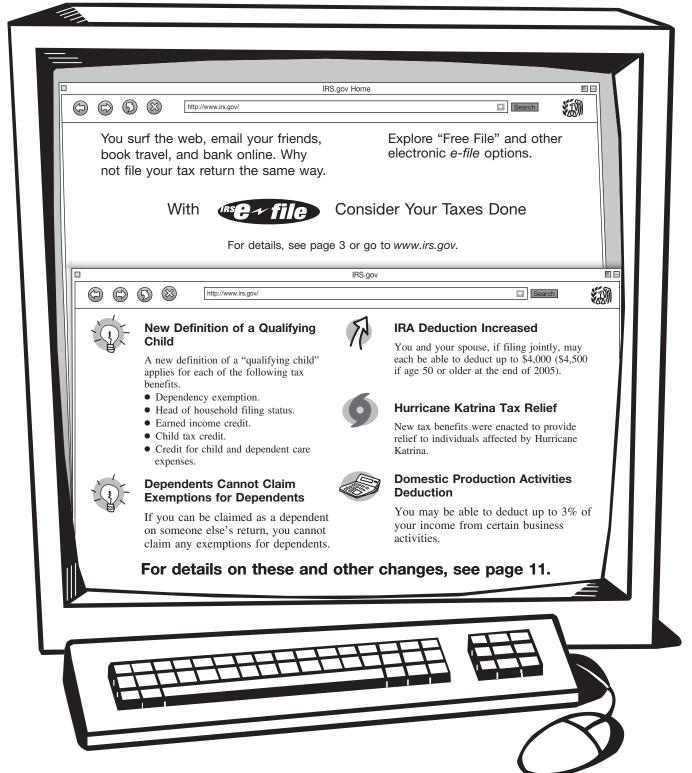


**005**1()4()

www.irs.gov

## **Instructions**Including Instructions C, D, E, F, J, and SE

Including Instructions for Schedules A, B,



## A Message From the Commissioner

Dear Taxpayer,

American taxpayers made history in 2005. For the first time, over half of all individuals filed their tax returns electronically. More than 68 million people "e-filed." E-file is fast, secure, and accurate. The software catches errors that may otherwise hold up the processing of a paper return. Refunds come a lot sooner. I encourage you to consider this option. Taxpayers who file electronically prefer it.

IRS.gov (www.irs.gov) was visited over 137 million times during last year's filing season, making it one of the most used websites in America. IRS.gov provides ready access to all IRS forms and publications, answers to frequently asked questions, and interactive features, such as Where's My Refund, the Withholding Calculator, and the EITC Assistant eligibility tool. In addition, Free File, also available through IRS.gov, provides free and convenient access to e-file. This free service was used by five million taxpayers last year.

The IRS also answered over 33 million toll-free calls from taxpayers last year. We achieved an all-time high for the accuracy of our answers. IRS-sponsored volunteer return preparation has almost doubled since 1999, helping more than two million people file returns.

As we improve services to taxpayers, the IRS continues to emphasize fair and balanced enforcement of the law. Americans have every right to be confident that when they pay their taxes, neighbors and competitors are doing the same.

I hope this tax booklet is useful to you. For further information, you may contact us online at *www.irs.gov* or call our toll-free numbers 1-800-829-1040 for individuals and 1-800-829-4933 for businesses.

Sincerely,

Mark W. Everson

Mark W. Even

#### The IRS Mission

Provide America's taxpayers top quality service by helping them understand and meet their tax responsibilities and by applying the tax law with integrity and fairness to all.



#### consider it done

#### What is IRS *e-file*?

It's the fastest, easiest, and most convenient way to file your income tax return electronically. So easy, over 68 million taxpayers preferred *e-file* over filing a paper income tax return last year. Visit the IRS website at *www.irs.gov/efile* for all the details and latest information.

#### What are the benefits?

#### Millions Eligible for Free File!

- Free File allows qualified taxpayers to prepare and *e-file* their own tax returns for free using commercially available online tax preparation software.
- Review online tax software provider offerings and determine if you are eligible by visiting the Free File page at www.irs.gov.

#### Fast! Easy! Convenient!

- Get your refund in half the time as paper filers do, even faster and safer with direct deposit. See page 59.
- Sign electronically and file a completely paperless return. See page 61.
- Receive an electronic proof of receipt within 48 hours after the IRS received your return.
- If you owe, you can *e-file* and authorize an electronic funds withdrawal or pay by credit card. If you *e-file* before April 17, 2006, you can schedule an electronic funds withdrawal from your checking or savings account as late as April 17, 2006. See page 60.
- Prepare and file your federal and state returns together and save time.

#### Accurate! Secure!

- IRS computers quickly and automatically check for errors or other missing information.
- The chance of being audited does not differ whether you e-file or file a paper income tax return.
- Your bank account information is safeguarded along with other tax return information. The IRS does not have access to credit card numbers.

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov/efile for details.

### How to *e-file*?

#### Use an Authorized IRS e-file Provider



Many tax professionals electronically file tax returns for their clients. As a taxpayer, you have two options:

- You can prepare your return, take it to an Authorized IRS *e-file* Provider, and have the provider transmit it electronically to the IRS, or
- You can have a tax professional prepare your return and transmit it for you electronically.

Tax professionals can charge a fee for IRS *e-file*. Fees can vary depending on the professional and the specific services rendered.

#### Use a Personal Computer



You can file your income tax return in a fast, easy, convenient way using your personal computer. A computer with a modem or Internet access and tax preparation software are all you need. Best of all, you can *e-file* from the comfort of your home 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Visit *www.irs.gov* for details.

IRS approved tax preparation software is available for online use on the Internet, for download from the Internet, and in retail stores. Visit www.irs.gov/efile for details

If you do not qualify for the Free File options, visit our Partners Page at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/efile">www.irs.gov/efile</a> for partners that offer other free or low-cost filing options.

## **Tax Return Page Reference**

Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.

<b>1040</b>		tment of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service Individual Income Tax Return	(99) IRS Use Only—Do no	t write or	r staple in this space.	
	_	the year Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 2005, or other tax year beginning , 2005, enc	<u> </u>		OMB No. 1545-0074	
Label 16	You	r first name and initial Last name			social security numb	er
(See L	1				1 1	(16)
instructions on page 16.)	If a	joint return, spouse's first name and initial	1	Spous	se's social security nu	umber
Use the IRS L		OR REFERENCE ONLY—DO	NOT FILE:		1 1	(16)
label.	Hor	ne address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see page 16.	Apt. no.	_ Y	ou <b>must</b> enter	$\overline{}$
Otherwise, please print R					our SSN(s) above.	_
or type.	City	, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address,	see page 16.	Checki	ng a box below will	not
Presidential	<u>L</u> (16	)		change	your tax or refund.	
Election Campaign		eck here if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, want \$3 to go to	this fund (see page 16)	· _	│ You │ Spous	e
Filing Status	1	☐ Single ——(16)	☐ Head of household (with or example)	qualifyin	. , , , , ,	,
_	2	☐ Married filing jointly (even if only one had income) — 17	the qualifying person is a	child bu	t not your dependent,	, enter
Check only one box.	3 _	<ul> <li>Married filing separately. Enter spouse's SSN above</li> <li>and full name here. ►</li> </ul>	this child's name here. ►  Qualifying widow(er) with	denen	dent child (see page	n 17)
OHC BOX.	. 6a	Yourself. If someone can claim you as a dependent, do no		)	Boxes checked	0 17)
Exemptions 18		Spouse		: }	on 6a and 6b — No. of children	
	С	Dependents: (2) Dependent's	(3) Dependent's (4) √ if qua		on 6c who:	
		(1) First name Last name social security number	relationship to child for chi		<ul> <li>lived with you _</li> <li>did not live with</li> </ul>	
				Ĭ	you due to divorce or separation	
If more than four dependents, see —	(19)			$\overline{}$	(see page 20)	
page 19.	$\cup$	(21)		(19)	Dependents on 6c not entered above _	
					Add numbers on	
	d	Total number of exemptions claimed		<del></del>	lines above ►	
Income 🝙	7	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach Form(s) W-2		7	(22)	
62	8a	Taxable interest. Attach Schedule B if required		8a	(22)	
Attach Form(s) W-2 here. Also	b	Tax-exempt interest. Do not include on line 8a	23)	9a	(23)	
attach Forms	9a	Ordinary dividends. Attach Schedule B if required		Ja		
W-2G and	10	Qualified dividends (see page 23)		10	23)	
1099-R if tax was withheld.	11	Alimony received	ixes (see page 25)	11	(24)	
	12			12	(24)	
	13	Capital gain or (loss). Attach Schedule D if required. If not requi		13	(24)	
If you did not (22)	14	Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797		14	(25)	
get a W-2, see page 22.	15a	IRA distributions 15a 25 b Taxa	able amount (see page 25)	15b	(25)	
see page 22.	16a	Pensions and annuities 16a 25 b Taxa	able amount (see page 25)	16b	(25)	
Enclose, but do	17	Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts,	etc. Attach Schedule E	17		
not attach, any payment. Also,	18	Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F		18		
please use	19	Unemployment compensation		19 20b	(27)	
Form 1040-V.	20a	b raxe	able amount (see page 27)	21	21)	
(60)	21 22	Other income. List type and amount (see page 29)		22		
	23	Educator expenses (see page 29)				
Adjusted	24	Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and				
Gross		fee-basis government officials. Attach Form 2106 or 2106-EZ				
Income	25	Health savings account deduction. Attach Form 8889 . 25				
	26	Moving expenses. Attach Form 3903	(20)			
	27	One-half of self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE . 27	(00)	-		
	28	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans 28		-		
	29	Self-employed health insurance deduction (see page 30)  Penalty on early withdrawal of savings  30	(00)	-		
	30	- Charty on carry withdrawar or cavinge				
	31a 32	Alimony paid <b>b</b> Recipient's SSN ▶				
	33	Student loan interest deduction (see page 33)				
	34	Tuition and fees deduction (see page 34)	704			
	35	Domestic production activities deduction. Attach Form 8903	5 NEW (35)			
	36	Add lines 23 through 31a and 32 through 35	_	36	35)	
	37	Subtract line 36 from line 22. This is your adjusted gross incor	me <b>&gt;</b>	37	35	
For Disclosure, Pr	ivacy	Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 78.	Cat. No. 11320B		Form <b>1040</b>	(2005)

Tax Return Page Reference

Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.

Form 1040 (2005)				Page 2
Tax and	38	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income)	38	
Credits	39a	Check ∫ ☐ You were born before January 2, 1941, ☐ Blind. ☐ Total boxes		
		if:       Spouse was born before January 2, 1941, □ Blind.       checked ▶ 39a □ □ □	4	35)
Standard Deduction	b	If your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien, s(A-1)ge 35 and check here ▶39b □	-	(35)
for—	40 「	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left margin) .	40	
People who	41	Subtract line 40 from line 38	41	
checked any box on line	42	If line 38 is over \$109,475, or you provided housing to a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina,	42	(37)
39a or 39b <b>or</b>	43	see page 37. Otherwise, multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6d <b>Taxable income.</b> Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41, enter -0-	43	
who can be claimed as a	44	Tax (see page 37). Check if any tax is from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972	44	(37)
dependent, see page 36.	45	Alternative minimum tax (see page 39). Attach Form 6251	45	(39)
All others:	46	Add lines 44 and 45	46	
Single or	47	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required 47 (40)		
Married filing separately,	48	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441		
\$5,000	49	Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule R	_	
Married filing	50	Education credits. Attach Form 8863	-	
jointly or Qualifying	51	Retirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8880 . 51 (40)	-	
widow(er), \$10,000	52	Cliffic tax credit (see page 41). Attach Form 6901 if required	-	
Head of	53	Adoption credit. Attach Form 6659	-	
household,	54	Credits from: a   Form 8396   B   Form 8859		
\$7,300	55	Other credits. Check applicable box(es): a Form 3800  b Form 8801 c Form 55		
	56	Add lines 47 through 55. These are your total credits	56	
(31)	57	Subtract line 56 from line 46. If line 56 is more than line 46, enter -0	57	
Othor	58	Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE	58	
Other Taxes	59	Social security and Medicare tax on tip income not reported to employer. Attach Form 4137	59	(43)
laxes	60	Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc. Attach Form 5329 if required .	60	(43)
	61	Advance earned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2	61	(43)
	62	Household employment taxes. Attach Schedule H	62	(43)
	63	Add lines 57 through 62. This is your total tax	63	
Payments <b>Payments</b>	64	Todarda moonio dat withiniad non roma W 2 and 1000		
If you have a	65 66a	2005 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2004 return  Earned income credit (EIC)		
qualifying	b	Larried income credit (Lio)		
child, attach Schedule EIC.	67	Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld (see page 59) 67		
	68	Additional child tay gradit. Attach Form 9912 68 (59)		
	69	Amount paid with request for extension to file (see page 59)  69  59  69  69		
	70	Payments from: a Form 2439 b Form 4136 c Form 8885.		
	71	Add lines 64, 65, 66a, and 67 through 70. These are your total payments	71	(59)
Refund	72	If line 71 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 71,59's is the amount you overpaid	72	(39)
Direct deposit?		Amount of line 72 you want refunded to you	73a	
See page 59 and fill in 73b,		Routing number		59
73c, and 73d.		Account number 600		
Amount	74 75	Amount of line 72 you want applied to your 2006 estimated tax ► 74 Amount you owe. Subtract line 71 from line 63. For details on how to pay, see, eqe 60 ►	75	60
You Owe	76	Estimated tax penalty (see page 60)   76		
Third Party	Do	you want to allow another person to discuss this return with the IRS (see page 61)?   Yes.	Compl	ete the following. No
Designee		signee's (61) Phone Personal identified	cation	
	nar	ne ▶ ( ) number (PIN)		<u> </u>
Sign	Und beli	der penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, an ef, they are true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of w	na to the hich pre	parer has any knowledge and parer has any knowledge.
Here		ur signature Date   Your occupation		ime phone number
Joint return? See page 17.		(61)	, '	(61)
Кеер а сору	Spi	ouse's signature. If a joint return, <b>both</b> must sign. Date Spouse's occupation	(	,
for your records.	7	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		
	Pro	pparer's Date Check if	Prep	parer's SSN or PTIN
Paid	sig	parer's Check if self-employed		
Preparer's	Firr	m's name (or EIN	i	
Use Only	ado	rs if self-employed), tress, and ZIP code Phone no.	(	)
				Form 1040 (2005)

### **IRS Customer Service Standards**

At the IRS, our goal is to continually improve the quality of our services. To achieve that goal, we have developed customer service standards in the following areas.

- Easier filing and payment options.
- Access to information.
- Accuracy.

- Prompt refunds.
- Canceling penalties.
- Resolving problems.
- Simpler forms.

If you would like information about the IRS standards and a report of our accomplishments, see Pub. 2183.

## Help With Unresolved Tax Issues

#### Office of the Taxpayer Advocate

#### **Contacting Your Taxpayer Advocate**

If you have attempted to deal with an IRS problem unsuccessfully, you should contact your Taxpayer Advocate.

The Taxpayer Advocate independently represents your interests and concerns within the IRS by protecting your rights and resolving problems that have not been fixed through normal channels.

While Taxpayer Advocates cannot change the tax law or make a technical tax decision, they can clear up problems that resulted from previous contacts and ensure that your case is given a complete and impartial review.

#### **Handling Your Tax Problems**

Your assigned personal advocate will listen to your point of view and will work with you to address your concerns. You can expect the advocate to provide you with:

- A "fresh look" at your new or on-going problem,
- Timely acknowledgment,
- The name and phone number of the individual assigned to your case,
- Updates on progress,
- Timeframes for action,
- Speedy resolution, and
- Courteous service.

## Information You Should Be Prepared To Provide

- Your name, address, and social security number (or employer identification number),
- Your telephone number and hours you can be reached,
- The type of tax return and year(s) involved,
- A detailed description of your problem,
- Your previous attempts to solve the problem and the office you contacted, and
- Description of the hardship you are facing and supporting documentation (if applicable).

#### **How To Contact Your Taxpayer Advocate**

- Call the Taxpayer Advocate's toll-free number: 1-877-777-4778.
- Call, write, or fax the Taxpayer Advocate office in your area (see Pub. 1546 for addresses and phone numbers).
- TTY/TDD help is available by calling 1-800-829-4059.
- Visit the website at www.irs.gov/advocate.

## **Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Forms**



If you live outside the United States, see Pub. 54 to find out how to get help and forms.



#### Internet

You can access the IRS website 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at www.irs.gov to:

- Access commercial tax preparation and *e-file* services available free to eligible taxpayers;
- Check the status of your 2005 refund;
- Download forms, instructions, and publications;
- Order IRS products online;
- Research your tax questions online;
- Search publications online by topic or keyword;
- Figure your withholding allowances using our W-4 calculator; and
- Sign up to receive local and national tax news by email.



#### Mail

You can order forms, instructions, and publications by completing the order blank on page 80. You should receive your order within 10 days after we receive your request.



#### Walk-In

You can pick up some of the most requested forms, instructions, and publications at many IRS offices, post offices, and libraries. Some grocery stores, copy centers, city and county government offices, credit unions, and office supply

stores have a collection of reproducible tax forms available to photocopy or print from a CD-ROM.



#### **Phone**

You can order forms and publications and receive automated information by phone.

**Forms and publications.** Call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) during the hours shown on page 10 to order current-year forms, instructions, and publications, and prior-year forms and instructions. You should receive your order within 10 days.

**TeleTax topics.** Call 1-800-829-4477 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to listen to pre-recorded messages covering about 150 tax topics. See pages 8 and 9 for a list of the topics.

**Refund information.** You can check the status of your 2005 refund 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. See page 8 for details.



#### CD-ROM

You can order Publication 1796, IRS Tax Products CD-ROM, and obtain:

- A CD that is released twice so you have the latest products.
   The first release ships in late December and the final release ships in late February.
- Current-year forms, instructions, and publications.
- Prior-year forms, instructions and publications.
- Tax Map: an electronic research tool and finding aid.
- Tax law frequently asked questions.
- Tax Topics from the IRS telephone response system.
- Fill-in, print, and save features for most tax forms.
- Internal Revenue Bulletins.
- Toll-free and email technical support.

Buy the CD-ROM from National Technical Information Service (NTIS) at *www.irs.gov/cdorders* for \$25 (no handling fee) or call **1-877-CDFORMS** (1-877-233-6767) toll-free to buy the CD-ROM for \$25 (plus a \$5 handling fee).

Other ways to get help. See page 63 for information.

# Refund Information

You can check on the status of your 2005 refund if it has been at least 6 weeks from the date you filed your return (3 weeks if you filed electronically). But if you filed Form 8379 with your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically).

