The international, national, and state regulations and guidelines regarding naphthalene, 1-methyl-naphthalene, and 2-methynaphthalene in air, water, and other media are summarized in Table 8-1.

As discussed in Chapter 2 and Appendix A, several MRLs for naphthalene (chronic-duration inhalation, acute-duration oral, and intermediate-duration oral) and chronic-duration oral MRLs for 1-methylnaphthalene and 2-methylnaphthalene have been derived.

An MRL of 0.0007 ppm (3x10⁻³ mg/m³) for chronic inhalation exposure to naphthalene is based on a LOAEL for nasal lesions in rats (Abdo et al. 2001; NTP 2000; LOAEL_[human equivalent concentration]=0.2 ppm), and a total uncertainty factor of 300 (10 for the use of a LOAEL, 3 for extrapolation from animals to humans using dosimetric adjustment, and 10 for human variability). An MRL of 0.6 mg/kg/day for acute oral exposure to naphthalene is based on a minimal LOAEL of 50 mg/kg/day for clinical signs of toxicity in pregnant rats and a total uncertainty factor of 90 (3 for the use of a minimal LOAEL, 10 for extrapolation from animals to humans, and 3 for human variability). The acute-duration oral MRL of 0.6 mg/kg/day is adopted as the intermediate-duration oral MRL for naphthalene.

For chronic-duration oral exposure to 1-methylnaphthalene, an MRL of 0.07 mg/kg/day was derived based on a LOAEL of 71.6 mg/kg/day for pulmonary alveolar proteinosis in female mice exposed to 1-methylnaphthalene in the diet for 81 weeks and an uncertainty factor of 1,000 (10 for using a LOAEL, 10 for extrapolating from animals to humans, and 10 for human variability).

For chronic-duration oral exposure to 2-methylnaphthalene, an MRL of 0.04 mg/kg/day was derived based on the lower 95% confidence limit on a benchmark dose associated with 5% extra risk (BMDL₀₅=4 mg/kg/day) for pulmonary alveolar proteinosis in male mice exposed to 2-methylnaphthalene in the diet for 81 weeks and an uncertainty factor of 100 (10 for extrapolation from animals to humans and 10 for human variability).

The EPA calculated an oral exposure RfD of $2x10^{-2}$ mg/kg/day for naphthalene based on a NOAEL of 100 mg/kg/day for the absence of decreased mean terminal body weight in male rats exposed by gavage for 13 weeks (IRIS 2005; NTP 1980b). An inhalation RfC of $3x10^{-3}$ mg/m³ for naphthalene was derived

based on a LOAEL of 10 ppm (LOAEL_[human equivalent concentration]=9.3 mg/m³) for nasal lesions in mice exposed by inhalation for 2 years (IRIS 2005; NTP 1992a).

The EPA (2003r) calculated an oral exposure RfD of 0.004 mg/kg-day for 2-methylnaphthalene based on a value of 3.5 mg/kg-day for a 95% lower confidence limit on a dose associated with 5% extra risk (BMDL $_{05}$) for pulmonary alveolar proteinosis in mice exposed to 2-methylnaphthalene in the diet for 81 weeks.

The EPA is currently conducting a comprehensive review of the available environmental and toxicity data of naphthalene as part of its FIFRA re-registration process. The results of this review are expected in March 2008.

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Naphthalene, 1-Methylnaphthalene, and 2-Methylnaphthalene

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
INTERNATIONAL			
Guidelines:		3	
IARC	Carcinogenicity classification	Group 2B ^a	IARC 2002
WHO	Drinking water guideline	No data	
NATIONAL			
Regulations and			
Guidelines:			
a. Air: ACGIH	TLV/(9 bour TW/A)		ACGIH 2003
ACGIII	TLV (8-hour TWA) Naphthalene ^b	10 ppm	ACGIT 2003
	STEL	15 ppm	
EPA	Hazardous air pollutant	Naphthalene	EPA 2003g
LIA	riazardous aii poliutarit	Napritriaierie	40 CFR 63, Table 1
	National emission standards for		EPA 2003h
	hazardous air pollutants		40 CFR 61.134
	Naphthalene processing, final	No (zero) emissions are	
	coolers, and final-cooler	allowed	
	cooling towers at coke by-	anonoa	
	product recovery plants		
NIOSH	REL (10-hour TWA)		NIOSH 2003
	Naphthalene	10 ppm	
	STEL	15 ppm	
	IDLH	250 ppm	
OSHA	PEL (8-hour TWA) for general		OSHA 2003a
	industry		29 CFR 1910.1000,
	Naphthalene	10 ppm	Table Z-1
	PEL (8-hour TWA) for		OSHA 2003c
	construction industry	40	29 CFR 1926.55,
	Naphthalene	10 ppm	Appendix A OSHA 2003b
	PEL (8-hour TWA) for shipyard industry		29 CFR 1915.1000
	Naphthalene	10 ppm	29 OF IX 1915.1000
USC	Hazardous air pollutant	Naphthalene	USC 2003
000	riazaraoao an ponatarit	Naprinaiono	42 USC 7412
b. Water			
EPA	Drinking water health advisories		EPA 2002a
	1-day (10-kg child)	0.5 mg/L	
	10-day (10-kg child)	0.5 mg/L	
	DWELC	0.7 mg/L	
	Life-time ^d	0.1 mg/L	
	Effluent guidelines and standards;	Naphthalene	EPA 2003c
	toxic pollutants pursuant to		40 CFR 401.15
	Section 307(a)(1) of the Clean		
	Water Act	Nonhthalana	EDA 20025
	Hazardous substance designated in accordance with Section 311	naphinalene	EPA 2003p 40 CFR 116.4
	(b)(2)(A) of the Clean Water Act		40 OFN 110.4
	(b)(2)(A) of the Olean Water Act		

