Appendix B—Tables

Table 1. Environmental Releases in the Area Around the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Zip Code and Year | 2000 | 1999 | 1998 | 1997 | 1996 | 1995 | 1994 | 1993 | 1992 | 1991 | 1990 | 1989 | 1988 |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|---------|
| | 29,370 | 52,230 | 52,912 | 62,362 | 50,400 | 28,851 | 10,662 | 73,942 | 169,658 | 534,917 | 622,746 | 619,609 | 468,651 |
| 90502* | Methanol (3 styrene (6% glycol (10% methyl isob (4%-7%), tc (1.7%-3%), (2%-31%). | 1-10%), 10-46%), 10-4 | 10%), glycol (7%-53%), methyl isobutyl ketone (3%-13%). (47%), PCE (40%), BTEX (2%), styrene (3%), glycol | | | | | PCE (57%), 1,1,1- TCA (21%), methylene chloride (18%), styrene (2%), glycol (1%). | (12%-38% BTEX (8% 5%), chron |), PCE (22% -13%), styre nium (<1%), | , methylene chl -42%), MEK (6 ene (~2.5%), gly lead cpds (<1% NO ₃ , NaOH, H | 5%-13%), ycol (1%- %); | |
| | 159 | 9 277 | 171 | 13,746 | 14,989 | 19,119 | 45,075 | 100,724 | 136,384 | 93,875 | 164,681 | 97,217 | 51,091 |
| 90501 | | lar to 1995 – 1997, but much less tity and no 1,1,1-TCA. 1,1,1-TCA (1995 only, 62%), n-butyl alcohol (11%-24%), naphthalene (16%-24%), 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (start in 1996, 13%-15%), and cumene (start in 1996, 23%-24%), lead (<1%), copper cpds (<1%). 1,1,1-TCA (26%-70%), xylenes (8%-54%), Freon 113 (1990 only, 14%), acetone (in 1992 and 1993, 9%-12%), copper cpds (2%-7%), lead, HCl, MEK (1991 only, 3%), barium (1991 and 1992 only), chloromethane (1991 and 1992 only, 12%), n-butyl alcohol (start in 1991, 2%-9%), naphthalene (start in 1994, 9%), chromium (in 1993 and 1994 only, 1%). | | | | ad, HCl, ethane 9%), | 1,1,1-TCA (4 Freon 113 (10 acetone (7%- glycol ethers copper (1%-3 than 1%: asbe only), lead, ca (HCl, H ₂ NO ₃ , H ₂ SO ₄₎ , Add 1989 (23%), 1 (4%), and ME | 0%-21%), 17%), (1%-8%), (%). Less estos (1988 austics H ₂ PO ₄ , HCl in propylene | | | | | |
| | 1,118,079 | 1,920,952 | 1,166,936 | 971,137 | 1,042,806 | 794,645 | 748,192 | 717,326 | 604,559 | 659,316 | 450,966 | 528,635 | 409,297 |
| 90509 | ethylene, na metals (nick | phthalene, M | ess than 2%: pro FBE, n-hexane, empounds), HF | phenol, m | nethane, | - f -l l | | | | | | | |

Source: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) (31) Releases are presented in pounds of chemical released in that year.

^{*} Douglas Aircraft Company's closure resulted in the large drop in emission release in 1991/1992.

[†] Mobil Oil Corporation Refinery is the major industry in this zip code.

^{1,1,1-}TCA—1,1,1-trichloroethane; PCE—tetrachloroethylene; BTEX—benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes; HCl—hydrochlororic acid; MEK—methyl ethyl ketone; HF—hydrofluoric acid; MTBE—methyl tertbutyl ether; H₂NO₃—nitric acid; H₂PO₄—phosphoric acid; H₂SO₄—sulfuric acid; NaOH—sodium hydroxide.

Table 2. Evaluation of Exposure Pathways, Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| | T. 4 | Primary | | Expos | sure Pathway El | ements | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Location | Type of Exposure Pathway | Contaminants of Concern | Source | Media | Point of Exposure | Route of Exposure | Potentially Exposed Population | Time | Conclusion |
| Developed Area of Site | Soil | Arsenic, cadmium, Aroclor1260, total PCBs, BaP and other carcinogenic PAHs, benzene, ethylbenzene | Del Amo, Montrose, and other activities | Soil | Soil | Incidental ingestion, skin contact | Long-term on- site worker, occasional worker, child at day care | From ~1970s until now, future | Not currently a public health hazard from siterelated contaminants. Potential future hazard if soil becomes exposed. Testing needed when covered soil is exposed. |
| Alea of Site | Groundwater if used as drinking water | BTEX | Del Amo, Montrose, and several other facilities | Groundwater | Drinking water | Ingestion, inhalation, skin contact | Residents, workers, other users of water | Past, present, future | Eliminated for past and current exposure. Potential future exposure if not cleaned up. |
| | Indoor air | BTEX, TCE, Styrene, PCE | Del Amo site activities | Soil gas coming from contaminated soil and groundwater | Indoor air | Inhalation | Long-term on- site worker, occasional worker, child at daycare | From 1970s (when development occurred) until now, future | Future public health hazard for buildings located over LNAPL. Indoor air testing recommended. |
| Waste Pits | Exposure to waste-pit contamination before pits were capped | PAHs, BTEX, VOCs, SVOCs | Del Amo waste pits | Soil Waste- material | Soil Waste- material | Incidental ingestion, skin contact | Trespasser | Before cap was placed over the pits | Public health hazard in the past. |
| | Exposure to emissions from waste pits before pits were capped | BTEX | Del Amo waste pits | Emissions from waste | Air | Inhalation | Nearby resident, trespasser | Before cap was placed over the pits | Not a public health hazard. |

Table 2. Evaluation of Exposure Pathways, Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| | | Primary | | Expos | sure Pathway El | lements | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|-------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|---|
| Location | Type of Exposure Pathway | Contaminants of Concern | Source | Media | Point of Exposure | Route of Exposure | Potentially Exposed Population | Time | Conclusion |
| Waste Pits | Exposure to waste-pit contamination after cap was placed | PAHs, BTEX, VOCs, SVOCs | Del Amo waste pits | Soil Waste- material | Soil Waste- material | Incidental ingestion, skin contact | Trespasser | After cap was placed over the pits | Not a public health hazard as long as cap is maintained. |
| | Releases from treatment of soil gas captured from under waste-pit cap | (Yet to be determined) | Del Amo waste pits, soil gas treatment system | Soil gas | To be determined | Inhalation, skin contact | Nearby resident | Future | Evaluate when treatment is operational. |
| | Indoor air exposure | BTEX | Del Amo, Montrose and several other facilities | Soil gas coming from contaminated groundwater | Indoor air | Inhalation | Nearby residents | Past, present, future | Not a public health hazard. |
| Neighbor- hood area south of site | Soil exposure before the grading occurred | DDT, arsenic, cadmium | Fill from Montrose site and other facilities | Soil | Surface soil | Incidental ingestion, skin contact | Residents | Past | Eliminated; no chemicals related to Del Amo at levels of health concern. |
| soun of site | Soil exposure after the grading occurred | Arsenic, lead, copper, zinc, nickel in non-native material | Del Amo site | Soil and nonnative materials found in the soil | Surface soil | Incidental ingestion, skin contact | Trespassers, park workers, park users | Present, future | Eliminated; no chemicals related to Del Amo at levels of health concern in soil. Nonnative material should be removed from accessible surface. |

Acronyms used in table: BTEX—benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes; DDT—dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; PAHs—polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; PCBs—polychlorinated biphenyls; SVOCs—semi-volatile organic compounds; BaP—benzo(a)pyrene; PCE—tetrachloroethylene; TCE—trichloroethylene; VOCs—volatile organic compounds.