Tonic

Be sure to have a copy of your 2005 tax return available because you will need to know the filing status and the exact whole-dollar amount of your refund. Then, do one of the following.

- Go to www.irs.gov and click on Where's My Refund.
- Call 1-800-829-4477 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for automated refund information.

• Call 1-800-829-1954 during the hours shown on page 10.



Topic

256

301

302

Refunds are sent out weekly on Fridays. If you check the status of your refund and are not given the date it will be issued, please

wait until the next week before checking back.

Do not send in a copy of your return unless asked to do so.

To get a refund, you generally must file your return within 3 years from the date the return was due (including extensions).

# What Is TeleTax?

## Recorded Tax Information

Recorded tax information is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Select the number of the topic you want to hear. Then, call 1-800-829-4477. Have paper and pencil handy to take notes.

### **Topics by Internet**

TeleTax topics are also available through the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

## **TeleTax Topics**

All topics are available in Spanish.

<b>Topic</b>	
No.	

**Subject** 

#### IRS Help Available

- 101 IRS services—Volunteer tax assistance, toll-free telephone, walk-in assistance, and outreach programs
- Tax assistance for individuals with disabilities and the hearing impaired
   Tax help for small businesses and
- Tax help for small businesses and the self-employed
   Taxpayer Advocate Service—Help
- for problem situations
- 106 Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks

#### **IRS Procedures**

- 151 Your appeal rights
- 152 Refunds—How long they should take
- 153 What to do if you haven't filed your tax return
- 154 2005 Form W-2 and Form 1099-R—What to do if not received
- 155 Forms and publications—How to order

No.	Subject
156	Copy of your tax return—How to
157	get one Change of address—How to notify IRS
158 159	Ensuring proper credit of payments Prior year(s) Form W-2—How to get a copy of
	Collection
201 202 203 204 205	The collection process What to do if you can't pay your tax Failure to pay child support and federal nontax and state income tax obligations Offers in compromise Innocent spouse relief (and separation of liability and equitable relief)
	Alternative Filing Methods
251 252 253 254	Electronic signatures Electronic filing Substitute tax forms How to choose a paid tax preparer

No.	Subject			
1100	<b>o</b>			
303	Checklist of common errors when			
	preparing your tax return			
304	Extensions of time to file your tax			
	return			
305	Recordkeeping			
306	Penalty for underpayment of			
• • •	estimated tax			
307	Backup withholding			
308	Amended returns			
309	Roth IRA contributions			
310	Coverdell education savings			
211	accounts			
311	Power of attorney information			
312	Disclosure authorizations			
313	Qualified tuition programs (QTPs)			
	Filing Requirements, Filing Status, and Exemptions			
351	Who must file?			
352	Which form—1040, 1040A, or			
	1040EZ?			
353	What is your filing status?			
354	Dependents			
355	Estimated tax			
356	Decedents			
357	Tax information for parents of			
	kidnapped children			
	Types of Income			
401	Wages and salaries			

When, where, and how to file

**General Information** 

Highlights of tax changes

Filing business returns electronically

Te	leTax Topics	Topi		Topi	Cubicat
	-	No.	Subject	No.	Subject
<u> </u>	tinued)	509	Business use of home	755	Employer identification number
Topi		510	Business use of car	756	(EIN)—How to apply
No.	Subject	511 512	Business travel expenses Business entertainment expenses	730	Employment taxes for household
402	Tips	513	Educational expenses	757	employees Form 941—Deposit requirements
403	Interest received	514	Employee business expenses	758	Form 941—Employer's Quarterly
404	Dividends	515	Casualty, disaster, and theft losses	130	Federal Tax Return
405	Refunds of state and local taxes	313	Casuarty, disaster, and their rosses	759	Form 940 and 940-EZ—Deposit
406	Alimony received		Tax Computation	13)	requirements
407	Business income	551	Ctondand daduction	760	Form 940 and Form 940-EZ—
408	Sole proprietorship	551	Standard deduction Tay and anality figured by the IBS		Employer's Annual Federal
409	Capital gains and losses	552 553	Tax and credits figured by the IRS Tax on a child's investment income		Unemployment Tax Returns
410	Pensions and annuities	554	Self-employment tax	761	Tips—Withholding and reporting
411	Pensions—The general rule and the	555	Ten-year tax option for lump-sum	762	Independent contractor vs. employee
410	simplified method	333	distributions		
412	Lump-sum distributions	556	Alternative minimum tax		Electronic Magnetic Media
413	Rollovers from retirement plans	557	Tax on early distributions from		Filers—1099 Series and
414	Rental income and expenses	557	traditional and Roth IRAs		Related Information Returns
415	Renting residential and vacation	558	Tax on early distributions from	001	***
416	property  Forming and fishing income		retirement plans	801	Who must file magnetically
417	Farming and fishing income Earnings for clergy		•	802	Applications, forms, and information
418	Unemployment compensation		Tax Credits	803	Waivers and extensions
419	Gambling income and expenses	601	Earned income credit (EIC)	804	Test files and combined federal and
420	Bartering income	602	Child and dependent care credit	905	state filing
421	Scholarship and fellowship grants	603	Credit for the elderly or the disabled	805	Electronic filing of information returns
422	Nontaxable income	604	Advance earned income credit		Teturns
423	Social security and equivalent	605	Education credits		Tax Information for Aliens and
	railroad retirement benefits	606	Child tax credits		U.S. Citizens Living Abroad
424	401(k) plans	607	Adoption credit		0.5. Chizens Living Abroad
425	Passive activities—Losses and	608	Excess social security and RRTA	851	Resident and nonresident aliens
	credits		tax withheld	852	Dual-status alien
426	Other income	610	Retirement savings contributions	853	Foreign earned income exclusion—
427	Stock options		credit		General
428	Roth IRA distributions		IDC Notices	854	Foreign earned income exclusion—
429	Traders in securities (information for		IRS Notices		Who qualifies?
	Form 1040 filers)	651	Notices—What to do	855	Foreign earned income exclusion—
430	Exchange of policyholder interest	652	Notice of underreported income—	0 = 1	What qualifies?
	for stock		CP 2000	856	Foreign tax credit
	Adjustments to Income	653	IRS notices and bills, penalties, and	857	Individual taxpayer identification
4.5.4	•		interest charges	050	number (ITIN)—Form W-7
451	Individual retirement arrangements		_	858	Alien tax clearance
150	(IRAs)		Basis of Assets, Depreciation,		Too before all or for December
452	Alimony paid Bad debt deduction		and Sale of Assets		Tax Information for Puerto
453 455	Moving expenses	701	Sale of your home		Rico Residents (in Spanish
456	Student loan interest deduction	703	Basis of assets		only)
457	Tuition and fees deduction	704	Depreciation	901	Who must file a U.S. income tax
458	Educator expense deduction	705	Installment sales		return in Puerto Rico
730	•			902	Deductions and credits for Puerto
	Itemized Deductions		Employer Tax Information		Rico filers
501	Should I itemize?	751	Social security and Medicare	903	Federal employment taxes in Puerto
502	Medical and dental expenses		withholding rates		Rico
503	Deductible taxes	752	Form W-2—Where, when, and how	904	Tax assistance for Puerto Rico
504	Home mortgage points	-	to file		residents
505	Interest expense	753	Form W-4—Employee's		
506	Contributions		Withholding Allowance Certificate	Topi	ic numbers are effective
507	Casualty and theft losses	754	Form W-5—Advance earned		uary 1, 2006.
508	Miscellaneous expenses		income credit		

## **Calling the IRS**

If you cannot find the answer to your question using one of the methods listed on page 7, please call us for assistance at 1-800-829-1040. You will not be charged for the call unless your phone company charges you for toll-free calls. Our normal hours of operation are Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Assistance provided to callers from Alaska and Hawaii will be based on the hours of operation in the Pacific time zone. These hours are subject to change. If you call when assistance is not available, you will receive a message giving the updated hours of operation.



If you want to check the status of your 2005 refund, see Refund Information on page 8.

#### **Before You Call**

IRS representatives care about the quality of the service provided to you, our customer. You can help us provide accurate, complete answers to your questions by having the following information available.

- The tax form, schedule, or notice to which your question relates.
- The facts about your particular situation. The answer to the same question often varies from one taxpayer to another because of differences in their age, income, whether they can be claimed as a dependent, etc.
- The name of any IRS publication or other source of information that you used to look for the answer.

To maintain your account security, you may be asked for the following information, which you should also have available.

- Your social security number.
- The amount of refund and filing status shown on your tax return.
- The "Caller ID Number" shown at the top of any notice you received.
- Your personal identification number (PIN) if you have one.
  - Your date of birth.
  - The numbers in your street address.
  - Your ZIP code.

If you are asking for an installment agreement to pay your tax, you will be asked for the highest amount you can pay each month and the date on which you can pay it.

Evaluation of services provided. The IRS uses several methods to evaluate our telephone service. One method is to record telephone calls for quality purposes only. A random sample of recorded calls is selected for review through the quality assurance process. Other methods include listening to live calls in progress and random selection of customers for participation in a customer satisfaction survey.

### **Making the Call**

Call 1-800-829-1040 (for TTY/TDD help, call 1-800-829-4059). Our menus allow callers with pulse or rotary dial telephones to speak their responses when requested to do so. First, you will be provided a series of options that will request touch-tone responses. If a touch-tone response is not received, you will then hear a series of options and be asked to speak your selections. After your touch-tone or spoken response is received, the system will direct your call to the appropriate assistance. You can do the following within the system.

- Order tax forms and publications.
- Find out what you owe.
- Determine if we have adjusted your account or received payments you made.
- Request a transcript of your tax return or account.
- Find out where to send your tax return or payment.
- Request more time to pay or set up a monthly installment agreement.
- Find out if you qualify for innocent spouse relief.

### **Before You Hang Up**

If you do not fully understand the answer you receive, or you feel our representative may not fully understand your question, our representative needs to know this. He or she will be happy to take additional time to be sure your question is answered fully.

By law, you are responsible for paying your share of federal income tax. If we should make an error in answering your question, you are still responsible for the payment of the correct tax. Should this occur, however, you will not be charged any penalty.

## **Before You Fill In Form 1040**



For details on these and other changes for 2005 and 2006, see Pub. 553. Pending legislation may eliminate one or more of

the last five changes listed under What's New for 2006.

#### What's New for 2005

**Qualifying child—New definition.** A new definition of a qualifying child applies for each of the following tax benefits.

- Dependency exemption (line 6c).
- Child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).
- Head of household filing status (line 4).
- Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48).
- Earned income credit (EIC) (lines 66a and 66b).

See the instructions for each of these benefits for details.

Foster child—New rules. New rules apply to determine who is a foster child and when a foster child can be used to claim certain tax benefits. To claim a foster child as a qualifying child for any of the tax benefits listed above, the child must be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. A foster child no longer qualifies you to use qualifying widow(er) filing status.

**Dependents cannot claim exemptions for dependents.** If you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you cannot claim any exemptions for dependents.

#### **Hurricane Katrina Tax Relief**



At the time these instructions went to print, Congress was considering legislation that would provide additional tax

relief for individuals affected by Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma. For more details, and to find out if this legislation was enacted, see Pub. 4492.

Emergency tax relief was enacted as a result of Hurricane Katrina. The tax benefits provided by this relief include the following.

- Suspended limits for certain personal casualty losses and cash contributions.
- An additional exemption amount if you provided housing for a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina.
- Election to use your 2004 earned income to figure your 2005 EIC and additional child tax credit.
- Increased charitable standard mileage rate for using your vehicle for volunteer work related to Hurricane Katrina.

- Special rules for time and support tests for people who were temporarily relocated because of Hurricane Katrina.
- Special rules for withdrawals and loans from IRAs and other qualified retirement plans.

For more details on these and other tax benefits related to Hurricane Katrina, see Pub. 4492.

**Domestic production activities deduction.** You may be able to deduct up to 3% of your qualified production activities income from certain business activities. See the instructions for line 35 on page 35.

**IRA deduction expanded.** You and your spouse, if filing jointly, may each be able to deduct up to \$4,000 (\$4,500 if age 50 or older at the end of 2005). You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than \$60,000 (\$80,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)). See the instructions for line 32 on page 31.

**Earned income credit (EIC).** You may be able to take the EIC if:

- A child lived with you and you earned less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if married filing jointly), or
- A child did not live with you and you earned less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly).

See the instructions for lines 66a and 66b that begin on page 45.

Standard mileage rates. The 2005 rate for business use of your vehicle is 40½ cents a mile (48½ cents after August 31, 2005). The 2005 rate for use of your vehicle to get medical care or to move is 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).

Elective salary deferrals. The maximum amount you can defer under all plans is generally limited to \$14,000 (\$10,000 if you only have SIMPLE plans; \$17,000 for section 403(b) plans if you qualify for the 15-year rule). The catch-up contribution limit increased to \$4,000 (\$2,000 for SIMPLE plans). See the instructions for line 7 on page 22.

**Certain deductions reordered.** The lines in the *Adjusted Gross Income* section have been reordered to simplify the computation of modified adjusted gross income limits.

Mailing your return. You may be mailing your return to a different address this year because the IRS has changed the filing location for several areas. If you received an envelope with your tax package, please use it. Otherwise, see *Where Do You File?* on the back cover.

#### What's New for 2006

Personal exemption and itemized deduction phaseouts reduced. The phaseouts of the personal exemptions and itemized deductions will be reduced by 1/3.

**IRA deduction expanded for certain people.** You and your spouse, if filing jointly, may each be able to deduct up to \$5,000 if age 50 or older at the end of 2006. You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your 2006 modified AGI is less than \$85,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er).

**Residential energy credit**—**New.** You may be able to take a residential energy credit for expenses paid in 2006 to have qualified energy saving items installed in your main home.

Alternative motor vehicles. You may be able to take a credit if you place an energy efficient motor vehicle or alternative fuel vehicle refueling property in service in 2006. You can no longer take a deduction for clean-fuel vehicles or refueling property.

Clean renewable energy bond credit— New. You may be able to take a credit based on the face amount of any clean renewable energy bond you hold during 2006. The amount of any credit before tax liability limits must be included as interest income.

Certain credits no longer allowed against alternative minimum tax (AMT). The credit for child and dependent care expenses, credit for the elderly or the disabled, education credits, mortgage interest credit, and carryforwards of the District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit are no longer allowed against AMT and a new tax liability limit applies. For most people, this limit is your regular tax minus any tentative minimum tax.

**AMT exemption amount decreased.** The AMT exemption amount will decrease to \$33,750 (\$45,000 if married filing jointly or a qualifying widow(er); \$22,500 if married filing separately).

**Educator expense deduction expires.** The deduction from AGI for educator expenses will expire. To deduct educator expenses, you must itemize your deductions.

**Tuition and fees deduction expires.** You cannot take a deduction for qualified tuition and fees paid in 2006. But you still may be able to take a credit for these expenses.

**District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit expires.** This credit will not apply to homes purchased after December 31, 2005.

# Filing Requirements

These rules apply to all U.S. citizens, regardless of where they live, and resident aliens.



Have you tried IRS *e-file?* It's the fastest way to get your refund and it's free if you are eligible. Visit *www.irs.gov* for details.

#### Do You Have To File?

Use Chart A, B, or C to see if you must file a return. U.S. citizens who lived in or had income from a U.S. possession should see Pub. 570. Residents of Puerto Rico can use TeleTax topic 901 (see page 8) to see if they must file.



Even if you do not otherwise have to file a return, you should file one to get a refund of any federal income tax withheld.

You should also file if you are eligible for the earned income credit, the additional child tax credit, or the health coverage tax credit.

Exception for children under age 14. If you are planning to file a tax return for your child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005 and certain other conditions apply, you can elect to include your child's income on your return. But you must use Form 8814 to do so. If you make this election, your child does not have to file a return. For details, use TeleTax topic 553 (see page 8) or see Form 8814.

A child born on January 1, 1992, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2005. Do not use Form 8814 for such a child.

**Resident aliens.** These rules also apply if you were a resident alien. Also, you may qualify for certain tax treaty benefits. See Pub. 519 for details.

## Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens. These rules also apply if you were a nonres-

These rules also apply if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and both of the following apply.

- You were married to a U.S. citizen or resident at the end of 2005.
- You elected to be taxed as a resident alien.

See Pub. 519 for details.



Specific rules apply to determine if you are a resident alien, nonresident alien, or dual-status alien. Most nonresident aliens

and dual-status aliens have different filing requirements and may have to file Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ. Pub. 519 discusses these requirements and other information to help aliens comply with U.S. tax law, including tax treaty benefits and special rules for students and scholars.

## When and Where Should You File?

Not later than **April 17, 2006.** If you file after this date, you may have to pay interest and penalties. See page 64.

See the back cover for filing instructions and addresses. For details on using a private delivery service, see page 15.

## What if You Cannot File on Time?

You can get an automatic 6-month extension if, no later than April 17, 2006, you file Form 4868. For details, see Form 4868.



An automatic 6-month extension to file does not extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.

If you are a U.S. citizen or resident, you may qualify for an automatic extension of time to file without filing Form 4868. You qualify if, on the due date of your return, you meet one of the following conditions.

- You live outside the United States and Puerto Rico and your main place of business or post of duty is outside the United States and Puerto Rico.
- You are in military or naval service on duty outside the United States and Puerto Rico.

This extension gives you an extra 2 months to file and pay the tax, but interest will be charged from the original due date of the return on any unpaid tax. You must attach a statement to your return showing that you meet the requirements. If you are still unable to file your return by the end of the 2-month period, you can get an additional 4 months if, no later than June 15, 2006, you file Form 4868. This 4-month extension of time to file does not extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.

### Chart A—For Most People

IF your filing status is	AND at the end of 2005 you were*	THEN file a return if your gross income** was at least
Single	under 65 65 or older	\$8,200 9,450
Married filing jointly***	under 65 (both spouses) 65 or older (one spouse) 65 or older (both spouses)	\$16,400 17,400 18,400
Married filing separately (see page 17)	any age	\$3,200
Head of household (see page 17)	under 65 65 or older	\$10,500 11,750
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (see page 17)	under 65 65 or older	\$13,200 14,200

<sup>\*</sup> If you were born on January 1, 1941, you are considered to be age 65 at the end of 2005.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Gross income means all income you received in the form of money, goods, property, and services that is not exempt from tax, including any income from sources outside the United States (even if you can exclude part or all of it). Do not include social security benefits unless you are married filing a separate return and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2005.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> If you did not live with your spouse at the end of 2005 (or on the date your spouse died) and your gross income was at least \$3,200, you must file a return regardless of your age.

