## Rural<sup>1</sup> Residence of Persons 60+, by Planning and Service Area<sup>2</sup> (PSA): 1990

## Mississippi, Civilian Noninstitutionalized Persons

(Data based on a sample) page 1 of 1

PSA	TOTAL ELDERLY	RURAL ELDERLY	PERCENT RURAL ELDERL
TOTAL	427,191	220,237	51.6
1	28,372	18,865	66.5
2	26,051	10,694	41.1
3	26,575	15,357	57.8
4	26,396	16,523	62.6
5	39,823	24,722	62.1
6	24,770	16,258	65.6
7	79,365	25,788	32.5
8	41,740	27,923	66.9
9	100,127	39,556	39.5
10	33,972	24,551	72.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rural is defined as those areas not classified as urban. Urban consists of territories, persons, and housing units in: (i) places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs, and towns, but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities"; (ii) census designated places of 2,500 or more persons; or (iii) other territories, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Source of data: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Special Tabulation on Aging, STP 14, Table P4. See technical documentation for more detailed definitions.

Table compiled by the National Aging Information Center

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Older Americans Act of 1965 as amended instructs the State Agency on Aging in each State to subdivide the State into planning and service areas (PSAs) and to designate a public or private nonprofit agency as the area agency on aging for the PSA. Most PSAs in multi-PSA States comprise single counties or groups of counties and range in size from 1 to 28 counties.