Custom computer programming services	* 4,095	* 4,095	0	* 3,849	16,061		
Computer systems design services	116,691	60,742	* 55,949	39,418	71,408		
Other computer system design and							
related services	1,455,380	830,682	624,698	470,601	902,639		
Management, scientific, and technical consulting							
services	229,263	155,124	74,139	74,575	661,929		
Scientific research and development services	* 35,773	* 14,554	* 21,219	* 6,209	59,327		
Advertising and related services	921,054	740,225	180,829	176,089	89,441		
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	1,437,770	1,144,294	293,477	832,779	493,470		
Management of companies and enterprises	25,960,648	13,048,892	12,911,756	6,844,044	9,204,124		
Administration and support and waste management and							
remediation services	268,215	187,908	80,307	72,031	171,024		
Educational services	42,901	24,601	* 18,300	22,515	* 4,518		
Health care and social assistance	57,277	55,575	* 1,702	* 26,087	72,742		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	49,696	48,443	* 1,253	* 22,404	14,926		
Accommodation and food services	807,499	698,338	109,161	279,037	66,775		
Other services (except public administration)	321,115	242,519	78,596	55,674	157,345		
Nature of business not allocable	* 18,587	* 18,577	* 10	* 410	6,798		

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued						
	Receipts by foreign corporations from:						
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All sources	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated par
	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
industries	3,795,850,571	1,030,284,624	178,950,203	182,688,301	668,398,192	247,928	2,787,272,9
Raw materials and energy production	127,239,949	29,296,920	4,231,117	10,848,927	14,209,154	* 7,723	98,340,0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	8,568,980	2,903,109	133,528	454,170	2,313,820	* 1,592	5,674,5
Mining	81,962,670	22,067,053	4,095,614	8,208,153	9,760,804	* 2,482	60,217,0
Oil and gas extraction	64,704,216	18,726,210	3,569,373	7,149,288	8,007,549	0	46,145,
Mining (except oil and gas)	10,801,058	2,128,325	421,784	767,703	936,356	* 2,482	8,673,7
Support activities for mining	6,457,396	1,212,517	104,456	291,162	816,899	0	5,398,
Utilities	36,708,299	4,326,758	1,975	2,186,604	2,134,529	* 3,650	32,448,4
Goods production	1,633,118,266	586,394,390	125,603,543	87,895,144	372,755,348	140,355	1,051,033,
Construction	19,078,357	1,289,164	32,539	278,018	978,606	0	17,908,
Construction of buildings	2,879,061	22,841	0	* 1,860	* 20,982	0	2,856,
Heavy and civil engineering construction	1,371,193	96,042	* 310	22,321	73,411	0	1,278,
Specialty trade contractors	14,828,102	1,170,281	32,229	253,838	884,214	0	13,773,
Manufacturing	1,614,039,909	585,105,226	125,571,004	87,617,126	371,776,741	140,355	1,033,124,
Food manufacturing	99,299,567	16,187,804	1,507,203	2,244,081	12,436,367	* 153	83,461,
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	81,959,206	26,581,329	213,221	1,267,921	25,031,041	* 69,146	55,499,
Beverage manufacturing	42,233,593	8,722,200	120,392	1,098,987	7,433,675	* 69,146	33,632,
Tobacco manufacturing	39,725,612	17,859,129	* 92,830	168,934	17,597,366	0	21,866
Textile mills and textile product mills	4,564,718	856,306	215,983	143,470	496,852	0	3,708
Apparel manufacturing	12,504,992	5,491,316	1,680,947	1,985,948	1,824,420	0	7,084
Leather and allied product manufacturing	2,178,588	885,366	201,701	350,298	333,367	0	1,293
Wood product manufacturing	4,726,391	1,116,101	795,659	153,328	167,114	0	3,612
Paper manufacturing	41,049,598	9,714,386	2,668,365	2,295,367	4,750,654	0	31,339,
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	115,349,158	32,665,459	4,982,430	3,878,175	23,804,855	0	82,686
Chemical manufacturing	294,207,268	122,478,193	13,573,716	16,070,195	92,801,569	32,714	173,909
Basic chemical manufacturing	36,693,822	7,073,690	1,624,715	652,188	4,770,883	25,904	29,679
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	156,271,797	90,386,437	8,937,714	12,810,909	68,637,814	0	67,739
Soap, cleaning compound, and toilet	130,271,737	30,300,437	0,937,714	12,010,303	00,037,014	Ů	07,739
	25 675 275	4 145 274	205 704	75 400	2 604 101	۸ ا	21 602
preparation manufacturing	25,675,375	4,145,374	385,784	75,409	3,684,181	* 0 040	21,602
Other chemical manufacturing	75,566,273	20,872,692	2,625,502	2,531,689	15,708,691	* 6,810	54,887
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	40,801,198	13,335,621	2,392,342	1,081,005	9,862,274	0	27,472
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	18,965,226	3,855,206	742,032	480,762	2,632,297	* 115	15,136
Primary metal manufacturing	20,038,998	5,148,069	268,379	2,117,650	2,731,535	* 30,504	14,905
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	37,732,016	7,614,404	1,241,192	1,451,166	4,921,914	* 132	30,133
Machinery manufacturing	60,213,887	16,296,197	3,874,705	2,305,852	10,115,640	0	44,001
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	243,939,798	95,145,112	31,931,829	9,800,564	53,407,640	* 5,078	148,968
Communications equipment manufacturing	50,304,458	24,673,318	6,486,068	1,448,106	16,739,144	0	25,688
Semiconductor and other electronic							
component manufacturing	78,815,862	30,683,538	15,884,416	2,983,991	11,810,053	* 5,078	48,199
Other computer and electronic manufacturing	114,819,478	39,788,256	9,561,345	5,368,467	24,858,444	0	75,080
Electric equipment, appliance, and component							
manufacturing	65,334,991	22,739,517	4,471,853	8,174,260	10,093,404	0	42,650
Transportation equipment manufacturing	343,430,309	170,409,900	50,932,662	26,877,911	92,598,000	* 1,328	173,210
Motor vehicles and parts manufacturing	330,517,949	167,577,588	50,039,114	25,702,670	91,834,475	* 1,328	163,128
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	12,912,360	2,832,313	893,547	1,175,241	763,525	0	10,081
Furniture and related product manufacturing	3,601,417	893,245	412,306	128,045	352,894	0	2,708
Miscellaneous manufacturing	124,142,585	33,691,695	3,464,479	6,811,127	23,414,904	* 1,185	91,340
Medical and equipment supplies manufacturing	51,632,585	17,476,461	1,034,976	3,647,327	12,793,098	* 1,059	34,956
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	72,510,000	16,215,233	2,429,503	3,163,800	10,621,805	* 125	56,383
Distribution and transportation of goods	966,617,230	187,608,587	23,294,086	47,920,107	116,359,331	35,062	784,639
Wholesale and retail trade	928,941,783	177,031,059	23,077,591	42,800,137	111,118,268	35,062	757,453
Wholesale trade	670,099,617	152,887,383	21,675,070	30,830,674	100,348,667	32,973	522,439
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and	070,099,017	102,007,303	21,075,070	30,030,074	100,340,007	32,913	522,439
·	22 625 050	E 400 F04	1 000 000	250 000	2 227 000	_	00,000
supplies wholesalers	33,635,059	5,403,524	1,806,608	259,623	3,337,293	0	28,396,
Professional and commercial equipment and							
supplies wholesalers	9,498,981	3,438,198	2,083,342	107,041 548,172	1,247,440	* 375 * [2]	6,073,
Electrical and electronic goods wholesalers	60,822,703	10,074,900	4,339,146		5,187,583		51,196,

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars] Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued Receipts by foreign corporations from Domestic Any foreign Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector corporations corporations of Controlled Foreign Corporation U.S. All other ΑII All related controlled controlled corporation related Unrelated parties sources parties, total by U.S. by U.S. filing return parties corporation corporation filing return filing return (19)(17)(18)(20)(21)(22)(23)23,298,303 3,032,297 18,358,778 38,324,240 Drugs and druggists' sundries wholesalers 58.782.720 1.907.229 Apparel, piece goods, and notions wholesalers 9,635,183 2,056,591 92,760 164,489 1,799,343 0 7,582,830 Grocery and related product wholesalers 20,174,915 3.905.562 197,784 1,011,544 2.696.234 0 16,275,610 Chemical and allied products wholesalers 30,918,483 5,187,229 1,212,037 335,992 3,639,200 0 25,756,954 157.337.049 14.623.255 31.015.935 114.587 16.278.093 126.334.177 Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers 32.598 Other wholesale trade 246.310.047 59.136.046 6.954.362 10.381.143 41.767.943 187.419.824 2,090 258 557 958 24 095 049 1 396 388 11 967 630 10 728 942 Retail trade 234 778 692 * 41,791 Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers 20.038.218 3.653.092 1.633.202 1.978.099 0 16.385.129 Electronics and appliance stores 8,246,386 728,497 333,476 236,375 158,646 0 7,518,872 Building materials and garden equipment and suppliers dealers 5.388.728 167.492 * 36.267 17.957 113,268 0 5,222,805 * 30,804 * 6,322 * 155 * 33,570 0 Food and beverage stores 12,004,815 70,696 11,934,119 433,532 0 Health and personal care stores 3.806.153 466.907 33,220 3.411.849 Clothing and clothing accessories stores 9.841.109 1.409.226 122,886 * 524.381 761.959 0 8.539.774 * 44 * 4.359 1 870 General merchandise stores 84 489 591 578 020 571 746 83 913 090 9 497 Electronic shopping and mail-order houses 2.319.859 212 427 55 933 146,777 * 220 2.163.897 Other retailers 112,423,100 16,808,693 788.402 9,488,947 6.531.344 n 95,689,159 Wholesale and retail trade not allocable 284,208 * 48,627 * 6,133 * 1,834 * 40.659 0 235,581 37,675,447 10,577,528 216,495 5,119,970 5,241,063 0 27,186,395 Transportation and warehousing Air transportation 3,345,236 344,452 262,686 81,766 0 3,000,889 Water transportation 6.800.469 2,687,279 * 64,266 1.709.671 913.342 0 4.132.962 Truck transportation 3,729,748 563.371 5,522 100.793 457.055 0 3.170.782 Support activities for transportation 16,094,284 5,458,852 99,874 2,207,957 3,151,022 0 10,643,479 876.796 * 20.979 631,116 224,700 0 4.621.219 Other transportation 5.462.247 0 Warehousing and storage 2.243.463 646.778 25.854 207.747 413.177 1.617.065 95.170.491 11.448.267 1,634,057 1.998.641 7.815.498 71 83.807.015 Information 2,176,145 Publishing industries 24.196.690 1.004.320 179.438 992.387 0 22.030.106 Newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishers 10.282.763 675,215 109.640 90.045 475.529 0 9,608,842 Software publishers 13.913.926 1.500.930 894.679 89.393 516.858 0 12.421.264 Motion picture and sound recording industries 22.711.463 2.790.460 6.930 757.998 2.025.532 0 19,931,764 Broadcasting (except Internet) 8,520,648 987.825 * 9.704 61,806 916,315 0 7.533.951 Internet publishing and broadcasting 106.435 * 38.489 * 1.139 * 34.234 * 3.116 0 67,946 4,081,956 380,291 538,905 3,162,689 * 71 Telecommunications 29.876.528 25.834.685 Internet service providers. Web search portals. and data processing services 4.987.803 625.380 79.697 78.454 467.228 0 4.379.235 Other information services 4,770,923 748,012 151,975 347,806 248.231 0 4,029,328 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 356.043.531 72.993.541 5,016,079 18,046,853 49,902,031 28,579 286,518,993 Finance and insurance 332,614,003 68.324.088 4,862,482 17.609.268 45.824.466 27,872 266.055.344 71,175,766 11,020,868 266,611 2,481,180 8,266,370 * 6,707 60,391,108 Credit intermediation and related activities Depository credit intermediation 21.104.785 2.150.291 701 1.521.263 628.327 18.960.978 144.923 45.584.160 7.700.781 797.123 6.752.028 6,707 38.104.605 Nondepository credit intermediation Activities related to credit intermediation 4.486.820 1.169.797 120.988 162,794 886.015 0 3.325.525 Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related products 134,418,148 43,507,379 3,828,428 12.366.645 27.290.153 22,153 91,273,294 Insurance carriers and related activities 98,474,315 4,675,131 458,454 1,558,658 2,659,094 * -1,076 94,201,016 Insurance carriers * -1,076 68,604,725 1,532,677 291,041 512,446 730,266 67,101,524 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance 29 869 591 3 142 454 167 413 1 046 213 1 928 828 27 099 492 related activities 0 Funds, trusts, and other financial activities 28.545.774 9.120.710 308.989 1.202.784 7,608,848 * 88 20.189.926 Real estate and rental and leasing 23 429 529 4 669 453 153 596 437.585 4 077 565 * 707 20 463 650 * 707 13,015,964 2,724,044 58,525 74,981 2,589,831 11,937,768 Rental and leasing services Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental and leasing 5.456.238 2.402.025 40.181 49,460 2.311.678 * 707 4,700,061

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322,019

1.945.409

18,344

95.072

25,521

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7,237,707

8.525.881

Footnotes at end of table

Other rental and leasing services

Other real estate and rental and leasing

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amount	s are in thousand	s of dollars]	0 1 11 15	. 0 "				
	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued							
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Receipts by foreign corporations from:							
	All sources	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties	
	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	
Services	616,353,220	142,325,656	19,147,443	15,947,123	107,194,953	36,137	481,841,887	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	262,157,131	53,285,956	11,427,442	10,168,399	31,680,661	9,455	210,554,458	
Architectural, engineering, and related services	10,729,183	1,163,649	265,134	187,281	711,173	* 62	9,596,624	
Computer system design and related services	111,649,649	20,612,339	5,896,973	4,208,111	10,503,187	* 4,069	91,299,330	
Custom computer programming services	2,026,579	693,687	322,571	200,370	166,678	* 4,069	1,344,046	
Computer systems design services	8,265,860	1,420,054	760,942	180,085	479,027	0	6,850,743	
Other computer system design and								
related services	101,357,211	18,498,598	4,813,461	3,827,656	9,857,481	0	83,104,541	
Management, scientific, and technical consulting								
services	12,261,360	5,278,259	706,246	762,837	3,809,176	0	7,107,174	
Scientific research and development services	4,235,699	2,288,574	954,344	537,174	796,416	* 641	2,040,194	
Advertising and related services	42,982,333	5,147,743	215,588	219,430	4,708,930	3,795	37,937,457	
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	80,298,907	18,795,391	3,389,157	4,253,567	11,151,781	* 887	62,573,679	
Management of companies and enterprises	273,299,270	76,337,514	6,488,191	4,117,549	65,705,263	* 26,511	202,495,335	
Administration and support and waste management								
and remediation services	33,211,070	8,156,603	633,961	947,335	6,575,306	0	25,571,558	
Educational services	1,733,426	148,342	* 1,572	1,913	144,857	0	1,608,128	
Health care and social assistance	2,914,929	261,816	31,378	2,074	228,364	0	2,656,043	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6,092,568	1,029,151	281,163	188,662	559,326	0	5,079,242	
Accommodation and food services	25,129,124	777,755	43,851	158,882	574,849	* 172	24,362,257	
Other services (except public administration)	11,815,704	2,328,519	239,884	362,309	1,726,326	0	9,514,865	
Nature of business not allocable	1,307,883	217,263	* 23,878	31,507	161,878	0	1,092,088	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued							
			Payments by	/ foreign corporat	ions to:			
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All recipients	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties	
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	
Il industries	3,528,629,281	1,075,521,968	234,870,915	224,166,893	615,661,945	822,216	2,482,722,7	
Raw materials and energy production	110,118,221	26,941,433	2,697,200	9,621,832	14,618,969	* 3,433	83,529,6	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	7,891,172	2,161,021	161,827	406,155	1,592,873	* 167	5,749,	
Mining Oil and goo extraction	68,426,845	21,035,285	2,477,811	8,798,778	9,758,168	* 529 0	47,646,	
Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas)	53,473,687	18,644,861 1,376,342	2,194,169 167,543	7,814,205 415,248	8,636,488 793,022	* 529	35,021,8 7,580,7	
Support activities for mining	8,945,592 6,007,566	1,014,082	116,099	569,325	328,658	0	5,044,0	
Utilities	33,800,204	3,745,127	57,563	416,899	3,267,928	* 2,737	30,133,8	
Goods production	1,516,669,958	471,904,526	120,735,488	88,687,221	262,190,366	291,452	1,048,195,	
Construction	18,406,045	1,598,848	96,063	315,039	1,187,746	0	16,846,	
Construction of buildings	2,767,302	56,145	27,604	* 14,600	13,942	0	2,713,	
Heavy and civil engineering construction	1,331,810	55,263	4,926	25,552	24,786	0	1,277,	
Specialty trade contractors	14,306,934	1,487,439	63,533	274,888	1,149,019	0	12,856,	
Manufacturing	1,498,263,912	470,305,678	120,639,425	88,372,181	261,002,619	291,452	1,031,349,	
Food manufacturing	95,593,130	16,306,433	1,790,307	2,859,209	11,538,704	* 118,214	79,369,	
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	74,305,227	17,816,297	1,768,998	4,856,101	11,191,197	0	56,533,	
Beverage manufacturing	36,460,213	8,396,216	1,673,457	2,134,437	4,588,322	0	28,073	
Tobacco manufacturing	37,845,013	9,420,080	* 95,541	2,721,664	6,602,875	0	28,459	
Textile mills and textile product mills	4,487,489	784,282	270,108	213,772	298,394	* 2,008	3,703	
Apparel manufacturing	12,944,944	3,951,365	1,175,355	1,399,350	1,376,655	* 5	9,068	
Leather and allied product manufacturing	2,096,898	588,880	313,837	* 32,094	242,949	0	1,508	
Wood product manufacturing	4,555,791	500,249	123,942	128,845	247,462	0	4,056	
Paper manufacturing	40,614,470	7,399,925	2,537,957	1,015,097	3,846,871	0	33,243	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	110,387,935	41,055,793	7,747,733	15,074,185	18,233,621	* 255	69,368	
Chemical manufacturing	252,782,221	98,823,129	27,355,352	13,923,467	57,433,110	111,201	155,341,	
Basic chemical manufacturing	33,884,950	8,276,705	1,823,123	2,116,988	4,226,152	110,443	25,642	
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	122,094,985	61,702,970	17,603,288	7,060,544	37,039,138	0	61,496	
Soap, cleaning compound, and toilet preparation	00 540 740	7 500 045	1 704 454	700 700	E 040 E0E	_	40.047	
manufacturing Other shaming manufacturing	23,519,742	7,580,845 21,262,609	1,794,451	736,799	5,049,595	0 * 758	16,047	
Other chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	73,282,544 38,928,127	9,253,788	6,134,490 2,215,810	4,009,136 1,121,948	11,118,225 5,916,031	756	52,154 29,695	
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	17,014,286	3,367,441	1,167,315	792,491	1,384,222	* 23,412	13,647	
Primary metal manufacturing	18,172,028	3,110,677	316,593	1,130,665	1,663,419	25,412	15,070	
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	35,837,982	7,223,931	1,748,374	1,643,080	3,822,635	* 9,842	28,641	
Machinery manufacturing	58,222,242	12,767,596	3,688,088	2,620,628	6,458,880	0,012	45,549	
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	228,021,272	88,893,682	31,712,858	16,604,538	40,565,932	* 10,355	139,567	
Communications equipment manufacturing	48,171,347	20,261,696	5,132,917	1,304,921	13,823,859	0	27,944	
Semiconductor and other electronic component	, ,		, ,		, ,			
manufacturing	74,408,766	31,641,595	20,956,897	2,561,867	8,112,477	* 10,355	42,926	
Other computer and electronic manufacturing	105,441,159	36,990,391	5,623,044	12,737,751	18,629,596	0	68,697	
Electric equipment, appliance, and component								
manufacturing	61,180,746	13,805,802	3,568,023	2,931,953	7,304,297	* 1,529	47,604	
Transportation equipment manufacturing	340,391,550	113,914,446	26,871,719	15,718,137	71,321,086	* 3,504	226,628	
Motor vehicles and parts manufacturing	328,032,162	111,024,258	26,063,444	14,744,043	70,213,267	* 3,504	217,087	
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	12,359,387	2,890,188	808,275	974,094	1,107,819	0	9,540	
Furniture and related product manufacturing	3,651,842	639,957	251,941	48,090	339,926	0	3,016	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99,075,732	30,102,004	6,015,115	6,258,532	17,817,228	* 11,129	69,736	
Medical and equipment supplies manufacturing	30,750,341	12,679,998	1,423,908	3,217,439	8,037,471	* 1,180	18,325	
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	68,325,392	17,422,006	4,591,207	3,041,093	9,779,757	* 9,949	51,410	
Distribution and transportation of goods	926,291,647	298,409,189	52,477,734	66,917,712	178,998,140	15,603	635,640	
Wholesale and retail trade	890,407,554	287,580,918	51,925,324	61,522,144	174,117,846	15,603	610,468	
Wholesale trade	641,592,155	240,482,306	44,773,206	45,561,851	150,136,116	11,134	408,565	
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and	l							
supplies wholesalers	32,712,619	17,748,345	1,626,428	1,441,946	14,679,971	0	15,026	
Professional and commercial equipment and								
supplies wholesalers	7,837,290	3,273,086	868,772	673,587	1,729,269	* 1,458	4,601	
Electrical and electronic goods wholesalers	58,771,903	27,626,093	12,216,300	3,715,400	11,694,393	0	32,796	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations-	-continued		
			Payments by	y foreign corpora	tions to:		
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All recipients	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
Drugs and druggists' sundries wholesalers	54,366,844	18,165,577	1,547,780	2,040,479	14,577,318	(29)	36,616,6
Apparel, piece goods, and notions wholesalers	9,304,513	2,812,752	387,292	382,099	2,043,361	0	6,501,5
Grocery and related product wholesalers	19,581,918	6,750,223	543,967	332,000	5,873,794	* 462	12,844,3
Chemical and allied products wholesalers	29,754,794	13,299,717	3,479,865	1,998,065	7,821,787	0	16,574,
Petroleum and petroleum products wholesalers	152,304,229	27,409,399	729,732	15,988,983	10,690,684	0	125,492,
Other wholesale trade	236,494,365	99,791,631	15,782,010	17,018,767	66,982,453	* 8,401	137,294,
Retail trade	248,540,738	46,954,866	7,127,800	15,949,822	23,872,775	* 4,469	201,772,
Motor vehicle dealers and parts dealers	19,846,556	10,189,581	67,830	766,968	9,354,783	0	9,657,
Electronics and appliance stores	8,057,289	1,917,125	254,706	405,944	1,256,475	0	6,152,
Building materials and garden equipment and suppliers dealers	5,108,724	447,932	53,684	209,069	185,179	0	4,660,
Food and beverage stores	11,799,635	484,983	299,954	117,781	* 67,248	0	11,314,
Health and personal care stores	3,651,159	469,181	108,844	145,170	215,167	0	3,187,
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	9,339,710	1,975,179	221,883	569,056	1,184,240	0	7,394,
General merchandise stores	83,345,253	3,644,720	946,076	447,748	2,248,208	* 2,687	79,705
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	2,280,967	465,702	114,059	200,877	148,983	* 1,783	1,815,
Other retailers	105,111,444	27,360,464	5,060,764	13,087,208	9,212,492	0	77,883,
Wholesale and retail trade not allocable	274,662	* 143,745	* 24,318	* 10,472	* 108,955	0	130
Transportation and warehousing	35,884,093	10,828,271	552,410	5,395,568	4,880,293	0	25,171,
Air transportation	3,243,283	208,641	* 22,812	139,404	46,426	0	3,034,
Water transportation	6,244,643	1,007,601	201,782	181,407	624,412	0	5,240,
Truck transportation	3,718,611	448,342	39,454	149,521	259,367	0	3,271,
Support activities for transportation	15,363,193	6,399,176	219,096	2,921,757	3,258,323	0	9,071,
Other transportation	5,157,061	2,175,660	7,850	1,906,603	261,206	0	2,981,
Warehousing and storage	2,157,303 94,339,501	588,851 22,085,218	61,416 6,828,301	96,876 7,355,442	430,559 7,889,450	* 12,026	1,571, 72,386 ,
Publishing industries	24,753,885	8,740,973	5,646,679	2,095,675	998,619	12,026	16,021
Newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishers	9,680,915	1,776,732	331,095	756,758	688,879	0	7,912,
Software publishers	15,072,971	6,964,241	5,315,583	1,338,918	309,740	0	8,109,
Motion picture and sound recording industries	22,703,118	7,077,842	507,535	3,687,091	2,878,898	* 4,318	15,671
Broadcasting (except Internet)	8,327,847	1,019,540	19,963	175,959	823,618	0	7,313
Internet publishing and broadcasting	103,486	* 25,586	* 408	* 17,096	* 8,082	0	78
Telecommunications	29,760,821	3,379,131	205,915	646,675	2,518,833	* 7,708	26,410
Internet service providers, Web search portals,							
and data processing services	4,406,077	836,351	359,824	202,313	274,215	0	3,607,
Other information services	4,284,267	1,005,795	87,978	530,632	387,185	0	3,283,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental							
Ind leasing	315,567,121	89,650,937	13,561,621	21,325,102	54,628,262	135,952	229,306,
Finance and insurance Credit intermediation and related activities	291,777,079 58,309,393	85,335,585 15,003,043	13,168,706 632,788	20,468,807 4,323,400	51,566,822 10,033,625	131,249 * 13,230	209,711, 43,638,
Depository credit intermediation	15,880,806	3,348,317	28,905	1,848,858	1,470,554	13,230	12,533,
Nondepository credit intermediation	38,768,374	10,635,364	522,051	2,290,677	7,809,405		28.431.
Activities related to credit intermediation	3,660,212	1,019,362	81,832	183,864	753,666	0	2,673,
Securities, commodity contracts, and other		, ,	,	,	,		, ,
financial investments and related products	118,972,608	48,986,108	12,078,355	9,513,498	27,286,476	* 107,778	71,368,
Insurance carriers and related activities	90,041,186	13,003,703	291,517	2,579,113	10,131,711	* 1,363	78,553,
Insurance carriers	62,702,383	9,138,154	180,109	1,922,458	7,035,580	* 6	55,032,
Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance							
related activities	27,338,803	3,865,549	111,407	656,655	3,096,130	* 1,357	23,520,
Funds, trusts, and other financial activities	24,453,892	8,342,731	166,046	4,052,796	4,115,010	* 8,878	16,151,
Real estate and rental and leasing	23,790,042	4,315,352	392,915	856,295	3,061,439	* 4,702	19,594,
Rental and leasing services	13,386,375	2,041,976	174,837	386,904	1,475,572	* 4,664	11,424,
Commercial and industrial machinery and						l	
a material and the state of the							
equipment rental and leasing Other rental and leasing services	5,923,371 7,463,004	1,387,614 654,362	119,797 55,040	319,070 67,834	946,441 529,131	* 2,307 * 2,357	4,606, 6,818,

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Table 1. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Industrial Sector and Selected Industrial Subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amour			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations-	-continued				
		Payments by foreign corporations to:							
Industrial sector and selected industrial subsector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All recipients	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties		
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)		
Services	564,298,825	166,408,251	38,554,314	30,228,176	97,262,011	363,749	412,439,635		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	245,053,918	75,412,048	25,788,109	12,644,006	36,926,036	53,897	180,821,661		
Architectural, engineering, and related services	10,303,614	1,201,261	610,869	188,820	401,471	* 101	9,124,115		
Computer system design and related services	100,461,303	41,775,163	20,174,828	8,057,593	13,542,743	0	68,718,241		
Custom computer programming services	1,871,492	407,065	187,921	66,360	152,784	0	1,478,878		
Computer systems design services	7,967,488	2,499,747	1,424,189	308,461	767,097	0	5,485,194		
Other computer system design and									
related services	90,622,323	38,868,351	18,562,718	7,682,772	12,622,862	0	61,754,169		
Management, scientific, and technical consulting									
services	11,413,780	2,630,520	579,306	323,283	1,727,931	0	8,832,935		
Scientific research and development services	4,326,360	605,496	216,142	83,205	306,148	0	3,743,410		
Advertising and related services	42,102,883	13,138,035	363,040	1,243,975	11,522,646	8,374	29,011,518		
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	76,445,977	16,061,573	3,843,923	2,747,130	9,425,098	* 45,423	61,391,442		
Management of companies and enterprises	241,367,327	80,387,718	9,618,184	15,409,923	55,086,236	273,375	163,971,344		
Administration and support and waste management									
and remediation services	32,134,376	2,881,114	456,012	421,166	2,003,725	* 211	29,365,181		
Educational services	1,634,024	278,037	68,663	50,487	158,887	0	1,415,394		
Health care and social assistance	2,681,896	515,256	53,702	60,909	400,645	0	2,316,678		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6,165,374	1,042,275	200,611	412,711	428,952	0	5,123,112		
Accommodation and food services	24,242,868	2,683,179	654,165	641,584	1,351,165	* 36,266	21,568,311		
Other services (except public administration)	11,019,042	3,208,625	1,714,869	587,390	906,366	0	7,857,953		
Nature of business not allocable	1,344,009	122,413	16,257	31,407	74,747	* 2	1,224,199		

^{*} Data should be used with caution because of the small number of returns on which they are based.

^[1] Number of returns is not additive because some U.S. corporations had Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one industrial sector. The industrial activity of the parent corporation filling the return often differs from that of the Controlled Foreign Corporations.

^[2] Value is less than \$500.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations	
			Total a		
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns [1]	corporation Number		End-of-year	Total receipts
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
I geographic regions	10,939	74,676	7,613,683,688	9,217,097,520	3,795,850,571
Latin America, total	3,000	10,693	386,038,955	449,470,022	289,817,056
Mexico	2,249	4,618	199,333,766	243,119,233	153,372,290
Central America and Caribbean countries, total	395	1,135	21,443,511	22,983,242	16,172,951
Costa Rica Dominican Republic	170 81	240 97	2,784,589 1,511,585	2,838,897 2,085,599	3,027,837 1,440,764
El Salvador	75	108	2,225,905	2,242,591	1,820,153
Guatemala	122	201	2,285,843	2,589,567	2,628,853
Honduras	77	160	1,073,077	1,260,753	1,937,940
Panama (including Canal Zone)	159	266	11,236,091	11,615,688	4,899,353
Other Central American and Caribbean countries	52	63	326,422	350,148	418,052
South America, total	1,411	4,939	165,261,678	183,367,547	120,271,814
Argentina	529	861	17,639,305	19,522,148	20,457,604
Bolivia	48	64	1,074,473	1,095,463	477,300
Brazil	971	1,677	84,392,775	94,877,634	58,858,28
Chile	394	712	28,344,498	30,496,318	11,789,089
Colombia	286 91	437 160	7,675,920	9,646,609	7,774,699
Ecuador Peru	187	240	1,549,451 5,294,891	1,736,525 6,461,399	2,476,128 3,127,02
Uruguay	149	211	1,934,268	1,942,299	2,204,335
Venezuela	325	525	16,692,424	17,020,446	11,896,056
Other South American countries	39	53	663,674	568,704	1,211,30
Other Western Hemisphere, total	4,319	10,277	1,535,444,871	1,795,027,510	699,167,565
Bahamas	93	384	42,451,711	52,616,671	13,866,726
Barbados	121	154	10,070,902	9,984,235	3,429,763
Bermuda	450	974	403,544,887	467,439,769	155,961,340
British Virgin Islands	230	348	49,494,423	51,678,990	17,749,46
Canada	3,592	6,559	648,656,325	742,560,256	421,174,84
Cayman Islands	548	1,402	344,461,974	426,218,389	81,568,359
Jamaica	45	62	1,618,247	1,669,622	897,820
Netherland Antilles	120 42	161	31,973,407	40,243,483	2,917,620
Trinidad and Tobago Other Western Hemisphere countries	79	52 181	1,027,679 2,145,315	979,096 1,636,999	314,73° 1,286,890
Europe, total	5,745	33,719	4,684,554,618	5,729,046,602	2,062,213,379
European Union, total	5,574	30,810	4,294,596,320	5,319,004,566	1,868,183,27
Austria	362	515	17,804,638	22,445,328	19,330,20
Belgium	711	1,281	85,105,269	95,580,427	53,634,95
Cyprus	56	76	894,371	1,480,541	1,388,52
Czech Republic	323	476	14,477,848	16,107,208	10,031,59
Denmark	414	681	18,948,834	27,675,432	15,208,07
Estonia	45	52	205,185	237,818	317,247
Finland	223	345		10,812,056	6,492,669
Reunion) Germany	1,603	3,857	251,795,752	267,209,715	153,028,917
Greece	1,864 182	4,121 242	311,317,302 4,730,188	355,281,624 6,253,900	223,960,105 6,811,221
Hungary	284	419		17,198,057	11,758,735
Ireland	607	1,091	208,775,353	315,222,046	103,788,860
Italy	998	1,795	85,896,332	99,292,730	72,388,907
Latvia	36	42	84,979	163,079	202,748
Lithuania	31	33	362,069	499,484	411,74
	1 000	439		568,027,649	157,504,240
Luxembourg	260	700			
	11	17	791,631	847,516	491,037
Luxembourg Malta Netherlands	11 1,371	17 3,151	791,631 647,998,050	809,568,942	297,741,740
Luxembourg Malta	11	17	791,631 647,998,050 23,609,142		491,037 297,741,740 18,551,896 14,110,759

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts a	1	00]	Controlled Forei	an Corporations	
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Total a	End-of-year	Total receipts
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Slovenia	36	40	367,675	593,762	924,802
Spain (including Canary Islands)	846	1,640	121,387,014	135,498,522	124,745,092
Sweden	592	1,055	65,788,559	72,202,182	43,963,634
United Kingdom and Northern Ireland (including Gibraltar)	3,721	8,227	1,972,807,487	2,443,427,749	528,753,781
Other European countries, total	1,098	2,909	389,958,298	410,042,036	194,030,109
Guernsey	32	59	981,373	4,234,617	402,259
Jersey	65	116	52,761,682	41,848,491	6,677,628
Norway	262	424	22,604,486	24,038,872	12,846,046
Romania	107	131	1,573,238	2,283,602	2,131,759
Russia Switzerland	239 753	441 1,389	4,975,878 302,337,653	6,120,600 326,515,781	8,147,430 158,484,729
Ukraine	60	93	1,242,823	1,106,069	2,133,174
Other European countries	150	255	3,481,165	3,894,005	3,207,084
Africa, total	600	1,511	32,459,202	37,675,168	32,185,416
North Africa, total	127	229	2,853,308	3,091,486	3,315,831
Egypt	74	110	1,607,565	1,742,088	1,803,647
Morocco	55	63	878,202	951,622	1,021,743
Other North African countries	36	56	367,542	397,775	490,441
East Africa, total	190	275	5,968,471	7,711,251	3,341,112
Mauritius	156	187	4,781,150	6,390,758	1,930,671
Other East African countries	50	88	1,187,321	1,320,493	1,410,441
West and Central Africa, total Liberia	104	269 97	11,487,853 6,904,612	12,735,280 7,479,409	6,791,500 3,014,292
Nigeria	50	76	3,254,729	4,008,119	1,656,448
Other West and Central African countries	45	96	1,328,512	1,247,752	2,120,760
Southern Africa, total	380	738	12,149,569	14,137,152	18,736,973
South Africa	369	623	11,354,152	13,274,856	17,521,365
Other Southern African countries	44	115	795,417	862,296	1,215,608
Asia, total	3,961	14,338	708,461,158	871,156,736	574,582,693
Central, Northern, and Southwestern Asia, total	206	304	7,082,915	9,714,871	17,251,629
Turkey	179	249	6,086,014	8,567,233	16,734,751
countries	40	55	996,902	1,147,638	516,878
Middle East, total Israel	901 795	1,200 993	21,020,267	23,566,604	13,573,162
United Arab Emirates	795	993	18,890,558 609,894	20,784,509 913,632	10,899,661 1,324,706
Other Middle East countries	79	121	1,519,815	1,868,462	1,348,795
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total	1,806	5,190	149,172,438	175,925,073	171,241,854
India	872	1,226	14,134,939	17,319,866	16,996,271
Indonesia	196	294	10,239,618	10,857,064	7,237,821
Malaysia	480	791	24,043,518	28,267,132	20,876,512
Pakistan	40	50	607,315	639,260	696,233
Philippines	278	478	13,823,574	14,280,946	11,256,018
Singapore	1,007	1,555		85,185,931	90,352,458
Thailand	398	663	16,117,776	18,710,822	22,942,053
Vietnam Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries	43	51	308,921	354,937	430,472
Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries Eastern Asia, total	53 2,580	82 7,645	284,250 531,185,538	309,115 661,950,188	454,017 372,516,049
China	1,161	2,264	28,663,251	38,208,863	48,118,616
Hong Kong	1,054	1,800	81,222,475	86,690,433	52,176,026
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	1,276	2,265	340,626,466	391,520,947	199,289,733
South Korea	560	757	44,175,322	100,196,395	44,396,044
Taiwan	396	539		44,649,995	27,409,364
Other Eastern Asian countries	18	19	421,994	683,555	1,126,266

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Controlled Forei	gn Corporations	
			Total a	assets	
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns [1]	Number of foreign corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	Total receipts
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Oceania, total	1,433	3,613	237,315,103	305,672,278	118,773,853
Australia	1,325	2,807	195,769,614	260,959,465	102,982,038
New Zealand	420	696	38,750,111	41,788,662	14,586,170
Marshall Islands	4	52	2,216,743	2,241,381	893,462
Other countries of Oceania	35	59	578,635	682,769	312,183
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	327	520	29,386,420	29,031,348	19,060,268
Puerto Rico	273	395	26,247,589	25,918,909	17,189,828
U.S. Possessions, total	74	125	3,138,831	3,112,440	1,870,440
Virgin Islands, U.S.	42	66	2,421,569	2,401,433	935,662
Other U.S. Possessions	38	59	717,262	711,006	934,778
Other country or unknown	3	4	* 23,362	* 17,857	* 50,343
OPEC countries, total (countries included above)	491	1,054	31,601,356	33,702,308	23,172,918

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued										
				Foreign corpor	ations with curren	current earnings ar					
	Current		Current	profits	(+) before income	taxes					
	earnings		earnings		1						
Selected country of incorporation	and profits	Income	and profits	Current		Current					
of Controlled Foreign Corporation				earnings		earnings					
	(less deficit)	taxes	(less deficit)	and profits	Income	and profit					
	before income		after income	before income	taxes	after incon					
	taxes		taxes	taxes		taxes					
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)					
I geographic regions	362,199,144	69,252,227	292,946,918	432,572,981	67,997,857	364,575,1					
Latin America, total	24,766,720	6,343,901	18,422,820	30,626,745	6,074,265	24,552,4					
Mexico	12,269,344	3,290,568	8,978,776	14,381,348	3,209,063	11,172,					
Central America and Caribbean countries, total	1,918,429	313,226	1,605,203	2,114,260	306,208	1,808,					
Costa Rica	360,726	36,100	324,626	403,926	34,749	369,					
Dominican Republic	405,865	70,821	335,044	412,255	70,179	342,					
El Salvador	96,134	19,781	76,353	116,633	19,320	97,					
Guatemala	178,925	55,003	123,922	216,998	55,617	161,					
Honduras	91,025	12,468	78,557	104,234	10,268	93,					
Panama (including Canal Zone)	717,296	96,373	620,923	787,089	93,489	693,					
Other Central American and Caribbean countries	68,458	22,681	45,777	73,125	22,586	50,					
South America, total	10,578,947	2,740,107	7,838,840	14,131,137	2,558,994	11,572,					
Argentina	1,050,672	314,653	736,019	1,708,272	299,579	1,408					
Bolivia	54,367	6,316	48,051	67,625	6,220	61.					
Brazil	4,369,304	1,459,802	2,909,502	6,358,952	1,328,099	5,030					
Chile	1,152,041	138,031	1,014,010	1,536,758	127,335	1,409,					
Colombia	419,031	174,076	244,956	607,796	164,746	443					
Ecuador	163,170	38,296	124,874	185,032	37,730	147,					
Peru	530,214	116,029	414,185	616,555	112,277	504					
Uruguay	73,725	11,395	62,331	108,356	11,073	97					
Venezuela	2,686,301	449,110	2,237,191	2,825,365	444,830	2,380					
Other South American countries	80,121	32,399	47,722	116,426	27,105	89,					
Other Western Hemisphere, total	87,099,455	15,687,665	71,411,789	99,989,054	15,825,461	84,163,					
Bahamas	3,002,336	850,231	2,152,105	4,052,899	841,934	3,210,					
Barbados	499,420	61,220	438,200	602,984	62,136	540,					
Bermuda	29,060,865	3,205,672	25,855,192	30,886,332	3,176,103	27,710					
British Virgin Islands	3,026,429	275,742	2,750,687	3,178,987	255,879	2,923					
Canada	40,662,927	8,706,507	31,956,420	46,224,825	8,995,772	37,229					
Cayman Islands	10,598,544	2,510,354	8,088,190	14,345,118	2,421,210	11,923					
Jamaica	54,870	7,607	47,263	85,932	7,607	78					
Netherland Antilles	225,776	45,352	180,424	303,200	40,547	262					
Trinidad and Tobago	52,608	14,783	37,825	68,116	14,657	53					
Other Western Hemisphere countries	-84,320	10,198	-94,517	240,663	9,615	231					
Europe, total	180,427,787	32,458,197	147,969,591	221,012,333	31,548,618	189,463					
• •			127,858,788	194,478,228	27,613,398	166,864					
European Union, total	156,345,334	28,486,545									
Austria	1,290,770	391,061	899,709	1,562,637	384,204	1,178					
Belgium	2,502,831	688,667	1,814,164	3,560,441	731,072	2,829					
Cyprus	222,928	21,841	201,087	234,249	22,117	212					
Czech Republic	929,152	246,742	682,410	1,035,511	241,166	794					
Denmark	1,053,031	255,864	797,166	1,409,595	250,066	1,159					
Estonia	14,050	* 1,793	12,257	16,971	* 1,718	15,					
Finland	541,428	119,497	421,931	639,563	118,095	521					
Reunion)	9,402,259	2,593,965	6,808,294	14,059,756	2,463,041	11,596					
Germany	8,306,081	2,934,185	5,371,896	13,925,568	2,689,185	11,236					
Greece	479,245	226,387	252,858	546,774	224,918	321					
Hungary	1,419,586	141,087	1,278,499	1,569,803	135,636	1,434					
Ireland	21,691,134	1,619,842	20,071,292	24,780,059	1,600,975	23,179					
	4,655,594	1,992,530	2,663,064	5,877,222	1,871,272	4,005					
Italy	7,000,004	2,858	16,145	20,136	2,850	17					
Italy Latvia	10.002		10,140	20,130	2,000						
Latvia	19,003			17 217	0 100	20					
Latvia Lithuania	7,622	8,203	-580	47,317	8,183						
Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg	7,622 10,485,073	8,203 1,014,271	-580 9,470,802	11,302,154	979,228	10,322					
Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg Malta	7,622 10,485,073 45,345	8,203 1,014,271 * 940	-580 9,470,802 44,405	11,302,154 46,970	979,228 * 920	10,322 46					
Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg Malta Netherlands	7,622 10,485,073 45,345 41,675,726	8,203 1,014,271 * 940 4,694,757	-580 9,470,802 44,405 36,980,968	11,302,154 46,970 46,513,837	979,228 * 920 4,614,303	39, 10,322, 46, 41,899,					
Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg Malta	7,622 10,485,073 45,345	8,203 1,014,271 * 940	-580 9,470,802 44,405	11,302,154 46,970	979,228 * 920	10,322 46					

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

		Com	Tolled Foreign Co	porations—continued Foreign corporations with current earnings and			
	Current		Current		(+) before income	•	
	earnings		earnings	,	1		
Selected country of incorporation	and profits	Income	and profits	Current		Current	
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	(less deficit)	taxes	(less deficit)	earnings	Income	earnings	
	before income	10,100	after income	and profits	taxes	and profits	
	taxes		taxes	before income	laxes	after income	
				taxes		taxes	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Slovenia	85,310	17,083	68,228	87,314	16,993	70,321	
Spain (including Canary Islands)	8,440,005	3,328,322	5,111,683	9,548,466	3,303,285	6,245,181	
Sweden	1,973,261	265,576	1,707,685	3,191,588	254,249	2,937,340	
United Kingdom and Northern Ireland (including							
Gibraltar)	37,552,518	7,226,661	30,325,858	50,517,786	7,031,050	43,486,736	
Other European countries, total	24,082,454	3,971,651	20,110,802	26,534,105	3,935,219	22,598,886	
Guernsey	306,772	10,588	296,185	323,648	10,587	313,061	
Jersey	1,801,585	58,609	1,742,976	2,734,901	53,957	2,680,944	
Norway	3,043,562	2,097,751	945,811	3,339,339	2,090,470	1,248,869	
Romania	173,531	50,202	123,329	194,778	49,201	145,576	
Russia	1,036,076	237,618	798,458	1,139,674	235,689	903,985	
Switzerland	17,424,541	1,428,253	15,996,289	18,342,079	1,407,976	16,934,103	
Ukraine	158,687	53,719	104,968	174,408	53,191	121,217	
Other European countries	137,698	34,911	102,787	285,280	34,148	251,132	
Africa, total	2,986,024	887,787	2,098,237	3,866,123	871,777	2,994,346	
North Africa, total	167,044	51,320	115,724	250,366	52,559	197,807	
Egypt	126,617	36,592	90,026	160,240	36,437	123,803	
Morocco	15,418	13,193	2,225	53,416	13,718	39,698	
Other North African countries East Africa, total	25,008	1,535	23,474	36,710	2,404	34,306 378,437	
Mauritius	399,097 345,573	105,194 83,651	293,903 261,922	481,283 399,031	102,846 82,296	316,736	
Other East African countries	53,524	21,543	31,981	82,251	20,550	61,701	
West and Central Africa, total	604,711	172,866	431,845	1,024,674	168,916	855,758	
Liberia	584,088	* 85,088	499,000	721,516	* 84,678	636,838	
Nigeria	18,554	60,673	-42,119	216,609	58,763	157,846	
Other West and Central African countries	2,069	27,104	-25,036	86,550	25,475	61,075	
Southern Africa, total	1,815,172	558,408	1,256,765	2,109,801	547,457	1,562,344	
South Africa	1,757,602	529,330	1,228,272	2,021,424	524,721	1,496,703	
Other Southern African countries	57,570	29,078	28,492	88,377	22,736	65,641	
Asia, total	49,155,965	10,839,600	38,316,365	55,934,843	10,641,408	45,293,434	
Central, Northern, and Southwestern Asia, total	1,377,356	303,842	1,073,515	1,509,469	301,945	1,207,524	
Turkey	1,313,859	279,615	1,034,244	1,415,563	276,848	1,138,715	
countries	63,497	24,226	39,271	93,906	25,097	68,809	
Middle East, total	978,075	187,160	790,915	1,575,619	174,686	1,400,934	
Israel	676,371	177,893	498,478	1,218,951	165,824	1,053,127	
United Arab Emirates	194,039	* 1,590	192,450	212,899	* 1,573	211,326	
Other Middle East countries	107,665	7,677	99,988	143,769	7,288	136,481	
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total	13,807,403	2,275,610	11,531,793	15,269,466	2,236,245	13,033,221	
India	1,711,855	430,136	1,281,719	2,134,493	415,843	1,718,650	
Indonesia	1,752,661	487,970	1,264,691	1,883,208	485,179	1,398,029	
Malaysia	1,728,052	251,829	1,476,223	1,843,494	250,101	1,593,394	
Pakistan	101,156	25,333	75,824	106,038	22,924	83,114	
Philippines	1,371,488	211,354	1,160,135	1,582,462	205,872	1,376,589	
Singapore Thailand	5,275,084	572,648	4,702,436	5,698,601	560,961	5,137,640	
	1,838,068	281,564	1,556,504	1,947,203	281,104	1,666,098	
Vietnam Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries	-2,144 31,182	5,787 8,990	-7,931 22,192	31,295 42,672	5,841 8,420	25,454 34,253	
Eastern Asia. total	32,993,131	8,072,988	24,920,142	37,580,289	7,928,533	29,651,756	
China	4,334,383	539,739	3,794,644	5,235,719	7,928,533 525,269	4,710,450	
Hong Kong	6,247,144	977,378	5,269,766	6,738,648	989,822	5,748,827	
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	15,104,588	4,975,602	10,128,986	17,628,786	4,877,307	12,751,478	
South Korea	4,413,650	1,111,827	3,301,823	4,945,594	1,077,170	3,868,424	
Taiwan	2,817,860	467,808	2,350,052	2,955,503	458,330	2,497,173	

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued						
	Current		Current		rations with currer (+) before income			
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits after income taxes		
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
Oceania, total	14,549,087	2,754,386	11,794,700	17,681,186	2,747,822	14,933,365		
Australia	12,341,006	2,439,551	9,901,456	15,310,790	2,438,028	12,872,761		
New Zealand	1,603,082	302,271	1,300,811	1,761,544	297,127	1,464,417		
Marshall Islands	547,815	* 853	546,962	547,816	* 853	546,962		
Other countries of Oceania	57,183	11,711	45,472	61,037	11,813	49,224		
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	3,212,987	280,485	2,932,502	3,459,892	288,493	3,171,399		
Puerto Rico	2,864,682	264,770	2,599,912	2,996,452	264,567	2,731,885		
U.S. Possessions, total	348,305	15,715	332,590	463,440	23,926	439,514		
Virgin Islands, U.S.	352,235	5,495	346,740	403,808	17,235	386,573		
Other U.S. Possessions	-3,930	10,219	-14,150	59,632	6,690	52,942		
Other country or unknown	* 1,119	* 206	* 913	* 2,804	* 14	* 2,789		
OPEC countries, total (countries included above)	4,738,595	1,007,070	3,731,524	5,246,705	999,286	4,247,419		

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	<u> </u>	Controlled F	oreign Corporations	-continued	
	Distributio	ons out of earnings a	and profits		
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Not previously taxed earnings and profits	Previously taxed earnings and profits	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
All geographic regions	135,230,421	91,424,129	43,806,293	46,638,623	47,794,506
Latin America, total	8,405,479	7,428,261	977,218	3,146,785	1,198,538
Mexico	2,781,934	2,511,305	270,629	755,905	375,839
Central America and Caribbean countries, total	1,195,493	826,945	368,548	541,427	310,041
Costa Rica	270,604	264,588	6,016	250,781	34,431
Dominican Republic	* 7,982	* 7,941	* 40	* 7,893	6,903
El Salvador	106,093	99,004	* 7,089	64,664	8,383
Guatemala	44,991	44,536	* 456	* 13,101	* 2,182
Honduras	130,370	127,684	* 2,686	* 112,438 * 76,160	* 5,123
Panama (including Canal Zone) Other Central American and Caribbean countries	607,198 * 28,255	256,459 * 26,732	350,740 * 1,522	* 76,169 * 16,380	252,327 * 692
South America, total	4,428,052	4,090,010	338,041	1,849,453	512,658
Argentina	368,731	332,057	36,674	116,165	51,18
Bolivia	* 18,715	* 16,741	* 1,975	* 702	* 12,26
Brazil	1,954,797	1,822,095	132,703	865,814	218,41
Chile	325,424	302,850	22,574	187,270	67,150
Colombia	103,527	92,442	11,086	66,773	15,39
Ecuador	52,738	52,689	* 48	24,382	* 27
Peru	39,489	39,172	* 316	26,535	32,89
Uruguay	79,187	18,160	* 61,027	15,516	49,44
Venezuela	1,467,625	1,395,987	71,638	532,856	59,790
Other South American countries	* 17,818	* 17,818	0	* 13,440	* 5,84
Other Western Hemisphere, total	37,747,897	25,698,664	12,049,233	17,465,319	13,351,278
Bahamas	490,230	223,589	266,640	198,316	640,59
Barbados	343,756	115,181	228,575	* 68,365	202,78
Bermuda	8,504,065	2,389,949	6,114,116	2,037,671	5,961,55
British Virgin Islands	771,656	* 87,695	683,961	* 85,142	277,12
Canada Cayman Islands	23,233,939 4,195,904	20,173,519 2,640,809	3,060,420 1,555,095	13,459,200 1,575,608	4,066,34 2,077,84
Jamaica	* 2,509	* 2,172	* 337	* 2,042	* 61
Netherland Antilles	130,298	15,123	* 115,174	* 11,602	97,68
Trinidad and Tobago	* 32,545	* 31,755	* 790	* 17,780	* 1,76
Other Western Hemisphere countries	42,995	* 18,871	* 24,124	* 9,592	24,97
Europe, total	66,473,533	41,197,097	25,276,436	18,844,540	26,506,18
European Union, total	58,594,038	39,269,485	19,324,552	17,795,692	22,789,75
Austria	218,115	205,998	12,117	110,204	67,85
Belgium	1,044,742	681,235	363,507	461,198	356,70
Cyprus	199,351	115,829	* 83,522	* 22,051	65,17
Czech Republic	321,261	177,790	* 143,471	91,692	152,37
Denmark	237,346	151,696	85,650	70,676	398,30
Estonia	* 5,846	* 5,846	0	* 111	
Finland	127,799	97,624	30,175	39,829	47,83
Reunion)	4,348,845	3,529,684	819,161	1,139,646	842,51
Germany	3,832,979	3,005,476	827,503	886,322	1,016,96
Greece Hungary	207,339 628,438	146,303 150,494	* 61,036 477,944	51,633 28,896	71,53- 333,10
Ireland	8,775,730	6,612,906	2,162,824	5,123,253	3,464,72
Italy	1,632,413	1,292,970	339,444	412,393	612,49
Latvia	* 4,232	* 3,121	* 1,111	* 449	* 2,29
Lithuania	* 847	* 847	0	0	* 3,66
Luxembourg	3,516,688	931,904	2,584,784	791,018	3,138,32
Malta	* 19,643	* 4,195	* 15,448	* 1,257	* 1,56
Netherlands	10,958,126	5,773,073	5,185,052	2,525,737	5,924,09
Poland	795,802	744,248	51,553	394,049	88,41
Portugal (including Azores)	439,115	267,023	172,091	45,350	683,210
Slovakia	30,426	30,426	* 1	20,616	* 12,313

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Controlled F	oreign Corporations	-continued	
	Distribution	ons out of earnings a	and profits		
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Not previously taxed earnings and profits	Previously taxed earnings and profits	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart income
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Slovenia	* 94,344	* 90,312	* 4,032	* 10,622	* 4,6
Spain (including Canary Islands)	2,857,068	1,966,083	890,985	1,026,537	790,
Sweden	451,665	321,307	130,358	133,088	190,8
United Kingdom and Northern Ireland (including Gibraltar)	17,845,878	12,963,096	4,882,782	4,409,066	4,520,6
Other European countries, total	7,879,495	1,927,611	5,951,884	1,048,848	3,716,4
Guernsey	* 39,408	* 2,419	* 36,989	* 2,364	59,
Jersey	194,002	* 14,700	* 179,302	* 7,771	336,
Norway	681,304	630,141	51,163	546,936	32,0
Romania	41,485	35,029	* 6,455	22,167	* 4,0
Russia	284,510	267,153	* 17,357	52,223	* 10,
Switzerland	6,558,563	915,849	5,642,715	384,310	3,187,
Ukraine	* 18,132	* 17,222	* 910	* 16,520	*
Other European countries	62,091 1,407,019	45,097 832,262	* 16,993	16,556 464,781	85,
Africa, total North Africa, total	64,047	59,530	574,757 * 4,517	8,989	295 , 3,
Egypt	30,932	30,881	* 51	* 7,699	* 2,
Morocco	30,476	26,050	* 4,426	* 374	
Other North African countries	* 2,639	* 2,600	* 39	* 916	*
East Africa, total	57,429	43,087	14,343	36,336	36,
Mauritius	32,829	* 19,081	13,748	* 18,113	35,
Other East African countries	24,601	24,006	* 595	* 18,223	*
West and Central Africa, total	780,608	266,135	514,473	234,029	198,
Liberia	564,342	* 139,778	424,564	* 139,778	192,
Nigeria	96,585	96,585	0	86,477	* 3,
Other West and Central African countries	119,681	29,772	* 89,909	* 7,774	* 2,
Southern Africa, total	504,935	463,510	41,424	185,428	57,
South Africa	481,803	441,673	40,130 * 1,294	173,203	53,
Other Southern African countries Asia, total	23,131 15,825,246	21,837 12,421,041	3,404,204	* 12,224 5,088,491	3, 5,054 ,
Central, Northern, and Southwestern Asia, total	339,201	268,804	* 70,398	119,982	67,
Turkey	323,633	253,235	* 70,398	105,490	67
countries	* 15,569	* 15,569	0	* 14,492	0.
Middle East, total	199,914	186,443	13,471	91,780	145,
Israel	105,940	103,873	* 2,067	41,432	106,
United Arab Emirates	36,123	* 27,949	* 8,174	* 16,732	32,
Other Middle East countries	57,852	54,622	* 3,230	33,617	7,
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total	4,393,894	3,625,570	768,324	1,543,007	991,
India	302,603	289,859	12,744	129,969	41,
Indonesia	646,695	636,348	* 10,347	84,476	6,
Malaysia	539,639	434,994	104,646	299,381	120,
Pakistan Philippines	28,980 811,651	28,926 772,212	* 55 39,440	* 8,602 203,068	* 60,
Singapore	1,579,545	1,034,941	544.604	649,335	659,
Thailand	441,712	386,351	55,361	163,300	102,
Vietnam	* 4,838	* 4,796	* 42	* 50	102,
Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries	* 38,230	* 37,145	* 1,086	* 4,826	*
Eastern Asia, total	10,892,236	8,340,224	2,552,012	3,333,722	3,849,
China	1,306,714	1,240,924	65,790	578,033	136,
Hong Kong	2,693,780	1,349,933	1,343,847	628,374	1,203,
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	5,034,687	4,221,352	813,334	1,288,008	2,186,
South Korea	1,123,974	819,749	304,225	529,885	271,
Taiwan	733,081	708,266	24,815	309,421	48,
Other Eastern Asian countries	0	0	0	0	* 2,

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Controlled F	oreign Corporations	-continued	
	Distribution	ons out of earnings	and profits		
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Not previously taxed earnings and profits	Previously taxed earnings and profits	Dividends paid to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Oceania, total	4,763,480	3,426,669	1,336,811	1,349,177	1,205,061
Australia	3,837,066	3,091,935	745,131	1,195,208	531,878
New Zealand	731,353	329,631	401,723	151,278	181,471
Marshall Islands	* 182,587	0	* 182,587	0	483,406
Other countries of Oceania	* 12,474	* 5,103	* 7,371	* 2,692	* 8,307
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	607,768	420,135	187,633	279,529	183,087
Puerto Rico	592,756	406,952	185,804	266,746	159,212
U.S. Possessions, total	15,012	13,183	* 1,829	12,782	23,875
Virgin Islands, U.S.	* 6,347	* 5,863	* 484	* 5,863	* 17,811
Other U.S. Possessions	8,665	* 7,320	* 1,345	* 6,919	* 6,065
Other country or unknown	0	0	0	0	0
OPEC countries, total (countries included above)	2,296,100	2,205,941	90,160	751,248	103,284