## Chart B—For Children and Other Dependents (See the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 19 to find out if someone can claim you as a dependent.)

If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent, use this In this chart, <b>unearned income</b> includes taxable interest, ordinary divages, tips, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants. <b>Gross incom</b>	vidends, and cap	ital gain distributions. Earne		
<b>Single dependents.</b> Were you <b>either</b> age 65 or older <b>or</b> blind?				
<ul> <li>No. You must file a return if any of the following apply.</li> <li>Your unearned income was over \$800.</li> <li>Your earned income was over \$5,000.</li> <li>Your gross income was more than the larger of—</li> <li>\$800, or</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250.</li> <li>Yes. You must file a return if any of the following apply.</li> <li>Your unearned income was over \$2,050 (\$3,300 if 65 or of Your earned income was over \$6,250 (\$7,500 if 65 or older).</li> <li>Your gross income was more than—</li> </ul>	er and blind).	This amount		
The larger of:	Plus	This amount:		
<ul><li>\$800, or</li><li>Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250</li></ul>	}	\$1,250 (\$2,500 if 65 or older <b>and</b> blind)		
Married dependents. Were you either age 65 or older or blind?				
No. You must file a return if <b>any</b> of the following apply.				
• Your unearned income was over \$800.				
<ul> <li>Your earned income was over \$5,000.</li> <li>Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a</li> </ul>	caparata raturn	and itamizes deductions		
<ul> <li>Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse thes a</li> <li>Your gross income was more than the larger of—</li> </ul>	separate return a	and itemizes deductions.		
• \$800, or				
<ul> <li>Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250.</li> <li>Yes. You must file a return if any of the following apply.</li> <li>Your unearned income was over \$1,800 (\$2,800 if 65 or o</li> </ul>	lder <b>and</b> blind).			
• Your earned income was over \$6,000 (\$7,000 if 65 or older				
<ul> <li>Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a</li> </ul>	• Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes deductions.			
• Your gross income was more than—				
The larger of:	Plus	This amount:		
<ul> <li>\$800, or</li> <li>Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250</li> </ul>	}	\$1,000 (\$2,000 if 65 or older <b>and</b> blind)		

#### Chart C—Other Situations When You Must File

You must file a return if any of the four conditions below apply for 2005.

- 1. You owe any special taxes, including any of the following.
  - Alternative minimum tax.
- Additional tax on a qualified plan, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), or other tax-favored account. But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file **Form 5329** by itself.
  - Household employment taxes. But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file Schedule H by itself.
  - Social security and Medicare tax on tips you did not report to your employer.
- Write-in taxes, including uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips you reported to your employer or on group-term life insurance and additional tax on health savings account distributions. See the instructions for line 63 on page 44.
  - Recapture taxes. See the instructions for line 44, on page 37, and line 63, on page 44.
- 2. You received any advance earned income credit (EIC) payments from your employer. These payments are shown in Form W-2, box 9.
- **3.** You had net earnings from self-employment of at least \$400.
- 4. You had wages of \$108.28 or more from a church or qualified church-controlled organization that is exempt from employer social security and Medicare taxes.

### Where To Report Certain Items From 2005 Forms W-2, 1098, and 1099

IRS *e-file* takes the guesswork out of preparing your return. You may also be eligible to use free online commercial tax preparation software to file your federal income tax return. Visit www.irs.gov/efile for details.

If any federal income tax withheld is shown on these forms, include the tax withheld on Form 1040, line 64. If you itemize your deductions and any state or local income tax withheld is shown on these forms, include the tax withheld on Schedule A, line 5, if you do not elect to deduct state and local general sales taxes.

Form	Item and Box in Which It Should Appear	Where To Report if Filing Form 1040
W-2	Wages, tips, other compensation (box 1)	Form 1040, line 7
	Allocated tips (box 8)	See Tip income on page 22
	Advance EIC payment (box 9)	Form 1040, line 61
	Dependent care benefits (box 10)	Form 2441, line 12
	Adoption benefits (box 12, code T)	Form 8839, line 22
	Employer contributions to an Archer MSA (box 12, code R)	Form 8853, line 3
	Employer contributions to a health savings account (box 12, code W)	Form 8889, line 9
W-2G	Gambling winnings (box 1)	Form 1040, line 21 (Schedule C or C-EZ for professional gamblers)
1098	Mortgage interest (box 1)	Schedule A, line 10*
	Points (box 2)	
	Refund of overpaid interest (box 3)	Form 1040, line 21, but first see the instructions on Form 1098*
1098-C	Contributions of motor vehicles, boats, and airplanes	Schedule A, line 16
1098-E	Student loan interest (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 33, on page 33*
1098-T	Qualified tuition and related expenses (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 34, on page 34, or line 50, or page 40, but first see the instructions on Form 1098-T*
1099-A	Acquisition or abandonment of secured property	See Pub. 544
1099-B	Stocks, bonds, etc. (box 2)	See the instructions on Form 1099-B
	Bartering (box 3)	See Pub. 525
	Aggregate profit or (loss) (box 11)	Form 6781, line 1
1099-C	Canceled debt (box 2)	Form 1040, line 21, but first see the instructions on Form 1099-C*
1099-DIV	Total ordinary dividends (box 1a)	Form 1040, line 9a
	Qualified dividends (box 1b)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 9b, on page 23
	Total capital gain distributions (box 2a)	Form 1040, line 13, or, if required, Schedule D, line 13
	Unrecaptured section 1250 gain (box 2b)	See the instructions for Schedule D, line 19, that begin on page D-7
	Section 1202 gain (box 2c)	See Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock in the instructions for Schedule D on page D-4
	Collectibles (28%) gain (box 2d)	See the instructions for Schedule D, line 18, on page D-7
	Nondividend distributions (box 3)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 9a, on page 23
	Investment expenses (box 5)	Schedule A, line 22
	Foreign tax paid (box 6)	Form 1040, line 47, or Schedule A, line 8
1099-G	Unemployment compensation (box 1)	Form 1040, line 19. But if you repaid any unemployment compensation in 2005, see the instructions for line 19 on page 27.
	State or local income tax refunds, credits, or offsets (box 2)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 10, that begin on page 23*
	ATAA payments (box 5)	Form 1040, line 21
	Taxable grants (box 6)	Form 1040, line 21*
	Agriculture payments (box 7)	See the Instructions for Schedule F or Pub. 225*
1099-H	HCTC advance payments (box 1)	Form 8885, lines 2 and 6

Form	Item and Box in Which It Should Appear	Where To Report if Filing Form 1040
1099-INT	Interest income (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 8a, on page 22
	Early withdrawal penalty (box 2)	Form 1040, line 30
	Interest on U.S. savings bonds and Treasury obligations (box 3)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 8a, on page 22
	Investment expenses (box 5)	Schedule A, line 22
	Foreign tax paid (box 6)	Form 1040, line 47, or Schedule A, line 8
1099-LTC	Long-term care and accelerated death benefits	See Pub. 502 and the Instructions for Form 8853
1099-MISC	Rents (box 1)	See the Instructions for Schedule E*
	Royalties (box 2)	Schedule E, line 4 (for timber, coal, and iron ore royalties, see Pub. 544)*
	Other income (box 3)	Form 1040, line 21*
	Nonemployee compensation (box 7)	Schedule C, C-EZ, or F. But if you were not self-employed, see the instructions on Form 1099-MISC.
	Excess golden parachute payments (box 13)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 63, on page 44
	Other (boxes 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 14, and 15b)	See the instructions on Form 1099-MISC
1099-OID	Original issue discount (box 1)	See the instructions on Form 1099-OID
	Other periodic interest (box 2)	
	Early withdrawal penalty (box 3)	Form 1040, line 30
	Original issue discount on U.S. Treasury obligations (box 6)	See the instructions on Form 1099-OID
	Investment expenses (box 7)	Schedule A, line 22
1099-PATR	Patronage dividends and other distributions from a cooperative (boxes 1, 2, 3, and 5)	Schedule C, C-EZ, or F or Form 4835, but first see the instructions or Form 1099-PATR
	Domestic production activities deduction (box 6)	Form 8903, line 17
	Credits (boxes 7, 8, and 10)	Form 3468, 5884, 5884-A, 6478, 8844, 8845, 8861, or 8896
	Patron's AMT adjustment (box 9)	Form 6251, line 26
	Deduction for small refiner capital costs (box 10)	Schedule C, C-EZ, or F
1099-Q	Qualified education program payments	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 21, on page 29
1099-R	Distributions from IRAs**	See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 15a and 15b, on page 25
	Distributions from pensions, annuities, etc.	See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 16a and 16b, that begin on page 25
	Capital gain (box 3)	See the instructions on Form 1099-R
1099-S	Gross proceeds from real estate transactions (box 2)	Form 4797, Form 6252, or Schedule D. But if the property was your home, see the Instructions for Schedule D to find out if you must report the sale or exchange.
	Buyer's part of real estate tax (box 5)	See the instructions for Schedule A, line 6, on page A-5*
1099-SA	Distributions from health savings accounts (HSAs)	Form 8889, line 12a
	Distributions from MSAs***	Form 8853

<sup>\*</sup> If the item relates to an activity for which you are required to file Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 4835, report the taxable or deductible amount allocable to the activity on that schedule or form instead.

#### **Private Delivery Services**

You can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filing/paying" rule for tax returns and payments. These private delivery services include only the following.

• DHL Express (DHL): DHL Same Day Service, DHL Next Day 10:30 am, DHL Next Day 12:00 pm, DHL Next Day 3:00 pm, and DHL 2nd Day Service.

- Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight, FedEx Standard Overnight, FedEx 2Day, FedEx International Priority, and FedEx International First.
- United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air, UPS Next Day Air Saver, UPS 2nd Day Air, UPS 2nd Day Air A.M., UPS Worldwide Express Plus, and UPS Worldwide Express.

The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.



Private delivery services cannot deliver items to P.O. boxes. You must use the U.S. Postal Service to mail any item to an box address.

IRS P.O. box address.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This includes distributions from Roth, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> This includes distributions from Archer and Medicare Advantage MSAs.

## Line Instructions for Form 1040

**RSC** file

IRS e-file takes the guesswork out of preparing your return. You may also be eligible to use free online commercial tax preparation software to file your federal income tax return. Visit www.irs.gov/efile for details.

#### Name and Address

#### Use the Peel-Off Label

Using your peel-off name and address label on the back of this booklet will speed the processing of your return. It also prevents common errors that can delay refunds or result in unnecessary notices. Put the label on your return after you have finished it. Cross out any incorrect information and print the correct information. Add any missing items, such as your apartment number.

#### **Address Change**

If the address on your peel-off label is not your current address, cross out your old address and print your new address. If you plan to move after filing your return, use Form 8822 to notify the IRS of your new address.

#### Name Change

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., be sure to report the change to your local Social Security Administration office before filing your return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits. See page 63 for more details. If you received a peel-off label, cross out your former name and print your new name.

#### What if You Do Not Have a Label?

Print or type the information in the spaces provided. If you are married filing a separate return, enter your spouse's name on line 3 instead of below your name.



If you filed a joint return for 2004 and you are filing a joint return for 2005 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your

names and SSNs in the same order as on your 2004 return.

#### P.O. Box

Enter your box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

### Foreign Address

Enter the information in the following order: City, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

#### Death of a Taxpayer

See page 63.

## **Social Security** Number (SSN)

An incorrect or missing SSN can increase your tax or reduce your refund. To apply for an SSN, fill in Form SS-5 and return it, along with the appropriate evidence documents, to the Social Security Administration (SSA). You can get Form SS-5 online at www.socialsecurity.gov, from your local SSA office, or by calling the SSA at 1-800-772-1213. It usually takes about 2 weeks to get an SSN.

Check that your SSN on your Forms W-2 and 1099 agrees with your social security card. If not, see page 63 for more details.

#### **IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers** (ITINs) for Aliens

If you are a nonresident or resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, you must apply for an ITIN. For details on how to do so, see Form W-7 and its instructions. It usually takes about 4-6 weeks to get an ITIN.

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return.

**Note.** An ITIN is for tax use only. It does not entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.

### **Nonresident Alien Spouse**

If your spouse is a nonresident alien and you file a joint or separate return, your spouse must have either an SSN or an ITIN.

## **Presidential Election Campaign Fund**

This fund helps pay for Presidential election campaigns. The fund reduces candidates' dependence on large contributions from individuals and groups and places candidates on an equal financial footing in the general election. If you want \$3 to go to this fund, check the box. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse can also have \$3 go to the fund. If you check a box, your tax or refund will not change.

### **Filing Status**

Check only the filing status that applies to you. The ones that will usually give you the lowest tax are listed last.

- Married filing separately.
- Single.
- Head of household.
- Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) with dependent child.



More than one filing status can apply to you. Choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

## Line 1 Single

You can check the box on line 1 if any of the following was true on December 31, 2005.

- You were never married.
- You were legally separated, according to your state law, under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2005, and did not remarry in 2005. But if you have a dependent child, you may be able to use the qualifying widow(er) filing status. See the instructions for line 5 that begin on page 17.

#### **Married Filing Jointly**

You can check the box on line 2 if any of the following apply.

- You were married at the end of 2005, even if you did not live with your spouse at the end of 2005.
- Your spouse died in 2005 and you did not remarry in 2005.
- You were married at the end of 2005, and your spouse died in 2006 before filing a 2005 return.

For federal tax purposes, a marriage means only a legal union between a man and a woman as husband and wife. A husband and wife can file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both persons must sign the return. Once you file a joint return, you cannot choose to file separate returns for that year after the due date of the return.

Joint and several tax liability. If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to. However, see *Innocent Spouse Relief* on page 62.

Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens. Generally a husband and wife cannot file a joint return if either spouse is a nonresident alien at any time during the year. However, if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and were married to a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2005, you may elect to be treated as a resident alien and file a joint return. See Pub. 519 for details.

#### Line 3

### **Married Filing Separately**

If you are married and file a separate return, you will usually pay more tax than if you use another filing status that you qualify for. Also, if you file a separate return, you cannot take the student loan interest deduction, the tuition and fees deduction, the education credits, or the earned income credit. You also cannot take the standard deduction if your spouse itemizes deductions.

Generally, you report only your own income, exemptions, deductions, and credits. Different rules apply to people in community property states. See page 22.



You may be able to file as head of household if you had a child living with you and you lived apart from your spouse during

the last 6 months of 2005. See Married persons who live apart on this page.

#### Line 4

#### **Head of Household**



Special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.

This filing status is for unmarried individuals who provide a home for certain other persons. (Some married persons who live apart are considered unmarried. See *Married persons who live apart* on this page.) You can check the box on line 4 only if you were unmarried or legally separated (according to your state law) under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance at the end of 2005 and either 1 or 2 below applies.

- 1. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home for all of 2005 of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent, except under a multiple support agreement (see page 21). Your parent did not have to live with you.
- 2. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home in which you lived and in which one of the following also lived for more than half of the year (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you* below).
- a. Any person whom you can claim as a dependent. But do not include:
  - i. Your qualifying child (as defined in Step 1 on page 19) whom you claim as your dependent based on the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20,
  - ii. Any person who is your dependent only because he or she lived with you for all of 2005, or
  - iii. Any person you claimed as a dependent under a multiple support agreement. See page 21.
- b. Your unmarried qualifying child who is not your dependent.
- c. Your married qualifying child who is not your dependent only because you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return.
- d. Your child who is neither your dependent nor your qualifying child because of the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20.

If the child is not your dependent, enter the child's name on line 4. If you do not enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.

**Dependent.** To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 19.

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, and detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. If

the person for whom you kept up a home was born or died in 2005, you can still file as head of household as long as the home was that person's main home for the part of the year he or she was alive. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 21, if applicable.

**Keeping up a home.** To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

If you used payments you received under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half of the cost.

Married persons who live apart. Even if you were not divorced or legally separated at the end of 2005, you are considered unmarried if all of the following apply.

- You lived apart from your spouse for the last 6 months of 2005. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for business, medical care, school, or military service, count as time lived in the home.
- You file a separate return from your spouse.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for 2005.
- Your home was the main home of your child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2005 (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you* on this page).
- You claim this child as your dependent or the child's other parent claims him or her under the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20.

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Foster child.** A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

#### Line 5

## Qualifying Widow(er) With Dependent Child



Special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.

You can check the box on line 5 and use joint return tax rates for 2005 if all of the following apply.

• Your spouse died in 2003 or 2004 and you did not remarry in 2005.

- You have a child or stepchild whom you claim as a dependent. This does not include a foster child.
- This child lived in your home for all of 2005. If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* below.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home.
- You could have filed a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you did not actually do so.

If your spouse died in 2005, you cannot file as qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. Instead, see the instructions for line 2 on page 17.

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Dependent.** To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 19.

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, and detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. A

child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2005 if the child was born or died in 2005 and your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 21, if applicable.

**Keeping up a home.** To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

If you used payments you received under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half of the cost.

### **Exemptions**

You usually can deduct \$3,200 on line 42 for each exemption you can take. You may also be able to take an additional exemption amount on line 42 if you provided housing to a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

#### Line 6b

#### **Spouse**

Check the box on line 6b if either of the following applies.

- 1. Your filing status is married filing jointly and your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.
- 2. You were married at the end of 2005, your filing status is married filing separately or head of household, and both of the following apply.
- a. Your spouse had no income and is not filing a return.
- b. Your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

If your filing status is head of household and you check the box on line 6b, enter the name of your spouse on the dotted line next to line 6b. Also, enter your spouse's social security number in the space provided at the top of your return.

## Line 6c—Dependents

## **Dependents and Qualifying Child for Child Tax Credit**

Follow the steps below to find out if a person qualifies as your dependent, qualifies you to take the child tax credit, or both. If you have more than four dependents, attach a statement to your return with the required information.



Special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492

### Step 1

#### Do You Have a Qualifying Child?

#### A qualifying child is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)



#### was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2005

01

Under age 24 at the end of 2005 and a student (see page 21)

or

Any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 21)



#### who...

Did not provide over half of his or her own support for 2005 (see Pub. 501)



#### who...

Lived with you for more than half of 2005. If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* on page 21.



If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) for 2005, see Qualifying child of more than one person on page 21.

	qualifying c			onditions to be your
	☐ Yes.	Go to Step 2.	□ <b>No.</b> 20.	Go to Step 4 on page
S		s Your Qua Dependent?		Child Your
1.	the United S	States, Canada, or Exception to ca	or Mexico ditizen test	
2.	_	ld married? See Married on page 21.		Continue
3.	dependent of 2, and 4.   Yes. claim	or your spouse is on someone else.  You cannot any dependents. Step 3.	S 2005 tax  No. child plete colur	You can claim this as a dependent. Com- Form 1040, line 6c, mns (1) through (3) for child. Then, go to Step
S		Ooes Your Claudify You Credit?		
1.	Was the chi	Qualify You	at the end	of 2005?