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| #1 7351-31-17 | NS | Very few samples composited with other parcels. Cadmium Chromium Manganese | NS | NS | | Not an area of manufacturing or storage |
| #2 7351-31-24 7351-31-25 | Arsenic Cadmium DDT Arochlor PCBs PAHs | Cadmium DDT Arochlor PCBs PAHs | Toluene Xylenes 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Ethylbenzene Isopropylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene | NS | Toluene Xylenes 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Ethylbenzene Isopropylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene | |
| #3 7351-31-7 Sumitomo | NS | NS | 3 samples on north end: Benzene Ethylbenzene Toluene | Benzene Methylene chloride Tetrachloroethylene Trichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Styrene Toluene Xylenes | | Historically, tanks located in the area. Building is located on former tank area. Very little sampling. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| #4 7351-31-8 | NS | Cadmium Cyclohexane Chromium (Total) Copper 2-Hexanone Manganese Nickel Vandium | NS | NS | | Not an area of manufacturing or storage. No soil gas data. Some soil data. |
| #5 7351-33-17 WRC (Toyota-leases) | NS | NS | Benzene Toluene Dichlorobromomethane 2-Hexanone 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene Methyl isobutyl ketone Xylenes Ethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene Trichloroethylene | Benzene Methylene Chloride Tetrachloroethylene Trichloroethylene Toluene | | Manufacturing of butadiene during facility operation. Fair amount of data, but no metal analyses. |
| #6 7351-33-22 Hamilton Dutch Building | NS | NS | Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes | NS | Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylenes | Historical usage occurred in area. Non RI/FS sampling. Lots of soil gas sampling. Most samples analyzed for BTEX, very little other VOC analysis or high detection limits. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| #7 7351-33-26 | NS | NS | Benzene Cyclohexane | | Benzene Chloromethane Cyclohexane Freon 12 Freon 114 | Storage tanks and pipelines on property when facility was in operation. LNAPL present in area. High detection limits for soil gas—bad data |
| #8 7351-33-27 Takechi USA, Inc. | NS | For VOCs only. No COCs | Benzene Cyclohexane 2-Hexanone | Benzene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Styrene Xylenes Cyclohexane Methyl ethyl ketone 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-TCA Ethylbenzene | | Storage tanks and pipelines on property when facility was in operation. LNAPL present in area. |
| #9 7351-33B30 Currently Undeveloped | 1 sample—a composite of 6 samples: Arsenic Cadmium Chromium Copper Manganese Vanadium Nickel DDT | NS | NS | NA | | Butadiene plant or fabrication plant were located in this area. Cooling towers also located in the area. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--|---------------------|--|--------------------------|--|---|
| #10 7351-33-34 Currently Undeveloped | 2 composite samples—from this parcel and two others: Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (Total) Copper Manganese Nickel Vanadium Zinc DDT Dieldrin | NS | Benzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene | NA | Benzene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene | Pipelines cross the property. |
| #11 7351-33-37 Currently Undeveloped | 2 composites—1 from this parcel and 2 others: Arsenic Cadmium Chromium Copper Manganese Nickel Vanadium Zinc Dieldrin DDT | NS | Benzene Tetrachloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NA | Benzene Tetrachloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Butadiene plant used to be located on parcel. Cooling towers located on parcel. High detection limits for BTEX in soil gas. Minimal other VOC analyses. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|---|---|---------------------|--|---|--------------------|--|
| #12 7351-33-40 Currently Undeveloped | 2 composite sample from this and other parcels: Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (Total) Copper Manganese Nickel Vanadium Zinc Dieldrin DDT | NS | 2 Samples Benzene | NA | Benzene | Historical use of hazardous material. Pipelines crossed parcel. High detection limits for BTEX in soil gas. |
| #13 7351-33-900 Gas/Utility Right-of-Way | NS | NS | NS | NA | NA | Historically, a Department of Water and Power right- of-way. No facility activities in area. |
| #14 7351-34-39 Miller Fabrication | NS | NS | Benzene 4-Ethyl toluene Cyclohexane Xylenes Ethylbenzene Styrene Tetrachloroethylene | Benzene 1,1,1-Trichoroethane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Trichloroethylene Xylenes | | Historically, pipelines crossed property. High detection limits in soil gas. |
| #15 7351-34-41 Obie (Formerly F. Schaefer) Publications | NS | NS | Benzene Ethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene Xylenes Toluene | Benzene Ethylbenzene Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Xylenes | | Historically, pipelines crossed property. Styrene finishing unit was located there. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--------------|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
| #16 7351-34-43 Ace | NS | NS | Tetrachloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Freon 11 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Benzene Chloroform Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Xylenes | Tetrachloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Freon 11 | Historically, pipelines crossed parcel. Limited soil gas sampling. |
| #17 7351-34-45 | NS | NS | Tetrachloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene Freon 11 Acetone | NS | Tetrachloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene Freon 11 Acetone | Historically, pipelines crossed the parcel. Limited soil gas sampling. |
| #18 7351-34-47 R. R. Donnelly Financial | NS | NS | Ethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Methylene chloride Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Xylenes | | When facility was in operation, manufacturing activities like ethylbenzene production took place on the parcel. High detection limits for soil gas samples. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| #19 7351-34-72 | NS | 1 single sample. 2 composites with other parcels: Cadmium Chromium (total) Copper Manganese Nickel Vanadium Zinc | Tetrachloroethylene | NS | Tetrachloroethylene | Historically, pipelines crossed parcel. |
| #20 7351-34-15 7351-34-50 7351-34-56 R. R. Donelly & Sons | NS | Arsenic Manganese Cadmium Chromium (total) N-Nitroso- dipenylamine | Ethylbenzene Styrene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene 2-Hexanone 4-Ethyl toluene Chloroform Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Benzene Chlorobenzene Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Trichloroethylene Xylenes | Ethylbenzene Styrene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene 2-Hexanone 4-Ethyl toluene Chloroform Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Benzene, toluene, and other tanks located in parcel. LNAPL present in area. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| #21 7351-34-52 Toyota | NS | NS | Tetrachloroethylene Benzene 4-Ethyl toluene Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Benzene Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Methylene chloride Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Trichloroethylene Xylenes | Tetrachloroethylene Benzene 4-Ethyl toluene Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | When facility was in operation, manufacturing activities like ethylbenzene production took place on the parcel. High detection limits for soil gas sampling. |
| #22 7351-34-57 Coca Cola Building | NS | Limited sampling Benzene Ethylbenzene (no metals analysis) | Ethylbenzene Styrene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene Xylenes 2-Hexanone 4-Ethyl toluene Acetone Chloroform Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane | Benzene (only analyzed for benzene, ethylbenzene, styrene, and toluene) | Ethylbenzene Styrene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene Xylenes 2-Hexanone 4-Ethyl toluene Acetone Chloroform Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,2-Dichloroethane | Several storage areas for styrene, benzene, ethylbenzene, and toluene located here. |
| #23 7351-34-58 | NS | Limited sampling one boring - two depths No metals No COCs | Ethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene 4-Ethyl toluene Benzene Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NS | Ethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene 4-Ethyl toluene Benzene Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Storage tanks were located on this parcel. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| #24 7351-34-69 Tri-Lite | NS | Nickel Chromium (total) Vanadium Arsenic | Ethylbenzene Styrene Xylenes Toluene Cyclohexane Tetrachloroethylene sec-Butyl benzene 4-Ethyl toluene Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Freon 114 Isopropyl benzene | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Benzene Chloroform Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Methylene chloride Styrene Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Trichloroethylene Xylenes | Ethylbenzene Styrene Xylenes Toluene Cyclohexane Tetrachloroethylene sec-Butyl benzene 4-Ethyl toluene Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Freon 114 Isopropyl benzene | Historically, pipeline crossed property. Styrene finishing unit located there. Considerable soil sampling conducted outside RI/FS, primarily for VOCs. |
| #25 7351-34-70 | 2 composites shared with another parcel: Arsenic Chromium (total) Cadmium Manganese Nickel DDT Benzo(a)anthracene Phenanthrene | Arsenic Chromium (total) Cadmium Nickel Manganese DDT | No COCs | NA | NA | Storage area was located in eastern portion when facility was in operation. High detection limits for soil gas. |
| #26 7351-34-73 | NS | NS | Limited—3 samples. Ethylbenzene Styrene Toluene Cyclohexane Xylenes Benzene | NS | Ethylbenzene Styrene Toluene Cyclohexane Xylenes Benzene | Not much activity or storage on the parcel when facility was in operation. High detection limits for soil gas. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|---|---|
| #27 7351-34-901 | 2 composites shared with another parcel: Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (total) Manganese Nickel Vanadium DDT Phenanthrene Acenaphthylene Benzo(a)anthracene 2-Methylnaphthalene | Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (total) Manganese Nickel Vanadium | No COCs | NA | Benzene Ethylbenzene Toluene Xylenes | Historically and currently, a Department of Water & Power right of way. |
| #28 Pacific Gateway | NS | 2 samples for VOCs, SVOCs. 2 composite samples with other parcels— for PCBs / pesticides, metals. Manganese Nickel Cadmium Chromium | Ethylbenzene Styrene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene Xylenes 4-Ethyl toluene Acetone Chloroform Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Freon 11 Freon 12 Trichloroethylene | NA | NA | A street. Pipelines crossed the property in the past. |
| #29 Magellan Drive | NS | NS | Ethylbenzene Toluene Tetrachloroethylene Benzene | NA | NA | A street. Pipelines cross the parcel. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| #31 7351-31-18 | NS | Limited sampling Cadmium Manganese Chromium (total) | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene 4-Ethyl toluene Freon 11 Freon 12 Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NS | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene 4-Ethyl toluene Freon 11 Freon 12 Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Historically, a reactor building for synthetic rubber located on the parcel. |
| #31 7351-34-54 | NS | Cadmium Manganese | No COCs | NS | | Little activity on property. Pipeline crossed parts of property. |
| #32 7351-34-66 Nippon Express | 1 Surface soil for SVOC, PCBs / pesticides No COCs/No EDB | NS | 5 shallow soil gas samples. 4 without complete VOC analysis. Carbon tetrachloride Chloroform | Benzene Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Methylene chloride Styrene Toluene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Xylenes | | Eastern Research Company was located in this parcel. |
| #33 7351-31-20 LAX Business Center | NS | NS | 2 shallow soil gas samples. Only 1 had complete VOC analysis. No COCs | Benzene Cyclohexane Ethylbenzene Methyl ethyl ketone Methylene chloride Styrene Tetrachloroethylene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Xylenes | | Laboratory and process building for synthetic rubber process located in this area. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|---|--------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 7351-31-800 7351-33-15 7351-33-20 7351-33-39 7351-34-21 7351-34-23 7351-34-75 7351-34-64 7351-34-67 7351-34-67 | NS | NS | Tetrachloroethylene Freon113 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene Acetone Chloroform Dichlorobromomethane Freon 11 Ethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Toluene Cyclohexane 4-Ethyl toluene Benzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NS | | Pipeline crossed these properties. Cooling towers were located in 7351-33-20 and 7351-33-39. |
| 7351-34-65 | NS | NS | 5 shallow soil gas samples. 4 without complete VOC analysis. Freon 11 Freon 113 | NS | | Some historical usage. |
| 7351-33-9 | NS | NS | 12 shallow soil gas. 2 with complete VOC analysis. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Tetrachloroethylene 4-Ethyl toluene Chloroform Benzene Acetonitrile Trichloroethylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NS | | Unlined impoundments were located on this parcel. |