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[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued						
	Receipts by foreign corporations from:						
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All sources	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties
	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
Il geographic regions	3,795,850,571	1,030,284,624	178,950,203	182,688,301	668,398,192	247,928	2,787,272,90
Latin America, total	289,817,056	75,211,112	13,791,258	19,817,605	41,592,288	9,962	215,349,7
Mexico	153,372,290	48,132,310	9,234,979	15,217,269	23,677,095	2,967	105,688,2
Central America and Caribbean countries, total	16,172,951	5,049,759	1,098,300	1,358,823	2,592,636	0	11,137,5
Costa Rica	3,027,837	1,344,171	703,625	217,379	423,167	0	1,689,1
Dominican Republic	1,440,764	108,899	* 6,594	92,707	9,599	0	1,332,1
El Salvador	1,820,153	446,027	40,858	53,839	351,330	0	1,374,1
Guatemala	2,628,853	543,720	46,706	52,340	444,674	0	2,091,1
Honduras	1,937,940	935,441	262,420	246,129	426,892	0	1,002,8
Panama (including Canal Zone)	4,899,353	1,591,627	19,930	648,380	923,317	0	3,309,9
Other Central American and Caribbean countries	418,052	79,874	* 18,168	* 48,050	13,656	0	338,1
South America, total	120,271,814	22,029,043	3,457,978	3,241,512	15,322,557	* 6,995	98,523,9
Argentina	20,457,604	5,514,841	775,797	490,398	4,248,646	0	14,949,9
Bolivia	477,300	149,985	* 167	4,387	145,430	0	328,6
Brazil	58,858,281	8,722,499	1,042,084	1,618,570	6,058,571	* 3,274	50,209,2
Chile	11,789,089	2,096,972	428,815	539,048	1,129,110	0	9,747,0
Colombia	7,774,699	1,107,304 608,383	167,464	98,457	841,383 365,398	0	6,672,0
Ecuador Peru	2,476,128 3,127,021		217,803 15,704	25,182 229,573	539,180	0	1,867,9
Uruquay	2,204,335	784,458 583,699	14,589	46,003	523,107	0	2,445,0 1,621,4
Venezuela			795,555			* 3,721	
Other South American countries	11,896,056 1,211,301	1,797,932 662,971	795,555	189,263 * 633	809,394 662,338	3,721	10,133,9 548,5
Other Western Hemisphere, total	699,167,565	206,678,969	82,296,435	61,090,594	63,232,494	59,446	494,929,7
Bahamas	13,866,726	2,183,265	* 761,899	546,301	875,065	39,446	11,685,3
Barbados	3,429,763	1,226,355	217,148	561,921	447,287	0	2,203,8
Bermuda	155,961,340	63,816,487	20,577,876	21,849,641	21,388,414	* 556	93,272,1
British Virgin Islands	17,749,464	7,819,198	4,187,265	746,898	2,885,341	* -305	9,938,9
Canada	421,174,846	110,435,243	49,487,612	34,853,496	26,034,939	59,196	311,869,2
Cayman Islands	81,568,359	20,523,344	6,906,323	2,405,100	11,211,921	0	61,204,5
Jamaica	897,820	32,988	* 953	* 22,161	* 9,874	0	864,8
Netherland Antilles	2,917,620	305,745	12,564	26,155	267,027	0	2,615,
Trinidad and Tobago	314,731	34,465	* 1,042	* 6,297	27,125	0	280,2
Other Western Hemisphere countries	1,286,896	301,879	143,754	72,625	85,500	0	995,
Europe, total	2,062,213,379	577,363,080	51,862,639	70,133,623	455,250,608	116,209	1,502,164,
European Union, total	1,868,183,270	512,839,006	44,257,525	63,757,850	404,714,439	109,192	1,369,808,8
Austria	19,330,200	4,500,432	85,350	2,048,599	2,366,483	0	14,854,0
Belgium	53,634,950	20,077,197	575,590	1,415,692	18,085,087	* 828	34,073,2
Cyprus	1,388,524	129,768	* 14,048	* 2,387	113,332	0	1,258,9
Czech Republic	10,031,595	2,153,485	159,121	192,999	1,801,365	0	7,894,3
Denmark	15,208,077	3,062,447	209,191	325,875	2,527,381	0	12,197,6
Estonia	317,247	115,454	* 6,560	* 35,764	73,129	0	201,8
Finland	6,492,669	1,138,072	60,269	132,614	945,189	0	5,358,8
and Reunion)	153,028,917	44,451,688	3,370,170	3,991,846	37,085,624	* 4,047	109,272,7
Germany	223,960,105	70,117,716	4,985,316	4,265,138	60,867,108	* 154	157,160,8
Greece	6,811,221	545,073	17,382	30,020	497,671	0	6,266,
Hungary	11,758,735	3,645,476	177,769	847,297	2,620,410	0	8,127,
Ireland	103,788,860	34,574,821	5,798,356	6,352,173	22,424,292	0	70,557,
Italy	72,388,907	11,283,613	1,043,896	886,805	9,352,883	* 29	61,221,6
Latvia	202,748	20,570	* 22	* 16 670	20,542	0	182,
Lithuania	411,748	170,089	* 639	* 16,670	152,780	* 60 401	241,
Luxembourg	157,504,240	33,585,792	1,157,099	2,039,648	30,319,644	* 69,401	124,102,
Malta	491,037 297,741,740	84,494	* 836	* 364	* 83,249	* 46	406,7
Netherlands Poland	18,551,896	114,387,233 4,414,450	6,846,748 236,421	16,494,212 140,359	91,029,652 4,037,670	* 16,621 0	185,483,2 14,175,4
Poland Portugal (including Azores)	14,110,759	3,046,922	31,164	393,804	2,621,954	0	11,090,
i ortagai (iriolaanig Azoros)	17,110,739	5,540,822	31,104	53,569	2,021,334	U	11,000,0

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued [All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars] Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued Receipts by foreign corporations from: Domestic Any foreign Selected country of incorporation corporations corporations of Controlled Foreign Corporation U.S. AII All related controlled controlled Unrelated corporation related sources parties, total by U.S. by U.S. parties filing return parties corporation corporation filing return filina return (17) (18) (19)(20) (22)(23)349,159 * 7,327 2,898 338,934 575,643 Slovenia 124,745,092 997,133 1,279,581 19,240,470 * 6,732 103,367,570 Spain (including Canary Islands) 21,523,915 * 3,260 Sweden 43,963,634 19.869.639 4,789,314 421,062 14,656,004 24,174,602 United Kingdom and Northern Ireland (including 528,753,781 118,817,834 13,686,126 22.388.468 82,735,166 * 8,074 415,693,693 Gibraltar) Other European countries, total 7.605.115 * 7,017 132 355 431 194 030 109 64.524.074 6 375 773 50.536.169 402,259 72,424 * 3,876 68,549 332,680 6,677,628 779,584 * 43,327 491,929 240,259 * 4,069 5,925,011 Jersey 8.739.425 Norway 12.846.046 4.109.011 141.587 62.231 3.905.193 0 Romania 2,131,759 537,188 * 102,312 24,077 410,799 0 1,603,335 8,147,430 1,693,161 66,657 83,936 1,541,318 * 1.250 6,458,455 Russia 104,894,346 * 1,698 Switzerland 158,484,729 56,391,833 7,021,445 5,674,945 43,693,744 Ukraine 2,133,174 478,813 * 137,323 * 8.881 332.609 0 1.656.028 Other European countries 3,207,084 462,062 92,463 25,900 343,699 2,746,150 5,125,995 1,663,591 * 19,473 27,133,427 32.185.416 192.231 3.250.700 Africa, total North Africa, total 3.315.831 663.327 * 1.412 83.047 578.869 n 2.654.839 1,803,647 257,204 * 928 79,060 177,215 1,547,501 Egypt * 483 * 313 307.366 1.021.743 308.162 0 713.580 Morocco * 3.674 Other North African countries 490.441 97.961 n 94.287 0 393.757 21,016 356,472 * 19,473 East Africa, total 3,341,112 715,053 318,092 2,643,969 1.930.671 531.501 20.825 292.293 198.910 * 19.473 Mauritius 1.411.469 Other East African countries 1.410.441 183.552 * 191 * 64.179 119,182 0 1.232.500 West and Central Africa, total 6.791.500 1,536,025 108.447 811.953 615.625 0 5.256.098 3,014,292 1,091,884 108,384 741,176 242,324 0 1,922,550 Liberia Nigeria 1.656.448 60.919 * 3 44.666 16.251 0 1.595.979 Other West and Central African countries 2.120.760 383,222 * 61 * 26,110 357.051 0 1.737.570 18,736,973 2,211,589 61,356 412,120 1,738,114 Southern Africa, total 0 16,578,522 South Africa 17.521.365 1 852 984 60 993 410 021 1.381.970 0 15.719.788 Other Southern African countries * 363 * 2,098 1,215,608 358,605 356,144 0 858,734 Asia, total 574,582,693 145,028,489 29,445,380 24,398,879 91,141,795 42,435 430,183,746 Central, Northern, and Southwestern Asia. total 17.251.629 5.620.463 8.170 63.786 5.548.507 0 11.631.586 16,734,751 5,600,316 63,435 5,531,568 11,134,854 5,314 0 516,878 20,147 * 2.856 * 351 * 16,939 0 496,732 countries Middle East, total 13.573.162 5.251.478 3.005.686 602.564 1.641.869 * 1.359 8.375.643 10,899,661 4,646,575 2,959,996 507,076 1,179,503 6,298,194 Israel 0 United Arab Emirates 1,324,706 392,145 44,909 * 58.594 288.641 0 941.413 * 1,359 1.348.795 36.893 1.136.036 Other Middle East countries 212,758 781 173,726 Southern and Southeastern Asia, total 171,241,854 54,795,367 12.312.733 13,221,440 29,254,381 * 6,813 116,740,303 16,996,271 5,586,476 1,714,881 1,585,225 2,285,794 * 577 11,443,140 7.237.821 2.618.258 150.382 1.794.926 672.950 4.646.699 Indonesia 0 Malaysia 20.876.512 11,581,231 4.023.098 2.695.760 4.862.372 0 9.340.022 Pakistan 696,233 25,795 * 598 * 1,633 23,564 0 670,437 Philippines 11.256.018 5.208.097 2.155.732 292.870 2,759,355 * 140 6.200.749 Singapore 90.352.458 22.866.394 4.115.192 4.725.156 14,025,316 * 730 67.518.552 22,942,053 6,804,046 134,192 2,118,669 5,366 16,141,236 4,545,819 * 87 Vietnam 430,472 25,387 * 7,405 17,895 405,085 0 Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries * 11,251 454,017 79.682 * 7 114 61,318 0 374.382 79,361,181 14,118,791 54,697,038 Eastern Asia, total 372.516.049 10.511.089 34.263 293.436.214 China 48,118,616 17,377,196 4,742,300 1,701,476 10,929,034 * 4,387 30,792,926 Hona Kona 52.176.026 12.865.167 2.422.512 3.930.713 6.511.882 * 61 39 442 249 3,999,296 2,829,778 * 8,790 159,276,870 Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) 199.289.733 40.086.166 33.248.301 South Korea 44,396,044 4,256,175 993,586 496,549 2,745,017 * 21,024 40,159,184 1 919 362 1 099 458 1 091 339 23 305 010 Taiwan 27 409 364 4 110 160

1,126,266

* 41,735

666,317

* 453,115

* 171,466

0

459,976

Other Eastern Asian countries
Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued									
		Receipts by foreign corporations from:							
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All sources	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties		
	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)		
Oceania, total	118,773,853	15,931,179	1,153,474	2,454,736	12,322,565	* 403	103,164,503		
Australia	102,982,038	14,475,708	1,019,550	2,275,332	11,180,423	* 403	88,779,687		
New Zealand	14,586,170	1,311,042	121,683	137,612	1,051,747	0	13,323,599		
Marshall Islands	893,462	19,680	0	* 13	19,667	0	873,782		
Other countries of Oceania	312,183	124,749	* 12,241	* 41,780	70,728	0	187,434		
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	19,060,268	4,945,801	208,786	3,129,274	1,607,742	0	14,297,206		
Puerto Rico	17,189,828	4,830,928	121,932	3,124,428	1,584,568	0	12,541,236		
U.S. Possessions, total	1,870,440	114,873	* 86,854	* 4,845	23,174	0	1,755,970		
Virgin Islands, U.S.	935,662	23,027	* 3,155	* 2,670	17,201	0	912,825		
Other U.S. Possessions	934,778	91,846	* 83,699	* 2,175	5,973	0	843,146		
Other country or unknown	* 50,343	0	0	0	0	0	* 50,343		
OPEC countries, total (countries included above)	23,172,918	5,028,182	991,350	2,087,750	1,945,361	* 3,721	18,217,876		

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars] Controlled Foreign Corporations--continued Payments by foreign corporations to: Domestic Any foreign Selected country of incorporation corporations corporations of Controlled Foreign Corporation U.S. All other ΑII All related controlled controlled Unrelated corporation related recipients parties, total by U.S. by U.S. parties filing return parties corporation corporation filing return filing return (26)(24)(25)(27)(28)(29)(30)234.870.915 224.166.893 615.661.945 822.216 2.482.722.738 All geographic regions .528.629.281 1.075.521.968 Latin America, total 270,407,700 65.041.131 15,160,062 18.418.194 31.396.143 66,731 205.963.029 141,811,822 38,544,627 9,317,264 12,129,978 17,039,841 57,544 103,548,445 Mexico Central America and Caribbean countries, total 15.282.787 5.162.648 1.124.499 1.726.378 2.311.771 10,203,547 Costa Rica 2,955,755 945,225 318,664 328.248 298.313 0 2,012,412 Dominican Republic 1,046,075 146.191 65.123 51.680 29.389 0 900.405 El Salvador 1,786,639 743.033 49.091 332,116 361.826 0 1.046.347 Guatemala 2,443,378 683,151 101,449 238,329 343,374 0 1,762,413 1,954,411 769,841 188,356 375,738 205,748 1,218,913 Honduras 0 Panama (including Canal Zone) 4.713.752 1.805.382 380.656 375.085 1.049.641 0 2.950.032 382,777 69,825 21,162 25,182 23,481 0 313,024 Other Central American and Caribbean countries 12.044.531 113.313.091 21.333.856 4.718.299 4.561.838 9.187 92.211.037 South America, total Argentina 19,479,859 3,637,998 654,971 606,130 2,375,322 * 1,575 15,890,970 Bolivia 451,778 49.969 * 2,314 6,616 41,018 * 20 401,810 4,284,936 * 665 47,857,978 Brazil 56,589,172 8.751.578 2.311.860 2.154.116 Chile 10.497.079 2.289.384 382.942 580.094 1,325,776 * 572 8.338.512 Colombia 7,322,342 1,263,062 250,341 249,609 762,119 * 993 6,060,911 Ecuador 2.353.782 551.457 54.922 113.940 382.595 1.802.811 Peru 2,644,319 432,059 65,922 123,832 240,970 * 1,335 2,225,179 2,186,487 1,029,481 97,622 122,851 808,998 1,160,288 Uruguay * 10 10.629.900 3.143.525 878.642 600.079 1.660.816 3.988 7.499.552 1,158,371 185,342 * 18,763 * 28 Other South American countries 4,570 161,981 973,029 Other Western Hemisphere, total 651.033.424 188.194.599 67.966.341 59.129.414 61.030.647 68.197 466.404.850 Bahamas 11.051.239 4.778.810 208,934 2,157,290 2,412,585 0 6,276,895 Barbados 3,184,948 1,064,057 244,816 239.970 579,271 2,131,013 n 136,596,478 12,559,971 18,333,413 * 285 92,961,034 Bermuda 45,065,848 14,172,180 British Virgin Islands 15,078,607 6,377,997 4,030,138 528,022 1,819,838 8,726,352 36,768,502 407,512,520 102,781,380 36,559,882 29,385,230 67,766 305,660,346 Canada 74.047.844 27,159,300 14.286.329 4.895.337 7.977.567 48.044.933 Cayman Islands 67 Jamaica 843.826 54.796 * 21.564 13 543 * 19.688 n 789.228 Netherland Antilles 1,112,604 553,666 32.798 133,011 387,856 0 568.435 73,974 41,658 Trinidad and Tobago 308,259 * 10,647 21,669 0 234,285 11,262 Other Western Hemisphere countries 1,297,099 284,772 179.901 93,528 80 1,012,327 1,907,338,693 586,247,068 90,464,620 94,395,240 401,100,620 286,588 1,339,727,663 Europe, total European Union, total 729.747.870 517.449.971 74 590 261 82.926.560 359 655 400 277,751 1 226 734 245 Austria 18.051.285 4,446,642 138.927 1.228.910 3.078.805 n 13.621.149 51,638,670 16,214,255 1,355,484 2,771,581 12,084,407 * 2.784 35,807,155 Belgium Cyprus 1.297.959 384.507 92.586 95.311 196.610 919.605 Czech Republic 2,452,616 130,557 288,253 2,033,806 9,422,563 0 6,998,392 537 921 2,500.591 10 598 695 Denmark 13.888.661 3,334,471 295 722 * 236 * 3,792 * 1.281 Estonia 307.816 60.601 55 528 n 247.216 Finland 6.035.469 1,860,040 103,465 194.865 1,561,710 0 4,184,384 4,935,315 Reunion' 147,628,793 38,963,570 3,667,445 30,351,431 * 9,379 108,996,238 Germany 219,294,714 52,565,955 5,812,405 7,007,324 39,743,089 * 3,136 167,074,630 4,761,153 Greece 6,532,310 1,777,282 62,835 131,466 1,582,981 Hungary 10 847 573 3 184 851 139 641 376 840 2 668 370 n 7 685 780 Ireland 90,956,731 47,249,004 24,373,117 4,692,869 18,183,018 n 53,754,012 Italy 69,286,514 21,588,343 1,033,797 2,531,557 18,019,205 * 3,784 47,722,396 190,333 66,207 * 3,875 55,188 124,127 Latvia 369,157 88,780 * 250 * 2,455 Lithuania 86,075 283,753 8,775,155 40,696,782 1,972,984 29,903,695 44.947 Luxembourd 142.336.281 102.618.808 Malta 465 805 61 842 * 15 462 * 5 157 35.793 * 5.431 404 907

257,789,511

17,694,798

11,499,743

2.507.460

93,293,909

4,664,416

3,613,690

454,876

16,462,607

412,692

82 862

51.551

16,074,250

721.958

719 590

55.237

60,631,292

3,529,766

2,810,462

348.087

125,760

* 776

165,155,813

13,099,114

7 968 565

2,052,841

Slovakia
Footnotes at end of table.

Poland

Netherlands

Portugal (including Azores)

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		-	Controlled Fore	ign Corporation	ns—continued		
	Payments by foreign corporations to:						
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All recipients	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelate parties
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
Slovenia	935,458	317,629	* 40,392	* 33,094	244,143	0	617,
Spain (including Canary Islands)	118,328,977	32,753,492	2,181,300	2,825,740	27,732,159	* 14,294	85,628
Sweden	42,562,757	14,784,415	1,157,850	936,918	12,683,680	* 5,967	27,974
United Kingdom and Northern Ireland (including Gibraltar)	489,878,532	132,571,796	14,995,395	27,979,636	89,535,509	61,256	358,434
Other European countries, total	177,590,823	68,797,097	15,874,359	11,468,681	41,445,220	8,837	112,993
Guernsey	292,524	84,673	* 2,945	* 31,063	50,664	0	210
Jersey	4,942,259	756,413	* 64,844	234,174	457,395	0	4,189
Norway	10,433,587	2,669,853	771,800	251,250	1,646,803	0	7,780
Romania	1,998,879	490,069	30,057	16,808	443,204	0	1,509
Russia	7,599,313	3,325,939	122,823	181,160	3,020,036	* 1,921	4,341
Switzerland Ukraine	147,152,394 1,997,904	60,543,000 450,722	14,823,110 * 29,397	10,676,900 * 23,973	35,036,363 397,073	* 6,627 * 279	90,703
Other European countries	3,173,964	450,722 476,427	29,397	53,353	397,073	* 10	1,547 2,711
Africa, total	30,787,269	9,376,361	1,896,529	2,330,920	5,038,043	* 110,868	22,364
North Africa, total	3,239,451	588,412	56,263	39,422	492,670	* 58	2,655
Egypt	1,723,273	332,300	18,870	23,456	289,975	0	1,393
Morocco	1,038,262	206,365	37,374	* 5,615	163,318	* 58	832
Other North African countries	477,915	49,747	* 19	* 10,351	39,377	0	428
East Africa, total	3,062,194	1,447,922	674,799	227,464	438,205	* 107,454	2,535
Mauritius	1,660,251	1,178,894	659,451	35,316	376,840	* 107,288	1,402
Other East African countries	1,401,943	269,028	15,348	192,148	61,365	* 167	1,132
West and Central Africa, total	6,951,663	2,098,529	412,618	703,733	982,178	0	4,856
Liberia	2,947,632	1,308,291	248,987	231,525	827,779	0	1,639
Nigeria	1,749,618	396,489	* 73,676	239,697	83,116	0	1,355
Other West and Central African countries	2,254,413	393,748	* 89,956	232,511	71,282	* 2.257	1,861
Southern Africa, total South Africa	17,533,961 16,359,791	5,241,497 5,085,080	752,849 748,525	1,360,302 1,349,525	3,124,990 2,983,674	* 3,357 * 3,357	12,316 11,296
Other Southern African countries	1,174,171	156,417	* 4,324	10,777	141,316	0,557	1,020
Asia, total	542,158,215	198,291,065	54,920,034	42,435,467	100,655,351	280,213	349,439
Central, Northern, and Southwestern Asia, total	16,302,147	6,886,364	241,371	172,516	6,472,477	0	9,449
Turkey	15,857,430	6,830,851	236,081	145,448	6,449,323	0	9,059
countries	444,717	55,513	* 5,290	* 27,069	23,154	0	389
Middle East, total	12,571,193	2,456,920	831,088	249,320	1,374,336	2,176	10,381
Israel	10,095,065	1,711,791	651,934	165,771	893,979	* 107	8,646
United Arab Emirates	1,172,984	498,021	125,016	34,857	336,493	* 1,654	676
Other Middle East countries	1,303,143	247,108	54,138	48,691	143,865	* 415	1,059
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total	161,160,591	63,270,161	19,267,995	19,376,923	24,504,102	121,141	100,570
India	15,073,238	2,690,648	430,877	516,726	1,742,745	* 300	12,507
Indonesia	6,380,038 19,627,392	1,488,018	147,996	180,327	1,159,695	* 2.065	4,896
Malaysia Pakistan	623,182	8,588,303 144,616	2,325,203 21,407	2,438,255 32,617	3,822,781 90,592	* 2,065 0	11,075 480
Philippines	10,930,061	5,487,673	3,102,799	900,619	1,483,852	* 404	5,542
Singapore	85,987,307	40,323,397	12,812,563	14,500,540	12,911,394	* 98,899	48,041
Thailand	21,653,304	4,392,413	402,201	762,971	3,215,620	* 11,621	17,288
Vietnam	426,389	52,996	14,298	13,722	24,831	* 144	373
Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries	459,680	102,097	10,651	31,146	52,592	* 7,708	365
Eastern Asia, total	352,124,284	125,677,620	34,579,580	22,636,707	68,304,437	156,897	229,038
China	44,933,020	13,861,122	3,035,555	1,735,522	8,985,696	104,349	31,183
Hong Kong	48,577,234	18,805,677	4,604,812	3,658,522	10,542,343	0	30,038
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	190,808,277	73,144,561	21,154,240	12,187,491	39,795,960	* 6,870	119,720
South Korea Taiwan	40,807,706	12,007,199	2,412,363	4,128,057	5,426,022	* 40,758	28,839
	25,947,478	7,771,101	3,331,902	908,481	3,525,797	* 4,920	18,293,

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Table 2. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income, and Related Party Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

			Controlled Fore	ign Corporation	s—continued			
	Payments by foreign corporations to:							
Selected country of incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation	All recipients	All related parties, total	U.S. corporation filing return	Domestic corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Any foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related parties	Unrelated parties	
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	
Oceania, total	110,192,216	24,081,405	3,864,758	4,469,991	15,737,038	* 9,618	86,361,615	
Australia	95,934,951	20,540,432	3,534,801	3,586,125	13,411,134	* 8,372	75,576,737	
New Zealand	13,495,763	3,254,983	322,258	805,326	2,126,153	* 1,246	10,308,427	
Marshall Islands	502,416	204,535	* 6	61,417	143,112	0	298,732	
Other countries of Oceania	259,086	81,455	* 7,693	17,123	56,639	0	177,718	
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	16,661,978	4,290,124	598,356	2,987,666	704,102	0	12,412,633	
Puerto Rico	15,051,187	4,079,454	502,564	2,926,794	650,096	0	11,008,040	
U.S. Possessions, total	1,610,791	210,670	95,792	60,872	54,006	0	1,404,592	
Virgin Islands, U.S.	671,690	105,842	43,940	38,949	22,953	0	565,937	
Other U.S. Possessions	939,101	104,828	51,852	21,922	31,053	0	838,655	
Other country or unknown	* 49,788	* 216	* 216	0	0	0	* 49,572	
OPEC countries, total (countries included above)	20,966,683	5,755,504	1,277,272	1,102,224	3,370,072	5,936	15,235,829	

^{*} Data should be used with caution because of the small number of returns on which they are based.

^[1] Number of returns is not additive because some U.S. corporations had Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one country. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Number of Controlled Foreign Corporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation (Controlled Foreign Corporation) (1) (2) (3) (4) (3) (4) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (5) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	Il figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts a	are in thousands of dollars]	Con	ontrolled Foreign Corporations		
or Controlled Foreign Corporation returns [1] corporation returns [1] corporations Beginning of year End-of-year	Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	1		<u> </u>		
ALL GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS [2] All industries All industries 10.39 TA.57 ALTS 883.688 9.21,897.5 ALTS 883.688 9.21,897.5 7.41,893.688 9.21,897.5 ALTS 883.688 9.21,897.5 1.22,44 9.08 19.10.95 1.09.20 1,509.26	,	corporation	·	<u> </u>		
Alt LOGORAPHIC REGIONS [2] 10,939 74,676 7,613,683,688 9,217,097,6 Raw materials and energy production 574 2,744 308.810,019 326,367,2 Coods production 3,912 19,399 1,599,395,081 1,856,527,2 Distribution and transportation of goods 3,346 16,215 540,946,198 620,621,5 Information 7,743 3,740 176,746,514 288,706,7 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 1,664 8,743 3,189,714,638 3,919,938,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 4,663 2,3418 1,799,886,561 2,193,193,85 ARGENTINA [2] All industries 529 861 17,639,305 19,522,1 Raw materials and energy production 38 71 3,683,160 4,005,2 Coods production 1958 208 5,268,133 6,042,2 Distribution and transportation of goods 143 164 3,660,721 3,785,3 Information d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d		(1)	(2)			
Raw materials and energy production 574 2,744 308,810,919 326,367,	ALL GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS [2]	(.)	(=)	(0)	(.,	
Coods production 3.912 19.359 1.596.395.081 1.866.827,1	All industries	10,939	74,676	7,613,683,688	9,217,097,52	
Distribution and transportation of goods 3,348 10,215 540,946,198 620,021,5 Finance, real estate, and rental and leasing 1,664 8,743 3,740 176,4514 289,705,0 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 1,664 8,743 3,189,714,638 3,919,933,6 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 1,664 8,743 3,189,714,638 3,919,933,6 ARGENTINA [2] 529 861 17,539,305 19,522,1 Raw materials and energy production 38 71 3,663,160 4,0052 Coods production 158 208 5,263,131 6,042,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 143 164 3,680,721 3,765,3 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 85 144 2,644,178 2,877,1 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 1,325 2,807 189,789,614 2,895,84 Raw materials and energy production 59 170 15,755,996 20,763,	Raw materials and energy production	574	2,744	308,810,919	326,367,99	
Information	Goods production	3,912	19,359	1,596,395,081	1,865,827,17	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	Distribution and transportation of goods	3,348	16,215	540,946,198	620,621,54	
ARGENTINA 2 2193.1858 323.418 1,799.886,561 2,193.1858 AII.Industries 528 881 17,833,905 19,822,1	Information	743	3,740	176,746,514	289,705,06	
ARGENTINA [2] S28 881 17,539,305 19,522,16 Raw materials and energy production 38 71 3,653,160 4,005.2 Coods production 158 208 5,268,313 6,042.5 Distribution and transportation of goods 143 164 3,660,721 3,785.3 Information d d d d d Commission d d d d d Commission d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,664	8,743	3,189,714,638	3,919,933,67	
All Industries \$28	Services	4,693	23,418	1,799,886,561	2,193,185,89	
Raw materials and energy production 38		529	861	17 639 305	19 522 17	
Second production 158 208 5,288,313 6,042.5						
Distribution and transportation of goods 143						
Information d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	,					
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 35						
Services 134					2 077 17	
All industries	•					
All industries		134	211	1,479,429	1,023,00	
Raw materials and energy production 99 170 15,726,696 20,726.3 Goods production 375 577 29,507,047 32,643.8 Distribution and transportation of goods 381 527 9,013,393 11,073.4 Information 38 193 7,536,549 9,738.3 11,073.6 Services 540 981 48,084,673 69,906,1 Services 54		1.325	2.807	195,769,614	260.959.46	
Goods production 375 577 29,507,047 32,643,8 Distribution and transportation of goods 381 527 9,013,393 11,078,4 Information 98 193 7,536,549 9,738,3 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 111 345 85,876,477 116,800,5 Services 540 981 48,084,673 69,908,1 All industries 362 515 17,804,638 22,445,3 Raw materials and energy production 5 7 211,800 2235,3 Coods production 96 120 5,406,060 8,760,9 Distribution and transportation of goods 145 174 2,482,800 2,587,2 Information 18 30 218,193 200,7 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 19 31 3,174,447 3,051,7 Services 111 148 6,286,573 7,587,9 All industries 38 384 42,451,711 52,616,8 Raw materials and energy production 17 206 14,401,803 19,417,5 Goods production d d d Distribution and transportation of goods 25 45 2,785,694 4,186,0 Information d d d Distribution and transportation of goods 25 45 2,785,694 4,186,0 Information d d d Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 26 41 9,934,101 9,433,8 Services 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 All industries 711 1,281 85,105,269 95,880,4 Raw materials and energy production 9 10 79,676 86,6 Goods production 9 10 79,676 86,6 Goods production 34 54 1,272,633 1,686,5 Information 4 9 2,813,096 32,675,1 Services 8ERMUDA [2]		,	,			
Distribution and transportation of goods 98 193 7,536,549 9,738,33 11,078.4 Information 98 193 7,536,549 9,738,35 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 111 345 85,876,477 116,800,5 Services 540 981 48,084,673 69,908,1 AUSTRIA [2]	07 1					
Information	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 111 345 85,876,477 116,800,5 Services 540 981 48,084,673 69,906,1						
Services						
All industries 362 515 17,804,638 22,445,3					69,908,15	
Raw materials and energy production 5 7 211,800 235,3	AUSTRIA [2]					
Goods production	All industries	362	515		22,445,32	
Distribution and transportation of goods 145 174 2,482,800 2,587,2 Information 18 30 218,193 200,7 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 19 31 3,174,847 3,051,7 Services 111 148 6,286,573 7,587,9	Raw materials and energy production	5	7	* 211,800	* 235,34	
Information	Goods production	96	120	5,406,060	8,760,90	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 19 31 3,174,847 3,051,7	Distribution and transportation of goods			2,482,800	2,587,28	
BAHAMAS SAME	Information				200,74	
BAHAMAS 93 384 42,451,711 52,616,6				, ,	3,051,76	
Services		111	148	6,286,573	7,587,95	
Raw materials and energy production		93	384	42,451,711	52.616.6	
Goods production						
Distribution and transportation of goods 25 45 2,785,694 4,186,0 Information d d d d Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 26 41 9,934,101 9,433,8 Services 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 BELGIUM [2]					10,111,01	
Information					4 186 0	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 35 36 38,105,269 36,580,4 36 37,676 36,6,6 37 36 28,585,698 31,360,4 37 36 28,585,698 31,360,4 38 39 10,211,596 10,456,9 39 30 30,211,596 10,456,9 30 30 30 30,211,596 30,211,59	·				1,100,0	
Services 34 70 13,255,058 17,677,0 BELGIUM [2] All industries 711 1,281 85,105,269 95,580,4 Raw materials and energy production 9 10 79,676 86,6 Goods production 237 361 28,585,698 31,360, Distribution and transportation of goods 253 339 10,211,596 10,456,9 Information 34 54 1,272,633 1,668,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2] All industries 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4					9 433 83	
All industries 711 1,281 85,105,269 95,580,4 Raw materials and energy production 9 10 79,676 86,6 Goods production 237 361 28,585,698 31,360,4 Distribution and transportation of goods 253 339 10,211,596 10,456,9 Information 34 54 1,272,633 1,668,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2] 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 7 352,608 352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	•				17,677,02	
Raw materials and energy production 9 10 79,676 86,6 Goods production 237 361 28,585,698 31,360,4 Distribution and transportation of goods 253 339 10,211,596 10,456,9 Information 34 54 1,272,633 1,668,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2] All industries 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	BELGIUM [2]					
Goods production 237 361 28,585,698 31,360,4 Distribution and transportation of goods 253 339 10,211,596 10,456,9 Information 34 54 1,272,633 1,668,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2] All industries 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	All industries				95,580,4	
Distribution and transportation of goods 253 339 10,211,596 10,456,9 Information 34 54 1,272,633 1,668,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2]	Raw materials and energy production				86,66	
Information 34 54 1,272,633 1,668,5 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2]	,				31,360,43	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 47 90 28,163,096 32,675,1 Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2] All industries 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	Distribution and transportation of goods				10,456,92	
Services 265 424 16,770,193 19,308,6 BERMUDA [2] All industries 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	Information		54	1,272,633	1,668,54	
BERMUDA [2] 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing				32,675,17	
All industries 450 974 403,544,887 467,439,7 Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4		265	424	16,770,193	19,308,62	
Raw materials and energy production 20 157 23,009,085 27,272,8 Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4		450	974	403.544.887	467,439 70	
Goods production 38 45 52,846,269 94,364,5 Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 *352,608 *352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4					27,272,87	
Distribution and transportation of goods 40 49 11,326,956 14,331,6 Information 7 7 * 352,608 * 352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4					, ,	
Information 7 7 * 352,608 * 352,9 Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4						
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing 292 458 137,211,596 121,776,4	·					
	Services	148	253	178,798,274	209,339,95	

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

All ligures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts		Con	controlled Foreign Corporations		
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign	Total as	sets	
5. 55.m. 1.05.g. 55.p. 5	returns [1]	corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	
DDAZII 101	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
BRAZIL [2] All industries	971	1,677	84,392,775	94,877,634	
Raw materials and energy production	41	81	12,086,606	12,958,652	
Goods production	344	505	22,670,996	26,856,653	
Distribution and transportation of goods	284	353	8,206,479	7,724,068	
Information	62	102	7,738,811	7,662,07	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	65	145	22,945,191	28,510,69	
Services	329	484	10,737,434	11,155,16	
CANADA [2] All industries	3,592	6,559	648,656,325	742,560,25	
Raw materials and energy production	126	266	89,322,196	90,619,15	
Goods production	1,125	1,643	179,814,507	202,780,25	
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,333	1,797	57,241,835	64,293,16	
Information	148	254	7,048,390	7,814,56	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	370	720	221,251,417	266,999,57	
Services	1,169	1,849	93,908,391	109,949,06	
CAYMAN ISLANDS [2]	540	4 400	244 464 074	400 040 00	
All industries	548	1,402	344,461,974	426,218,38	
Raw materials and energy production Goods production	45 81	211 103	27,559,364 26,182,478	30,402,04 28,414,26	
Distribution and transportation of goods	47	55	2,213,791	2,873,05	
Information	8	8	* 21.984	* 20,90	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	200	513	165,742,619	210,426,95	
Services	249	504	122,715,928	154,043,99	
CHILE [2]					
All industries	394	712	28,344,498	30,496,31	
Raw materials and energy production	24	60	8,129,745	8,082,70	
Goods production	103	127	2,647,349	2,911,94	
Distribution and transportation of goods	157	188	1,853,988	2,173,17	
Information	d	d	d	7.070.00	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	48	87 208	6,620,363 6,637,889	7,879,82 7,224,15	
CHINA [2]	107	200	0,037,009	7,224,10	
All industries	1,161	2,264	28,663,251	38,208,86	
Raw materials and energy production	14	21	98,955	98,52	
Goods production	698	1,255	19,684,503	26,182,99	
Distribution and transportation of goods	280	418	4,317,743	5,528,78	
Information	29	38	81,009	168,59	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	31	43	414,623	609,60	
Services	315	465	4,026,579	5,520,56	
COLOMBIA [2] All industries	286	437	7,675,920	9,646,60	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	.,,	
Goods production	76	96	2,027,818	2,563,49	
Distribution and transportation of goods	84	94	888,973	1,147,45	
Information	32	34	996,735	1,472,23	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	50	80	2,629,690	3,302,46	
Services	64	108	1,056,591	1,109,43	
CZECH REPUBLIC [2] All industries	323	476	14,477,848	16,107,20	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	10,107,20	
Goods production	123	161	4,009,218	4,647,22	
Distribution and transportation of goods	102	119	791,482	939,42	
Information	14	23	247,122	214,27	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	25	37	5,896,173	6,674,39	
Services	90	125	3,148,366	3,201,29	

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

	Nontre	Con	Controlled Foreign Corporations	
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign	Total as	ssets
• •	returns [1]	corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
DENMARK [2] All industries	414	681	18,948,834	27,675,4
	9	9	* 98,379	* 1,119,5
Raw materials and energy production Goods production	116	140	6,846,449	9,386,8
Distribution and transportation of goods	145	170	2,282,350	2,446,3
Information	21	24	157,545	166,1
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	31	48	3,417,212	4,045,6
Services	161	286	6,099,687	10,468,4
	101	200	0,099,007	10,400,4
FRANCE (incl. Corsica, Guadeloupe, Martinique, and				
Reunion) [2]				
All industries	1,603	3,857	251,795,752	267,209,7
Raw materials and energy production	23	39	1,807,210	1,715,7
Goods production	592	1,116	67,945,491	67,319,9
Distribution and transportation of goods	489	769	36,274,196	39,806,8
Information	101	217	7,878,229	7,543,1
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	130	334	69,548,659	73,794,2
Services	652	1,354	68,187,509	76,876,8
GERMANY [2]				
All industries	1,864	4,121	311,317,302	355,281,6
Raw materials and energy production	75	81	705,379	699,4
Goods production	638	1,160	127,044,952	143,018,3
Distribution and transportation of goods	604	913	28,467,896	33,376,0
Information	98	174	8,472,210	9,675,0
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	142	280	77,414,861	84,580,6
Services	787	1,476	69,079,524	83,821,6
HONG KONG [2]				
All industries	1,054	1,800	81,222,475	86,690,4
Raw materials and energy production	6	7	* 3,739,652	* 3,760,8
Goods production	240	314	4,790,742	6,171,4
Distribution and transportation of goods	398	548	11,449,788	10,683,2
Information	58	81	732,161	904,8
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	83	201	46,893,148	47,812,3
Services	415	637	13,609,364	17,342,5
HUNGARY [2]	1		,	,,.
All industries	284	419	14,500,721	17,198,0
Raw materials and energy production	5	6	* 89,907	* 109,3
Goods production	99	122	6,735,036	8,245,6
Distribution and transportation of goods	86	100	612,445	929,2
Information	19	31	565,422	550,7
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	25	43	5,223,321	5,935,9
Services	82	114	1,274,560	
	82	114	1,274,500	1,427,0
INDIA [2]				
All industries	872	1,226	14,134,939	17,319,8
Raw materials and energy production	6	13	261,237	67,1
Goods production	229	311	6,021,227	7,185,8
Distribution and transportation of goods	123	147	1,244,220	1,566,8
Information	78	89	469,695	585,9
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	29	57	2,699,447	3,400,0
Services	480	601	3,425,905	4,496,2
IRELAND [2]				
All industries	607	1,091	208,775,353	315,222,0
Raw materials and energy production	7	7	* 28,299	* 17,6
Goods production	174	231	31,222,939	47,347,1
Distribution and transportation of goods	151	175	7,399,739	9,554,6
Information	42	52	8,201,964	17,625,5
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	130	313	101,567,134	167,397,9
Services	211	304	60,311,601	73,234,2

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—more	nev amounts are in thousands of dollars	

	Number	Con	ntrolled Foreign Corporations		
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign corporations	Total as	sets	
	returns [1]	corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	
IODAEL IO	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
ISRAEL [2] All industries	795	993	18,890,558	20,784,50	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	20,104,00	
Goods production	121	178	13,807,134	15,124,69	
Distribution and transportation of goods	54	66	645,077	748,09	
Information	145	150	246,920	182,77	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	16	31	674,302	524,73	
Services	491	546	3,507,423	4,190,80	
ITALY [2] All industries	998	1,795	85,896,332	99,292,73	
Raw materials and energy production	17	25	281,106	307,43	
Goods production	326	576	41,854,700	50,003,56	
Distribution and transportation of goods	402	512	15,793,726	20,665,35	
Information	54	79	1,923,378	2,423,95	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	51	131	12,409,621	12,183,03	
Services	286	459	13,603,895	13,682,86	
JAPAN (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) [2]					
All industries	1,276	2,265	340,626,466	391,520,94	
Raw materials and energy production	4	5	* 83,925	* 85,82	
Goods production	344	534	50,290,493	54,445,01	
Distribution and transportation of goods	443	600	28,850,415	33,670,42	
Information	102	129	2,901,689	3,363,30	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	69	374	232,544,479	268,010,20	
Services	466	618	25,913,054	31,918,93	
LUXEMBOURG [2] All industries	260	439	415,606,232	568,027,64	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d		
Goods production	54	63	90,156,382	101,052,65	
Distribution and transportation of goods	24	28	54,242,243	60,987,61	
Information	11	12	702,286	700,95	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	61	151	104,887,541	150,197,78	
Services MALAYCIA 701	144	181	161,252,617	253,222,77	
MALAYSIA [2] All industries	480	791	24,043,518	28,267,13	
Raw materials and energy production	11	15	142,144	149,09	
Goods production	178	252	9,410,219	9,828,26	
Distribution and transportation of goods	139	189	1,130,695	1,219,34	
Information	22	26	38,219	22,61	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	35	68	11,653,769	14,578,14	
Services	164	236	1,651,822	2,454,39	
MEXICO [2]			400 000 -00	A.A.1.4	
All industries	2,249	4,618	199,333,766	243,119,23	
Raw materials and energy production Goods production	1,131	215 1,911	5,223,590 49,444,087	6,492,76 56,359,26	
Distribution and transportation of goods	624	862	14,552,502	19,453,06	
Information	74	181	2,456,500	2,455,85	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	173	375	90,515,622	110,125,01	
Services	600	1,039	37,081,389	48,180,62	
NETHERLANDS [2]					
All industries Raw materials and energy production	1,371	3,151	647,998,050 5,197,732	809,568,94 6,814,03	
Goods production	419	633	268,320,601	335,879,03	
Distribution and transportation of goods	386	571	38,290,245	40,941,96	
Information	93	173	26,334,901	84,719,45	
	145	265	88,355,684	85,154,39	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing					

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Number -	Con	trolled Foreign Corporations		
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign	Total as	ssets	
	returns [1]	corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year	
NEW ZEALAND IO	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
NEW ZEALAND [2] All industries	420	696	38,750,111	41,788,66	
Raw materials and energy production	45	82	14,987,902	15,029,77	
Goods production	108	137	12,670,694	13,632,94	
Distribution and transportation of goods	137	171	2,345,931	2,691,63	
Information	d	d	2,010,001 d	2,001,0	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	34	83	5,871,627	7,215,74	
Services	130	191	2,625,294	2,945,7	
NORWAY [2]		40.4	20 204 402	04.000.0	
All industries	262	424	22,604,486	24,038,8	
Raw materials and energy production	13	19 81	6,628,474	7,194,3	
Goods production	69	127	9,552,997	9,285,70	
Distribution and transportation of goods	15	16	3,496,564	3,793,19	
Information	15	30	83,717 978,691	141,70	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	81	147	1,861,852	1,229,8 2,381,9	
PHILIPPINES [2]	01	147	1,001,002	2,361,96	
All industries	278	478	13,823,574	14,280,9	
Raw materials and energy production	13	38	3,692,314	3,483,82	
Goods production	107	134	4,210,211	4,304,50	
Distribution and transportation of goods	77	98	618,963	633,44	
Information	13	15	36,526	50,7	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	41	66	3,898,064	4,245,8	
Services	91	124	1,365,331	1,560,02	
POLAND All industries	400	650	23,609,142	28,109,24	
Raw materials and energy production	11	13	113,061	183,44	
Goods production	154	225	6,426,968	8,249,7	
Distribution and transportation of goods	143	170	1,372,425	1,552,4	
Information	15	26	353,206	330,3	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	26	60	14,501,523	16,666,89	
Services	114	156	841,959	1,126,3	
PORTUGAL (including Azores) [2]					
All industries	238	399	19,107,469	21,930,7	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d		
Goods production	78	101	4,066,877	4,668,9	
Distribution and transportation of goods	87	124	1,919,819	2,371,10	
Information	18	24	228,814	280,9	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	20	31	2,259,850	3,167,3	
PUERTO RICO [2]	72	112	10,565,471	11,425,85	
All industries	273	395	26,247,589	25,918,90	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d		
Goods production	62	74	7,188,321	8,824,16	
Distribution and transportation of goods	96	123	4,572,066	2,415,19	
Information	d	d	d		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	37	68	6,345,869	6,475,9	
Services	76	100	4,792,821	4,835,9	
RUSSIA [2]	239	,,,	4 075 070	6 400 0	
		441	4,975,878	6,120,6	
All industries		ا د			
All industries Raw materials and energy production	d	d os	1 206 940	1 550 1	
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production	d 76	95	1,306,840		
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods	d 76 71	95 96	1,390,203	1,694,4	
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production	d 76	95		1,553,1 1,694,4 1,006,8 378,1	

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Pairingules are estimates based on a sample—money amounts		Con	trolled Foreign Corporation	s
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign	Total a	ssets
	returns [1]	corporations	Beginning-of-year	End-of-year
CINC ADODE 191	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
SINGAPORE [2] All industries	1,007	1,555	69,612,527	85,185,931
Raw materials and energy production	13	17	159,614	230,376
Goods production	281	351	16,788,959	19,638,155
Distribution and transportation of goods	322	424	10,848,560	13,021,651
Information	62	83	587,145	810,665
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	76	142	24,344,240	31,313,728
Services	406	531	16,867,130	20,147,797
SOUTH AFRICA [2] All industries	369	623	11 254 152	12 274 956
Raw materials and energy production	6	7	11,354,152 * 176,656	13,274,856 * 235,981
Goods production	143	201	5,835,679	7,029,307
Distribution and transportation of goods	115	150	1,265,958	1,616,541
Information	13	17	203,440	145,964
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	35	54	2,445,222	2,481,082
Services	110	189	1,403,383	1,762,406
SOUTH KOREA [2]				
All industries	560	757	44,175,322	100,196,395
Raw materials and energy production	5	7	* 1,914,910	* 2,160,370
Goods production	203	255	17,145,900	20,853,828
Distribution and transportation of goods	177	193	4,049,881	4,898,719
Information	23	31	1,006,506	1,843,639
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	32	75	18,124,490	68,063,716
Services	166	189	1,872,301	2,306,679
SPAIN (including Canary Islands) [2] All industries	846	1,640	121,387,014	135,498,522
Raw materials and energy production	21	31	635,650	600,962
Goods production	272	457	32,020,461	37,404,646
Distribution and transportation of goods	289	400	29,153,920	31,324,340
Information	63	98	1,337,130	1,634,803
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	53	129	19,959,245	22,909,565
Services	294	517	38,250,156	41,581,480
SWEDEN [2]	592	1,055	CE 700 EE0	70 000 400
All industries Raw materials and energy production	4	1,055	65,788,559 * 19,940	72,202,182 * 18,579
Goods production	178	252	18,999,270	20,583,804
Distribution and transportation of goods	199	241	3,338,708	3,805,795
Information	42	64	4,204,467	4,317,132
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	31	60	18,336,880	18,943,435
Services	235	421	20,886,536	24,458,571
SWITZERLAND [2]				
All industries	753	1,389	302,337,653	326,515,781
Raw materials and energy production	6	6	* 265,256	* 330,792
Goods production	216	305	108,130,473	111,755,654
Distribution and transportation of goods	294	426	35,534,424	43,017,576
Information	45 75	64	2,582,789	4,474,209
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	295	129 450	66,308,382 89,511,318	66,755,964 100,178,091
TAIWAN [2]				
All industries	396	539	36,076,030	44,649,995
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	7 450 917	0 144 048
Goods production	182	212	7,459,817	9,144,048
Distribution and transportation of goods Information	111	127 14	2,000,178 43,304	2,469,625 46,684
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	21	52	24,494,355	30,803,024
Services	103	131	1,914,352	2,178,703

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Number	trolled Foreign Corporations	3	
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign corporations	Total as	
	returns [1]		Beginning-of-year	End-of-year
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
THAILAND [2]				
All industries	398	663	16,117,776	18,710,82
Raw materials and energy production	11	18	583,924	560,63
Goods production	165	226	7,633,553	8,390,70
Distribution and transportation of goods	126	152	1,864,510	2,315,87
Information	12	15	141,477	164,22
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	30	89	4,667,130	5,864,69
Services	115	158	1,224,124	1,406,64
UNITED KINGDOM AND NORTHERN IRELAND (including Gibraltar) [2]				
All industries	3,721	8,227	1,972,807,487	2,443,427,74
Raw materials and energy production	61	135	28,700,337	24,745,52
Goods production	1,171	1,859	138,733,675	152,292,67
Distribution and transportation of goods	998	1,406	57,591,144	65,351,98
Information	233	555	65,407,889	100,407,14
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	532	1,411	1,333,186,120	1,697,318,87
Services	1,514	2,812	349,083,972	403,208,89
	1,011	2,012	010,000,012	100,200,00
VENEZUELA [2] All industries	325	525	16,692,424	17,020,44
Raw materials and energy production	37	64	4,775,072	5,044,19
Goods production	113	145	5,601,604	6,263,06
Distribution and transportation of goods	92	120	1.031.890	1.582.04
Information	d d	120 d	1,031,090 d	1,502,04
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	29	44	1,214,324	1,505,91
Services	87	119	2,898,482	1,591,42
	01	119	2,090,402	1,551,42
EUROPEAN UNION, TOTAL [2]		20.040	4 00 4 500 000	5 040 004 50
All industries	5,574	30,810	4,294,596,320	5,319,004,56
Raw materials and energy production	189	463	43,065,548	39,208,19
Goods production	2,014	7,822	884,756,065	1,037,529,09
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,701	6,485	293,907,212	331,896,76
Information	381	1,685 3,490	127,848,307	233,065,17
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	831		1,891,693,471	2,388,823,09
Services	2,520	10,655	1,052,630,419	1,287,674,89
OPEC COUNTRIES, TOTAL [2]				
All industries	491	1,054	31,601,356	33,702,30
Raw materials and energy production	56	128	12,714,871	13,807,96
Goods production	178	294	7,704,632	8,262,85
Distribution and transportation of goods	148	236	2,125,694	2,967,47
Information	31	48	1,413,160	1,172,40
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	42	84	4,002,649	4,889,47
Services	149	253	3,634,259	2,576,85

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued					
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes		
	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
ALL GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS [2]						
All industries	3,795,850,571	362,199,144	69,252,227	292,946,918		
Raw materials and energy production	127,239,949	33,177,301	10,066,054	23,111,247		
Goods production	1,633,118,266	125,146,203	22,297,868	102,848,335		
Distribution and transportation of goods	966,617,230	52,504,462	11,643,824	40,860,638		
Information	95,170,491	8,073,622	2,249,857	5,823,765		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	356,043,531	57,870,006	10,466,173	47,403,834		
Services	616,353,220	85,462,899	12,510,316	72,952,583		
ARGENTINA [2]						
All industries	20,457,604	1,050,672	314,653	736,019		
Raw materials and energy production	1,355,401	185,003	61,272	123,731		
Goods production	7,198,019	381,276	140,627	240,649		
Distribution and transportation of goods	9,427,174	377,606	53,180	324,426		
Information	d	d	d			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	846,671	30,513	36,905	-6,393		
Services	698,745	90,082	17,760	72,322		
AUSTRALIA [2]						
All industries	102,982,038	12,341,006	2,439,551	9,901,456		
Raw materials and energy production	5,386,287	104,775	147,724	-42,949		
Goods production	40,443,046	3,747,975	973,316	2,774,659		
Distribution and transportation of goods	15,868,669	903,692	241,437	662,255		
Information	3,172,345	463,843	206,428	257,415		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	10,775,527	2,588,720	471,546	2,117,173		
Services	27,288,370	4,532,276	398,780	4,133,496		
AUSTRIA [2]	40,000,000	4 000 770	204 204	200 700		
All industries	19,330,200	1,290,770	391,061	899,709		
Raw materials and energy production	* 126,815	* -1,982	* 2,180	* -4,162		
Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods	8,945,226 4,381,490	546,446 256,584	143,736 98,644	402,711 157,940		
·		-25,203		-28,081		
Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	221,839 397,759	-39,995	2,878 13,800	-20,00 -53,795		
Services	5,232,396	556,722	129,770	426,952		
	3,232,390	330,722	129,770	420,932		
BAHAMAS All industries	13,866,726	3,002,336	850,231	2,152,105		
Raw materials and energy production	3,102,572	1,108,951	471,095	637,856		
Goods production	d	1,100,001 d	,,,,, d	007,000		
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,549,798	159,112	43,591	115,522		
Information	d	d	d			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	966,005	442,025	4,564	437,461		
Services	2,188,948	978,151	321,840	656,312		
BELGIUM [2]	, ,	·	,			
All industries	53,634,950	2,502,831	688,667	1,814,164		
Raw materials and energy production	127,418	2,770	* 804	1,965		
Goods production	28,458,839	919,993	219,788	700,205		
Distribution and transportation of goods	14,332,566	247,145	109,798	137,347		
Information	840,487	172,170	12,655	159,515		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,149,041	696,162	210,361	485,801		
Services	6,716,616	463,760	134,745	329,015		
BERMUDA [2]						
All industries	155,961,340	29,060,865	3,205,672	25,855,192		
Raw materials and energy production	10,786,986	4,106,227	1,540,871	2,565,356		
Goods production	59,382,856	12,050,214	459,075	11,591,139		
Distribution and transportation of goods	26,357,875	1,383,207	200,260	1,182,946		
Information	* 572	* 486	0	* 486		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	19,585,161	3,694,580	238,519	3,456,060		
i marioe, modrarioe, real estate, and remai and leading	10,000,101	-,,	,			

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

	-	Controlled Foreign Corpor	rations—continued	
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings an profits (less deficit) after income taxes
DD478.401	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
BRAZIL [2] All industries	58,858,281	4,369,304	1,459,802	2,909,5
Raw materials and energy production	7,464,677	1,251,223	198,893	1,052,3
Goods production	29,389,098	2,622,187	717,169	1,905,0
Distribution and transportation of goods	9,581,936	523,239	132,039	391,2
Information	3,532,979	-119,800	36,627	-156,4
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	5,560,222	41,172	284,837	-243,6
Services	3,299,001	42,654	89,568	-46,9
CANADA [2]				
All industries	421,174,846	40,662,927	8,706,507	31,956,4
Raw materials and energy production	36,940,726	9,841,084	1,955,866	7,885,2
Goods production	204,709,521	12,261,408	2,784,142	9,477,2
Distribution and transportation of goods	116,112,765	4,477,159	1,580,184	2,896,9
Information	5,926,955	475,177	185,982	289,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	28,379,999	6,577,638	1,374,640	5,202,9
Services CANMAN ISLANDS ISL	29,034,472	7,023,964	823,516	6,200,4
CAYMAN ISLANDS [2] All industries	81,568,359	10,598,544	2,510,354	8,088,
Raw materials and energy production	9,310,827	3,162,323	1,480,697	1,681,6
Goods production	33,948,678	2,576,940	185,688	2,391,
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,990,740	315,927	23,770	292,
Information	* 29,683	* 6,738	* 1,663	* 5,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	21,136,764	2,475,040	434,762	2,040,
Services	14,147,909	2,064,817	383,774	1,681,
CHILE [2]				
All industries	11,789,089	1,152,041	138,031	1,014,0
Raw materials and energy production	3,079,730	654,266	65,366	588,
Goods production	2,554,106	178,922	21,523	157,
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,963,038	124,067	18,764	105,
Information	d	d	d	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,350,304	103,075	13,467	89,
Services	848,230	88,707	14,444	74,:
CHINA [2]	40 440 646	4 224 202	520 720	2.704
All industries	48,118,616	4,334,383	539,739 * 915	3,794,
Raw materials and energy production Goods production	80,312 32,701,989	3,384,692	355,478	3,029,
Distribution and transportation of goods	9,941,343	566,095	85,268	480,
Information	80,422	5,751	848	4,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	172.675	25,618	2,978	22.
Services	5,092,544	350,065	94,103	255,
COLOMBIA [2]				
All industries	7,774,699	419,031	174,076	244,
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	
Goods production	3,168,221	224,331	79,133	145,
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,689,553	138,706	39,535	99,
Information	719,209	-119,014	3,739	-122,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	719,731	155,164	42,037	113,
Services	357,670	21,700	8,570	13,
CZECH REPUBLIC [2]	40 004 505	000 450	040.740	600
All industries Raw materials and energy production	10,031,595 d	929,152 d	246,742 d	682,
Goods production	6,343,067	574,452	145,396	429,
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,822,942	98,231	38,035	60,
Information	213,552	30,850	4,335	26,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	807,467	156,693	38,595	118,
	001,701	100,000	00,000	, 10,

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued						
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes			
	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
DENMARK [2]							
All industries	15,208,077	1,053,031	255,864	797,166			
Raw materials and energy production	* 142,935	* -4,364	* 4,365	* -8,730			
Goods production	4,762,553	268,880	59,465	209,415			
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,306,862	156,624	45,646	110,978			
Information	127,988	-2,240	2,689	-4,929			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	954,205	155,476	27,095	128,381			
Services	4,877,394	473,120	114,539	358,581			
FRANCE (incl. Corsica, Guadeloupe, Martinique, and Reunion) [2]							
All industries	153,028,917	9,402,259	2,593,965	6,808,294			
Raw materials and energy production	1,245,131	-55,283	24,758	-80,041			
Goods production	69,744,251	3,064,678	834,102	2,230,577			
Distribution and transportation of goods	40,349,324	2,992,753	813,376	2,179,377			
Information	3,777,887	522,913	52,280	470,633			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	8,708,778	1,541,741	342.738	1,199,003			
Services	29,063,399	1,334,580	522,654	811,925			
	29,003,399	1,334,360	522,054	011,923			
GERMANY [2]							
All industries	223,960,105	8,306,081	2,934,185	5,371,896			
Raw materials and energy production	357,266	37,328	* 5,400	31,929			
Goods production	130,955,056	2,308,130	1,182,930	1,125,200			
Distribution and transportation of goods	50,563,259	1,390,927	479,046	911,881			
Information	5,432,087	91,184	131,476	-40,292			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	10,147,029	1,436,505	308,506	1,127,998			
Services	26,347,286	3,040,650	824,446	2,216,205			
HONG KONG [2]							
All industries	52,176,026	6,247,144	977,378	5,269,766			
Raw materials and energy production	* 1,457,343	* 599,103	* 97,928	* 501,174			
Goods production	9,207,084	618,757	71,759	546,998			
Distribution and transportation of goods	21,654,782	1,696,437	244,574	1,451,863			
Information	526,196	5,972	3,955	2,017			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	9,910,146	1,671,913	392,221	1,279,692			
Services	9,403,784	1,653,826	166,444	1,487,382			
HUNGARY [2] All industries	11,758,735	1,419,586	141,087	1,278,499			
Raw materials and energy production	* 31,077	* 11,452	* 1,217	* 10,235			
Goods production	8,068,065	955,013	53,113	901,901			
Distribution and transportation of goods	1.563.647	82,549	32,246	50,304			
Information	475,011	79,819	3,847	75,972			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	887,611	215,785	37,815	177,970			
Services	733,321	75,006	12,851	62,155			
INDIA [2]	100,021	10,000	12,001	02,100			
All industries	16,996,271	1,711,855	430,136	1,281,719			
Raw materials and energy production	151,141	29,233	* 7,446	21,787			
Goods production	7,191,119	609,122	231,150	377,972			
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,567,133	151,837	62,044	89,794			
Information	747,697	89,615	23,697	65,918			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,940,345	344,456	33,651	310,805			
Services	4,389,000	492,157	72,026	420,132			
IRELAND [2]							
All industries	103,788,860	21,691,134	1,619,842	20,071,292			
Raw materials and energy production	* 24,593	* 4,905	* 35	* 4,870			
Goods production	42,317,344	7,311,120	478,319	6,832,801			
Distribution and transportation of goods	21,407,164	1,863,006	89,513	1,773,492			
Information	8,022,658	2,438,681	178,000	2,260,681			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	9,821,736	1,607,382	239,277	1,368,105			
Services	22,154,746	8,458,592	634,442	7,824,150			