#### Step 4

## Is Your Qualifying Relative Your Dependent?

#### A qualifying relative is a person who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild)

01

Brother, sister, or a son or daughter of either of them (for example, your niece or nephew)

or

Father, mother, or an ancestor or sibling of either of them (for example, your grandmother, grandfather, aunt, or uncle)

or

Stepbrother, stepsister, stepfather, stepmother, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law

or

Any other person (other than your spouse) who lived with you all year as a member of your household if your relationship does not violate local law. If the person did not live with you for the required time, see Exception to time lived with you on page 21



#### who was not...

A qualifying child (see Step 1) of any person for 2005



#### who...

Had gross income of less than \$3,200 in 2005. If the person was permanently and totally disabled, see *Exception to gross income test* on page 21



#### For whom you provided...

Over half of his or her support in 2005. But see the exceptions for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on this page, *Multiple support agreements* on page 21, and *Kidnapped child* on page 21.

1.	Does any person meet the correlative?	onditions to be your qualifying
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> Continue <b>→</b>	☐ No. (STOP)
	<b>*</b>	Go to Form 1040, line 7.
2.	a resident of the United State	a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or es, Canada, or Mexico? If your ted, see <i>Exception to the citizen</i>
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> Continue <b>→</b>	☐ No. STOP
	*	Go to Form 1040, line 7.
3.	Was your qualifying relative	married?
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> See <i>Married person</i> on page 21.	☐ <b>No.</b> Continue
4.	Could you, or your spouse if dependent on someone else's 2, and 4.	filing jointly, be claimed as a s 2005 tax return? See Steps 1,
	You cannot claim any dependents. Go to Form 1040, line 7.	■ No. You can claim this person as a dependent. Complete Form 1040, line 6c, columns (1) through (3). Do not check the box

### **Definitions and Special Rules**

**Adopted child.** An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

**Adoption taxpayer identification numbers (ATINs).** If you have a dependent who was placed with you for legal adoption and you do not know his or her SSN, you must get an ATIN for the dependent from the IRS. See Form W-7A for details.

**Children of divorced or separated parents.** A child will be treated as being the qualifying child or qualifying relative of his or her noncustodial parent (the parent with whom the child lived for the lesser part of 2005) if all of the following apply.

- 1. The parents are divorced, legally separated, separated under a written separation agreement, or lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of 2005.
- 2. The child received over half of his or her support for 2005 from the parents (without regard to the rules on *Multiple support agreements* on page 21).
- 3. The child is in custody of one or both of the parents for more than half of 2005.
- 4. Either of the following applies.
- a. The custodial parent signs Form 8332 or a substantially similar statement that he or she will not claim the child as a dependent for 2005.
- b. A decree of divorce or separate maintenance or written separation agreement between the parents that applies to 2005 provides that the noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent. If your decree or agreement went into effect before 1985, the noncustodial parent must provide at least \$600 for support of the child during 2005.

If the rules above apply and this child would otherwise be the qualifying child of more than one person:

• Only the noncustodial parent can claim the child for purposes of the dependency exemption (line 6c) and the child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).

• For head of household filing status (line 4), the credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48), and the earned income credit (EIC) (lines 66a and 66b), only one person can claim these three benefits. No other person can claim any of these three benefits unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the rules shown under *Qualifying child of more than one person* on this page. If you will not be taking the EIC with a qualifying child because of these rules, put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.

See Pub. 501 for more details.

**Exception to citizen test.** If you are a U.S. citizen or U.S. national and your adopted child lived with you all year as a member of your household, that child meets the citizen test.

**Exception to gross income test.** If your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) is permanently and totally disabled (defined on this page), certain income for services performed at a sheltered workshop may be excluded for this test. For details, see Pub. 501.

**Exception to time lived with you.** A person is considered to have lived with you for all of 2005 if the person was born or died in 2005 and your home was this person's home for the entire time he or she was alive. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived with you. Also see *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20 or *Kidnapped child* below.

**Foster child.** A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

**Kidnapped child.** If your child is presumed by law enforcement authorities to have been kidnapped by someone who is not a family member, you may be able to take the child into account in determining your eligibility for head of household or qualifying widow(er) filing status, the deduction for dependents, child tax credit, and the earned income credit (EIC). For details, use TeleTax topic 357 (see page 8) or see Pub. 501 (Pub. 596 for the EIC).

**Married person.** If the person is married, you cannot claim that person as your dependent if he or she files a joint return. But this rule does not apply if the return is filed only as a claim for refund and no tax liability would exist for either spouse if they had filed separate returns. If the person meets this exception, go to Step 2, question 3, on page 19 (for a qualifying child) or Step 4, question 4, on page 20 (for a qualifying relative). If the person does not meet this exception, go to Step 3 on page 19 (for a qualifying child) or Form 1040, line 7 (for a qualifying relative).

**Multiple support agreements.** If no one person contributed over half of the support of your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) but you and another person(s) provided more than half of your relative's support, special rules may apply that would treat you as having provided over half of the support. For details, see Pub. 501.

**Permanently and totally disabled.** A person who, at any time in 2005, cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death.

**Qualifying child of more than one person.** If the child is the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20 apply.

- 1. Dependency exemption (line 6c).
- 2. Child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).
- 3. Head of household filing status (line 4).
- 4. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48).
- 5. Earned income credit (lines 66a and 66b).

No other person can take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the following rules.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If two of the persons are the child's parents, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2005. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2005.
- If none of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2005.

**Example.** Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. If you and your mother both claim tax benefits based on the child, the rules above apply. Under these rules, you are entitled to treat your daughter as a qualifying child for any of the five tax benefits listed above for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother would not be entitled to take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless she has a different qualifying child.

If you will be claiming the child as a qualifying child, go to Step 2 on page 19. Otherwise, stop; you cannot claim any benefits based on this child. Go to Form 1040, line 7.

**Social security number.** You must enter each dependent's social security number (SSN). Be sure the name and SSN entered agree with the dependent's social security card. Otherwise, at the time we process your return, we may disallow the exemption claimed for the dependent and reduce or disallow any other tax benefits (such as the child tax credit) based on that dependent. If the name or SSN on the dependent's social security card is not correct, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213. For details on how your dependent can get an SSN, see page 16. If your dependent will not have a number by April 17, 2006, see *What if You Cannot File on Time?* on page 12.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2005 and you do not have an SSN for the child, you can attach a copy of the child's birth certificate instead and enter "Died" in column (2).

**Student.** A child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2005 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

#### Income

#### Foreign-Source Income

You must report unearned income, such as interest, dividends, and pensions, from sources outside the United States unless exempt by law or a tax treaty. You must also report earned income, such as wages and tips, from sources outside the United

If you worked abroad, you may be able to exclude part or all of your earned income. For details, see Pub. 54 and Form 2555 or 2555-EZ.

Foreign retirement plans. If you were a beneficiary of a foreign retirement plan, you may have to report the undistributed income earned in your plan. However, if you were the beneficiary of a Canadian registered retirement plan, see Form 8891 to find out if you can elect to defer tax on the undistributed income.

Report distributions from foreign pension plans on lines 16a and 16b.

#### **Community Property States**

Community property states are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. If you and your spouse lived in a community property state, you must usually follow state law to determine what is community income and what is separate income. For details, see Pub. 555.

## **Rounding Off to Whole**

You can round off cents to whole dollars on your return and schedules. If you do round to whole dollars, you must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar. For example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3.

If you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the total.

#### Line 7

#### Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the total of your wages, salaries, tips, etc. If a joint return, also include your spouse's income. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 1. But the following types of income must also be included in the total on line 7.

• Wages received as a household employee for which you did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than \$1,400 in 2005. Also, enter

"HSH" and the amount not reported on Form W-2 on the dotted line next to line 7.

• Tip income you did not report to your employer. Also include allocated tips shown on your Form(s) W-2 unless you can prove that you received less. Allocated tips should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 8. They are not included as income in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details.



You may owe social security and Medicare tax on unreported or allocated tips. See the instructions for line 59 on

page 43.

- Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 10. But first complete Form 2441 to see if you can exclude part or all of the benefits.
- Employer-provided adoption benefits, which should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code T. But see the Instructions for Form 8839 to find out if you can exclude part or all of the benefits. You may also be able to exclude amounts if you adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2005.
- Scholarship and fellowship grants not reported on Form W-2. Also, enter "SCH" and the amount on the dotted line next to line 7. However, if you were a degree candidate, include on line 7 only the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related expenses. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel must be reported on line 7.
- Excess salary deferrals. The amount deferred should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, and the "Retirement plan" box in box 13 should be checked. If the total amount you (or your spouse if filing jointly) deferred for 2005 under all plans was more than \$14,000 (excluding catch-up contributions as explained below), include the excess on line 7. This limit is (a) \$10,000 if you only have SIMPLE plans, or (b) \$17,000 for section 403(b) plans if you qualify for the 15-year rule in Pub. 571.

A higher limit may apply to participants in section 457(b) deferred compensation plans for the 3 years before retirement age. Contact your plan administrator for more information.

If you were age 50 or older at the end of 2005, your employer may have allowed an additional deferral (catch-up contributions) of up to \$4,000 (\$2,000 for SIMPLE plans). This additional deferral amount is not subject to the overall limit on elective deferrals.



You cannot deduct the amount deferred. It is not included as income in Form W-2, box 1.

- Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you have not reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Disability pensions received after you reach that age and other payments shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA\*) are reported on lines 16a and 16b. Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 15a and 15b.
- Corrective distributions from a retirement plan shown on Form 1099-R of excess salary deferrals and excess contributions (plus earnings). But do not include distributions from an IRA\* on line 7. Instead, report distributions from an IRA on lines 15a and 15b.

\*This includes a Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA.

#### Were You a Statutory Employee?

If you were, the "Statutory employee" box in Form W-2, box 13, should be checked. Statutory employees include full-time life insurance salespeople, certain agent or commission drivers and traveling salespeople, and certain homeworkers. If you have related business expenses to deduct, report the amount shown in Form W-2, box 1, on Schedule C or C-EZ along with your ex-

#### Missing or Incorrect Form W-2?

Your employer is required to provide or send Form W-2 to you no later than January 31, 2006. If you do not receive it by early February, use TeleTax topic 154 (see page 8) to find out what to do. Even if you do not get a Form W-2, you must still report your earnings on line 7. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a new one.

#### Line 8a

#### **Taxable Interest**

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID. Enter your total taxable interest income on line 8a. But you must fill in and attach Schedule B if the total is over \$1,500 or any of the other conditions listed at the beginning of the Schedule B instructions (see page B-1) apply to you.

Interest credited in 2005 on deposits that you could not withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to be included in your 2005 income. For details, see Pub. 550.



If you get a 2005 Form 1099-INT for U.S. savings bond interest that includes amounts you reported before 2005, see Pub. 550.

#### Line 8b

#### **Tax-Exempt Interest**

If you received any tax-exempt interest, such as from municipal bonds, report it on line 8b. Include any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company. Do not include interest earned on your IRA or Coverdell education savings account.

## Line 9a Ordinary Dividends

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV. Enter your total ordinary dividends on line 9a. This amount should be shown in Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 1a. But you must fill in and attach Schedule B if the total is over \$1,500 or you received, as a nominee, ordinary dividends that actually belong to someone else.

#### **Nondividend Distributions**

Some distributions are a return of your cost (or other basis). They will not be taxed until you recover your cost (or other basis). You must reduce your cost (or other basis) by these distributions. After you get back all of your cost (or other basis), you must report these distributions as capital gains on Schedule D. For details, see Pub. 550.



Dividends on insurance policies are a partial return of the premiums you paid. Do not report them as dividends. Include

them in income on line 21 only if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract.

#### Line 9b

#### **Qualified Dividends**

Enter your total qualified dividends on line 9b. Qualified dividends are eligible for a lower tax rate than other ordinary income. Generally, these dividends are shown in Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 1b. See Pub. 550 for the definition of qualified dividends if you received dividends not reported on Form 1099-DIV.

**Exception.** Some dividends may be reported as qualified dividends in Form 1099-DIV, box 1b, but are not qualified dividends. These include:

- Dividends you received as a nominee. See the Instructions for Schedule B.
- Dividends you received on any share of stock that you held for less than 61 days during the 121-day period that began 60 days before the ex-dividend date. The ex-dividend date is the first date following the declaration of a dividend on which the

purchaser of a stock is not entitled to receive the next dividend payment. When counting the number of days you held the stock, include the day you disposed of the stock but not the day you acquired it. See the examples below. Also, when counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details.

- Dividends attributable to periods totaling more than 366 days that you received on any share of preferred stock held for less than 91 days during the 181-day period that began 90 days before the ex-dividend date. When counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details. Preferred dividends attributable to periods totaling less than 367 days are subject to the 61-day holding period rule above.
- Dividends on any share of stock to the extent that you are under an obligation (including a short sale) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property.
- Payments in lieu of dividends, but only if you know or have reason to know that the payments are not qualified dividends.

Example 1. You bought 5,000 shares of XYZ Corp. common stock on June 30, 2005. XYZ Corp. paid a cash dividend of 10 cents per share. The ex-dividend date was July 8, 2005. Your Form 1099-DIV from XYZ Corp. shows \$500 in box 1a (ordinary dividends) and in box 1b (qualified dividends). However, you sold the 5,000 shares on August 3, 2005. You held your shares of XYZ Corp. for only 34 days of the 121-day period (from July 1, 2005, through August 3, 2005). The 121-day period began on May 9, 2005 (60 days before the ex-dividend date), and ended on September 6, 2005. You have no qualified dividends from XYZ Corp. because you held the XYZ stock for less than 61 days.

Example 2. Assume the same facts as in Example 1 except that you bought the stock on July 7, 2005 (the day before the ex-dividend date), and you sold the stock on September 8, 2005. You held the stock for 63 days (from July 8, 2005, through September 8, 2005). The \$500 of qualified dividends shown in Form 1099-DIV, box 1b, are all qualified dividends because you held the stock for 61 days of the 121-day period (from July 8, 2005, through September 6, 2005).

Example 3. You bought 10,000 shares of ABC Mutual Fund common stock on June 30, 2005. ABC Mutual Fund paid a cash dividend of 10 cents a share. The ex-dividend date was July 8, 2005. The ABC Mutual Fund advises you that the portion of the dividend eligible to be treated as qualified dividends equals 2 cents per

share. Your Form 1099-DIV from ABC Mutual Fund shows total ordinary dividends of \$1,000 and qualified dividends of \$200. However, you sold the 10,000 shares on August 3, 2005. You have no qualified dividends from ABC Mutual Fund because you held the ABC Mutual Fund stock for less than 61 days.



Be sure you use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or the

Schedule D Tax Worksheet, whichever applies, to figure your tax. Your tax may be less if you use the worksheet that applies. See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37 for details.

#### Line 10

# Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local Income Taxes



None of your refund is taxable if, in the year you paid the tax, you either (a) did not itemize deductions, or (b) elected to de-

duct state and local general sales taxes instead of state and local income taxes.

If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 2005, you may receive a Form 1099-G. If you chose to apply part or all of the refund to your 2005 estimated state or local income tax, the amount applied is treated as received in 2005. If the refund was for a tax you paid in 2004 and you deducted state and local income taxes on line 5 of your 2004 Schedule A, use the worksheet on page 24 to see if any of your refund is taxable.

**Exception.** See *Itemized Deduction Recoveries* in Pub. 525 instead of using the worksheet on page 24 if any of the following applies.

- 1. You received a refund in 2005 that is for a tax year other than 2004.
- 2. You received a refund other than an income tax refund, such as a general sales tax or real property tax refund, in 2005 of an amount deducted or credit claimed in an earlier year.
- 3. The amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 41, was more than the amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 40.
- 4. Your 2004 state and local income tax refund is more than your 2004 state and local income tax deduction minus the amount you could have deducted as your 2004 state and local general sales taxes.
- 5. You made your last payment of 2004 estimated state or local income tax in 2005.
- 6. You owed alternative minimum tax in 2004.

- 7. You could not deduct the full amount of credits you were entitled to in 2004 because the total credits exceeded the amount shown on your 2004 Form 1040, line 45.
- 8. You could be claimed as a dependent by someone else in 2004.
- 9. You had to use the Itemized Deductions Worksheet in the 2004 Instructions for Schedules A & B because your 2004 adjusted gross income was over \$142,700 (\$71,350 if married filing separately) and both of the following apply.
- a. You could not deduct all of the amount on the 2004 Itemized Deductions Worksheet, line 1.
- b. The amount on line 8 of that 2004 worksheet would be more than the amount on line 4 of that worksheet if the amount on line 4 were reduced by 80% of the refund you received in 2005.

### Line 11 **Alimony Received**

Enter amounts received as alimony or separate maintenance. You must let the person who made the payments know your social security number. If you do not, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty. For more details, use TeleTax topic 406 (see page 8) or see Pub. 504.

### Line 12 **Business Income or (Loss)**

If you operated a business or practiced your profession as a sole proprietor, report your income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ.

### Line 13 Capital Gain or (Loss)

If you had a capital gain or loss, including any capital gain distributions or a capital loss carryover from 2004, you must complete and attach Schedule D.

Exception. You do not have to file Schedule D if both of the following apply.

 The only amounts you have to report on Schedule D are capital gain distributions from Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 2a, or substitute statements.

• None of the Form(s) 1099-DIV or substitute statements have an amount in box 2b (unrecaptured section 1250 gain), box 2c (section 1202 gain), or box 2d (collectibles (28%) gain).

If both of the above apply, enter your total capital gain distributions (from box 2a of Form(s) 1099-DIV) on line 13 and check the box on that line. If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 13 only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See the Instructions for Schedule B for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.



If you do not have to file Schedule D, use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 38 to figure

your tax. Your tax is usually less if you use this worksheet.

