Silicosis: Proportionate mortality ratio (PMR) adjusted for age, sex, and race by NORA industrial sector, U.S. residents age 15 and over, selected states and years, 1990–1999

			95% Confidence Interval	
NORA Industrial Sector	Number of Deat	hs* PMR	LCL	UCL
Mining	203	11.2	9.7	12.9
Manufacturing	386	1.7	1.6	1.9
Construction	118	1.3	1.1	1.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade§	32	0.4	0.3	0.5
Healthcare and Social Assistance†§	6	0.3	0.1	0.7
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities†§	26	0.3	0.2	0.5
Services ^{†§}	60	0.3	0.2	0.4
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing ^{†§}	14	0.2	0.1	0.3
Decedents with unclassified industry	36			
TOTAL	881			

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SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics multiple cause-of-death data.

LCL - lower confidence limit

CL - upper confidence limit

^{*} The comparable number of silicosis deaths in the entire United States for this same time period was 2,407.

[†] indicates that no industry (as defined by 3-digit Census Industry Code) within the specified sector was associated with a significantly elevated PMR based on at least five deaths with this condition in the specified time period.

[§] indicates that, for decedents whose industry was within the specified sector, no occupation (as defined by 3-digit Census Occupation Code) was associated with a significantly elevated PMR based on at least 5 deaths with this condition in the specified time period.

NOTE: See appendices for source description, methods, ICD codes, industry and occupation codes, industrial sector groupings, and list of selected states and vears.