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

_	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued						
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes			
	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
ISRAEL [2] All industries	10,899,661	676,371	177,893	498,478			
Raw materials and energy production	10,033,001 d	d d	177,030 d	430,47			
Goods production	7,237,372	593,601	123,797	469,80			
Distribution and transportation of goods	772,522	32.183	11,302	20,88			
Information	190,091	-18,469	3,330	-21,80			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	147,096	-15,121	2,720	-17,84			
Services	2,547,248	83,368	37,253	46,11			
ITALY [2]							
All industries	72,388,907	4,655,594	1,992,530	2,663,06			
Raw materials and energy production	184,167	31,971	13,968	18,00			
Goods production	37,630,118	2,810,905	1,053,498	1,757,40			
Distribution and transportation of goods	20,006,450	853,134	404,609	448,52			
Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,516,555 3,043,540	24,103 505.349	31,489 246,953	-7,38 258,39			
Services	9,992,321	429,304	241,438	187,86			
	9,992,321	429,304	241,430	107,00			
JAPAN (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) [2] All industries	199,289,733	15.104.588	4,975,602	40 420 00			
Raw materials and energy production	* 84,109	* 18,072	* 7,412	10,128,98 * 10,65			
Goods production	85,013,535	5,493,583	2,021,253	3,472,33			
Distribution and transportation of goods	52,066,043	1,901,544	1,032,656	868,88			
Information	3,452,678	582,908	217,377	365,53			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	28,343,863	4,498,515	851,578	3,646,93			
Services	30,326,669	2,612,691	844,716	1,767,97			
LUXEMBOURG [2]							
All industries	157,504,240	10,485,073	1,014,271	9,470,80			
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	(
Goods production	27,036,927	1,513,814	390,665	1,123,14			
Distribution and transportation of goods	78,556,751	4,740,818	43,916	4,696,90			
Information	215,723	-16,748	* 3,264	-20,01			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	5,834,451 44,857,078	522,912 3,653,779	92,168 457,505	430,74 3,196,27			
MALAYSIA [2]	44,037,070	3,003,779	437,303	3,190,27			
All industries	20,876,512	1,728,052	251,829	1,476,22			
Raw materials and energy production	213,814	15,864	* 1,501	14,36			
Goods production	14,226,855	1,065,614	117,322	948,29			
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,067,381	221,858	58,078	163,78			
Information	64,391	7,840	* 1,809	6,03			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	767,832	186,383	51,568	134,81			
Services	2,516,866	229,002	21,235	207,76			
MEXICO [2]							
All industries	153,372,290	12,269,344	3,290,568	8,978,77			
Raw materials and energy production	4,316,563	804,141	63,443	740,69			
Goods production	81,542,528	4,419,507	1,500,993	2,918,51			
Distribution and transportation of goods	34,618,126	1,963,011	583,583	1,379,42			
Information	2,229,846	10,877	35,537	-24,66			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	14,853,623 15,696,760	3,417,981 1,661,512	786,638 318,514	2,631,34 1,342,99			
NETHERLANDS [2]	10,030,700	1,001,312	310,314	1,042,00			
All industries	297,741,740	41,675,726	4,694,757	36,980,96			
Raw materials and energy production	2,509,439	805,812	199,492	606,32			
Goods production	159,681,490	23,763,265	2,336,939	21,426,32			
Distribution and transportation of goods	56,395,909	3,895,513	545,086	3,350,42			
Information	10,784,562	768,979	186,539	582,440			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	7,746,104	2,302,802	342,038	1,960,76			
Services	60,589,199	10,141,579	1,084,437	9,057,14			

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued					
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes		
NEW ZEALAND [2]	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
All industries	14,586,170	1,603,082	302,271	1,300,811		
Raw materials and energy production	2,297,661	439,857	* 49,057	390,800		
Goods production	5,508,565	462,570	75,968	386,602		
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,955,149	213,290	84,102	129,187		
Information	d	d	d	d		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	744,269	359,314	54,943	304,371		
Services	1,856,704	95,296	27,586	67,710		
NORWAY [2]						
All industries	12,846,046	3,043,562	2,097,751	945,811		
Raw materials and energy production	4,189,293	2,763,756	1,968,420	795,336		
Goods production	2,827,636	179,464	37,239	142,225		
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,425,723	69,853	40,908	28,945		
Information	82,941	-9,725	* 63	-9,788		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	146,892	-22,002	* 1,489	-23,490		
Services	2,161,593	61,909	49,599	12,310		
PHILIPPINES [2]						
All industries	11,256,018	1,371,488	211,354	1,160,135		
Raw materials and energy production	1,159,155	381,668	61,534	320,133		
Goods production	6,967,193	314,439	81,476	232,963		
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,105,798	60,382	27,295	33,088		
Information	81,480	23,588	* 539	23,048		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	978,974	397,379	27,442	369,937		
Services	960,352	193,800	13,067	180,733		
POLAND		·	,			
All industries	18,551,896	1,558,708	330,082	1,228,626		
Raw materials and energy production	144,608	12,330	* 475	11,855		
Goods production	11,612,626	916,266	175,534	740,732		
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,377,392	170,026	43,079	126,947		
Information	336,010	30,261	6,770	23,490		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	2,179,029	341,321	76,388	264,932		
Services	902,230	88,505	27,836	60,669		
PORTUGAL (including Azores) [2]						
All industries	14,110,759	1,774,372	334,186	1,440,185		
Raw materials and energy production	d	-,,d	d	d		
Goods production	6,532,074	386,105	94,664	291,442		
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,767,421	265,499	42,229	223,270		
Information	325,352	36,446	10,534	25,912		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	437,650	44,055	15,183	28,872		
Services	4,015,492	1,042,485	171,314	871,171		
PUERTO RICO [2]						
All industries	17,189,828	2,864,682	264,770	2,599,912		
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d		
Goods production	5,143,374	1,689,866	60,038	1,629,828		
Distribution and transportation of goods	6,951,693	652,485	92,249	560,236		
Information	d	d	d	d		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,514,051	299,310	64,496	234,815		
Services	1,349,183	163,640	21,329	142,311		
RUSSIA [2]						
All industries	8,147,430	1,036,076	237,618	798,458		
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d		
Goods production	2,103,499	220,059	56,557	163,503		
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,671,362	390,844	79,707	311,136		
Information	972,915	255,258	60,427	194,831		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	166,477	22,231	2,157	20,074		
Services	1,041,481	135,315	38,757	96,558		

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

in inguies are estimates based on a sample—money amounts a	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued					
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes		
CINCAPORE IO	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
SINGAPORE [2] All industries	90,352,458	5,275,084	572,648	4,702,430		
	257,666	12,254	11,094	1,160		
Raw materials and energy production						
Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods	21,690,723 49,003,605	1,902,035 1,083,752	177,801 147,502	1,724,23 936,25		
Information	739,276			60,90		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing		74,495 798,544	13,592 115,999	682.54		
Services	9,037,310 9,578,735	1,404,652	106,042	1,298,61		
	9,576,733	1,404,002	100,042	1,290,01		
SOUTH AFRICA [2] All industries	17,521,365	1,757,602	529,330	1,228,27		
Raw materials and energy production	* 156,813	* 40,527	* 294	* 40,23		
Goods production	12,171,403	945,815	333,879	611,93		
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,557,050	288,998	79,105	209,89		
Information	244,592	62,540	17,582	44,95		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	683,180	176,384	45,645	130,73		
Services	1,677,262	254,466	52,826	201,64		
SOUTH KOREA [2]	1,077,202	254,400	32,020	201,04		
All industries	44,396,044	4,413,650	1,111,827	3,301,82		
	* 945.951					
Raw materials and energy production	,	* 84,558	* 13,044	* 71,51		
Goods production	26,055,844	2,657,569	649,497	2,008,07		
Distribution and transportation of goods	8,742,728	659,054	198,980	460,07		
Information	1,436,139	165,965	88,528	77,43		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,402,486	586,068	94,669	491,39		
Services	3,739,723	259,666	66,676	192,99		
SPAIN (including Canary Islands) [2] All industries	124,745,092	8,440,005	3,328,322	5,111,68		
Raw materials and energy production	436,073	62,389	11,142	51,24		
Goods production	41,804,241	2,778,792	684,988	2,093,80		
Distribution and transportation of goods	48,290,306		1,651,826			
Information	1,700,006	3,024,043 161,102	54,933	1,372,21 106,16		
	3,219,649	406,357	102,419	303,93		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	29,222,348	2,028,565	822,826	1,205,73		
SWEDEN [2]	20,222,010	2,020,000	522,525	1,200,10		
All industries	43,963,634	1,973,261	265,576	1,707,68		
Raw materials and energy production	* 21,892	* -119	* 249	* -36		
Goods production	26,222,717	1,056,990	81,643	975,34		
Distribution and transportation of goods	7,843,909	148,533	52,012	96,52		
Information	1,405,344	23,737	4,456	19,28		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,792,725	737,933	56,489	681,44		
Services	6,657,003	7,409	71,349	-63,94		
SWITZERLAND [2]						
All industries	158,484,729	17,424,541	1,428,253	15,996,28		
Raw materials and energy production	* 614,039	* 126.879	* 6,126	* 120,75		
Goods production	49,470,498	5,086,714	583,233	4,503,48		
Distribution and transportation of goods	58,333,136	5,036,028	393,739	4,642,28		
Information	2,448,364	430,088	23,414	406,67		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	5,398,641	427,408	90,290	337,11		
Services	42,210,707	6,319,408	331,395	5,988,01		
TAIWAN [2]						
All industries	27,409,364	2,817,860	467,808	2,350,05		
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d			
Goods production	12,043,591	1,379,606	232,471	1,147,13		
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,621,953	336,993	95,383	241,61		
Information	74,056	5,725	* 2,613	3,11		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	7,715,288	934,869	78,268	856,60		
Services	2,932,458	163,263	59,156	104,10		

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued					
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before income taxes	Income taxes	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) after income taxes		
	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
THAILAND [2]						
All industries	22,942,053	1,838,068	281,564	1,556,504		
Raw materials and energy production	289,786	142,311	* 57,395	84,917		
Goods production	15,943,259	1,120,097	73,205	1,046,891		
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,645,154	287,712	67,899	219,813		
Information	48,152	4,507	* 901	3,605		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	907,432	140,665	51,730	88,935		
Services	1,099,095	140,933	30,239	110,695		
UNITED KINGDOM AND NORTHERN IRELAND (including Gibraltar) [2]	,,	.,		.,		
All industries	528,753,781	37,552,518	7,226,661	30,325,858		
Raw materials and energy production	11,482,098	2,832,520	608,526	2,223,994		
Goods production	182,247,765	3,331,137	1,260,961	2,070,177		
Distribution and transportation of goods	111,747,683	4,849,800	902,831	3,946,969		
Information	23,814,225	470,628	356,978	113.650		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	107,183,549	15,735,025	2,300,960	13,434,065		
Services	92,164,224	10,344,521	1,797,216	8,547,305		
VENEZUELA [2]	02,101,221	. 0,0,02 .	1,101,210	0,011,000		
All industries	11,896,056	2,686,301	449,110	2,237,191		
Raw materials and energy production	1,924,418	293,855	54,494	239,361		
Goods production	5,230,882	1,318,479	223,005	1,095,474		
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,048,814	259,968	50.664	209,304		
Information	2,040,014 d	259,900 d	30,004 d	203,304		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	571,387	85,790	14,464	71,325		
Services	1,025,631	523,734	26,207	497,528		
	1,023,031	323,734	20,207	491,520		
EUROPEAN UNION, TOTAL [2]	4 000 400 000			40- 0-0 -00		
All industries	1,868,183,270	156,345,334	28,486,545	127,858,788		
Raw materials and energy production	18,190,237	3,874,462	902,786	2,971,677		
Goods production	801,161,293	53,035,213	9,343,918	43,691,294		
Distribution and transportation of goods	474,360,272	25,556,909	5,552,716	20,004,193		
Information	59,565,588	4,854,971	1,053,920	3,801,051		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	166,872,489	26,470,153	4,488,177	21,981,976		
Services	347,335,473	42,575,596	7,135,294	35,440,302		
OPEC COUNTRIES, TOTAL [2]						
All industries	23,172,918	4,738,595	1,007,070	3,731,524		
Raw materials and energy production	6,023,481	1,666,654	426,207	1,240,446		
Goods production	8,009,579	1,486,613	288,975	1,197,638		
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,317,988	465,824	75,402	390,422		
Information	1,194,190	182,537	81,212	101,324		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,450,675	313,701	77,694	236,007		
Services	2,157,062	628,016	57,369	570,646		

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	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued				
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	Foreign corporations with (+) current earnings	Distributions	District	
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits before inc	come taxes	Distributions	Dividends paid	Total Subpart I
of Controlled Poreign Corporation	Current earnings and profits	Income	out of earnings	to controlling	income
	before income taxes	taxes	and profits	U.S. corporation	
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ALL GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS [2]	(-7	(12)	(11)	(- /	(12)
All industries	432,572,981	67,997,857	135,230,421	46,638,623	47,794,5
Raw materials and energy production	38,092,670	9,955,655	15,990,632	8,410,113	932,0
Goods production	145,962,799	22,179,827	43,338,323	17,604,019	11,898,1
Distribution and transportation of goods	58,826,488	11,454,019	15,607,374	4,030,637	8,705,9
Information	12,847,072	2.133.474	7,182,894	4,305,580	678,6
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	71,341,733	10,020,332	21,287,176	3,317,628	13,505,4
Services	105,385,304	12,234,108	31,805,437	8,970,235	12,067,4
	100,000,001	.2,20 ., .00	01,000,101	0,0.0,200	.2,001,
ARGENTINA [2]	4 700 070	200 570	000 704	440.405	-4.4
All industries	1,708,272	299,579	368,731	116,165	51,1
Raw materials and energy production	230,162	53,445	43,519	* 16,572	* 4,4
Goods production	676,789	140,162	133,462	52,226	8,2
Distribution and transportation of goods	408,191	52,983	* 115,967	* 10,129	10,5
Information	d	d	d	d	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	136,049	33,499	32,744	* 10,700	20,6
Services	145,371	15,752	43,040	* 25,496	* 5,6
AUSTRALIA [2]					
All industries	15,310,790	2,438,028	3,837,066	1,195,208	531,8
Raw materials and energy production	1,083,882	148,747	* 394,682	* 209,946	* 1,7
Goods production	3,962,931	974,879	1,080,524	270,632	115,3
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,170,704	244,072	114,066	80,773	37.
Information	590,405	202,906	326,416	* 102,334	15,8
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,150,425	464,777	865,052	211,827	237,
Services	5,349,847	402,327	1,056,327	319,696	123,9
	3,349,047	402,327	1,030,327	319,090	120,0
AUSTRIA [2]					
All industries	1,562,637	384,204	218,115	110,204	67,8
Raw materials and energy production	* 5,486	* 1,963	* 4,756	* 4,721	* 1
Goods production	570,363	144,595	93,441	* 36,382	29,2
Distribution and transportation of goods	309,491	93,088	30,639	* 4,307	9,
Information	14,244	2,799	* 47,587	* 47,599	* 2,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	56,490	13,851	* 12,546	0	* -
Services	606,406	127,856	29,145	* 17,194	26,7
BAHAMAS					
All industries	4,052,899	841,934	490,230	198,316	640,
Raw materials and energy production	1,976,822	467,206	* 123,948	* 99,533	* 197,
Goods production	d	d	d	d d	,
Distribution and transportation of goods	206,609	* 39,371	* 43.078	* 11,135	86,
Information	d	d	d	d d	00,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	449,300	* 4,376	* 231,737	* 75,759	205,0
Services	1,104,107	321,840	55,828	* 9.972	88,2
	1,104,107	321,040	55,626	9,912	00,4
BELGIUM [2]					
All industries	3,560,441	731,072	1,044,742	461,198	356,
All industries Raw materials and energy production	* 4,333	* 802	* 3,966	* 3,931	
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production	* 4,333 1,340,226	* 802 268,504	* 3,966 693,787	* 3,931 304,529	160,
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931	* 802 268,504 114,589	* 3,966 693,787 59,060	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229	160,- 24,;
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,202	160, 24, * 4,:
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931	* 802 268,504 114,589	* 3,966 693,787 59,060	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229	160,4 24,7 * 4,7
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,202	160, 24, * 4,; 113,
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,202 * 5,663	160,4 24,7 * 4,7 113,
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694 651,382	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669 127,194	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892 181,197	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,202 * 5,663 136,644	160, 24, * 4, 113, 54,
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services BERMUDA [2] All industries	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694 651,382	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669 127,194 3,176,103	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892 181,197 8,504,065	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,663 136,644 2,037,671	160,- 24,- * 4,- 113,- 54,-
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services BERMUDA [2] All industries Raw materials and energy production	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694 651,382 30,886,332 4,463,458	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669 127,194 3,176,103 1,530,950	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892 181,197 8,504,065 1,554,290	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,202 * 5,663 136,644 2,037,671 1,313,734	160, 24, * 4, 113, 54, 5,961,
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services BERMUDA [2] All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694 651,382 30,886,332 4,463,458 12,079,221	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669 127,194 3,176,103 1,530,950 459,315	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892 181,197 8,504,065 1,554,290 1,234,691	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,663 136,644 2,037,671 1,313,734 * 340,082	160, 24, 4, 113, 54, 5,961, 49,
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services BERMUDA [2] All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods	*4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694 651,382 30,886,332 4,463,458 12,079,221 1,385,657	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669 127,194 3,176,103 1,530,950 459,315 200,260	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892 181,197 8,504,065 1,554,290 1,234,691 376,513	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,222 * 5,663 136,644 2,037,671 1,313,734 * 340,082 * 137,054	160,- 24,; * 4,2 113, 54,- 5,961,- 49,- 1,145,- 256,-
All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production Distribution and transportation of goods Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services BERMUDA [2] All industries Raw materials and energy production Goods production	* 4,333 1,340,226 425,931 283,860 853,694 651,382 30,886,332 4,463,458 12,079,221	* 802 268,504 114,589 11,799 207,669 127,194 3,176,103 1,530,950 459,315	* 3,966 693,787 59,060 * 6,841 99,892 181,197 8,504,065 1,554,290 1,234,691	* 3,931 304,529 * 5,229 * 5,663 136,644 2,037,671 1,313,734 * 340,082	356,7 160,4 24,5 * 4,2 113,1 54,4 5,961,6 49,4 1,145,6 256,6 * 1 3,156,1

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Foreign corporations with (+) current earnings					
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	and profits before inc	,	Distributions	Dividends paid	Total Subpart	
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	out of earnings and profits	to controlling U.S. corporation	income	
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
BRAZIL [2]		` ′	` ′	` ′		
All industries	6,358,952	1,328,099	1,954,797	865,814	218,4	
Raw materials and energy production	1,345,275	198,187	620,338	* 68,777	30,1	
Goods production	3,232,469	709,479	788,664	471,197	88,9	
Distribution and transportation of goods	668,694	129,386	136,749	100,614	35,5	
Information	172,789	35,422	* 22,658	* 7,210	* 2,3	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	578,582	177,102	334,094	201,340	34,8	
Services	352,225	77,911	52,295	16,675	26,5	
CANADA [2] All industries	46,224,825	8,995,772	23,233,939	13,459,200	4,066,3	
Raw materials and energy production	10,654,401	1,988,558	7,501,191	4,066,525	71,9	
Goods production	14,996,967	3,043,630	8,880,302	6,426,140	1,960,9	
Distribution and transportation of goods	5,184,457	1,539,915	1,313,221	475,082	551,0	
Information	606,153	193,796	119,908	71,936	38,0	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	6,779,359	1,323,940	1,628,349	483,808	400,	
Services	7,994,903	903,564	3,790,901	1,935,643	1,042,	
CAYMAN ISLANDS [2]	, , , , , , , , ,	,	-,,	,,,,,,,,	, , ,	
All industries	14,345,118	2,421,210	4,195,904	1,575,608	2,077,	
Raw materials and energy production	3,661,131	1,406,570	* 331,787	* 326,817	65,	
Goods production	2,846,150	183,854	1,100,078	986,118	141,	
Distribution and transportation of goods	389,349	16,945	* 7,804	* 166	64,	
Information	* 8,949	* 1,663	0	0		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,195,156	427,349	983,196	34,511	1,434,	
Services	4,241,820	384,828	1,773,040	227,996	371,	
CHILE [2]						
All industries	1,536,758	127,335	325,424	187,270	67,	
Raw materials and energy production	729,172	65,098	126,495	* 43,126	* 3,	
Goods production	309,645	20,317	72,011	* 65,082	* 15,	
Distribution and transportation of goods	144,806	16,906	* 18,592	* 10,373	* 7,	
Information	d	d	d	d		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	139,873	13,488	* 33,910	* 20,963	22,	
Services	180,612	8,089	57,445	31,477	18,	
CHINA [2] All industries	5,235,719	525,269	1,306,714	578,033	136,	
Raw materials and energy production	5,129	* 915	* 3,767	* 356	130,	
Goods production	3,855,598	350,059	1,071,867	447,443	111,	
Distribution and transportation of goods	750.982	81,578	90,900	52,027	14,	
Information	18,014	652	0	02,027	*	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	36,037	* 2,774	* 10.278	* 9,854	*	
Services	563,802	89,149	129,903	68,353	9,	
COLOMBIA [2]						
All industries	607,796	164,746	103,527	66,773	15,	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d		
Goods production	248,349	75,126	49,240	35,876	* 2,	
Distribution and transportation of goods	147,924	39,095	27,475	24,167	* 4,	
Information	3,057	* 2,534	* 735 * 20 540	* 5 000	* 7	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	162,976 40,344	39,775 7,372	* 20,540 5,176	* 5,820 * 720	* 7,	
CZECH REPUBLIC [2]	40,344	1,312	5,176	720		
All industries	1,035,511	241,166	321,261	91,692	152,	
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d	,	
Goods production	630,560	146,608	197,998	* 9,353	92,	
Distribution and transportation of goods	115,034	32,280	35,466	* 9,433	* 3,	
Information	36,559	4,380	* 12,661	* 162	* 36,	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	163,275	37,683	* 65,291	* 69,751	*	
Services	68,967	17,603	9,845	* 2,992	* 18,	

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	Foreign corporations with (+) of		ign Corporations—co		
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits before incor	me taxes	Distributions	Dividends paid	Total Subpart F
or controlled to leight corporation	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	out of earnings and profits	to controlling U.S. corporation	income
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
DENMARK [2]	(2)	\ -/	, ,	` /	X = /
All industries	1,409,595	250,066	237,346	70,676	398,300
Raw materials and energy production	* 13,384	* 4,419	* 26,117	* 10,177	(
Goods production	376,848	59,955	98,367	* 36,919	42,698
Distribution and transportation of goods	180,670	45,300	29,111	* 13,438	10,916
Information	8,972	* 2,315	0	0	* 18
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	182,543	27,104	* 36,919	* 2,954	* 67,200
Services	640,068	108,915	46,831	* 7,188	277,30
FRANCE (incl. Corsica, Guadeloupe, Martinique, and Reunion) [2]					
All industries	14,059,756	2,463,041	4,348,845	1,139,646	842,51
Raw materials and energy production	27,011	15,894	* 2,694	* 2,628	* 1,47
Goods production	4,397,595	813,171	2,014,904	463,557	203,36
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,408,044	745,498	828,650	193,538	87,63
	1,158,551	44,412	35,841	* 1,437	16,96
Information					
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,831,718	337,948	270,876	* 27,196	367,95
Services	3,225,271	502,065	1,195,696	451,290	164,93
GERMANY [2]					
All industries	13,925,568	2,689,185	3,832,979	886,322	1,016,96
Raw materials and energy production	44,138	* 5,397	* 10,774	* 112	* 17,49
Goods production	5,597,394	1,120,646	1,696,336	166,543	526,33
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,093,137	467,572	624,275	282,202	84,55
Information	309,556	57,770	168,339	* 119,110	22,75
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,777,360	258,549	566,902	* 196,626	96,35
Services	4,094,203	776,915	766,353	121,730	269,47
HONG KONG [2]					
All industries	6,738,648	989,822	2,693,780	628,374	1,203,97
Raw materials and energy production	* 600,256	* 97,905	* 477,982	0	* 50
Goods production	691,334	71,097	275,619	72,187	121,78
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,877,238	255,716	746,596	118,925	645,67
Information	24,918	3,148	* 35,888	* 33,865	* 42
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,723,682	391,774	213,487	37,876	144,13
Services	1,818,647	169,684	944,208	365,521	290,02
HUNGARY [2]					
All industries	1,569,803	135,636	628,438	28,896	333,10
Raw materials and energy production	* 11,554	* 1,073	* 890	* 576	* 1,74
Goods production	1,062,084	48,201	542,478	* 2,383	282,17
Distribution and transportation of goods	95,177	32,101	24,502	* 22,426	* 53
Information	84,789	3,780	* 10,502	* 824	* 22,67
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	223,442	37,788	* 14,772	* 2,445	* 9,12
Services	92,757	12,694	* 35,294	* 243	* 16,85
INDIA [2]					
All industries	2,134,493	415,843	302,603	129,969	41,28
Raw materials and energy production	30,423	* 7,446	* 3,693	0	* 15
Goods production	844,404	225,324	150,287	88,866	11,34
Distribution and transportation of goods	189,799	60,012	41,189	* 2,989	1,19
Information	113,408	23,586	* 3,987	* 3,863	* 15
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	359,516	28,096	* 3,245	* 955	* 95
Services	596,539	71,256	100,201	33,296	27,48
IRELAND [2]	300,000	7 1,200	100,201	55,250	∠ r,⊤C
All industries	24,780,059	1,600,975	8,775,730	5,123,253	3,464,72
Raw materials and energy production	* 6,106	* 35	0,773,730	0,123,233	3,404,72
Goods production	7,580,654	474,698	3,476,349	1,734,976	326,66
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,915,358	89,882	147,128	* 32,514	297,63
Distribution and transportation of 40005	1,810,000				
Information	2 506 550	175 270	* 3 463 343	* 2 165 265	* 116 01
Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	2,596,558 3,798,851	175,379 239,450	* 3,463,312 711,898	* 3,165,365 * 145,841	* 146,04 1,636,81

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	<u> </u>		eign Corporations—co	Titiliueu I	
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	Foreign corporations with (+)		Distributions	Dividends paid	
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits before inc Current earnings and profits	ome taxes Income	out of earnings and profits	to controlling U.S. corporation	Total Subpart F income
	before income taxes	taxes	and pronts	U.S. Corporation	
ISRAEL [2]	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
All industries	1,218,951	165,824	105,940	41,432	106,27
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d	
Goods production	799,459	114,046	74,012	* 26,572	52,8
Distribution and transportation of goods	48,757	11,279	* 21,009	* 11,031	* 2,2
Information	18,387	3,332	0	0	* 9
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	23,261	2,720	* 819	0	* 8
Services	327,302	34,957	* 10,099	* 3,829	* 49,3
	321,302	34,937	10,099	3,629	49,5
ITALY [2]	5 077 000	4 074 070	4 600 440	440.000	640.4
All industries	5,877,222	1,871,272	1,632,413	412,393	612,4
Raw materials and energy production	36,469	13,956	* 19,780	* 17,210	* 2,8
Goods production	3,265,399	998,085	974,399	169,896	435,6
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,096,106	395,887	406,141	148,690	55,9
Information	134,398	27,172	* 20,912	* 16,929	* 6
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	589,444	214,911	66,055	* 22,962	66,9
Services	753,920	220,722	145,125	36,706	49,3
JAPAN (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands) [2]					
All industries	17,628,786	4,877,307	5,034,687	1,288,008	2,186,6
Raw materials and energy production	* 18,080	* 7,412	* 8,362	* 83	
Goods production	6,014,856	1,947,929	1,322,096	338,920	1,057,6
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,434,568	1,022,673	904,306	435,382	329,0
Information	613,238	217,413	231,267	* 150,574	* 11,1
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	5,747,009	847,428	1,775,539	138,801	376,4
Services	2,800,524	834,451	792,445	223,905	412,3
LUXEMBOURG [2]	2,000,021	001,101	702,110	220,000	112,0
All industries	11,302,154	979,228	3,516,688	791,018	3,138,3
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d	0,100,0
Goods production	1,719,693	386,916	498,297	* 58,469	415,8
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,741,633	44,044	* 1,775,830	* 140,609	* 2,056,8
Information	* 2,840	* 157	1,773,030	0	* 2
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	622,219	90,584	69,503	* 28,967	100,2
Services	4,139,014	430,775	1,157,058	546,972	565,1
	4,139,014	430,773	1,137,030	340,372	303,1
MALAYSIA [2]					
All industries	1,843,494	250,101	539,639	299,381	120,4
Raw materials and energy production	17,679	* 1,405	* 6,973	* 1,248	* 2,5
Goods production	1,127,269	115,909	265,189	142,335	66,9
Distribution and transportation of goods	235,750	57,385	105,708	* 13,055	1,9
Information	8,878	* 1,809	* 6,512	* 6,017	* 2
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	195,360	51,471	* 24,486	* 20,012	* 7,5
Services	257,065	21,805	130,770	116,714	41,1
MEXICO [2]					
All industries	14,381,348	3,209,063	2,781,934	755,905	375,8
Raw materials and energy production	860,293	61,888	* 35,517	* 9,853	* 10,2
Goods production	5,239,858	1,463,298	1,002,121	424,189	151,3
Distribution and transportation of goods	2,257,139	564,199	636,011	71,832	53,9
, v					
Information	159,508	37,315	* 11,103	* 3,464	* 5,1
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,727,313	781,023	198,080	* 21,273	52,6
Services	2,134,347	299,999	899,101	225,295	102,4
NETHERLANDS [2]					
All industries	46,513,837	4,614,303	10,958,126	2,525,737	5,924,0
Raw materials and energy production	896,031	198,978	* 50,116	0	17,6
Goods production	24,685,386	2,313,987	4,156,138	858,852	1,240,0
Distribution and transportation of goods	4,202,470	544,360	334,733	67,254	300,0
Information	1,155,582	186,494	* 1,518,814	* 102,302	81,8
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,866,142	313,579	885,190	* 62,123	2,446,2
	11,707,642	1,056,728	4,013,134	1,435,206	1,838,2

Controlled Foreign Corporations, 2004

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			eign Corporations—co	ontinued	
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	Foreign corporations with (+	,	Distributions	Dividends paid	
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits before inc	ome taxes	out of earnings	to controlling	Total Subpart F
	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	and profits	U.S. corporation	income
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
NEW ZEALAND [2]	, ,	, ,	` ,	Ì	` ,
All industries	1,761,544	297,127	731,353	151,278	181,47
Raw materials and energy production	446,090	* 49,055	* 156,032	0	* 75,25
Goods production	507,793	72,782	255,965	* 30,948	* 4,05
Distribution and transportation of goods	237,815	85,057	109,035	86,565	5,75
Information	d	d	d	d	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	376,337	54,430	176,253	* 19,134	72,70
Services	158,244	25,157	30,094	* 11,216	19,53
NORWAY [2]					
All industries	3,339,339	2,090,470	681,304	546,936	32,60
Raw materials and energy production	2,787,379	* 1,964,548	* 583,155	* 502,612	* 15,10
Goods production	246,610	35,834	* 6,295	* 1,926	* 4,53
Distribution and transportation of goods	173,172	40,035	68,791	34,787	2,38
Information	* 2,305	* 176	* 3,866	* 3,866	* 15
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	11,820	* 1,481	* 260	0	* 5,84
Services	117,748	48,364	18,937	* 3,745	4,47
PHILIPPINES [2]					
All industries	1,582,462	205,872	811,651	203,068	60,78
Raw materials and energy production	411,117	59,699	453,365	* 361	* 2,17
Goods production	425,317	79,511	83,263	76,810	18,50
Distribution and transportation of goods	94,563	26,276	72,048	* 12,720	* 3
Information	* 26,745	* 533	* 452	* 450	* 6,38
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	416,530	26,966	111,511	* 62,059	* 27,66
Services	207,951	12,887	91,011	* 50,668	* 6,02
POLAND	4 040 047		705 000	204.040	00.44
All industries	1,843,817	302,263	795,802	394,049	88,41
Raw materials and energy production	13,472	* 475	* 29	0	* 10
Goods production	1,066,060	167,258	437,379	99,605	44,77
Distribution and transportation of goods	195,656	40,022	21,419	* 2,079	2,89
Information	52,720	6,767	* 60,460	* 27,547	* 26,19
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	401,089	60,221	* 250,903	* 243,606 * 21,212	* 12,24 * 2,20
PORTUGAL (including Azores) [2]	114,821	27,520	25,612	21,212	2,20
All industries	1,896,057	338,251	439,115	45,350	683,21
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d	,
Goods production	429,894	96,006	214,302	* 5,192	51,98
Distribution and transportation of goods	281,297	42,563	65,686	* 2,559	* 125,93
Information	50,534	10,327	* 17,137	* 9.014	* 64
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	65,913	14,679	* 2,358	0	* 2,7′
Services	1,067,555	174,413	126,846	* 28,584	501,94
PUERTO RICO [2]					
All industries	2,996,452	264,567	592,756	266,746	159,2°
Raw materials and energy production	d	d	d	d	
Goods production	1,713,343	60,017	* 49,301	* 28,330	* 30,58
Distribution and transportation of goods	665,486	92,964	* 145,197	* 118,972	* 10,54
Information	d	d	d	d	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	317,123	63,184	192,357	* 68,580	10,72
Services	203,676	21,395	192,132	* 41,397	* 106,70
RUSSIA [2]					
All industries	1,139,674	235,689	284,510	52,223	* 10,5
Raw materials and energy production	d	d 50 445	t 10.073	d * 4 045	
Goods production	249,960	56,445	* 10,073	* 4,845	* 7:
	414,065	79,359	* 208,732	* 19,440	* 9,8
Distribution and transportation of goods					
Information	273,577	61,512	17,375	* 10,417	
					*

Controlled Foreign Corporations, 2004

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations—continued								
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Foreign corporations with (+ and profits before inc		Distributions out of earnings	Dividends paid to controlling	Total Subpart F				
	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	and profits	U.S. corporation	income				
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)				
SINGAPORE [2] All industries	E 600 604	560,961	4 570 545	649,335	650.65				
	5,698,601 15,061		1,579,545 * 6,958	* 6,958	659,6 3				
Raw materials and energy production	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,036			,				
Goods production	2,038,159	175,973	893,128	486,513	244,5				
Distribution and transportation of goods	1,165,392	148,177	131,076	28,816 * 38,427	288,8				
Information	112,824	11,463	* 39,067		* 6,9				
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	833,025	114,834	19,641	* 3,192	42,4				
Services COUTLA EDICA IO	1,533,293	103,360	489,674	85,428	72,9				
SOUTH AFRICA [2] All industries	2,021,424	524,721	481,803	173,203	53,8				
Raw materials and energy production	* 57,570	* 294	401,003	0	33,0				
Goods production	1,123,299	333,443	194,260	121,627	21,6				
Distribution and transportation of goods	316,154	78,908	78,376	* 36,035	11,8				
Information	62,719	17,582	* 24,214	* 243	* 3,6				
	182,850		76,962	* 2,559	* 2,2				
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing		41,624	,						
Services	278,344	52,870	107,991	12,739	14,5				
SOUTH KOREA [2] All industries	4.945.594	1,077,170	1,123,974	529.885	271,9				
Raw materials and energy production	* 84,558	* 13,044	* 46,765	0	* 1				
Goods production	2,907,405	640,782	734,954	277,113	117,7				
Distribution and transportation of goods	721,961	198,508	205,722	176,560	35,5				
Information	172,770		* 49,370	* 49.140	* 3,9				
	744,531	88,507	* 6,845	* 6,631	98,1				
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing Services	310,455	73,596 62,301	80,319	20,441	16,3				
SPAIN (including Canary Islands) [2]	010,100	02,001	00,010	20,111	10,0				
All industries	9,548,466	3,303,285	2,857,068	1,026,537	790,1				
Raw materials and energy production	65,680	11,083	* 88,550	* 6,802	* 1				
Goods production	3,285,510	673,404	828,255	172,967	169,1				
Distribution and transportation of goods	3,103,738	1,651,435	901,373	214,404	538,4				
Information	196,367	54,395	113,690	* 95,638	* 2,0				
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	506,182	99,308	106,549	* 13,774	12,6				
Services	2,390,110	813,476	818,650	522,951	67,7				
SWEDEN [2]									
All industries	3,191,588	254,249	451,665	133,088	190,8				
Raw materials and energy production	* 683	* 249	0	0	* !				
Goods production	1,416,856	80,594	109,952	* 21,281	42,2				
Distribution and transportation of goods	213,472	49,909	76,188	38,888	34,8				
Information	59,574	4,659	* 17,421	* 16,101	* 11,3				
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	744,400	56,300	107,630	* 26,498	35,1				
Services	753,625	62,264	140,465	30,319	67,2				
SWITZERLAND [2]									
All industries	18,342,079	1,407,976	6,558,563	384,310	3,187,4				
Raw materials and energy production	* 131,606	* 6,173	* 100,701	0	* 85,7				
Goods production	5,337,094	563,552	1,866,310	124,509	1,070,6				
Distribution and transportation of goods	5,182,672	394,068	1,512,039	64,532	1,091,3				
Information	542,566	25,566	51,011	* 32,443	* 8,9				
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	615,015	90,060	248,246	* 135,073	127,9				
Services	6,532,808	328,504	2,780,257	27,753	802,8				
TAIWAN [2] All industries	2,955,503	458.330	733,081	309,421	48,1				
Raw materials and energy production	2,955,505 d	438,330 d	733,061 d	309,421 d	40,1				
Goods production	1,427,934	231,866	322,869	230,782	35,6				
Distribution and transportation of goods	354,817	95,071	108,991	* 62,866	* 3,1				
	* 9,827	* 2,596	* 3,739	* 3,715	3,1				
Intermation									
Information Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	949,066	74,766	* 210,456	* 674	* 6,3				

Controlled Foreign Corporations, 2004

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Table 3. U.S. Corporations and Their Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Sector of Controlled Foreign Corporation, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Controlled For	eign Corporations—co	ontinued	
Selected country of incorporation and industrial sector	Foreign corporations with (+	,	Distributions	Dividends paid	
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	and profits before in	come taxes	out of earnings	to controlling	Total Subpart F
ů .	Current earnings and profits before income taxes	Income taxes	and profits	U.S. corporation	income
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
THAILAND [2]					
All industries	1,947,203	281,104	441,712	163,300	102,703
Raw materials and energy production	* 143,831	* 57,225	* 30,055	* 13,955	* 162
Goods production	1,154,679	74,038	276,943	57,125	* 97,149
Distribution and transportation of goods	321,445	67,530	78,646	50,857	3,766
Information	* 4,641	* 901	* 555	* 565	* 168
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	167,621	51,321	17,205	* 12,843	* 1,223
Services	153,126	29,893	38,308	27,956	* 235
UNITED KINGDOM AND NORTHERN IRELAND	,	,	,	,	
(including Gibraltar) [2]					
All industries	50,517,786	7,031,050	17,845,878	4,409,066	4,520,656
Raw materials and energy production	2,904,037	604,674	1,988,335	* 1,433,655	93,925
Goods production	7,277,964	1,217,781	2,832,461	815,106	783,144
Distribution and transportation of goods	5,474,769	912,964	1,621,836	449.371	465,876
Information	1,918,656	325,723	426,685	76,574	149,869
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	18,175,107	2,232,485	5,486,115	721,233	1,385,424
Services	14,751,338	1,734,910	5,472,791	913,126	1,641,273
VENEZUELA [2]	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, . ,	-, ,		,, ,
All industries	2,825,365	444,830	1,467,625	532,856	59,790
Raw materials and energy production	376,205	52,958	* 169,954	002,000	* 25,216
Goods production	1,338,808	221,681	711,573	148.673	7,734
Distribution and transportation of goods	275,610	50,214	21,066	* 14,162	7,730
Information	d	d	d	d	.,
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	88,265	14,305	* 28,447	* 26.498	* 377
Services	537,730	25,484	415,698	* 342,945	9,658
EUROPEAN UNION, TOTAL [2]	531,155		,	0 12,0 10	2,222
All industries	194,478,228	27,613,398	58,594,038	17,795,692	22,789,759
Raw materials and energy production	4,175,545	889,170	2,278,115	1,497,786	167,865
Goods production	65,323,901	9,157,011	19,030,499	5,010,025	4,924,203
Distribution and transportation of goods	28,407,380	5,460,880	7,096,482	1,655,388	4,140,863
Information	8,118,165	930,387	5,979,778	3,725,136	544,852
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	33,975,854	4,278,236	8,773,986	1,572,072	6,359,074
Services	54,410,639	6,883,899	15,417,331	4,335,284	6,650,333
OPEC COUNTRIES, TOTAL [2]	01,110,000	0,000,000	10, 117,001	1,000,204	0,000,000
,	5 040 705	000 000	0.000.400	754 040	400.004
All industries	5,246,705 1,932,938	999,286 421,790	2,296,100 736,083	751,248 * 73,085	103,284 * 26,723
Raw materials and energy production	1,932,938	288,142	736,083 842,137	230,886	15,061
Goods production	, ,			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Distribution and transportation of goods Information	508,974 210,975	75,020 81,103	52,122 * 120,886	27,704 * 578	29,602
	,				* 9,922 * 4,408
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	324,587	77,523	90,202	* 50,362	
Services	663,739	55,517	454,670	368,633	16,70

d-Not shown to avoid disclosure of information on specific corporations. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.

^{*} Data should be used with caution because of the small number of returns on which they are based.

^[1] Number of returns is not additive because some U.S. corporations had Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one industrial sector. The industrial activity of the parent corporation filing the return often differs from that of the Controlled Foreign Corporations.

^[2] Includes "Nature of business not allocable," not shown separately.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding and because data are shown for selected countries only.

by Scott Luttrell

or 2004, corporations filing a U.S. tax return claimed foreign tax credits worth \$56.6 billion, which represents an all-time high and a 13.2-percent increase over the previous high amount. The 5,502 corporations claiming a foreign tax credit reduced their U.S. tax on worldwide income by 30.2 percent, from \$187.5 billion to \$130.9 billion. Other credits, including the general business credit and the possessions tax credit, further reduced their U.S. tax on worldwide income to \$118.9 billion. This group of corporations reported \$533.2 billion in worldwide taxable income. \$241.5 billion of worldwide taxable income (45.3 percent) and \$61.2 billion of the U.S. tax liability (32.6 percent) were reported as foreignsource on Form 1118, Computation of Foreign Tax *Credit—Corporations.*

Corporations whose primary business is manufacturing claimed 65.6 percent of the total foreign tax credit, while earning 44.6 percent of the worldwide taxable income and paying 44.5 percent of U.S. income tax before credits for Tax Year 2004. Within the manufacturing category, petroleum and coal products manufacturing and chemical manufacturing companies combined to account for 42.6 percent of the total foreign tax credit and nearly a quarter of the worldwide taxable income (24.8 percent) and U.S. income tax before credits (24.8 percent). Services (11.1 percent), finance and insurance (10.1 percent), wholesale and retail trade (5.3 percent), and information (4.9 percent) were next among leading contributors to the foreign tax credit. Meanwhile, finance and insurance (17.3 percent and 17.5 percent), services (15.9 percent and 15.9 percent), wholesale and retail trade (11.8 percent and 11.8 percent), and information (6.7 percent and 6.7 percent), were next in terms of worldwide taxable income and U.S. tax liability, respectively.

Among corporations claiming foreign tax credits, the geographic regions with largest amounts of foreign-source taxable income were Europe (41.0 percent), Asia (19.0 percent), and Latin America (8.3 percent). Canada (11.7 percent), the United Kingdom (10.2 percent), South Korea (5.5 percent), and the Netherlands (5.1 percent) were the leading sourc-

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es of foreign-source taxable income among individual countries. The largest amounts of current-year foreign taxes were paid to Canada (13.5 percent), the United Kingdom (11.8 percent), Norway (9.3 percent), and South Korea (7.1 percent).

Corporations report their foreign-source incomes and taxes in separate limitation categories or "baskets" depending on the nature of the income (see Explanation of Terms section for details). A separate limitation is computed for each basket, and the total foreign tax credit claimed is the sum of credits computed for each basket. In 2004, there were 10 different baskets. The General Limitation basket is by far the most frequently filed basket, and it contains the majority of all taxable income and income taxes reported on Form 1118. 58.3 percent of corporations claiming a foreign tax credit in 2004 filed a General Limitation basket, which accounted for 73.4 percent of total foreign-source taxable income and 80.9 percent of total foreign taxes.

Data Sources and Limitations

The statistics in this data release were compiled based on corporation income tax returns with a foreign tax credit that were included in the 2004 Statistics of Income sample of returns with accounting periods ending between July 2004 and June 2005.

These returns were selected after administrative processing but prior to any amendments or audit examination. The 2004 corporation income tax return sample included Forms 1120, 1120-F, 1120-L, 1120-PC, and 1120-REIT.

The foreign tax credit is provided under section 901 of the Internal Revenue Code. Corporations report the foreign income and taxes related to the credit on Form 1118, filed with their income tax returns. The statistics in this data release are based on information reported on Forms 1118 and related corporate returns. In addition to current-year foreign taxes, foreign taxes available for credit shown in this data release include only those carried forward to 2004 from previous years. Corporations with an "alternative minimum tax" (AMT) liability are required to compute a separate "alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit." The AMT foreign tax credit data are not reflected in the statistics in this data release, even if the corporation reported both the "regular" foreign tax credit and the AMT foreign tax credit. Corporations reporting only the AMT computation had no

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regular tax and therefore were not included in the foreign tax credit statistics.

There are small discrepancies between the more complete foreign tax credit data presented in this data release and those published in Statistics of *Income*—2004, Corporation Income Tax Returns. These differences can be attributed to several factors. For instance, some of the returns designated for the Statistics of Income sample were received too late to be included in the regular corporation statistics, but were included in the foreign tax credit statistics presented in this data release. Additionally, certain corporations submitted preliminary data on their original returns because they lacked complete information on their foreign operations at the time of filing. On a case-by-case basis, additional information was requested directly from the taxpayer. However, amended returns filed at a later date, including those with carrybacks of foreign taxes to be credited for 2004, were not included in the statistics.

The 2004 foreign tax credit statistics in this data release do not represent the final amounts credited that year. A complete foreign tax credit amount for 2004 would reflect the results of any audits, as well as the carryback of any foreign tax credits from 2005 and 2006. Also, some corporations did not file Form 1118 because they did not have a U.S. income tax liability, and were thus unable to credit any foreign taxes paid, accrued, or deemed paid for 2004. Finally, other corporations could have deducted their foreign taxes from their gross incomes instead of claiming a foreign tax credit. Accordingly, foreign income and taxes are understated in this data release to the extent that they were not reported on Form 1118.

Because the estimates are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling error. Coefficients of Variation (CVs) are used to measure the magnitude of this sampling error. The CV concept is defined in the section on sampling variability in the "SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations" appendix of this publication. Figure A presents CVs for foreign tax credits by selected North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) divisions, industrial sectors, and sectors. The smaller the CV, the more reliable the estimate is judged to be.

Figure A

Coefficients of Variation for Foreign Tax Credit, by Selected Sector or Group, Tax Year 2004

Selected sector or group	Coefficients of variation for foreign tax credit (percentages)
All industries	0.03
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	2.70
Mining	0.51
Utilities	0.25
Construction	1.65
Manufacturing	0.01
Food manufacturing	0.03
Beverage and tobacco products	[1]
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	[1]
Chemical manufacturing	0.03
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	0.02
Fabricated metal products	0.14
Machinery manufacturing	0.13
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	0.04
Electrical equipment, appliance and component	
manufacturing	0.02
Transportation equipment manufacturing	0.05
Wholesale and retail trade	0.07
Transportation and warehousing	0.08
Information	0.29
Publishing (except Internet), motion picture and sound	
recording	0.24
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	0.08
Finance and Insurance	0.08
Securities, commodity contracts, etc.	0.27
Insurance and related activities	[1]
Services	0.14
Management of holding companies	0.15

[1] less than 0.005 percent

The industry classification used in this data release is based on NAICS, created under the auspices of the governments of the United States, Mexico, and Canada in response to the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA). NAICS is unique among industry classifications in that the economic units that have similar production processes are classified in the same industry. In 1997, NAICS replaced the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) of the United States. Prior to 1996, the SIC system was the basis for industrial groupings in data releases by Statistics of Income on the foreign tax credit.

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Description of Tables 1-3

Table 1, columns 2 through 15, present statistics on assets, receipts, income, and taxes reported on the basic corporation income tax returns for those corporations claiming a foreign tax credit. Columns 16 through 51 present statistics from Form 1118, Foreign Tax Credit—Corporations. Columns 16 through 35 present statistics on foreign income (i.e., income from sources outside the United States, including U.S. Possessions) and deductions, reported primarily on Form 1118, Schedule A, Income or Loss Before Adjustments.

Although the amounts of oil and gas income and deductions (columns 23 and 35, respectively) are included in the summary columns (i.e., columns 16 through 22 and 26 through 34), these amounts are also reported separately (on Form 1118, Schedule I, *Reduction of Oil and Gas Extraction Taxes*) because oil and gas extraction income is subject to special rules under Internal Revenue Code section 907, which effectively requires a separate limitation calculation for taxes related to oil and gas extraction income. This may result in a reduction of foreign taxes available for credit. Reductions in creditable oil and gas extraction income taxes are included with several other types of reductions in column 40 of Table 1.

Similarly, foreign branch income is also included in the summary amounts reported in columns 16 through 22 of Table 1, and is also reported separately (on Form 1118, Schedule F, *Gross Income and Definitely Allocable Deductions for Foreign Branches*) in column 24 of Table 1. For Tax Year 2004, Code section 863(b) income (income partly from within and partly from outside the United States) is included in the summary amounts reported in columns 16 through 22 of Table 1, and is aggregated on Form 1118, Schedule A, *Income or (Loss) Before Adjustments*, using a special country code.

Total deductions not definitely allocable to specific types of income (column 31 of Table 1) are equal to the sum of columns 32 through 34, relating to research and development, interest, and any other "not definitely allocable expenses" (any differences are due to taxpayer reporting). Total foreign-source gross income (Table 1, column 16) less total foreign deductions (Table 1, column 25) is equal to foreign-source taxable income before adjustments (Table 1, column 36).

Adjustments to foreign-source taxable income (reported in column 37 of Table 1) include the allocation of: (1) current-year foreign-source losses, (2) overall foreign losses, and (3) current-year U.S.source losses, as well as the recapture of prior-year overall foreign losses and recharacterization of prior-year foreign-source losses. These adjustments (reported on Schedule J, Separate Limitation Loss Allocations and Other Adjustments Necessary To Determine Numerators of Limitation Fractions, Year end Recharacterization Balances, and Overall Foreign Loss Account Balances) affect the numerator of the limitation fraction used to compute the foreign tax credit. The income after adjustments (the numerator of the limitation fraction) is reported in column 38 of Table 1. The limitation fraction, foreign-source taxable income divided by total taxable income from all sources, is applied to the total U.S. tax against which the credit is allowed to determine any limitation on the foreign tax credit. Taxpayers are required to calculate this limitation for each income basket.

Statistics on foreign taxes are reported in columns 39 through 51 of Table 1. Data on foreign income taxes paid, accrued, and "deemed paid" (through Controlled Foreign Corporations) from Form 1118, Schedule B, Foreign Tax Credit—Corporations, are reported in columns 42 through 51 of Table 1. Total foreign taxes paid or accrued (Table 1, column 43) are the sum of columns 44 through 50 (any differences are due to taxpayer reporting). Table 1, column 41 shows carryovers of excess or unused taxes from prior years, which can be added to the 2004 pool of creditable foreign taxes. Total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and "deemed paid," plus carryover, are then adjusted for certain items (e.g., reductions of foreign taxes related to oil and gas extraction income under Internal Revenue Code section 907 and reductions of foreign taxes related to income earned in sanctioned countries under Internal Revenue Code section 901(j), as well as other reductions of creditable taxes) in column 40. Thus, total foreign taxes available for credit (Table 1, column 39) are equal to total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and "deemed paid" (column 42), plus any carryover of prior-year excess or unused foreign taxes (column 41), less any reduction in foreign taxes (column 40).

Tables 2 and 3 are similar in column format to Table 1 except that they provide data only from

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Form 1118 without the data from the basic corporation income tax return (for example, total assets and total receipts). Table 2 presents data reported by industrial grouping and separate income basket, while Table 3 presents data by selected geographic region and country.

Explanation of Selected Terms

Adjustments to taxable income—This includes several types of adjustments reported on Schedule J of Form 1118, Computation of Foreign Tax Credit—Corporations. These include the allocation of current-year foreign losses, overall foreign losses, and current-year U.S.-source losses. Adjustments due to prior-year loss allocations are also made, including the recapture of foreign-source losses and the recharacterization of foreign-source income. The overall result of these adjustments is shown in column 37 of Table 1 and column 23 of Table 2.

Carryover of foreign taxes—Under Internal Revenue Code section 904, for taxes arising in tax years beginning prior to October 22, 2004, "U.S. persons" are allowed a 2-year carryback and 5-year carryforward of excess or unused foreign taxes for purposes of computing the final foreign tax credit for those years. Excess foreign taxes arising in tax years beginning after October 22, 2004, are allowed a 1-year carryback and a 10-year carryforward. Such taxes were included in the computation of the current-year foreign tax credit to the extent that they did not exceed the credit limitation for the current year. The 2004 statistics used for this article include only those foreign taxes that were carried forward from previous years (1999-2003). See column 41 of Table I and column 27 of Table 2.

Controlled foreign corporation (CFC)—Under Internal Revenue Code section 957, a foreign corporation is a "controlled foreign corporation" if more than 50 percent of its outstanding voting stock, or more than 50 percent of the value of all its outstanding stock, is owned (directly, indirectly, or constructively) by "U.S. shareholders" on any day during the foreign corporation's tax year. Internal Revenue Code section 951(b) defines a "U.S. shareholder" as a U.S. person with 10 percent or more of the total combined voting stock of the foreign corporation. Ownership attribution rules are provided in Internal Revenue Code section 958. See also *Deemed dividends* and *Subpart F*.

Current-year foreign taxes—Current-year foreign taxes include foreign income taxes paid, accrued, or "deemed paid" and are shown in column 42 of Table 1, column 28 of Table 2, and column 14 of Table 3. Current-year foreign taxes do not include any carryback or carryforward of foreign taxes from other tax years.

Deemed dividends—Certain types of income earned by controlled foreign corporations (CFCs) are recognized under Subpart F of the Internal Revenue Service Code as current-year income of the U.S. corporation, even if no income is actually received from the CFC in the current tax year. In such cases, the U.S. corporation is deemed to have received a pro-rata share of this income and required to report it as a "deemed dividend" on Form 1118, Schedule A. See Internal Revenue Code section 951(a) for a more detailed description of income reported as deemed dividends. See also Controlled foreign corporation and Subpart F income.

Dividend gross-up—Since a dividend represents a distribution from after-tax earnings, the amount of income that a domestic corporation recognizes on receiving a dividend from a foreign corporation is net of all the foreign income taxes paid by that foreign corporation. U.S. corporations that satisfy ownership and other requirements are permitted to take an indirect foreign tax credit for taxes paid on the profits from which the dividends were distributed. Under Internal Revenue Code section 78, these taxes are "deemed paid" by the U.S. corporations under Internal Revenue Code sections 902 and 960(a). Consequently, the dividend income is "grossed-up" by the amount of the taxes deemed paid on the income from which the dividend was paid. This prevents U.S. corporations from crediting the foreign taxes deemed paid and deducting the same taxes in computing foreign-source taxable income.

Financial services income—This separate limitation category or basket applies to certain income from financial services activities. Financial services income includes all income, including "passive income" (see below), that is generated from banking, insurance, financing, or similar activities, and from certain types of insurance investments. Financial services income excludes "high withholding tax interest," dividends from noncontrolled foreign corporations as defined in Internal Revenue Code section 902, and certain types of export financing interest.

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Foreign oil and gas extraction income (FOGEI)—FOGEI is the gross income from the extraction of oil and gas, as well as from the sale of assets used in the extraction of oil and gas, or from related services, working capital, dividend and partnership distributions, and any other oil and gas extraction income. In general, a foreign tax credit is not permitted for foreign taxes paid, accrued, or deemed paid in connection with the purchase or sale of oil or gas extracted in a foreign country if the taxpayer has no economic interest in the oil or gas and if the purchase or sales price differs from the fair market value.

Foreign sales corporation (FSC)—A foreign sales corporation was a company incorporated abroad and controlled by a "U.S. person." A portion of the FSC's "foreign trade income" was exempt from U.S. taxation. Although these statistics do not include FSC returns (Forms 1120-FSC), FSC dividends received by corporations claiming a foreign tax credit are included. Dividends and interest generated by a FSC or former FSC comprise a separate limitation category. In July 1999, the World Trade Organization (WTO) declared FSC provisions to be an illegal export subsidy. Congress repealed the FSC provisions and created the Extraterritorial Income Exclusion Act in November 2000, which allowed U.S. corporations to continue operating FSCs until December 2001.

Foreign-source taxable income—Foreign-source taxable income is equal to gross income (less loss) less deductions from sources outside the United States, including U.S. possessions, and is included in the taxable income of U.S. corporations.

Foreign trade income—This includes gross receipts from foreign trade earned by a foreign sales corporation (FSC) from: 1) the sale of "export property," 2) the leasing of export property for use outside the United States, or 3) services in connection with the sale or leasing of export property. The related separate limitation category, taxable income attributable to foreign trade income, is unusual in the 2004 statistics. Code section 923(b), which permits the foreign trade income basket, has since been repealed, effective September 30, 2000.

General limitation income—This separate limitation category or basket comprises foreign income not included in any other separate limitation category.

High withholding tax interest—This separate limitation category or basket includes interest income subject to a withholding tax greater than or equal to

5 percent. This basket does not include interest received from the financing of certain export activities.

Income resourced by bilateral tax treaty—Selected U.S. income tax treaties contain provisions reclassifying certain income items of U.S.-source income as foreign-source income (for instance, when the tax treaty allows the other country to tax what would otherwise be U.S.-source income). Certain dividends, capital gains, and income from a U.S.-owned foreign corporation can be included in this category. A separate foreign tax credit limitation has to be computed for each amount resourced by a tax treaty.