#### State and Local Income Tax Refund Worksheet—Line 10



OL:	tate and Local income rax nerand worksheet—Line	Keep for Tour Reco	ius
1	<b>Before you begin:</b> √ Be sure you have read the <b>Exception</b> or instead of Pub. 525 to figure if any of y	n page 23 to see if you can use this workshee your refund is taxable.	et
	<ol> <li>Enter the income tax refund from Form(s) 1099-G (or similar statem the amount of your state and local income taxes shown on your 2004</li> <li>Enter your total allowable itemized deductions from your 2004 Scheol</li> </ol>	4 Schedule A, line 5 1.	
	<b>Note.</b> If the filing status on your 2004 Form 1040 was married filing your spouse itemized deductions in 2004, skip lines 3, 4, and 5, and amount from line 2 on line 6.		
3.	3. Enter the amount shown below for the filing status claimed on your 2004 Form 1040.		
	<ul> <li>Single or married filing separately—\$4,850</li> <li>Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$9,700</li> <li>Head of household—\$7,150</li> </ul>		
4.	1. Did you fill in line 38a on your 2004 Form 1040?  No. Enter -0  Yes. Multiply the number in the box on line 38a of your 2004 Form 1040 by \$950 (\$1,200 if your 2004 filing status was single or head of household).  4.		
	5. Add lines 3 and 4	5	
0.	5. Is the amount on line 5 less than the amount on line 2?  No. STOP None of your refund is taxable.		
7.	Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 2		

#### Other Gains or (Losses)

If you sold or exchanged assets used in a trade or business, see the Instructions for Form 4797.

## Lines 15a and 15b IRA Distributions



Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA) after August

24, 2005, and your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution after February 28, 2005, and before August 29, 2005, to buy or construct a main home in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, but that home was not bought or constructed because of Hurricane Katrina. See Form 8915 and its instructions for details.

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of any distribution from your IRA. Unless otherwise noted in the line 15a and 15b instructions, an IRA includes a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, simplified employee pension (SEP) IRA, and a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE) IRA. Except as provided below, leave line 15a blank and enter the total distribution on line 15b.

**Exception 1.** Enter the total distribution on line 15a if you rolled over part or all of the distribution from one:

- IRA to another IRA of the same type (for example, from one traditional IRA to another traditional IRA), or
- SEP or SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA.

Also, put "Rollover" next to line 15b. If the total distribution was rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter -0- on line 15b. If the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter the part not rolled over on line 15b unless *Exception 2* applies to the part not rolled over. Generally, a qualified rollover must be made within 60 days after the day you received the distribution. For more details on rollovers, see Pub. 590.

If you rolled over the distribution into a qualified plan other than an IRA or you made the rollover in 2006, attach a statement explaining what you did.

**Exception 2.** If any of the following apply, enter the total distribution on line 15a and see Form 8606 and its instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 15b.

1. You received a distribution from an IRA (other than a Roth IRA) and you made

nondeductible contributions to any of your traditional or SEP IRAs for 2005 or an earlier year. If you made nondeductible contributions to these IRAs for 2005, also see Pub. 590.

- 2. You received a distribution from a Roth IRA. But if either (a) or (b) below applies, enter -0- on line 15b; you do not have to see Form 8606 or its instructions.
- a. Distribution code T is shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, and you made a contribution (including a conversion) to a Roth IRA for 2000 or an earlier year.
- b. Distribution code Q is shown in Form 1099-R, box 7.
- 3. You converted part or all of a traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA in 2005.
- 4. You had a 2004 or 2005 IRA contribution returned to you, with the related earnings or less any loss, by the due date (including extensions) of your tax return for that year.
- 5. You made excess contributions to your IRA for an earlier year and had them returned to you in 2005.
- 6. You recharacterized part or all of a contribution to a Roth IRA as a traditional IRA contribution, or vice versa.

**Note.** If you (or your spouse if filing jointly) received more than one distribution, figure the taxable amount of each distribution and enter the total of the taxable amounts on line 15b. Enter the total amount of those distributions on line 15a.



You may have to pay an additional tax if (a) you received an early distribution from your IRA and the total was not rolled

over, or (b) you were born before July 1, 1934, and received less than the minimum required distribution from your traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs. See the instructions for line 60 on page 43 for details.

## Lines 16a and 16b Pensions and Annuities



Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan after August 24, 2005, and

your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution after February 28, 2005, and before August 29, 2005, to buy or construct a main home in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, but that home was not bought or constructed because of Hurricane Katrina. See Form 8915 and its instructions for details.

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of your pension and annuity payments. See page 27 for details on rollovers and lump-sum distributions. Do not include the following payments on lines 16a and 16b. Instead, report them on line 7

- Disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer.
- Corrective distributions of excess salary deferrals or excess contributions to retirement plans.



Attach Form(s) 1099-R to Form 1040 if any federal income tax was withheld.

## Fully Taxable Pensions and Annuities

If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter it on line 16b; do not make an entry on line 16a. Your payments are fully taxable if (a) you did not contribute to the cost (see page 27) of your pension or annuity, or (b) you got your entire cost back tax free before 2005.

Fully taxable pensions and annuities also include military retirement pay shown on Form 1099-R. For details on military disability pensions, see Pub. 525. If you received a Form RRB-1099-R, see Pub. 575 to find out how to report your benefits.

## Partially Taxable Pensions and Annuities

Enter the total pension or annuity payments you received in 2005 on line 16a. If your Form 1099-R does not show the taxable amount, you must use the General Rule explained in Pub. 939 to figure the taxable part to enter on line 16b. But if your annuity starting date (defined below) was after July 1, 1986, see *Simplified Method* on page 26 to find out if you must use that method to figure the taxable part.

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a \$95 fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you can report that amount on line 16b. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or the Simplified Method.

#### **Annuity Starting Date**

Your annuity starting date is the later of the first day of the first period for which you received a payment or the date the plan's obligations became fixed.

#### **Simplified Method**

You must use the Simplified Method if either of the following applies.

- 1. Your annuity starting date (defined on page 25) was after July 1, 1986, and you used this method last year to figure the taxable part.
- 2. Your annuity starting date was after November 18, 1996, and both of the following apply.

Before you begin:

- a. The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.
- b. On your annuity starting date, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5. See Pub. 575 for the definition of guaranteed payments.

If you must use the Simplified Method, complete the worksheet below to figure the

taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified Method, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits.



If you received U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits and you chose the alternative annuity option, see Pub. 721 to figure

the taxable part of your annuity. Do not use the worksheet below.

#### Simplified Method Worksheet—Lines 16a and 16b

Keep for Your Records



August 21, 1996, include any death benefit exclusion that you are entitled to (up to \$5,000) in the amount entered on line 2 below.

Note. If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the

If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee or former employee who died before

**Note.** If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the total of the taxable parts on Form 1040, line 16b. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2005 on Form 1040, line 16a.

Form 1040, line 16a.	r	<b>7</b> 1 <b>7</b>			
1. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2005. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040, line 16a					
2. Enter your cost in the plan at the annuity	starting date	2.			
<b>3.</b> Enter the appropriate number from <b>Table</b> date was <b>after</b> 1997 <b>and</b> the payments are beneficiary, enter the appropriate number	e for your life and that of your from <b>Table 2</b> below	3.			
<b>4.</b> Divide line 2 by the number on line 3		4.			
<b>5.</b> Multiply line 4 by the number of months made. If your annuity starting date was <b>b</b> this amount on line 8. Otherwise, go to line	efore 1987, skip lines 6 and 7 and en				
<b>6.</b> Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax fr	ee in years after 1986	6.			
<b>7.</b> Subtract line 6 from line 2		7.			
<b>8.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 5 or line 7					
<b>9. Taxable amount.</b> Subtract line 8 from lin amount on Form 1040, line 16b. If your I line instead of the amount from Form 109	Form 1099-R shows a larger amount,	use the amount on this			
	Table 1 for Line 3 Above				
	AND your annu	ity starting date was—			
IF the age at annuity starting date (see page 27) was	<b>before</b> November 19, 1996, enter on line 3	·			
55 or under	300	360			
56-60	260	310			
61-65	240	260			
66–70	170	210			
71 or older	120	160			

#### Table 2 for Line 3 Above

IF the combined ages at annuity	2 2000 0 120000
starting date (see page 27) were	THEN enter on line 3
110 or under	410
111-120	360
121-130	310
131-140	260
141 or older	210

## Age (or Combined Ages) at Annuity Starting Date

If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, use your combined ages on the annuity starting date.

If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

#### Cost

Your cost is generally your net investment in the plan as of the annuity starting date. It does not include pre-tax contributions. Your net investment should be shown in Form 1099-R, box 9b, for the first year you received payments from the plan.

#### **Rollovers**

Generally, a qualified rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan within 60 days of receiving the distribution. Use lines 16a and 16b to report a qualified rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA or SEP.

Enter on line 16a the total distribution before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in Form 1099-R, box 1. From the total on line 16a, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount of the qualified rollover. Enter the remaining amount, even if zero, on line 16b. Also, enter "Rollover" next to line 16b.

Special rules apply to partial rollovers of property. For more details on rollovers,

including distributions under qualified domestic relations orders, see Pub. 575.

#### **Lump-Sum Distributions**

If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2b checked. You may owe an additional tax if you received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount was not rolled over in a qualified rollover. For details, see the instructions for line 60 on page 43.

Enter the total distribution on line 16a and the taxable part on line 16b.



You may be able to pay less tax on the distribution if you were born before January 2, 1936, or you are the beneficiary of a de-

ceased employee who was born before January 2, 1936. For details, see Form 4972.

#### Line 19

## **Unemployment Compensation**

You should receive a Form 1099-G showing the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2005.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2005 and you repaid any of it in 2005, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Enter the result on line 19. Also, enter "Repaid" and the amount you repaid on the dotted line next to line 19. If, in 2005, you repaid unemployment compensation that you included in gross income in an earlier year, you can deduct the amount repaid on Schedule A, line 22. But

if you repaid more than \$3,000, see *Repayments* in Pub. 525 for details on how to report the repayment.

### Lines 20a and 20b Social Security Benefits

You should receive a Form SSA-1099 showing in box 3 the total social security benefits paid to you. Box 4 will show the amount of any benefits you repaid in 2005. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a Form RRB-1099.

Use the worksheet on page 28 to see if any of your benefits are taxable.

**Exception.** Do not use the worksheet on page 28 if any of the following applies.

- You made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2005 and you or your spouse were covered by a retirement plan at work or through self-employment. Instead, use the worksheets in Pub. 590 to see if any of your social security benefits are taxable and to figure your IRA deduction.
- You repaid any benefits in 2005 and your total repayments (box 4) were more than your total benefits for 2005 (box 3). None of your benefits are taxable for 2005. Also, you may be able to take an itemized deduction or a credit for part of the excess repayments if they were for benefits you included in gross income in an earlier year. For more details, see Pub. 915.
- You file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, 4563, or 8815, or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits or income from sources within Puerto Rico. Instead, use the worksheet in Pub. 915.

### Social Security Benefits Worksheet—Lines 20a and 20b

Keen	for	Vour	Records
ixccp	101	1 Oui	record

Be	Complete Form 1040, lines 21 and 23 through 32 if they apply to you Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next to instructions for line 36 on page 35).  If you are married filing separately and you lived apart from your spot enter "D" to the right of the word "benefits" on line 20a.  Be sure you have read the Exception on page 27 to see if you can use instead of a publication to find out if any of your benefits are taxable.	o line 36 (see the use for all of 2005, e this worksheet
1.	Enter the total amount from box 5 of all your Forms SSA-1099 and	
	Forms RRB-1099	
2.	Enter one-half of line 1	2.
3.	Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 7, 8a, 9a, 10 through 14, 15b, 16b, 17 through 19, and 21	3.
4.	Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040, line 8b	4.
5.	Add lines 2, 3, and 4	5.
6.	Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 23 through 32, plus any write-in	
	adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to line 36	6
7.	Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?	
	No. Stop None of your social security benefits are taxable.	
	Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5	7.
8.	If you are:	
	• Married filing jointly, enter \$32,000	
	• Single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2005,	
	enter \$25,000 \\	8.
	• Married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2005, skip lines 8 through 15; multiply line 7 by 85% (.85) and enter the result on line 16. Then go to line 17	
9.	Is the amount on line 8 less than the amount on line 7?	
,	No. Stop None of your social security benefits are taxable. You do not have to enter any	
	amounts on line 20a or 20b of Form 1040. <b>But</b> if you are married filing	
	separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2005, enter -0- on line 20b. Be sure you entered "D" to the right of the word "benefits" on line 20a.	
	Yes. Subtract line 8 from line 7	9.
10.	Enter: \$12,000 if married filing jointly; \$9,000 if single, head of household, qualifying	10
11.	widow(er), or married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 2005 Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0	
12.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 9 or line 10	
13.	Enter one-half of line 12	
14.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 2 or line 13	
15.	Multiply line 11 by 85% (.85). If line 11 is zero, enter -0	15.
16.	Add lines 14 and 15	
17.	Multiply line 1 by 85% (.85)	
18.	<b>Taxable social security benefits.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 16 or line 17	18.
	• Enter the amount from line 1 above on Form 1040, line 20a. • Enter the amount from line 18 above on Form 1040, line 20b.	
- F		at was for an ac-li
	If any of your benefits are taxable for 2005 and they include a lump-sum benefit payment that year, you may be able to reduce the taxable amount. See Pub. 915 for details.	u was for all earlier

#### Other Income



Do not report on this line any income from self-employment or fees received as a notary public. Instead, you must use

Schedule C, C-EZ, or F, even if you do not have any business expenses. Also, do not report on line 21 any nonemployee compensation shown on Form 1099-MISC. Instead, see the chart on page 15 to find out where to report that income.

Use line 21 to report any income not reported elsewhere on your return or other schedules. See the examples below. List the type and amount of income. If necessary, show the required information on an attached statement. For more details, see *Miscellaneous Income* in Pub. 525.



Do not report any nontaxable amounts on line 21, such as child support; money or property that was inherited, willed

to you, or received as a gift; or life insurance proceeds received because of a person's death.

Examples of income to report on line 21 are:

• Taxable distributions from a Coverdell education savings account (ESA) or a qualified tuition program (QTP). Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) they are more than the qualified higher education expenses of the designated beneficiary in 2005, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 970.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a Coverdell ESA or a QTP. See

the Instructions for Form 5329.

• Taxable distributions from a health savings account (HSA) or an Archer MSA. Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) they are more than the unreimbursed qualified medical expenses of the account beneficiary or account holder in 2005, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 969.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from an HSA or an Archer MSA. See the In-

structions for Form 8889 for HSAs or the Instructions for Form 8853 for Archer MSAs.

- Prizes and awards.
- Gambling winnings, including lotteries, raffles, a lump-sum payment from the sale of a right to receive future lottery payments, etc. For details on gambling losses,

see the instructions for Schedule A, line 27, on page A-9.



Attach Form(s) W-2G to Form 1040 if any federal income tax was withheld.

- Jury duty fees. Also, see the instructions for line 36 on page 35.
  - Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.
- Alternative trade adjustment assistance payments. These payments should be shown in Form 1099-G, box 5.
- Reimbursements or other amounts received for items deducted in an earlier year, such as medical expenses, real estate taxes, general sales taxes, or home mortgage interest. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details on how to figure the amount to report.
- Income from the rental of personal property if you engaged in the rental for profit but were not in the business of renting such property. Also, see the instructions for line 36 on page 35.
- Income from an activity not engaged in for profit. See Pub. 535.
- Loss on certain corrective distributions of excess deferrals. See *Retirement Plan Contributions* in Pub. 525.

## Adjusted Gross Income

#### Line 23

#### **Educator Expenses**

If you were an eligible educator in 2005, you can deduct up to \$250 of qualified expenses you paid in 2005. If you and your spouse are filing jointly and both of you were eligible educators, the maximum deduction is \$500. However, neither spouse can deduct more than \$250 of his or her qualified expenses. An eligible educator is a kindergarten through grade 12 teacher, instructor, counselor, principal, or aide in a school for at least 900 hours during a school year.

Qualified expenses include ordinary and necessary expenses paid in connection with books, supplies, equipment (including computer equipment, software, and services), and other materials used in the classroom. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your educational field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your profession as an educator. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

Qualified expenses do not include expenses for home schooling or for nonathletic supplies for courses in health or physical education. You must reduce your qualified expenses by the following amounts.

- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any reimbursements you received for these expenses that were not reported to you in Form W-2, box 1.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 458 (see page 8).

#### Line 24

#### Certain Business Expenses of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee-Basis Government Officials

Include the following deductions on line 24.

- Certain business expenses of National Guard and reserve members who traveled more than 100 miles from home to perform services as a National Guard or reserve member.
- Performing-arts-related expenses as a qualified performing artist.
- Business expenses of fee-basis state or local government officials.

For more details, see Form 2106 or 2106-EZ.

#### Line 25

## Health Savings Account Deduction

If contributions (other than employer contributions) were made to your health savings account for 2005, you may be able to take this deduction. See Form 8889.

### Line 26

#### **Moving Expenses**

If you moved in connection with your job or business or started a new job, you may be able to take this deduction. But your new workplace must be at least 50 miles farther from your old home than your old home was from your old workplace. If you had no former workplace, your new workplace must be at least 50 miles from your old home. Use TeleTax topic 455 (see page 8) or see Form 3903.

#### One-Half of Self-Employment Tax

If you were self-employed and owe self-employment tax, fill in Schedule SE to figure the amount of your deduction.

#### Line 28

#### Self-Employed SEP, SIMPLE, and Qualified Plans

If you were self-employed or a partner, you may be able to take this deduction. See Pub. 560 or, if you were a minister, Pub. 517.

#### Line 29

#### Self-Employed Health **Insurance Deduction**

You may be able to deduct the amount you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents if any of the following applies.

- You were self-employed and had a net profit for the year.
- You used one of the optional methods to figure your net earnings from self-employment on Schedule SE.
- You received wages in 2005 from an S corporation in which you were a

more-than-2% shareholder. Health insurance benefits paid for you may be shown in Form W-2, box 14.

The insurance plan must be established under your business. But if you were also eligible to participate in any subsidized health plan maintained by your or your spouse's employer for any month or part of a month in 2005, amounts paid for health insurance coverage for that month cannot be used to figure the deduction. For example, if you were eligible to participate in a subsidized health plan maintained by your spouse's employer from September 30 through December 31, you cannot use amounts paid for health insurance coverage for September through December to figure your deduction.

For more details, see Pub. 535.

Note. If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, you must complete Form 8885 before completing the worksheet below. When figuring the amount to enter on line 1 of the worksheet below, do not include any health coverage tax credit advance payments shown in Form 1099-H, box 1. Also, subtract the amount shown on Form 8885, line 4 (reduced by any advance payments shown on line 6 of that form), from the total insurance premiums you paid.

If you qualify to take the deduction, use the worksheet below to figure the amount you can deduct.

Exception. Use Pub. 535 instead of the worksheet below to find out how to figure your deduction if any of the following ap-

- You had more than one source of income subject to self-employment tax.
  - You file Form 2555 or 2555-EZ.
- You are using amounts paid for qualified long-term care insurance to figure the deduction.

#### Line 30

#### **Penalty on Early Withdrawal** of Savings

The Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID you received will show the amount of any penalty you were charged.