Table 3. Summary of Chemicals Detected in the Parcels and Exposure Areas of Potential Concern on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Area of Concern; Parcel Numbers; Current Building Name | Surface Soil | Sub-Surface Soil | Shallow Soil Gas | Indoor Air (Sampling) | Indoor Air (Model) | Comments Sample Adequacy Historical Uses |
|--|--------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 7351-33-24 7351-33-23 | NS | NS | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 4-Ethyl toluene Chloroform Benzene Chloromethane Chloroethane Acetonitrile 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NS | | Wastewater treatment, oil skimmer, and other recovery operations occurred here. |
| 7351-34-74 | NS | NS (20) | 3 shallow. Only 1 with complete VOC analysis. 2-Hexanone 4-Ethyl toluene Benzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | NS | NS | Historical photos show some unidentifiable structure was located here. |

Source: Draft baseline risk assessment report for the Del Amo site (30).

Acronyms used in table: DDT—dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; PAHs—polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; PCBs—polychlorinated biphenyls; VOCs—volatile organic compounds; NS—not sampled; COCs—chemicals of concern; NA—not applicable.

Table 4. Summary of Surface Soil* Data Collected from the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, CaliforniaCAll Units (ppm)

| Chemical | | | Surface Soil | Health Comparison Value‡ (Source) | |
|----------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Туре | Chemical | No. Detects / No. Samples | Concentration Range (Average†) | Average Background (Bkgd) Concentration for Metals | |
| Metal | Arsenic | 15/15 | 2.6-49 (10.7) | 20 (Child Chronic EMEG) 0.5 (CREG) Bkgd=0.6-11 (3.5) | |
| Metal | Barium | 15/15 | 130-210 | 4,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=133-1,400 (509) | |
| Metal | Cadmium | 15/15 | 6.3-9.1 (6.9) | 10 (Child EMEG) Bkgd=0.05-1.7 (0.36) | |
| Metal | Chromium | 15/15 | 18-290 (30.8) | 80,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=23-1,579 (122) | |
| Metal | Cobalt | 15/15 | 6.8-12 | 500 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=2.7-46.9 (14.9) | |
| Metal | Copper | 15/15 | 19-240 (60.9) | 2,900 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=9.1-96.4 (28.7) | |
| Metal | Manganese | 15/15 | 310-620 | 3,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=253-1,687 (646) | |
| Metal | Nickel | 15/15 | 12-59 | 1,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=9-509 (57) | |
| Metal | Lead | 15/15 | 5.6-200 (36.5) | 400 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=12.4-97.1 (23.9) | |
| Metal | Vanadium | 15/15 | 36-160 | 200 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=39-288 (112) | |
| Metal | Zinc | 15/15 | 56-650 | 20,000 (Child Chronic EMEG) Bkgd=88-236 (149) | |

Table 4. Summary of Surface Soil* Data Collected from the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, CaliforniaCAll Units (ppm)

| Chemical | | | Surface Soil | Health Comparison Value‡ (Source) | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Type | Chemical | No. Detects / No. Samples | Concentration Range (Average†) | Average Background (Bkgd) Concentration for Metals | |
| Pesticide | 4,4'-DDD | 12/15 | 0.0043-2.7 (0.24) | 30 (Child RMEG) | |
| Pesticide | 4,4'-DDE | 12/15 | 0.0056-2.2 (0.27) | 30 (Child RMEG) | |
| Pesticide | 4,4'-DDT | 14/15 | 0.022-9.1 (1.4) | 1.0 (CREG) | |
| Pesticide | Aroclor 1260 | 3/15 | 0.25-6.8 | 0.22 (CREG) | |
| Pesticide | Dieldrin | 3/15 | <2-0.01 | 3 (Child Chronic EMEG) 0.04 (CREG) | |
| Pesticide | Total PCB=s | 3/15 | 0.25-6.8 (0.84) | 0.04 (CREG) | |
| SVOC | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 0/15 | <0.4 | - | |
| SVOC | Acenaphthene | 1/15 | <0.4-0.23 | 3,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| SVOC | Acenaphthylene | 1/15 | <0.4-0.47 | - | |
| SVOC | Anthracene | 1/15 | <0.4-0.57 | 20,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| SVOC | Benzo(a)anthracene | 2/15 | <0.4-0.31 | 0.01 (BAP-eq CREG) | |
| SVOC | Benzo(a)pyrene | 1/15 | <0.4-0.43 (0.2) | 0.1 (CREG) | |
| SVOC | Benzo(b)fluoranthene | 1/15 | <0.4-0.87 | 0.01 (BAP-eq CREG) | |
| SVOC | Benzoic acid | 1/15 | <2-9.3 | 200,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| SVOC | Bis(2- ethylhexyl)phthalate | 3/15 | <0.3-0.77 | 35 (Residential PRG) | |
| SVOC | Butylbenzylphthalate | 2/15 | <0.4-0.34 | 10,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| SVOC | Chrysene | 1/15 | <0.4-1.1 | 10 (BAP-eq CREG) | |

Table 4. Summary of Surface Soil* Data Collected from the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, CaliforniaCAll Units (ppm)

| Chemical | | | Surface Soil | Health Comparison Value‡ (Source) |
|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Туре | Chemical | No. Detects / No. Samples | Concentration Range (Average†) | Average Background (Bkgd) Concentration for Metals |
| SVOC | Di-n-butylphthalate | 1/15 | <0.4-8.3 | 6,100 (Residential PRG) |
| SVOC | Fluoranthene | 3/15 | <0.4-0.24 | 2,000 (Child RMEG) |
| SVOC | Fluorene | 1/15 | <0.4-0.24 | 2,000 (Child RMEG) |
| SVOC | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 0/15 | <0.4 | 100 (CREG) |
| SVOC | Naphthalene | 0/15 | <0.4 | 1,000 (Child RMEG) |
| SVOC | Phenanthrene | 4/15 | <0.2-1 | - |
| SVOC | Pyrene | 5/15 | <0.2-0.21 | 2,000 (Child RMEG) |
| VOC | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 52 (Residential PRG) |
| VOC | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0/5 | <0.4 | 5,000 (Child RMEG) |
| VOC | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 21 (Residential PRG) |
| VOC | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0/5 | <0.4 | 20,000 (Child Intermediate EMEG) |
| VOC | 2-Hexanone | 0/5 | < 0.05 | - |
| VOC | Acetone | 0/5 | < 0.05 | 5,000 (Child RMEG) |
| VOC | Benzene | 0/5 | < 0.05 | 10 (CREG) |
| VOC | Cyclohexane | 0/1 | < 0.001 | 140 (Residential PRG) |
| VOC | Ethyl benzene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 5,000 (Child RMEG) |
| VOC | Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK) | 0/5 | <0.05 | 790 (Residential PRG) |