Domestic international sales corporation (DISC)—DISCs (now referred to as IC-DISCs) were small domestic corporations formed to export U.S. products. A DISC could defer the tax liability on a portion of its income but had to ultimately pay the deferred tax plus interest. Under the DISC provisions, a U.S. manufacturer could set up a DISC (located in the United States) whose income was not taxed at the entity level. Instead, the corporate shareholder was taxed directly on a portion of the DISC's income that was deemed distributed. The portion of the income not deemed distributed was not subject to U.S. taxation until it was actually distributed. The foreign trading partners of the United States that are party to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) maintained that the DISC provisions constituted an illegal export trade subsidy because they allowed indefinite deferral of direct taxes on income from exports earned in the United States. Essentially, this pre-1985 system of tax deferral for export income was replaced by the exemption system of Foreign sales corporations (FSCs), now also repealed. To elect DISC status, at least 95 percent of the corporation's gross receipts had to be "qualified export receipts," and at least 95 percent of its assets "qualified export assets." Distributions from a DISC or former DISC are a separate limitation category.

Certain dividends from 10/50 corporations—A noncontrolled foreign corporation is defined by Internal Revenue Code section 902 as a foreign corporation in which a U.S. corporation possesses at least 10 percent of the voting stock and the U.S. shareholders own no more than 50 percent of the stock measured by voting power or value. These foreign corporations are also referred to as "10/50 companies." Previously, taxpayers were required to segregate dividends from each noncontrolled section 902 foreign cor-

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poration into separate baskets. The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 eliminated the separate basket requirement.

Passive foreign investment company (PFIC)—A PFIC is a passive investment company, one whose income is mainly passive or that uses at least half of its assets to create passive income.

Passive income—This separate limitation category includes dividends, interest (with the exception noted below), rents, royalties, annuities, and net capital gains, as well as commodity transactions not connected with the active conduct of a trade or business. Interest subject to a high withholding tax is categorized in a separate basket (see High withholding tax interest, above). Furthermore, income that by definition is passive, yet is subject to a foreign tax rate exceeding the highest applicable U.S. rate, is placed in the general limitation basket instead of the passive income basket.

Section 901(j) income—Internal Revenue Code section 901(j) denies credit for taxes paid or accrued to select foreign governments that the United States deems ineligible. These countries include the following: (1) countries not recognized by the United States, (2) countries with which the United States has severed or does not conduct diplomatic relations, or (3) countries identified by the United States as providing support for terrorism. For 2004, countries subject to these restrictions were Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Sudan, and Syria. Income and deductions from section 901(i) countries are reported on Form 1118, even though these taxes are not creditable. A separate limitation credit is computed for informational purposes and is not included in the foreign tax credit of the corporation.

Shipping income—This separate limitation category or basket applies to certain income from shipping-related activities. Shipping income includes the following: (1) all income from the use (or leasing for

use) of a vessel or aircraft in foreign commerce, (2) income from services directly related to the use of a vessel or aircraft, (3) gains on the sale or exchange of a vessel or aircraft used in the performance of such services, and (4) income generated from other space and oceanic activities not included elsewhere. Income that would be foreign-base company shipping income for purposes of determining the income received from controlled foreign corporations, under Internal Revenue Code section 954(f), is also classified as shipping income.

Specifically allocable income—Internal Revenue Code section 863(b) provides special rules for determining taxable income from sources outside the United States with respect to gross income derived partly from within and partly from outside the United States. The income apportioned to sources outside the United States under these special rules is commonly referred to as "section 863(b) income."

Subpart F income—Provisions of the Internal Revenue Code limit the ability of U.S. taxpayers to defer U.S. taxes by shifting certain types of income to lower-tax foreign countries. Subpart F (i.e., Internal Revenue Code sections 951-965) identifies certain types of income, primarily passive investment income, earned by certain controlled foreign corporations (CFCs), and requires the U.S corporation to report a pro-rata share of this current-year income for U.S. tax purposes, regardless of whether or not the income was actually repatriated to the U.S. corporation in the current tax year. See also Controlled foreign corporation and Deemed dividends.

Tax deemed paid—See Dividend gross-up. U.S. person—A U.S. person is any citizen or resident of the United States, domestic partnership, corporation, association, company, or any estate or trust that is not considered foreign. See Internal Revenue Code section 7701 for more information on the definition of a U.S. person.

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

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Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Number of returns	Total assets	Total receipts	Dividends received from foreign corporations	Dividends received from IC-DISC's or former DISC's [1]	Includable income of controlled foreign corporations	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
All industries	5,502	25,290,504,785	6,917,754,854	37,358,533	8,162	41,559,877	33,112,410
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	210	6,517,157	2,732,554	* 29,198	0,102	* 14	
Mining	112	110,207,132	47,148,873	466,457	0	264,731	151,399
Oil and gas extraction	87	38,794,601	14,993,252	34,691	0	* 27,649	* 25,432
Coal mining, metal ore mining	6	* 29,908,419	* 6,474,774	* 104,850	0	* 82,698	* 28,109
Nonmetallic minerals	6	* 4,768,627	* 3,871,595	* 11,706	0	* 5,529	* 4,260
Support activities for mining	13	36,735,486	21,809,253	* 315,211	0	* 148,854	* 93,598
Utilities	7	* 33,884,369	* 23,271,942	* 128,792	0	* 9,324	* 23,904
Construction	235	16,558,584	29,663,763	15,338	0	* 7,854	8,788
Construction of buildings	39	11,615,290	24,512,059	9,384	0	* 1,240	* 4,843
Heavy and civil engineering construction	40	3,091,931	2,159,496	* 2,310	0	* 4,164	* 1,039
Special trade contractors	155	1,851,363	2,992,208	* 3,644	0	* 2,451	* 2,907
Manufacturing	1,039	5,506,544,210		25,459,266	7,426		24,910,024
Food manufacturing	83	247,002,003	203,755,390	1,778,733	* 225	3,096,230	1,697,366
Beverage and tobacco products	14	84,931,534	67,524,926	* 953,994	0	* 729,504	* 546,575
Tobacco manufacturing	4	* 21,238,847	* 15,557,615	* 1,461	0	* 9,521	* 6,006
Textile mills and textile product mills	5	* 3,299,004	* 2,015,780	* 29,322	0	* 38,564	* 29,786
Apparel manufacturing	13	14,242,207	16,503,577	* 47,988	0	* 75,142	* 58,931
Leather and allied product manufacturing	8	* 3,221,523	* 3,953,771	* 1,468	0	0	* 537
Wood product manufacturing	9	* 2,437,467	* 5,988,537	* 6,196	0	* 2,767	* 4,510
Paper manufacturing	17	84,787,929	55,415,240	* 760,622	* 388	352,860	702,651
Printing and related support activities	14	6,430,076		* 9,510	0	* 8,113	* 9,777
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	19	1,463,642,327	902,051,742	11,747,884	0	5,584,511	10,289,382
Chemical manufacturing	162	930,188,555	433,581,446	3,555,521	* 764	5,187,340	
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	41	595,104,770	238,071,660	1,691,237	0	3,536,125	3,563,129
Other chemical manufacturing	121	335,083,785	195,509,786	1,864,284	* 764	1,651,214	1,472,924
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	43	26,172,157	19,140,477	96,103	0	99,231	93,023
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	44	25,435,702	20,107,563	68,782	* 2,017	28,239	26,666
Primary metal manufacturing	26	91,032,225	41,899,198	* 215,329	0	* 338,747	* 226,668
Fabricated metal products	98	197,180,299	83,366,430	922,631	* 878	382,491	775,545
Machinery manufacturing	131	227,753,413	168,146,786	820,418	* 1,319	773,405	
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	114	301,944,103	306,274,458	2,062,638	.,510	2,157,996	
Electrical equipment, appliance and component		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,	,===,==0		, 121, 200	,===, :, =
manufacturing	74	1,043,994,229	204,513,068	1,182,119	* 342	4,932,634	2,120,630
Transportation equipment manufacturing	62	664,246,348	414,981,141	913,360	* 3	2,986,765	
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	38	541,893,518	296,130,599	649,472	* 3	2,206,470	729,689
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	24	122,352,830	118,850,541	263,888	0	780,294	385,076
Furniture and related products	22	9,940,355	13,173,733	* 29,056	0	* 9,727	* 18,680
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not							
allocable	80	78,662,755	64,652,139	257,592	* 1,489	764,824	344,499
Wholesale and retail trade	658	1,006,536,246	1,218,304,368	3,005,584	* 12	2,634,926	2,432,170
Wholesale trade	487	616,595,889	571,146,246	2,786,389	* 12	1,788,977	1,893,683
Durable goods	290	95,036,907	154,155,653	208,624	0	377,155	194,921
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	66	6,587,589	10,354,213	* 8,783	0	* 1,514	* 1,553
Other miscellaneous durable goods	224	88,449,317	143,801,440	199,841	0	375,641	193,368
Nondurable goods	197	521,558,982	416,990,593	2,577,765	* 12	1,411,822	1,698,762
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	41	84,576,916	211,623,674	141,816	0	* 191,300	64,328
Groceries and related products	48	308,992,631	95,768,777	* 180,307	0	* 79,251	* 66,134
Petroleum and petroleum products	11	44,432,628	24,166,195	* 1,360,421	0	* 31,589	* 706,057
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	96	81,744,466	85,238,080	886,100	* 12	1,109,681	856,903

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts	are in thousand	as of dollars]				ī	
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Number of returns	Total assets	Total receipts	Dividends received from foreign corporations	Dividends received from IC-DISC's or former DISC's [1]	Includable income of controlled foreign corporations	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Retail trade	171	389,940,356	647,158,121	219,194	0	845.949	538.487
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	33	7,432,138	19,890,390	5,935	0	* 724	
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	22	* 111,211,881	* 70,730,392	* 25	0	* 263,767	* 150,492
Food and beverages stores	10	5,850,586	15,603,048	* 26	0	* 1,366	
Apparel and accessory stores	24	38,727,475	64,628,923	* 37,285	0		
General merchandise stores	8	* 167,786,882	* 364,242,198	* 73,775	0		* 283,343
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home		,,	001,212,100	,			
furnishings stores)	74	58,931,394	112,063,170	102,148	0	38,600	65,957
Transportation and warehousing	68	167,899,586	139,786,280	124,361	0	609,212	103,691
Air, rail, and water transportation	11	94,883,785	30,118,625	* 83,766	0	* 500,590	* 13,818
Water transportation	7	* 4,644,956	* 5,152,144	* 15,624	0	* 487,419	* 2,490
Air and rail transportation	4	* 90,238,829	* 24,966,481	* 68,142	0	* 13,171	* 11,328
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation							
and warehousing)	57	73,015,801	109,667,655	40,594	0	108,622	89,873
Information	607	579,780,011	276,313,995	2,723,574	0	2,100,540	1,345,019
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound							
recording	485	258,722,300	127,707,874	1,024,651	0		685,026
Broadcasting, internet publishing	78	77,903,242	46,394,624	* 113,368	0	* 68,397	* 70,076
Telecommunications	22	188,071,466	69,824,454	1,415,106	0	* 4,849	* 93,593
Internet service providers, web search portals, data	9	* 21 145 705	* 17 606 100	* 146,676	0	* 597,117	* 455,193
processing services Other information services (includes internet publishing		* 31,145,785	* 17,686,128	140,070	0	597,117	455, 193
and broadcasting)	13	23,937,218	14,700,915	23,773	0	71,936	41,132
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing		9,011,349,757	1,455,904,414		* 724		
Finance and insurance	571	8,974,764,691	1,445,221,673	2,729,432	* 724		1,488,454
Commercial banking and other depository credit	0	0,07 1,7 0 1,00 1	1,110,221,010	2,7.20,7.02		1,000,021	1,100,101
agencies	22	98,971,705	5,804,295	346	0	* 922	* 11
Nondepository credit intermediation	57	333,313,724	53,285,301	* 149,696	0	* 330,295	
Securities, commodity contracts, and other	94	3,458,238,004	198,425,484	835,348	0	1,090,066	
Insurance and related activities	325	5,045,072,002	1,185,786,012	1,743,711	* 724	3,328,662	812,143
Insurance agencies and brokerages	54	64,863,989	16,797,136	170,190	0	* 204,440	* 175,186
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	72	39,169,256	1,920,580	* 331	0	* 133,077	* 87,571
Real estate and rental and leasing	394	36,585,065	10,682,741	5,699	0	* 59,898	* 9,408
Real estate	374	7,344,793	2,159,103	4,265	0	* 58,143	* 2,745
Rentals and leasing	20	29,240,272	8,523,638	* 1,434	0	* 1,755	* 6,663
Services	1,603	8,851,227,733	691,935,324	2,670,831	0	3,441,268	2,632,978
Professional, scientific, and technical services	594	96,382,135	73,860,166	230,318	0	301,720	192,515
Management of holding companies	807	8,506,781,950	463,852,289	1,750,775	0	2,890,811	1,926,517
Administrative and support and waste management							
and remediation	63	53,094,782	34,168,719	265,731	0	79,803	
Education services, health care, and social assistance	31	38,542,258	26,203,645		0	* 44,555	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	36	5,289,386	3,562,172	* 23,575	0	* 1,973	
Accommodation and food services	47	145,952,505	86,072,631	367,008	0	* 56,408	
Accommodation	14	69,543,493	26,285,487	* 60,077	0	* 24,951	* 57,453
Food services and drinking places	33	76,409,012	59,787,144	* 306,932	0	* 31,457	* 284,532
Other services	24	5,184,717	4,215,703	* 2,808	0	* 65,998	
Repair and maintenance services	15	* 704,475	* 777,639	* 181	0		
Personal services	6	* 4,374,558	* 3,331,683	* 2,024	0	* 63,818	* 29,641
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and							
similar organizations	3	* 105,684	* 106,381	* 603	0	0	0

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			U.S. income ta	x before credits			
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Net income (less deficit)	Income subject to U.S. tax	Total	Regular and alternative minimum tax	Foreign tax credit claimed	U.S. possessions tax credit	
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
All industries	558,505,871	533,194,188	187,480,142	187,679,640	56,593,276	271,709	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	442,721	298,828	103,425	103,425	11,559	* 19	
Mining	6,690,737	6,562,286	2,337,064	2,337,038	1,434,081	0	
Oil and gas extraction	3,517,300	3,439,768	1,211,291	1,211,291	567,093	0	
Coal mining, metal ore mining	* 1,915,503	* 1,887,381	* 684,459	* 684,459	* 635,754	0	
Nonmetallic minerals	* 293,377	* 290,329	* 102,578	* 102,578	* 5,790	0	
Support activities for mining	964,558	944,808	338,735	338,709	225,443	0	
Utilities	* 767,632	* 756,881	* 264,891	* 264,891	* 29,961	0	
Construction	1,332,583	1,303,359	455,431	453,504	21,821	0	
Construction of buildings	879,485	876,914	307,971	306,170	7,268	0	
Heavy and civil engineering construction	312,836	289,932	101,533	101,528	7,300	0	
Special trade contractors	140,262	136,514	45,927	45,807	7,253	0	
Manufacturing	243,418,308	237,880,892	83,484,837	83,466,195	37,151,333	270,913	
Food manufacturing	16,411,186	15,400,723	5,392,072	5,393,122	1,988,946	* 1,792	
Beverage and tobacco products	9,391,508	9,116,444	3,190,650	3,190,644	830,576	* 62,711	
Tobacco manufacturing	* 1,440,700	* 1,393,615	* 487,771	* 487,765	* 39,539	* 4,660	
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 269,514	* 263,601	* 92,827	* 92,827	* 32,816	0	
Apparel manufacturing	1,362,691	1,321,275	462,178	462,178	72,950	* 2,137	
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 244,273	* 208,963	* 72,965	* 72,965	* 6,897	0	
Wood product manufacturing	* 507,780	* 505,638	* 176,759	* 176,759	* 8,307	0	
Paper manufacturing	5,656,981	5,604,729	1,961,976	1,961,948	729,609	0	
Printing and related support activities	586,920	573,726	200,577	200,577	12,805	* 1,445	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	89,426,232	88,714,195	31,108,397	31,101,209	18,768,417	0	
Chemical manufacturing	47,041,788	43,589,358	15,305,875	15,305,401	5,359,338	* 189,638	
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	32,353,601	29,626,672	10,390,455	10,390,399	3,450,949	* 187,353	
Other chemical manufacturing	14,688,187	13,962,687	4,915,420	4,915,002	1,908,389	* 2,284	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	1,072,950	851,514	299,562	299,938	88,914	* 226	
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	1,562,412	1,468,034	525,755	525,755	56,901	0	
Primary metal manufacturing	2,770,495	2,559,607	912,424	912,421	533,058	0	
Fabricated metal products	8,275,339	7,941,420		2,780,741	924,396	0	
Machinery manufacturing	7,049,817	6,086,632	2,153,647	2,152,316	827,624	* 11,152	
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	27,879,039	25,248,378	8,873,474	8,873,157	2,595,831	0	
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	12,958,597	12,504,868	4,383,381	4,381,646	2,772,017	* 1,813	
Transportation equipment manufacturing	4,126,408	9,794,039	3,447,637	3,437,980	1,106,093	1,613	
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	-2,008,428	3.685.243	1,300,457	1,300,470	462,740	0	
	6,134,836	6,108,796		2,137,510	643,353	0	
Other transportation equipment manufacturing Furniture and related products	529,707	519,320		181,519		0	
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not	020,101	0.0,020	.0.,0.0	101,010	21,000		
allocable	6,294,671	5,608,429	1,962,095	1,963,092	413,930	0	
Wholesale and retail trade	65,121,081	63,131,970	, ,	22,343,433	2,985,951	0	
Wholesale trade	29,062,603	27,686,841	9,702,993	9,702,882	2,236,742	0	
Durable goods	5,375,960	4,977,509		1,746,657	302,649	0	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	940,327	916,110	319,540	319,540	10,738	0	
Other miscellaneous durable goods	4,435,633	4,061,398	1,427,143	1,427,118	291,911	0	
Nondurable goods	23,686,643	22,709,332		7,956,225	1,934,093	0	
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	3,679,949	3,548,630		1,247,350	132,634	0	
Groceries and related products	10,647,556	9,995,147	3,497,784	3,497,698	95,046	0	
Petroleum and petroleum products	3,425,169	3,355,508		1,177,193	714,176	0	
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	5,915,845	5,791,924	2,027,407	2,027,407	986,087	0	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			U.S. income tax	x before credits		
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Net income (less deficit)	Income subject to U.S. tax	Total	Regular and alternative minimum tax	Foreign tax credit claimed	U.S. possessions tax credit
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Retail trade	36,058,477	35,445,129	12,408,531	12,640,551	749,209	
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	532,955	528,428	183,307	184,426	7,787	
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	* 6,870,131	* 6,867,482	* 2,403,553	* 2,403,553	* 170,823	
Food and beverages stores	312,252	282,923	98,632	98,764	5,244	
Apparel and accessory stores	4,942,443	4,911,235	1,718,507	1,955,295	118,507	
General merchandise stores	* 17,584,610	* 17,451,920	* 6,114,082	* 6,108,064	* 334,978	
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home furnishings stores)	5,816,086	5,403,141	1,890,450	1,890,449	111,870	
Transportation and warehousing	8,909,927	8,659,025	3,032,180	3,032,140	197,508	
Air, rail, and water transportation	1,182,057	1,010,282	356,100	356,100	21,985	
Water transportation	* 784,233	* 781,844	* 274,481	* 274,481	* 10,190	
Air and rail transportation	* 397,824	* 228,438	* 81,619	* 81,619	* 11,795	
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation						
and warehousing)	7,727,869	7,648,743	2,676,080	2,676,041	175,524	
Information	40,646,179	35,937,456	12,601,181	12,600,545	2,764,509	
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording	27,400,946	23,050,552	8,089,636	8,088,773	1,799,365	
Broadcasting, internet publishing	3,596,977	3,430,087	1,202,189	1,201,187	278,804	
Telecommunications	5,183,549	5,118,047	1,789,674	1,790,903	89,725	
Internet service providers, web search portals, data processing services	* 2,449,762	* 2,397,499	* 838,795	* 838,795	* 542,812	
Other information services (includes internet publishing and broadcasting)	2,014,945	1,941,272	680,887	680,887	53,804	
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	104,263,876	93,746,105	33,356,183	33,348,281	5,745,227	*
Finance and insurance	102,149,197	92,402,963	32,880,765	32,873,721	5,713,926	*
Commercial banking and other depository credit						
agencies	1,077,416	989,426	345,363	345,342	65,267	
Nondepository credit intermediation	6,507,619	6,344,671	2,223,273	2,221,894	197,303	
Securities, commodity contracts, and other	18,133,735	16,726,370	5,864,980	5,864,980	1,660,026	*
Insurance and related activities	74,659,050	66,587,253	23,827,649	23,822,005	3,295,173	
Insurance agencies and brokerages	1,739,953 1,771,377	1,698,363 1,755,244	593,959 619,499	593,882 619,499	223,396 496,158	
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	2,114,678	1,343,142	475,419	474,560	31,300	
Real estate and rental and leasing Real estate	546,932	500,274	172,301	172,070	13,542	
Rentals and leasing	1,567,746	842,867	303,118	302,490	17,758	
Services	86,912,827	84,917,385	29,733,427	29,730,188	6,251,328	* 77
Professional, scientific, and technical services	6,183,462	6,011,090	2,102,691	2,101,999	466,771	
Management of holding companies	68,523,433	67,468,343		23,618,731	4,733,584	
Administrative and support and waste management and	00,020,100	07,100,010	20,020,101	20,010,701	1,700,001	
remediation	2,778,962	2,235,075	784,466	784,466	244,760	
Education services, health care, and social assistance	2,684,103	2,604,949	910,985	910,985	23,564	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	352,095	312,747	111,485	111,485	49,734	
Accommodation and food services	6,015,790	5,935,043	2,081,228	2,080,236	696,903	* 77
Accommodation	1,994,903	1,932,686	680,938	679,962	139,431	* 7
Food services and drinking places	4,020,887	4,002,358	1,400,290	1,400,273	557,472	
Other services	374,983	350,138	122,167	122,286	36,011	
Repair and maintenance services	* 41,190	* 18,151	* 6,004	* 6,123	* 1,525	
Personal services Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar	* 330,255	* 328,747	* 115,041	* 115,041	* 34,034	
organizations	* 3,539	* 3,241	* 1,122	* 1,122	* 452	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Foreign income and taxes					
				Gross incon	ne (less loss)			
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	General business credit	U.S. income tax after credits [3]	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest		
	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
All industries	7,166,067	118,907,935	485,354,155	86,339,067	33,129,305	57,724,090		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	* 1,928	89,765	176,994	29,340	* 6,573	* 2,55		
Mining	10,407	866,460	8,507,542	731,192	151,399	439,45		
Oil and gas extraction	* 3,341	624,560	2,894,515	62,368	* 25,432	34,89		
Coal mining, metal ore mining	0	* 48,705	* 3,520,299	* 187,525	* 28,109	* 217,26		
Nonmetallic minerals	* 397	* 96,391	* 41,884	* 17,235	* 4,260	* 6,95		
Support activities for mining	* 6,669	96,805	2,050,844	* 464,065	* 93,598	180,34		
Utilities	* 245	* 196,055	* 170,777	* 138,116	* 23,904	* 8,18		
Construction	5,760	338,984	270,747	32,902	8,788	* 1,75		
Construction of buildings	* 5,432	206,891	121,466	20,463	* 4,843	* 44		
Heavy and civil engineering construction	* 285	93,475	90,961	6,337	* 1,039	* 1,22		
Special trade contractors	* 42	38,617	58,320	6,102	* 2,907	* 8!		
Manufacturing	3,753,251	40,656,848	251,450,340	55,924,861	24,912,421	8,515,131		
Food manufacturing	65,008	3,306,866	13,640,787	5,784,063	1,697,394	159,719		
Beverage and tobacco products	* 5,299	2,291,590	8,418,721	1,696,191	* 546,575	* 287,504		
Tobacco manufacturing	* 843	* 442,729	* 1,627,330	* 10,926	* 6,006	* 2,334		
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 3,309	* 56,614	* 225,918	* 67,794	* 29,786	* 4,450		
Apparel manufacturing	* 494	384,325	390,142	* 123,046	* 58,914	* 29,992		
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 1,461	* 64,300	* 170,892	* 1,468		* 76		
Wood product manufacturing	* 1,454	* 166,928	* 66,402	* 8,966		* 597		
Paper manufacturing	* 52,821	1,006,948	3,793,961	1,113,315	702,651	128,422		
Printing and related support activities	* 1,477	184,448	109,240	* 18,070		* 1,61		
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	* 454,049	11,269,901	72,378,677	17,692,043	10,289,240	2,571,50		
Chemical manufacturing	781,722	8,889,253	45,155,896	9,683,776	5,036,730	483,510		
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	647,460	6,033,450	30,759,412	6,173,192	3,562,787	275,549		
Other chemical manufacturing	134,263	2,855,803	14,396,484	3,510,583	1,473,943	207,96		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	6,166	201,441	625,838	198,805	93,023	22,61		
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	4,119 * 510	460,480	408,343	95,041	26,666	72,800		
Primary metal manufacturing		351,026	3,153,089	544,046		443,50		
Fabricated metal products	63,235	1,773,700	5,772,137	1,304,447	775,545	132,87° 509,660		
Machinery manufacturing	157,531	1,141,632	10,006,464	1,694,515	581,089			
Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component	1,718,236	4,434,983	47,982,029	4,792,558	1,232,472	474,53		
manufacturing	155,650	930,503	20,482,562	6.122.377	2,120,956	2,382,411		
Transportation equipment manufacturing	190,591	2,127,801	13,680,250	3,890,063	1,114,572	744,25		
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	71,808	743,719	10,545,906	2,850,036	729,517	677,49		
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	118,783	1,384,082	3,134,344	1,040,027	385,055	66,75		
Furniture and related products	* 4,148	154,765	150,894	* 39,258		* 6,10		
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not		,		,	, 1			
allocable	85,970	1,459,342	4,838,099	1,055,019	346,638	58,284		
Wholesale and retail trade	308,983	18,614,177	21,889,530	6,371,758	2,437,526	550,02°		
Wholesale trade	194,322	7,093,241	17,113,543	4,702,408	1,899,039	475,67		
Durable goods	34,827	1,401,326	4,261,866	674,369		106,946		
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	* 218	307,671	150,183	15,766	* 1,553	10,03		
Other miscellaneous durable goods	34,610	1,093,655	4,111,683	658,603	198,964	96,91		
Nondurable goods	159,495	5,691,915	12,851,677	4,028,039		368,72		
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	* 31,699	1,060,517	2,374,896	332,805		18,50		
Groceries and related products	* 32,027	3,370,637	2,674,002	259,557	* 65,891	* 141,446		
Petroleum and petroleum products	* 53,930	299,570	2,358,149	* 1,392,011	* 706,057	* 19,445		
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	41,837	960,765	5,424,294	2,034,545	856,907	186,533		

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

				Foreign inco	me and taxes	
				Gross incom	ne (less loss)	
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	General business credit	U.S. income tax after credits [3]	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest
	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Retail trade	114,661	11,520,936	4,775,987	1,669,350	538,487	74,35
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	* 3,627	163,145	57,843	6,659	* 3,243	* 9,61
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	* 3,397	* 2,229,333	* 545,661	* 263,793	* 150,492	* 15,75
Food and beverages stores	* 5,975	* 72,880	58,559	* 1,398	* 203	* 1,30
Apparel and accessory stores	10,228	1,589,771	1,005,983	391,510	35,249	22,63
General merchandise stores	* 80,378	* 5,698,726	* 1,757,099	* 258,239	* 283,343	* 18,15
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home furnishings stores)	11,056	1,767,081	1,350,842	747,751	65,957	6,90
Transportation and warehousing	31,222	2,780,737	13,611,474	727,022	103,691	105,31
Air, rail, and water transportation	* 516	311,524	2,881,632	* 579,038	* 13,818	* 1,78
Water transportation	* 126	* 245,521	* 2,728,627	* 503,044	* 2,490	* 60
Air and rail transportation	* 390	* 66,003	* 153,005	* 75,994	* 11,328	* 1,17
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation						
and warehousing)	30,706	2,469,214	10,729,841	147,985	89,873	103,52
Information	271,414	9,543,782	36,404,233	8,462,463	1,344,901	283,65
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording	184,578	6,085,158	25,517,727	6,010,515	684,907	148,10
Broadcasting, internet publishing	* 7,892	915,462	4,965,617	* 192,465	* 70,076	* 103,2
Telecommunications	* 24,374	1,674,666	2,265,137	1,419,985	* 93,593	* 21,69
Internet service providers, web search portals, data processing services	* 39,217	* 256,766	* 3,060,740	* 743,790	* 455,193	* 5,68
Other information services (includes internet publishing and broadcasting)	15,353	611,729	595,011	95,708	41,132	4,93
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	910,386	24,602,780	77,132,720	7,956,569	1,497,838	25,242,70
Finance and insurance	906,839	24,172,471	76,030,709	7,398,381	1,488,430	25,231,3
Commercial banking and other depository credit						
agencies	* 1,114	258,234	252,361	203	* 11	* 251,9
Nondepository credit intermediation	* 100,864	1,924,470	7,302,181	302,536	* 49,419	1,390,3
Securities, commodity contracts, and other	60,985	3,665,117	23,034,121	1,859,372	539,314	10,115,6
Insurance and related activities	729,751	18,220,171	43,620,169	5,102,870	812,114	11,981,1
Insurance agencies and brokerages	* 4,434	340,873	1,580,354	378,381	* 175,187	* 152,42
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	* 14,125	104,479	1,821,877	* 133,400	* 87,571	1,492,2
Real estate and rental and leasing	3,547 * 19	430,309	1,102,010	558,187	9,408	11,3
Real estate		157,942	177,679	62,308 * 495,879	* 2,745 * 6,663	7,18 * 4,14
Rentals and leasing	* 3,529	272,367	924,331 75,739,797	,		22,575,3
Services	1,872,471	21,218,347		5,964,842	2,642,262	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54,200 1,601,398	1,576,664 16,996,922	8,902,144	530,825	197,204 1,926,436	96,36
Management of holding companies Administrative and support and waste management and	1,001,396	10,990,922	56,555,702	4,481,352	1,920,430	22,066,99
remediation	29,753	502,777	2,729,046	359,895	135,606	29,80
Education services, health care, and social assistance	* 9,479	877,012	252,975	75,043	* 4,501	* 2,57
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	* 45	61,585	755,068	* 25,548		* 4,00
Accommodation and food services	174,842	1,120,167	6,240,604	423,376		369,38
Accommodation	* 37,175	427,874	1,756,431	* 84,987	* 57,453	* 102,00
Food services and drinking places	137,667	692,293	4,484,173	* 338,389	* 284,532	267,3
Other services	* 2,755	83,220	304,259	* 68,803	* 30,441	* 6,1
Repair and maintenance services	* 20	* 4,459	* 16,249	* 2,361	* 800	,
Personal services	* 2,735	* 78,091	* 282,586	* 65,840		* 6,1
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	0	* 669	* 5,423	* 603	0	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Foreign inc	come and taxes-	-continued		
		Gross inco	me (less loss)-	-continued		Dedu	uctions
			())				Deductions
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Rents, royalties, and license fees	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [4]	Foreign branch income [4]	Total	allocable to specific types of income
	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
All industries	79,964,798	26,382,011	201,814,884	49,446,665	97,936,689	243,861,018	133,043,631
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	* 13,425	0	125,100	0	* 13,640	69,258	* 47,28
Mining	169,573	353,116	6,662,808	2,633,006	2,804,878	4,088,567	3,066,44
Oil and gas extraction	* 515	* 106,720	2,664,587	2,633,006	514,123	1,215,692	975,58
Coal mining, metal ore mining	* 29,264	* 119,009	* 2,939,125	0	* 491,956	* 1,550,725	* 1,080,35
Nonmetallic minerals	* 996	0	* 12,441	0	* 19,861	* 13,834	* 3,70
Support activities for mining	* 138,798	* 127,387	* 1,046,655	0	* 1,778,938	* 1,308,316	* 1,006,79
Utilities	* 7,217	* 20,360	* -27,002	0	* 17,627	* 80,889	* 26,24
Construction	* 49,246	95,355	82,702	0	* 33,325	162,578	
Construction of buildings	* 33,456	* 16,538	* 45,720	0	* 7,931	* 81,304	* 79,52
Heavy and civil engineering construction	* 12,499	* 49,733	20,129	0	* 6,382	46,254	27,91
Special trade contractors	* 3,291	* 29,084	* 16,853	0	* 19,012	* 35,020	
Manufacturing	49,310,395	5,817,481	106,970,051	* 44,744,997	21,703,179	96,857,064	
Food manufacturing	1,128,893	* 21,185	4,849,532	0	1,749,538	5,981,117	4,344,05
Beverage and tobacco products	* 1,749,196	* 1,004,129	3,135,126	0	* 2,447,239	4,400,011	* 2,025,25
Tobacco manufacturing	* 132,163	* 700	* 1,475,201	0	* 1,302,850	* 1,334,604	* 1,320,78
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 47,985	0	* 75,900	0	0	* 85,603	* 56,85
Apparel manufacturing	* 129,852	* 9,339	* 38,999	0	* 19,538	* 93,397	* 48,27
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 46,439	* 83,700	* 37,982	0	* 98,138	* 105,611	* 97,67
Wood product manufacturing	* 3,767	* 372	* 48,190	0	0	* 39,465	* 37,10
Paper manufacturing	* 702,766	* 1,485	1,145,323	0	* 335,728	1,292,844	524,53
Printing and related support activities	* 36,653	* 10,068	* 33,058	0	* 25,232	* 34,652	* 27,71
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	389,002	* 10,527	41,426,365	* 44,744,997	* 4,968,475	17,814,178	
Chemical manufacturing	14,989,224	510,279	14,452,372	0	4,405,187	18,514,297	9,186,93
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	11,190,525	* 346,193	9,211,166	0	2,284,254	12,404,756	6,806,53
Other chemical manufacturing	3,798,699	164,086	5,241,206	0	2,120,932	6,109,541	2,380,40
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	170,273	* 2,911	138,213	0	* 12,326	252,916	
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	41,897	* 9,139	162,794	0	* 46,498	201,512	
Primary metal manufacturing	1,222,396	* 74,745	641,733	0	* 190,579	1,536,587	672,65
Fabricated metal products	783,319	* 27,453	2,748,503	0	2,296,441	2,670,596	
Machinery manufacturing	1,662,383	214,874	5,343,936	0	2,079,419	5,768,598	1,879,91
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	19,015,570	2,853,362	19,613,528	0	1,579,752	21,543,457	6,559,88
Electrical equipment, appliance and component		= . =	7 5 00 000		07.4 500	40.074.000	5004.44
manufacturing	2,238,847	54,584	7,563,388	0	374,500	10,271,383	5,061,111
Transportation equipment manufacturing	3,403,945	907,662	3,619,757 2.896.406	0	629,358	3,963,886	
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	2,863,880	* 528,572	, ,	0	* 509,055	3,044,725	
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	540,066 * 7,699	* 379,089 * 1,035	723,351	0	* 120,303	919,161 * 72,328	336,21
Furniture and related products	7,099	1,035	* 78,116	U	* 27,526	12,320	* 48,24
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not allocable	1,540,290	* 20,632	1,817,236	0	417,704	2,214,627	1,269,10
Wholesale and retail trade	4,460,939	740,485	7,328,800	* 2,000,154	4,991,158	10,219,946	
Wholesale trade	3,271,289	728,641	6,036,494	* 2,000,154	4,161,942	8,337,910	
Durable goods	1,897,065	312,919	1,070,051	2,300,134	378,935	2,472,693	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	* 15,131	* 8,889	98,810	0	* 71,846	100,251	81,12
Other miscellaneous durable goods	1,881,934	304,030	971,241	0	307,089	2,372,442	
Nondurable goods	1,374,224	415,722	4,966,443	* 2,000,154	3,783,007	5,865,217	4,041,24
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	834,865	* 10,674	1,113,718	_,555,154	* 1,042,078	1,574,298	
Groceries and related products	* 80,753	* 230,844	* 1,895,511	0	* 1,940,871	2,086,498	
Petroleum and petroleum products	* 226	* 83,995	* 156,415	* 2,000,154	* 234,730	* 295,185	* 79,49
i cuolcam ana peuoleam products	220	* 89,478	1,800,799	_,000,104	564,598	1,907,222	1,030,19

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Foreign inc	come and taxes-	-continued				
		Gross incor	ne (less loss)-	-continued		Deductions			
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Rents, royalties, and license fees	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [4]	Foreign branch income [4]	Total	Deductions allocable to specific type of income		
	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)		
Datail trade	· /	* 11,844	1,292,306	0	829,216	1,882,037	. ,		
Retail trade Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	1,189,650 * 2,588	* 100	* 35,638	0	* 7,459	* 20,325	1,589,7 * 18,6		
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	* 113,242	0	* 2,384	0	7,433	* 15,217	* 1		
Food and beverages stores	* 54,933	0	* 725	0	0	* 4,567	* 4.0		
Apparel and accessory stores	180,280	* 1,514	374,795	0	* 208,606	271,289	190,1		
General merchandise stores	* 721,380	* 380	* 475,607	0	* 351,540	* 654,887	* 508,7		
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home	721,000				001,010	001,007	000,1		
furnishings stores)	117,227	9,850	403,157	0	261,611	915,752	868,0		
Transportation and warehousing	180,074	6,843,294	5,652,080	* 3,023	4,839,547	11,167,148	9,831,7		
Air, rail, and water transportation	* 25,557	* 51,880	* 2,209,555	0	* 349,958	* 2,184,505	* 951,2		
Water transportation	0	* 20,351	* 2,202,133	0	* 348,153	* 2,154,430	* 940,2		
Air and rail transportation	* 25,557	* 31,529	* 7,422	0	* 1,805	* 30,074	* 11,0		
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation				* 3,023					
and warehousing)	154,517	6,791,414	3,442,525		4,489,589	8,982,643	8,880,4		
Information	17,706,348	1,748,029	6,858,835	0	5,606,565	21,823,468	15,163,		
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound									
recording	12,712,254	116,408	5,845,540	0	4,703,744	14,986,098	9,444,9		
Broadcasting, internet publishing	* 4,081,129	* 224,240	* 294,463	0	* 248,522	* 4,148,560	* 3,785,7		
Telecommunications	* 27,079	* 537,251	* 165,537	0	* 29,868	852,717	* 536,9		
Internet service providers, web search portals, data	+ 040 007	* 050 040			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	+ 4 405 074			
processing services	* 643,987	* 852,813	* 359,275	0	* 324,202	* 1,485,971	* 1,155,4		
Other information services (includes internet publishing	244 900	17 216	104 020	0	200 220	250 121	240.0		
and broadcasting)	241,899 2,254,302	17,316 4,409,215	194,020 35,772,090	0	300,229 19,629,429	350,121 47,548,294	240,2 24,434 ,		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing				0					
Finance and insurance	1,849,768	4,400,288	35,662,468	U	19,597,021	46,775,351	23,723,4		
Commercial banking and other depository credit	* 20	0	* 160	0	0	* 20 222	* 10.4		
agencies	* 30 * 85,503	* 365,919	* 168 * 5,108,431	0	* 1,721,673	* 20,232 5,871,565	* 19,5 4,334,7		
Nondepository credit intermediation	* 513,344	541,372	9,465,074	0	1,721,073	15,469,882	6,054,3		
Securities, commodity contracts, and other				0					
Insurance and related activities	1,250,890	3,492,440	20,980,700	-	16,631,141	25,126,472	13,240,		
Insurance agencies and brokerages	* 2,519	* 239,844	* 631,997	0	* 587,750	* 883,670	* 702,9		
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	0	* 557	* 108,095	0	* 00 400	* 287,200	* 74,		
Real estate and rental and leasing	404,534 * 34,940	* 8,927	109,622	0	* 32,408	772,943	710,7		
Real estate	* 34,819	* 2,107	68,517	0	* 00 400	54,002	45,5		
Rentals and leasing	369,716	* 6,820	* 41,106	± 05 405	* 32,408	718,941	665,2		
Services	5,813,279	6,354,676	32,389,420	* 65,485	38,297,342	51,843,806	22,038,7		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	935,088	3,711,494	3,431,172	0	4,573,570	6,569,624			
Management of holding companies	2,278,149	1,598,132	24,204,638	* 65,485	29,997,550	38,613,152	11,815,3		
Administrative and support and waste management and		,	4 000 00	_					
remediation	335,272	479,391	1,389,077	0	862,879	1,760,163	1,003,1		
Education services, health care, and social assistance	* 26,904	128,743	* 15,206	0	* 30,936	155,530	121,3		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	185,776	* 219,348	* 314,238	0	* 77,544	* 504,767	* 430,0		
Accommodation and food services	2,002,843	197,199	2,905,843	0	2,628,807	4,084,288	2,836,6		
Accommodation	* 396,282	* 147,215	* 968,488	0	* 743,006	1,255,066	787,0		
Food services and drinking places	1,606,561	* 49,984	1,937,355	0	* 1,885,800	2,829,222	2,049,		
Other services	* 49,247	* 20,368	* 129,247	0	* 126,057	* 156,282	* 134,		
Repair and maintenance services	* 295	* 12,793	0	0	0	* 4,677	* 4,0		
Personal services	* 47,429	* 4,278	* 129,247	0	* 122,759	* 147,481	* 127,		
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	* 1,523	* 3,297	0	0	* 3,297	* 4,124	* 2,7		

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		F	oreign income an	d taxes—continued		
			Deductions	-continued		
	Deductions	allocable to specif	ic types of income	1	Deductions n	ot allocable to
Major and selected minor industry	Deductions	allocable to specif	ic types of income	Continued	specific types of income	
of U.S. corporation filing return	Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	Other expenses	Service expenses	Other definitely allocable deductions	Total	Research and development
	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)
All industries	1,860,464	4,571,450	15,009,924	111,601,793	110,817,387	13,485,504
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	* 150	0	0	* 47,137	* 21,971	* 67
Mining	* 40,937	* 68,438	* 116,081	2,840,986	1,022,125	* 23,50
Oil and gas extraction	* 20,436	* 382	* 10,305	944,462	240,107	* 24
Coal mining, metal ore mining	* 2,121	* 63,940	* 10,600	* 1,003,695	* 470,369	
Nonmetallic minerals	0	* 231	0	* 3,476	* 10,127	
Support activities for mining	* 18,380	* 3,884	* 95,176	* 889,353	* 301,523	* 23,25
Utilities	0	0	* 1,598	* 24,641	* 54,649	,
Construction	* 109	* 7,446	61,737	71,476	21,810	* 10
Construction of buildings	0	* 5	* 34,139	* 45,384	* 1,776	
Heavy and civil engineering construction	* 109	* 7,387	* 3,127	* 17,292	* 18.338	* 5
Special trade contractors	0	* 53	* 24,471	* 8,800	* 1,695	* 5
Manufacturing	383,599	143,870	700,015	49,533,540	46,096,041	10,906,05
Food manufacturing	* 4	* 2,563	0	4,341,491	1,637,059	103,04
Beverage and tobacco products	* 10,716	* 11	* 2,309	* 2,012,217	2,374,758	* 2,94
	10,710	0	2,309	* 1,320,782	* 13,822	* 1,46
Tobacco manufacturing	1			* 56,859	* 28,744	* 13,36
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 1762	* 17.000	* 2.727			
Apparel manufacturing	* 1,763	* 17,088	* 2,727	* 26,697	* 45,122	* 0.74
Leather and allied product manufacturing	0	* 21	* 87,932	* 9,721	* 7,936	* 3,71
Wood product manufacturing	0	0	0	* 37,103	* 2,362	* 10
Paper manufacturing	0	* 113	* 778	523,643	768,310	* 270,35
Printing and related support activities	* 54	* 1,711	* 8,344	* 17,605	* 6,937	* 1,96
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	0	* 1,355	* 25,510	* 14,935,131	2,852,182	* 171,06
Chemical manufacturing	* 11,907	25,498	15,457	9,134,072	9,327,363	4,009,83
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	0	* 1,203	* 599	6,804,731	5,598,223	3,320,98
Other chemical manufacturing	* 11,907	* 24,295	* 14,859	2,329,341	3,729,140	688,84
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	* 1,865	* 7,010	* 737	78,189	165,116	12,60
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	0	* 1,670	* 5,706	* 71,774	122,361	* 9,08
Primary metal manufacturing	* 344,479	* 3,638	* 14,176	310,364	863,930	* 11,20
Fabricated metal products	* 5,014	* 996	* 1,979	2,108,671	553,935	99,96
Machinery manufacturing	* 558	* 5,928	122,942	1,750,487	3,888,684	636,04
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	* 116	22,570	341,369	6,195,834	14,983,569	4,751,63
Electrical equipment, appliance and component						
manufacturing	* 2,846	* 32,573	* 35,923	4,989,769	5,210,272	285,40
Transportation equipment manufacturing	* 4,277	* 10,742	* 23,204	1,637,862	2,287,801	323,20
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	* 4,277	* 909	* 4,636	1,330,051	1,704,851	164,42
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	0	* 9,833	* 18,568		582,950	158,78
Furniture and related products	* 1	0	* 805	* 47,443	* 24,079	* 2,70
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not						
allocable	0	* 10,381	* 10,117	1,248,609	945,520	197,80
Wholesale and retail trade	33,672	443,182	169,727	6,887,336	2,686,030	70,57
Wholesale trade	29,806	431,630	163,708	5,318,993	2,393,773	67,10
Durable goods	* 2,170	19,727	118,446	1,762,552	569,799	* 10,14
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	* 1,786	* 2,781	* 3,088	73,467	19,129	* 2,07
Other miscellaneous durable goods	* 383	16,946	115,358	1,689,085	550,670	* 8,07
Nondurable goods	27,636	411,903	45,262	3,556,441	1,823,974	56,95
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	* 584	* 297,091	* 4,043	674,190	598,391	* 10,11
Groceries and related products	* 22,737	* 94,124	* 9,591	* 1,828,394	131,652	* 1,20
Petroleum and petroleum products	0	0	0	* 79,498	* 215,687	, .
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	* 4,314	* 20,689	* 31,026	974,161	877,032	* 45,63

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

			Foreign income an	d taxes—continued	d	
			Deductions	-continued		
Major and selected minor industry	Deductions	allocable to specif	ic types of income	—continued	Deductions no	
of U.S. corporation filing return	Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	Other expenses	Service expenses	Other definitely allocable deductions	Total	Research and development
	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)
Retail trade	* 3,867	11,552	* 6,019	1,568,343	292,256	* 3,4
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	* 817	* 22	0	* 17,760	* 1,725	
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	0	* 103	* 2	0	* 15,113	
Food and beverages stores	0	* 3,794	0	* 237	* 537	
Apparel and accessory stores	* 85	* 1,878	0	188,210	81,116	* 3,3
General merchandise stores	* 1,015	* 2,701	0	* 505,073	* 146,098	
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home						
furnishings stores)	1,950	3,054	6,017	857,063	47,667	1
Transportation and warehousing	* 1,719	* 9,004	5,857,822	3,963,160	1,335,443	* 25,4
Air, rail, and water transportation	0	* 2,349	* 19,835	* 929,063	* 1,233,258	
Water transportation	0	0	* 14,571	* 925,659	* 1,214,200	
Air and rail transportation	0	* 2,349	* 5,264	* 3,404	* 19,058	
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation and warehousing)	* 1,719	6,655	5,837,987	3,034,096	102,186	* 25,4
Information	* 225,340	3,140,831	1,378,101	10,419,036	6,660,160	2,145,2
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording	* 17,082	237,802	76,575	9,113,505	5,541,133	1,896,4
Broadcasting, internet publishing	* 208,188	* 2,872,149	* 86,174	* 619,210	* 362,841	* 3,9
Telecommunications	0	* [2]	* 443,959	* 93,037	* 315,721	* 17,9
Internet service providers, web search portals, data processing services	* 71	* 30,880	* 758,064	* 366,395	* 330,562	* 217,0
Other information services (includes internet publishing and broadcasting)	0	0	13,329	226,889	109,903	9,8
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	642,443	374,261	3,426,984	19,990,492	23,114,114	* 15,8
Finance and insurance	* 531,452	186,195	3,425,402	19,580,374	23,051,929	* 15,8
Commercial banking and other depository credit						
agencies	0	* 10	* 106		* 718	
Nondepository credit intermediation	* 20,231	* 147	* 375,390	3,939,015	1,536,782	* 2,0
Securities, commodity contracts, and other	* 493,254	* 96,735	482,249	4,982,137	9,415,507	* 2
Insurance and related activities	* 17,967	89,268	2,567,657	10,565,698	11,885,881	* 13,4
Insurance agencies and brokerages	0	* 243	* 183,799	* 518,918	* 180,710	* 2,7
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	110,000	* 34	0	* 74,125	* 213,041	
Real estate and rental and leasing	110,992 * 891	188,067	* 1,582 * 1,030	410,118	62,185 * 8,499	
Real estate		* 17,653 * 170,414	* 1,039 * 543	25,920 * 384,199	* 53,686	
Rentals and leasing	* 110,100 532,495					298,1
Services	* 44,106	384,418			29,805,044 871,970	130,9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	* 485,890	208,114			- ,	* 132,4
Management of holding companies Administrative and support and waste management and		13,873			26,797,827	
remediation	* 58	* 45,187 * 4.122		551,537 * 71,236	757,059	* 24,6
Education services, health care, and social assistance	0 * 12	* 4,133			34,136	* 7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	* 2,429	* 62,399 44,277	* 119,762 * 7,913	* 247,904 2,782,065	* 74,689 1,247,604	* 7, ⁻
Accommodation and food services	2,429	* 8,815	* 42			۷,6
Accommodation	* 2.420				* 467,968	* 0
Food services and drinking places	* 2,429	35,462	* 7,871 * 0.077	2,003,823	779,636 * 21.759	* 2,
Other services	0	* 6,435 * 747	* 9,977 * 3,513	* 118,112 * 417	* 21,758	
Repair and maintenance services	0	* 5,688	* 3,513 * 4,278		* 20,341	
Personal services		5,088	4,2/8	* 117,174	20,341	
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	0	0	* 2,186	* 521	* 1,418	
	<u> </u>	0	۷, ۱۵۵	521	1,+10	

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		F	oreign income an	d taxes—continue	d	
	Dec	ductions—continu				
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Deductions not specific ty income—c	t allocable to ypes of	Deductions from oil and gas extraction	Taxable income (less loss) before	Adjustments to taxable income	Taxable income (less loss) after
	Interest	Other	income [5]	adjustments		adjustments
	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)
All industries	42,001,568	54,391,211	10,984,748	241,493,136	27,827,198	213,665,938
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	* 10,534	* 10,633	0	107,736		93,290
Mining	482,400	482,337	1,132,503	4,418,975	166,142	4,252,833
Oil and gas extraction	* 210,533	* 25,897	1,132,503	1,678,823	* 32,496	1,646,326
Coal mining, metal ore mining	* 174,720	* 295,649	0	* 1,969,574	* 82,265	* 1,887,310
Nonmetallic minerals	0	0	0	* 28,051	0	* 28,05
Support activities for mining	* 97,146	* 160,792	0	742,527	* 51,381	691,146
Utilities	* 29,501	* 25,026	0	* 89,888	0	* 89,888
Construction	* 890	* 20,493	0	108,170	* 2,041	106,129
Construction of buildings	* 122	* 1,654	0	40,162	* 1,621	38,541
Heavy and civil engineering construction	* 220	* 17,998	0	44,707	* 398	44,309
Special trade contractors	* 548	* 841	0	23,300	* 21	23,279
Manufacturing	15,239,527	19,617,336	* 9,612,746	154,593,276		131,823,426
Food manufacturing	1,209,565	324,056	0	7,659,670	423,599	7,236,071
Beverage and tobacco products	* 382,588	* 1,983,550	0	4,018,710	* 32,144	3,986,566
Tobacco manufacturing	* 4,428	* 7,925	0	* 292,726	* 2,400	* 290,327
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 11,940	* 3,439	0	* 140,315	[2]	* 140,315
Apparel manufacturing	* 18,770	* 15,052	0	296,745	* 864	295,881
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 3,006 * 326	* 1,220	0	* 65,281 * 26,937	0 * 2,519	* 65,281 * 24,418
Wood product manufacturing	* 244,229	* 380	0	2,501,118	* 45,466	2,455,652
Paper manufacturing	* 1,875	* 252,044 * 2,934	0	74,588	* 910	73,677
Printing and related support activities	1,842,631	* 837,969	* 9,612,746	54,564,499	* 2,159	54,562,340
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	2,690,934	2,617,639	0,012,740	26,641,599	5,738,969	20,902,629
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	1,292,949	980,006	0	18,354,656	4,408,505	13,946,151
Other chemical manufacturing	1,397,985	1,637,633	0	8,286,943	1,330,464	6,956,479
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	109,978	37,810	0	372,922	86,252	286,670
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	80,849	* 23,051	0	206,831	* 469	206,362
Primary metal manufacturing	622,872	* 99,205	0	1,616,502	* 23,479	1,593,023
Fabricated metal products	265,555	155,589	0	3,101,541	118,559	2,982,982
Machinery manufacturing	1,031,758	2,210,052	0	4,237,865	1,049,691	3,188,174
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	809,028	9,332,039	0	26,438,572	8,697,048	17,741,524
Electrical equipment, appliance and component						
manufacturing	3,891,646	1,027,895	0	10,211,179	151,535	10,059,644
Transportation equipment manufacturing	1,765,578	200,184	0	9,716,365	6,058,329	3,658,036
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	1,452,575	89,058	0	7,501,181	6,058,277	1,442,904
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	313,003	111,126	0	2,215,183	* 51	2,215,132
Furniture and related products	* 15,624	* 5,089	0	78,565	* 4,710	73,856
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not	240,775	400 140	0	2,623,472	222 146	2,290,326
allocable Wholesale and retail trade	1,019,125	488,140 1,445,641	* 216,401	11,669,584		10,663,033
Wholesale trade	812,178	1,371,022	* 216,401	8,775,633	, ,	7,805,999
Durable goods	92,295	353,771	210,401	1,789,173		1,117,609
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	* 2,694	* 9,301	0	49,933		42,038
Other miscellaneous durable goods	89,601	344,470	0	1,739,241	663,669	1,075,571
Nondurable goods	719,883	1,017,251	* 216,401	6,986,460	298,070	6,688,390
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	151,822	436,373	0	800,598		660,710
Groceries and related products	* 107,305	* 20,860	0	587,504	* 5,377	582,127
Petroleum and petroleum products	* 154,698	* 60,982	* 216,401	2,062,964	* [2]	2,062,964
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	304,846	499,036	0	3,517,072		3,364,467

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts a	re in thousands of di	ollarsj							
	Foreign income and taxes—continued								
	De	eductions—continu	ıed						
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Deductions no specific income—		Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [5]	Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments	Adjustments to taxable income	Taxable income (less loss) after adjustments			
	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)			
Retail trade	206,946	74,619	0	2,893,950	36,917	2,857,03			
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	* 648	* 841	0	37,518	* 211	37,30			
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	* 5,991	* 9,122	0	* 530,444	* [2]	* 530,4			
Food and beverages stores	0	0	0	53,992	* 636	53,3			
Apparel and accessory stores	40,011	31,430	0	734,694	* 15,105	719,5			
General merchandise stores	* 140,407	* 5,691	0	* 1,102,213	* 6	* 1,102,2			
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home									
furnishings stores)	19,889	27,535	0 * 221	435,089	20,959	414,13			
Transportation and warehousing	8,600 * 19,741	1,295,194 * 1,213,359		2,444,326 697,127	* 151,153 * 148,133	2,293,1 548,9			
Air, rail, and water transportation	* 3,068	* 1,211,061		* 574,196		* 509,8			
Water transportation	* 16,674	* 2,298	0	* 122,931	* 83.753	* 39,1			
Air and rail transportation Other transportation (including pipeline transportation	10,074	2,290	* 221	122,931	63,733	39,1			
and warehousing)	-11,141	81,835	221	1,747,198	3,019	1,744,17			
Information	704,809	3,753,108	0	14,580,764		14,211,3			
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound	,	2,122,122		,,.		,,.			
recording	269,003	3,353,370	0	10,531,629	302,398	10,229,23			
Broadcasting, internet publishing	* 218,229	* 106,113	0	817,057	* 89	816,9			
Telecommunications	* 114,605	* 183,119	0	1,412,420	* 26,755	1,385,6			
Internet service providers, web search portals, data processing services	* 95,189	* 18,363	0	* 1,574,769	* [2]	* 1,574,7			
Other information services (includes internet publishing									
and broadcasting)	7,783	92,144	0	244,891	40,198	204,69			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	11,017,958	11,823,907	0	29,584,426		27,661,4			
Finance and insurance	10,966,978	11,819,183	0	29,255,358	1,909,289	27,346,0			
Commercial banking and other depository credit	* 404	* 1		222.420		222.4			
agencies	* 184 * 596,929	* 937,773	0	232,129 1,430,616		232,1 1,420,0			
Nondepository credit intermediation	7,872,962	1,538,916	-	7,564,239	1,364,756	6,199,4			
Securities, commodity contracts, and other Insurance and related activities	2,309,061	9,317,294	0	18,493,697	522,747	17,970,9			
	* 164,905	* 13,092	0	696,685		696,6			
Insurance agencies and brokerages Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	* 187,842	* 25,199	0	1,534,677	* 11,173	1,523,5			
Real estate and rental and leasing	* 50,980	* 4,724	0	329,067	13,677	315,3			
Real estate	* 8,431	* 5	0	123,677	* 12,586	111,0			
Rentals and leasing	* 42,549	* 4,719		205,390		204,3			
Services	13,488,225	15,917,537	* 22,877	23,895,992		22,471,3			
Professional, scientific, and technical services	168,009	527,775		2,332,521		1,907,5			
Management of holding companies	12,699,621	13,952,200	-	17,942,549		17,179,7			
Administrative and support and waste management and	12,000,02	, ,	,	,		,			
remediation	51,809	648,216	0	968,882	117,151	851,7			
Education services, health care, and social assistance	* 22,124	* 6,829	0	97,445	* 18,822	78,6			
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	* 21,025	* 46,469	0	250,301	* 77,347	172,9			
Accommodation and food services	519,321	722,022	0	2,156,316	* 17,311	2,139,0			
Accommodation	* 116,458	* 348,194	0	501,365	* 9,193	492,1			
Food services and drinking places	402,864	* 373,828	0	1,654,951	* 8,117	1,646,8			
Other services	* 6,315	* 14,026	0	147,977	* 6,184	141,7			
Repair and maintenance services	0	0	0	* 11,573	* 6,184	* 5,3			
Personal services	* 6,315	* 14,026	0	* 135,105	0	* 135,1			
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	0	0	0	* 1,299	0	* 1,29			

