NORA services sector and silicosis: Most frequently recorded industries and occupations on death certificate, U.S. residents age 15 and over, selected states and years, 1990–1999

Bureau of Census Industry/Occupation		Number of Deaths*	Percent
CIC	Industry		
641	Eating and drinking places	11	18.3
901	General government, n.e.c.	9	15.0
760	Miscellaneous repair services	6	10.0
842	Elementary and secondary schools	6	10.0
751	Automotive repair and related services	3	5.0
850	Colleges and universities	3	5.0
880	Religious organizations	3	5.0
171	Newspaper publishing and printing	2	3.3
761	Private households	2	3.3
771	Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	2	3.3
802	Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services	2	3.3
892	Miscellaneous professional and related services	2	3.3
910	Justice, public order, and safety	2	3.3
	All other industries within this sector	7	11.7
	TOTAL	60	100.0
COC	Occupation		
453	Janitors and cleaners	11	18.3
019	Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	8	13.3
783	Welders and cutters	3	5.0
176	Clergy	2	3.3
188	Painters, sculptors, craft-artists, and artist printmakers	2	3.3
407	Private household cleaners and servants	2	3.3
426	Guards and police, except public service	2	3.3
435	Waiters and waitresses	2	3.3
486	Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	2	3.3
514	Automobile body and related repairers	2	3.3
889	Laborers, except construction	2	3.3
	All other occupations within this sector	22	36.7
	Occupation not reported within this sector	0	0.0
	TOTAL	60	100.0

NORA - National Occupational Research Agenda CIC - Census Industry Code COC - Census Occupation Code n.e.c. - not elsewhere classified \* The total number of silicosis deaths was 881 in these same selected states and years, and the comparable number of silicosis deaths in the entire United States for this same time period was 2,407.

NOTE: Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding. See appendices for source description, methods, ICD codes, industry and occupation codes, industrial sector groupings, and list of selected states and years.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics multiple cause-of-death data.