Table 4. Summary of Surface Soil* Data Collected from the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, CaliforniaCAll Units (ppm)

| Chemical | | | Surface Soil | Health Comparison Value‡ (Source) | |
|----------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Type | Chemical | No. Detects / No. Samples | Concentration Range (Average†) | Average Background (Bkgd) Concentration for Metals | |
| VOC | Methylene chloride | 0/5 | <0.05 | 3,000 (Child Chronic EMEG) 90 (CREG) | |
| VOC | Naphthalene | 0/5 | <0.4 | 1,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| VOC | Styrene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 10,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| VOC | Tetrachloroethene | 1/5 | <0.005-0.006 | 500 (Child RMEG) / 5.7 (Residential PRG) | |
| VOC | Toluene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 10,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| VOC | Xylenes (Total) | NA | NA | 100,000 (Child RMEG) | |
| VOC | m,p-Xylene | 0/5 | <0.01 | 30,000 (Child Intermediate EMEG) | |
| VOC | n-Butylbenzene | 1/5 | <0.005-0.005 | 140 (Residential PRG) | |
| VOC | n-Propylbenzene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 140 (Residential PRG) | |
| VOC | o-Xylene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | - | |
| VOC | p-Isopropyltoluene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | - | |
| VOC | sec-Butylbenzene | 0/5 | < 0.005 | 110 (Residential PRG) | |
| VOC | tert-Butylbenzene | 0/5 | < 0.05 | 130 (Residential PRG) | |

Source: Section 2, Pilot feasibility study, summary of RI/FS investigation and findings (5). Background metal concentrations were obtained from ABackground concentrations of trace and major elements in California soils@ (33).

ppm—parts per million; VOC—volatile organic compound; SVOC—semi-volatile organic compound.

^{*} Surface soil = 0 – 6 inches below ground surface (bgs); † Average values given in parentheses for chemicals used in dose calculations, non-detects were assigned half the detection limit for calculation of average concentration values; ‡ Health comparison values: EMEG—Environmental Media Evaluation Guide; RMEG—Reference Dose Media Evaluation Guide; CREG—Cancer Risk Evaluation Guideline; PRG—preliminary remediation goal; BaP-eq—benzo(a)pyrene equivalent.

Table 5. Summary of the Health Evaluation from Exposure to Soil on the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Potentially Exposed Group | Type of Exposure | Noncancer | Cancer Health Effect |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| Long-term worker who digs in surface soil | Maximum Soil Concentration | None expected | 4.0 in 100,000 Very low increased risk |
| | Average Soil Concentration | None expected | 7.8 in 1 million No apparent increased risk |
| Occasional worker who digs into the subsurface | Maximum Soil Concentration | None expected | 2.2 in 1 million No apparent increased risk |
| soil | Average Soil Concentration | None expected | 4.4 in 10 million No apparent increased risk |
| Child attending daycare who plays on surface soil | Maximum Soil Concentration | Arsenic exposure-estimate exceeds health comparison value | |
| | Average Soil Concentration | None expected | |

Source: Doses were calculated from the following information: maximum- and average-surface soil concentrations from Table 4 for certain chemicals. Equations for determination of dose are shown in U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Risk Assessment Guidelines for Superfund. Long-term and occasional (short-term) worker weight: 70 kilograms (154 pounds). Child weight (13.5 kilograms or 30 pounds) was derived from the average of the 50th percentile of boys and girls ages 6 months to 5 years (EPA Exposure Factors Handbook) (47). The following were the duration assumed for exposure: 250 days per year for 25 years for the long-term worker; 14 days per year for 25 years for the short-term worker; and 250 days per year for 4.5 years for the child attending day-care. Incidental ingestion was assumed to be 100 milligrams soil per day for both worker populations and 200 milligrams per day for the child. The noncancer determination is based on a comparison of the estimated dose to the noncancer health comparison value for each chemical. For the long-term worker and child attending day-care, chronic health comparison values were used. For the short-term worker, acute or intermediate health comparison values were used, if available. If the estimated dose did not exceed the noncancer health comparison value, then the chemical was determined not to pose a health risk. Cancer risk is calculated by multiplying the estimated dose by the cancer slope factor derived by U.S. EPA or California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, and summing the risks from each carcinogen present in the soil. Noncancer health comparison values and cancer slope factors used in this evaluation are listed in Appendix F or here: copper—0.03 mg/kg/day (intermediate Minimal Risk Level) and 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene—0.05 mg/kg/day.

Table 6. Summary of Chemicals Detected Near the Del Amo Site and the Groundwater Units

in Which Each Chemical Was Detected, Near Torrance, California

| in which Each Chem | Upper Middle Bell-flower Aguitand Bell-flower | | Bell- | flower sand | Gage | Lynwood |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Compounds | Aquitard | B-sand Benzene Plume | Benzene Plume | Chloro- benzene Plume | - Aquifer | Aquifer |
| Acetone | X | | X | X | X | |
| Total DDT* | X | | X | X | X | |
| Total Hexachlorocyclohexanes | X | | X | X | | |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | X | | | | |
| Benzene | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Carbon disulfide | | X | | | | |
| Carbon tetrachloride | X | | | | | |
| Chlorobenzene | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Chloroform | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Dibromochloromethane | | X | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | | | X | X | X | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | | | X | X | X | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | | X | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | X | X | X | X | X | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | | X | | | | |
| cis 1,2-Dichloroethylene | | X | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Methylene chloride | X | X | | | | |
| Naphthalene | | X | | | | |
| Styrene | | X | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethylene | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Toluene | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Trichloroethylene | X | X | X | X | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | | X | | | | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | | X | | | | |
| Vinyl chloride | | X | | | | |
| Total Xylenes | X | X | X | X | | |
| Arsenic | | X | | | | |
| Manganese | | X | | | | |

Source: Groundwater remedial investigation report (final), Del Amo study area (3).

^{*} DDT—dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane

Table 7. California Department of Health Services Monitoring Frequency Guideline for Organic and Inorganic Chemicals in the West Basin Area, Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Parameters To Be Sampled (Chemicals included in this analysis that are found in groundwater contamination near Del Amo and Montrose sites) | Monitoring Frequency |
|---|--|
| VOCs* that are regulated under Title 22 (Benzene, carbon tetrachloride, chlorobenzene, chloroform, 1,2-dichlorobenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, 1,-dichloroethane, 1,2-dichloroethane, 1,1-dichloroethylene, cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, ethyl benzene, methylene chloride, styrene, tetrachloroethylene, toluene, trichloroethylene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, vinyl chloride, xylenes) | VOCs, annually if none detected; Quarterly, if detected, but less than MCLs†; or Monthly, if detections are greater than MCLs. |
| SVOCs‡ that are regulated under Title 22 | SVOCs every 5 years, if none detected; Quarterly, if detected, but less than MCLs; or Monthly, if detections are greater than MCLs. |
| Organic chemicals that are unregulated but monitoring is required | Naphthalene- monitored as required by federal government, 1987-1999. 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene Hexachlorocyclohexanes |
| Inorganic chemicals that are regulated under Title 22 (arsenic, manganese) | Once every 3 years |