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Foreign income and taxes—continued								
			Foreign taxes av	ailable for credit					
			J		Foreign taxes p	paid or accrued			
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Total	Reduction for certain foreign taxes	Carryover	Total paid, accrued, and deemed paid	Total	Taxes withheld at source on:			
	(22)	(15)	(11)	(12)					
	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)			
All industries	73,561,030	4,449,968	16,854,198	61,156,800	28,000,049	1,493,09			
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	25,069	* 2	* 13,529	11,542	4,969	8			
Mining	2,226,848		745,536	1,639,204	1,487,805	160,66			
Oil and gas extraction	648,865	107,332	130,993	625,204	599,771	39			
Coal mining, metal ore mining	* 1,192,630	* 50,561	* 488,612	* 754,579	* 726,471	* 152,42			
Nonmetallic minerals	* 12,609	0	* 6,371	* 6,238	* 1,978	* 4			
Support activities for mining	372,744	0	* 119,561	253,183	159,585	* 7,80			
Utilities	* 32,684	0	* 698	* 31,986	* 8,082	* 2,44			
Construction	26,540	0	4,704	21,836	12,974	2,18			
Construction of buildings	9,074	0	* 1,133	7,941	3,098	88			
Heavy and civil engineering construction	8,353	0	* 677	7,676	6,637	1,29			
Special trade contractors	9,113	0	* 2,894	6,219	3,239	* 1			
Manufacturing	50,847,662	3,991,148	12,420,594	42,418,216	17,538,828	734,00			
Food manufacturing	2,374,824	* 15,267	273,459	2,116,633	419,239	172,97			
Beverage and tobacco products	846,971	* 692	* 8,684	838,980	292,404	* 38,27			
Tobacco manufacturing	* 39,539	0	0	* 39,539	* 33,533	* 1,19			
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 38,719	0	* 5,167	* 33,552	* 3,765	* 1,14			
Apparel manufacturing	72,950	0	* 51	72,898	13,984	* 1,33			
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 9,580	0	* 3,445	* 6,136	* 5,599	* 3			
Wood product manufacturing	* 9,917	0	* 1,232	* 8,685	* 4,175	* 25			
Paper manufacturing	887,228	* 252	22,458	865,022	162,371	* 52,78			
Printing and related support activities	12,960	0	* 659	12,301	2,525	* 43			
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	26,412,523	* 3,870,928	7,825,135	22,458,317	12,205,869	38,05			
Chemical manufacturing	7,910,958	* 7,325	1,306,574	6,611,709	1,574,979	178,41			
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	5,447,594	* 86	896,149	4,551,531	988,745	94,53			
Other chemical manufacturing	2,463,365		410,425	2,060,178	586,234	83,87			
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	170,828	* 780	60,284	111,324	18,301	3,86			
	134,365	7 00	* 95,263	39,102	12,436	* 1,13			
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	635,308	* 65,279	* 89,325	611,262	384,593	* 9,09			
Primary metal manufacturing	1,138,065		130,847	1,007,353	231,808	39,61			
Fabricated metal products			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,				
Machinery manufacturing	1,866,695	* 11,448 * 16,412	982,504	895,638	314,526	42,10			
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	3,130,024	* 16,412	1,095,865	2,050,571	814,115	71,90			
Electrical equipment, appliance and component	2,828,650	* 402	77,505	2 751 546	630,897	21,30			
manufacturing Transportation agreement manufacturing	2,828,650 1,689,367	- 402 0	268,473	2,751,546 1,420,894	306,323	39,23			
Transportation equipment manufacturing	987,934	0	48,704	939,230	209,713	28,88			
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing									
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	701,433	0	* 219,769 * 16,579	481,665	96,610	10,35			
Furniture and related products	37,359	U	10,579	20,779	2,100	* 1,31			
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not	040.074	* 0.007	457.004	405 544	420.020	20.72			
allocable	640,371	* 2,227 * 240,046	157,084	485,514	138,820	20,73			
Wholesale and retail trade	3,442,478		588,378	3,073,115	635,513	73,31			
Wholesale trade	2,643,033	* 219,016 * 13,646	527,074 142,574	2,334,975	435,860	49,58			
Durable goods	441,017	* 13,646	142,574	312,089	111,573	15,09 * 11			
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	14,275		4,117	10,158	8,605				
Other miscellaneous durable goods	426,743	* 13,646	138,457	301,931	102,968	14,97			
Nondurable goods	2,202,016		384,500	2,022,886	324,287	34,49			
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	206,186		68,351	140,774	76,446	6,40			
Groceries and related products	101,250		3,097	98,152	32,261	* 3,85			
Petroleum and petroleum products	772,228		* 212,179	759,809	53,751	* 5,00			
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	1,114,797	* 2,672	100,161	1,017,309	160,326	18,90			

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

		F	oreign income and	d taxes—continue	<u></u>	
			Foreign taxes av	ailable for credit		
					Foreign taxes	paid or accrued
Major and selected minor industry of U.S. corporation filing return	Total	Reduction for certain foreign taxes	Carryover	Total paid, accrued, and deemed paid	Total	Taxes withheld at source on:
	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)
5	` ,	, ,	` ′	` /	` ,	` ,
Retail trade	799,445 11,353	0	61,304 * 3,931	738,140 7,422	199,653 4,180	23,72
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	* 170,861	0	* 25	* 170,836	* 20.344	*
Food and beverages stores	5,660	0	* 781	4,879	* 4,676	
Apparel and accessory stores	129,504	0	* 18,338	111,166	75,917	* 50
General merchandise stores	* 334,979	0	* 4,906	* 330,074	* 46,730	* 11,03
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home	55 1,51 5		,,,,,,	555,51	,	,
furnishings stores)	147,088	0	33,323	113,763	47,806	12,14
Transportation and warehousing	251,844	* 270	45,472	206,642	103,155	
Air, rail, and water transportation	53,147	0	* 25,766	27,381	13,563	* 2,91
Water transportation	* 12,403	0	* 2,386	* 10,017	* 7,527	* 1,89
Air and rail transportation	* 40,744	0	* 23,380	* 17,364	* 6,035	* 1,01
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation		* 270				
and warehousing)	198,697		19,705	179,262	89,592	3,64
Information	3,272,288	* 60,408	663,405	2,669,290	1,263,860	68,08
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound recording	1,973,111	* 60,408	255,930	1,777,589	1,032,152	45,63
Broadcasting, internet publishing	371,075	0	* 140,603	230,472	160,396	* 9,43
Telecommunications	144,850	0	* 40,517	104,332	10,739	75
Internet service providers, web search portals, data processing services	* 710,851	0	* 206,342	* 504,509	* 49,316	* 8,32
Other information services (includes internet publishing						
and broadcasting)	72,401	0	20,012	52,388	11,257	3,92
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	6,260,565	* 3,254	1,390,595	4,873,224	3,375,386	
Finance and insurance	6,215,508	* 3,254	1,372,848	4,845,914	3,357,484	195,29
Commercial banking and other depository credit						
agencies	65,323	0	0	65,323	65,313	* • • • •
Nondepository credit intermediation	209,436	0	* 15,629	193,807	144,388	* 6,14
Securities, commodity contracts, and other	1,864,020	* 2.254	505,653	1,358,367	819,053	80,7
Insurance and related activities	3,537,628	* 3,254 0	829,975	2,710,907 242,937	1,898,793 * 67,750	108,39
Insurance agencies and brokerages	266,899 539,099	0	* 23,962 * 21,590	517,510	429.938	* 10,28
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles Real estate and rental and leasing	45,057	0	17,747	27,310	17,902	46
Ü	17,568	0	4,332	13,236	10,491	4′
Real estate	27,489	0	* 13,415	14,074	7,411	* 4
Rentals and leasing	7,175,052	* 17,977	981,286	6,211,742	3,569,477	250,00
Services Professional esignific and technical convices	590,187	* 204	145,510	444,881	247,677	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	5,362,709	* 12,769	594,101	4,781,377	2,854,938	
Management of holding companies Administrative and support and waste management and	3,302,709	12,709	394, 101	4,701,377	2,004,900	219,07
remediation	273,505	* 4,710	49,246	228,970	93,364	3,43
Education services, health care, and social assistance	40,576	7,710	* 13,820	26,755	22,255	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	65,938	0	* 7,046	58,892	52,802	* 36
Accommodation and food services	802,271	* 261	169,193	633,339	291,354	* 5,80
Accommodation	157,358	* 261	* 51,814	105,806	48,353	* 74
Food services and drinking places	644,912	0	117,379	527,533	243,001	* 5,06
Other services	39,866	* 33	* 2,371	37,528	7,087	* 7
Repair and maintenance services	* 2,811	* 33	* 406	* 2,438	* 1,638	* 2
Personal services	* 36,213	0	* 1,731	* 34,482	* 4,841	* 48
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar						
organizations	* 842	0	* 234	* 608	* 608	*

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Foreign inc	ome and taxes-	-continued		
			Foreign taxes	available for cre	dit—continued		
		Foroi	ign taxes paid or				
Major and selected minor industry			<u> </u>				
of U.S. corporation filing return		eld at source		Other taxes paid	or accrued on:		Taxes
	on—co	Rents, royalties, and license fees	Branch income	Specifically allocable income (section 863(b))	Service income	Other income	deemed paid
	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
All industries	1,017,826	2,678,122	5,734,096	63,225	298,690	16,714,997	33,156,751
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	* 147	* 214	* 2,211	03,229	298,690		* 6,573
Mining	18,547	9,262	337,998	0	* 11.968		151,399
Oil and gas extraction	* 185	* 754	* 57,698	0	* 6,287	534,451	* 25,432
Coal mining, metal ore mining	* 16,842	* 4,225	* 135,283	0	* 5,052	* 412,649	* 28,109
Nonmetallic minerals	* 718	* 161	* 223	0	0,002	* 829	* 4,260
Support activities for mining	* 802	* 4,123	* 144,794	0	* 629	* 1,434	* 93,598
Utilities Utilities	* 588	* 722	* 4,324	0	023		* 23,904
Construction	* 153	* 1,077	* 3,563	0	5,164		8,862
	* 58	* 438	* 302	0	* 1.375		* 4,843
Construction of buildings	* 90	* 545	* 433	0	* 3,636		* 1,039
Heavy and civil engineering construction	* 5	* 94		0	* 153	* 142	* 2,980
Special trade contractors		-	* 2,828	54.040			
Manufacturing	177,638	1,678,418	1,402,748	54,240	64,185		24,879,389
Food manufacturing	9,525	55,553	166,760	* 31	* 221	14,179	1,697,394
Beverage and tobacco products	* 1,548	* 43,123	* 192,190	* 228	* 722	* 16,315	* 546,575
Tobacco manufacturing	0	* 1,012	* 30,832	0	0		* 6,006
Textile mills and textile product mills	* 6	* 2,497	0	* 122	0		* 29,786
Apparel manufacturing	* 210	* 9,380	* 58	* 8	0	_,	* 58,914
Leather and allied product manufacturing	* 25	* 2,740	* 2,740	0	* 52	* 11	* 537
Wood product manufacturing	* 75	* 384	0	0	0	* 3,457	* 4,510
Paper manufacturing	* 326	* 46,153	* 3,590	* 8,092	* 344	* 51,084	702,651
Printing and related support activities	* 180	* 1,192	* 434	0	* 164	* 117	* 9,777
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	19,213	* 13,584	* 107,708	0	* 202	* 12,027,104	10,252,448
Chemical manufacturing	68,656	468,789	277,398	* 7,103	16,177	558,445	5,036,730
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	764	355,188	107,083	* 7,103	* 7,822	416,250	3,562,787
Other chemical manufacturing	67,892	113,602	170,315	0	8,355	142,195	1,473,943
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	1,219	10,422	* 777	* 250	* 503	* 1,269	93,023
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	* 6,175	* 2,838	* 802	0	* 107	* 1,381	26,666
Primary metal manufacturing	8,181	* 289,760	* 64,333	0	* 12,451	* 773	* 226,668
Fabricated metal products	2,894	22,268	143,968	0	* 890	22,177	775,545
Machinery manufacturing	11,161	57,306	160,895	* 822	2,454	39,787	581,112
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	3,112	502,204	140,029	* 20,826	18,226	57,817	1,236,456
Electrical equipment, appliance and component							
manufacturing	24,169	17,453	18,026	* 291	* 2,405	547,249	2,120,650
Transportation equipment manufacturing	17,618	68,379	81,598	* 14,065	8,664	76,761	1,114,572
Motor vehicles and related manufacturing	17,038	44,362	* 66,443	0	* 2,571	* 50,414	729,517
Other transportation equipment manufacturing	* 580	24,017	* 15,155	* 14,065	* 6,093	* 26,347	385,055
Furniture and related products	* 361	* 360	0	0	0	* 61	* 18,680
Miscellaneous manufacturing and manufacturing not							
allocable	2,984	64,033	41,443	* 2,402	* 604	* 6,618	346,694
Wholesale and retail trade	29,679	153,804	245,149	* 2,430	14,504	116,635	2,437,602
Wholesale trade	15,230	96,133	155,928	* 2,430	14,312		1,899,115
Durable goods	8,735	48,543	11,902	0	5,654	21,647	200,516
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	* 936	* 2,415	* 3,661	0	* 876	* 599	* 1,553
Other miscellaneous durable goods	7,799	46,128	8,241	0	4,778	21,048	198,964
Nondurable goods	6,495	47,590	144,026	* 2,430	* 8,658	80,594	1,698,599
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	* 1,110	17,909	* 46,413	* 1,739	* 1,422	* 1,452	64,328
Groceries and related products	* 1,920	* 3,710	* 6,796	* 691	* 96	* 15,193	* 65,89
Petroleum and petroleum products	* 2	* 10	* 44,404	0	* 3,952	* 376	* 706,057
Other miscellaneous nondurable goods	2,589	25,726	46,344	0	* 3,187	63,573	856,983

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Foreign inc	ome and taxes—	-continued		
			Foreign taxes	available for cred	lit—continued		
		Foreig	gn taxes paid or	accrued—contir	nued		
Major and selected minor industry	Taxes withh	eld at source		Other taxes paid			
of U.S. corporation filing return		ntinued		Specifically			Taxes
\			Dranch	allocable	Consiss	Othor	deemed
		Rents,	Branch income	income	Service income	Other	paid
	Interest	royalties, and	income	(section	income	income	
		license fees		863(b))			
	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
Retail trade	14,449	57,671	89,221	0	* 191	14,394	538,48
Motor vehicle, parts dealers, and gas stations	* 984	* 231	* 1,342	0	* 6	* 1,580	* 3,24
Building materials, garden equipment, and supplies	* 4,977	* 14,514	0	0	0	* 849	* 150,49
Food and beverages stores	* 32	* 4,639	0	0	0	0	* 20
Apparel and accessory stores	* 4,146	5,942	* 55,043	0	0	* 10,280	35,24
General merchandise stores	* 75	* 26,784	* 8,624	0	* 52	* 165	* 283,34
Miscellaneous retail trade (incl. furniture and home							
furnishings stores)	4,235	5,561	24,212	0	133	1,520	65,95
Transportation and warehousing	2,809	9,492	* 61,865	* 2	15,410	7,020	103,48
Air, rail, and water transportation	* 166	* 1,029	* 1,446	0	* 5,020	* 2,989	* 13,81
Water transportation	* 49	0	* 1,446	0	* 1,588	* 2,550	* 2,49
Air and rail transportation	* 117	* 1,029	0	0	* 3,432	* 439	* 11,32
Other transportation (including pipeline transportation				* 2			
and warehousing)	2,643	8,462	60,419		10,390	4,031	89,67
Information	4,612	527,601	483,479	* 749	17,830	161,508	1,405,43
Publishing (except internet), motion picture, and sound							
recording	1,098	364,087	461,053	* 749	1,890	157,635	745,43
Broadcasting, internet publishing	* 1,335	* 125,338	* 14,304	0	* 9,444	* 539	* 70,07
Telecommunications	* 673	* 8,416	* 227	0	* 640	* 26	* 93,59
Internet service providers, web search portals, data							
processing services	* 1,468	* 26,128	* 5,137	0	* 5,559	* 2,701	* 455,19
Other information services (includes internet publishing		2 224	0.750				44.40
and broadcasting)	38	3,631	2,758	0	297	607	41,13
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	511,445	44,012	1,381,779	* 4,671	70,965	1,166,758	1,497,83
Finance and insurance	510,583	36,761	1,379,316	* 4,671	70,011	1,160,846	1,488,43
Commercial banking and other depository credit	* 05 000	* 1	0			* 4	* 4
agencies	* 65,298 17,377	* 9,584	0 * 83,175	0	* 12,165	* 15,946	* 1 * 49,41
Nondepository credit intermediation	12,118	* 26,471	* 90,255	0	3,614	605,843	539,31
Securities, commodity contracts, and other	33,902	* 706	,	* 4,671		491,288	812,11
Insurance and related activities	* 1,972	* 29	1,205,886 * 52,235	4,671	53,949 * 782	* 2,444	* 175,18
Insurance agencies and brokerages	,	29	52,235	0	* 283		* 87,57
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	* 381,887 862		* 2,463	0	* 954	* 47,764	9,40
Real estate and rental and leasing		7,250	2,463	0	* 33	5,912	
Real estate	719 * 143	* 3,459	* 2.402	0		5,861	* 2,74
Rentals and leasing		3,791	* 2,463	* 4 422	* 922	* 51	* 6,66
Services	272,208	253,521	1,810,980	* 1,132	98,663	882,972	2,642,26
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1,354	55,649	137,768	* 611	20,981	26,475	197,20
Management of holding companies	242,638	66,791	1,493,606	0	* 61,916	770,112	1,926,43
Administrative and support and waste management and	205	10.510	40.000		± 0.40	± 50 000	405.00
remediation	895 * 163	13,549	16,362	0	* 818 * 2 997	* 58,306 * 649	135,60
Education services, health care, and social assistance	* 163	* 2,475	* 1,112	-	* 2,887		* 4,50
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	,	6,864	* 18,721	* 521	* 3,046	* 23,288	* 6,09
Accommodation and food services	26,599	106,457	* 141,271	0	* 7,252	3,967	341,98
Accommodation	* 4,908	* 15,340	* 17,816	0	* 6,351	* 3,198	* 57,45
Food services and drinking places	* 21,691	91,116	* 123,455	0	* 901	* 769	* 284,53
Other services	* 558	* 1,737	* 2,139	0	* 1,765	* 175	* 30,44
Repair and maintenance services	0	* 103	0	0	* 1,317	0	* 80
Personal services	* 558	* 1,481	* 2,139	0	0	* 175	* 29,64
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and		i					

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Table 1. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Total Assets, Income, Taxes, and Credits, and Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Major and Selected Minor Industry—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Footnotes

- * Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they were based.
- [1] Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation (IC-DISC) and Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC).
- [2] Less than \$500.
- [3] In addition to the credits shown in columns 12-14, this is after reduction by other credits, such as the jobs credit and the investment credit, which are not shown separately in this table.
- [4] Included in gross income (less loss), columns 16-22. See notes below.
- [5] Included in deductions, columns 25-34. See notes below

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Columns 2 through 15 present statistics on assets, receipts, income, and taxes reported on Form 1120 (Corporation Income Tax Return) series for corporations claiming a foreign tax credit. Columns 16 through 51 present statistics from Form 1118, Foreign Tax Credit—Corporations. Schedule references indicate the schedule of Form 1118 from which the data were obtained. Columns 16 through 35 present statistics on foreign income (i.e., income from sources outside the United States) and deductions reported primarily on Schedule A, Form 1118. Although the amounts of oil and gas income and deductions (columns 23 and 35, respectively) are contained in the summary columns (i.e., columns 16 through 22 and 25 through 34), these amounts are also reported separately (on Schedule I) because oil and gas income is subject to special rules under Internal Revenue Code section 907, which may result in a reduction of foreign taxes available for credit. Foreign branch income and code section 863(b) income (income partly within and partly without the United States) also are included in the summary amounts reported in columns 16 through 22. Foreign branch income also is reported separately on Schedule F, shown in column 24. Total deductions not allocable to specific types of income (column 31) are equal to the sum of columns 32 through 34 (any differences are due to taxpayer reporting practices). Total foreign-source gross income (column 16) less total foreign deductions (column 25) is equal to foreign-source taxable income (less loss) before adjustments (column 36).

Adjustments to foreign-source taxable income (reported in column 37) include allocations of current-year U.S.-source losses and recapture of foreign losses, as well as other adjustments. These adjustments (reported on Schedule J) affect the numerator of the limitation fraction used to compute the foreign tax credit. The foreign-source taxable income (less loss) after adjustments (the numerator of the limitation fraction) is reported in column 38. The limitation fraction, which represents the ratio of foreign-source taxable income after adjustments to total (U.S. and foreign) taxable income after adjustments, is applied to the total U.S. tax against which the credit is allowed to determine any limitation on the foreign tax credit

Statistics on foreign taxes are reported in columns 39 through 51. Data on foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid (through related foreign corporations or their subsidiaries) from Schedule B, Form 1118, are reported in columns 42 through 51. Total foreign taxes paid or accrued (column 43) are the sum of columns 44 through 50. Total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid (column 42) are equal to the sum of total taxes paid or accrued (column 43) and taxes deemed paid (column 51). Total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid are then adjusted for certain items (e.g., reductions of foreign taxes under Code section 907 related to oil and gas income), which are reported in column 40, as well as carryovers of foreign taxes not credited in prior years, which are reported in column 41. Thus, total foreign taxes available for credit (column 39) are equal to total foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid (column 42) less certain foreign taxes (column 40), plus any carryover of prior-year foreign taxes (column 41).

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

				and taxes reported ss income (less lo		
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Number of returns [7]	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
ALL INDUSTRIES All income types	5,502	485,354,155	86,339,067	33,129,305	57,724,090	79,964,798
Passive income	2,452	12,659,212	6,487,463	514,583	4,061,005	1,138,81
High withholding tax interest	188	1,041,068	15,495	* 7,213	1,018,353	1,130,01
Financial services income	282	139,168,194	15,317,667	4,437,429	46,871,349	4,285,530
Shipping income	36	9,021,604	1,160,942	115,513	138,548	* 745,66
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	45	* 928	* 928	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	3	* 39,614	0	0	0	* 29,71
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	7	* 151,679	* 151,162	* 517	0	70.745.00
General limitation income	3,207	322,979,350	63,046,502	28,033,451	5,633,910	73,745,03
Section 901(j) income Income resourced by treaty	20 22	95,137 176,575	56,028 88,454	* 486 15,532	* 771 * 154	* 14,863 * 3,678
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	6	* 6,067	* 4,223	* 1,844	154	3,07
Dividends from 10/50 corporations AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND	13	14,724	* 10,203	* 2,737	0	* 1,50
HUNTING All income types	210	176,994	29,340	* 6,573	* 2,556	* 13,42
Passive income	197	1,361	* 401	0	* 439	* 31
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	0	0	
Financial services income	0	0	0	0	0	
Shipping income	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] General limitation income	0 13	175,633	* 28,939	* 6,573	* 2,117	* 13,114
Section 901(j) income	0	175,055	20,939	0,373	2,117	13,114
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	Ů	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	Ö	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	
MINING						
All income types	112	8,507,542	731,192	151,399		169,57
Passive income	66	91,523	42,372	* 3,483	39,344	* 68
High withholding tax interest	d	d	d	d	d	
Financial services income	4	* 6,271	* 5,733	0		
Shipping income Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	a	a	0	d 0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	65	8,389,883	664,603	147,917	397,734	168,89
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d .,555	d	d	100,00
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	(
UTILITIES All income types	l <u> </u>	=-	* 100 1 :-			
All income types Passive income	7	* 170,777 * -11,793	* 138,116 * 18,518	* 23,904 * 210		* 7,21
High withholding tax interest	5	11,793	18,518	* 210 0		
Financial services income	٦	d	d	d		
Shipping income	n	0	0	n	0	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]) n	0	0	n	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	_	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	4	* 180,684	* 119,598	* 23,694	* 5,212	* 7,21
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	-	-
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

				and taxes reported		
			Gro	ss income (less lo	SS)	
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Number of returns [7]	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
CONSTRUCTION						
All income types	235	270,747		8,788	* 1,755	* 49,246
Passive income	88	5,881	1,693	* 121	* 1,370	* 704
High withholding tax interest	d	d	d	d	d	
Financial services income Shipping income	d 0	d	d 0	0	d	(
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	27	* 3	* 3	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d d	d	d		d	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	122	254,957	31,203	8,667	* 385	* 48,541
Section 901(j) income	0	0	01,200	0,007	0	(0,01
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	C
MANUFACTURING						
All income types	1,039	251,450,340	55,924,861	24,912,421	8,515,131	49,310,395
Passive income	472	6,346,848	3,349,462	326,933	1,854,853	648,948
High withholding tax interest	51	251,949	* 8,671	* 2,674	240,598	
Financial services income	40	12,045,648	4,215,073	* 1,289,339	2,389,807	* 488,610
Shipping income	14	1,522,541	349,395	* 52,024	* 71,027	* 568,854
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	12	* 895	* 895	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	C
General limitation income	792	231,095,689		23,226,479	3,958,075	47,585,442
Section 901(j) income	13	* 64,211	* 46,896	* 449	* 771	* 14,863
Income resourced by treaty Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	14	111,783 * 6,060		* 11,793 * 1,844	0	* 3,678
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	6	* 2,976		* 369	0	(
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	9	2,370	2,320	309	0	
	658	21,889,530	6,371,758	2,437,526	550,021	4,460,939
All income types Passive income	251	844,072	417,597		104,450	158,668
High withholding tax interest	38	48,823	* 223	57,989 * 197	48,403	150,000
Financial services income	9	* 2,400,305	* 230,637	* 86,093	* 130,173	* 2,385
Shipping income	3	* 23,256		* 4,108	* 50	2,360
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	-12,510 d	-1,100 d	q	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	O	0	0	0	0	ĺ
General limitation income	441	18,551,283	5,672,423	2,286,525	266,791	4,299,886
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	(
Income resourced by treaty	3	* 20,987	* 7,600	* 2,577	* 154	(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0		0	0	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING						
All income types	68	13,611,474	727,022	103,691	105,312	180,074
Passive income	14	36,058	* 21,224	* 472	* 5,070	* 7,637
High withholding tax interest	8	* 13,544	* [5]	0	* 13,544	C
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d	C
Shipping income	9	* 6,455,959	* 581,285	* 57,576	* 55,360	* 102,952
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	7.077.400	104.510	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.400
General limitation income Section 901(j) income	55	7,077,183	124,513	45,644	31,339	69,485
Income resourced by treaty	d 0	d	d 0	d	d	(
	0	0	0	0	0	(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]						

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

				and taxes reported		
	[Gro	ss income (less lo	ss)	
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Number of returns [7]	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
INFORMATION						
All income types	607	36,404,233	8,462,463	1,344,901	283,657	17,706,348
Passive income	153	2,700,264	2,252,550	111,585	128,110	133,663
High withholding tax interest	5	* 1,225	0	0	* 1,225	(
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d	
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	
General limitation income	482	33,496,442	6,198,490	1,233,037	146,418	17,474,391
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND						
RENTAL AND LEASING						
All income types	965	77,132,720	7,956,569	1,497,838	25,242,705	2,254,302
Passive income	505	2,259,788	291,748	3,269	1,841,802	27,039
High withholding tax interest	54	204,753	* 6,472	* 4,122	194,159	()
Financial services income	160	70,569,825	7,153,909	1,422,348	22,895,924	1,727,092
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	(
	0	0	0	07.070	0	500.47
General limitation income	316	3,267,155	330,235	67,978	306,613	500,17
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	(
Income resourced by treaty Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0 * 1.317	0 * 1.197	* 121	0	(
SERVICES	3	" 1,317	" 1,197	" 121	0	(
	1 600	75 700 707	E 064 040	0.640.060	22 575 240	E 042 070
All income types	1,603	75,739,797	5,964,842	2,642,262	22,575,318	5,813,279
Passive income	701	385,209	91,898	10,521	84,484	161,162
High withholding tax interest	30	518,937	* 129	* 220	518,587	(
Financial services income	64	54,088,476	3,712,311	1,639,649	21,453,021	2,043,011
Shipping income	4	* 12,545	* 4,650	* 1,805	0	(
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	4	* 139,238	* 139,238	0	0	(
General limitation income	917	20,490,442	2,008,713	986,938	519,225	3,577,893
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	(
Income resourced by treaty	3	* 43,714	* 1,936	* 1,162	0	(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	Ч	d	d	.,.6 <u>2</u>	d	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Fo	reign income and t	axes reported on Fo	orm 1118—continu	ed
		Gross income (les	s loss)—continued		Deductions
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [4]	Foreign branch income [4]	Total
			moome [1]		
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ALL INDUSTRIES	, ,	` ,	, ,	` ′	` '
All income types	26,382,011	201,814,884	49,446,665	97,936,689	243,861,018
Passive income	* 4,242	453,103	0	12,550	3,134,217
High withholding tax interest	0	* 7	0	* 4,567	338,953
Financial services income	5,959,833	62,296,381	0	50,935,140	89,910,568
Shipping income	* 129,422	6,731,518	0	* 2,789,325	7,502,883
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	* 46
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	* 9,904	0	0	* 25,498
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	00.004.004	100.055.770	0	0	* 131,025
General limitation income Section 901(j) income	20,264,684 * 22,212	132,255,773 * 777	49,446,665	44,145,304 * 22,089	142,734,190 38,530
Income resourced by treaty	* 22,212 * 1,617	67,140	0	* 22,089 * 27,714	38,530
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	07,140	11	21,114	* 424
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	* 281	0	0	* 6,228
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING					,,
All income types	0	125,100	0	* 13,640	69,258
Passive income	0	* 210	0	0	* 319
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	0	C
Financial services income	0	0	0	0	C
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] General limitation income	0	124,890	0	0 * 13,640	* 68,939
Section 901(j) income	0	124,890	0	13,040	00,938
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	C
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	C
MINING					
All income types	353,116	6,662,808	2,633,006	2,804,878	4,088,567
Passive income	0	* 5,642	0	* 365	38,592
High withholding tax interest Financial services income	d 0	0	d	d 0	* 4 700
Shipping income	d	d	0	d	* 1,722
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	(
General limitation income	353,116	6,657,624	2,633,006	2,804,512	4,038,434
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	C
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	
UTILITIES	* 00 000	* 07.000		* 47.007	* 00 000
All income types Passive income	* 20,360	* -27,002 * -31,605	0	* 17,627 0	* 80,889 * 5,524
High withholding tax interest	0	-51,005 N	0	0	5,524
Financial services income	q	d	4	d	
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	C
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	(
General limitation income	* 20,360	* 4,603	0	* 17,627	* 73,491
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	(

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	FC	Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118—continu						
		Gross income (less loss)—continued						
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [4]	Foreign branch income [4]	Total			
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			
CONSTRUCTION								
All income types Passive income	95,355 0	82,702 * 1,992	0	* 33,325 * 990	162,57 * 1,41			
High withholding tax interest	d		d	990 d	1,41			
Financial services income	ď	d	d					
Shipping income	o o		0	0				
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0				
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d				
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0				
General limitation income	95,355	70,806	0	* 32,335	153,80			
Section 901(j) income	0		0		·			
Income resourced by treaty	0	-	0	0				
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0				
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0				
MANUFACTURING								
All income types	5,817,481	106,970,051	* 44,744,997	21,703,179	96,857,06			
Passive income	* 3,950	162,703	0	-75,428	1,950,14			
High withholding tax interest	0	* 7	0		86,49			
Financial services income	* 545,743	3,117,075	0	* 197,916	5,964,32			
Shipping income	* 733	* 480,507	0	0	1,257,33			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	* 4			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d				
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d				
General limitation income	5,267,054		* 44,744,997	21,554,732	87,566,95			
Section 901(j) income	0		0	0	* 9,84			
Income resourced by treaty	0	7	0	* 25,959	* 21,06			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3] Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0		0	0	* 42			
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	0	* 281	U	0	* 42			
	740 405	7 000 000	* 0 000 454	4 004 450	40.040.04			
All income types	740,485		* 2,000,154	4,991,158	10,219,94			
Passive income	* 292		0	* 37,645	262,43			
High withholding tax interest	0		0		21,05			
Financial services income	* 237,234		0	* 1,897,054	* 1,916,87			
Shipping income Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	* -23,449	* 31	0	* -23,449	* 26,51			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d 0	d	d	d				
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0				
General limitation income	526,409	5,499,249	* 2,000,154	3,077,934	7,987,19			
Section 901(j) income	526,409 d		2,000,154 d	J,U11,834				
Income resourced by treaty	0		0	* 1,755	* 4,85			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0		0		1,00			
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	ď		d					
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING								
All income types	0.040.004	E 050 000	* 0.000	4 000 5 4 7	14 407 14			
Passive income	6,843,294	5,652,080 * 1,655	* 3,023	4,839,547	11,167,14 * -96			
High withholding tax interest	0		0	0	* -3,79			
Financial services income	d		d		-5,79			
Shipping income	* 151,882	* 5,506,905	0		* 5,265,78			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	131,002		0	2,400,004	5,205,70			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0		0	0				
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	n n	0	0)				
General limitation income	6,662,682	143.520	* 3,023	* 2,355,663	5,873,06			
Section 901(j) income	d	.,	0,0 <u>2</u> 0	_,555,566 d	0,070,00			
Income resourced by treaty	0		0	0				
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0		0					
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0		0					

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118—continued							
		Deductions						
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [4]	Foreign branch income [4]	Total			
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			
INFORMATION	. ,	. ,	()	` '	,			
All income types	1,748,029	6,858,835	0	5,606,565	21,823,468			
Passive income	0	74,357	0	* 614	323,87			
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	0	* 1,933			
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	(
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	(
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	(
General limitation income	1,747,905	6,696,200	0	5,605,951	21,340,435			
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	(
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	(
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND RENTAL								
AND LEASING								
All income types	4,409,215	35,772,090	0	19,629,429	47,548,294			
Passive income	0	95,930	0	* 12,201	349,442			
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	* 408	89,107			
Financial services income	3,804,455	33,566,097	0	19,005,549	44,031,438			
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	(
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	(
General limitation income	604,760	1,457,398	0	288,215	2,201,141			
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	(
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	* 143			
SERVICES								
All income types	6,354,676	32,389,420	* 65,485	38,297,342	51,843,806			
Passive income	0	37,144	0	* 36,163	203,439			
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	* 3,940	143,673			
Financial services income	* 1,343,671	23,896,813	0	29,834,622	37,901,475			
Shipping income	* 256	* 5,834	0	* 5,834	* 585			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	* 120,32			
General limitation income	4,987,043	8.410.631	* 65.485	8,394,694	13,430,739			
Section 901(j) income	ر 1 ,507,045	١٥,00١ ج,٥	05, 4 05	0,594,094 d	10,400,708			
u,	* 1,617	* 38.999	0	0				
Income resourced by treaty	,	,	-		* 1,506			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	d	d	d	d	(
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	(

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118—continued Deductions—continued							
	Deductions not							
Industrial sector and type of foreign income		allocable to						
for which separate credit was computed		Depreciation,			Other	specific types of income		
	Total	depletion, and	Other	Service	definitely	income		
	10.6.	amortization	expenses	expenses	allocable deductions	Total		
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)		
ALL INDUSTRIES	, ,	` /	` '	, ,	, ,	` /		
All income types	133,043,631	1,860,464	4,571,450	15,009,924	111,601,793	110,817,387		
Passive income	1,051,678	15,919	112,402	* 1,935	921,422	2,082,539		
High withholding tax interest	44,754	0	* 168	0	44,586	294,199		
Financial services income Shipping income	38,584,622	490,861	187,821	2,866,936	35,039,004	51,325,947		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	5,906,537	* 531,586	* 91,402	* 126,557 0	5,156,993	1,596,345 * 46		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	* 18,135	* 12,842	0	0	* 5,293	* 7,363		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	* 131,564	12,042	0	0	* 131,564			
General limitation income	87,263,986	809,248	4,179,658	11,994,807	70,280,273	55,470,204		
Section 901(j) income	* 24,622	0	0	* 18,753	* 5,870	13,908		
Income resourced by treaty	* 17,588	* 8	0	* 937	* 16,643	* 20,869		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	* 424		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND	* 146	0	0	0	* 146	* 6,082		
HUNTING All income types	* 47,287	* 150	0	0	* 47,137	* 21,97 ²		
Passive income	* 5	0	0	0	* 5	* 314		
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	0	0	(
Financial services income	0	0	0	0	0	(
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0			
General limitation income	* 47,282	0 * 150	0	0	* 47,132	* 21,658		
Section 901(j) income	47,202	0	0	0	47,132			
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	(
MINING								
All income types	3,066,442	* 40,937	* 68,438	* 116,081	2,840,986			
Passive income	9,844	* 21	* 45	0	9,777	28,748		
High withholding tax interest Financial services income	0	d	d	d	d	* 4 700		
Shipping income	0 d	0	0 d	0 d	0	* 1,722		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0			
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	(
General limitation income	3,050,730	* 40,916	* 68,393	* 116,081	2,825,341	987,703		
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d			
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	(
UTILITIES All income types	* 26,240	0	0	* 1,598	* 24,641	* 54,649		
Passive income	* 1,269	0	0	1,590	* 1,269	* 4,255		
High withholding tax interest	1,209	0	0	0	1,203			
Financial services income	d	d	Ч	h	d			
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	(
General limitation income	* 24,971	0	0	* 1,598	* 23,372	* 48,520		
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d			
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0			

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118—continued Deductions—continued						
	Deductions not						
Industrial sector and type of foreign income		allocable to					
for which separate credit was computed	Total	Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	Other expenses	Service expenses	Other definitely allocable	specific types of income Total	
					deductions	Total	
CONSTRUCTION	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
CONSTRUCTION All income types	140,768	* 109	* 7,446	61.737	71,476	21,810	
Passive income	* 1,334	0	* 5	01,737	* 1,329		
High withholding tax interest	d	d	d	d	d		
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0		0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	139,434	* 109	* 7,441	61,737	* 70,147	14,366	
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0		
Income resourced by treaty	0		0	0	0		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0		0	0	0	0	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MANUFACTURING			440.070	700 045	40 500 540		
All income types	50,761,023		143,870	700,015	49,533,540	46,096,041	
Passive income	672,867	* 116	4,639	0	668,113		
High withholding tax interest	* 24,117	0	0	0	* 24,117		
Financial services income	* 3,369,807	0	0	* [5]	* 3,369,807	2,594,519	
Shipping income	1,012,290		0	* 1	* 1,012,290		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	* 46	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2] General limitation income	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Section 901(j) income	45,678,517	383,483	139,231	700,014	44,455,789		
Income resourced by treaty	* 1,919	0	0	0	* 1,919	* 9,846 * 19,147	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	1,919	0	0	0	1,919	* 424	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	* 52	0	0	0	* 52	* 367	
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	32		J	0	32	307	
	7,533,917	33,672	443,182	169,727	6,887,336	2,686,030	
All income types			,				
Passive income	142,634	* 12,215	* 3,670	* 1,071	125,678		
High withholding tax interest Financial services income	* 22	0	* 85,907	0	* 22	21,033	
Shipping income	* 1,817,270 * 17,100	0	85,907	0	* 1,731,363 * 17,100		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	17,100 d		d	d	17,100 d	9,410	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0		0	0	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0		
General limitation income	5,553,758	21,457	353,605	168,656	5,010,041	2,433,437	
Section 901(j) income	d	21, 4 37	d	d	d	2,400,407	
Income resourced by treaty	* 3,132		0	0	* 3,132		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0		0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	d	
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING							
All income types	0 001 704	* 4 740	* 0.004	E 0E7 000	3 063 400	1 225 442	
Passive income	9,831,704 * 818		* 9,004 * [5]	5,857,822	3,963,160 * 818		
High withholding tax interest	010			0	010		
Financial services income	d			d	d	-5,794	
Shipping income	* 3,990,048		0	* 126,556	* 3,863,492	* 1,275,734	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0,000,010		0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0		0	0	0	Ö	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	5,807,781	* 1,719	* 9,004	5,698,208	98,850	65,283	
Section 901(j) income	d		d	d	d	C	
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

L	Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118—continued						
L	Deductions—continued						
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Deductions allocable to specific types of income						
	Total	Depreciation, depletion, and	Other expenses	Service expenses	Other definitely allocable	specific types of income	
		amortization	expenses	expenses	deductions	Total	
	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
INFORMATION All income types	15,163,309	* 225,340	3,140,831	1,378,101	10,419,036	6,660,160	
Passive income	105,892	* 124	* 90,066	* 319	15,383	217,97	
High withholding tax interest	* [5]	0	0	0	* [5]	* 1,93	
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d		
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d		
General limitation income	14,919,829	* 186,879	3,035,102	1,377,782	10,320,066	6,420,60	
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d		
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d		
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND							
RENTAL AND LEASING							
All income types	24,434,181	642,443	374,261	3,426,984	19,990,492	23,114,114	
Passive income	78,517	* 3,275	11,379	* 545	63,318		
High withholding tax interest	14,976	0	* 136	0	14,840		
Financial services income	21,967,160	* 17,964	* 91,350	2,831,563	19,026,284	22,064,27	
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0		
General limitation income	1,542,385	127,956	195,657	594,876	623,896		
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0		
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	* 93	0	0	0	* 93	* 4	
SERVICES	00 000 704	500 405	224 442	0.007.050	47 000 000	00 005 04	
All income types	22,038,761	532,495	384,418	3,297,859	17,823,989		
Passive income	38,498	* 168	2,597	0	35,732		
High withholding tax interest	5,639	0	* 31	0	* 5,608	138,03	
Financial services income	11,337,521	* 472,898	* 10,564	* 2,315	10,851,744	26,563,95	
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	0	* 58	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	* 119,411	0	0	0	* 119,411	* 910	
General limitation income	10,499,300	46,579	371,226	3,275,854	6,805,640	2,931,43	
Section 901(j) income	d.	d	d	d.	d d	_,,,,,,	
Income resourced by treaty	* 1.506	* 8	0	* 937	* 561		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	1,500 d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d		

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Foreign income and taxes reported on Form 1118—continued Gross income (less loss)—continued							
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Deduction	s not allocable to	o specific	Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [6]	Taxable income (less loss) before adjustments	Adjustments to taxable income		
	Research and development	Interest	Other					
	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)		
ALL INDUSTRIES								
All income types	13,485,504	42,001,568	54,391,211	10,984,748	241,493,136	27,827,198		
Passive income	101,777	1,410,650	558,323	0	9,524,995	759,397		
High withholding tax interest	* 969	232,328	59,594	0	702,115	-151,717		
Financial services income	140,814	25,849,329	25,089,026	0	49,257,626	3,944,075		
Shipping income	* 4,603	325,660	1,266,012	0	1,518,722	-161,367		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	* 22	0	* 46 * 7,341	0	* 883 * 14,117	* -2 * -1,700		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	22	0	* 914	0	* 20,654	* 223		
General limitation income	13,235,955	14,151,030	27,402,625	10,984,748	180,245,161	23,426,755		
Section 901(j) income	* 116	* 9,468	* 4,324	10,964,748	56,607	11,412		
Income resourced by treaty	* 1,094	* 17,023	* 2,738	0	138,118	1,178		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	* 155	* 238	* 31	0	* 5,643	* 4		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND	0	* 5,842	* 239	0	8,496	* -1,060		
HUNTING All income types	* 673	* 10 524	* 10,633	0	107 726	* 14.447		
Passive income	* 673	* 10,534 0	* 314	0	107,736 1,043	14,447		
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	0	1,043			
Financial services income	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	Ö	0	0	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
General limitation income	* 673	* 10,534	* 10,319	0	106,694	* 14,447		
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MINING All income types	* 00 504	400 400	400 007	4 420 502	4 440 075	100 110		
Passive income	* 23,501 * 90	482,400 * 22,949	482,337 * 5,133	1,132,503 0	4,418,975 52,931	166,142 1,676		
High withholding tax interest	d	22,949 d	5,133 d	d	52,931 d	1,070		
Financial services income	* 4	* 1,346	* 372	0	* 4,549	* 40		
Shipping income	d	1,010 d	d	d	.,o.o	d		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	C		
General limitation income	* 23,291	455,014	476,087	1,132,503	4,351,449	171,552		
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	С		
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations UTILITIES	0	0	0	0	0	0		
All income types		* 20 501	* 25 026	0	* 00 000	0		
Passive income	0	* 29,501 * 2,188	* 25,026 * 2,067	0	* 89,888 * -17,317	0 * -18,157		
High withholding tax interest	0	2,100	2,067	0	-17,317	-10,157		
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Shipping income	Ö	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	Ö	Ō	0	0	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	C		
General limitation income	0	* 25,439	* 22,959	0	* 107,193	* 18,157		
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	C		
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	C		

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign incom	ne and taxes repo	rted on Form 11	18—continued	
	Gı	ross income (les	s loss)—continue	b		
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	I	s not allocable to of income—cont		Deductions from oil and gas extraction	Taxable income (less loss) before	Adjustments to taxable income
	Research and development	Interest	Other	income [6]	adjustments	
	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
CONSTRUCTION All income types	* 101	* 900	* 20 402	0	100 170	* 2.04
Passive income	101	* 890 * 9	* 20,493 * 1	0		* 2,04° * 12°
High withholding tax interest	d	s		d	,	12
Financial services income	d	d	d	d		
Shipping income	l o	0		0		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0		
General limitation income	* 79	* 881	* 13,151	0		* 1,920
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	. ,	.,02
Income resourced by treaty	0	0		0		(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0		0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	(
MANUFACTURING						
All income types	10,906,052	15,239,527	19,617,336	* 9,612,746	154,593,276	22,769,849
Passive income	83,445	1,017,333	172,817	0	4,396,702	668,869
High withholding tax interest	* 433	57,992	3,868	0		2,13
Financial services income	9,979	2,535,493	49,046	0		990,656
Shipping income	* 318	240,422	* 4,307	0	.,,.	* -33.933
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	* 46	0		* -2
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	(
General limitation income	10,811,109	11,364,608	19,381,929	* 9,612,746	143,528,736	21,117,198
Section 901(j) income	0	* 6,749	* 3,097	0	54,363	18,582
Income resourced by treaty	* 613	* 16,324	* 2,195	0	90,718	* 8,174
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	* 155	* 238	* 31	0		* 4
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	* 367	0	0	* 2,556	* -360
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE						
All income types	70,576	1,019,125	1,445,641	* 216,401	11,669,584	1,006,550
Passive income	* 3,289	95,868	16,774	0	581,642	42,083
High withholding tax interest	0	18,711	* 2,007	0	27,768	* 130
Financial services income	0	* 86,392	* 13,209	0	* 483,434	* 19,762
Shipping income	0	* 7,691	* 1,727	0	* -3,261	* -41,090
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	66,806	808,766		* 216,401	10,564,088	984,41
Section 901(j) income	d	d		d		
Income resourced by treaty	* 481	* 699		0	.,	* 2,17
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0			0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	(
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING						
All income types	* 25,432	8,600		* 221	2,444,326	151,153
Passive income	0	* -2,017	* 237	0		* 3,209
High withholding tax interest	0	* -3,969	* 89	0		(
Financial services income	d	d	d	d		(
Shipping income	* 4,285	* 12,326	* 1,259,052	0		* 64,238
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0		(
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	-	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	-	
General limitation income	* 21,147	2,260	35,816	* 221	1,204,120	* 88,033
Section 901(j) income	d	d		d		
Income resourced by treaty	0	0		0		(
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0		0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	(

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign incom	e and taxes repo	rted on Form 111	8—continued	
	Gr	oss income (less	loss)—continued	t		
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	1	s not allocable to	· .	Deductions from oil and gas	Taxable income (less loss) before	Adjustments to taxable income
	Research and development	Interest	Other	extraction income [6]	adjustments	
	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
INFORMATION						
All income types	2,145,207	704,809	3,753,108	0	14,580,764	369,440
Passive income	* 12,333	77,971	127,244	0	2,376,393	53,987
High withholding tax interest	0	* 1,809	* 109	0	* -709	* -4,564
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d	d
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	d
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	d
General limitation income	2,132,874	605,802	3,625,343	0	12,156,007	279,498
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d	d
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	d
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND						
RENTAL AND LEASING						
All income types	* 15,804	11,017,958	11,823,907	0	29,584,426	1,922,966
Passive income	0	180,451	* 89,330	0	1,910,346	3,414
High withholding tax interest	0	62,583	* 11,016	0	115,646	-18,882
Financial services income	* 11,655	10,648,650	11,157,682	0	26,538,387	2,168,765
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	d
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0
General limitation income	* 4,149	80,251	565,879	0	1,066,014	7,259
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	0
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d	d
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	* 49	* 1	0	* 1,174	* 244
SERVICES			[
All income types	298,157	13,488,225	15,917,537	* 22,877	23,895,992	1,424,609
Passive income	* 2,619	15,897	144,407	0	181,771	4,195
High withholding tax interest	* 536	94,724	42,505	0	375,264	-130,547
Financial services income	* 119,176	12,575,575	13,868,717	0	16,187,001	802,582
Shipping income	0	* 7	* 577	0	* 11,960	* 2,559
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	* 910	0	* 18,917	0
General limitation income	175.826	797.475	1,859,785	* 22,877	7,059,703	744.275
Section 901(j) income	d	737,475 d	1,000,700 d	d	7,000,700	744,273 d
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	* 42,209	* 1,854
	d	d	d	d	42,209 d	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]		-	-		-	d
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	d

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

		Foreign i	ncome and tax	es reported on	Form 1118—cc	ntinued			
			F	oreign taxes av	ailable for cred	ole for credit			
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Taxable income (less loss) after adjustments	Total	Reduction for certain foreign	Carryover	Total paid, accrued, and deemed	Foreign to	•		
	aujuounionio		taxes		paid	Total	Dividends		
ALL INDUSTRIES	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)		
All income types	213,665,938	73,561,030	4,449,968	16,854,198	61,156,800	28,000,049	1,493,09		
Passive income	8,765,598	1,140,348	* 4,631	129,146	1,015,833	542,356	40,72		
High withholding tax interest	853,833	194,665	[5]	59,327	135,338	128,124	* 24		
Financial services income	45,313,551	12,134,903	* 2,748	1,824,380	10,313,270	5,875,832	383,91		
Shipping income	1,680,089	204,775	0	* 15,025	189,750	74,277	* 3,54		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	* 884	* 7	0	* [5]	* 6	* 6	*		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	* 15,817	* 153	0	0	* 153	* 153			
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	* 20,431	* 517	0	0	* 517	04 000 070	4 004 40		
General limitation income Section 901(j) income	156,818,406	59,848,136	4,442,589	14,819,418	49,471,306	21,369,272	1,064,46		
Income resourced by treaty	45,195 136,939	* 3,035 26,010	0	* 1 * 3,247	* 3,033	* 2,547 * 7,231	*		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	* 5,639	* 3,162	0	* 1,300	22,763 * 1,862	* 18	* 1		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	* 9,556	5,319	0	* 2,352	* 2,968	* 231	* 17		
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING	0,000	0,010		2,002	2,000	201			
All income types	93,290	25,069	* 2	* 13,529	11,542	4,969	8		
Passive income	1,043	78	0	* 1	77	77	* 4		
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	Ö	0	0			
Financial services income	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
General limitation income	92,247	24,992	* 2	* 13,528	11,466	4,893	* 4		
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
MINING	4 050 000	0.000.040	457.000	745 500	4 000 004	4 407 005	400.00		
All income types Passive income	4,252,833 51,255	2,226,848 5,269	157,893 0	745,536 * 157	1,639,204	1,487,805 1,630	160,66 71		
High withholding tax interest	51,255 d	5,269 d	d	157 d	5,113	1,030 d	/ 1		
Financial services income	* 4,509	* 49	0	0	* 49	* 49			
Shipping income	4,503 d	d	d	d	d	d d			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	Ö	0	0			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
General limitation income	4,179,897	2,221,492	157,893	745,380	1,634,005	1,486,088	159,94		
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d			
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
UTILITIES	[
All income types	* 89,888	* 32,684	0	* 698	* 31,986	* 8,082	* 2,44		
Passive income High withholding tax interest	* 841	* 342 0	0	0	* 342 0	* 132 0	* 2		
	0	-		-					
Financial services income Shipping income	d 0	d 0	d 0	d	d	d 0			
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
General limitation income	* 89,035	* 31,626	0	0	* 31.626	* 7,932	* 2.42		
Section 901(i) income	69,035 d	31,020 d	d	d	31,020 d	7,932 d	2,42		
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0			

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign i		es reported on oreign taxes av			
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Taxable income (less loss) after adjustments	Total	Reduction for certain foreign	Carryover	Total paid, accrued, and	Foreign to	•
	aujustments		taxes		deemed paid	Total	Dividends
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
CONSTRUCTION All income types	106,129	26,540	0	4,704	21,836	12,974	2,188
Passive income	4,345	2,055	0		1,445	1,324	2,100
High withholding tax interest	1,010 d	d	d	d	1,110 d	1,021 d	d
Financial services income	d	d	d	d	d	d	C
Shipping income	Ö	0	0	0	Ö	0	C
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	* 3	* 1	0	0	* 1	* 1	* 1
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	C
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
General limitation income	99,237	24,325	0	4,089	20,236	11,496	1,947
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MANUFACTURING							
All income types	131,823,426	50,847,662	3,991,148	12,420,594	42,418,216	17,538,828	734,004
Passive income	3,727,832	477,589	* 4,631	102,862	379,358	93,653	25,399
High withholding tax interest	163,315	40,129	0	5,353	34,777	32,103	* [5]
Financial services income	5,090,666	1,604,724	0	* 16,651	1,588,073	298,724	* 3,473
Shipping income	299,137	* 69,695	0	* 10,920	* 58,775	* 6,751	0
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	* 851	* 1	0	0	* 1	* 1	* 1
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
General limitation income	122,411,538	48,633,629	3,986,517	12,282,142	40,338,004	17,103,339	705,094
Section 901(j) income	35,781	* 2,902	0	* 1	* 2,901	* 2,452	0
Income resourced by treaty	82,544	15,145	0	1111	13,561	* 1,768	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	* 5,632	* 2,576	0	* 715	* 1,861	* 17	* 17
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	* 2,916	* 755	0	* 366	* 389	* 20	* 20
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE							
All income types	10,663,033	3,442,478	* 219,016	588,378	3,073,115	635,513	73,312
Passive income	539,559	83,537	0	5,154	78,382	20,393	1,159
High withholding tax interest	27,639	5,470	* [5]	* 288	5,183	4,985	0
Financial services income	* 463,672	* 109,172	0	* 712	* 108,460	* 22,367	* 517
Shipping income	* 37,828	* 6,885	0	0	* 6,885	* 2,777	0
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General limitation income	-	-			-		
Section 901(j) income	9,579,672	3,233,282 d	* 219,016 d	582,224	2,870,073 d	583,473	71,625
Income resourced by treaty	* 13,960	* 3,996	0	0	* 3,996	* 1.420	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	13,960	3,990	0	0	3,990	1,420	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	ď	d	d	d	d	d	d
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING				,			
All income types	2,293,173	251,844	* 270		206,642	103,155	6,556
Passive income	33,810	2,310	0	* [5]	2,310	1,839	* 1,253
High withholding tax interest	* 17,338	* 1,384	0	* 19	* 1,365	* 1,365	0
Financial services income	d * 1 105 000	* 140 404	d	d * 405	t 147.040	* 00 444	* 2.541
Shipping income Dividends from an IC DISC or former DISC [1]	* 1,125,938	* 118,134	0	* 185	* 117,949	* 60,414	* 3,541
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1] Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u>C</u>
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
General limitation income		130.015	* 270	45,267		39,537	
Section 901(j) income	1,116,087			45,∠6/	85,018	39,537	1,762
Income resourced by treaty	d 0	d 0	d 0	0	d	0	C
	0	0	0		0	0	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]							

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign i		es reported on			
			F	oreign taxes av	ailable for cred	it	
Industrial sector and type of foreign income for which separate credit was computed	Taxable income (less loss) after adjustments	Total	Reduction for certain foreign taxes	Carryover	Total paid, accrued, and deemed	Foreign to	
					paid	Total	Dividends
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
INFORMATION All income types	14 011 001	2 272 200	* 60 400	662.405	2 660 200	1 262 260	60.00
Passive income	14,211,324	3,272,288	* 60,408		2,669,290	1,263,860	68,08 ²
High withholding tax interest	2,322,406	136,676 * 315	0		125,259	13,552	
Financial services income	* 3,855	315 d	d	1/5	* 140	* 140 d	
Shipping income	d d	d d	d	-	d d	d	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0		0	0	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	d	
General limitation income	11,876,509	3,132,936	* 60.408	649,732	2,543,612	1,250,167	67,362
Section 901(i) income	11,070,005 d	0,102,000 d	00,400 d	0+3,70Z	2,040,012 d	1,200,107 d	07,002
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0		0	0	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	-	d	d	
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND	Ĭ	,					
RENTAL AND LEASING							
All income types	27,661,459	6,260,565	* 3,254	1,390,595	4,873,224	3,375,386	195,757
Passive income	1,906,932	406,212	* [5]	4,527	401,686	398,416	9,202
High withholding tax interest	134,528	49,060	0	25,459	23,601	19,479	* 246
Financial services income	24,369,622	5,596,792	* 2,748	1,322,523	4,277,017	2,854,669	179,50
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0		0	0	
General limitation income	1,058,756	201,688	* 506	32,910	169,285	101,307	6,73
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d		d	d	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0		0	0	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	* 930	* 1,482	0	* 1,291	* 192	* 71	* 7′
SERVICES	00 474 000	7 475 050	* 47.077	004.000	0.044.740	0.500.477	050.00
All income types	22,471,383	7,175,052	* 17,977	981,286	6,211,742	3,569,477	250,000
Passive income	177,575	26,281	0		21,862	11,341	1,97
High withholding tax interest	505,811	98,263	0	-,	70,235	70,015	(
Financial services income	15,384,419	4,823,448	0	483,796	4,339,652	2,700,003	200,416
Shipping income	* 9,401	* 4,733	0		* 4,698	* 2,894	(
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	* 18,917	0	0	0	0	0	
General limitation income	6,315,429	2,214,150	* 17,977	464,147	1,767,980	781,040	47,53
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Income resourced by treaty	* 40,354	* 5,257	0	* 51	* 5,205	* 4,043	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	d	d	d	d	d	d	
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	d	

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued
[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

				es reported on		ontinued	
			roreign taxes a	available for cre	un-continued		
Industrial sector and type of foreign income		Foreig	n taxes paid o	r accrued—cont	inued		
for which separate credit was computed		Rents,		Specifically			Taxes deemed
	Interest	royalties,	Branch	allocable income	Service	Other	paid
	Interest	and license	income	section	income	income	paid
		fees		863(b)]			
	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)
ALL INDUSTRIES All income types	1,017,826	2,678,122	5,734,096	63,225	298,690	16,714,997	33,156,751
Passive income	284,311	35,532	4,841	05,225	* 55	176,892	473,477
High withholding tax interest	127,871	00,002	7,041	ŏ	0	* 7	* 7,213
Financial services income	382,780	102,516	2,898,799	Ö	111,505	1,996,320	4,437,438
Shipping income	* 1,053	* 5,627	* 49,680	0	* 398	* 13,979	115,472
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	* 153	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 517
General limitation income	221,811	2,531,567	2,779,488	63,225	186,727	14,521,989	28,102,034
Section 901(j) income	0	* 2,452 * 369	* 4 007	0	0	* 87 * 5 570	* 486
Income resourced by treaty Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	* 368	* 1,287	0	* 6	* 5,570 0	15,532
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	<u>۷</u>	* 60	0	-	0	0	* 1,844 * 2,737
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING		00	U				2,737
All income types	* 147	* 214	* 2,211	0	o	* 2,316	* 6,573
Passive income	0	* 15	0	0	0	* 21	0
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Financial services income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shipping income	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General limitation income	* 147	* 199	* 2,211	0	0	* 2,296	0 * 6,573
Section 901(j) income	147	0	2,211	0	0	2,290	0,373
Income resourced by treaty	Ö	0	0	_	0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MINING							
All income types	18,547	9,262	337,998	0	* 11,968	949,363	151,399
Passive income	* 175	* 144	* 35	0	0	* 557	* 3,483
High withholding tax interest Financial services income	* 49	d	d	-	d	d O	d
Shipping income	49	d	d	d	0 d	U	0
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	o	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	Ö	0	Ō	0
General limitation income	18,285	* 9,118	337,963	0	* 11,968	948,806	147,917
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTILITIES All income types	* 500	* 722	* 4 204	0	0	* (5)	* 00 004
Passive income	* 588 * 109	722	* 4,324	0	0	* [5] * [5]	* 23,904 * 210
High withholding tax interest	0	0	0	-	0	101	0
Financial services income	ď	d	d		d	ď	d
Shipping income	Ö	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0		0	0	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	_	0	0	0
General limitation income	* 460	* 722	* 4,324	0	0	0	* 23,694
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3] Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0		0	0 0	0
Footnotes at end of table.	. 0	0	0	0	U	U	0

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

				kes reported on available for cre-		Jimilueu Jimilueu	
		<u>'</u>	2.0.g.1 tax00			Ī	
Industrial sector and type of foreign income		Foreig	n taxes paid o	r accrued—cont	inued		_
for which separate credit was computed	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees	Branch income	Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)]	Service income	Other income	Taxes deemed paid
	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)
CONSTRUCTION All income types	* 450	* 4 077	* 0.500		5 404	000	0.000
Passive income	* 153 * 148	* 1,077 * 436	* 3,563 * 433		5,164 0	830 * 67	8,862 * 121
High withholding tax interest	d	d	d		d	d	d
Financial services income	d	d	d		ď	d	d
Shipping income	ő	0	0		0	o	0
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	O	0	0	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0		0	0	0
General limitation income	* 5	* 641	* 3,130		5,164	* 609	8,741
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0		0	0	0
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MANUFACTURING	477.000	4 070 440	4 400 740	54040	04.405	40 407 505	04.070.000
All income types	177,638	1,678,418	1,402,748	54,240	64,185	13,427,595	24,879,389
Passive income	5,055	10,464	865		* 54	51,815	285,705
High withholding tax interest	32,100	0	0		0	* 2	* 2,674
Financial services income	* 3,299	* 1,270	* 38,015		* 3,265	* 249,403	* 1,289,348
Shipping income	0	0	0	0	* 212	* 6,539	* 52,024
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0		0	0	0
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
General limitation income	d 137,184	d 1,663,864	1,362,958	54,240	60,654	13,119,347	23,234,665
Section 901(j) income	137,164	* 2,452	1,362,956		0,054	13,119,347	* 449
Income resourced by treaty	0	* 368	* 911	0	0	* 489	* 11,793
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	Ö	0	0		0	0	* 1,844
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0		0	0	* 369
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE							
All income types	29,679	153,804	245,149	* 2,430	14,504	116,635	2,437,602
Passive income	3,795	7,856	* 581	0	0	7,002	57,989
High withholding tax interest	4,985	0	001	ŏ	0	7,002	* 197
Financial services income	* 2,312	0	* 12,991	ő	0	* 6,548	* 86,093
Shipping income	0	0	0		0	* 2,777	* 4,108
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General limitation income	18,588	145,948	231,224	* 2,430	14,504	99,154	2,286,600
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	* 353		0	* 1,067	* 2,577
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING							
All income types	2,809	9,492	* 61,865	* 2	15,410	7,020	102 400
Passive income	* 101	* 247	01,803		15,410	* 237	103,488 * 472
High withholding tax interest	* 1,365	0	0		0	0	0
Financial services income	1,000 d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Shipping income	* 1,053	* 5,627	* 46,786		* 185	* 3,221	* 57,535
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0,021	0		0	0	0.,000
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	Ö	0	0		0	o	0
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0		0	0	0
General limitation income	* 290	3,617	* 15,079		15,224	* 3,562	45,481
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d		d	d	d
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0		0	0	0
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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Table 2. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes, by Industrial Sector and by Type of Foreign Income for Which Separate Credit Was Computed—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign i	ncome and tax	es reported on	Form 1118—cc	ontinued		
			Foreign taxes a	vailable for cred	dit—continued			
Industrial sector and type of foreign income		Foreig	n taxes paid or	accrued—cont	inued		İ	
for which separate credit was computed		Rents,		Specifically			Taxes	
		royalties,	Branch	allocable	Service	Other	deemed	
	Interest	and license	income	income	income	income	paid	
		fees	lilcome	[section	lilcome	ilicollie		
		iees		863(b)]				
	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	
INFORMATION All income types	4.612	527,601	483,479	* 749	17,830	161,508	1.405.43	
Passive income	* 2,035	* 9,566	403,479	749	* [5]	* 1,232	111,70	
High withholding tax interest	* 140	9,500	0	0	[2]	1,232	111,70	
Financial services income	d d	d	d	d	d	d		
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	ő	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	d	d	ď	ď	d	q		
General limitation income	2,437	518,035	483,479	* 749	17,830	160,276	1,293,44	
Section 901(j) income	2,107 d	010,000 d	100, 17 d	, 10	17,000 d	100, <u>2</u> 70	1,200,11	
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d	q		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	d	d	d		
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND								
RENTAL AND LEASING								
All income types	511,445	44.012	1,381,779	* 4.671	70.965	1,166,758	1,497,838	
Passive income	272,184	1,600	* 122	0	0	115,308	3,26	
High withholding tax interest	19,228	0	0	0	0	* 5	* 4,12	
Financial services income	206,633	* 35,009	1,359,127	0	53,547	1,020,849	1,422,34	
Shipping income	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
General limitation income	13,399	7,403	22,529	* 4,671	17,419	29,155	67,97	
Section 901(j) income	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Income resourced by treaty	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 12	
SERVICES	070 000	050 504	4 040 000	* 4 400	00.000	000 070	0.040.00	
All income types	272,208	253,521	1,810,980	* 1,132	98,663	882,972	2,642,26	
Passive income	707	5,204	* 2,806	0	0	653	10,52	
High withholding tax interest	70,015	0	0	0	0	0	* 220	
Financial services income	170,469	* 66,237	1,488,667	0	* 54,693	719,521	1,639,64	
Shipping income	0	0	* 2,894	0	0	0	* 1,80	
Dividends from an IC-DISC or former DISC [1]	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Miscellaneous separately calculated limitation	d	d	d	d	d	d	(
Distributions from a FSC or former FSC [2]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
General limitation income	31,017	182,020	316,591	* 1,132	43,964	158,785	986,94	
Section 901(j) income	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Income resourced by treaty	0	0	* 23	0	* 6	* 4,014	* 1,16	
Dividends from each 10/50 PFIC [3]	d	d	d	d	d	d		
Dividends from 10/50 corporations	d	d	d	Ч	d	q		

^{*} Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they were based.