### Line 31a and 31b **Alimony Paid**

If you made payments to or for your spouse or former spouse under a divorce or separation instrument, you may be able to take this deduction. Use TeleTax topic 452 (see page 8) or see Pub. 504.

### Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction Worksheet—Line 29

Keep for Your Records



If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, see the Note

Be sure you have read the **Exception** above to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 535 to figure your deduction.

1.	Enter the total amount paid in 2005 for health insurance coverage established under your business	
	for 2005 for you, your spouse, and your dependents. But do not include amounts for any month you	
	were eligible to participate in an employer-sponsored health plan	1.
2.	Enter your net profit* and any other earned income** from the business under which the insurance	

1.	

plan is established, minus any deductions on Form 1040, lines 27 and 28 ......

2.	

**3. Self-employed health insurance deduction.** Enter the **smaller** of line 1 or line 2 here and on Form 1040, line 29. **Do not** include this amount in figuring any medical expense deduction on 

*	If you used either o	ontional method to	figure your net earning	rs from self-employment	, do not enter your net profi	t Instead enter the
	amount from Coho		nguic your net carming	3 Hom sen-employment,	, do not enter your net prom	. Instead, enter the

\*\* Earned income includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income. If you were a more-than-2% shareholder in the S corporation under which the insurance plan is established, earned income is your wages from that corporation.

amount from Schedule SE, line 4b.

#### **IRA Deduction**



If you made any nondeductible contributions to a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA) for 2005, you must

report them on Form 8606.

If you made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2005, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. But you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, must have had earned income to do so. For IRA purposes, earned income includes alimony and separate maintenance payments reported on line 11. If you were self-employed, earned income is generally your net earnings from self-employment if your personal services are a material income-producing factor. For more details, see Pub. 590. A statement should be sent to you by May 31, 2006, that shows all contributions to your traditional IRA for 2005.

Use the worksheet on page 32 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction. But read the following list before you fill in the worksheet.

- 1. If you were age 70½ or older at the end of 2005, you cannot deduct any contributions made to your traditional IRA for 2005 or treat them as nondeductible contributions.
- 2. You cannot deduct contributions to a Roth IRA. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the instructions for line 51 on page 40.



If you made contributions to both a traditional IRA and a Roth IRA for 2005, do not use the worksheet on page 32. In-

stead, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

3. You cannot deduct elective deferrals to a 401(k) plan, section 457 plan,

SIMPLE plan, or the federal Thrift Savings Plan. These amounts are not included as income in Form W-2, box 1. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the instructions for line 51 on page 40.

- 4. If you made contributions to your IRA in 2005 that you deducted for 2004, do not include them in the worksheet.
- 5. If you received income from a non-qualified deferred compensation plan or nongovernmental section 457 plan that is included in Form W-2, box 1, or in Form 1099-MISC, box 7, do not include that income on line 8 of the worksheet. The income should be shown in (a) Form W-2, box 11, (b) Form W-2, box 12, with code Z, or (c) Form 1099-MISC, box 15b. If it is not, contact your employer or the payer for the amount of the income.
- 6. You must file a joint return to deduct contributions to your spouse's IRA. Enter the total IRA deduction for you and your spouse on line 32.
- 7. Do not include qualified rollover contributions in figuring your deduction. Instead, see the instructions for lines 15a and 15b on page 25.
- 8. Do not include trustees' fees that were billed separately and paid by you for your IRA. These fees can be deducted only as an itemized deduction on Schedule A.
- 9. If the total of your IRA deduction on line 32 plus any nondeductible contribution to your traditional IRAs shown on Form 8606 is less than your total traditional IRA contributions for 2005, see Pub. 590 for special rules.



By April 1 of the year after the year in which you turn age 70½, you must start taking minimum required distributions from

your traditional IRA. If you do not, you may have to pay a 50% additional tax on the amount that should have been distributed. For details, including how to figure the minimum required distribution, see Pub. 590.

## Were You Covered by a Retirement Plan?

If you were covered by a retirement plan (qualified pension, profit-sharing (including 401(k)), annuity, SEP, SIMPLE, etc.) at work or through self-employment, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you cannot deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your IRA contributions is not taxed until it is paid to you.

The "Retirement plan" box in Form W-2, box 13, should be checked if you were covered by a plan at work even if you were not vested in the plan. You are also covered by a plan if you were self-employed and had a SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified retirement plan.

If you were covered by a retirement plan and you file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 8815, or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

Married persons filing separately. If you were not covered by a retirement plan but your spouse was, you are considered covered by a plan unless you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2005.

### IRA Deduction Worksheet—Line 32

~

Бе	etore you	,	Figure any write-in adjustment line 36 on page 35). Be sure you have read the list		ea m	ie next to line 36 (	see un	e instructions for
			•			Your IRA	5	Spouse's IRA
1a.	Were you	covered by a ret	irement plan (see page 31)?		1a.			1
b.			as your spouse covered by a re				1b.	Yes No
	Next. If yo jointly), sl	ou checked "No' kip lines 2 throug	on line 1a (and "No" on line the fight 6, enter \$4,000 (\$4,500 if ago if applicable), and go to line	1b if married filing ge 50 or older at the end				
2.	• Single, h	nead of householeur spouse for all	elow that applies to you. d, or married filing separately a of 2005, enter \$60,000	and you <b>lived apart</b>	2-		21.	
	• Married "No" on covered	either line 1a or by a plan	ter \$80,000 in both columns. E 1b, enter \$160,000 for the per	son who was not	2a.		2b.	
	enter \$10	0,000	and you lived with your spous					
3.			m 1040, line 22	3.				
4.	through 31	1a, plus any writ	ants from Form 1040, lines 23 e-in adjustments you entered o 36					
5.			. If married filing jointly, enter		5a.		5b.	
6.	Is the amo	None of	s than the amount on line 2? your IRA contributions are decetible IRA contributions, see Fo	luctible. For details on orm 8606.				
	Yes.	more, enter \$4	from line 2 in each column. If 1,000 (\$4,500 if age 50 or older column and go to line 8. Oth	er at the end of 2005) on	6a.		6b.	
7.	of a person multiple o \$490.30 to	on who is age 50 of \$10, increase in \$500). If the re	y 40% (.40) (or by 45% (.45) or older at the end of 2005). If to the next multiple of \$10 (fisult is \$200 or more, enter the	the result is not a or example, increase result. But if it is less				
0					7a.		7b.	
8.	other earn	ed income from s on Form 1040,	r spouse's if filing jointly, and Form 1040, minus any lines 27 and 28. Do not reduce lf-employment					
	CAUTION	spouse is age 5	g jointly and line 8 is less than 60 or older at the end of 2005; at the end of 2005), <b>stop her</b> A deduction.	\$9,000 if both spouses are				
9.			ributions made, or that will be ne 9a and to your spouse's IR.		9a.		9b.	
10.	of line 7b, and 10b at a smaller	, 8, or 9b. This is not enter the total amount and treat	<b>llest</b> of line 7a, 8, or 9a. On list the most you can deduct. Add on Form 1040, line 32. Or, if the rest as a nondeductible co	If the amounts on lines 10a you want, you can deduct ntribution (see Form	10		101	
	8606)				10a.		_10b.	
	TIP	You may be al	ole to take the retirement saving	gs contributions credit. See	the	instructions for lin	e 51 o	n page 40.

## Student Loan Interest Deduction

You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

- You paid interest in 2005 on a qualified student loan (see below).
- Your filing status is any status except married filing separately.
- Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than: \$65,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); \$135,000 if married filing jointly. Use lines 2 through 4 of the worksheet below to figure your modified AGI.
- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are not claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.

Use the worksheet below to figure your student loan interest deduction.

**Exception.** Use Pub. 970 instead of the worksheet below to figure your student loan interest deduction if you file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563, or you exclude income from sources within Puerto Rico.

**Qualified student loan.** A qualified student loan is any loan you took out to pay the qualified higher education expenses for:

- Yourself and your spouse.
- Any person who was your dependent when the loan was taken out.
- Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return when the loan was taken out if that person had no gross income or had not filed a joint return.
- Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return for the prior year when the loan was taken out except that you, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

The person for whom the expenses were paid must have been an eligible student (see this page). However, a loan is not a qualified student loan if (a) any of the proceeds were used for other purposes, or (b) the loan was from either a related person or a person who borrowed the proceeds under a qualified employer plan or a contract purchased under such a plan. To find out who is a related person, see Pub. 970.

Qualified higher education expenses. Qualified higher education expenses generally include tuition, fees, room and board, and related expenses such as books and supplies. The expenses must be for education in a degree, certificate, or similar program at an eligible educational institution. An eligible educational institution includes

most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools. You must reduce the expenses by the following benefits.

- Employer-provided educational assistance benefits that are not included in Form(s) W-2, box 1.
- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but not gifts, inheritances, etc.) excluded from income.

For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 970.

**Eligible student.** An eligible student is a person who:

- Was enrolled in a degree, certificate, or other program (including a program of study abroad that was approved for credit by the institution at which the student was enrolled) leading to a recognized educational credential at an eligible educational institution, and
- Carried at least half the normal full-time workload for the course of study he or she was pursuing.

#### Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Line 33

Ве	Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next to line 36 (see the instructions for line 36 on page 35).  Be sure you have read the <b>Exception</b> above to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 970 to figure your deduction.			
1.	Enter the total interest you paid in 2005 on qualified student loans (see above). <b>Do not</b> enter more than \$2,500			
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 22			
3.				
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2			
5.	Education and the second of th			
	<ul> <li>Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)—\$50,000</li> <li>Married filing jointly—\$105,000</li> </ul>			
6.	Is the amount on line 4 more than the amount on line 5?			
	No.         Skip lines 6 and 7, enter -0- on line 8, and go to line 9.           Yes.         Subtract line 5 from line 4			
7.	Divide line 6 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing jointly). Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000			
8.	Multiply line 1 by line 7			
9.	<b>Student loan interest deduction.</b> Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 33. <b>Do not</b> include this amount in figuring any other deduction on your return (such as on Schedule A, C, E, etc.)			

#### **Tuition and Fees Deduction**



You may be able to take a credit for your educational expenses instead of a deduction. See the instructions for line 50 on page

40 for details.

You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

- You paid qualified tuition and fees (see this page) in 2005 for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent(s).
- Your filing status is any status except married filing separately.
- Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is not more than: \$80,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); \$160,000 if married filing jointly. Use lines 1 through 3 of the worksheet below to figure your modified AGI.
- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.
- You are not claiming an education credit for the same student. See the instructions for line 50 on page 40.

• You were a U.S. citizen or resident alien for all of 2005 or you were a nonresident alien for any part of 2005 and you are filing a joint return.

Use the worksheet below to figure your tuition and fees deduction.

**Exception.** Use Pub. 970 instead of the worksheet below to figure your tuition and fees deduction if you file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563, or you exclude income from sources within Puerto Rico.

Qualified tuition and fees. Qualified tuition and fees are amounts paid in 2005 for tuition and fees required for the student's enrollment or attendance at an eligible educational institution during 2005. Tuition and fees paid in 2005 for an academic period that begins in the first 3 months of 2006 can also be used in figuring your deduction. Amounts paid include those paid by credit card or with borrowed funds. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools.

Qualified tuition and fees do not include amounts paid for the following items.

 Room and board, insurance, medical expenses (including student health fees), transportation, or other similar personal, living, or family expenses.

- Course-related books, supplies, equipment, and nonacademic activities, except for fees required to be paid to the institution as a condition of enrollment or attendance.
- Any course involving sports, games, or hobbies, unless such course is part of the student's degree program.

Qualified tuition and fees must be reduced by the following benefits.

- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but not gifts, inheritances, etc.) excluded from income.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 457 (see page 8) or see Pub. 970.

#### Tuition and Fees Deduction Worksheet—Line 34

Before <sub>.</sub>	you begin:	√ √	Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next instructions for line 36 on page 35). Be sure you have read the <b>Exception</b> above to see if you can use the Pub. 970 to figure your deduction.		`
1. Enter the	amount from	Form	1040, line 22	1.	
			s from Form 1040, lines 23 through 33, plus any write-in he dotted line next to line 36	2.	
	$\overline{}$		f the result is more than \$80,000 (\$160,000 if married filing e the deduction for tuition and fees	3.	
	and fees deduc		Is the amount on line 3 more than \$65,000 (\$130,000 if married		
Yes.			ified tuition and fees (defined above) you paid in 2005. <b>Do not</b> ,000. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040, line 34.	4.	
No.			ified tuition and fees (defined above) you paid in 2005. <b>Do not</b> ,000. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040, line 34.		
Note. Do	not include th	is an	nount in figuring any other deduction on your return (such as on Sche	dule	A. C. E. etc.).

## **Domestic Production Activities Deduction**

You may be able to deduct up to 3% of your qualified production activities income from the following activities.

- 1. Construction performed in the United States.
- 2. Engineering or architectural services performed in the United States for construction projects in the United States.
- 3. Any lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of:
- a. Tangible personal property, computer software, and sound recordings that you manufactured, produced, grew, or extracted in whole or in significant part within the United States,
  - b. Any qualified film you produced,
- c. Electricity, natural gas, or potable water you produced in the United States.

The deduction does not apply to income derived from:

- The sale of food and beverages you prepared at a retail establishment;
- Property you leased, licensed, or rented for use by any related person; or
- The transmission or distribution of electricity, natural gas, or potable water.

For details, see Form 8903 and its instructions.

#### Line 36

Include in the total on line 36 any of the following write-in adjustments. To find out if you can take the deduction, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 36, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.

- Archer MSA deduction (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."
- Jury duty pay if you gave the pay to your employer because your employer paid your salary while you served on the jury. Identify as "Jury Pay."
- Deductible expenses related to income reported on line 21 from the rental of personal property engaged in for profit. Identify as "PPR."
- Reforestation amortization and expenses (see Pub. 535). Identify as "RFST."
- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits under the Trade Act of 1974 (see Pub. 525). Identify as "Sub-Pay TRA."
- Contributions to section 501(c)(18)(D) pension plans (see Pub. 525). Identify as "501(c)(18)(D)."

- Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans (see Pub. 517). Identify as "403(b)."
- Attorney fees and court costs for actions settled or decided after October 22, 2004, involving certain unlawful discrimination claims, but only to the extent of gross income from such actions (see Pub. 525). Identify as "UDC."
- Deduction for clean-fuel vehicles. If you placed a qualified clean-fuel vehicle in service in 2005, you can deduct \$2,000 on line 36 if you did not use the vehicle in your business (other than as an employee). Identify this deduction on line 36 as "Clean-Fuel."

If you used a qualified clean-fuel vehicle or other clean-fuel vehicle property in your business (other than as an employee), claim the business portion of the deduction on the applicable line of Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F.



There are higher deduction amounts for heavy trucks, vans, and buses.

A qualified clean-fuel vehicle:

- 1. Must be acquired new and for your own use.
- 2. Must satisfy any federal and state emissions standards.
- 3. Is designed to be propelled by a clean-burning fuel, such as natural gas, liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, or electricity.

A qualified clean-fuel vehicle includes certain gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles such as the Ford Escape Hybrid, Honda Insight, Honda Civic Hybrid, Honda Accord Hybrid, Lexus RX 400h, Mercury Mariner Hybrid, Toyota Highlander Hybrid, and Toyota Prius. It does not include electric vehicles.



You may be able to take a credit if you placed a new electric vehicle in service in 2005. See Form 8834 for details.

You may also be able to take this deduction for certain new property installed on a motor vehicle to enable it to be propelled by a clean-burning fuel.

For more details, see Pub. 535.

#### Line 37

If line 37 is less than zero, you may have a net operating loss that you can carry to another tax year. See the Instructions for Form 1045 for details.

#### **Tax and Credits**

#### Line 39a

If you were born before January 2, 1941, or were blind at the end of 2005, check the appropriate box(es) on line 39a. If you were married and checked the box on Form 1040, line 6b, and your spouse was born before January 2, 1941, or was blind at the end of 2005, also check the appropriate box(es) for your spouse. Be sure to enter the total number of boxes checked.

#### **Blindness**

If you were partially blind as of December 31, 2005, you must get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist that:

- You cannot see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses, or
- Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition is not likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, you can get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist to this effect instead.

You must keep the statement for your records.

#### Line 39b

If your spouse itemizes deductions on a separate return or if you were a dual-status alien, check the box on line 39b. But if you were a dual-status alien and you file a joint return with your spouse who was a U.S. citizen or resident at the end of 2005 and you and your spouse agree to be taxed on your combined worldwide income, do not check the box.

#### Line 40

## Itemized Deductions or Standard Deduction

In most cases, your federal income tax will be less if you take the larger of your itemized deductions or standard deduction.



If you checked the box on line 39b, your standard deduction is zero.

#### **Itemized Deductions**

To figure your itemized deductions, fill in Schedule A.

#### **Standard Deduction**

Most people can find their standard deduction by looking at the amounts listed under "All others" to the left of Form 1040, line 40. But if you, or your spouse if filing

jointly, can be claimed as a dependent on someone's 2005 return or you checked any box on line 39a, use the worksheet or the chart below, whichever applies, to figure

your standard deduction. Also, if you checked the box on line 39b, your standard deduction is zero, even if you were born before January 2, 1941, or were blind.

### Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 40

Keep for Your Records

Use this worksheet only if someone can claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a dependent.					
1.	Is your <b>earned income</b> * more than \$550?				
	Yes. Add \$250 to your earned income. Enter the total	1			
	No. Enter \$800				
2.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.				
	• Single or married filing separately—\$5,000				
	• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$10,000				
	• Head of household—\$7,300				
3.	Standard deduction.				
<b>a.</b> Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 1 or line 2. If born after January 1, 1941, and not blind, <b>stop here</b> and					
	enter this amount on Form 1040, line 40. Otherwise, go to line 3	b			
<b>b.</b> If born before January 2, 1941, or blind, multiply the number on Form 1040, line 39a, by \$1,000					
	(\$1,250 if single or head of household)	3b.			
	c. Add lines 3a and 3b. Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line				
* Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees, and other compensation received for personal services you performed. It also includes any amount received as a scholarship that you must include in your income. Generally, your earned income is the total of the amount(s) you reported on Form 1040, lines 7, 12, and 18, minus the amount, if any, on line 27.					