^{*} VOC—volatile organic compounds † MCL—Maximum Contaminant Level

[‡] SVOCs—semi-volatile organic compounds

Table 8. Summary of Chemicals Detected in Shallow Soil Gas—Data Collected on the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California CAll Units $(\mu g/m^3)$

| Chemical | No. of Samples | No. of Detects | Frequency of Detection (%) | Minimum Concentration Detected | Maximum Concentration Detected | Mean Concentration |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 613 | 91 | 15 | 9.3 | 7,104 | 528.4 |
| 1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethane | 75 | 2 | 3 | 7.6 | 22.7 | 7,576* |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 403 | 1 | 0 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 768.4* |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | 612 | 6 | 1 | 3.5 | 6,103 | 429.3 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 75 | 1 | 1 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 13,830* |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 75 | 35 | 47 | 1.7 | 83,570 | 4,916 |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) | 303 | 2 | 1 | 2,3910 | 37,370 | 7,684 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 75 | 3 | 4 | 7.2 | 270,600 | 7,666 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 75 | 17 | 23 | 1.0 | 137.6 | 3,662* |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 158 | 5 | 3 | 6.0 | 222,500 | 3,432 |
| 2-Hexanone | 75 | 6 | 8 | 11.1 | 163.9 | 6,985* |
| 4-Ethyl toluene | 74 | 29 | 39 | 5.9 | 63,910 | 6,268 |
| Acetone | 75 | 36 | 48 | 3.6 | 546.5 | 7,191* |
| Acetonitrile | 328 | 7 | 2 | 18.4 | 184.5 | 2,433* |
| Benzene | 875 | 209 | 24 | 0.6 | 13,000,000 | 88,940 |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 75 | 1 | 1 | 62.4 | 62.4 | 3,935* |
| Carbon disulfide | 75 | 3 | 4 | 1.6 | 17.1 | 9,397* |
| Chloroethane | 303 | 1 | 0 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 3,078* |
| Chloroform | 495 | 17 | 3 | 13.1 | 7,787 | 554 |

Table 8. Summary of Chemicals Detected in Shallow Soil Gas—Data Collected on the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California CAll Units ($\mu g/m^3$)

| Chemical | No. of Samples | No. of Detects | Frequency of Detection (%) | Minimum Concentration Detected | Maximum Concentration Detected | Mean Concentration |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Chloromethane | 69 | 6 | 9 | 2.9 | 96.0 | 1,772* |
| Cyclohexane | 669 | 58 | 9 | 12.4 | 11,360,000 | 58,840 |
| Dichlorobromomethane | 75 | 2 | 3 | 19.4 | 2,549,000 | 39,960 |
| Ethanol | 6 | 1 | 17 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 10,190* |
| Ethylbenzene | 841 | 155 | 18 | 6.0 | 78,040,000 | 194,900 |
| Freon 11 | 74 | 23 | 31 | 7.3 | 7,284 | 2,555 |
| Freon 113 | 75 | 19 | 25 | 9.2 | 61,310 | 6,882 |
| Freon 114 | 68 | 3 | 4 | 2.8 | 643.1 | 4,808* |
| Freon 12 | 56 | 7 | 13 | 1.7 | 1,930 | 4,170* |
| Heptane | 6 | 3 | 50 | 1.8 | 4,508,000 | 949,400 |
| Isopropanol | 6 | 1 | 17 | 1.0 | 9,586 | 13,290 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) | 479 | 13 | 3 | 7.0 | 144.5 | 897.8* |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK) | 75 | 2 | 3 | 12.3 | 110.4 | 5016* |
| Methylene chloride | 571 | 3 | 1 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 583.7* |
| Styrene | 841 | 67 | 8 | 6.0 | 8,082,000 | 11,300 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 613 | 211 | 34 | 9.5 | 1,426,000 | 9,013 |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 6 | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | 15,950 |
| Toluene | 841 | 155 | 18 | 2.494 | 1,565,000 | 9,012 |
| Trichloroethylene | 612 | 67 | 11 | 18.22 | 2,872,000 | 9,159 |

Table 8. Summary of Chemicals Detected in Shallow Soil Gas—Data Collected on the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, CaliforniaCAll Units (µg/m³)

| Chemical | No. of Samples | No. of Detects | Frequency of Detection (%) | Minimum Concentration Detected | Maximum Concentration Detected | Mean Concentration |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Xylenes (Total) | 297 | 51 | 17 | 6.5 | 186,400 | 2,140 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 496 | 1 | 0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 502.7* |
| m,p-Xylene | 6410 | 31 | 8 | 0.8 | 1,042,000 | 7,421* |
| n-Hexane | 6 | 2 | 33 | 32,430 | 59,920 | 15,410 |
| o-Xylene | 6 | 2 | 33 | 1.0 | 320,800 | 54,270 |

Source: Draft baseline risk assessment report for the Del Amo site (30). Soil gas samples (approximately 900) were collected in places around the site where VOCs were stored, transported, or disposed. This table presents the shallow soil gas samples collected from 1 to 15 feet below ground surface (bgs). In the risk assessment from which the numbers in this table were taken, the mean was calculated by halving the detection limit for the non-detects. For some chemicals, the mean was reported as higher than the maximum because the detection limits for the non-detects were high. Those chemicals for which the mean is higher than the maximum are noted by an asterisk next to the mean. The soil gas samples were typically analyzed for the BTEX compounds, to a lesser extent for the common chlorinated solvent VOCs, and to a small extent (approximately 70 of the 900 samples) the samples were analyzed for the entire suite of VOCs. At times, the detection limits for the soil gas samples were very high, resulting in non-detections where there may have been chemicals present.

μg/m³—milligrams per cubic meter

Table 9. Summary of Workplace Air Monitoring Study at the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Chemical | Indoor or Outdoor | No. of Value (ppb) | | Typical Concentrations Mean/Max | Health Comparison Value (Source) (Values in ppb) | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Air | Samples | Detections | Maximum | Minimum | Average | (ppb) | (values in ppo) |
| Benzene | Indoor | 121 | 116 | 38 | 0.38 | 3.75 | 13/97 | 0.03 (CREG) 4 (Intermediate MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 35 | 5.2 | 0.185 | 1.76 | 7.1/25 | |
| Chlorobenzene | Indoor | 121 | 2 | 0.81 | 0.08 | 0.16 | < 0.23 | 13.5 (Ambient Air PRG) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 0 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.15 | <0.23/0.11 | |
| Chloroform | Indoor | 121 | 3 | 0.8 | 0.08 | 0.16 | 1.4/12 | 20 (Chronic MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 1 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.47/75 | 50 (Intermediate MRL) 0.008 (CREG) |
| Cyclohexane | Indoor | 121 | 55 | 60 | 0.4 | 3.03 | NA | 6,112 (Ambient Air PRG) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 14 | 5.5 | 0.45 | 1.55 | NA | |
| 1, 1-Dichloroethane | Indoor | 121 | 1 | 0.63 | 0.08 | 0.16 | NA | 128 (Ambient Air PRG) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 0 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.15 | NA | 0.3 (Cal modified PRG) |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | Indoor | 121 | 0 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0.15 | <0.20/0.23 | 0.01 (CREG) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 0 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.15 | NA | 600 (Chronic MRL) |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | Indoor | 121 | 1 | 0.61 | 0.08 | 0.16 | < 0.18 | 17.6 (Chronic REL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 0 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.15 | <0.18 | 0.005 (CREG) 20 (Chronic MRL) |
| 1,2-Dichloroethylene | Indoor | 121 | 0 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0.15 | NA | 200 (Intermediate MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 0 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.15 | NA | |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | Indoor | 121 | 0 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 0.21 | NA | 0.0065 (CREG) |
| (EDB) | Outdoor | 39 | 0 | 0.22 | 0.185 | 0.20 | NA | |
| Ethylbenzene | Indoor | 121 | 113 | 17 | 0.1 | 2.63 | 5.8/40 | 1,000 (Intermediate MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 35 | 3.2 | 0.185 | 1.16 | 3.2/16 | |

Table 9. Summary of Workplace Air Monitoring Study at the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Chemical Indoo Or Outdo | | N | No. of Value (ppb) | | | Concentrations | | Health Comparison Value (Source) (Values in ppb) |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------|---------|----------------|----------|---|
| | Air | Samples | Detections | Maximum | Minimum | Average | (ppb) | (values in ppb) |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | Indoor | 121 | 86 | 230 | 0.5 | 16.25 | NA | 340 (RfC) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 24 | 13 | 0.18 | 2.87 | NA | |
| Methylene chloride | Indoor | 121 | 70 | 12 | 0.14 | 1.47 | 23.8/489 | 300 (Chronic & Intermediate |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 13 | 2.5 | 0.135 | 0.49 | NA | MRL) |
| Styrene | Indoor | 121 | 94 | 15 | 0.095 | 1.42 | 2.9/23 | 60 (Chronic MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 27 | 2.2 | 0.16 | 0.60 | 1.7/13 | |
| Tetrachloroethylene | Indoor | 121 | 86 | 11 | 0.16 | 1.28 | 6.8/53 | 40 (Chronic MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 23 | 1.7 | 0.175 | 0.51 | 4.3/18 | 0.49 (Ambient Air PRG) |
| Toluene | Indoor | 121 | 121 | 85 | 0.59 | 12.41 | NA | 80 (Chronic MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 37 | 14 | 07 | 5.41 | NA | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | Indoor | 121 | 114 | 190 | 0.185 | 18.13 | 19/90 | 700 (Intermediate MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 35 | 17 | 0.175 | 2.60 | 11/40 | |
| Trichloroethylene | Indoor | 121 | 32 | 10 | 0.08 | 0.48 | 1.2/15 | 100 (Intermediate MRL) |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 4 | 1.3 | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0.22/1.6 | 0.2 (Ambient Air PRG) |
| m,p-Xylene | Indoor | 121 | 116 | 49 | 0.185 | 9.15 | 30/170 | 100 (Chronic MRL) 700 (Intermediate MRL) Both values for total Xylene |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 38 | 12 | 0.47 | 4.22 | 18/90 | |
| o-Xylene | Indoor | 121 | 109 | 14 | 0.17 | 3.08 | 12/68 | |
| | Outdoor | 39 | 31 | 4 | 0.185 | 1.50 | 6.5/29 | Sthe site (5) Tymical concentration |