 $d\\ -\!Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific tax payers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.$

^[1] Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation (IC-DISC) and Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC).

^[2] Foreign Sales Corporation (FSC).

^[3] Passive Foreign Investment Company (PFIC).

^[4] Included in gross income (less loss) shown in columns 2-8.

^[5] Less than \$500.

^[6] Included in deductions shown in columns 11-20.

^[7] Number of returns for all income types may not equal the sum of number of returns by type of income because a given return could have more than one type of income.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	[Foreign income	and taxes reporte	ed on Form 1118	
	j [Gro	ss income (less l	oss)	
Selected country	Number of returns	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
All geographic areas	5,502	485,354,155	86,339,067	33,129,305	57,724,090	79,964,79
Canada	2,046	42,232,089	15,245,435	6,379,958	4,856,144	5,165,58
Latin America, total	1,001	36,598,523	7,263,509	2,429,032	6,584,244	5,824,50
Mexico	691	9,349,703	1,337,796	721,979	1,405,431	2,250,94
Central America, total	246	1,696,398	674,033	55,420	270,672	134,70
Belize	30	10,721	* 3,729	* 391	* 622	*
Costa Rica	140	420,968	257,894	18,378	28,646	37,61
El Salvador	106	216,386	70,674	3,417	38,955	23,44
Guatemala	115	162,856	11,080	* 3,475	25,896	24,28
Honduras	95	250,979	111,206	* 435	8,543	13,32
Nicaragua	63	60,315	* 105	* 74	* 3,327	4,32
Panama (including Canal Zone)	167	554,060	219,345	29,251	162,895	31,70
Central America not allocable	107	* 20.113	213,343	29,201	* 1,789	31,70
Caribbean countries, total	319	8,703,893	2,976,831	738,382	2,378,472	432,54
	182				2,094,967	
Cayman Islands (British)		6,064,416	2,550,118	694,738 * 2,837		313,76
Dominican Republic	156	389,672	116,394		159,597	10,24
Haiti	31	35,389	* 182	* 151	* 7,814	* 41
Jamaica	87	163,739	* 2,131	* 1,086	51,182	26,82
Trinidad	112	1,574,818	* 53,872	* 25,239	57,833	25,40
Other Caribbean countries	96	475,859	254,134	* 14,331	7,078	55,88
South America, total	663	16,064,455	2,274,849	913,251	2,525,499	3,003,84
Argentina	318	2,120,818	148,510	155,566	266,577	301,12
Bolivia	77	82,694	* 5,032	* 1,280	6,694	2,69
Brazil	454	4,891,672	988,816	533,322	1,104,534	904,24
Chile	256	2,663,953	421,592	33,497	586,251	204,17
Colombia	226	1,079,352	75,763	44,292	117,400	98,35
Ecuador	180	605,981	23,299	6,221	30,901	37,89
Paraguay	68	37,048	* 8,294	* 6,853	11,960	1,55
Peru	201	1,949,963	57,172	* 6,750	100,778	1,235,63
Uruguay	100	152,472	61,175	8,289	41,503	9,49
Venezuela	228	2,275,004	467,310	107,466	254,971	206,48
Other South American countries	39	205,498	* 17,886	* 9,715	* 3,929	2,18
Latin America not allocable	13	784,074	0	0	* 4,170	* 2,46
Other Western Hemisphere, total	276	13,357,496	6,988,146	444,386	943,346	2,501,58
Bahamas	116	1,738,757	288,010	9,251	390,139	34,53
Bermuda	201	11,142,806	6,503,379	409,540	428,346	2,432,01
Netherlands Antilles	78	184,901	65,734	* 5,398	67,589	10,74
Other British West Indies	101	223,640	123,427	20,197	37,991	16,38
All other Western Hemisphere	58	67,393	* 7,597	0	19,282	7,90
Europe, total	2,141	194,470,817	40,458,448	17,240,767	23,535,763	32,616,14
European Union, total	2,074	158,176,322	35,591,180	13,968,190	19,050,367	25,608,62
Austria	207	976,454	137,179	53,596	38,862	479,97
	291	5,098,836	719,435	263,974	227,750	762,81
Belaium		-,500,000	,			
Belgium Denmark		2,396,993	874.964	515.021	95.105 i	262 14
Denmark	220	2,396,993 603.647	874,964 59.789	515,021 18.099	95,105 106.111	
Denmark Finland	220 234	603,647	59,789	18,099	106,111	262,14 152,27 3,031,16
Denmark	220			18,099 593,753		

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Foreign income	and taxes reporte	ed on Form 1118	
			Gro	ss income (less l	oss)	
Selected country	Number of returns	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Europe, total—continued						
European Union, total—continued						
Ireland	282	16,909,251	6,860,822	364,821	323,763	6,907,071
Italy (including San Marino)	406	6,255,624	954,242	777,108	484,609	1,459,627
Luxembourg	159	6,920,627	3,696,775	2,048,585	462,015	286,695
Netherlands	787	17,564,014	7,466,139	2,184,199	1,340,674	1,984,875
Portugal	199	641,582	247,952	49,684	32,587	161,832
Spain	401	6,571,753	1,909,224	2,420,792	170,366	887,423
Sweden United Kingdom	287 1,305	1,587,737 64,240,474	235,088 8,926,104	72,059 3,653,881	214,947 12,962,928	455,452 5,047,807
European Union not allocable	1,303	* 24,553	* 56	* 15	12,902,920	* 20,469
Other West European countries, total	431	26,130,501	3,652,754	2,805,927	3,913,779	4,266,755
Liechtenstein	11	236,973	* 11,775	* 668	* 299	* 224,217
Monaco	16	3,177	0	0	* 1,445	* 1,418
Norway	197	10,814,114	571,140	2,000,488	719,394	107,361
Switzerland	356	11,639,546	2,919,418	760,040	448,285	3,835,047
Turkey	181	3,356,722	143,617	43,940	2,738,468	85,511
Other West European countries not allocable	83	79,970	* 6,804	* 790	5,889	13,202
East European countries, total	362	9,862,631	1,201,585	460,683	506,809	2,535,912
Romania	82	195,224	25,016	* 10,627	5,559	53,589
Former Soviet Union	237	4,870,537	104,756	29,133	321,942	361,265
Other East European countries	281	4,796,869	1,071,813	420,923	179,308	2,121,059
Europe not allocable	23	301,363	* 12,929	* 5,967	* 64,808	* 204,856
Africa, total	407	12,015,047	1,467,980	764,983	551,633	482,087
North Africa, total	156	1,566,318	18,673	5,294	126,812	66,518
Algeria	33	42,953	* 43	0	* 15,657	* 807
Egypt	126	1,356,463	16,115	* 5,061 * 1	89,553	52,287
Libya	14	1,828	* 1,546		* 1,150	* 31
Morocco Other North African countries	67 48	92,057 73,016	* 508 * 461	* 230 * 2	4,195 16,257	13,199 * 194
East Africa, total	122	447,552	63,834	34,987	24,100	15,694
Ethiopia	22	71,019	00,004	04,507	* 38	10,00-
Kenya	50	64,285	* 7,851	* 4,469	* 9,102	4,288
Tanzania	21	4,048	* 116	* 31	* 1,498	* 110
Uganda	16	32,437	* 9,443	* 4,845	0	* 24
Other East African countries	95	275,763	46,423	25,642	13,462	11,272
West and Central Africa, total	171	7,740,322	999,831	562,652	72,168	31,516
Gabon	19	83,311	* 1,447	* 750	* 6,859	* 74
Ghana	25	6,399	* 1,460			* 29
Liberia	32	151,714	* 138,565	* 2,392	9,747	(
Nigeria	96	3,054,710	* 89,074	* 44,350	23,311	11,479
Zaire	13	178,516	* 38,240	* 42,603	* 6	10.00
Other West and Central African countries	116	4,265,672	731,045	* 471,911	29,711	19,934
Southern Africa, total	262	2,260,096 * 451	385,642 * 309	162,050 * 119	328,554	368,359 * 7
Malawi South Africa (including Namibia)	28	23,337	* 9,859	* 2,323	* 278	* 123
Zambia	257	2,223,127	370,381	156,940	327,683	364,946
Zimbabwe	257	6,449	* 1,725	* 1,305	* 457	* 2,728
Other Southern African countries	23	6,732	* 3,368	* 1,364	* 136	* 555
Africa not allocable	6	* 759	0,000			(

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

I I		Foreign income	and taxes reporte	ed on Form 1118				
	Gross income (less loss)							
Number of returns	Total	Dividends	Foreign dividend income from foreign taxes deemed paid (gross-up)	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
1,319	96,725,155	10,885,940	4,758,454	6,218,821	21,467,661			
333	9,783,840	384,369	80,960	379,596	476,130			
				* 123,002	11,489			
				* 9	* 16,61			
					* 1,020			
					94,760			
					13,809			
		1,586	^ /6		8,43			
		F2 112	27 714		9,78 112,48			
					150,31			
					11,77			
					45,62			
	,				7,556,67			
		0,001,000	0		50:			
		119,103	99,273		199,319			
212	5,170,066	926,741	534,284	325,398	90,10			
293	3,301,575	268,311	37,210	138,276	936,10			
80	435,765	16,539	13,799	58,957	5,710			
228	2,276,368	318,496	92,057	360,061	720,739			
419	10,928,975	1,015,175	146,338	755,851	5,366,21			
48	64,410	* 4,214	* 2,587	* 10,250	1,16			
314	2,391,485	692,018	354,046	363,592	200,19			
			0		8,15			
		,			28,45			
					13,399,52			
					4,077,84			
					574,60			
					497,35			
					7,014,66 1,216,00			
			292,074		* 19,05			
		0	0		* 35,32			
		2 109 793	922.016	· · ·	1,611,53			
					1,474,82			
					132,32			
					4,384			
					4,536,10			
					5,722,092			
					5,710,46			
149				147,865	11,629			
19	2,033	* 35	* 14	* 6,830	* 37			
108	269,945	* 5,460	* 2,287		6,68			
79	314,167	* 17,452	* 384	8,697	3,72			
22		* 741	* 65					
262	25,654,294	0	0		* 37,03			
7	* 151,679	* 151,162	* 517	0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	of returns (1) 1,319 333 74 24 36 225 80 74 73 131 122 50 111 700 32 342 212 223 80 228 419 48 314 63 63 1,119 409 364 395 844 407 40 19 633 598 2275 64 2,197 425 382 149 108 79 222 262	of returns Total (1) (2) 1,319 96,725,155 333 9,783,840 74 214,706 24 23,757 36 453,911 225 661,059 80 195,978 74 18,111 73 1,021,564 131 4,261,810 122 1,564,597 50 1,013,123 311 355,224 700 27,037,865 32 90,618 342 2,102,658 212 5,170,066 2293 3,301,575 80 435,765 228 2,276,368 419 10,928,975 48 64,410 314 2,391,485 63 109,988 63 165,957 1,119 58,382,576 409 7,777,952 364 6,768,095 395 7,037,735 844 32,157,645 407 4,594,891 40 46,257 19 1,520,875 633 15,801,575 598 13,549,477 275 598 13,549,477 275 17,720,960 64 531,139 2,197 37,535,019 425 10,800,751 382 10,137,915 149 662,836 19 2,033 108 269,945 79 314,167 22 76,691 262 25,654,294	Number of returns	Number of returns	Number of returns			

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign incom	ne and taxes repo	orted on Form 11	18—continued	
	G	ross income (les	s loss)—continue	ed		
Selected country	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [2]	Foreign branch income [2]	Total deductions	Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [3]
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
All geographic areas	26,382,011	201,814,884	49,446,665	97,936,689	243,861,018	10,984,748
Canada	2,672,920	7,912,050	9,189,560	5,896,449	13,913,939	715,722
Latin America, total	1,403,457	13,093,774	3,996,559	5,919,075	16,639,247	* 1,291,995
Mexico	515,022	3,118,526	* 70	1,740,995	4,344,528	* 16
Central America, total	56,195	505,375	0	191,923	1,085,376	0
Belize	* 129	5,846	0	* 56	2,678	0
Costa Rica	24,516	53,915	0	27,343	247,753	0
El Salvador	9,949	69,945	0	11,958	259,510	0
Guatemala	4,973	93,146	0	21,427	100,460	0
Honduras	9,877	107,594	0	7,256		0
Nicaragua	* 797	51,690	0	* 361	42,868	0
Panama (including Canal Zone)	5,954	104,913	0	123,107	194,556	0
Central America not allocable	0	* 18,325	0	* 414	* 11,393	0
Caribbean countries, total	167,255	2,010,410	* 1,586,426	687,451	2,697,082	* 426,562
Cayman Islands (British)	54,438	356,391	* 634,022	338,813	1,432,813	* 29,511
Dominican Republic Haiti	4,229 * 400	96,367	0	91,972 * 14,217	302,286 24,823	0
Jamaica	32.087	26,428 50,432	0	50,634		0
Trinidad	58,642	1,353,824	* 952,404	171,197	670,894	* 397,014
Other Caribbean countries	17,460	126,969	332,404	20,618	147,671	* 37
South America, total	558,373	6,788,637	2,410,063	3,233,320	7,709,075	* 865,416
Argentina	66,571	1,182,465	* 545,612	655,630	1,464,755	* 296,985
Bolivia	2,614	64,378	0.10,0.12	18,819		* 403
Brazil	201,367	1,159,385	* 55,632	618,104		* 18,439
Chile	18,267	1,400,173	-* 551	453,219	1,146,748	0
Colombia	46,058	697,488	* 387,927	163,403	548,216	* 139,146
Ecuador	30,649	477,016	* 398,062	55,941	322,765	* 195,483
Paraguay	* 1,403	6,988	0	* 14,947	41,992	0
Peru	55,176	494,450	* 24,525	440,899	873,327	* 15,570
Uruguay	* 4,909	27,098	0	54,169	75,588	0
Venezuela	118,934	1,119,834	* 998,855	682,180	712,780	* 199,391
Other South American countries	* 12,424	159,362	0	* 76,009	166,893	0
Latin America not allocable	* 106,612	* 670,826	0	* 65,387	803,187	0
Other Western Hemisphere, total	109,583	2,370,445	* 150,496	85,508		* 10,236
Bahamas	1,972	1,014,853	* 86	48,583	696,534	* 28
Bermuda	92,905	1,276,617	* 150,411	4,683	1,332,380	* 10,209
Netherlands Antilles	* 7,580	27,856	0	* 10,629	59,725	0
Other British West Indies	3,942	21,697	0	6,584		0
All other Western Hemisphere	* 3,183	29,422	0	* 15,029		0
Europe, total	10,751,837	69,867,858	* 19,414,427	44,687,861		* 5,016,087
European Union, total	10,339,148	53,618,817	* 10,376,371	37,829,256		* 3,327,100
Austria	38,825	228,019	* 7	218,452	888,362	* 3
Belgium	98,810	3,026,052	* 15	1,251,232	3,614,961	* 60 505
Denmark	18,044	631,710	* 1,274,300	416,787	745,714	* 60,585
Finland	39,335	228,038	* 55 * 4.947	125,709		* -1
France (including Andorra)	882,622	2,768,463	* 4,847 * 319	1,624,729 7,346,573		* 4,763
Germany Greece	2,543,673 142,271	7,561,704 105,470	^ 319 0	7,346,573 121,908		* -8

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Europe, total—continued European Union, total—continued Ireland Italy (including San Marino) Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden	ervice come (7) 822,112	Other income (8)	oil and gas extraction income [2]	Foreign branch income [2]	Total deductions	Deductions from oil and gas extraction
Europe, total—continued European Union, total—continued Ireland Italy (including San Marino) Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	ervice come (7) 822,112	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [2]	Foreign branch		from oil and gas extraction
Europe, total—continued European Union, total—continued Ireland Italy (including San Marino) Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	822,112	(8)	(6)			income [3]
European Union, total—continued Ireland Italy (including San Marino) Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable			(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Ireland Italy (including San Marino) Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries		1				
Italy (including San Marino) Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable						
Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable		1,630,661	* 884	133,751	7,564,271	* 1,060
Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	817,148	, ,	* 1,884	1,778,409	3,738,500	* -14
Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	* 3,604		* 425,831	56,944	751,676	C
Spain Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	345,889	4,242,239	* 219,573	1,382,661	5,235,735	* 114,052
Sweden United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	19,467	130,059	* 24	155,918	358,905	* -1
United Kingdom European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	322,456	861,492	* 703,585	743,355	1,865,938	* -7
European Union not allocable Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	80,204	529,987	0	440,661	990,216	* 2
Other West European countries, total Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	4,165,533	29,484,220	* 7,745,046	22,033,003	39,676,871	* 3,146,667
Liechtenstein Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	* -844	* 4,858	0	* -835	* 14,160	C
Monaco Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	245,222	11,246,063	* 6,823,789	4,245,280	7,448,028	* 1,433,368
Norway Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	0	* 15	0	* 15	* 240	C
Switzerland Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	* -9	* 323	* 29	* 1,659	2,896	* -1
Turkey Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	58,131	7,357,601	* 6,823,609	2,168,861	2,591,048	* 1,433,286
Other West European countries not allocable East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	157,960	3,518,795	* 93	1,704,189	4,288,073	* 24
East European countries, total Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	27,533	317,653	* 58	325,994	453,932	* 51
Romania Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	* 1,608	51,677	0	* 44,560	111,840	* 8
Former Soviet Union Other East European countries Europe not allocable	166,866	4,990,775	* 2,214,267	2,525,625	4,319,495	* 255,620
Other East European countries Europe not allocable	5,046	95,388	0	124,559	131,945	C
Europe not allocable	64,300	3,989,141	* 2,213,870	1,624,781	2,084,462	* 255,605
<u> </u>	97,520	906,247	* 397	776,286	2,103,087	* 15
Africa, total	* 600	* 12,203	0	* 87,700	151,649	C
	837,008		* 6,697,005	2,199,166		* 1,674,619
North Africa, total	130,678	1,218,343	* 689,484	434,292	979,402	* 354,832
Algeria	* 816	25,631	* 21	* 33,230	26,389	* 26
Egypt	117,467	1,075,980	* 653,574	273,294	822,396	* 346,378
Libya	* 21	-* 920	-* 484	* -466	8,140	* 833
Morocco	* 12,073	61,851	0	* 70,319	88,586	
Other North African countries	* 300	55,801	* 36,372	* 57,916	33,890	* 7,594
East Africa, total	56,903	252,035	0	265,720	288,039	
Ethiopia	* 48,258	22,723	0	* 62,416	61,109	
Kenya	* 3,662	34,914	0	* 35,761	44,933	
Tanzania	* 331	* 1,961	0	* 1,754	1,114	
Uganda	* 274	* 17,852	0	* 17,671	726	C
Other East African countries	* 4,379	174,585	0	* 148,117	180,158	
West and Central Africa, total	246,585	5,827,570	* 6,007,511	596,022	1,915,969	* 1,319,787
Gabon	* 56,562	17,619	* 56,471	* 54,797	31,932	* 19,269
Ghana	* 228 * 151					(
Liberia		* 859		0	-,	
Nigeria Zairo	35,197 * 18,941	2,851,299 * 78,726	* 2,100,047 * 154,102	242,110 * 81,224	555,795 70,765	* 317,643 * 53,168
Zaire Other West and Central African countries	135,506		* 3,696,891	217,433	70,765 1,247,790	* 929,707
			* 9			929,707
Southern Africa, total Malawi	402,747 * 4	612,744 * 12	0	903,133	1,380,602 * 139	(
South Africa (including Namibia)	* -1,547	12,301	0	* 769	3,433	(
Zambia	404,233		* 9	901,543	1,373,408	(
	* 13		0	901,543 * 45		0
Zimbabwe Other Southern African countries	* 44		0	* 775	2,490 1,133	(
Africa not allocable	44	. ı/nɔ				ι.

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign incom	ne and taxes repo	orted on Form 11	18—continued	
	G	ross income (les	s loss)—continue	d		
Selected country	Service income	Other income	Oil and gas extraction income [2]	Foreign branch income [2]	Total deductions	Deductions from oil and gas extraction income [3]
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Asia, total	4,312,124	49,082,154	7,749,103	31,597,770	50,856,146	* 1,713,53°
Middle East, total	599,334	7,863,445	* 2,502,937	1,698,792	3,972,912	* 551,28
Bahrain	15,701	57,672	-* 7,086	181,403	173,057	* 3,51
Iran	* 29	21	0	* 198	5,358	
Iraq	285,289	167,430	0	* 196,071	484,211	
Israel	87,376	196,026	0	232,183	439,382	* 00.40
Kuwait	75,967 * 323	99,420	* 33,520	64,448 12,417	144,709	* 22,193
Lebanon Qatar	28,599	2,736 962,037	* 536,498	* 19,275	21,848 211,811	* 64,107
Saudi Arabia	42,032	4,018,869	* 1,061,620	164,022	788,258	* 101,49
United Arab Emirates	40,473	1,169,357	* 225,055	562,825	1,136,581	* 125,19
Other areas of Arabian Pennisula	* 2,606	1,018,526	* 653,330	119,524	368,655	* 234,76
Other Middle East countries	20,939	171,351	0	146,425	199,043	* 1:
Southern and Southeast Asia, total	797,184	11,361,992	4,884,680	5,408,019	11,490,954	1,054,969
Bangladesh	* 1,975	68,681	0	* 57,140	68,541	
India	170,448	887,076	* 38	1,054,057	1,323,075	* _^
Indonesia	45,914	3,247,620	* 2,551,483	677,278	2,247,966	* 646,26
Malaysia	34,820	1,886,857	* 973,517	195,297	841,563	* 198,02
Pakistan	3,298	337,461	* 202,898	111,589	227,152	* 77,964
Philippines	51,899	733,117	* 148,230	665,572	865,533	* 16,834
Singapore	342,256	3,303,137	* 28,584	2,007,768	4,763,334	* 1,72
Sri Lanka	* 6,791	39,398	0	* 23,864	45,618	* 111.00
Thailand	63,505	718,132	* 950,899	540,909	941,636	* 114,82
Vietnam Other Southern and Southeast Asian sountries	8,032 68,247	80,257	* 29,031 0	22,085 52,459	61,171	* -668
Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries Eastern Asia, total	2,029,487	60,255 29,266,966	* 361,485	24,488,062	105,366 34,319,570	* 107,28
China	313,538	2,241,702	* 352,920	1,474,037	2,823,944	* 103,19
Hong Kong	305,861	4,535,277	032,920	4,803,176	5,197,033	103,19
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	531,684	3,449,009	* 62	1,986,664	4,823,629	* -2
South Korea, Republic of	652,412	17,529,504	* 5,561	14,756,615	18,903,810	* 4,16
Taiwan	211,865	1,503,301	* 2,943	1,467,570	2,555,822	* -75
Other Eastern Asian countries	* 14,126	8,173	0	0	15,331	
Asia not allocable	* 886,119	* 589,752	0	* 2,897	1,072,710	
Oceania, total	1,554,168	6,637,279	* 1,599,133	3,778,425	9,021,586	* 258,81
Australia	1,522,664	6,062,852	* 1,510,308	3,481,894	7,991,159	* 247,50
New Zealand	29,929	465,446	* 11,583	257,793	972,359	* 1,70
Other countries of Oceania	1,575	108,981	* 77,241	* 38,738	58,069	* 9,60
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	3,584,494	17,004,472	* 650,382	1,555,786	29,677,084	* 302,89
Puerto Rico	566,033	2,939,672	0	2,213,763		* 84
U.S. Possessions, total	476,908	2,551,895	0	1,893,520	5,023,519	
American Samoa	89,125	387,777	0	320,243	454,125	* 84
Guam	-* 5,989	* 765	0	* 5,919		+ 0.1
Virgin Islands, U.S.	40,627	98,698	0	192,763		* 84
Other U.S. Possessions	5,801	278,111	0	96,082	197,717	
Country not stated	* 48,686	* 10,203	0	* 25,478		
Section 863(b) income	590,386	24,995,825	0	* 2,885		
Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1]	0	0	0	0	* 131,025	
Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales						
Corporation dividends [1]		0	o	0	* 46	

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign income	e and taxes repor	ted on Form 111	8—continued		
		Fore	ign taxes paid, a	ccrued, and deem	ned paid—contin	ued	
			• •	ign taxes paid or			
	Taxable	-	1 016	· ·			
Selected country	income			Taxes	withheld at source	irce on:	
	(less loss) before adjustments	Total	Total	Dividends	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees	
	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
All geographic areas	241,493,136	61,198,066	28,000,049	1,493,093	1,017,826	2,678,122	
Canada	28,318,150	8,262,038	1,820,958	237,808	104,430	173,704	
Latin America, total	19,959,275	5,338,955	2,909,920	266,073	118,968	724,697	
Mexico	5,005,175	1,202,052	480,073	2,826	39,063	155,727	
Central America, total	611,021	98,971	43,551	2,889	522	18,338	
Belize	8,043	* 1,646	* 1,255	* 750	* 7	0	
Costa Rica	173,215	22,414	4,035	* 820	* 53	1,927	
El Salvador	-43,124	8,108	4,690	0	* 149	2,237	
Guatemala	62,396	15,683	12,209	* 113	* 73	7,083	
Honduras	24,820	7,460	7,025	* 141	* 126	2,610	
Nicaragua	17,447	3,937	3,863	0	* 5	908	
Panama (including Canal Zone)	359,504	39,724	10,473	* 1,065	* 109	3,573	
Central America not allocable	* 8,720	0	0	0	0	0	
Caribbean countries, total	6,006,811	1,154,074	415,690	6,721	* 1,553	5,572	
Cayman Islands (British)	4,631,602	694,840	* 101	* 17	* 222	0	
Dominican Republic	87,386	15,791	12,954	* 654 0	* 680 * 2	1,950 * 2	
Haiti Jamaica	10,566 45,145	* 5,730 8,554	* 5,579 7,468	* 303	* 827	1,183	
Trinidad	903,924	411,190	385,951	* 4,948	* 42	1,524	
Other Caribbean countries	328,188	17,970	3,637	* 799	* 3	* 913	
South America, total	8,355,381	2,883,155	1,969,903	253,637	77,829	544,357	
Argentina	656,063	329,165	173,599	* 995	9,053	28,073	
Bolivia	7,559	4,020	2,740	* 81	* 116	224	
Brazil	2,610,796	1,011,473	478,151	64,101	53,375	138,757	
Chile	1,517,205	455,197	421,701	172,146	3,607	25,451	
Colombia	531,135	213,383	169,091	4,317	* 3,137	32,114	
Ecuador	283,217	91,767	85,546	* 184	* 866	8,887	
Paraguay	-4,943	8,883	2,030	* 18	* 3	241	
Peru	1,076,636	447,886	441,136	11,569	2,355	301,971	
Uruguay	76,884	14,483	6,194	* 4	0	1,553	
Venezuela	1,562,224	274,299	166,833	* 221	5,316	6,878	
Other South American countries	38,606	32,598	* 22,883	* 1	0	* 207	
Latin America not allocable	-19,112	* 703	* 703	0	0	* 703	
Other Western Hemisphere, total	11,200,450	464,327	19,932	* 688	* 4,159	* 1,318	
Bahamas	1,042,222	12,543	* 3,292	* 138	* 3,088	* 1	
Bermuda	9,810,426	410,641	* 1,092	* 2	* 1,004	* 30	
Netherlands Antilles	125,176	7,809	* 2,410	* 124 * 424	* 41 * 26	* 38 * 166	
Other British West Indies	179,153	31,761 * 1,573	11,565 * 1.573	424	26	* 1,113	
All other Western Hemisphere	43,472	* 1,573	* 1,5/3	E04 634	E 47 0 4 4		
Europe, total European Union, total	98,960,836 74,585,512	27,877,895 19,850,585	10,633,215 5,880,320	594,621 400,995	547,844 544,384	313,338 267,700	
Austria	88,092	82,114	28,519	6,176	* 68	* 1,488	
Belgium	1,483,875	319,175	55,178	10,042	631	1,400	
Denmark	1,651,279	801,252	286,230	3,791	* 53	* 2,326	
Finland	268,485	30,639	12,540	2,770	* 80	2,757	
France (including Andorra)	4,421,507	909,854	316,100	43,721	27,138	53,480	
Germany	5,867,497	1,316,126	441,201	24,171	212	9,187	
Greece	285,433	106,179	28,502	* 95	* 51	* 1,113	

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign incom	e and taxes repo	rted on Form 111	8—continued	
		Fore	eign taxes paid, a	ccrued, and deen	ned paid—contin	ued
	Taxable		Fore	ign taxes paid or	accrued—contin	ued
	income	ľ		Taxes withheld at source on:		
Selected country	(less loss)		ŀ	Taxes	Withheld at 30ah	
	before adjustments	Total	Total	Dividends	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees
	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Europe, total—continued	, ,	, ,	` /	, ,	` '	, ,
European Union, total—continued						
Ireland	9,344,980	654,342	289,483	1,035	* 421	* 520
Italy (including San Marino)	2,517,125	1,028,714	251,606	19,585	15,064	87,24
Luxembourg	6,168,951	2,087,828	37,229	13,115	* 14	* 23
Netherlands	12,328,278	2,461,356	277,165	48,473	* 1,773	* 44
Portugal	282,677	99,891	50,207	4,939	8,932	12,39
Spain	4,705,816	2,613,472	192,680	34,402	35,102	49,48
Sweden	597,521	107,201	35,142	3,150	* 104	
United Kingdom	24,563,603	7,231,970	3,578,081	185,527	454,741	45,91
European Union not allocable	* 10,393	* 473	* 458	* 4	0	,
Other West European countries, total	18,682,473	6,767,751	3,959,986	165,656	814	9,55
Liechtenstein	236,734	* 1,247	* 579	* 476	0	
Monaco	281	0	0	0	0	
Norway	8,223,066	5,684,375	3,683,888	9,452	* 94	* 1
Switzerland	7,351,473	991,176	230,980	147,749	* 153	* 3,86
Turkey	2,902,790	88,272	44,332	7,979	* 566	5,68
Other West European countries not allocable	-31,869	* 2,680	* 208	* 1	0	5,55
East European countries, total	5,543,136	1,249,332	788,649	27,967	2,647	35,02
Romania	63,279	29,275	18,648	3,594	* 33	2,84
Former Soviet Union	2,786,075	715,811	686,678	7,584	* 2,360	2,86
Other East European countries	2,693,782	504,247	83,324	16,789	254	29,31
Europe not allocable	149,715	* 10,226	* 4,259	* 3		* 1,05
Africa, total	7,450,494	3,313,491	2,548,508	9,135	661	11,10
North Africa, total	586,916	232,010	226,717	* 387	* 451	3,25
Algeria	16,564	* 31,686	* 31,686	0	431	* 11
Egypt	534,067	178,924	173,864	0	* 448	2,79
Libya	-6,311	* 9	* 8	* 8	440	2,79
Morocco	3,471	8,992	8,761	* 379	* 2	* 28
Other North African countries	39,125	* 12,400	* 12,398	* 1		* 5
East Africa, total	159,513	55,439	20,453	* 1,892	* 139	1,22
Ethiopia	9,911	* 1,170	* 1,170	1,092	139	1,22
Kenya	19,352	12,911	8,443	* 657	* 136	* 81
Tanzania	2,934	* 43	* 12	037	0	01
Uganda	31,711	* 6,340	* 1,495	* 740	0	*
Other East African countries	95,605	34,974	9,332	* 495	* 3	* 40
West and Central Africa, total	5,824,353	2,807,541	2,244,889	* 5,096	* 43	* 1,05
Gabon Gabon	5,624,353	* 17,429	* 16.679	* 32	43	1,05
Ghana	51,379	* 917	* 269	32		*
Liberia	143,162	* 2,392	209	0	0	
Nigeria	2,498,915	1,896,644	1,852,295	* 4,380	* 4	* 45
Zaire	107,751	* 53,900	* 11,298	* 334	0	40
Other West and Central African countries	3,017,882	836,259	364,348	* 350	* 39	* 60
	879,494	218,500	56,449	* 1,759	* 28	
Southern Africa, total Malawi	* 312	218,500 * 151	56,449 * 32	1,739	28 0	5,56
South Africa (including Namibia)	19,904	* 4,074	* 1,751	* 862	* 27	* 2
Zambia	849.719			* 651	* 1	72
Lampia	049,719	206,240	49,300			
	2 050	* 4 560	* 255	* 2/6		*
Zimbabwe Other Southern African countries	3,959 5,599	* 1,560 * 6,474	* 255 * 5,110	* 246 0	0	* * 4,81

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Foreign incom	e and taxes repo	rted on Form 1118	3—continued		
		Fore	ign taxes paid, a	ccrued, and deem	ed paid—contin	ued	
			Foreign taxes paid or accrued—continued				
	Taxable	ŀ	1	Taxes withheld at source on:			
Selected country	income		-	raxes v	vitnneid at sourd	ce on:	
	(less loss) before adjustments	Total	Total	Dividends	Interest	Rents, royalties, and license fees	
	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
Asia, total	45,869,009	11,999,230	7,237,126	250,436	55,273	874,204	
Middle East, total	5,810,928	1,982,039	1,901,080	11,014	1,175	16,890	
Bahrain	41,649	* 170	* 60	0	* 50	* 6	
Iran	18,400	* 34	* 10	0	0	(
Iraq	-30,300	* 1	0	0	0		
Israel	221,677	56,491	28,465	4,194	1,063	8,438	
Kuwait	51,270	26,384	26,206	0	0	* 3,684	
Lebanon	-3,737	1,772	1,696	0	0	94	
Qatar Soudi Arabia	809,753	171,349	171,349	* 24	0	* 19	
Saudi Arabia	3,473,552	1,423,607	1,395,892	* 6,556	* 61 * 1	4,458	
United Arab Emirates Other areas of Arabian Pennisula	428,015 644,468	75,728 215,974	57,529 212,068	* 209	^ 1 0	* 33	
Other Middle East countries	156,181	10,529	7,803	* 30	0	* 157	
Southern and Southeast Asia, total	15,546,911	3,605,189	2,321,654	70,300	38,733	170,179	
Bangladesh	22,078	* 13,486	* 13,486	0	00,700	170,170	
India	779,584	341,331	242,058	15,670	1,174	19,216	
Indonesia	2,922,100	1,419,777	885,493	11,605	16,222	6,920	
Malaysia	2,460,012	565,219	527,408	1,478	448	35,388	
Pakistan	208,613	72,977	59,177	708	* 15	* 261	
Philippines	1,410,835	272,413	180,356	29,312	9,003	13,106	
Singapore	6,165,641	392,213	242,939	830	1,907	71,790	
Sri Lanka	18,793	6,231	* 3,644	* 115	0	* 21	
Thailand	1,449,849	515,530	161,483	10,582	9,936	22,659	
Vietnam	48,817	2,008	2,008	0	0	564	
Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries	60,591	4,004	3,602	0	* 29	* 254	
Eastern Asia, total	24,063,005	6,411,773	3,014,163	169,123	15,362	687,057	
China	4,954,008	373,343	267,390	* 3,447	494	185,269	
Hong Kong	1,571,062	509,551	393,072	64,388	5,858	111,590	
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	2,214,105	470,751	295,446	592	* 3,253	12,947	
South Korea, Republic of Taiwan	13,253,835 2,039,069	4,371,340 684,307	1,663,988 391,786	52,768 47,929	3,490 2,267	212,77° 161,998	
Other Eastern Asian countries	30,926	* 2,480	* 2,480	47,929	2,207	* 2,480	
Asia not allocable	448,165	* 230	* 230	0	* 3	* 79	
Oceania, total	6,779,989	1,795,608	973,592	27,943	64,973	53,578	
Australia	5,558,318	1,559,612	857,416	19,298	44,697	43,415	
New Zealand	748,601	192,481	73,944	8,645	20,276	9,980	
Other countries of Oceania	473,070	43,515	42,232	0,043	20,270	* 183	
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	7.857.935	1,261,708	1.143.059	83,186	119,886	97,775	
Puerto Rico	5,323,107	819,227	651,247	23,196	1,633	428,405	
U.S. Possessions, total	5,114,395	785,130	619,902	23,124	1,467	427,737	
American Samoa	208,711	34,097	31,346	* 72	* 165	* 668	
Guam	3,543	* 15	* 1	0	0	(
Virgin Islands, U.S.	73,403	23,539	21,251	* 10	0	(
Other U.S. Possessions	116,449	6,324	5,940	* 62	* 165	* 61	
Country not stated	15,316	* 4,218	* 4,153	0	0	* 5	
Section 863(b) income	9,790,534	62,486	62,486	0	0	(
Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1]	* 20,654	* 517	0	0	0	(
Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales	* 000						
Corporation dividends [1] Footnotes at end of table	* 883	* 6	* 6	* 6	0]	(

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	F	oreign income and ta	axes reported on For	m 1118—continue	d
		Foreign taxes paid, a	accrued, and deeme	d paid—continued	
	F	oreign taxes paid or	accrued—continued		
		Other taxes paid			
Selected country		· I	or accrued on.		Taxes
	Branch income	Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)]	Service income	Other income	deemed paid
	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
All geographic areas	5,734,096	63,225	298,690	16,714,997	33,198,017
Canada	547,654		37,217	720,144	6,441,080
Latin America, total	504,417		51,679	1,244,087	2,429,035
Mexico	195,299		7,425	79,734	721,979
Central America, total	5,952		1,047	14,803	55,420
Belize	* 1	0	0	* 497	* 391
Costa Rica	* 270	0	* 318	* 647	18,378
El Salvador	* 134		* 94	* 2,077	3,417
Guatemala	* 764	-	* 360	* 3,815	* 3,475
Honduras	* 266		* 51	* 3,832	* 435
Nicaragua	* 46		* 13	* 2,891	* 74
Panama (including Canal Zone)	* 4,471	0	* 211	* 1,045	29,251
Central America not allocable	10.047	0	0	000.550	700.005
Caribbean countries, total	10,617	0	* 677	390,550 * 66	738,385
Cayman Islands (British) Dominican Republic	* 944	~	* 15 * 123	* 8,603	694,738 * 2,837
Haiti	* 14	-	123	* 5,561	<u>2,637</u> * 151
Jamaica	* 508	-	* 227	* 4.421	* 1.086
Trinidad	* 8,742		* 223	* 370,472	* 25,239
Other Caribbean countries	* 406		* 88	* 1,428	* 14,333
South America, total	292,549		42,530	759,001	913,251
Argentina	25,601	Ö	3,874	106,002	155,566
Bolivia	* 1,645	0	* 7	* 666	* 1,280
Brazil	94,137	0	17,479	110,302	533,322
Chile	15,708	0	* 1,901	202,888	33,497
Colombia	11,669		1,132	116,722	44,292
Ecuador	3,479		* 3,839	68,291	6,221
Paraguay	* 337	0	0	* 1,431	* 6,853
Peru	109,538		7,634	8,069	* 6,750
Uruguay	* 2,182		* 1,430	* 1,025	8,289
Venezuela	6,075		* 5,155	143,188	107,466
Other South American countries Latin America not allocable	* 22,178 0		* 78	* 418 0	* 9,715
	•	-		<u> </u>	-
Other Western Hemisphere, total	* 11,910	0	* 100	* 1,757 * 64	444,395
Bahamas Bermuda	* 1	0	0	* 85	9,251 409,549
Netherlands Antilles	* 840	•	* 32	* 1,335	* 5,398
Other British West Indies	* 10,621	0	* 58	* 270	20,197
All other Western Hemisphere	* 447	Ö	* 10	* 3	20,137
Europe, total	1,549,007		85,091	7,543,313	17,244,680
European Union, total	1,290,853	-	80,324	3,296,065	13,970,265
Austria	19,532		* 19	* 1.235	53,596
Belgium	35,119		* 653	7,634	263,997
Denmark	27,159		* 73	* 252,830	515,021
Finland	6,665		* 4	* 263	18,099
France (including Andorra)	119,892		3,010	68,859	593,753
Germany	268,214		42,666	96,751	874,925
Greece	25,193	0	* 1,535	* 515	77,678

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	F	oreign income and ta	xes reported on For	m 1118—continued	i		
		Foreign taxes paid, a	ccrued, and deeme	d paid—continued			
	F	oreign taxes paid or	accrued—continued				
		Other taxes paid or accrued on:					
Selected country	Branch income	Specifically allocable income	Service income	Other income	Taxes deemed paid		
		[section 863(b)]					
	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)		
Europe, total—continued							
European Union, total—continued Ireland	0.040		* 400	* 070 007	204.05		
	8,012	0	* 462	* 279,027	364,85		
Italy (including San Marino)	76,284 21,629	0	* 3,603	49,823 * 2,234	777,10 2,050,59		
Luxembourg	114,033	0	* 136	112,303	2,050,5		
Netherlands	21,612	0	* 61	* 2,270	49,68		
Portugal		0		46,150	2,420,79		
Spain	26,443 24,758	0	* 1,098 0	* 7,129	72,0		
Sweden		0			3,653,88		
United Kingdom	496,154	0	27,004	2,368,741 * 299	3,003,00		
European Union not allocable	* 155	0	* 4 542		2.807.70		
Other West European countries, total	69,002		* 1,543	3,713,412	, ,		
Liechtenstein	* 103	0	0	0	* 60		
Monaco	U		0				
Norway	* 3,733	0	* 11	* 3,670,587	2,000,4		
Switzerland	45,344	0	* 669	33,204	760,19		
Turkey	19,615	0	* 864	* 9,621	43,9		
Other West European countries not allocable	* 207	0	0	0	* 2,47		
East European countries, total	189,153	0	3,224	530,635	460,68		
Romania	* 11,966	0	* 36	* 172	* 10,62		
Former Soviet Union	146,615	0	* 540	526,717	29,1		
Other East European countries	30,571	0	2,648	3,746	420,92		
Europe not allocable	0	0	0	* 3,202	* 5,90		
Africa, total	189,398	0	2,783	2,335,429	764,9		
North Africa, total	73,496	0	* 322	148,807	5,29		
Algeria	* 30,233	0	0	* 1,340			
Egypt	* 24,355	0	* 51	* 146,211	* 5,00		
Libya	0	0	0	0	*		
Morocco	* 6,825	0	* 270	* 999	* 23		
Other North African countries	* 12,083	0	* 1	* 255	*		
East Africa, total	* 4,607	0	* 418	12,175	34,98		
Ethiopia	* 619	0	0	* 551			
Kenya	* 3,480	0	* 286	* 3,065	* 4,4		
Tanzania	0	0	* 1	* 11	* (
Uganda	0	0	0	* 754	* 4,84		
Other East African countries	* 508	0	* 130	* 7,794	25,64		
West and Central Africa, total	73,554	0	* 1,967	* 2,163,170	562,6		
Gabon	* 4,372	0	0	* 12,275	* 75		
Ghana	0	0	0	* 266	* 64		
Liberia	0	0	0	0	* 2,39		
Nigeria	* 23,589	0	* 1,645	* 1,822,221	* 44,3		
Zaire	* 10.486	0	0	* 478	* 42,60		
Other West and Central African countries	* 35,107	0	* 322	* 327,930	* 471,9		
Southern Africa, total	37,742	0	* 77	11,278	162,05		
Malawi	0,,,,,	Ö	0	* 32	* 1		
South Africa (including Namibia)	* 235	0	0	* 602	* 2,3		
Zambia	37,507	0	* 77	10,339	156,9		
Zimbabwe	0	0	0	* 5	* 1,30		
Other Southern African countries	0	-	0	* 299	* 1,30		
Africa not allocable	0		0	200	1,50		

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Table 3. U.S. Corporation Income Tax Returns with a Foreign Tax Credit, 2004: Foreign Income, Deductions, and Taxes Reported on Form 1118, by Selected Country to Which Foreign Taxes Were Paid—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on a sample—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	F	oreign income and ta	axes reported on For	rm 1118—continue	d		
	Foreign taxes paid, accrued, and deemed paid—continued						
	F	oreign taxes paid or	accrued—continued	· I			
Selected country		Other taxes paid			Taxes		
	Branch income	Specifically allocable income [section 863(b)]	Service income	Other income	deemed paid		
	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)		
Asia, total	2,315,854	* 134	67,306	3,673,918	4,762,10		
Middle East, total	167,991	0	2,042	1,701,969	80,96		
Bahrain	0	-	0	* 4	* 11		
Iran	0	-	0	* 10	* 2		
Iraq Israel	0 6,564	-	* 333	7,872	28,02		
Kuwait	14,406		* 530	* 7,586	* 17		
Lebanon	* 1,571	0	* 26	* 6	* 7		
Qatar	* 988		* 207	* 170,111			
Saudi Arabia	* 106,352	0	* 975	* 1,277,491	27,71		
United Arab Emirates	* 22,689		0	* 34,630	* 18,19		
Other areas of Arabian Pennisula	* 7,949		* -97	* 204,183	* 3,90		
Other Middle East countries	* 7,472	0	* 68	* 76	2,72		
Southern and Southeast Asia, total	556,053		17,906	1,468,348 * 650	1,283,53		
Bangladesh India	* 12,837 164,590	0	6,602	34,806	99,27		
Indonesia	* 90,480		* 5,852	754,414	534,28		
Malaysia	5,680		909	483,505	37,81		
Pakistan	* 18,308		* 55	39,831	13,79		
Philippines	79,050		* 389	49,496	92,05		
Singapore	126,095		1,293	40,890	149,27		
Sri Lanka	* 3,263		0	* 245	* 2,58		
Thailand	51,272		2,727	64,307	354,04		
Vietnam Other Southern and Southeast Asian countries	* 1,203 * 3,277	0	* 65 * 13	* 176 * 29	* 40		
Eastern Asia, total	1,591,809	-	47,359	503,453	3,397,61		
China	34,891	0	2,896	40,392	105,95		
Hong Kong	174,032	-	4,219	32,986	116,47		
Japan (including Okinawa and Ryukyu Islands)	73,902	0	* 3,540	201,211	175,30		
South Korea, Republic of	1,198,715	0	3,818	192,426	2,707,35		
Taiwan	110,269	0	32,885	36,437	292,52		
Other Eastern Asian countries	0	-	0	0			
Asia not allocable	0	<u> </u>	0	* 148			
Oceania, total	331,073		8,243	487,782	822,01		
Australia	307,075		8,086	434,845	702,19		
New Zealand Other countries of Oceania	14,525 * 9,474	0	* 139 * 18	20,380 * 32,558	118,53 * 1,28		
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions, total	149,225	<u> </u>	29,004	663,377	118,64		
Puerto Rico	135,557	003	17,267	45,190	167,98		
U.S. Possessions, total	109,778	ŏ	15,987	41,809	165,22		
American Samoa	25,779		* 1,281	3,380	* 2,75		
Guam	0	0	0	* 1	* 1		
Virgin Islands, U.S.	18,883		* 1,164	* 1,195	* 2,28		
Other U.S. Possessions	* 2,913		* 116	2,068	* 38		
Country not stated	* 3,983		0	* 117	* 6		
Section 863(b) income	0	62,486	0	0			
Foreign Sales Corporation dividends [1] Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales	0	0	0	0	* 51		
Corporation dividends [1]	0	0	0	0			

^{*} Data should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.

^[1] Dividends from an Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporation or a Foreign Sales Corporation were not reported for specific foreign countries.

^[2] Included in gross income (less loss), columns 2-8.

^[3] Included in total deductions, column 11.

 $[\]label{eq:NOTE:Detail} \mbox{NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.}$

Partnership and Sole Proprietorship Data, by Region and State, for Tax Years 2002-2005

by Brian J. Maisano

his article highlights partnership and sole proprietorship data by region and State tabulated by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) for the Statistics of Income Division (SOI). SOI uses these tabulations in its capacity as an IRS office which prepares and publishes statistics on the operations associated with the execution and application of the internal revenue laws. BEA uses geographic coding data obtained from the Nonemployer Statistics program at the Census Bureau to assign tax records to the proper States based on the Zip Codes contained in the IRS record extracts. This process also identifies and suppresses any data associated with frequencies of less than three at the State level to ensure that they are disclosure-free. BEA then tabulates the number of returns and the unincorporated business income for SOI by State for partnerships and sole proprietorships. No statistical tabulations or research results are released which would potentially reveal identifiable information about individuals, employers, or establishments.²

Partnership Returns, 2002-2005

BEA tabulates the total number of partnership returns and three variables—gross receipts (less returns and allowances), ordinary income (or loss), and the number of partners.³ Gross receipts are tabulated from data reported on line 1c of Form 1065. This includes gross receipts from line 1a minus returns and allowances reported on line 1b. Ordinary income (loss) is tabulated from data reported on line 22 of Form 1065. It includes total income or loss (line 8) minus total deductions (line 21).

From 2002-2005, the total tabulated number of partnership returns for the United States increased 23 percent, from 2,336,313 to 2,873,194 (Table 1). Over this period, the Southeast region experienced the fastest growth of 36.1 percent. Florida was the

Brian J. Maisano is an economist in the Regional Income Division of the Bureau of Economic Analysis. fastest growing State in this region, with an increase of 34,623 in the number of partnership returns, or 79.2 percent over the period. Georgia, North Carolina, and Virginia also contributed significantly to the growth of the region. In 2005, the Southeast also held the greatest share of the total number of partnership returns in the nation, with 12.1 percent.

The States in the Southwest region also experienced relatively rapid growth in the number of partnership returns for the 2002-2005 period, with the largest increases occurring in Arizona and Texas. The Great Lakes region experienced the slowest growth from 2002-2005, with a 21.9-percent increase over the period.

The Southeast and Southwest regions were also the fastest growing regions in terms of gross receipts (less returns and allowances) from 2002-2005 (Table 2). Florida showed the fastest growth among the States with a 113.2-percent increase, while Texas showed the largest increase in dollar amounts with a \$69.7-billion increase over the period for a 40.1-percent growth rate. The Southeast also accounted for the greatest share of U.S. gross receipts (less returns and allowances) in 2005 with 21.4 percent. Figure A shows the States ranked in quintiles by growth rates in partnership gross receipts from 2002-2005.

Tabulated ordinary income for the United States rose by \$131.6 billion from 2002-2005, an increase of 103.7 percent (Table 3). The Southeast region had the largest growth in dollar terms among the regions, with an increase of \$29.7 billion in ordinary income. Florida, North Carolina, and Georgia made up the bulk of this growth with increases of \$9.7 billion, \$4.9 billion, and \$3.8 billion, respectively. California and Texas showed the largest growth in dollar amounts with increases of \$19.1 billion and \$15.4 billion. Connecticut experienced a substantial increase in partnership ordinary income over the period. Most of the increase occurred between 2004 and 2005, when ordinary income increased from \$3.3 billion to \$14.6 billion.

¹ BEA assigns tax records to States based on the Zip Code given on the first page of Form 1065 for partnerships and Form 1040 for sole proprietorships. These Zip Codes reflect only the filing address and therefore do not necessarily reflect the exact location of the business activity.

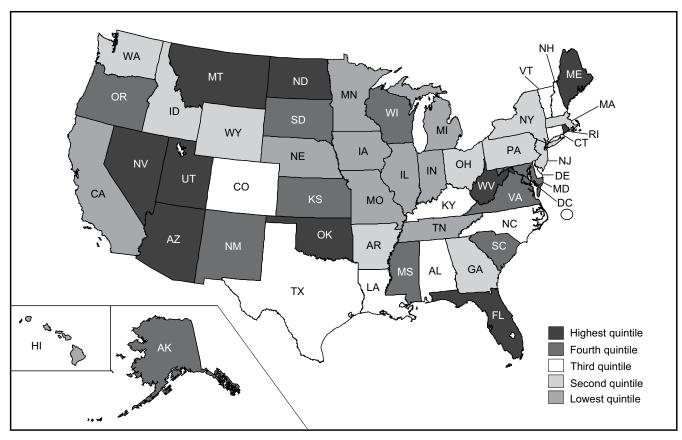
² For a more detailed statement of the sources and methods used to produce BEA State and local area estimates of Personal Income, see the BEA Web site at http://www.bea.gov/regional/methods.cfm.

³ BEA tabulated figures are based on unedited population extracts. U.S. totals for the variables included do not match published SOI totals, which are estimates based on edited samples.

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Figure A

Partnerships: Gross Receipts Growth Rates, 2002-2005



Sole Proprietorship Returns, 2002-2005

BEA tabulates the total number of sole proprietorship returns and two variables from sole proprietorship returns to the State level—gross receipts (less returns and allowances) and net profit or loss.^{4,5} Gross receipts from sole proprietorships are tabulated from line 3 of Form 1040 Schedule C. This is calculated as gross receipts or sales (line 1) minus returns and allowances (line 2). Net profit or loss is tabulated from line 31 of Form 1040 Schedule C. Net profit or loss equals gross income (line 7) minus total expenses (line 28) and expenses for business use of a home (line 30).

The total number of sole proprietorship returns for the United States, as tabulated by BEA, grew by 392,396 from 2002-2005, a 1.9-percent increase over the period (Table 4). The Great Lakes were the fastest growing region over the period, increasing by 9.0 percent to 3,135,856 returns in 2005, due to strong growth in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Illinois. Among all States, Georgia had both the largest percentage increase and the largest increase in the number of returns over the period, from 583,810 returns in 2002 to 678,878 returns in 2005, for a 16.3-percent increase. This growth, however, was not reflected in the rest of the Southeast, which only grew at 1.0

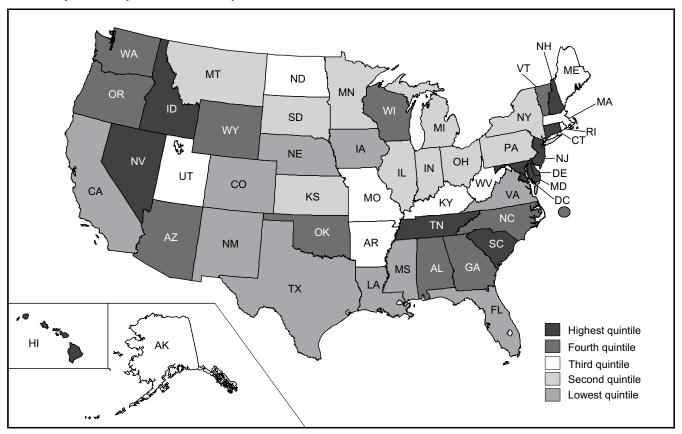
⁴ Sole proprietors report business income or loss on Form 1040, Schedule C. BEA tabulates the number of sole proprietorship returns as the number of Schedule C forms filed for a given tax year.

