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March 17, 2004

Regulation Comments Chief Counsel's Office Office of Thrift Supervision 1700 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20552

RE: Proposed Revisions to the Community Reinvestment Act Regulations

Dear Sir:

I am writing to support the federal bank regulatory agencies' (Agencies) proposal to enlarge the number of banks and saving associations that will be examined under the small institution Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) examination. The Agencies propose to increase the asset threshold from \$250 million to \$500 million and to eliminate any consideration of whether the small institution is owned by a holding company. This proposal is clearly a major step towards an appropriate implementation of the Community Reinvestment Act and should greatly reduce regulatory burden on those institutions newly made eligible for the small institution examination, and I strongly support both of them.

Since we are a \$385 million Bank, we had the pleasure of being examined under the large bank procedures. Our examiners came to the conclusion that the procedures were inappropriate for a bank of our size and complexity and it was a waste of both their time and ours.

While the small institution test was the most significant improvement of the revised CRA, it was wrong to limit its application to only banks below \$250 million in assets, depriving many community banks from any regulatory relief. Currently, a bank with more than \$250 million in assets faces significantly more requirements that substantially increase regulatory burdens without consistently producing additional benefits as contemplated by the Community Reinvestment Act. In today's banking market, even a \$500 million bank often has only a handful of branches. I recommend raising the asset threshold for the small institution examination to at least \$1 billion. Raising the limit to \$1 billion is appropriate for two reasons. First, keeping the focus of small institutions on lending, which the small institution examination does, would be entirely consistent with the purpose of the Community

Reinvestment Act, which is to ensure that the Agencies evaluate how banks help to meet the credit needs of the communities they serve.

In conclusion, I strongly support increasing the asset-size of banks eligible for the small bank streamlined CRA examination process as a vitally important step in revising and improving the CRA regulations and in reducing regulatory burden. I also support eliminating the separate holding company qualification for the small institution examination, since it places small community banks that are part of a larger holding company at a disadvantage to their peers and has no legal basis in the Act. While community banks, of course, still will be examined under CRA for their record of helping to meet the credit needs of their communities, this change will eliminate some of the most problematic and burdensome elements of the current CRA regulation from community banks that are drowning in regulatory red-tape.

Sincerely,

Lawrence L. Mo

President

First National Bank

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