## Standard Deduction Chart for People Who Were Born Before January 2, 1941, or Were Blind—Line 40

<b>Do not</b> use this chart if someone can	claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a dependent	ndent. Instead, use the worksheet above.
Enter the number from the box on Form 1040, line 39a	>	Do not use the number of exemptions from line 6d.
IF your filing status is	AND the number in the box above is	THEN your standard deduction is
Single	1 2	\$6,250 7,500
Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	1 2 3 4	\$11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000
Married filing separately	1 2 3 4	\$6,000 7,000 8,000 9,000
Head of household	1 2	\$8,550 9,800

## Line 42 **Exemptions**

Taxpayers housing individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina. You may be able to claim an additional exemption amount of \$500 per person (up to \$2,000) if you provided housing to a person who was displaced from his or her main home because of Hurricane Katrina and all of the following apply.

- The person displaced lived in your main home for at least 60 consecutive days in 2005.
- You did not receive any rent or other amount from any source for providing the housing.
- The main home of the person displaced was, on August 28, 2005, in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area.
- The person displaced was not your spouse or dependent.

For details, see Form 8914.

Adjusted gross income (line 38) over \$109,475. Use the Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet below to figure your deduction for exemptions unless you are filing Form 8914.

## Line 44

#### Tax

Do you want the IRS to figure your tax for you?

- Yes. See Pub. 967 for details, including who is eligible and what to do. If you have paid too much, we will send you a refund. If you did not pay enough, we will send you a bill.
- No. Use one of the following methods to figure your tax. Also include in the total on line 44 any of the following taxes.
- 1. Tax from Forms 8814 and 4972. Be sure to check the appropriate box(es).
- 2. Tax from recapture of an education credit. You may owe this tax if (a) you claimed an education credit in an earlier year, and (b) either tax-free educational assistance or a refund of qualified expenses was received in 2005 for the student. See Form 8863 for more details. If you owe this tax, enter the amount and "ECR" on the dotted line next to line 44.

Tax Table or Tax Computation Work**sheet.** If your taxable income is less than \$100,000, you must use the Tax Table that begins on page 65 to figure your tax. Be sure you use the correct column. If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 77.

However, do not use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if any of the following applies.

Form 8615. Form 8615 must generally be used to figure the tax for any child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005, and who had more than \$1,600 of investment income, such as taxable interest, ordinary dividends, or capital gains (including capital gain distributions). But if neither of the child's parents was alive at the end of 2005, do not use Form 8615 to figure the child's tax. Also, a child born on January 1, 1992, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2005. Do not use Form 8615 for such a

Schedule D Tax Worksheet. If you have to file Schedule D and Schedule D, line 18 or 19, is more than zero, use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-9 of the Instructions for Schedule D to figure your tax.

**Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax** Worksheet. If you do not have to use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet (see above), use the worksheet on page 38 to figure your tax if any of the following applies.

- You reported qualified dividends on Form 1040, line 9b.
- You do not have to file Schedule D and you reported capital gain distributions on Form 1040, line 13.
- You are filing Schedule D and Schedule D, lines 15 and 16, are both more than zero.

Schedule J. If you had income from farming or fishing, your tax may be less if you choose to figure it using income averaging on Schedule J.

## dustion for Evenntions Workshoot

Deal	uction for Exemptions worksneet—Line 42	Keep for Your Records
1.	Is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, more than the amount shown on line 4 below for your filing No. STOP Multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d result on line 42.	
	Yes. Continue	
2.	Multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d	2.
3.	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38	
4.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.  Single—\$145,950  Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$218,950  Married filing separately—\$109,475  Head of household—\$182,450	
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If the result is more than \$122,500 (\$61,250 if married filing separately), You <b>cannot</b> take a deduction for exemptions	
6.	Divide line 5 by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if married filing separately). If the result is not a whole number, increase it to the next higher whole number (for example, increase 0.0004 to 1) <b>6.</b>	
7.	Multiply line 6 by 2% (.02) and enter the result as a decimal	7
8.	Multiply line 2 by line 7	8.
9.	<b>Deduction for exemptions</b> . Subtract line 8 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, lin	ne 42 9.

## Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 44

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В	See the instructions for line 44 on page 37 to see if you can use this worksheet to figure your tax.  Very see the instructions for line 44 on page 37 to see if you can use this worksheet to figure your tax.  If you do not have to file Schedule D and you received capital gain distributions, be sure you checked the box on line 13 of Form 1040.		
	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 43		
	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 9b 2.		
3.	Are you filing Schedule D?		
	Yes. Enter the smaller of line 15 or 16 of Schedule D, but do not enter less than -0- No. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 13  3.		
4	Add lines 2 and 3		
	If you are claiming investment interest expense on Form		
	4952, enter the amount from line 4g of that form.		
	Otherwise, enter -0		
	Subtract line 5 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0		
	Subtract line 6 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0		
8.	<ul> <li>Enter the smaller of:</li> <li>The amount on line 1, or</li> <li>\$29,700 if single or married filing separately,</li> <li>\$59,400 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er),</li> <li>\$39,800 if head of household.</li> </ul>		
9.	Is the amount on line 7 equal to or more than the amount on line 8?		
	Yes. Skip lines 9 through 11; go to line 12 and check the "No" box.  No. Enter the amount from line 7		
	Subtract line 9 from line 8		
11.	Multiply line 10 by 5% (.05)		
12.	Are the amounts on lines 6 and 10 the same?		
	Yes. Skip lines 12 through 15; go to line 16.		
12	No. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 6		
	Subtract line 13 from line 12		
	Multiply line 14 by 15% (.15)		
	<b>6.</b> Figure the tax on the amount on line 7. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet,		
100	whichever applies		
17.	Add lines 11, 15, and 16		
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies		
19.	<b>Form</b> 1040, line 44		

## Line 45

## **Alternative Minimum Tax**

Use the worksheet below to see if you should fill in Form 6251.



An electronic version of this worksheet will be available on www.irs.gov in 2006. Enter "AMT Assistant" in the Search

for box on the website.

**Exception.** Fill in Form 6251 instead of using the worksheet below if you claimed or received any of the following items.

- Accelerated depreciation.
- Stock by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.
- Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds.
- Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.

- Amortization of pollution-control facilities or depletion.
- Income or (loss) from tax-shelter farm activities or passive activities.
- Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage-of-completion method

(Continued on page 40)

## Worksheet To See if You Should Fill in Form 6251—Line 45

Keep for Your Records



Be sure you have read the Exception above to see if you must fill in Form 6 worksheet.  ✓ If you are claiming the foreign tax credit (see the instructions for Form 1040, that credit on line 47.	
1. Are you filing Schedule A?	
No. Skip lines 1 through 3; enter on line 4 the amount from Form 1040, line 38, and go to line 5.	
Yes. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 41	1.
2. Enter the smaller of the amount on Schedule A, line 4, or 2.5% (.025) of the amount on Form 1040, line 38	2.
<b>3.</b> Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule A, lines 9 and 26	3.
<b>4.</b> Add lines 1 through 3 above	4.
<b>5.</b> Enter any tax refund from Form 1040, lines 10 and 21	5.
<b>6.</b> Subtract line 5 from line 4	6
<b>7.</b> Enter the amount from Form 8914, line 2	7.
<b>8.</b> Subtract line 7 from line 6	8.
9. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.	
• Single or head of household—\$40,250	
• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$58,000	9.
<ul> <li>Married filing separately—\$29,000</li> <li>10. Is the amount on line 8 more than the amount on line 9?</li> </ul>	
No. Stop You do not need to fill in Form 6251.	
Yes. Subtract line 9 from line 8	10.
11. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.	
• Single or head of household—\$112,500	44
• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$150,000	11.
• Married filing separately—\$75,000	
12. Is the amount on line 8 more than the amount on line 11?  No. Skip lines 12 and 13; enter on line 14 the amount from line 10, and go to line 15.	
Yes. Subtract line 11 from line 8	12
13. Multiply line 12 by 25% (.25) and enter the result but do not enter more than line 9 above	
<b>14.</b> Add lines 10 and 13	
<b>15.</b> Is the amount on line 14 more than \$175,000 (\$87,500 if married filing separately)?	
Yes. STOP Fill in Form 6251 to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax.	
No. Multiply line 14 by 26% (.26)	15.
<b>16.</b> Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 44, minus the total of any tax from Form 4972 and any amount on Form 1040, line 47. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax, the amounts for Form 1040, lines 44 and 47, must be refigured without using Schedule J	
Next. Is the amount on line 15 more than the amount on line 16?	10.
Yes. Fill in Form 6251 to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax.	
No. You do not need to fill in Form 6251.	

- Interest paid on a home mortgage not used to buy, build, or substantially improve your home.
- Investment interest expense reported on Form 4952.
  - Net operating loss deduction.
- Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, electing large partnership, or cooperative.
  - Section 1202 exclusion.
  - Any general business credit.
  - Qualified electric vehicle credit.
  - Nonconventional source fuel credit.
  - Credit for prior year minimum tax.



Form 6251 should be filled in for a child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005 if the child's adjusted gross income

from Form 1040, line 38, exceeds the child's earned income by more than \$5,850.

## Line 47

## **Foreign Tax Credit**

If you paid income tax to a foreign country, you may be able to take this credit. Generally, you must complete and attach Form 1116 to do so.

**Exception.** You do not have to complete Form 1116 to take this credit if all five of the following apply.

- 1. All of your gross foreign source income was from interest and dividends and all of that income and the foreign tax paid on it were reported to you on Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or Schedule K-1 (or substitute statement).
- 2. If you had dividend income from shares of stock, you held those shares for at least 16 days.
- 3. You are not filing Form 4563 or excluding income from sources within Puerto Rico.
- 4. The total of your foreign taxes was not more than \$300 (not more than \$600 if married filing jointly).
  - 5. All of your foreign taxes were:
- a. Legally owed and not eligible for a refund, and
- b. Paid to countries that are recognized by the United States and do not support terrorism.

For more details on these requirements, see the Instructions for Form 1116.

Do you meet all five requirements above?

☐ Yes. Enter on line 47 the smaller of (a) your total foreign taxes, or (b) the amount on Form 1040, line 44.

☐ No. See Form 1116 to find out if you can take the credit and, if you can, if you have to file Form 1116.

## Line 48

## Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for:

- Your qualifying child under age 13 whom you claim as your dependent.
- Your disabled spouse who could not care for himself or herself.
- Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself whom you claim as a dependent (or could have claimed as a dependent except that person received \$3,200 or more of gross income or filed a joint return).
- Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself whom you could have claimed as a dependent except that you, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return.
- Your child whom you could not claim as a dependent because of the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begin on page 20.

For details, use TeleTax topic 602 (see page 8) or see Form 2441.

## Line 49

## Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled

You may be able to take this credit if by the end of 2005 (a) you were age 65 or older, or (b) you retired on permanent and total disability and you had taxable disability income. But you usually cannot take the credit if the amount on Form 1040, line 38, is \$17,500 or more (\$20,000 or more if married filing jointly and only one spouse is eligible for the credit; \$25,000 or more if married filing jointly and both spouses are eligible; \$12,500 or more if married filing separately). See Schedule R and its instructions for details.

**Credit figured by the IRS.** If you can take this credit and you want us to figure it for you, see the Instructions for Schedule R.

## Line 50

## **Education Credits**

If you (or your dependent) paid qualified expenses in 2005 for yourself, your spouse,

or your dependent to enroll in or attend an eligible educational institution, you may be able to take an education credit. See Form 8863 for details. However, you cannot take an education credit if any of the following applies.

- You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.
- Your filing status is married filing separately.
- The amount on Form 1040, line 38, is \$53,000 or more (\$107,000 or more if married filing jointly).
- You are taking a deduction for tuition and fees on Form 1040, line 34, for the same student.
- You, or your spouse, were a nonresident alien for any part of 2005 unless your filing status is married filing jointly.

## Line 51

## Retirement Savings Contributions Credit

You may be able to take this credit if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, made (a) contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA; (b) elective deferrals to a 401(k), 403(b), governmental 457, SEP, or SIMPLE plan; (c) voluntary employee contributions to a qualified retirement plan (including the federal Thrift Savings Plan); or (d) contributions to a 501(c)(18)(D) plan.

However, you cannot take the credit if either of the following applies.

- 1. The amount on Form 1040, line 38, is more than \$25,000 (\$37,500 if head of household; \$50,000 if married filing jointly).
- 2. The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1988, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 tax return, or (c) was a student (defined below).

You were a student if during any part of 5 calendar months of 2005 you:

- Were enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or
- Took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 610 (see page 8) or see Form 8880.

## Line 52—Child Tax Credit

## Three Steps To Take the Child Tax Credit!

- **Step 1.** Make sure you have a qualifying child for the child tax credit (see the instructions for line 6c).
- **Step 2.** Make sure that for each qualifying child you either checked the box on Form 1040, line 6c, column (4), or completed Form 8901 (if the child is not your dependent).
- **Step 3.** Answer the questions on this page to see if you can use the worksheet on page 42 to figure your credit or if you must use Pub. 972. If you need Pub. 972, see page 7.



Who Must Use Pub. 972



- 1. Is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
  - Married filing jointly \$110,000
  - Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) \$75,000
  - Married filing separately \$55,000
    - ☐ Yes. (STOP)

 $\square$  **No.** Go to question 2.

You must use Pub. 972 to figure your credit.

- 2. Are you claiming any of the following credits?
  - Adoption credit, Form 8839 (see the instructions for Form 1040, line 53, on page 43).
  - Mortgage interest credit, Form 8396 (see the instructions for Form 1040, line 54, on page 43).
  - District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859.

_		$\overline{}$
	Yes.	STOP
_		Color

You must use Pub. 972 to figure your child tax credit. You will also need the form(s) listed above for any credit(s) you are claiming.

No.	Continue	

- 3. Are you excluding income from Puerto Rico or are you filing any of the following forms?
  - Form 2555 or 2555-EZ (relating to foreign earned income).
  - Form 4563 (exclusion of income for residents of American Samoa).

Ш	Yes.	STO

You must use Pub. 972 to figure your credit.

No. Use the worksheet on page 42 to figure your credit.





- To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 at the end of 2005 and meet the other requirements listed on page 19.
- Do not use this worksheet if you answered "Yes" to question 1, 2, or 3 on page 41. Instead, use Pub. 972.

1	Number of qualifying children: × \$1,000. Enter the result.	1
2	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 46.	
3	Add the amounts from Form 1040:  Line 47	
	Line 48 +	
	Line 49 +  Line 50 +  3	
	Line 51 + Enter the total.	
4	Yes. STOP You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.	4
	No. Subtract line 3 from line 2.	
5	<ul><li>Is the amount on line 1 more than the amount on line 4?</li><li>☐ Yes. Enter the amount from line 4. </li></ul>	
	Also, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.  This is your child tax credit.	Enter this amount on •
	□ <b>No.</b> Enter the amount from line 1.	Form 1040, line 52.
	You may be able to take the additional child tax credit on Form 1040, line 68, if you answered "Yes" on line 4 or line 5 above.	1040
	• First, complete your Form 1040 through line 67.	
	<ul> <li>Then, use Form 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit.</li> </ul>	

## Line 53

## **Adoption Credit**

You may be able to take this credit if either of the following applies.

- You paid expenses to adopt a child.
- You adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2005.

See the Instructions for Form 8839 for details.

## Line 54

Include the following credits on line 54 and check the appropriate box(es). To find out if you can take the credit, see the form indicated.

- Mortgage interest credit. If a state or local government gave you a mortgage credit certificate, see Form 8396.
- District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit. See Form 8859.

#### Line 55

#### **Other Credits**

Include the following credits on line 55 and check the appropriate box(es). If box c is checked, also enter the form number, if applicable. To find out if you can take the credit, see the form or publication indicated.

- Credit for prior year minimum tax. If you paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year, see Form 8801.
- Qualified electric vehicle credit. If you placed a new electric vehicle in service in 2005, see Form 8834.
- General business credit. This credit consists of a number of credits that usually apply only to individuals who are partners, shareholders in an S corporation, self-employed, or who have rental property. See Form 3800 or Pub. 334.
- Empowerment zone and renewal community employment credit. See Form 8844.
- Credit for alcohol used as fuel. See Form 6478.
- Renewable electricity, refined coal, and Indian coal production credit for electricity and refined coal produced at facilities placed in service after October 22, 2004, and Indian coal produced at facilities placed in service after August 8, 2005. See Form 8835, Section B.
- New York Liberty Zone business employee credit. If you have a carryforward credit from Form 8884, see Form 8835, Section B.

- Nonconventional source fuel credit. If you sold fuel produced from a nonconventional source, or you were an owner of royalty interests and you received income from the sale of fuel produced from a nonconventional source, you may be able to take this credit. See Form 8907.
- Qualified zone academy bond credit. This credit applies only to S corporation shareholders. See Form 8860.

## **Other Taxes**

### Line 59

## Social Security and Medicare Tax on Tip Income Not Reported to Employer

If you received tips of \$20 or more in any month and you did not report the full amount to your employer, you must pay the social security and Medicare or railroad retirement (RRTA) tax on the unreported tips. You must also pay this tax if your Form(s) W-2 shows allocated tips that you are including in your income on Form 1040, line 7.

To figure the social security and Medicare tax, use Form 4137. If you owe RRTA tax, contact your employer. Your employer will figure and collect the RRTA tax.



You may be charged a penalty equal to 50% of the social security and Medicare tax due on tips you received but did not re-

port to your employer.

#### Line 60

## Additional Tax on IRAs, Other Qualified Retirement Plans, etc.



You may not owe this tax if the distribution was made or repaid because of Hurricane Katrina. See Form 8915 and its instruc-

tions for details.

If any of the following apply, see Form 5329 and its instructions to find out if you owe this tax and if you must file Form 5329.

- 1. You received an early distribution from (a) an IRA or other qualified retirement plan, (b) an annuity, or (c) a modified endowment contract entered into after June 20, 1988, and the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover contribution.
- 2. Excess contributions were made to your IRAs, Coverdell education savings ac-

counts (ESAs), Archer MSAs, or health savings accounts.

- 3. You received taxable distributions from Coverdell ESAs or qualified tuition programs.
- 4. You were born before July 1, 1934, and did not take the minimum required distribution from your IRA or other qualified retirement plan.

**Exception.** If only item (1) applies and distribution code 1 is correctly shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, you do not have to file Form 5329. Instead, multiply the taxable amount of the distribution by 10% (.10) and enter the result on line 60. The taxable amount of the distribution is the part of the distribution you reported on Form 1040, line 15b or line 16b, or on Form 4972. Also, put "No" under the heading "Other Taxes" to the left of line 60 to indicate that you do not have to file Form 5329. But if distribution code 1 is incorrectly shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, or you qualify for an exception for qualified medical expenses, qualified higher education expenses, or qualified first-time homebuyer distributions, you must file Form 5329.

## Line 61

## Advance Earned Income Credit Payments

Enter the total amount of advance earned income credit (EIC) payments you received. These payments are shown in Form(s) W-2, box 9.