⁵ BEA tabulated figures are based on unedited population extracts. U.S. totals for the variables included do not match published SOI totals, which are estimates based on edited samples.

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Figure B

Sole Proprietorships: Gross Receipts Growth Rates, 2002-2005



percent over the period. Florida contributed largely to this slow growth with a 14.5-percent decline over the period. California, the largest State in terms of number of returns, declined 11.4 percent over this period, while the next two largest States—Texas and New York—grew by 3.5 percent and 5.5 percent, respectively.

Total gross receipts (less returns and allowances) from sole proprietorship returns grew 7.7 percent from 2002-2005 to \$974.8 billion (Table 5). New England grew the fastest among the regions over this period, with a 17.1-percent increase, while the Mideast saw the largest portion of this growth, in dollar terms, with a \$19.6-billion increase. The Mideast region growth occurred mainly in New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania, which experienced increases of \$6.0 billion, \$5.9 billion, and \$3.9 billion, respectively. In terms of percentage increases, Hawaii, Nevada, and Idaho were the fastest growing States

over the period. Iowa, New Mexico, and California saw significant decreases in gross receipts from 2002-2005, bringing down the growth rates in their respective regions. Figure B shows the States ranked in quintiles by growth rates in sole proprietorship gross receipts from 2002-2005.

Net profit for the United States grew 11.6 percent to \$234.4 billion from 2002-2005 (Table 6). Texas, California, and New York contributed the largest amounts to this growth, with increases of \$1.9 billion, \$1.8 billion, and \$1.7 billion, respectively. These three States are the largest States in terms of net profit from sole proprietorship returns, collectively comprising 31.7 percent of the nation for 2005. New Jersey and Pennsylvania also grew significantly, combining with New York to give the Mideast the largest growth among the regions—\$5.4 billion—from 2002-2005. In terms of percentage change, Nevada, Hawaii, and Arizona were the fast

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growing States, while Iowa, Mississippi, and New Mexico experienced the largest percentage decreases over the period.

Future Research

This article presents the first of what is to be an ongoing series of articles examining geographic data for partnerships and sole proprietorships. In constructing a time series of data for these tabulations, a number of possibilities for future investigation have been suggested. Further refinement in the processing of the unedited population extracts should lead to a reduction in the number of unidentifiable records. This will allow presentation of the data by major industrial sector and with expanded geographic detail. Analysis and interpretation of year-to-year variations in the data will benefit from increased understanding of tax law changes, as well as expanded processing capabilities.

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Table 1. Partnerships: Number of Returns, by Region and State, Tax Years 2002-2005

[All figures are based on tabulated population extracts]

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Region and State	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage cumulativ change, 2002-2005
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Inited States, total	2,336,313	2,481,381	2,669,959	2,873,194	23.0
New England, total	64,573	69,568	74,433	78,938	22.2
Connecticut	27,641	29,242	30,595	31,785	15.0
Maine	3,837	4,218	4,613	5,023	30.9
Massachusetts	21,301	23,039	24,805	26,634	25.0
New Hampshire	6,067	6,817	7,707	8,355	37.7
Rhode Island	3,324	3,688	3,936	4,167	25.4
Vermont	2,403	2,564	2,777	2,974	23.8
Mideast, total	187,809	201,724	219,521	239,249	27.4
Delaware	3,922	4,410	4,956	5,517	40.7
District of Columbia	3,119	3,290	3,565	3,920	25.7
Maryland	21,485	23,311	25,639	28,146	31.0
New Jersey	44,535	49,808	55,544	61,562	38.2
New York	73,397	77,414	83,015	89,671	22.2
Pennsylvania	41,351	43,491	46,802	50,433	22.0
Great Lakes, total	159,806	170,218	182,857	194,834	21.9
Illinois	38,517	40,851	44,100	47,432	23.1
Indiana	19,411	20,683	22,095	23,516	21.1
Michigan	37,451	39,930	42,928	45,310	21.0
Ohio	40,471	43,267	46,401	49,590	22.5
Wisconsin	23,956	25,487	27,333	28,986	21.0
Plains, total	88,112	94,028	101,665	108,558	23.2
lowa	12,365	13,071	14,004	15,054	21.7
Kansas	14,650	15,427	16,342	17,319	18.2
Minnesota	20,559	22,210	24,467	26,321	28.0
Missouri	23,830	25,710	28,066	30,160	26.6
Nebraska	8,182	8,594	9,206	9,689	18.4
North Dakota	4,123	4,387	4,559	4,709	14.2
South Dakota	4,403	4,629	5,021	5,306	20.5
Southeast, total	256,053	280,247	311,028	348,467	36.1
Alabama	16,554	17,712	19,184	21,007	26.9
Arkansas	10,814	11,500	12,517	13,708	26.8
Florida	43,690	51,912	63,156	78,313	79.2
Georgia	29,524	32,569	36,630	41,168	39.4
Kentucky	16,517	17,742	19,123	20,418	23.6
Louisiana	20,427	22,443	23,571	25,316	23.9
Mississippi	10,345	10,978	11,652	12,378	19.7
North Carolina	29,608	31,956	34,835	38,455	29.9
South Carolina	14,488	15,809	17,480	19,179	32.4
Tennessee	31,372	32,435	34,226	36,171	15.3
Virginia	26,031	28,242	31,250	34,584	32.9
West Virginia	6,683	6,949	7,404	7,770	16.3
Southwest, total	163,640	179,791	199,234	221,324	35.3
Arizona	28,392	31,215	34,804	39,095	37.7
New Mexico	7,530	8,084	8,789	9,439	25.4
Oklahoma	18,108	19,297	20,899	22,694	25.3
Texas	109,610	121,195	134,742	150,096	36.9
Rocky Mountain, total	76,465	81,654	89,214	96,784	26.6
Colorado	34,981	37,320	40,237	43,022	23.0
Idaho	8,872	9,511	10,466	11,716	32.1
Montana	6,605	7,029	7,643	8,145	23.3
Utah	21,386 4,621	22,969 4,825	25,658 5,210	28,306 5,595	32.4
Wyoming Far West total					21.1
Far West, total	226,213	238,747	257,098	277,500	22.7
Alaska	2,983	3,106	3,343	3,543	18.8
California	159,763	167,495	178,693	191,589	19.9
Hawaii	4,213	4,519	5,056	5,492	30.4
Nevada	15,087	16,865	19,364	22,068	46.3
Oregon	17,359	18,693	20,303	22,137	27.5
Washington	26,808	28,069	30,339	32,671	21.9
State not allocable [1]	1,113,642	1,165,404	1,234,909	1,307,540	17.4

^[1] Data not allocated to State due to unidentifiable records in the unedited population extracts.

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Table 2. Partnerships: Gross Receipts (Less Returns and Allowances), by Region and State, Tax Years 2002-2005

[All figures are based on tabulated population extracts—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Region and State					Percentage cumulative	
Ů	2002	2003	2004	2005	change, 2002-2005	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
nited States, total	1,463,277,909	1,590,575,764	1,801,212,095	2,019,174,623	38.0	
New England, total	65,392,231	70,208,235	81,941,303	90,779,881	38.8	
Connecticut	23,742,277	26,127,727	30,072,612	33,237,934	40.0	
Maine	2,239,265	2,577,866	3,317,114	3,670,286	63.9	
Massachusetts	29,410,983	30,039,395	35,122,510	38,545,858	31.1	
New Hampshire	5,620,816	6,245,510	7,387,819	8,114,377	44.4	
Rhode Island	3,331,596	4,083,648	4,703,775	5,734,106	72.1	
Vermont	1,047,294	1,134,089	1,337,473	1,477,320	41.1	
Mideast, total	272,801,837	289,445,934	324,162,970	365,045,428	33.8	
Delaware	4,722,799	5,241,977	6,229,482	6,861,744	45.3	
District of Columbia	8,016,677	9,064,808	9,568,109	10,980,244	37.0	
Maryland	25,257,352	28,954,800	32,518,265	37,082,514	46.8	
New Jersey	57,753,223	57,463,130	65,292,148	75,359,882	30.5	
New York	120,883,603	130,947,081	145,521,217	161,447,340	33.6	
Pennsylvania	56,168,183	57,774,138	65,033,749	73,313,704	30.5	
Great Lakes, total	200,152,351	213,803,278	237,640,261	256,173,541	28.0	
Illinois	67,750,538	73,658,519	81,136,575	87,874,957	29.7	
Indiana	28,873,267	30,363,121	33,546,828	34,667,834	20.1	
Michigan	42,268,102	46,209,191	48,073,385	50,077,455	18.5	
Ohio	42,431,609	43,660,562	50,067,929	55,708,689	31.3	
Wisconsin	18,828,835	19,911,885	24,815,544	27,844,606	47.9	
Plains, total	86,758,202	91,037,364	105,063,266	113,581,602	30.9	
lowa	10,757,392	11,784,591	14,042,692	13,799,473	28.3	
Kansas	10,373,748	11,650,031	13,819,772	16.563.933	59.7	
Minnesota	22,277,985	23,593,549	25,895,107	28,005,208	25.7	
Missouri	28,510,019	27,826,566	33,349,173	36,405,220	27.7	
Nebraska	10,172,431	10.346.447	11,059,873	11,208,663	10.2	
North Dakota	1,866,635	2.186.439	2,803,623	3,290,646	76.3	
South Dakota	2,799,992	3,649,741	4,093,026	4,308,459	53.9	
Southeast, total	283,189,514	319,631,655	373,560,389	432,938,814	52.9	
Alabama	16,511,890	17,208,727	21,358,340	23,460,180	42.1	
Arkansas	9,716,452	11,241,467	11,213,375	13,062,686	34.4	
Florida	55,073,856	71,329,337	91,551,811	117,443,553	113.2	
Georgia	45,077,883	47,028,284	54,929,105	59,033,240	31.0	
Kentucky	17,661,145	21,123,704	24,325,832	25,102,096	42.1	
Louisiana	18,602,678	20,700,300	21,299,355	25,512,132	37.1	
Mississippi	7,386,356	7,797,036	9,043,647	10,874,523	47.2	
North Carolina	31,519,873	33,947,174	37,530,165	44,472,126	41.1	
South Carolina	10,214,280	11,570,138	13,648,709	16,425,834	60.8	
Tennessee	42,360,142	45,604,837	50,980,780	53,251,581	25.7	
Virginia	25,934,691	28,546,325	33,391,199	39,141,226	50.9	
West Virginia	3,130,268	3,534,326	4,288,071	5,159,637	64.8	
Southwest, total	219,994,035	244,643,635	276,632,983	323,941,702	47.3	
Arizona	24,416,223	27,946,890	35,584,644	43,532,827	78.3	
New Mexico	3,832,817	4,148,254	5,022,195	6,015,518	56.9	
Oklahoma	18,200,070	22,091,225	23,635,998	31,181,353	71.3	
Texas Rocky Mountain, total	173,544,925 56,440,013	190,457,266 61,056,612	212,390,146 70,480,892	243,212,004 82,314,728	40.1 45.8	
Colorado		35,226,648		44,480,334	39.2	
	31,946,848 7,611,313	7,568,564	38,402,203		34.9	
Idaho			9,659,342	10,269,332		
Montana	2,435,868	2,832,836	3,857,962	4,510,303	85.2	
Utah Wyoming	12,179,271	12,656,025	15,277,720	19,975,825	64.0	
Wyoming Far West, total	2,266,713	2,772,539	3,283,665	3,078,934	35.8	
Far West, total	233,654,912	256,539,997	285,722,981	310,621,563	32.9	
Alaska	2,264,356	2,511,308	2,863,433	3,527,755	55.8	
California	171,946,740	188,702,099	205,194,475	221,059,151	28.6	
Hawaii	4,278,166	4,155,862	5,254,195	5,426,983	26.9	
Nevada	13,749,900	16,414,665	20,049,685	23,429,660	70.4	
Oregon	14,459,568	15,661,678	19,468,040	21,169,555	46.4	
Washington	26,956,182	29,094,385	32,893,153	36,008,459	33.6	
State not allocable [1]	44,894,814	44,209,054	46,007,050	43,777,364	-2.5	

^[1] Data not allocated to State due to unidentifiable records in the unedited population extracts.

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Table 3. Partnerships: Ordinary Income, by Region and State, Tax Years 2002-2005

[All figures are based on tabulated population extracts—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Ordinary income							
Region and State	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage cumulativ change, 2002-2005			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
Inited States, total	126,836,609	146,732,668	187,656,385	258,423,055	103.7			
New England, total	6,012,143	5,987,529	9,048,652	21,365,477	255.4			
Connecticut	2,061,420	1,877,039	3,340,887	14,625,259	609.5			
Maine	115,733	95,599	170,898	250,439	116.4			
Massachusetts	3,186,458	3,342,463	4,593,226	5,287,962	66.0			
New Hampshire	249,747	137,734	343,891	389,741	56.1			
Rhode Island	316,964	459,388	477,581	692,040	118.3			
Vermont	81,821	75,306	122,169	120,036	46.7			
Mideast, total	19,027,754	26,960,003	38,362,898	46,292,888	143.3			
Delaware	-603,591	488,899	327,676	1,811,644	[1]			
District of Columbia	2,197,464	2,634,702	2,860,220	3,315,861	50.9			
Maryland	1,202,631	231,194	1,816,445	3,941,739	227.8			
New Jersey	1,321,707	3,151,411	4,434,643	6,924,572	423.9			
New York	12,801,694	16,070,244	23,777,525	22,894,314	78.8			
Pennsylvania	2,107,849	4,383,553	5,146,389	7,404,758	251.3			
Great Lakes, total	15,760,899	16,150,214	22,213,364	23,831,049	51.2			
Illinois	8,111,124	9,063,189	10,590,021	10,946,246	35.0			
Indiana	1,348,924	720,592	2.115.175	2,536,862	88.1			
Michigan	2,792,170	2,923,445	4.353.127	3,855,257	38.1			
Ohio	2,666,193	2,524,248	3,017,937	4,595,841	72.4			
Wisconsin	842,488	918,740	2,137,104	1,896,843	125.1			
Plains, total	1,762,910	3,981,634	5,071,266	8,424,834	377.9			
lowa	618,360	901,526	837,738	955,374	54.5			
Kansas	-8,654	-480,363	-108,059	331,468	[1]			
Minnesota	497,334	1,833,968	1,913,786	2,090,446	320.3			
Missouri	-187,024	916,018	1,551,994	3,211,291	[1]			
Nebraska	545,822	392,064	268,832	1,108,872	103.2			
North Dakota	118,298	153,129	202,186	228,718	93.3			
South Dakota	178,774	265,292	404,789	498,665	178.9			
	12,674,517			42,357,478	234.2			
Southeast, total Alabama		17,354,379	25,147,032		195.4			
Arkansas	706,076	1,028,499	1,164,681	2,085,608	85.4			
	636,019	661,118	813,088	1,178,910	500.5			
Florida	1,927,995	3,041,745	5,775,239	11,577,540 6,522,807	142.6			
Georgia	2,688,332	2,378,417	3,915,241					
Kentucky	775,100	757,280	1,231,638	1,357,915	75.2			
Louisiana	825,841	1,595,704	2,170,323	3,011,209	264.6			
Mississippi	53,476	440,507	516,536	231,254	332.4			
North Carolina	692,863	1,720,894	1,523,184	5,601,790	708.5			
South Carolina	157,228	433,022	534,173	1,110,513	606.3			
Tennessee	2,854,146	2,863,303	3,922,426	4,457,735	56.2			
Virginia	1,078,356	2,163,942	3,266,180	4,494,370	316.8			
West Virginia	279,085	269,948	314,323	727,827	160.8			
Southwest, total	14,558,386	22,150,812	25,989,178	38,227,502	162.6			
Arizona	386,825	1,055,978	2,270,290	4,005,992	935.6			
New Mexico	359,491	386,972	490,938	746,287	107.6			
Oklahoma	1,354,033	3,555,244	3,369,748	5,642,188	316.7			
Texas	12,458,037	17,152,618	19,858,202	27,833,035	123.4			
Rocky Mountain, total	1,342,860	1,842,859	4,335,711	7,642,863	469.1			
Colorado	824,006	1,024,527	2,798,555	4,777,479	479.8			
Idaho	75,442	272,137	387,449	492,553	552.9			
Montana	160,362	132,996	262,640	538,309	235.7			
Utah	143,536	281,395	655,325	1,550,213	980.0			
Wyoming	139,514	131,804	231,742	284,309	103.8			
Far West, total	16,821,268	19,764,267	30,248,239	42,596,444	153.2			
Alaska	-1,726,283	-1,464,872	-882,698	-1,307,663	[1]			
California	13,016,640	16,993,518	24,591,991	32,096,390	146.6			
Hawaii	236,307	212,890	538,441	578,419	144.8			
Nevada	3,206,397	1,443,092	2,178,646	4,304,483	34.2			
Oregon	215,263	215,698	857,424	1,422,724	560.9			
Washington	1,872,944	2,363,941	2,964,435	5,502,091	193.8			
State not allocable [2]	38,875,872	32,540,971	27,240,045	27,684,520	-28.8			

^[1] Percentage changes cannot be calculated.

^[2] Data not allocated to State due to unidentifiable records in the unedited population extracts.

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Table 4. Sole Proprietorships: Number of Returns, by Region and State, Tax Years 2002-2005

[All figures are based on tabulated population extracts]

Region and State	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage cumulative change, 2002-2005
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Jnited States, total	20,255,392	21,186,271	20,814,210	20,647,788	1.9
New England, total	1,073,047	1,116,184	1,134,502	1,154,713	7.6
Connecticut	248,218	259,318	263,006	267,847	7.9
Maine	120,211	123,990	126,778	128,742	7.1
Massachusetts	469,378	488,539	495,263	503,450	7.3
New Hampshire	106,528	111,639	114,659	117,819	10.6
Rhode Island	65,760	67,961	68,554	69,829	6.2
Vermont	62,952	64,737	66,242	67,026	6.5
Mideast, total	3,105,148	3,254,624	3,283,536	3,336,704	7.5
Delaware	44,838	47,320	49,008	50,891	13.5
District of Columbia	38,464	39,704	40,999	41,811	8.7
Maryland	388,198	410,291	420,604	431,620	11.2
New Jersey	530,870	560,676	564,142	575,942	8.5
New York	1,347,676	1,416,485	1,411,271	1,422,354	5.5
Pennsylvania	755,102	780,148	797,512	814,086	7.8
Great Lakes, total	2,877,417	2,987,712	3,059,136	3,135,856	9.0
Illinois	805,418	846,716	864,450	884,120	9.8
Indiana	385,455	393,461	399,674	408,741	6.0
Michigan	621,419	647,582	668,428	693,153	11.5
Ohio	724,737	746,613	762,233	778,642	7.4
Wisconsin	340,388	353,340	364,351	371,200	9.1
Plains, total	1,477,779	1,520,060	1,543,262	1,436,684	-2.8
lowa	223,863	228,800	231,627	118,830	-46.9
Kansas	206,014	210,755	212,186	212,825	3.3
Minnesota	396,408	409,678	415,347	417,327	5.3
Missouri	401,522	416,556	426,658	432,879	7.8
Nebraska	134,890	136,972	138,011	135.324	0.3
North Dakota	50,682	51,648	52,259	53,038	4.6
South Dakota	64,400	65,651	67,174	66,461	3.2
Southeast, total	4,818,627	5,066,181	5,149,321	4,867,332	1.0
Alabama	285,326	297,925	309,685	323,019	13.2
Arkansas	190,091	195,637	199,949	205,935	8.3
Florida	1,209,435	1,273,930	1,266,641	1,034,339	-14.5
Georgia	583,810	631,695	646,790	678,878	16.3
Kentucky	270,143	278,755	285,232	289,113	7.0
Louisiana	283,056	296,101	297,464	288,372	1.9
Mississippi	172,418	179,384	180,918	148,885	-13.6
North Carolina	574,316	602,006	618,439	634,829	10.5
South Carolina	253,375	265,399	273,443	282,548	11.5
Tennessee	434,617	454,834	468,368	477,628	9.9
Virginia	460,522	487,070	498,205	399,549	-13.2
West Virginia	101,518	103,445	104,187	104,237	2.7
Southwest, total	2,372,121	2,511,229	2,378,103	2,406,937	1.5
Arizona					
	333,925	354,849	321,922	327,197	-2.0 -26.9
New Mexico	125,417	129,269	129,681	91,684	6.6
Oklahoma	271,160	279,881	284,109	288,995	
Texas	1,641,619	1,747,230	1,642,391	1,699,061	3.5
Rocky Mountain, total	796,938	828,649	829,361	844,323	5.9
Colorado	391,426	406,390	405,147	406,893	4.0
Idaho	111,260	116,229	118,739	123,602	11.1
Montana	88,187	90,566	91,390	92,133	4.5
Utah	161,448	169,955	168,451	175,169	8.5
Wyoming	44,617	45,509	45,634	46,526	4.3
Far West, total	3,609,806	3,766,813	3,349,207	3,379,636	-6.4
Alaska	59,728	61,197	60,643	60,638	1.5
California	2,660,363	2,780,245	2,350,483	2,357,754	-11.4
Hawaii	91,055	94,656	96,763	98,285	7.9
Nevada	131,482	142,522	140,795	145,673	10.8
Oregon	262,662	268,404	273,237	278,869	6.2
Washington	404,516	419,789	427,286	438,417	8.4
State not allocable [1]	124,509	134,819	87,782	85,603	-31.2

^[1] Data not allocated to State due to unidentifiable records in the unedited population extracts.

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Table 5. Sole Proprietorships: Gross Receipts (Less Returns and Allowances), by Region and State, Tax Years 2002-2005

[All figures are based on tabulated population extracts—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

<u> </u>	Gross receipts (less returns and allowances)					
Region and State	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage cumulativ change, 2002-2005	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
nited States, total	904,755,983	934,181,335	955,786,516	974,777,191	7.7	
New England, total	55,838,504	58,103,580	62,524,727	65,366,894	17.1	
Connecticut	15,031,223	15,731,252	17,295,856	18,610,363	23.8	
Maine	5,532,165	5,804,209	6,181,542	6,339,230	14.6	
Massachusetts	23,338,245	24,012,400	25,406,912	26,303,407	12.7	
New Hampshire	6,417,042	6,807,596	7,479,654	7,757,287	20.9	
Rhode Island	2,783,268	2,912,747	3,089,648	3,182,992	14.4	
Vermont	2,736,561	2,835,376	3,071,115	3,173,615	16.0	
Mideast, total	133,249,198	138,860,647	147,441,949	152,838,300	14.7	
Delaware	1,780,879	1,853,209	2,031,453	2,153,467	20.9	
District of Columbia	1,263,260	1,347,885	1,477,612	1,498,202	18.6	
Maryland	14,115,996	15,023,703	16,419,941	17,267,724	22.3	
New Jersey	25,793,444	27,414,481	29,790,651	31,779,238	23.2	
New York	50,836,084	52,743,803	55,195,031	56,741,266	11.6	
Pennsylvania	39,459,535	40,477,566	42,527,261	43,398,403	10.0	
Great Lakes, total	110,261,461	113,807,170	119,451,994	122,677,299	11.3	
Illinois	29,214,342	30,137,194	31,408,297	32,007,263	9.6	
Indiana	13,874,951	14,112,770	14,649,735	15,000,069	8.1	
	22,820,933	23,600,745	24,582,315	25,487,420	11.7	
Michigan						
Ohio	28,839,035	29,794,867	31,598,127	32,216,978	11.7	
Wisconsin	15,512,200	16,161,594	17,213,520	17,965,569	15.8	
Plains, total	57,680,317	59,653,960	62,636,139	59,122,891	2.5	
lowa	8,548,326	8,796,199	9,270,021	4,712,618	-44.9	
Kansas	8,411,382	8,642,897	9,043,738	9,393,399	11.7	
Minnesota	14,716,606	15,278,145	15,950,165	15,982,649	8.6	
Missouri	16,193,113	16,979,048	17,978,687	18,609,951	14.9	
Nebraska	4,931,422	4,975,115	5,124,494	5,041,057	2.2	
North Dakota	1,973,013	2,010,625	2,154,125	2,228,943	13.0	
South Dakota	2,906,455	2,971,931	3,114,909	3,154,274	8.5	
Southeast, total	189,510,032	197,086,655	208,105,489	208,474,645	10.0	
Alabama	12,553,259	12,941,664	13,834,273	14,899,125	18.7	
Arkansas	7,792,100	8,049,973	8,487,309	8,896,615	14.2	
Florida	37,996,430	38,134,798	40,351,415	38,124,494	0.3	
Georgia	22,223,008	23,365,923	24,388,046	25,658,743	15.5	
Kentucky	10,516,194	11,029,579	11,656,105	12,101,262	15.1	
Louisiana	11,196,329	11,808,556	11,347,680	11,755,908	5.0	
Mississippi	8,357,806	8,689,357	8,347,424	7,082,527	-15.3	
North Carolina	23,121,292	24,005,535	25,588,284	26,823,405	16.0	
South Carolina	11,030,586	11,620,758	12,546,846	13,453,742	22.0	
Tennessee	22,451,033	23,851,220	25,826,991	27,471,083	22.4	
Virginia	17,588,034	18,784,430	20,608,766	16,922,059	-3.8	
West Virginia	4,683,961	4,804,862	5,122,350	5,285,682	12.8	
Southwest, total	105,823,968	110,364,381	108,657,216	114,270,006	8.0	
Arizona	13,269,758	14,053,406	14,289,746	15,516,461	16.9	
New Mexico	4,836,716	5,034,113	5,234,867	3,644,112	-24.7	
Oklahoma	11,024,642	11,488,326	12,200,303	13,032,202	18.2	
Texas	76,692,852	79,788,536	76,932,300	82,077,231	7.0	
Rocky Mountain, total	30,250,540	31,188,285	32,428,508	34,004,364	12.4	
Colorado	14,877,641	15,168,510	15,563,364	15,919,658	7.0	
Idaho	4,674,563	4,877,932	5,342,725	5,885,385	25.9	
Montana	3,723,507	3,880,666	4,031,815	4,170,000	12.0	
Utah	5,077,284	5,297,940	5,394,693	5,822,173	14.7	
Wyoming	1,897,545	1,963,237	2,095,911	2,207,148	16.3	
Far West, total	213,637,593	220,386,490	209,718,247	213,337,077	-0.1	
Alaska	3,012,205	3,137,927	3,254,951	3,374,847	12.0	
California	169,187,964	173,705,467	160,234,080	161,010,951	-4.8	
Hawaii	3,727,499	4,066,569	4,424,545	4,803,436	28.9	
ı iawalı			7,716,091	8,218,540	26.3	
Nevada						
Nevada	6,508,620	7,101,364				
Nevada Oregon Washington	11,840,126 19,361,179	12,146,093 20,229,070	12,858,743 21,229,837	13,646,574 22,282,729	15.3 15.1	

^[1] Data not allocated to State due to unidentifiable records in the unedited population extracts.

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Table 6. Sole Proprietorships: Net Profit or Loss, by Region and State, Tax Years 2002-2005

[All figures are based on tabulated population extracts—money amounts are in thousands of dollar]

	Net profit or loss				
Region and State	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage cumulative change, 2002-2005
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Jnited States, total	210,132,477	216,435,630	227,668,931	234,425,658	11.6
New England, total	15,336,990	15,691,281	17,112,626	17,758,675	15.8
Connecticut	4,256,497	4,357,319	4,801,148	5,110,539	20.1
Maine	1,031,863	1,156,225	1,212,353	1,240,851	20.3
Massachusetts	7,056,541	7,169,654	7,797,902	7,977,019	13.0
New Hampshire	1,506,471	1,523,677	1,690,264	1,765,602	17.2
Rhode Island	866,882	895,310	949,343	966,214	11.5
Vermont	618,736	589,096	661,616	698,450	12.9
Mideast, total	38,164,909	38,760,436	42,124,180	43,545,562	14.1
Delaware	460,411	485,882	530,590	526,447	14.3
District of Columbia	573,967	542,839	676,195	684,107	19.2
Maryland	3,977,163	4,012,693	4,504,317	4,632,995	16.5
New Jersey	7,963,541	8,192,935	8,957,638	9,466,656	18.9
New York	15,958,002	16,086,487	17,562,905	17,696,693	10.9
Pennsylvania	9,231,825	9,439,600	9,892,535	10,538,664	14.2
Great Lakes, total	26,291,649	27,064,576	28,571,804	28,874,897	9.8
Illinois	7,974,810	8,446,321	8,923,148	8,976,446	12.6
Indiana	3,230,327	3,319,964	3,540,675	3,597,267	11.4
Michigan	5,322,483	5,410,603	5,636,809	5,752,345	8.1
Ohio	6,693,124	6,754,667	7,122,909	7,099,522	6.1
Wisconsin	3,070,905	3,133,021	3,348,263	3,449,317	12.3
Plains, total	11,812,641	12,126,475		12,319,788	4.3
			12,850,013		-42.3
lowa	1,649,741	1,703,569	1,737,582	951,306	
Kansas	1,603,950	1,657,884	1,767,680	1,884,994	17.5
Minnesota	3,456,530	3,602,966	3,814,575	3,824,763	10.7
Missouri	3,345,433	3,393,442	3,610,711	3,735,226	11.7
Nebraska	934,139	890,011	967,232	946,473	1.3
North Dakota	383,251	388,806	419,740	448,746	17.1
South Dakota	439,597	489,797	532,493	528,280	20.2
Southeast, total	41,548,034	42,707,862	46,224,988	46,113,214	11.0
Alabama	2,133,207	2,195,906	2,312,735	2,471,187	15.8
Arkansas	1,181,789	1,335,313	1,399,518	1,497,515	26.7
Florida	10,788,856	10,839,526	12,011,729	11,622,927	7.7
Georgia	4,497,440	4,476,251	4,706,168	4,873,112	8.4
Kentucky	2,168,316	2,242,066	2,390,593	2,463,365	13.6
Louisiana	2,337,742	2,423,568	2,387,588	2,453,273	4.9
Mississippi	1,467,313	1,491,884	1,443,892	1,182,300	-19.4
North Carolina	4,586,429	4,764,781	5,223,964	5,556,460	21.2
South Carolina	1,940,171	2,026,447	2,153,115	2,038,085	5.0
Tennessee	4,454,815	4,576,414	5,225,197	5,738,360	28.8
Virginia	5,009,590	5,350,924	5,922,788	5,126,326	2.3
West Virginia	982,366	984,782	1,047,701	1,090,304	11.0
Southwest, total	21,297,066	22,043,814	22,302,798	24,439,295	14.8
Arizona	2,770,516	2,932,491	3,138,690	3,722,035	34.3
New Mexico	902,273	960,514	998,059	785,314	-13.0
Oklahoma	1,878,828	1,885,671	1,979,854	2,335,654	24.3
Texas	15,745,449	16,265,138	16,186,195	17,596,292	11.8
Rocky Mountain, total	6,351,770	6,397,703	6,900,537	7,389,912	16.3
Colorado	3,674,477	3,693,518	3,878,098	3,960,051	7.8
Idaho	760,083	782,343	889,965	1,005,601	32.3
Montana	645,920	670,548	708,583	769,773	19.2
Utah	908,060	886,310	997,809	1,189,117	31.0
Wyoming	363,230	364,984	426,082	465,370	28.1
Far West, total	46,887,468	49,007,874	48,793,558	51,546,233	9.9
Alaska	582,646	623,703	649,134	710,418	21.9
California	37,223,425	38,691,879	37,412,084	38,981,767	4.7
Hawaii	944,205	1,043,609	1,137,956	1,321,872	40.0
Nevada	1,247,493	1,394,867	1,683,893	1,816,170	45.6
Oregon	2,316,125	2,413,800	2,703,874	2,988,613	29.0
Washington	4,573,574	4,840,016	5,206,617	5,727,393	25.2
State not allocable [1]	2,441,950	2,635,609	2,788,427	2,438,082	25.2

^[1] Data not allocated to State due to unidentifiable records in the unedited population extracts.

by Darien Jacobson and Melissa Laine

he Federal transfer tax system, a mechanism for taxing the transfer of assets from one person to another, includes three major components: the estate tax, the generation-skipping transfer tax, and the gift tax. The gift tax, reported on IRS Form 709, United States Gift (and Generation-Skipping Transfer) Tax Return, is incurred for property transfers during the donor's life, inter vivos transfers, whereas the estate tax is assessed or incurred on property transferred after death. The purpose of this article is to explore data derived from gift tax returns filed in 2006, demonstrative of gifts given in 2005.1

Gift tax data provide valuable information on donors, who are primarily wealthy Americans. These data, the result of statistical studies completed by the Statistics of Income (SOI) Division of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), are tabulated for each filing year and come directly from Form 709.²

The total population of 2005 donors was 261,104, who transferred \$38.5 billion in total gifts to selected donees, or gift recipients. Donors transferred a broad range of assets, including cash, publicly traded stock, real estate, and others. Of the gift tax returns filed, only 2.9 percent reported a tax liability.

Different types of gift-giving vehicles were used to transfer assets from donor to donee. Direct, or outright, transfers comprised 76.3 percent of total assets given. Simple trusts, defined by the Internal Revenue Code as a trust that must distribute all income annually, comprised 7.3 percent of total assets given. Female donors gave a total of \$21.7 billion in gifts, while males gave \$16.8 billion.³

Background

The Federal gift tax, part of the U.S. transfer tax system that also includes estate and generation-skipping transfer taxes, was enacted in the Revenue Act

Darien Jacobson and Melissa Laine are economists with the Special Studies Branch. This article was prepared under the direction of Barry Johnson, Chief. of 1924.⁴ Federal transfer taxes are incurred or assessed when property is transferred during life or after death.

The Revenue Act of 1924 provided a foundation for the initial structure of gift taxation by establishing giving-ceilings for both annual and lifetime gifts. The annual exemption rule, or the amount a donor may transfer during a year without incurring tax liability, was set at \$500, while the lifetime exemption, the total amount that a donor may give away during his or her lifetime without tax liability, was set at \$50,000.

The gift tax was repealed in 1926, but this hiatus would prove to be short-lived. Wide-spread depression in the 1930s led the U.S. Government to find alternate sources of funding, and the gift tax was reinstated with the passage of the Revenue Act of 1932.⁵ The tax rates were set at three-fourths of the estate tax rates, which continued until 1976 when the transfer tax system underwent a broad revision.⁶

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 created a unified gift and estate tax framework "consisting of a single, graduated rate of tax imposed on both lifetime gifts and testamentary dispositions." Gift tax rates increased as donors made successive taxable gifts throughout their lives, ending with the highest rates imposed on transfers made at the time of death. The Tax Reform Act of 1976 also merged the estate and gift tax exclusions into a single gift and estate tax lifetime credit. While this credit may be used to reduce tax liability for *inter vivos* wealth transfers, any remaining credit may be used to offset estate taxes incurred at the time of death.

A gift is taxed based on the year in which the gift is transferred or completed. While the Taxpayer Protection Act of 1997 indexed the annual exemption for gift taxes, initially set at \$10,000 in 1998, broader changes were made to the transfer tax system in the new millennium. The Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act (EGTRRA) of 2001 gradually increased the lifetime exemption amounts for

¹ Approximately 95 percent of gifts reported on Filing Year 2006 returns were given in 2005.

² For more information, see the SOI Gift Tax page at http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/indtaxstats/article/0.id=96464.00.html

³ The remainder of gifts were given by donors of undetermined sex.

⁴ Luckey, John R., "A History of Federal Estate, Gift, and Generation-Skipping Taxes," April 9, 2003, Congressional Research Service, Library of Congress, p. 8.

⁵ Ibid, p. 9.

⁶ Ibid, p. 11.

⁷ Ibid, p. 11-12.

⁸ Ibid, p. 12.

⁹ P.L. 94-455.

¹⁰ P.L. 105-34.

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gift taxes to \$1,000,000, with a maximum tax rate of 35 percent. While the other two components of the transfer tax system, the estate tax and generation-skipping transfer tax, will be repealed at the end of 2009 without further legislation, the gift tax will remain intact. The EGTRRA provisions will expire in 2011, and the gift tax exemption amounts and maximum tax rates will revert to 2001 tax law levels.

Throughout the era of gift taxation, many components have been introduced that altered the calculation of tax. In 1948, the marital deduction was enacted, allowing interspousal gifts without tax liability. Along with the marital deduction, the split-gift rule was established, allowing the nondonor spouse to elect to be treated as having made half of the total transfer.¹²

Three types of transfers are not defined as "gifts" and, therefore, are not subject to the gift tax under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). First, gifts to political organizations are not taxed when they meet the criteria of IRC section 527(e) (1). Second, gifts of tuition made to a qualifying educational institution on behalf of an individual are not taxable, as long as the payment is made directly to the educational institution. Finally, the gift tax does not apply to the amount of medical expenses on behalf of an individual, paid directly to the individual or to the medical institution that provided care.

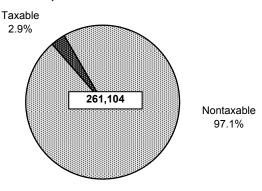
2005 Gifts

The Statistics of Income Division collects data directly from IRS Form 709, which requires a donor to specify all assets transferred during a given calendar year. These include a broad range of assets, such as cash, real estate, trusts, and artwork. Also collected are data on the specific gift-giving mechanism through which assets were given. These mechanisms could include (but are not limited to) direct, or outright, gifts and gifts through trust.

The population of 2005 donors filed 261,104 gift tax returns, which documented the transfer of more than \$38.5 billion in total gifts. Of these gift returns filed, 253,440, or 97.1 percent, were nontaxable (Figure A). A total of \$1.7 billion in gift tax liability was incurred on the other 7,664 returns filed for gifts given in 2005.

Figure A

Percentage of Taxable and Nontaxable Gift Tax Returns, 2005 Gifts



When the donor population is examined by sex, females comprised the majority, filing 53.8 percent of gift tax returns, and males comprised the remainder, filing 46.2 percent in 2005. For the filing year, females and males filed nearly equal percentages of nontaxable returns; 96.7 percent of returns filed by females and 97.5 of returns filed by males incurred no tax liability (Figure B).

Figure B

Taxable and Nontaxable Gift Tax Returns, 2005 Donors

Number of returns 145,000 140.000 4,672 135,000 130,000 125,000 135.799 120,000 2.991 115.000 17,642 110,000 105.000 Male Female Sex of donor

☑ Nontaxable

■ Taxable

¹¹ P.L. 107-16

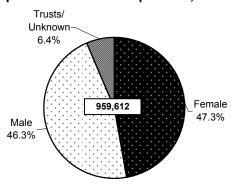
¹² Luckey, John R., "A History of Federal Estate, Gift, and Generation-Skipping Taxes," April 9, 2003, Congressional Research Service, Library of Congress, p. 11.

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The 2005 donee population included 959,612 individuals, organizations, and trusts that received gifts in 2005. Females received 47.3 percent of total gifts, while males received slightly fewer, 46.3 percent (Figure C). The remainder of gifts were given to trusts, organizations, or unknown donees.

Figure C

Composition of Donee Population, 2005



The gift tax return requires that donors specify the gift mechanism that they used to transfer assets to their selected recipients. While many of these 2005 gifts were given directly, donors also used simple trusts, insurance trusts, split-interest trusts, and 529-trusts. While direct gifts become the donee's property immediately, gifts through trust may be contingent on a specified future event.

Simple trusts comprise a majority of trusts used for gifted assets. Simple trusts are predominantly trusts, insurance trusts, split-interest trusts, and 529-trusts. While direct gifts become the donee's property immediately, gifts through trust may be contingent on a specified future event.

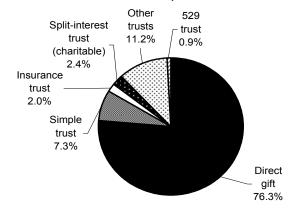
Simple trusts comprise a majority of trusts used for gifted assets. Simple trusts are predominantly established for the benefit of a single individual. Another widely used gift mechanism is an insurance trust. The purpose of a life insurance trust is for a policyholder to transfer ownership of the insurance policy to the trust in order to remove the policy from his or her estate, thereby avoiding possible estate taxation. A third type of gift mechanism is the split-in-

terest trust, which has dual recipients: a private beneficiary and a charity. Finally, a 529-trust allows a donor to save specifically for the educational costs of a named beneficiary. Along with direct gifts, these trust instruments make up the majority of vehicles by which gifted assets are transferred.

For gifts given in 2005, most assets were transferred by direct gift. Direct gifts comprised 76.3 percent of total gifts, for a total of \$29.4 billion in asset transfers. Second were simple trusts, which transferred \$2.8 billion in assets, or 7.3 percent of total assets (Figure D). Other trusts, which comprised 11.2 percent of asset transfers, included family, personal, marital, personal residence, generation-skipping, and other unspecified trusts.

Figure D

Transfer Method of Gifts, 2005



NOTE: Percentages may not add to total due to rounding.

Although the gift method used by females and males were similar, females used direct gifts more than males, for 78.0 percent and 74.0 percent of asset transfers, respectively. Females and males used 529-trusts at the same rate, 0.9 percent of total asset transfers. More men than women used simple trusts, at 8.3 percent and 6.5 percent of total asset transfers, respectively (Figure E).

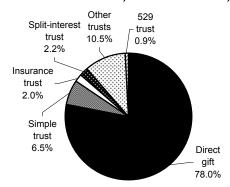
A broad range of assets were transferred from donor to donee, including (but not limited to) cash, publicly traded or closely held stock, real estate, part-

¹³ For more information on split-interest trust data, please see: http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0,,id=97066,00.html

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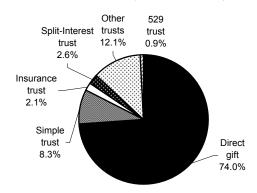
Figure E

Transfer Method of Gifts, Female Donors, 2005



NOTE: Percentages may not add to total due to rounding.

Transfer Method of Gifts, Male Donors, 2005



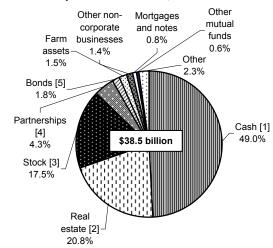
NOTE: Percentages may not add to total due to rounding

nerships, bonds, mutual funds, art, and insurance. A total of \$38.5 billion in gifts was given in 2005. The most common gift was cash, which comprised \$18.9 billion, or 49.0 percent of total gifts given. Gifts of cash included both cash and cash management accounts. The second largest asset transferred was real estate, which includes personal residences, improved real estate, and vacant land; real estate partnerships; farmland; and real estate mutual funds. Gifts of real estate totaled \$8.0 billion, or 20.8 percent of total gifts reported for 2005. The third most gifted asset was stock, including both publicly traded and closely held stock, comprising 17.5 percent of assets, for a total gift amount of \$6.7 billion (Figure F).

Similar analysis may be completed by donor sex. Men and women show different preferences in gift giving. Figure G shows that cash was the largest

Figure F

Asset Composition of Gifts, 2005



- [1] Cash includes both cash and cash management accounts.
- [2] Real estate includes improved real estate, personal residence, vacant land, real estate partnerships, farm land, and real estate mutual funds.
- [3] Stock includes publicly traded and closely held stock.
- [4] Partnerships include limited partnerships and family limited partnerships.
- [5] Bonds include State and local bonds, bond funds, Federal savings bonds, other Federal bonds, corporate bonds, and foreign bonds.

asset given overall, with female donors giving more cash than their male counterparts. Females gave a total of \$10.9 billion in cash, while male donors gave \$8.0 billion. Females transferred more cash as a percentage of their total assets than males, or 50.4 percent and 47.3 percent, respectively. When comparing real estate gifts by sex, females gave greater amounts of real estate assets, or \$4.6 billion, which was 20.0 percent of total assets given. Males gave \$3.2 billion in real estate, or 19.6 percent of total assets given. Finally, stock was the third largest asset given by both males and females, although males gave a larger portion of their total gifts, 19.5 percent, in stock. Figure G shows comparisons between the dollar amounts and percentages of assets given by men and women.

Use of Valuation Discounts

For gift tax purposes, transferred property is valued at fair market value on the date of the gift. Fair market value is the value at which property would pass from a willing seller to a willing buyer. However, the value of the property interest may be reduced, or discounted, from fair market value due to certain characteristics or qualities of the ownership interest, such as lack of control or marketability. This reduc-

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Figure G

Asset Composition of Gifts by Sex, 2005

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Female		A	Male	
Percent of total	Amount	Assets gifted	Percent of total	Amount
50.4	10,922,605	Cash [1]	47.3	7,950,426
21.4	4,629,750	Real estate [2]	20.0	3,368,554
16.0	3,458,007	Stock [3]	19.5	3,275,397
3.8	820,785	Partnerships [4]	5.0	832,670
2.0	435,595	Bonds [5]	1.3	215,714
1.3	278,579	Farm assets	1.9	313,399
1.3	274,331	Other non-corporate businesses	1.5	255,138
1.0	219,291	Mortgages and notes	0.6	93,471
0.7	149,691	Other mutual funds	0.4	74,174
2.2	485,997	Other	2.5	426,872
100.0	21.674.631	Total	100.0	16.805.815

- [1] Cash includes both cash and cash management accounts.
- [2] Real estate includes improved real estate, personal residence, vacant land, real estate partnerships, farm land, and real estate mutual funds.
- [3] Stock includes publically traded and closely held stock.
- [4] Partnerships include limited partnerships and family limited partnerships.
- [5] Bonds include State and local bonds, bond funds, Federal savings bonds, other Federal bonds, corporate bonds, and foreign bonds.

tion in value for tax purposes is known as "valuation discounting" and reduced the amount of taxes owed on the transfer of property.¹⁴

In 2005, valuation discounts were applied to 16.5 percent of gifts for a total of \$3.1 billion in discounts. Most rates of discount were between 20 percent and 40 percent (Figure H).

Figure H

Size of Valuation Discounts as a Percentage of Full Value of Assets

Percentage of valuation discount	Number of discounted gifts	Amount of discount
All discounted gifts	130,695	3,138,723,801
Less than 20 percent	18,247	132,683,160
20 percent under 40 percent	84,336	1,774,089,573
40 percent or higher	28,112	1,231,951,068

Donors took discounts of varying sizes, ranging from less than \$1,000 to greater than \$650,000. Donors who used discounts of \$650,000 or more took \$725.0 million in total discounts, or 23.1 percent of all discounts taken (Figure I).

Crummey Asset Donors

Under 2005 tax law, a donor may give up to \$11,000 to a single entity, person, or trust in a year without tax implications. For example, a donor may transfer \$11,000 in cash to a simple trust and not incur tax on that transfer. Two court cases, however, further expanded nontaxable gifts with the use of trust powers.

The first case, Crummey v. Commissioner (1968). legitimized the use of Crummey powers by exercising the idea of a "present interest." Present interest means that donees have the ability to exercise rights to use gifts at the same time the gifts are transferred to them from the donor. Normally, a donor may give up to the annual exclusion to a single entity, such as a person or a trust, without tax liability. Giving more than \$11,000 to a single entity would generate a tax liability. For example, a donor may set up a simple trust for a named beneficiary in 2005 and place \$11,000 in cash assets into the trust without being taxed on that asset transfer, but a \$12,000 gift would be taxable. Using Crummey powers, however, that same donor could give more than the annual exclusion to the trust, as long as the total value given to each beneficiary was under \$11,000. Here, beneficiaries must have a present interest in the trust, shown

¹⁴ Britton Eller, Martha, "Inter Vivos Wealth Transfers, 1997 Gifts," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Publication 1136, Winter 2003-2004.

¹⁵ Bittker, Boris I; Elias Clark; and Grayson McCouch (2005), Federal Estate and Gift Taxation. 9th edition, Thompson West, Minneaplis.

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Figure I

Donors with Discounts: Full Value of Assets and Valuation Discounts, by Size of Valuation Discount

Size of valuation discount	Number of returns	Total assets, full value	Valuation discount
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Total	261,104	41,612,965,844	3,138,723,800
Less than \$1,000	226,709	30,929,289,020	421,770
\$1,000 under \$2,000	570	11,454,353	1,012,944
\$2,000 under \$3,000	794	15,420,314	1,935,883
\$3,000 under \$4,000	934	38,825,842	3,466,426
\$4,000 under \$5,000	451	10,025,827	2,045,749
\$5,000 under \$6,000	679	29,949,205	3,468,902
\$6,000 under \$7,000	1,034	50,644,991	6,734,051
\$7,000 under \$8,000	1,143	64,375,341	8,444,875
\$8,000 under \$9,000	914	53,498,448	7,770,305
\$9,000 under \$10,000	405	26,059,767	3,744,794
\$10,000 under \$20,000	6,494	535,975,306	92,412,414
\$20,000 under \$30,000	4,170	426,045,810	101,650,395
\$30,000 under \$40,000	2,511	347,048,510	85,577,702
\$40,000 under \$50,000	2,251	383,057,395	100,287,751
\$50,000 under \$100,000	4,765	1,274,167,206	333,767,813
\$100,000 under \$150,000	2,280	961,347,675	279,782,908
\$150,000 under \$200,000	1,243	928,270,105	215,077,891
\$200,000 under \$250,000	773	558,336,856	173,448,900
\$250,000 under \$300,000	539	485,427,893	149,434,871
\$300,000 under \$350,000	536	516,200,476	173,560,068
\$350,000 under \$400,000	495	556,694,080	184,171,883
\$400,000 under \$450,000	434	520,251,536	185,269,654
\$450,000 under \$500,000	123	161,393,143	57,875,669
\$500,000 under \$550,000	182	257,922,210	95,266,885
\$550,000 under \$600,000	109	160,693,822	62,212,308
\$600,000 under \$650,000	136	201,316,106	84,919,222
\$650,000 and above	430	2,109,274,606	724,961,764

by having reasonable time to exercise the power to remove assets. Thus, the same donor who gave \$11,000 to a single entity could now give \$33,000 to the same trust as long as there were three beneficiaries who exhibit present interests, which is shown by donees having the option of removing and using gifted assets at the time of transfer.

The second case went further by expanding the scope of beneficiaries who may exercise Crummey powers. In *Cristofani's Estate v. Commissioner* (1991), the court ruled that contingent remainder beneficiaries, usually a grandchild or second-generation beneficiary named by the trust, could also be treated as having present interests, maintaining that they were also given adequate time to exercise their right to remove their portions of assets from the trust.¹⁶

SOI tabulates data on returns that report Crummey powers. In 2005, a total of \$1.6 billion of assets was given to trusts that claimed Crummey powers, or single entity trusts that received gifts of greater than the annual exclusion. Cash, at \$1.0 billion, was the most utilized asset for these trusts. The second largest asset type for which these powers were used was stock, for a total of \$268.8 million in stock gifts. Finally, real estate transfers to trusts with Crummey powers had the third highest use (Figure J).

Figure J

Asset Composition of Gifts for Crummey Powers Donors, 2005

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Asset type	Amount
Cash	1,042,574
Stock	268,810
Real estate	114,080
Partnerships	81,930
Other noncorporate assets	33,089
Other	32,020
Other mutual funds	8,646
Farm assets	1,566
Mortgages and notes	1,450
Bonds	684

Data demonstrating the types of trusts using Crummey powers are shown in Figure K. Not surprisingly, simple trusts compromise the majority of trusts using Crummey powers, for a total of 36 percent. Second are family trusts, which comprise 23 percent of trusts using Crummey powers.

Summary

A total of 261,104 gift returns were filed in 2006 for gifts given in 2005. A total of \$38.5 billion in assets were transferred from donors to donees. As a result, \$1.7 billion in gift tax liability were reported. Only 2.9 percent of returns were taxable.

Females represented 47.3 percent of the donee population, while males represented 46.3 percent. The remaining 6.4 percent represented trusts and donees with unknown identities. Gifts of cash were the preferred choice for both female and male donors; cash assets comprised 49.0 percent of total gifts.

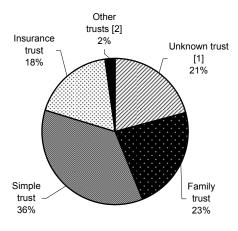
16 Ibid.

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Figure K

Trusts Utilizing Crummey Powers, 2005



[1] Unknown trust types include trusts in which the taxpayer does not specify the type of trust on Form 709.

[2] Other trust types include: generation-skipping trusts, marital trusts, personal residence trusts, charitable remainder unitrusts, grantor retained annuity trusts, and 529 educational trusts.

Following cash, real estate was the second most frequently gifted asset, in 20.8 percent of asset transfers.

In 2005, donors used a variety of mechanisms to complete their transfers of assets. Direct gifts comprised the bulk of transfers, as 76.3 percent of gifts were given outright.

Data Sources and Limitations

The data used for this article are based on a sample of 9,037 gift tax returns that were filed in 2006. The majority of the returns filed in 2006, approximately 95 percent, recorded gifts given in 2005. Therefore, these returns can be used to represent the behaviors of gift-givers in 2005.

The sample design for the study is a stratified probability sample with two stratifying variables: taxability status and size of total gifts (prior to the subtraction of annual exclusions and deductions in the calculation of total taxable gifts). Taxability status is divided into two categories: nontaxable (i.e., no gift tax liability reported) and taxable (i.e., gift tax liability reported). The second stratifier, size of total gifts, is divided into four or five categories, depending on taxability status. Each stratum is labeled with a sample code.

Each return in the sample is weighted to reflect its share of the population of returns filed in 2006. Because of the variation of the sample sizes, post-stratification is used. The post-stratified weight is computed by dividing the realized population count of filed returns in a given stratum by the realized number of sample returns in that stratum. These weights are adjusted for missing returns, rejected returns, and outliers. These weights are applied to the sample data to produce aggregate estimates for items of interest, such as total gifts and total taxes.

Explanation of Selected Terms

Brief definitions of some terms used in text and figures are provided below:

Beneficiary—The recipient of income or assets from a trust, will, or life insurance policy.

Cash management accounts—Also known as financial or asset management accounts, these are accounts offered by brokerages. Money in the account can be invested in various assets, and check-writing privileges are normally part of the account.

Charitable deduction—An unlimited charitable deduction is available for all outright transfers to qualified charities. The deduction is available for gifts to trust only if the trust meets certain requirements.

Contingent beneficiary—A contingent beneficiary is one whose bequest is reliant on some occurrence outside the control of the transferor. It often refers to an eventual beneficiary of property in which someone else has a life interest. The bequest in such a case is contingent on: (1) the contingent beneficiary living longer than the person with the life interest, and (2) there being some property left for the contingent beneficiary to inherit.

Crummey power—Under current gift tax law, the gift tax exclusion is only available on gifts of present, not future, interests. Therefore, when a trust is created as a life and a remainder interest, the remainder interest is not eligible for the gift tax exclusion. The Crummey Power allows a person with a future interest in the trust to withdraw up to the annual exclusion amount from the trust for a short period every year. This converts the future interest into a present interest, making the exclusion available.

Direct trust—A direct trust is an express trust, as distinguished from a constructive or implied trust.

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An express trust is created or declared in express terms, usually in writing, as distinguished from one inferred by law from the conduct or dealings of the parties. It is directly created for specific purposes in contrast to a constructive or resulting trust, which is created by direct and positive acts of the parties, by some writing or deed, or will, or by words expressly or implicitly evincing an intention to create a trust.

Generation-Skipping (transfer) taxes— The 1976 Tax Reform Act imposes a generation-skipping transfer tax on: (1) transfers under trusts (or similar arrangements) having beneficiaries in more than one generation below that of the transferor, and (2) direct transfers to beneficiaries more than one generation below that of the transferor. The tax is imposed (with certain exemptions) on the occurrence of any one of three taxable events: a taxable termination, a taxable distribution (including distributions of income), and a direct skip (an outright transfer to or for the benefit of a person at least two generations below that of the transferor).

Insurance trust—A trust set up with the proceeds of a life insurance policy.

Net gift tax—This is the reported value of gift tax on current period gifts.

Nontaxable returns—Gift tax returns on which taxpayers reported no net gift tax liability.

Partnership—A type of business entity in which two or more people pool their funds and talents and share in the profits and losses of an enterprise.

Taxable gifts, current period—These are the amount of taxable gifts—total gifts less exclusions and deductions—for the current tax year.

Taxable gifts, prior period—These are the amount of taxable gifts—total gifts less exclusions and deductions—for all prior tax years in which the donor transferred property.

Taxable returns—Gift tax returns on which tax-payers reported a net gift tax liability.

Total gifts—These are the value of total gifts reported by the donor after gifts have been split between the donor and the consenting spouse.

Total gifts of donor—These are the dollar value of gifts given by the donor during the current tax year and reported on Schedule A of Form 709. Gifts include those subject to gift tax only and those subject to both gift and generation-skipping transfer taxes.

Total taxable gifts, all periods—These are the amount of taxable gifts—total gifts less exclusions and deductions—for all periods, both prior and current.

Trust—A trust is an arrangement whereby the right to property is held by one party, the "trustee" (or manager), for the benefit of another (the "beneficiary"). The person who sets up the trust (and provides its assets) is called the "grantor."

The Credit for Increasing Research Activities: Statistics from Tax Years 2004-2005

by Eurry Kim

he Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981 furnished the groundwork for the current version of Form 6765, *Credit for Increasing Research Activities*. The 1981 credit was 25 percent of either the difference between current research spending and the average of the 3 prior years' spending on qualified research or half of current research spending, whichever was less. Now known as the Section A–Regular Credit, it is a 20-percent credit taken on marginal increases of research spending based on historical research spending and average sales relationships.

After substantive modifications to the credit calculation in 1990 and 1996, the method of figuring the credit generally remained uniform. The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989 integrated gross receipts as a factor in the tax credit calculation starting in Tax Year 1990. Rather than being based solely on amounts of historic research spending, research intensity (an expression of qualified research spending relative to gross receipts) became the new method by which one section of the tax credit was (and still continues to be) calculated. Then, starting in Tax Year 1996 through the current year, the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 introduced a credit based on a three-tiered percentage calculation. Dubbed the Section B-Alternative Incremental Credit, it is an opportunity for those taxpayers ineligible to claim the Section A-Regular Credit.

Although the Section B credit employs a several-layered process involving multiple rates, the Section A credit uses a measurement of base sensitivity. The base is calculated by multiplying the corporation's 4-year average annual gross receipts by its fixed base percentage. The fixed base percentage is an historical ratio of qualified research spending to gross receipts; it is restricted to a maximum of 16 percent. The base mimics what a corporation would spend if there were no credit. Line 14 on the 2004 revision of Form 6765 and line 15 on the 2005 revision of Form 6765 provide the junction between the two determinant categories of the base calculation. A corporation is said to have been subject to the excess base limitation when the excess between current research spend-

ing and spending based on an historically-established research intensity does not exceed 50 percent of current research spending. The excess base is a measure of a marginally increased investment in research and experimentation. Otherwise, a corporation is said to have been subject to the 50-percent limitation. A corporation is disqualified from taking the credit toward qualified research expenses if its base does not exceed 50 percent of its current research spending.

Summary Statistics—Tax Years 2001-2005

The tax credit information provided in the following figures and charts include only data provided by C corporations (i.e., excluding passthrough entities, such as S corporations, RICs, and REITs).

In Tax Year 2005, the number of claimants of the credit increased over 10 percent from the previous year. The credit amount claimed in Tax Year 2005 amounted to almost \$6.4 billion, an increase of 14.6 percent over the previous year (Figure A).