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Naphthalene, 1-Methylnaphthalene, and 2-Methylnaphthalene

Agency	Description	Information		Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)	Pollutants of initial focus in the Great Lakes Water Quality Initiative Reportable quantities of hazardous substances (naphthalene) designated pursuant to Section 311 of the	Naphthalene 100 pounds		EPA 2003q 40 CFR 132, Table 6 EPA 2003j 40 CFR 117.3
c. Food	Clean Water Act No data			
d. Other	No data			
ACGIH EPA	Carcinogenicity classification Carcinogenicity classification RfD (oral) RfC (inhalation) Community right-to-know; release reporting; effective date of	A4 ^e Group C ^f 2.0x10 ⁻² mg/k 3.0x10 ⁻³ mg/r 01/01/87	g/day n ³	IRIS 2005 IRIS 2005 IRIS 2005 EPA 2003m 40 CFR 372.65
	reporting Criteria for municipal solid waste landfills; hazardous constituent	Naphthalene 2-Methylnaph		EPA 2003a 40 CFR 258, Appendix II
	Identification and listing of hazardous waste; hazardous waste number	LIAGE		EPA 2003d 40 CFR 261, Appendix VIII
	Naphthalene Land disposal restrictions; universal treatment standards for	U165		EPA 2003e 40 CFR 268.48
EPA	naphthalene Waste water standard Non-waste water standard Landfills point source effluent limitations attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available	0.059 mg/L 5.6 mg/L TCL	.P	EPA 2003f 40 CFR 445.11
	Maximum daily Maximum monthly average Reportable quantity of hazardous substance in accordance with Section 311 (b)(2) and 307(a) of the Clean Water Act, Section 112 of RCRA, and Section 112 of the	0.059 mg/L 0.022 mg/L 100 pounds		EPA 2003b 40 CFR 302.4
	Clean Air Act for naphthalene Standards for owners and operators of hazardous waste TSD facilities; groundwater monitoring Naphthalene	Suggested Method 8100 8270	<u>PQL</u> 200 μg/L 10 μg/L	EPA 2003k 40 CFR 264, Appendix IX
	2-Methylnaphthalene	8270	10 μg/L	

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Naphthalene, 1-Methylnaphthalene, and 2-Methylnaphthalene

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)	·		
	Standards for owners and	10 mg/kg	EPA 2003I
	operators of hazardous waste		40 CFR 266,
	TSD facilities; health-based limits for exclusion of waste-derived		Appendix VII
	residues; residue concentration		
	limit		
	TSCA chemical information rules;		EPA 2003n
	health and safety data reporting		40 CFR 712.30
	for naphthalene	00/04/05	
	Effective date Reporting date ⁹	08/04/95 10/03/95	
	TSCA health and safety data	10/03/93	EPA 2003o
	reporting for naphthalene ^h		40 CFR 716.120
	Effective date	08/04/95	
	Sunset date	10/03/95	NTD
NTP	Carcinogenicity classification	Naphthalene is reason-	NTP 2005
		ably anticipated to be a human carcinogen	
		(Group 2)	
<u>STATE</u>		(1 /	
a. Air	No data		
b. Water	Deinling water avidalia	05/1	HODD 0004
Maine Minnesota	Drinking water guideline Drinking water guideline	25 μg/L 300 μg/L	HSDB 2004 HSDB 2004
New Jersey	Drinking water standard	300 μg/L	HSDB 2004
Washington	Drinking water guideline	14 μg/L	HSDB 2004
Wisconsin	Drinking water guideline	40 μg/L	HSDB 2004
Florida	Drinking water guideline	6.8 μg/L	HSDB 2004

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Naphthalene, 1-Methylnaphthalene, and 2-Methylnaphthalene

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
STATE (cont.)			
c. Food	No data		
d. Other	No data		

^aGroup 2B: possibly carcinogenic to humans

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CFR = Code of Federal Regulations; DWEL = drinking water equivalent level; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; HSDB = Hazardous Substances Data Bank; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IDLH = immediately dangerous to life or health; IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = permissible exposure limit; PQL = practical quantitation level; RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REL = recommended exposure limit; RfC = reference concentration; RfD = reference dose; STEL = short-term exposure limit; TCLP = toxicity characteristic leachate procedure; TLV = threshold limit values; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; TSD = treatment, storage, and disposal; TWA = time-weighted average; USC = United States Code; WHO = World Health Organization

^bSkin notation: refers to the potential significant contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route, including mucous membranes and the eyes, either by contact with vapors or, of probable greater significance, by direct skin contact with the substance.

^cDWEL: a lifetime exposure concentration protection of adverse, non-cancer health effects, that assumes all of the exposure to a contaminant is from drinking water.

^dLife-time: the concentration of a chemical in drinking water that is not expected to cause any adverse noncarcinogenic effects for a lifetime of exposure. The lifetime HA is based on exposure of a 70-kg adult consuming 2 L water/day.

^eA4: not classifiable as a human carcinogen

fGroup C: a possible human carcinogen

⁹Reporting date: manufacturers and importers of naphthalene must submit a Preliminary Assessment Information Manufacturer's Report for each site at which they manufacture or import naphthalene by the reporting date.

^hTSCATS health and safety data reporting: naphthalene is subject to all provisions of part 716. Manufacturers, importers, and processors of naphthalene are subject to the reporting requirements of subpart A.