TOXICOLOGICAL PROFILE FOR MIREX AND CHLORDECONE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Public Health Service
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

MIREX AND CHLORDECONE ii

DISCLAIMER

The use of company or product name(s) is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

MIREX AND CHLORDECONE iii

UPDATE STATEMENT

Toxicological profiles are revised and republished as necessary, but no less than once every three years. For information regarding the update status of previously released profiles, contact ATSDR at:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry Division of Toxicology/Toxicology Information Branch 1600 Clifton Road NE, E-29 Atlanta, Georgia 30333

FOREWORD

This toxicological prolile is prepared in accordance with guidelines developed by ATSDR and EPA. The onginal guidelines were published in the Federal on April 17, 1987. Each protile will be revised and republished as necessary.

The ATSDR toxicological profile succinctly characterizes the toxicologic and adverse health effects information for the hazardous substance being described. Each profile identifies and reviews the key literature (that has been peer-reviewed) that describes a hazardous substance's toxicologic properties. Other pertinent literature is also presented, but described in less detail than the key studies. The profile is not intended to be an exhaustive document; however, more comprehensive sources of specialty information are referenced

Each toxicological profile begins with a public health statement, that describes in nontechnical language, a substance's relevant toxicological properties. Following the public health statement is information concerning levels of significant human exposure and, where known, significant health effects. The adequacy of information to determine a substance's health effects is described in a health effects summary. Data needs that are of significance to protect public health will be identified by ATSDR and EPA. The focus of the protiles is on health and toxicologic information; therefore, we have included this information in the beginning of the document.

Each profile must include the following:

- (A) The examination, summary, and interpretation of available toxicologic information and epidemiologic evaluations on a hazardous substance in order to ascertain the levels of significant human exposure for the substance and the associated acute, subacute, and chronic health effects.
- (B) A determination of whether adequate information on the health effects of each substance is available or in the process of development to determine levels of exposure that present a significant risk to human health of acute, subacute, and chronic health effects.
- (C) Where appropriate, identification of toxicologic testing needed to identify the types or levels of exposure that may present significant risk of adverse health effects in humans.

The principal audiences for the toxicological profiles are health professionals at the federal, state, and local levels, interested private sector organizations and groups, and members of the public.

The toxicological profiles are developed in response to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 (Public Law 99-499) which amended the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA or Superfund). This public law directed the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) to prepare toxicological profiles for hazardous substances most commonly found at facilities on the CERCLA National Priorities List and that pose the most significant potential threat to human health, as determined by ATSDR and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The availability of the revised priority list of 275 hazardous substances was announced in the Federal on February 28, 1994 (59 FR 9486). For prior versions of the list of substances, see m notices dated April 17, 1987 (52 FR 12866); October 20, 1988 (53 FR 41280); October 26, 1989 (54 FR 43619); October 17, 1990 (55 FR 42067); and October 17, 1991 (56 FR 52166); and October 28, 1992 (57 FR 48801).

Foreword

Section 104(i)(3) of CERCLA, as amended, directs the Administrator of ATSDR to prepare a toxicological profile for each substance on the list.

This profile reflects our assessment of all relevant toxicologic testing and information that has been peer reviewed. It has been reviewed by scientists from ATSDR, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and other federal agencies. It has also been reviewed by a panel of nongovernment peer reviewers and was made available for public review. Final responsibility for the contents and views expressed in this toxicological profile resides with ATSDR.

David Satcher, M.D., Ph.D. Administrator

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

MIREX AND CHLORDECONE vii

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THE PROFILE HAS UNDERGONE THE FOLLOWING ATSDR INTERNAL REVIEWS:

- 1. Green Border Review. Green Border review assures consistency with ATSDR policy.
- 2 . Health Effects Review. The Health Effects Review Committee examines the health effects chapter of each profile for consistency and accuracy in interpreting health effects and classifying end points.
- 3 . Minimal Risk Level Review. The Minimal Risk Level Workgroup considers issues relevant to substance-specific minimal risk levels (MRLs), reviews the health effects database of each profile, and makes recommendations for derivation of MRLs.
- 4. Quality Assurance Review. The Quality Assurance Branch assures that consistency across profiles is maintained, identifies any significant problems in format or content, and establishes that Guidance has been followed.