Source: In 1994 and 1995, contractors for the responsible parties sampled the workplace air at twelve buildings in the developed portion of the site (5). Typical concentration data are from the Team Study and the Woodland Study (43, 44). These buildings were chosen because the building footprint is located over part of the former rubber plant VOC facility or the shallow soil gas samples collected within 25 feet of the building had indicated an Ainhalation hazard to nearby indoor workers@ (4). The contractors conducted air sampling on three occasions, once in the fall, winter, and spring. Three to six primary samples were collected at each building per sampling event. The number and location of sample collection points was varied on the basis of building size, layout, worker distribution, the location of former plant site, VOC facilities, and a preliminary Acrack and crevice@ screening survey for total organic vapor using field instruments. At least one sample per building per event was collected to allow comparison of data with local ambient conditions. Eight-hour-time integrated air samples were collected coinciding with the normal work day. Abbreviations and acronyms used in table: NA—not available; CREG—Cancer Risk Evaluation Guide; MRL—Minimal Risk Level; PRG—Preliminary Remediation Goal; REL—Reference Exposure Limit; ppb—parts per billion; RfC—Reference Concentration.

Table 10. Summary of the Health Evaluation from Exposure to the Indoor Air on the Developed Portion of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Potentially Exposed Group | | Noncancer Health Effects | Cancer Health Effects |
|--|-------------------|---|--|
| Tract 7351-34-57 (Building located over LNAPL) | Long-term worker | None of the estimated air concentrations exceed their health | 1.2 in 100,000 Very low increased risk |
| | Short-term worker | comparison values. | 6.3 in 10 million No apparent increased risk |
| | Child in daycare | The estimated concentration of benzene in indoor air exceeds its health comparison value. | |
| Tract 7351-34-15 Tract 7351-34-50 | Long-term worker | | 1.4 in 1 million No apparent increased risk |
| Tract 7351-34-56 (Building located near LNAPL) | Short-term worker | None of the estimated air concentrations exceed their health comparison values. | 7.9 in 100 million No apparent increased risk |
| | Child in daycare | | |
| Tract 7351-31-18 (Building not near a groundwater | Long-term worker | | 1.4 in 1 billion No apparent increased risk |
| source) | Short-term worker | None of the estimated air concentrations exceed their health comparison values. | 8.0 in 100 billion No apparent increased risk |
| | Child in daycare | | |

The non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) advance model, as recommended by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), was used to estimate the amount and risk from soil gas that would move from the light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) (groundwater) into the soil gas and then into the structure on Tract 7351-34-57 (38, 39). The soil column was assumed to be composed of three stratums and soil characteristics as described in the risk assessment. The LNAPL concentration (1,826 parts per million [ppm] in soil), the length, width, and height of the LNAPL were taken from the HRS Scoring Package. Fifty percent of the building was assumed to be located over the LNAPL based on data in the Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report. The Johnson and Ettinger soil gas advance model, as recommended by EPA, was used to estimate the amount and risk from the soil contamination beneath the structure into the structures located on the three tracts (37, 41). The vadose zone soil was input as SCL. Buildings were assumed not to have basements. Building dimensions (length and width) were estimated from maps. Height of the buildings was assumed to be 300 centimeters. The maximum soil gas concentrations taken from building-perimeter sampling (for soil gas modeling samples should be taken within the zone of influence of the building) were used. the soil gas values came from samples collected 6-7 feet below ground surface (bgs). The maximum concentrations of chemicals in the near building soil gas samples were used in the model. For the building on Tract 7351-34-57, the following soil gas samples were used in the model SGL0283, SGL0284, SGL0287, SGL0294, SGL0594, and SGL0615. For the building on Tracts 7351-34-15, 50, 56, the following soil gas samples were used in the model SGL0005, SGL0005, SGL00353, SGL0356, and SGL0357. For the building on Tract 7351-31-18, two soil gas samples (SGL0271 and SGL0558) were used in the model. Equations for determination of dose are shown in EPA=s Risk Assessment Guidelines for Superfund. Long-term and occasional (short-term) worker weight: 70 kilograms (154 pounds). Child weight (13.5 kilograms or 30 pounds) was derived from the average of the 50th percentile of boys and girls aged 6 months to 5 years from EPA=s Exposure Factors Handbook (47). The following were assumed for exposure duration: 250 days per year for 25 years from the long-term worker; 14 days per year for 25 years for the short-term worker and 250 days per year for 4.5 years for the child attending daycare. Inhalation rate was assumed to be 20 meters cubed per day (m³/day) for the worker and the child=s inhalation rate (7.2 m³/day) was derived from the average of children from 0.5 to 5 years from EPA=s Exposure Factors Handbook (47). The noncancer determination is based on a comparison of the estimated dose to the noncancer health comparison value for each chemical. If the indoor air concentration did not exceed the noncancer health comparison value than that the chemical was determined not to pose a health risk. Cancer risk is calculated by multiplying the estimated indoor air concentration by the unit risk factor derived by EPA or the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), and summing the risks from each carcinogen present in the soil gas/LNAPL (groundwater). For the long-term worker and child attending day-care chronic health comparison values were used. For the short-term worker, acute or intermediate health comparison values were used if available. Noncancer health comparison values and cancer slope factors used in this evaluation are listed in Appendix F or here: chloroform (OEHHA inhalation unit risk = 5.3 x 10-6 (micrograms per meter cubed)⁻¹ [µg/m³]⁻¹ and OEHHA chronic Reference Exposure Level = 300 Φ g/m³); 1,1,1-trichloroethane (ATSDR intermediate Minimal Risk Level = 700 parts per billion [ppb]; 1,4-dichlorobenzene (EPA Reference Concentration [RfC] = 800 Φ g/m³, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) chronic Minimal Risk Level = 100 ppb and intermediate Minimal Risk Level = 200 ppb); acetone (EPA RfC = 13,000 \(\Phi g/m^3 \)); and 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (ATSDR intermediate Minimal Risk Level = 400 ppb).

Table 11. Summary of Chemicals Detected in Two Surface Soil Composite Samples from the Waste-pit Area on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| | | Fill S | oil Overlying | EPA Region IX | Health Comparison Value‡ |
|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical Type | Chemical | Waste Pits (ppm) | Evaporation Ponds (ppm) | Residential Soil PRG (ppm) | (Source) Average Background (Bkgd) Concentration for Metals (ppm) |
| SVOC | Acenaphthylene | 0.81 | 0.78 | NA | В |
| SVOC | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 0.63 | 0.7 | NA | В |
| SVOC | Phenanthrene | 0.58 | 0.43 | NA | В |
| SVOC | Pyrene | 0.4 | 0.48 | 100 | 2,000 (Child RMEG) |
| Pesticide | 4,4'-DDD | 0.12 | 0.12 | 1.9 | 30 (Child RMEG) |
| Pesticide | 4,4'-DDE | 0.14 | 0.067 | 1.3 | 30 (Child RMEG) |
| Pesticide | 4,4'-DDT | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 (CREG) |
| Metal | Arsenic | 9.2 | 7 | 0.38 | 20 (Child Chronic EMEG) 0.5 (CREG) Bkgd=0.6-11 (3.5) |
| Metal | Barium | 170 | 170 | 5,300 | 4,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=133-1,400 (509) |
| Metal | Cadmium | 6.2 | 6.7 | 9 | 10 (Child EMEG) Bkgd=0.05-1.7 (0.36) |
| Metal | Chromium | 56 | 35 | 210 | 80,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=23-1,579 (122) |
| Metal | Cobalt | 12 | 12 | 4,600 | 500 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=2.7-46.9 (14.9) |
| Metal | Copper | 32 | 25 | 2,800 | 2,900 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=9.1-96.4 (28.7) |