Figure A

Credit for Increasing Research Activities: Annual Percentage Increase or Decrease for Tax Years 2001-2005

Year	Number of credit claimants	Percentage change	Credits claimed (in millions of dollars)	Percentage change
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2001	10,389	-1.0%	6,356	-10.2%
2002	10,254	-1.3%	5,656	-11.0%
2003	10,369	1.1%	5,488	-3.0%
2004	10,244	-1.2%	5,554	1.2%
2005	11,290	10.2%	6,363	14.6%

Companies with business receipts ranging from \$10 million to less than \$50 million claimed the credit most frequently (Figure B). Over the years, the trend of the number of claimants across business receipt sizes stayed generally consistent. Corporations with business receipts ranging from \$10 million up to \$50 million maintained a consistent lead in the number of credits claimed. Additionally, the number of claimants exceeding \$250 million in business receipts mirrored the number of claimants in the range

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Figure B

Credit for Increasing Research Activities: Number of Credit Claimants, by Size of Business Receipts, Tax Years 2001-2005

Size of business receipts		Year					
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Total	10,389	10,254	10,369	10,244	11,290		
Under \$25,000	1,576	1,019	1,231	1,313	1,595		
\$25,000 under \$100,000	569	730	296	184	224		
\$100,000 under \$250,000	355	247	378	391	346		
\$250,000 under \$500,000	264	425	698	666	827		
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	352	503	465	497	585		
\$1,000,000 under \$2,500,000	1,292	1,203	1,412	1,045	1,142		
\$2,500,000 under \$5,000,000	1,066	1,391	1,150	1,081	998		
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	1,111	1,048	926	1,026	1,179		
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	1,857	1,777	1,806	1,884	2,047		
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	495	452	502	570	623		
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000	493	492	492	515	535		
\$250,000,000 or more	961	966	1,014	1,072	1,191		

of the smaller \$10 million to \$50 million business receipts class.

The credit amounts, however, were largely distributed to companies with the largest business receipts, which exceeded \$250 million (Figure C). These companies claimed nearly 80 percent of the credits. For the most part, total credit amounts

claimed for any other class of business receipts did not exceed even 10 percent of the total credit amount claimed by corporations with the largest business receipts class.

Over 88 percent of the corporations claiming the \$6.4-billion credit used the Section A–Regular Credit method in Tax Year 2005. As previously mentioned,

Figure C

Credit for Increasing Research Activities: Claimed Credit Amounts, by Size of Business Receipts, Tax Years 2001-2005

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Size of business receipts		Year							
·	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
Total	6,355,803	5,655,666	5,488,337	5,554,011	6,363,476				
Under \$25,000	319,354	29,249	187,890	180,051	199,665				
\$25,000 under \$100,000	28,687	30,196	21,410	21,261	19,753				
\$100,000 under \$250,000	30,285	28,470	30,129	32,850	27,140				
\$250,000 under \$500,000	38,322	143,945	41,936	35,878	31,664				
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	51,642	113,645	46,743	38,183	38,823				
\$1,000,000 under \$2,500,000	99,313	231,153	77,527	74,758	71,645				
\$2,500,000 under \$5,000,000	112,112	172,516	91,323	78,147	78,395				
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	125,600	166,937	98,273	116,197	114,133				
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	383,748	252,303	319,814	297,082	295,652				
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	147,900	259,455	163,752	140,212	152,216				
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000	374,751	754,958	245,095	284,713	312,249				
\$250,000,000 or more	4,644,089	3,472,840	4,164,445	4,254,680	5,022,141				

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base sensitivity is a central measurement of the Section A–Regular Credit. From Tax Years 2001 to 2002, the percentage of C corporations subject to the Excess Base Limitation increased from 15.0 percent to 20.8 percent (Figure D). Smaller percentage increases occurred in subsequent tax years. The vast majority of Section A credit claimants, though, were subject to the 50-percent limitation and calculated their credits factoring in only half of their current research spending. This large share of corporations has nevertheless been waning over the years.

The bulk of credit claimants came from corporations involved in manufacturing (Figure E). Since Tax Year 2000, the manufacturing industry consistently comprised over 40 percent of total credit claimants. By Tax Year 2004, manufacturing made 46 percent of all of the credit claims. But in Tax Year 2005, manufacturing credit claims decreased to 44 percent. Of subsectors included in manufacturing,

computer and electronic product manufacturing made the largest number of credit claims for both tax years.

Over half of the credit amounts were consistently attributable to the manufacturing industry from Tax Years 2000 to 2005. In Tax Year 2005, 71.2 percent of the \$6.4-billion credit went to manufacturing (Figure F). In Tax Year 2004, 69.2 percent of the \$5.6-billion credit went to manufacturing. For both tax years, computer and electronic product manufacturing claimed the largest total credit.

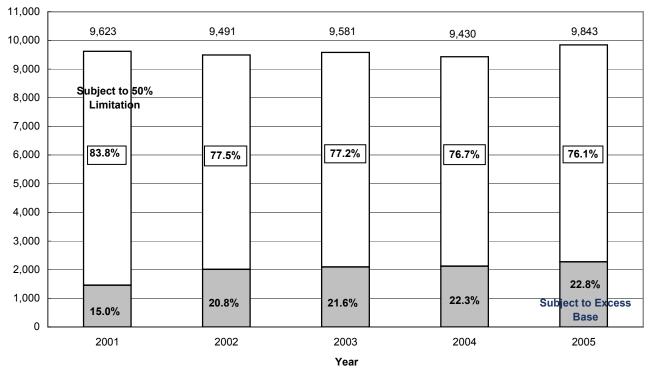
Observations and Analyses of the Data

Observations of data from corporation Forms 6765 revealed several issues in credit classifications and legitimate credit claims. Since corporations are not legally required to complete tax returns in their entirety, assumptions were made to assess the data in meaningful ways.¹

Figure D

Credit for Increasing Research Activities: Section A Credit Claimants, Base-Sensitivity, Tax Years 2001-2005

Number of Section A credit claimants

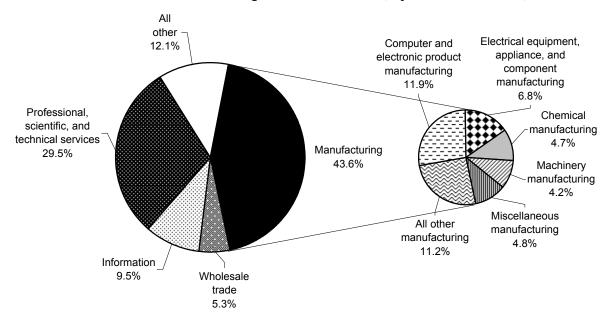


¹ For similar general issues regarding the description of the Corporate Statistics of Income sample and limitations of the data, see section 3 of the 2005 *Corporation Complete Report.* Link: http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/bustaxstats/article/0,,id=112834.00.html.

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Figure E

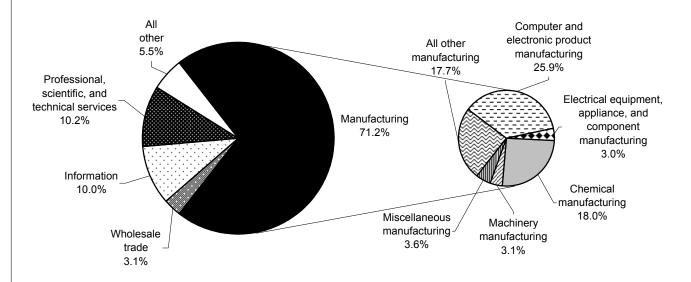
Number of Credit Claimants for Increasing Research Activities, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2005



NOTE: Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

Figure F

Credit Amounts Claimed for Increasing Research Activities, by Industrial Sectors, Tax Year 2005



NOTE: Detail may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

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Research Credit Claims, Defined

The only data that were considered were for Form 6765 filers claiming a Current Year Credit.² Due to data processing procedures and filing circumstances, these data show notable exceptions.

In hundreds of cases, corporations filed a Form 6765 but did not actually claim any credit amount. That is, corporations filled in component data on the tax form and probably concluded ineligibility for one reason or another. This disqualification could have stemmed from insufficient spending on qualified research to exceeding an allowable credit limit. Since credits were unable to be claimed in these cases, data from these forms were not included in the tables.

Assigning Methods of the Research Credit Calculation

Credit methods (e.g., Section A or Section B) were derived from comparisons among three different Form 6765 line items. Generally, while taking passthrough research credits into account, whenever the Current-Year Credit was equal to either the Regular Credit³ or the Alternative Incremental Credit,⁴ the coordinating credit method was assigned.⁵ However, exceptions to this simple procedure were made to accommodate legitimate credit data.

In fact, the current-year credit did not have to equal either the Section A–Regular Credit or the Section B–Alternative Incremental Credit to be included in data tables. For the few cases where both Regular Credit and Alternative Incremental Credit line items were blank, the existence of data on any one line item within either credit method funneled that particular corporation's credit under that particular credit method. Such a form may have provided information on Section A total qualified research spending,⁶ Section A average annual gross receipts,⁷ and the current-year credit. Thus, even though the Section A–Regular Credit line item was left blank, the form could be classified as a Section A claimant for Section A credit.

In many cases, corporations assigned as having taken Section A–Regular Credit also filled out component data for Section B–Alternative Incremental

Credit. According to taxpayer instructions for both Revision Years 2004 and 2005, taxpayers were advised to figure the credit using both calculation methods and claim the larger credit. All filers who did so and had information within both sections were classified as Section A credits.⁸

There were, however, claimants that could not be determined categorically. A number of corporations simply specified current-year credit amounts with no additional detail. Some showed the entire credit coming from passthrough entities⁹ (including partnerships, S corporations, estates, or trusts). The only information provided by these forms came from the summary, Section C. Credit calculation methods, therefore, could not be reliably assigned.

Summary

After unremarkable changes in the use of Form 6765 during Tax Years 2001 through 2004, there was an increase in Tax Year 2005. Both the number of claimants and the amount of credits grew. The manufacturing industry held a clear lead in taking advantage of the credits throughout these years. Most of the credits were claimed by four manufacturing subsectors, including computer and electronic product manufacturing; electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing; chemical manufacturing; and machinery manufacturing. Companies with the largest class of business receipts (exceeding \$250 million) also maintained the lion's share of credits throughout Tax Years 2001 to 2005. The addition of a new creditcalculating method (Section C-Alternative Simplified Credit) in Tax Year 2006 should provide another interesting dimension to the composition of claimants for the Credit for Increasing Research Activities.

This finding is drawn from ...

Data extracted from corporation tax returns for 2001-2005. Aggregate data referenced in this finding for the Research Credit, in addition to 20 analytical tables from 2003-2005, can be found online at www.irs.gov/taxstats. Follow the "Corporations" link and then navigate to "Corporation Research Credit."

² Line 41 on the 2004 revision and line 43 on the 2005 revision.

³ Line 16 on the 2004 revision and line 17 on the 2005 revision.

⁴ Line 39 on the 2004 revision and line 41 on the 2005 revision.

⁵ Nonzero credit amounts aside, there were no cases in which both credit-calculating methods gave equal amounts.

⁶ Line 8 on the 2004 revision and line 9 on the 2005 revision.

⁷ Line 10 on the 2004 revision and line 11 on the 2005 revision.

⁸ This is shown by comparing the three separate parts of Tables 1 and 2. Section A credit component data remain consistent across the total data tables, while select Section B component credit data increase from the Section B data to the total tables (despite the number of credit claimants remaining the same).

⁹ Line 40 on the 2004 revision and line 42 on the 2005 revision.

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Table 1. Corporations Claiming a Credit for Increasing Research Activities on Form 6765 [1]: Selected Items, by Sectors, Tax Year 2004

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			Sec	tors	
Item	All sectors	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	Mining	Utilities	Construction
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Number of returns claiming a credit on Form 6765 [2]	10,244	40	22	17	21
Section A—Regular Credit					
Basic research payments paid or incurred	161,627	421	0	8	3,675
2 Qualified organization base period amount	166,818	[3]	3,464	2	1,838
4 Wages for qualified services	54,573,366	46,402	45,279	41,540	86,248
5 Cost of supplies	13,566,810	13,145	17,834	37,832	14,106
6 Rental or lease costs of computers	151,619	0	1,318	0	873
7 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	13,720,594	6,689	20,441	95,326	14,945
8 Total qualified research expenses (sum 4-7) [4]	84,021,173	66,236	84,872	174,698	116,172
10 Average annual gross receipts [5]	10,478,876,046	4,271,612	4,842,272	45,394,185	22,513,368
11 Base amount	36,688,818	33,672	25,742	83,735	58,956
16 Regular credit [6]	4,845,193	3,334	4,227	10,163	4,707
Section B—Alternative Incremental Credit [7]					
17 Basic research payments paid or incurred	25,731	0	d	0	0
18 Qualified organization base period amount	11,837	0	d	0	0
21 Wages for qualified services	24,066,503	14,401	d	0	0
22 Cost of supplies	4,913,043	5,885	d	0	0
23 Rental or lease cost of computers	8,433	0	d	0	0
24 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	3,191,919	351	d	0	0
25 Total qualified research expenses (sum 21-24) [4]	32,110,726	20,637	d	0	0
26 Average annual gross receipts [5]	634,904,221	316,415	d	0	0
39 Alternative incremental credit [6]	657,416	408	d	0	0
Section C—Current-Year Credit					
40 Passthrough rsrch cr(s) from prtnshp, S corp, est, or trust	106,213	478	108	78	177
41 Current-year credit for Increasing research activities [2]	5,554,011	4,220	6,937	10,241	4,884

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 1. Corporations Claiming a Credit for Increasing Research Activities on Form 6765 [1]: Selected Items, by Sectors, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Sectors—continued					
ltem	Manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and warehousing	Information	Finance and insurance	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Number of returns claiming a credit on Form 6765 [2]	4,686	812	23	977	142	
Section A—Regular Credit						
Basic research payments paid or incurred	104,847	8,825	d	11,078	22	
2 Qualified organization base period amount	132,451	4,018	d	4,310	17	
4 Wages for qualified services	36,699,034	2,694,792	d	5,942,542	1,530,738	
5 Cost of supplies	11,632,013	440,580	d	174,397	13,275	
6 Rental or lease costs of computers	102,245	17,520	d	11,736	34	
7 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	8,705,377	840,151	d	1,473,157	512,585	
8 Total qualified research expenses (sum 4-7) [4]	58,330,162	3,993,042	d	8,434,608	2,056,627	
10 Average annual gross receipts [5]	1,840,816,143	373,728,368	d	323,259,558	7,397,225,600	
11 Base amount	29,378,855	1,615,064	d	2,846,021	671,457	
16 Regular credit [6]	3,316,629	200,157	d	497,175	111,162	
Section B—Alternative Incremental Credit [7]						
17 Basic research payments paid or incurred	24,015	174	d	0	d	
18 Qualified organization base period amount	10,199	10	d	0	d	
21 Wages for qualified services	18,566,351	380,606	d	4,284,428	d	
22 Cost of supplies	4,657,722	29,143	d	56,019	d	
23 Rental or lease cost of computers	8,376	0	d	56	d	
24 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	2,715,036	96,875	d	238,849	d	
25 Total qualified research expenses (sum 21-24) [4]	25,961,190	506,623	d	4,496,474	d	
26 Average annual gross receipts [5]	531,467,696	16,032,729	d	62,718,310	d	
39 Alternative incremental credit [6]	533,213	7,923	d	91,504	d	
Section C—Current-Year Credit						
40 Passthrough rsrch cr(s) from prtnshp, S corp, est, or trust	54,415		8	6,980	310	
41 Current-year credit for Increasing research activities [2]	3,845,792	211,484	11,515	599,795	111,678	

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Table 1. Corporations Claiming a Credit for Increasing Research Activities on Form 6765 [1]: Selected Items, by Sectors, Tax Year 2004—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Sectors—continued						
ltem	Real estate, rental, and leasing	Professional, scientific, and technical services	Management of companies (holding companies)	Administrative and support and waste management services	Various services [8]		
	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
Number of returns claiming a credit on Form 6765 [2]	8	3,304	70	23	99		
Section A—Regular Credit							
1 Basic research payments paid or incurred	d	29,436	[3]	0	3,316		
2 Qualified organization base period amount	d	18,627	0	0	2,092		
4 Wages for qualified services	d	6,368,252	584,475	180,077	213,802		
5 Cost of supplies	d	1,137,015	250	16,451	67,020		
6 Rental or lease costs of computers	d	17,689	0	0	204		
7 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	d	1,645,960	240,492	13,570	95,168		
8 Total qualified research expenses (sum 4-7) [4]	d	9,169,173	825,217	194,360	376,194		
10 Average annual gross receipts [5]	d	175,301,419	172,240,989	8,860,357	35,448,225		
11 Base amount	d	1,712,326	69,039	73,779	50,997		
16 Regular credit [6]	d	587,670	53,309	18,252	25,866		
Section B—Alternative Incremental Credit [7]							
17 Basic research payments paid or incurred	d	1,543	0	d	0		
18 Qualified organization base period amount	d	1,629	0	d	0		
21 Wages for qualified services	d	652,035	0	d	8,426		
22 Cost of supplies	d	113,193	0	d	1,342		
23 Rental or lease cost of computers	d	0	0	d	0		
24 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	d	114,443	0	d	698		
25 Total qualified research expenses (sum 21-24) [4]	d	879,671	0	d	10,467		
26 Average annual gross receipts [5]	d	17,685,174	0	d	201,595		
39 Alternative incremental credit [6]	d	20,357	0	d	196		
Section C—Current-Year Credit							
40 Passthrough rsrch cr(s) from prtnshp, S corp, est, or trust	0	2,050	38,699	113	14		
41 Current-year credit for Increasing research activities [2]	1,120	609,019	92,007	18,956	26,363		

d—Amounts have been deleted to avoid disclosure of information for certain companies.

^[1] Includes returns of active corporations, other than Forms 1120S, 1120-REIT, and 1120-RIC.

^[2] Number of credit claimants and Line 41 include corporations that only reported data on Line 41.

^[3] An amount less than \$500 was present before rounding.

^[4] Lines 8 and 25 do not equal the sum of their components as shown in this table, because some corporations only reported these total lines.

^[5] Lines 10 and 26, Average annual gross receipts, are defined as the average annual gross receipts for the 4 tax years preceding the tax year for which the credit is being determined.

^[6] Lines 16 and 39 include credit amounts for which some corporations did not provide component data.

^[7] Component data for Section B include Section A credit claimants who also filled in information in Section B.

^{[8] &}quot;Various Services" include educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services.

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Table 2. Corporations Claiming a Credit for Increasing Research Activities on Form 6765 [1]: Selected Items, by Sectors, Tax Year 2005
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Sectors				
Item	All sectors	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	Mining	Utilities	Construction	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Number of returns claiming a credit on Form 6765 [2]	11,290	61	19	37	18	
Section A—Regular Credit						
1 Certain amounts paid/incurred to energy consortia after 8/8/05	43,223	0	0	41,945	0	
2 Basic research payments paid or incurred	259,496	379	0	0	177	
3 Qualified organization base period amount	464,596	11	0	2	89	
5 Wages for qualified services	64,805,322	43,483	38,680	61,264	30,954	
6 Cost of supplies	15,678,591	10,741	8,191	56,651	7,219	
7 Rental or lease costs of computers	63,317	114	0	1	0	
8 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	15,694,630	7,425	3,069	98,003	18,624	
9 Total qualified research expenses (sum 5-8) [3]	96,520,705	61,763	49,940	215,918	56,798	
11 Average annual gross receipts [4]	52,786,116,098	6,364,075	2,681,573	90,500,058	10,487,317	
12 Base amount	39,408,039	19,101	19,947	193,698	14,180	
17 Regular credit [5]	5,596,162	3,390	2,661	18,116	3,319	
Section B—Alternative Incremental Credit [6]						
18 Certain amounts paid/incurred to energy consortia after 8/8/05	9,929	0	d	d	0	
19 Basic research payments paid or incurred	21,540	0	d	d	0	
20 Qualified organization base period amount	209,547	0	d	d	0	
23 Wages for qualified services	24,452,777	*16,173	d	d	0	
24 Cost of supplies	5,303,772	*6,139	d	d	0	
25 Rental or lease cost of computers	6,471	0	d	d	0	
26 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	3,567,167	*1,332	d	d	0	
27 Total qualified research expenses (sum 23-26) [3]	33,330,249	*23,644	d	d	0	
28 Average annual gross receipts [4]	661,784,696	*286,575	d	d	0	
41 Alternative incremental credit [5]	633,914	*496	d	d	0	
Section C—Current-Year Credit						
42 Passthrough rsrch cr(s) from prtnshp, S corp, est, or trust	136,220	156	46	108	104	
43 Current-year credit for Increasing research activities [2]	6,363,476	4,183	5,408	20,454	3,424	

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. Corporations Claiming a Credit for Increasing Research Activities on Form 6765 [1]: Selected Items, by Sectors, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Sectors—continued					
Item	Manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and warehousing	Information	Finance and insurance	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Number of returns claiming a credit on Form 6765 [2]	4,921	718	43	1,076	143	
Section A—Regular Credit						
1 Certain amounts paid/incurred to energy consortia after 8/8/05	1,279	0	0	0	0	
2 Basic research payments paid or incurred	202,484	8,648	0	875	10,339	
3 Qualified organization base period amount	199,621	14,869	0	60,923	4,882	
5 Wages for qualified services	44,733,527	3,088,635	93,907	7,741,835	1,374,218	
6 Cost of supplies	13,512,335	607,627	2,173	138,469	12,543	
7 Rental or lease costs of computers	34,171	14,105	0	6,613	277	
8 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	9,852,427	928,108	42,303	1,810,305	564,471	
9 Total qualified research expenses (sum 5-8) [3]	68,257,544	4,638,496	138,384	9,813,031	1,951,508	
11 Average annual gross receipts [4]	1,838,706,514	351,591,497	87,558,936	421,684,728	49,523,187,675	
12 Base amount	31,305,001	1,930,322	61,349	3,446,728	321,292	
17 Regular credit [5]	3,952,299	216,440	8,699	549,464	121,605	
Section B—Alternative Incremental Credit [6]						
18 Certain amounts paid/incurred to energy consortia after 8/8/05	0	0	d	0	0	
19 Basic research payments paid or incurred	9,360	641	d	0	10,634	
20 Qualified organization base period amount	29,500	174,122	d	0	5,472	
23 Wages for qualified services	18,457,193	538,110	d	4,068,832	103,543	
24 Cost of supplies	4,966,692	86,767	d	57,402	3,283	
25 Rental or lease cost of computers	6,423	0	d	48	0	
26 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	2,950,505	199,560	d	233,653	15,917	
27 Total qualified research expenses (sum 23-26) [3]	26,380,812	824,423	d	4,359,935	122,744	
28 Average annual gross receipts [4]	555,281,861	17,831,545	d	54,001,995	4,279,687	
41 Alternative incremental credit [5]	488,145	15,240	d	90,520	2,518	
Section C—Current-Year Credit					·	
42 Passthrough rsrch cr(s) from prtnshp, S corp, est, or trust	81,739	5,241	330	5,164	550	
43 Current-year credit for Increasing research activities [2]	4,529,302	235,402	9,040	636,462	124,607	

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. Corporations Claiming a Credit for Increasing Research Activities on Form 6765 [1]: Selected Items, by Sectors, Tax Year 2005—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Sectors—continued					
Item	Real estate, rental, and leasing	Professional, scientific, and technical services	Management of companies (holding companies)	Administrative and support and waste management services	Various services [7]	
	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
Number of returns claiming a credit on Form 6765 [2]	14	3,335	326	420	160	
Section A—Regular Credit						
1 Certain amounts paid/incurred to energy consortia after 8/8/05	0	0	0	0	0	
2 Basic research payments paid or incurred	0	34,833	0	0	1,760	
3 Qualified organization base period amount	0	175,873	7,436	0	891	
5 Wages for qualified services	73,173	6,537,210	562,723	154,442	271,271	
6 Cost of supplies	7,650	1,237,571	8,730	12,232	56,458	
7 Rental or lease costs of computers	284	6,882	332	193	348	
8 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	15,590	1,931,924	270,322	35,631	116,429	
9 Total qualified research expenses (sum 5-8) [3]	96,696	9,751,516	842,107	202,498	444,506	
11 Average annual gross receipts [4]	3,679,967	141,331,509	284,810,031	8,371,735	15,160,483	
12 Base amount	31,330	1,756,819	147,936	86,376	73,959	
17 Regular credit [5]	4,210	619,178	54,222	10,118	32,442	
Section B—Alternative Incremental Credit [6]						
18 Certain amounts paid/incurred to energy consortia after 8/8/05	d	0	0	d	0	
19 Basic research payments paid or incurred	d	906	0	d	0	
20 Qualified organization base period amount	d	453	0	d	0	
23 Wages for qualified services	d	1,075,177	0	d	8,207	
24 Cost of supplies	d	143,282	0	d	1,505	
25 Rental or lease cost of computers	d	0	0	d	0	
26 Applicable percentage of contract research expense	d	146,927	0	d	3,581	
27 Total qualified research expenses (sum 23-26) [3]	d	1,365,386	0	d	13,292	
28 Average annual gross receipts [4]	d	25,311,135	0	d	324,495	
41 Alternative incremental credit [5]	d	30,286	0	d	245	
Section C—Current-Year Credit						
42 Passthrough rsrch cr(s) from prtnshp, S corp, est, or trust	172	1,962	40,566	37	45	
43 Current-year credit for Increasing research activities [2]	4,445	651,093	94,833	11,859	32,966	

^{*} Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it was based.

d—Amounts have been deleted to avoid disclosure of information for certain companies.[1] Includes returns of active corporations, other than Forms 1120S, 1120-REIT, and 1120-RIC.

^[2] Number of credit claimants and Line 43 include corporations that only reported data on Line 43.

^{3]} Lines 9 and 27 do not equal the sum of their components as shown in this table, because some corporations only reported these total lines.

^[4] Lines 11 and 28, Average annual gross receipts, are defined as the average annual gross receipts for the 4 tax years preceding the tax year for which the credit is being determined.

^[5] Lines 17 and 41 include credit amounts for which some corporations did not provide component data.

^[6] Component data for Section B include Section A credit claimants who also filled in information in Section B.

^{[7] &}quot;Various Services" include educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodoation and food services; and other services.

SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations

his article discusses typical sampling procedures used in most Statistics of Income (SOI) programs. Aspects covered briefly include sampling criteria, selection techniques, methods of estimation, and sampling variability. Some of the nonsampling error limitations of the data are also described, as well as the tabular conventions employed.

Additional information on sample design and data limitations for specific SOI studies can be found in the separate SOI reports. More technical information is available, on request, by writing to the Director, Statistics of Income Division RAS:S, Internal Revenue Service, P.O. Box 2608, Washington, DC 20013-2608.

Sample Criteria and Selection of Returns

Statistics compiled for the SOI studies are generally based on stratified probability samples of income tax returns or other forms filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The statistics do not reflect any changes made by the taxpayer through an amended return or by the IRS as a result of an audit. As returns are filed and processed for tax purposes, they are assigned to sampling classes (strata) based on such criteria as: industry, presence or absence of a tax form or schedule, and various income factors or other measures of economic size (such as total assets, total receipts, size of gift, and size of estate). The samples are selected from each stratum over the appropriate filing periods. Thus, sample selection can continue for a given study for several calendar vears—3 for corporations because of the incidence of fiscal (noncalendar) year reporting and extensions of filing time. Because sampling must take place before the population size is known precisely, the rates of sample selection within each stratum are fixed. This means, in practice, that both the population and the sample size can differ from those planned. However, these factors do not compromise the validity of

The probability of a return's selection depends on its sample class or stratum and may range from a fraction of 1 percent to 100 percent. Considerations in determining the selection probability for each stratum include the number of returns in the stratum, the diversity of returns in the stratum, and interest in the stratum as a separate subject of study. All this is subject to constraints based on the estimated pro-

cessing costs or the target size of the total sample for the program.

For most SOI studies, returns are designated by computer from the IRS Master Files based on the taxpayer identification number (TIN), which is either the Social Security number (SSN) or the Employer Identification Number (EIN). A fixed and essentially random number is associated with each possible TIN. If that random number falls into a range of numbers specified for a return's sample stratum, then it is selected and processed for the study. Otherwise, it is counted (for estimation purposes), but not selected. In some cases, the TIN is used directly by matching specified digits of it against a predetermined list for the sample stratum. A match is required for designation.

Under either method of selection, the TINs designated from one year's sample are, for the most part, selected for the next year's, so that a very high proportion of the returns selected in the current year's sample are from taxpayers whose previous years' returns were included in earlier samples. This longitudinal character of the sample design improves the estimates of change from one year to the next.

Method of Estimation

As noted above, the probability with which a return is selected for inclusion in a sample depends on the sampling rate prescribed for the stratum in which it is classified. "Weights" are computed by dividing the count of returns filed for a given stratum by the number of population sample returns for that same stratum. These weights are usually adjusted for unavailable returns, outliers, or trimming weights. Weights are used to adjust for the various sampling rates used, relative to the population—the lower the rate, the larger the weight. For some studies, it is possible to improve the estimates by subdividing the original sampling classes into "poststrata," based on addi-

tional criteria or refinements of those used in the original stratification. Weights are then computed for these poststrata using additional population counts. The data on each sample return in a stratum are then multiplied by that weight. To produce

Sample returns are designated by computer from the IRS Master Files based on the taxpayer identification number.

SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations

In transcribing and tabulating data from tax returns, checks are imposed to improve the quality of the statistics.

the tabulated estimates, the weighted data are summed to produce the published statistical totals.

Sampling Variability

The particular sample used in a study is only one of a large number of possible random samples that could have been selected using the same sample

design. Estimates derived from the different samples usually vary. The standard error of the estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples and is used to measure the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of the possible samples. The sample estimate and an estimate of its standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that this interval includes the actual population value.

In SOI reports, the standard error is not directly presented. Instead, the ratio of the standard error to the estimate itself is presented in percentage form. This ratio is called the coefficient of variation (CV). The user of SOI data may multiply an estimate by its CV to recreate the standard error and to construct confidence intervals.

For example, if a sample estimate of 150,000 returns is known to have a coefficient of variation of 2 percent, then the following arithmetic procedure would be followed to construct a 68-percent confidence interval estimate:

150,000 (sample estimate) x 0.02 (coefficient of variation) = 3,000 (standard error of estimate) then:

150,000 (sample estimate) + or - 3,000 (standard error) = {147,000, 153,000} (68-percent confidence interval).

Based on these data, the interval estimate is from 147 to 153 thousand returns. This means that the average estimate of the number of returns lies within an interval computed in this way. Such an estimate would be correct for approximately two-thirds of all possible

samples similarly selected. To obtain this interval estimate with 95-percent confidence, the standard error should be multiplied by 2 before adding to and subtracting from the sample estimate. (In this particular case, the resulting interval would be from 144 to 156 thousand returns.)

Further details concerning sample design, sample selection, estimation method, and sampling variability for a particular SOI study may be obtained, on request, by writing to the Director, Statistics of Income Division, at the address given above.

Nonsampling Error Controls and Limitations

Although the previous discussion focuses on sampling methods and the limitations of the data caused by sampling error, there are other sources of error that may be significant in evaluating the usefulness of SOI data. These include taxpayer reporting errors and inconsistencies, processing errors, and the effects of any early cutoff of sampling. Additional information on nonsampling error as it applies to individual and corporation income tax returns is presented in the separate SOI reports on these returns.

In transcribing and tabulating the information from returns or forms selected for the sample, steps are taken to improve the quality of the resultant estimates. Tax return data may be disaggregated or recombined during the statistical abstracting and "editing" process that takes place in IRS submission processing centers. This is done to improve data consistency from return to return and to achieve definitions of the data items more in keeping with the needs of major users. In some cases, not all of the data are available from the tax return as originally filed. Sometimes, the missing data can be obtained by the Statistics of Income Division in Washington, DC, through field followup. More often, though, they are obtained through manual or computerized imputation. For this purpose, other information in the return or in accompanying schedules may be sufficient to serve as the basis for making an estimate. Prior-year data for the same taxpayer can be used for this same purpose, or comparable data from business reference books may be substituted.

Data abstracted or "edited" from returns for statistical use are subjected to a number of validation checks, including systematic verifications of a sampling of the work of each tax examiner involved in the SOI process. Data reported on sampled returns

SOI Sampling Methodology and Data Limitations

and previously transcribed as part of processing for the IRS Master Files are subject to validation as part of the administrative process before SOI processing begins. However, during the administrative process, it is only practical to transcribe corrections to errors that have a direct bearing on the tax reported or the refund claimed. Therefore, during the SOI process, checks must also be made to correct any errors or inconsistencies left in the administrative data before the data can be accepted for the statistics.

The Statistics of Income program includes many more tax return items than are transcribed and perfected for IRS tax administration needs, especially for items reported in tax return schedules in support of the various summary totals reported on the return. Therefore, checks must also be designed to validate these additional data items and to assure that they are consistent with other data entries.

Most of the data validation checks made during the SOI process take the form of computerized tests of each record. In addition to verifying that internal consistency and proper balance and relationships among the tax return items and statistical classifications are maintained, this process is intended to check on consistency with tax law provisions, acceptable reporting practices, and generally accepted accounting principles. Most testing occurs during the data abstracting and editing operation, while the tax return source document is still on hand, although some testing for certain programs occurs later on. Records failing the tests are subjected to further review and correction.

Finally, before publication, the statistics are reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness in light of the tax law provisions, taxpayer reporting variations and other limitations, tolerances and statistical techniques allowed or employed in data processing and estimating, economic conditions, and comparability with other statistical series. However, these controls do not completely eliminate the possibility of error. When discovered, errors in *Bulletin* tables are corrected, through a published errata.

Table Conventions

Published estimates subject to excessive sampling variability are identified for most of the statistics by means of an asterisk (*) presented alongside the estimate or in place of an estimate. Presence of an asterisk means that the sampling rate was less than 100 percent of the population and that there were fewer than 10 sample observations available for estimation purposes. This method produces a rough indication of excessive sampling variability. However, the results will differ somewhat from more precise indicators of excessive sampling variability based on the standard statistical formula. For some of the statistics based on samples, asterisking was not possible because of resource and other constraints. Users should keep this limitation in mind when using these data.

A zero, in place of a frequency or an amount, in any given table cell presenting data based on an SOI sample, indicates either that (1) there were no returns in the population with the particular characteristic, or (2) because of its rarity, instances of the characteristic were not present among the sampled returns. However, for statistics based on returns selected for the sample at the 100-percent rate, a zero indicates a presumption of no returns with the particular characteristic in the population.

In addition to sampling variability, Statistics of Income is required to prevent disclosure of information about specific taxpayers or businesses in its tables. Therefore, a weighted frequency (and the associated amount, where applicable) of less than 3 is either combined with data in an adjacent cell(s) so as to meet the criteria, or deleted altogether. Similar steps are taken to prevent indirect disclosure through subtraction. However, any combined or deleted data are included in the appropriate totals. Most data on tax-exempt, nonprofit organizations are excluded from disclosure review because the Internal Revenue Code and regulations permit public access to most of the information reported by these organizations.

Public Release of SOI Information

Goals for Public Release of SOI Information

	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			1	ľ
Statistics of Income	End of	Close of fi	iling period—	Close of	Tentative release date
program and year	tax year	Regular	With extensions of time	sampling period	for final data
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Individual income tax returns:					
2006	December 2006	April 2007	October 2007	December 2007	August 2008
2007	December 2007	April 2008	October 2008	December 2008	August 2009
Nonfarm sole proprietorships:					1
2006	December 2006	April 2007	October 2007	December 2007	August 2008
2007	December 2007	April 2008	October 2008	December 2008	August 2009
Partnerships:		•			
2006	December 2006	April 2007	October 2007	December 2007	July 2008
2007	December 2007	April 2008	October 2008	December 2008	July 2009
Corporations: [1]					1
2005	June 2006	September 2006	March 2007	June 2007	March 2008
2006	June 2007	September 2007	March 2008	June 2008	March 2009
Corporation foreign tax credit: [2]					1
2005	June 2006	September 2006	March 2007	June 2007	October 2008
2006	June 2007	September 2007	March 2008	June 2008	October 2009
Controlled foreign corporations: [2]					1
2006	June 2007	September 2007	March 2008	June 2008	October 2009
Tax-exempt organizations: [3]	duric 2007	Coptombol 2007	Widi dil 2000	00110 2000	0000001 2000
2005	November 2006 November 2007	April 2007	October 2007 October 2008	December 2007	August 2008
2006	November 2007	April 2008	October 2008	December 2008	August 2009
Private foundations: [3]		4 11 0007	0.44.0007		1
2005	November 2006	April 2007	October 2007	December 2007	August 2008
2006	November 2007	April 2008	October 2008	December 2008	August 2009
Tax-exempt organization unrelated business income: [3]					
2005	November 2006	April 2007	October 2007	December 2007	October 2008
2006	November 2007	April 2008	October 2008	December 2008	October 2009
Estate tax returns:					
2007	[4]	[4]	[4]	December 2007	October 2008
2008	[4]	[4]	[4]	December 2008	October 2009
Split-interest trusts:					İ
2007	[5]	[5]	[5]	December 2007	October 2008
2008	[5]	[5]	[5]	December 2008	October 2009
Gift tax returns:					
2007	[4]	[4]	[4]	December 2007	October 2008
2008	[4]	[4]	[4]	December 2008	October 2009
Nonresident alien estate tax returns:	1 1.3	F-1	1	5000111501 2000	0000001 2000
2007	[4]	[4]	[4]	December 2007	February 2009
2008	[4]	[4]	[4]	December 2008	May 2009
Fiduciary extracts:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		† ''	1	1
2007	[5]	[5]	[5]	December 2007	October 2008
2008	[5]	[5]	[5]	December 2008	October 2009
Tax-exempt bonds:					
2006	[6]	[6]	[6]	December 2007	April 2008
2007	[6]	[6]	[6]	December 2008	April 2009

^[1] Corporation statistics for 2005 represent accounting periods ended July 2005 through June 2006. Study Year 2006 is similarly defined.

^[2] Data for 2005 represent accounting periods ending July 2005 through June 2006. Data for Study Year 2006 are similarly defined.

 $^{[3] \} Data \ for 2005 \ represent \ tax \ years \ ending \ between \ December \ 2005 \ and \ November \ 2006. \ Study \ Year \ 2006 \ is \ similarly \ defined.$

^[4] Estate and gift tax data are processed on a filing-year, rather than on a year-of-death or gift-year (tax-year) basis. At a later stage (not shown here), filing years are combined by year of death or gift year, respectively.

^[5] Split-interest trust and fiduciary income tax statistics are processed on a filing-year rather than a tax-year basis.

^[6] Tax-exempt private activity governmental bond statistics are collected annually based on issue year. Arbitrage rebate and penalty studies are conducted biennially, for tax years ending in odd numbers.

Projects*	Primary Analysts	Frequency and Program Content
Americans Living Abroad: 2006 Program	Scott Hollenbeck Maureen Keenan Kahr	This periodic study is conducted every 5 years. It covers foreign income, foreign taxes paid, and foreign tax credit shown on individual income tax returns. Data are classified by size of adjusted gross income and country.
Controlled Foreign Corporations: 2006 Program	Jason Wenrich	This semiannual study provides data on activities of foreign corporations that are controlled by U.S. corporations. Data are classified by industry group and country.
Controlled Foreign Partnerships: 2008 Program	Bill States	This study provides data on activities of foreign partnerships that are controlled by U.S. corporations or partnerships. Frequency of this study has not been determined.
Corporation Foreign Tax Credit: 2005 Program 2006 Program	Rob Singmaster Scott Luttrell	This annual study provides data on foreign income, taxes paid, and foreign tax credit reported on corporation foreign income tax returns. Data are classified by industry group and country.
Corporation Income Tax Returns: 2005 Program 2006 Program	Bill Rush Todd Reum Ellen Legel	Basic data are produced annually and cover complete income statement, balance sheet, tax, tax credits, and details from supporting schedules. Data are classified chiefly by industry group or asset size.
Entity Classification Election:	John Comisky Lawrence Sao	This annual study provides data from all Entity Classification Elections, including the type of election and whether the entity is foreign or domestic.
Estate Tax: 2004-2006 Program 2007-2009 Program	Brian Raub	This annual study provides information on a gross estate and its composition, deductions, and tax; and information on the age, sex, and marital status of decedents. Basic estate tax return data by year in which returns are filed are produced each year. Also included are data on nonresident aliens who had more than \$60,000 of assets in the United States. Other statistics are available on a year-of-death basis (approximately every 3 years). The most recent study is based on decedents who died in 2004 with returns filed in 2004-2006. The most recent data available are for returns filed in 2006.

General Statistical Information	n: (202) 874-0410 Fax:	(202) 874-0964 e-mail: sis@irs.gov
Excise Taxes:	Melissa Laine	Basic data are collected and processed by three Department of the Treasury agencies: the Internal Revenue Service, the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (formerly the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives), and the Customs Service. Data by type of tax are shown by Fiscal Year (FY) for 1998-2004 and quarterly for FY 2005 and the first two quarters of FY 2006.
Farm Sole Proprietorships:		
2005 Program 2006 Program	Kevin Pierce Mary Jezek	This periodic study provides farm income and expenses classifie by industry and gross farm income reported by individuals on Schedule F, <i>Profit or Loss from Farming</i> .
Foreign-Controlled Domestic Corporations: 2005 Program	James Hobbs	This annual study covers domestic corporations with 50-percent-or-more stock ownership by a single foreign "person." It covers balance sheet, income statement, and tax-related data, which are classified by industry group, country, and size and age of the corporations. Data are compared to those for other domestic corporations.
Foreign Recipients of U.S. Income: 2006 Program	Scott Luttrell	This annual study provides data by country on income paid to nonresident aliens and the amount of tax withheld for the U.S. Government.
Foreign Trusts: 2006 Program	Dan Holik	This periodic study, conducted every 4 years, provides data on foreign trusts that have U.S. "persons" as grantors, transferors, or beneficiaries. Data include country where the trust was created, value of transfer to the trust, and year the trust was created. The most recent study is for Tax Year 2002.
Gift Tax: 2006 Program 2007 Program 2008 Program	Darien Jacobson	This annual study provides data for type and amount of gift, information on donee, and tax computation items. Information about the donor and gift splitting is also available. Most recent data are for Filing Year 2006.
Individual Income Tax Return Public-Use File:	Mario Fernandez	Microdata on CD-ROMs are produced annually and contain detailed information obtained from the individual income tax return statistics program, with identifiable taxpayer information omitted to make the file available for public dissemination on a reimbursable basis.
Individual Income Tax Returns: 2004 Program 2005 Program 2006 Program	Maureen Keenan Kahr Scott Hollenbeck Jeff Curry	Basic data are produced annually and cover income, deductions, tax, and credits reported on individual income tax returns and associated schedules. Data are classified by size of adjusted gross income, marital status, or type of tax computation.

General Statistical Information:	(202) 874-0410	Fax: (202) 874-0964 e-mail: sis@irs.gov
Individual Income Tax Returns Special Tabulations:	Mike Parisi	Special tabulations of selected individual income, deduction, and tax data are produced on a reimbursable basis.
Interest-Charge Domestic International Sales Corporations (IC-DISCs):		These corporations replaced the Domestic International Sales Corporations, or DISCs, as of 1985. Balance sheet, income statement, and export-related data are tabulated
2005 Program 2006 Program	Dan Holik	every 4 years. The most recent study is for Tax Year 2004.
International Boycott Reports:		This study provides data on business operations of U.S. "persons" in boycotting countries, as well as the requests
2005 Program 2006 Program	Lissa Costa	and agreements to participate in, or cooperate with, international boycotts not sanctioned by the U.S. Government.
Migration Flow and County Income Data:	Emily Gross Kevin Pierce	Migration flow data (based on year-to-year changes in individual income tax return addresses) and county or State income data are available annually on a reimbursable basis. The most recent data are for 2004-2005.
Noncash Charitable Contributions:	Janette Wilson	This study of individual income tax returns provides detailed asset donations, descriptions of the donees, donor cost, fair market value, and deduction claimed on Form 8283, <i>Noncash Charitable Contributions</i> .
Occupation Studies:	Terry Nuriddin	This periodic study classifies individual income tax returns by occupation and contains a dictionary of occupational titles that can be used to enhance the economic data of other individual income tax return studies.
Partnership Returns of Income:	Tim Wheeler Nina Shumofsky	Basic data, produced annually, cover income statement, balance sheet, and details from supporting schedules. Data are classified chiefly by industry group.
Partnership Withholding Study:		This annual study provides data on U.S. partnership pay-
2005 Program	Scott Luttrell	ments to foreign partners. Data are classified by country and recipient type.
Personal Wealth Study: 2005 Program 2006 Program	Brian Raub	This periodic study provides estimates of personal wealth of top wealth holders that are generated from estate tax return data using the "estate multiplier" technique, in conjunction with both filing-year and year-of-death estate databases. The most recent data, 2004, are based on returns filed from 2004 to 2006.

S Corporations:	Heather Parisi	Annual study data are collected for the income statement and balance sheet, and from supporting schedules. Data are classified by industry group or asset size.
Sales of Capital Assets:	Janette Wilson	This periodic study provides detailed data on the sales of capital assets reported in the capital gains schedule of the individual income tax return, and on sales of residences and personal or depreciable business property.
Sole Proprietorships: 2004 Program 2005 Program 2006 Program	Jeff Curry	Basic data, produced annually, cover business receipts, deductions, and net income reported on Schedule C, <i>Profit or Los From Business</i> , for nonfarm proprietors, classified by industry group.
Split-Interest Trust Information: 2006 Program 2007 Program 2008 Program	Lisa Schreiber	This annual study provides information on charitable remainder trusts, charitable lead trusts, and pooled income funds. Data include balance sheet, income, deductions, and detail from accumulation and distribution schedules. The most recent data are for Filing Year 2006.
Tax-Exempt Bond Issues: 2006 Program 2007 Program 2008 Program	Cynthia Belmonte Emily Shammas	This annual study provides information on private activity and Governmental bond issues by type of property financed, size of face amount, and State. The most recent data are for Tax Year 2006 public purpose bonds and private activity bonds.
Tax-Exempt Organizations (Except Private Foundations): 2005 Program 2006 Program 2007 Program	Paul Arnsberger	This annual study provides balance sheet and income statement data for organizations classified as tax-exempt under subsections 501(c)(3)-(9) of the Internal Revenue Code. The most recent data are for Reporting Year 2005 returns filed in Calendar Years 2006-2007.
Tax-Exempt Organizations (Private Foundations): 2005 Program 2006 Program 2007 Program	Melissa Ludlum Cynthia Belmonte	This annual study provides balance sheet and income statement data for domestic private foundations and charitable trusts filing a Form 990-PF. The most recent data are for Reporting Year 2005 returns filed in Calendar Years 2006-2007.
Tax-Exempt Organizations, Unrelated Business Income: 2004 Program 2005 Program 2006 Program	Melissa Ludlum	This annual study provides tabulations of "unrelated business" income and deductions for organizations classified as tax-exempt under the Internal Revenue Code. The most recent data are for Reporting Year 2004 returns filed in Calendar Years 2006-2007.

General Statistical Information	on: (202) 874-0410	Fax: (202) 874-0964 e-mail: sis@irs.gov
Transactions of Foreign- Controlled Corporations:	Mark Lowe	This biennial study provides data on transactions between U.S. corporations and their foreign owners. Data are classified by country and industry group.
U.S. Possessions Corporations: 2005 Program	Dan Holik	This periodic study, planned for every 2 years, provides data on income statements, balance sheets, tax, and "possessions tax credit" for qualifying U. S. possessions corporations. (Most of these corporations are located in Puerto Rico.)
ZIP Code Area Data:	Mary Jezek	Statistics on CD-ROM show number of individual income tax returns, exemptions, and several income items by State and 5-digit ZIP Code. Data are available for 2002, 2004, and 2005 on a reimbursable basis. (Data for Tax Years 1991, 1998, and 2001 are also available, free of charge, on the IRS Web site: http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/article/0,,id=96947,00.html.)

^{*} Many of the data release dates, i.e., the months in which the Statistics of Income Division expects to release data to users, ahead of publication, on request, are published in each issue of the *SOI Bulletin* (see "Public Release of SOI Information"). For more information about data availability for a particular project, call or fax the numbers shown at the top of the page.

tatistics of Income (SOI) data are available in electronic formats and in printed publications. For further information on any of the following products and services, or for answers to questions on the availability of SOI data, other statistical services, or release dates for data, contact SOI's **Statistical Information Services** (SIS):

Statistical Information Services (sis@irs.gov)

Statistics of Income Division Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 2608 • Washington, DC 20013-2608 (202) 874-0410 • Fax: (202) 874-0964

As its name implies, SIS is best able to answer questions about data. It does not supply tax forms or information about the status of an individual's tax refund or audit examination. Media requests should be directed to the IRS Media Relations Branch, Communications Division, on (202) 622-4000.

Electronic Products and Services

Products Available Free on the Internet

SOI's Internet site offers a combination of files presenting SOI tables, articles about SOI data, and information about SOI products and services, as well as non-SOI products, including annual *IRS Data Book* tables, Compliance Research projections, and nonprofit Master File microdata records. At present, over 8,225 files reside there.

Web site: www.irs.gov/taxstats

There is also a direct link to our Web site from FedStats, the gateway to official statistics from the Federal Government: www.fedstats.gov.

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On the Tax Stats Home Page, you will find the following list of topics that will lead you to a wide range of tables, articles, and data that describe and measure elements of the U.S. tax system. There is also a link to check out What's New.

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Charities • Exempt Organization Master File Private Foundations • Trusts Tax-Exempt Bonds • All Topics

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Products Available From SOI

Many of SOI's data files are available for sale on CD-ROM, diskette, tape, or via e-mail through the Statistical Information Services Office. **Prepayment is required for orders of \$100 or more**, with checks made payable to the **IRS Accounting Section.** Contact SIS for information on specific products, prices, sources, media, and ordering instructions.

The following files are currently available on a reimbursable basis and include data from returns covering corporations, individuals, exempt organizations, and private foundations and charitable trusts. Most of these files are tabulations of aggregated data, but some are files of microdata records.

Corporation Income Tax Returns

Corporation Source Book

A magnetic tape or CD-ROM containing data from the *Corporation Source Book* are available for years 1996-2003 at a cost of \$250 per year. Data from the 2004 and 2005 *Corporation Source Books* are available at no charge from the Tax Stats Web site. Data tables from the 2000 through 2005 *Source Book* are also available at no charge from the Tax Stats Web site at: www.irs.gov/taxstats/bustaxstats/article/0,,id=149687,00.html. See also *Printed Publications* section.

Individual Income Tax Returns

Individual Public-Use Microdata Files

These files include individual income tax returns for 1960, 1962, 1964, and 1966-2004. All of the files have been edited to protect the confidentiality of individual taxpayers. Public-use files of individual income tax returns for 1960, 1962, 1964, and 1966-1991 are available for sale by writing to the Center for Electronic Records at the National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001, or by calling toll-free (866) 272-6272. Files for 1992 through 2004 are available on CD-ROM from the SOI Division. Price for the SOI microdata file is \$4,000 per year.

County-to-County Migration Data

One table, based on the year-to-year changes in the addresses shown on the population of returns from the IRS Individual Master File system. This table presents data on migration patterns by county for the entire United States, including inflows and outflows. The data include the number of returns (which approximates the number of households); the number of personal exemptions (which approximates the population); total "adjusted gross income" (starting with Filing Year 1993). Available for Filing Years 1984-2007. Price is \$200 per year for the entire United States or \$10 per State per year. (All years for the entire United States are also available for \$500.)

State-to-State Migration Data

One table, based on the year-to-year changes in the addresses shown on the population of returns from the IRS Individual Master File system. This table presents data on migration patterns by State for the entire United States, including inflows and outflows. The data include the number of returns (which approximates the number of households); the number of personal exemptions (which

approximates the population); total "adjusted gross income" (starting with Filing Year 1993). Available for Filing Years 1989-2007. Price is \$50 per year for the entire United States or \$10 per State per year.

County Income Data

One table, based on the population of returns from the IRS Individual Master File system. This table presents data for adjusted gross income (total and for selected sources), number of returns (which approximates the number of households), and number of personal exemptions (which approximates the population). The data are presented by county (including State totals) and are available for Tax Years 1989-2006 for the entire United States. Price is \$50 per year for the entire United States or \$10 per State per year.

ZIP Code Area Data

Statistics are available for Tax Years 2002, 2004, and 2005 on CD-ROM showing the number of individual income tax returns; the total number of exemptions and number of dependent exemptions (which approximates population); adjusted gross income; salaries and wages; taxable interest; total tax; contributions; number of returns with Schedules C and F; and number of returns with Schedule A, by State and 5-digit ZIP Code. In addition to these items, data for Tax Year 2004 and 2005 also show the amount of taxable dividends; net capital gain/loss; IRA payment adjustment; self-employed pension adjustment; taxes paid deduction; alternative minimum tax; income tax before credits; earned income credit; and number of returns prepared by paid preparers. Price is \$500 for the entire United States; \$25 for a single State. Data for Tax Years 1998 and 2001 are available free on SOI's Internet site. Go to www.irs.gov and select the Tax Stats option; Individual Tax Statistics; Individual Income Tax; Zip Code Data (SOI) under Data by Geographic Areas.

Tax-Exempt Organizations

Compendium of Studies of Tax-Exempt Organizations, 1989-1998

This is a compilation of articles on SOI studies of charitable and other nonprofit organizations described in Internal Revenue Code sections 501(c)(3)-(c)(9), private foundations, charitable remainder trusts, and nonprofit organizations' unrelated business income. All of these articles were published previously in various issues of the *Statistics of Income Bulletin*. In addition, the *Compendium* includes papers on statistical sampling of tax-exempt

organization returns, and other topics relating to tax-exempt organizations and philanthropy that were authored by IRS staff and others who use SOI study data for research. Available at no charge on CD-ROM.

Microdata Records for Tax Year 2005

Microdata records of all Forms 990 and 990-EZ sampled for the annual SOI study of tax-exempt organizations. The samples include 15,862 Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) organizations and 6,577 section 501(c)(4)-(9) organizations. All returns for organizations with assets of \$50 million or more are included in the sample. Microdata records contain information on balance sheets and income statements, as well as weights (to estimate the population), for each organization. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitable stats/ article/0,,id=97176,00.html, or may be purchased.

Microdata Records for Tax Years 1992-2004

Microdata records of all Forms 990 and 990-EZ sampled for the annual SOI study of tax-exempt organizations. Microdata records contain information on balance sheets and income statements, as well as weights (to estimate the population), for each organization. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/tax-stats/charitable stats/article/0,,id=97176,00.html, or may be purchased on CD-ROM for \$20.

Private Foundations (and Charitable Trusts)

Microdata Records for Tax Year 2005

Microdata records of all Forms 990-PF sampled for the annual SOI study covering private foundations and Internal Revenue Code section 4947 (a)(1) charitable trusts. The file contains both operating and nonoperating foundations and trusts. The sample includes 11,767 returns. (All returns filed by foundations with assets of \$10 million or more, as well as the population of returns filed by nonexempt charitable trusts, are included in the sample.) Microdata records contain information on revenue, expenses, assets, and distributions, as well as weights, for each foundation or trust. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0,,id=96996,00.hmtl, or may be purchased for \$20.

Microdata Records for Tax Years 1992-2004

Microdata records of all Forms 990-PF sampled for the annual SOI study covering private foundations and Internal Revenue Code section 4947 (a)(1) charitable trusts. Microdata records contain information on revenue, ex-

penses, assets, and distributions, as well as weights, for each foundation or trust. Available for download from SOI's Tax Stats Web site at www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0,,id=96996,00.html, or may be purchased for \$20.

Printed Publications

Publications Available for Sale From GPO

Recent SOI publications are available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC, by calling (202) 512-1800, or faxing (202) 512-2250. (Credit cards are accepted.) Publications may also be obtained by using the order form at the end of this *Bulletin* or write to:

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Note:

If you determine from the Government Printing Office that any of the following items are out of print or unavailable, call **Statistical Information Services on (202) 874-0410** for assistance. The most recent issue of these publications may be available from SOI.

IRS Data Book, 2007

Annually, Publication 55B, Stock No. 048-004-02498-5 Price: \$11 Foreign: \$15.40

This volume pertains to Fiscal Year 2007—October 1, 2006, through September 30, 2007. The report provides information on returns filed and taxes collected, enforcement, taxpayer assistance, the IRS budget and workforce, and other selected activities.

Statistics of Income Bulletin

Quarterly, Publication 1136, Stock No. 748-005-00000-5 Subscription price: \$53 Single copy price: \$39

This series provides the earliest published financial statistics from individual and corporation income tax returns. The *Bulletin* also includes annual data on nonfarm sole proprietorships and partnerships, as well as periodic or special studies of particular interest to tax analysts, administrators, and economists. Historical tables include data from SOI, as well as tax collections and refunds by type of tax.

Statistics of Income—2004, **Corporation Income Tax Returns**

Publication 16, Stock No. 048-004-02495-1

Price: \$50 Foreign: \$70

This report presents more comprehensive data on corporation income tax returns with accounting periods that ended July 2004 through June 2005 than those published earlier in the SOI Bulletin.

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- size of income tax after
- credits
- assets ■ liabilities

Statistics of Income—2005, **Individual Income Tax Returns**

Publication 1304, Stock No. 048-004-02497-7

Price: \$37 Foreign: \$51.80

This report presents more comprehensive and complete data on individual income tax returns for Tax Year 2005 than those published earlier in the SOI Bulletin.

Presents information on:

Classifies data by:

- sources of income
- size of adjusted
- exemptions
- gross income
- itemized deductions
- marital status
- tax computations
- type of tax computation

Publications Available From SOI

Other SOI periodicals and one-time reports are available for sale from Statistical Information Services. These reports include data from returns covering corporations and estate taxes.

Statistics of Income—2005, **Corporation Source Book**

Publication 1053 Price: \$175 plus \$10 for shipping and handling

This document presents detailed income statement, balance sheet, tax, and selected items, by sector, major and minor industrial groups, and size of total assets for all

returns and separately for returns with net income. Separate statistics on S corporations are included by sector. Industry detail is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The report, which underlies the Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Returns publication, is part of an annual series and can be purchased in its entirety or by page. Corporation Source Book industry pages and notes for 1963 through the present are available at a cost of \$30, plus \$1 per page copying charge (free for orders under 5 pages). The complete, printed version of the Source Book for 1984-2004, is also for sale at \$175 per year, plus \$10 for shipping and handling. See also *Electronic Products and Services* section.

Compendium of Federal Estate Tax and Personal **Wealth Studies**

Publication 1773 Price: \$26 plus \$10 for shipping and handling

Part I of this report focuses on data from estate tax returns, describing decedents, their beneficiaries, and the composition of their estates. It contains a methodological discussion of the strategy used in weighting sample data for the estate studies and presents statistics on selected components of decedents' estates, 1916-1990. Information on charitable giving is also included.

Part II presents a series of articles describing the estatemultiplier technique and its applications for personal wealth estimates, estimates of personal wealth for selected years 1962-1989, and a discussion of the relationship among realized income, wealth, and well-being.

Special Studies in Federal Tax Statistics, 2006

Publication 1299 No charge

This is the sixth edition of the IRS Methodology Report series Special Studies in Federal Tax Statistics, 2006. The papers included in this volume were presented in 2006 at the Joint Statistical Meetings of the American Statistical Association (ASA) held in Seattle, Washington, the National Tax Association's Annual Conference on Taxation held in Boston, Massachusetts, and the United Nations Statistical Commission and Economic Commission for Europe Conference of European Statisticians held in Geneva, Switzerland.

It has been divided into six major sections:

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