 MIREX AND CHLORDECONE ix

PEER REVIEW

A peer review panel was assembled for mirex and chlordecone. The panel consisted of the following members:

- 1. Dr. Ihn Chu, Head, Environmental Contaminants Section, Environmental Health Center, Ottawa, Ontario;
- 2. Dr. Syed Naqvi, Professor of Biology, Southern University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.
- 3. Dr. Harihara Mehendale, Professor of Toxicology, College of Pharmacy and Health Science, Northeast Louisiana University, Monroe, Louisiana.

These experts collectively have knowledge of mirex and chlordecone's physical and chemical properties, toxicokinetics, key health end points, mechanisms of action, human and animal exposure, and quantification of risk to humans. All reviewers were selected in conformity with the conditions for peer review specified in Section 104(i)(13) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended.

Scientists from the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) have reviewed the peer reviewers' comments and determined which comments will be included in the profile. A listing of the peer reviewers' comments not incorporated in the profile, with a brief explanation of the rationale for their exclusion, exists as part of the administrative record for this compound. A list of databases reviewed and a list of unpublished documents cited are also included in the administrative record.

The citation of the peer review panel should not be understood to imply its approval of the profile's final content. The responsibility for the content of this profile lies with the ATSDR.

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CONTENTS

FO.	KEW	OKD .			V
CO	NTR)	(BUTO	RS	v	⁄ii
PEI	ER R	EVIEW			ix
LIS	T OF	FIGU	RES		ΚV
LIS	T OF	TABL	ES	xv	⁄ii
1.	PUBI	LIC HE	ALTH S	TATEMENT	1
	1.1	WHAT	Γ ARE M	IIREX AND CHLORDECONE?	2
	1.2			INS TO MIREX AND CHLORDECONE WHEN THEY ENTER THE	
				NT?	2
	1.3	HOW	MIGHT	I BE EXPOSED TO MIREX AND CHLORDECONE?	3
	1.4			REX AND CHLORDECONE ENTER AND LEAVE MY BODY?	
	1.5			REX AND CHLORDECONE AFFECT MY HEALTH?	
	1.6			MEDICAL TESTS TO DETERMINE WHETHER I HAVE BEEN	
		EXPO	SED TO	MIREX OR CHLORDECONE?	7
	1.7	WHAT	Γ RECON	MMENDATIONS HAS THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT MADE TO	
				MAN HEALTH?	8
	1.8	WHER	RE CAN	I GET MORE INFORMATION?	8
2	HEA.	TH E	FFFCTS		11
	2.1				11
	2.2				11
		2.2.1			13
			2.2.1.1		13
			2.2.1.2		14
			2.2.1.3		16
			2.2.1.4		16
			2.2.1.5		18
			2.2.1.6		18
			2.2.1.7		19
			2.2.1.8		19
		2.2.2			19
			2.2.2.1		19
			2.2.2.2	Systemic Effects	21
			2.2.2.3		84
			2.2.2.4		85
			2.2.2.5		89
			2.2.2.6		91
			2.2.2.7	Genotoxic Effects	93
			2.2.2.8	Cancer S	95

MIREX AND CHLORDECONE

		2.2.3	Dermal Exposure	97
			2.2.3.1 Death	98
			2.2.3.2 Systemic Effects	98
			2.2.3.3 Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects	02
			2.2.3.4 Neurological Effects	
			2.2.3.5 Reproductive Effects	02
			<u>-</u>	03
			2.2.3.7 Genotoxic Effects	03
			2.2.3.8 Cancer	03
	2.3	TOXIO	COKINETICS	04
		2.3.1	Absorption	05
			•	05
				06
			2.3.1.3 Dermal Exposure	
		2.3.2	Distribution	
			2.3.2.1 Inhalation Exposure	08
			2.3.2.2 Oral Exposure	
			2.3.2.3 Dermal Exposure	
			2.3.2.4 Other Routes of Exposure	
		2.3.3	Metabolism	
		2.3.4	Excretion	18
			2.3.4.1 Inhalation Exposure	18
			2.3.4.2 Oral Exposure	18
			2.3.4.3 Dermal Exposure	
			2.3.4.4 Other Routes of Exposure	
		2.3.5	Mechanisms of Action	23
	2.4	RELE	VANCE TO PUBLIC HEALTH 1	26
	2.5	BIOM.	ARKERS OF EXPOSURE AND EFFECT	51
		2.5.1	Biomarkers Used to Identify or Quantify Exposure to Mirex or Chlordecone 1	52
		2.5.2	Biomarkers Used to Characterize Effects Caused by Mirex or Chlordecone 1	53
	2.6	INTER	RACTIONS WITH OTHER SUBSTANCES 1	55
	2.7	POPU	LATIONS THAT ARE UNUSUALLY SUSCEPTIBLE	158
	2.8	METH	IODS FOR REDUCING TOXIC EFFECTS	59
		2.8.1	Reducing Peak Absorption Following Exposure	60
		2.8.2	Reducing Body Burden 1	60
		2.8.3	Interfering with the Mechanism of Action for Toxic Effects	62
	2.9	ADEQ	UACY OF THE DATABASE	
		2.9.1	Existing Information on Health Effects of Mirex and Chlordecone	63
		2.9.2	Identification of Data Needs	166
		2.9.3	Ongoing Studies	183
3.	CHE		AND PHYSICAL INFORMATION	
	3.1		IICAL IDENTITY	
	3.2	PHYS	ICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	185