Table 11. Summary of Chemicals Detected in Two Surface Soil Composite Samples from the Waste-pit Area on the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| | | Fill S | oil Overlying | EPA Region IX | Health Comparison Value‡ |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical Type | Chemical | Waste Pits (ppm) | Evaporation Ponds (ppm) | Residential Soil PRG (ppm) | (Source) Average Background (Bkgd) Concentration for Metals (ppm) |
| Metal | Lead | 41 | 15 | 130 | 400 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=12.4-97.1 (23.9) |
| Metal | Manganese | 640 | 640 | 3,200 | 3,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=253-1,687 (646) |
| Metal | Nickel | 21 | 17 | 150 | 1,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=9-509 (57) |
| Metal | Vanadium | 48 | 47 | 540 | 200 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=39-288 (112) |
| Metal | Zinc | 120 | 88 | 23,000 | 20,000 (Child Chronic EMEG) Bkgd=88-236 (149) |

Source: As a part of the phase I remedial investigation, one composite sample was collected from the waste pits and one composite sample was collected from the evaporation ponds (23). Background soil data obtained from ABackground concentrations of trace and major elements in California soils@ (33). Specifically, three locations (SSL0017, SSL0018, and SSL0019) overlying the 2 series pits were sampled and combined into one composite sample and four locations (SSL0020, SSL0021, SSL0022, and SSL0023.) overlying the 1 series evaporation ponds were sampled and composited. The two samples were analyzed for SVOCs, pesticides/PCBs, metals, and cyanide.

Abbreviations and acronyms used in table: SVOC—semi-volatile organic compound; ppm—parts per million; RMEG—Reference Dose Media Evaluation Guide; CREG—Cancer Risk Evaluation Guide; EMEG—Environmental Media Evaluation Guide; DDT—dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane; DDE—dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane; DDT—dichlorodiphenylchloroethane; PRG—Preliminary Remediation Goal; NA—not available.

Table 12. Summary of Ambient Air Contaminants Detected at the Waste-Pit Area and in Backyards on 204th Street, Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Chemical | Level Measured in Air Near Waste Pits (ppb) | Level Measured in Air in Backyards (ppb) | SCAQMD=s Maximum Background Levels (ppb) | Health Comparison Levels (ppb) | References for Health Comparison Levels |
|------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 6.52 | 2.23 | 5.40 | 700 | i-EMEG/MRL |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 2.8 | 2.4 | NA | NA | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 2.6 | ND | 0.40 | 34.64 | PRG |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.82 | 0.7 | NA | NA | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 0.93 | ND | 0.40 | 200 | i-EMEG/MRL |
| Benzene | 3.2 | 2.8 | 5.50 | 0.03 | CREG |
| Ethylbenzene | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.43 | 300 | i-EMEG/MRL |
| Isopropylbenzene | 4.9 | 0.8 | NA | 1.91 | PRG |
| m,p-Xylene | 8.3 | 5.4 | 2.4 | 300/40 | a-EMEG/MRL |
| Methylene chloride | 12 | 104.1 | 2.6 | 0.86 | CREG |
| n-Propylbenzene | 0.55 | ND | NA | NA | |
| o-Xylene | 2.9 | 1.29 | 16.50 | 400 | a-EMEG/MRL |
| p-Isopropyl toluene | 0.93 | 0.8 | NA | NA | |
| Styrene | 1.9 | 0.7 | 1.10 | 235 | RfC |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 2.3 | 8.3 | 2.00 | 0.29 | CREG |
| Toluene | 10 | 0.05 | 9.4 | 106.15 | RfC |
| Naphthalene | 0.12 | 0.05 | NA | 2 | c-EMEG/MRL |

Table 12. Summary of Ambient Air Contaminants Detected at the Waste-Pit Area and in Backyards on 204th Street, Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Chemical | Level Measured in Air Near Waste Pits (ppb) | Level Measured in Air in Backyards (ppb) | SCAQMD=s Maximum Background Levels (ppb) | Health Comparison Levels (ppb) | References for Health Comparison Levels |
|---------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Acenapthalene | 0.002 | 0.000097 | NA | 34.9 | |
| Acenapthylene | 0.006 | 0.00019 | NA | NA | |
| Fluorene | 0.002 | 0.00018 | NA | 22.1 | PRG |
| Phenanthrene | 0.002 | 0.00035 | NA | NA | PRG |
| Anthracene | 0.002 | 0.00014 | NA | 151 | PRG |
| Fluoranthene | 0.001 | 0.000033 | NA | 18.1 | PRG |
| Pyrene | 0.001 | 0.000031 | NA | 13.3 | PRG |

Source: Del Amo facility health consultation, potential health impacts due to the emissions from the waste pits (45).

Abbreviations and acronyms used in table: ppb—parts per billion; ND—not detected; NA—not available; PRG—EPA Preliminary Remediation Goals; RfC—EPA Reference Concentration; CREG—ATSDR Cancer Risk Evaluation Guide for 1 x 10⁻⁶ excess cancer risk; a-EMEG/MRL—ATSDR Environmental Media Evaluation Guide/chronic Minimal Risk Level; c-EMEG/MRL—ATSDR Environmental Media Evaluation Guide/chronic Minimal Risk Level; i-EMEG/MRL—ATSDR Environmental Media Evaluation Guide/intermediate Minimal Risk Level; SCAQMD—South Coast Air Quality Management District.

Table 13. Summary of the Health Evaluation From Exposure to the Indoor Air in the Neighborhood South of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Potentially exposed group | Noncancer | Cancer | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Residents on the western side (near Normandie Avenue) | None expected None of the estimated indoor air levels exceed health comparison values | 4 in 10 million No apparent increased cancer risk | |
| Residents on the eastern side (near Vermont Avenue) | None expected None of the estimated indoor air levels exceed health comparison values | 8 in 100 million No apparent increased cancer risk | |

The revised Johnson and Ettinger groundwater screening model as adopted by EPA was used to estimate indoor air exposures in residences located south of the Del Amo site situated over contaminated groundwater plumes (48). For the residents living on the western side (near Normandie Avenue), monitoring well data for SWL0049 was used. For the residents on the eastern side (near Vermont Avenue), monitoring well data for SWL0057 was used. These wells were chosen for modeling because they are wells that have measurable levels of contamination in them and the wells are located in the neighborhood. Data were obtained from the Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report (3). Default values were used for the soil characteristics. Depth to groundwater = 1,435 cm or 47 feet. Building dimensions (length and width) were estimated from maps. Height of the buildings was assumed to be 300 cm. Equations for determination of dose are shown in EPA=s Risk Assessment Guidelines for Superfund. The noncancer determination is based on a comparison of the estimated indoor air concentration to the chronic noncancer health comparison value (Minimal Risk Level (MRL), Reference Concentration (RfC) or Reference Exposure Level (REL) for each chemical). If the indoor air concentration did not exceed the noncancer health comparison value than that the chemical was determined not to pose a health risk. Cancer risk is calculated by multiplying the estimated indoor air concentration by the unit risk factor derived by EPA or OEHHA, and summing the risks from each carcinogen present in the groundwater. The resident=s weight was assumed to be 70 kilograms (154 pounds) and inhalation rate was assumed to be 20 m³/day. Noncancer health comparison values and cancer slope factors used in this evaluation are listed in Appendix F or here: chloroform (OEHHA inhalation unit risk = 5.3 x 10-6 $(\mu g/m^3)^{-1}$ and OEHHA chronic REL = 300 $\Phi g/m^3$); 1,4-dichlorobenzene (EPA RfC = 800 $\Phi g/m^3$, ATSDR chronic Minimal Risk Level = 100 ppb); 1,2dichloroethane (EPA inhalation risk = 2.6 x 10-5 (µg/m³)⁻¹ and ASTDR chronic Minimal Risk Level = 600 ppb); methylene chloride (EPA inhalation risk = 4.7 x 10-7 (μg/m³) and ATSDR chronic and intermediate Minimal Risk Level = 300 ppb); and naphthalene (OEHHA chronic REL = 9 Φg/m³ and ATSDR chronic MRL=2 pp

Table 14. Summary of Surface and Near Surface Soil Data From the Neighborhood South of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Year of Sampling | 19 | 983 | 1993 | 19 | 995 | Health Comparison Value |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| Depth of Sample (bgs) | 0-0.5 ft. | 2-3 ft. | 0-0.5ft. | 0.5 ft. | 2 ft. | (Source) Average Background (Bkgd) |
| Number of Samples | 9 | 9 | 21 | 66* | 64 [†] | Concentration for Metals |
| All VOCs | NA | NA | NA | < 0.654-2.17 | <0.144-1.85 | - |
| Arsenic | 4.5-19.4 (10.1) | 8.16-12 (10.4) | 2.5-14 (4.6) | 3.23-9.37 (5.86) | 3.39-3.8 (3.60) | 20 (Child Chronic EMEG) 0.5 (CREG) Bkgd=0.6-11 (3.5) |
| Barium | 71.2-169 (117) | 137-219 (160) | 110-450 (195) | 56.2-253 (133) | 17-460 (129) | 4,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=133-1,400 (509) |
| Cadmium | 0.91-6.67 (2.1) | 1.22-2.12 (1.6) | 1.5-29 (8.5) | 0.85-30.2 (4.89) | 0.15-881 (164) | 10 (Child EMEG) Bkgd=0.05-1.7 (0.36) |
| Chromium | 8.83-51.4 (20.9) | 16.8-47.7 (24.7) | 22-210 (52) | 15.7-24.6 (9.15) | | 80,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=23-1,579 (122) |
| Cobalt | 6.19-19.7 (9.6) | 8.42-10.7 (9.6) | 8.9-16 (12) | 0.74-24.6 (9.15) | 2.93-156 (18.1) | 500 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=2.7-46.9 (14.9) |
| Copper | 11.0-24.6 (19) | 14.9-23.3 (17.7) | 26-1,600 (141) | 2.48-459 (95.5) | 20.7-156 (68.6) | 2,900 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=9.1-96.4 (28.7) |
| Lead | 20.7-88.1 (37.4) | 13-28.2 (19.4) | 54-450 (150) | 9.5-2,280 (183) | 6.0-392 (104) | 400 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=12.4-97.1 (23.9) |
| Nickel | 5.08-24.0 (12.8) | 10.4-23.0 (13.7) | 15-570 (92) | 12.4-585 (160) | 15.2-345 (102) | 1,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=9-509 (57) |
| Vanadium | NA | NA | 33-71 (50) | 23.8-137 (38.7) | 6.3-84 (38) | 200 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=39-288 (112) |
| Zinc | 38.4-135 (75.6) | 41.4-58.1 (48.0) | 140-1,600 (335) | 69.3-1100 (266) | 15.8-497 (138) | 20,000 (Child Chronic EMEG) Bkgd=88-236 (149) |
| All SVOCs | <5 | <5 | <0.2 (except for the ones indicated below | <1.46 | <0.763 | |

Table 14. Summary of Surface and Near Surface Soil Data From the Neighborhood South of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Year of Sampling | 19 | 983 | 1993 | 19 | 995 | Health Comparison Value |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Depth of Sample (bgs) | 0-0.5 ft. | 2-3 ft. | 0-0.5ft. | 0.5 ft. | 2 ft. | (Source) Average Background (Bkgd) |
| Number of Samples | 9 | 9 | 21 | 66* | 64^{\dagger} | Concentration for Metals |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | <5 | <5 | 0.30; 0.20; 0.21 | NA | NA | 10,000 (Child RMEG) |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | <5 | <5 | 0.35; 0.71; 0.61; 1.4 | NA | NA | 35 (Residential PRG) |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | <5 | <5 | 0.24 | NA | NA | 0.01 (BAP-eq CREG) |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <5 | <5 | 0.2 | NA | NA | 0.1 (CREG) |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <5 | <5 | 0.28 | NA | NA | 0.01 (BAP-eq CREG) |
| Chrysene | <5 | <5 | 0.37 | NA | NA | 10 (BAP-eq CREG) |
| Dimethylphthalate | <5 | <5 | 0.25 | NA | NA | 100,000 (Residential PRG) |
| Phenanthrene | <5 | <5 | 0.47; 0.22 | NA | NA | |
| Phenol | <5 | <5 | 0.78; 0.31 | NA | NA | 30,000 (Child RMEG) |
| Di-n-butylphthalate | <5 | <5 | 0.20 | NA | NA | 6,100 (Residential PRG) |
| Fluoranthene | <5 | <5 | 0.27 | NA | NA | 2,000 (Child RMEG) |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | <5 | <5 | <5 | NA | NA | 1,200 (Residential PRG) |
| DDT (total) | 0.035-1.7 (0.420) | 0.003-0.218 (0.039) | 1.04-111 (11.83) | <2.02-147 (3.49) | <0.219-70.5 (1.52) | 30 (Child RMEG) 2 (CREG) |

Source: Data obtained from a number of sources (6-10). Sampling data and background concentrations presented as ranges followed by the average in parentheses. Background soil data obtained from "Background concentrations of trace and major elements in California soils" (33). *There were 66 samples analyzed for DDT and not for the full suite of contaminants. For instance, only 30 surface (0.5 ft) samples were analyzed for most metals, five for VOCs, four for SVOCs, Pesticides/PCBs, and Herbicides. Only three samples were analyzed for arsenic and selenium. † There were 64 samples analyzed for DDT and not for the full suite of contaminants. For instance, only 15 samples were analyzed for most metals, three for VOCs, two for SVOCs, Pesticides/PCBs, and Herbicides. Only two samples were analyzed for arsenic and selenium.

Abbreviations and acronyms used in table: ft.—feet; bgs—below ground surface; EMEG—Environmental Media Evaluation Guide; CREG—Cancer Risk Evaluation Guide; RMEG—Reference Dose Evaluation Guide; PRG—Preliminary Remediation Guide; NA— not analyzed; VOCs—volatile organic compounds; BaP-eq—benzo(a)pyrene equivalent; SVOCs—semi-volatile organic compounds; DDT—dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane.

Table 15. Post-Grading Soil Tests in Proposed Neighborhood Park South of the Del Amo Site, Near Torrance, California

| Chemical | Concentration of Chemical (ppm) in Each Sample | | | | | | | | | | Health Comparison Value (Source) Average Background (Bkgd) |
|----------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|--|
| | SS-31D | SS-35D | SS-30D | SS-16D | SS-21D | SS-29D | SS-18D | SS-17D | SS-5 | SS-6 | Concentration for Metals |
| Arsenic | 3.5 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 6.4 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 20 (Child Chronic EMEG) 0.5 (CREG) Bkgd=0.6-11 (3.5) |
| Barium | 130 | 170 | 230 | 190 | 170 | 130 | 130 | 200 | 160 | 170 | 4,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=133-1,400 (509) |
| Cadmium | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | 0.56 | 1.2 | ND | ND | 0.62 | 10 (Child EMEG) Bkgd=0.05-1.7 (0.36) |
| Chromium | 20 | 22 | 25 | 33 | 27 | 19 | 57 | 26 | 25 | 31 | 80,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=23-1,579 (122) |
| Cobalt | 8.4 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 9.1 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 500 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=2.7-46.9 (14.9) |
| Copper | 23 | 36 | 28 | 39 | 27 | 26 | 130 | 29 | 30 | 40 | 2,900 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=9.1-96.4 (28.7) |
| Lead | 22 | 39 | 15 | 26 | 15 | 120 | 44 | 28 | 14 | 29 | 400 (Residential PRG) Bkgd=12.4-97.1 (23.9) |
| Nickel | 17 | 20 | 20 | 39 | 21 | 18 | 76 | 21 | 24 | 39 | 1,000 (Child RMEG) Bkgd=9-509 (57) |
| Vanadium | 39 | 44 | 52 | 55 | 51 | 35 | 53 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 200 (Child Intermediate EMEG) Bkgd=39-288 (112) |
| Zinc | 99 | 190 | 76 | 88 | 74 | 160 | 110 | 120 | 78 | 110 | 20,000 (Child Chronic EMEG) Bkgd=88-236 (149) |

Source: Environmental mitigation closure report, neighborhood park project (25). Background soil data obtained from ABackground concentrations of trace and major elements in California soils@ (33).

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the table: ppm—parts per million; EMEG—Environmental Media Evaluation Guide; CREG—Cancer Risk Evaluation Guide; RMEG—Reference Dose Media Evaluation Guide; PRG—Preliminary Remediation Goal.