MIREX AND CHLORDECONE

4.	PRO	DUCTION, IMPORT/EXPORT, USE, AND DISPOSAL	
	4.1	PRODUCTION	
	4.2	IMPORT/EXPORT	
	4.3	USE	
	4.4	DISPOSAL	192
5.	POTI	ENTIAL FOR HUMAN EXPOSURE	195
	5.1	OVERVIEW	
	5.2	RELEASES TO THE ENVIRONMENT	
		5.2.1 Air	201
		5.2.2 Water	202
		5.2.3 Soil	204
	5.3	ENVIRONMENTAL FATE	
		5.3.1 Transport and Partitioning	205
		5.3.2 Transformation and Degradation	
		5.3.2.1 Air	
		5.3.2.2 Water	
		5.3.2.3 Sediment and Soil	
	5.4	LEVELS MONITORED OR ESTIMATED IN THE ENVIRONMENT	
		5.4.1 Air	
		5.4.2 Water	
		5.4.3 Sediment and Soil	
		5.4.4 Other Environmental Media	
	5.5	GENERAL POPULATION AND OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE	
	5.6	POPULATIONS WITH POTENTIALLY HIGH EXPOSURES	
	5.7	ADEQUACY OF THE DATABASE	
		5.7.1 Identification of Data Needs	
		5.7.2 Ongoing Studies	233
6	A NI A	LYTICAL METHODS	237
0.	6.1	BIOLOGICAL SAMPLES	
	6.2	ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES	
	6.3	ADEQUACY OF THE DATABASE	
	0.5	6.3.1 Identification of Data Needs	
		6.3.2 Ongoing Studies	
		0.5.2 Ongoing bladies	200
7.	REG	ULATIONS AND ADVISORIES	257
8.	REFI	ERENCES	265
9.	GLO	SSARY	331
A T-	יי ביורו		
ΑP	PENI	DICES	
٨	HOD	R'S GUIDE	Λ 1
A.	OSE	AS COIDE	W-1
В	ACR	RONYMS. ABBREVIATIONS. AND SYMBOLS	B-1

LIST OF FIGURES

2-1	Levels of Significant Exposure to Mirex - Oral	41
2-2	Levels of Significant Exposure to Chlordecone - Oral	64
2-3	Proposed Metabolic Pathways for Chlordecone	117
2-4	Existing Information on Health Effects of Mirex	164
2-5	Existing Information on Health Effects of Chlordecone	165
5-1	Frequency of NPL Sites with Mirex Contamination	198
5-2	Frequency of NPL Sites with Chlordecone Contamination	200

LIST OF TABLES

2-1	Levels of Significant Exposure to Mirex - Oral	22
2-2	Levels of Significant Exposure to Chlordecone - Oral	44
2-3	Levels of Significant Exposure to Mirex - Dermal	99
2-4	Levels of Significant Exposure to Chlordecone - Dermal	100
2-5	Genotoxicity of Mirex and Chlordecone In Vivo	144
2-6	Genotoxicity of Mirex and Chlordecone In Vitro	145
3-1	Chemical Identity of Mirex and Chlordecone	186
3-2	Physical and Chemical Properties of Mirex and Chlordecone	187
6-1	Analytical Methods for Determining Mirex in Biological Samples	238
6-2	Analytical Methods for Determining Chlordecone in Biological Samples	241
6-3	Analytical Methods for Determining Mirex in Environmental Samples	245
6-4	Analytical Methods for Determining Chlordecone in Environmental Samples	249
7-1	Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Mirex	259
7-2	Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Chlordecone	262