#### Line 62

## Household Employment Taxes

If any of the following apply, see Schedule H and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

- 1. You paid any one household employee (defined below) cash wages of \$1,400 or more in 2005. Cash wages include wages paid by check, money order, etc.
- 2. You withheld federal income tax during 2005 at the request of any household employee.
- 3. You paid total cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter of 2004 or 2005 to household employees.



For item (1), do not count amounts paid to an employee who was under age 18 at any time in 2005 and was a student.

Household employee. Any person who does household work is a household em-

ployee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. Household work includes work done in or around your home by babysitters, nannies, health aides, maids, yard workers, and similar domestic workers.

## Line 63

## **Total Tax**

Include in the total on line 63 any of the following taxes. To find out if you owe the tax, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 63, enter the amount of the tax and identify it as indicated

- 1. Additional tax on health savings account distributions (see Form 8889). Identify as "HSA."
- 2. Additional tax on Archer MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."
- 3. Additional tax on Medicare Advantage MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as "Med MSA."
  - 4. Recapture of the following credits.
- a. Investment credit (see Form 4255). Identify as "ICR."
- b. Low-income housing credit (see Form 8611). Identify as "LIHCR."
- c. Qualified electric vehicle credit (see Pub. 535). Identify as "QEVCR."
- d. Indian employment credit (see Form 8845). Identify as "IECR."
- e. New markets credit (see Form 8874). Identify as "NMCR."
- f. Credit for employer-provided child care facilities (see Form 8882). Identify as "ECCFR."
- 5. Recapture of federal mortgage subsidy. If you sold your home in 2005 and it was financed (in whole or in part) from the proceeds of any tax-exempt qualified mortgage bond or you claimed the mortgage interest credit, see Form 8828. Identify as "FMSR."
- 6. Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax (see Pub. 560). Identify as "Sec. 72(m)(5)."
- 7. Uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance. This tax should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with codes A and B or M and N. Identify as "UT."

- 8. Golden parachute payments. If you received an excess parachute payment (EPP), you must pay a 20% tax on it. This tax should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with code K. If you received a Form 1099-MISC, the tax is 20% of the EPP shown in box 13. Identify as "EPP."
- 9. Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts (see Form 4970). Identify as "ADT."
- 10. Excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corporation. You may owe a 15% excise tax on the value of nonstatutory stock options and certain other stock-based compensation held by you or a member of your family from an expatriated corporation or its expanded affiliated group in which you were an officer, director, or more-than-10% owner. See Internal Revenue Code section 4985. Identify as "ISC."
- 11. Additional tax on income you received from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that fails to meet certain requirements. This income should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with code Z, or in Form 1099-MISC, box 15b. See Internal Revenue Code section 409A(a)(1)(B) to figure the tax on this income. Identify as "NODC."
- 12. Interest on the tax due on installment income from the sale of certain residential lots and timeshares. Identify as "453(l)(3)" or "453A(c)," whichever applies.

## **Payments**

## Line 64

## Federal Income Tax Withheld

Add the amounts shown as federal income tax withheld on your Forms W-2, W-2G, and 1099-R. Enter the total on line 64. The amount withheld should be shown in Form W-2 or W-2G, box 2, and in Form 1099-R, box 4. Attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R to the front of your return if federal income tax was withheld.

If you received a 2005 Form 1099 showing federal income tax withheld on dividends, interest income, unemployment

compensation, social security benefits, or other income you received, include the amount withheld in the total on line 64. This should be shown in Form 1099, box 4, or Form SSA-1099, box 6.

# Line 65 2005 Estimated Tax Payments

Enter any estimated federal income tax payments you made for 2005. Include any overpayment from your 2004 return that you applied to your 2005 estimated tax.

If you and your spouse paid joint estimated tax but are now filing separate income tax returns, you can divide the amount paid in any way you choose as long as you both agree. If you cannot agree, you must divide the payments in proportion to each spouse's individual tax as shown on your separate returns for 2005. For an example of how to do this, see Pub. 505. Be sure to show both social security numbers (SSNs) in the space provided on the separate returns. If you or your spouse paid separate estimated tax but you are now filing a joint return, add the amounts you each paid. Follow these instructions even if your spouse died in 2005 or in 2006 before filing a 2005 return.

#### **Divorced Taxpayers**

If you got divorced in 2005 and you made joint estimated tax payments with your former spouse, put your former spouse's SSN in the space provided on the front of Form 1040. If you were divorced and remarried in 2005, put your present spouse's SSN in the space provided on the front of Form 1040. Also, under the heading *Payments* to the left of line 65, put your former spouse's SSN, followed by "DIV."

#### Name Change

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of Form 1040. On the statement, explain all the payments you and your spouse made in 2005 and the name(s) and SSN(s) under which you made them.

# Lines 66a and 66b— Earned Income Credit (EIC)

#### What Is the EIC?

The EIC is a credit for certain people who work. The credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.



You may be able to elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC if (a) your 2004 earned income is more than your 2005 earned income, and (b) your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster

area on August 25, 2005. Also, special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.

#### To Take the EIC:

- Follow the steps below.
- Complete the worksheet that applies to you or let the IRS figure the credit for you.
- If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.

For help in determining if you are eligible for the EIC, go to www. irs.gov/eitc and click on "EITC Assistant." This service is available in English and Spanish.



If you take the EIC even though you are not eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, you will not be allowed to take the credit for 2 years even if you are

otherwise eligible to do so. If you fraudulently take the EIC, you will not be allowed to take the credit for 10 years. See Form 8862, Who must file, on page 48. You may also have to pay penalties.

## Step 1 All Filers

- 1. If. in 2005:
  - 2 children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if married filing jointly)?
  - 1 child lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filing jointly)?
  - No children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing iointly)?

jointly)?	•	
Yes. Continue	☐ No. (STOP)	

2. Do you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, have a

social security number that allows you to work or is valid for EIC purposes (see page 48)?

Yes. Go to question No. STOP

3.

You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66.

You cannot take the credit.

☐ Yes. (STOP)	☐ <b>No.</b> Continue <b>_</b>
You cannot take the credit.	•
Are you filing Form 2555 or earned income)?	r 2555-EZ (relating to foreign
☐ Yes. STOP	☐ <b>No.</b> Continue <b>1</b>
You cannot take the credit.	•
Were you or your spouse a 2005?	nonresident alien for any part of
☐ <b>Yes.</b> See <i>Nonresident</i> aliens on page 48.	No. Go to Step 2.
Step 2 Investment I	ncome
Add the amounts from Form 1040:	
L	ine 8a
L	ine 8b +
	ine 9a +
L	ine 13* +
Investme	ent Income =
*Do not include if line 1	3 is a loss.
Is your investment income n	more than \$2,700?
Yes. Continue	□ <b>No.</b> Skip question 3; go to question 4.
Are you filing Form 4797 (rproperty)?	relating to sales of business
☐ <b>Yes.</b> See Form 4797 filers on page 48.	You cannot take the credit.
Do any of the following app	
<ul> <li>You are filing Schedule E</li> <li>You are reporting income</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>You are reporting income personal property not used</li> </ul>	
	on Form 1040, line 21, from ection to report child's interest
☐ <b>Yes.</b> You must use Worksheet 1 in Pub. 596 to see if you can take the credit. To get Pub. 596, see page 7.	□ No. Continue
Did a child live with you in	2005?
☐ <b>Yes.</b> Go to Step 3 on page 46.	☐ <b>No.</b> Go to Step 4 on page 46.

3. Is your filing status married filing separately?

#### Continued from page 45

## Step 3 Qualifying Child

#### A qualifying child for the EIC is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)



#### was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2005

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2005 and a student (see page 48)

or

Any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 48)



#### who...

Lived with you in the United States for more than half of 2005.

If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* on page 48.

If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing a joint return) for 2005, or the child was married, see page 48.

1. Could you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, be a qualifying child of another person in 2005?

☐ Yes. (STOP)

□ **No.** Go to question 2.

You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.

Do you have at least one ch be your qualifying child?	ild who meets the conditions to
☐ Yes. The child must have a valid social security number as defined on page 48 unless the child was born and died in 2005. Skip Step 4; go to Step 5 on page 47.	No. Go to Step 4, question 2, if the amount on Form 1040, line 38, is less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly).
Step 4 Filers Witho	ut a Qualifying Child
Could you, or your spouse it qualifying child of another p	f filing a joint return, be a person in 2005? See Step 3.
☐ Yes. STOP	No. Continue
You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.	•
Can you, or your spouse if f as a dependent on someone	filing a joint return, be claimed else's 2005 tax return?
You cannot take the credit.	□ No. Continue
Were you, or your spouse if 25 but under age 65 at the e	filing a joint return, at least age and of 2005?
Yes. Continue	☐ No. (STOP)
•	You cannot take the credit.
the United States for more the	pouse's if filing a joint return, in han half of 2005? Members of e the United States, see page 48
Yes. Go to Step 5 on page 47.	☐ No. (STOP)
	Yes. The child must have a valid social security number as defined on page 48 unless the child was born and died in 2005. Skip Step 4; go to Step 5 on page 47.  Filers Witho  Could you, or your spouse i qualifying child of another page 48.  Yes. Stop  You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.  Can you, or your spouse if as a dependent on someone  Yes. Stop  You cannot take the credit.  Were you, or your spouse if as a dependent on someone  Yes. Stop  You cannot take the credit.  Were you, or your spouse if as a dependent on someone  Yes. Stop  You cannot take the credit.

Step 5 Earned Income
1. Are you filing Schedule SE because you were a member of the clergy or you had church employee income of \$108.28 or more?
☐ <b>Yes.</b> See <i>Clergy</i> or <i>Church employees</i> , whichever applies, on this page. ☐ <b>No.</b> Continue
2. Figure earned income:
Form 1040, line 7
Subtract, if included on line 7, any:  Taxable scholarship or fellowship grant not reported on a Form W-2.  Amount received for work performed while an inmate in a penal institution (put "PRI" and the amount subtracted on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 7).  Amount received as a pension or annuity from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or a nongovernmental section 457 plan (put "DFC" and the amount subtracted on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 7). This amount may be shown in Form W-2, box 11. If you received such an amount but box 11 is blank, contact your employer for the amount received as a pension or annuity.  Add all of your nontaxable combat pay if you elect to include it in earned income. Also enter this amount on Form 1040, line 66b. See Combat pay, Nontaxable on this page.
Electing to include nontaxable combat pay may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit with and without your nontaxable combat pay before making the election.  Earned Income* =
before making the election.

\*You may be able to elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC if (a) your 2004 earned income is more than your 2005 earned income, and (b) your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area on August 25, 2005. For details, see Pub. 4492. If you make this election, skip question 3 and go to question 4.

Electing to use your 2004 earned income may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit using your 2005 earned income. Then figure the credit using your 2004 earned income. Compare the two amounts before making the election.

Ad	lopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own ld. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you
	efinitions and Special Rules sted in alphabetical order)
1.	Do you want the IRS to figure the credit for you?  Yes. See Credit fig- ured by the IRS on page 48.  No. Go to Worksheet A on page 49.
	Step 6 How To Figure the Credit
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> Go to Step 6. ☐ <b>No.</b> STOP You cannot take the credit.
	• No qualifying children, is your earned income* less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly)?
	• 1 qualifying child, is your earned income* less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filing jointly)?
	• 2 or more qualifying children, is your earned income* less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if married filing jointly)?
4.	If you have:
	☐ <b>Yes.</b> Skip question 4 ☐ <b>No.</b> Continue and Step 6; go to Worksheet B on page 50.
3.	Were you self-employed, or are you filing Schedule SE because you were a member of the clergy or you had church employee income, or are you filing Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee?

**Church employees.** Determine how much of the amount on Form 1040, line 7, was also reported on Schedule SE, line 5a. Subtract that amount from the amount on Form 1040, line 7, and enter the result in the first space of Step 5, line 2. Be sure to answer "Yes" to question 3 in Step 5.

**Clergy.** The following instructions apply to ministers, members of religious orders who have not taken a vow of poverty, and Christian Science practitioners. If you are filing Schedule SE and the amount on line 2 of that schedule includes an amount that was also reported on Form 1040, line 7:

- 1. Put "Clergy" on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 66a.
- 2. Determine how much of the amount on Form 1040, line 7, was also reported on Schedule SE, line 2.
- 3. Subtract that amount from the amount on Form 1040, line 7. Enter the result in the first space of Step 5, line 2.
- 4. Be sure to answer "Yes" to question 3 in Step 5.

**Combat pay, Nontaxable.** If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces who served in a combat zone, certain pay is excluded from your income. See *Combat Zone Exclusion* in Pub. 3. You can elect to include this pay in your earned income when figuring the EIC. The amount of your nontaxable combat pay should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code Q. If you are filing a joint return and both you and your spouse received nontaxable combat pay, you can each make your own election.

Credit figured by the IRS. To have the IRS figure your EIC:

- 1. Put "EIC" on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 66a.
- Be sure you enter the nontaxable combat pay you elect to include in earned income on Form 1040, line 66b. See Combat pay, Nontaxable on page 47.
- 3. If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC. If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see *Form 8862, Who must file* below.

**Exception to time lived with you.** A child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2005 if the child was born or died in 2005 and your home was this child's home for the entire time he or she was alive in 2005. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived at home. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 21 or *Members of the military* below.

**Form 4797 filers.** If the amount on Form 1040, line 13, includes an amount from Form 4797, you must use Worksheet 1 in Pub. 596 to see if you can take the EIC. To get Pub. 596, see page 7. Otherwise, stop; you cannot take the EIC.

**Form 8862, Who must file.** You must file Form 8862 if your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed for any reason other than a math or clerical error. But do not file Form 8862 if either of the following applies.

- You filed Form 8862 for another year, the EIC was allowed for that year, and your EIC has not been reduced or disallowed again for any reason other than a math or clerical error.
- You are taking the EIC without a qualifying child and the only reason your EIC was reduced or disallowed in the other year was because it was determined that a child listed on Schedule EIC was not your qualifying child.

Also, do not file Form 8862 or take the credit for the:

- 2 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC was reduced or disallowed due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, or
- 10 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC was reduced or disallowed due to fraud.

**Foster child.** A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. For more details on authorized placement agencies, see Pub. 596.

**Married child.** A child who was married at the end of 2005 is a qualifying child only if (a) you can claim him or her as your dependent on Form 1040, line 6c, or (b) you could have claimed him or her as your dependent except for the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20.

**Members of the military.** If you were on extended active duty outside the United States, your home is considered to be in the United States during that duty period. Extended active duty is military duty ordered for an indefinite period or for a period of more than 90 days. Once you begin serving extended active duty, you are considered to be on extended active duty even if you serve fewer than 90 days.

**Nonresident aliens.** If your filing status is married filing jointly, go to Step 2 on page 45. Otherwise, stop; you cannot take the EIC.

**Permanently and totally disabled.** A person who, at any time in 2005, cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death.

**Qualifying child of more than one person.** If the child is the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20 apply.

- 1. Dependency exemption (line 6c).
- 2. Child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).
- 3. Head of household filing status (line 4).
- 4. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48).
- 5. Earned income credit (lines 66a and 66b).

No other person can take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the following rules.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If two of the persons are the child's parents, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2005. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2005.
- If none of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2005.

**Example.** Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. If you and your mother both claim tax benefits based on the child, the rules above apply. Under these rules, you are entitled to treat your daughter as a qualifying child for any of the five tax benefits listed above for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother would not be entitled to take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless she has a different qualifying child.

If you will not be taking the EIC with a qualifying child, put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a. Otherwise, go to Step 3, question 1, on page 46.

**Social security number (SSN).** For the EIC, a valid SSN is a number issued by the Social Security Administration unless "Not Valid for Employment" is printed on the social security card and the number was issued solely to apply for or receive a federally funded benefit.

To find out how to get an SSN, see page 16. If you will not have an SSN by April 17, 2006, see *What if You Cannot File on Time?* on page 12.

**Student.** A child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2005 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

**Welfare benefits, Effect of credit on.** Any refund you receive as a result of taking the EIC will not be used to determine if you are eligible for the following programs or how much you can receive from them. But if the refund you receive because of the EIC is not spent within a certain period of time, it can count as an asset (or resource) and affect your eligibility.

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).
- Medicaid and supplemental security income (SSI).
- Food stamps and low-income housing.

## Worksheet A—Earned Income Credit (EIC)—Lines 66a and 66b

Keep for Your Records



**Before you begin:**  $\sqrt{}$  Be sure you are using the correct worksheet. Use this worksheet only if you answered "No" to Step 5, question 3, on page 47, or you elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC (see page 47). Otherwise, use Worksheet B that begins on page 50.

Part 1	1. Enter your earned income from Step 5 on page 47. But if you elect to use your 2004 earned income (see page 47), enter that amount instead.
All Filers Using Worksheet A	<ul> <li>2. Look up the amount on line 1 above in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.</li> </ul>
	If line 2 is zero, You cannot take the credit.  Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.
	3. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38.
	<ul> <li>4. Are the amounts on lines 3 and 1 the same?</li> <li>☐ Yes. Skip line 5; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.</li> <li>☐ No. Go to line 5.</li> </ul>
Part 2 Filers Who Answered "No" on Line 4	<ul> <li>5. If you have:</li> <li>No qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$6,550 (\$8,550 if married filing jointly)?</li> <li>1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$14,400 (\$16,400 if married filing jointly)?</li> <li>Yes. Leave line 5 blank; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.</li> <li>No. Look up the amount on line 3 in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.  Look at the amounts on lines 5 and 2.  Then, enter the smaller amount on line 6.</li> </ul>
Part 3  Your Earned	6. This is your earned income credit. If you elect to use your 2004 earned income (see page 47), enter "PYEI" and the amount of your 2004 earned income on the dotted line next to line 66a.  Enter this amount on Form 1040, line 66a.
Income Credit	Reminder—  √ If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.  1040  1040  1040
	If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see page 48 to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2005.

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## Worksheet B—Earned Income Credit (EIC)—Lines 66a and 66b

Keep for Your Records



Use this worksheet if you answered "Yes" to Step 5, question 3, on page 47, and you do not elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC (see page 47).

- ✓ Complete the parts below (Parts 1 through 3) that apply to you. Then, continue to Part 4.
- √ If you are married filing a joint return, include your spouse's amounts, if any, with yours to figure the amounts to enter in Parts 1 through 3.

Part 1	<b>1a.</b> Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 3, or Section B, line 3, whichever applies.	1a
Self-Employed, Members of the	<b>b.</b> Enter any amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b, and line 5a.	+ 1b
Clergy, and	c. Combine lines 1a and 1b.	= 1c
People With Church Employee	<b>d.</b> Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6, or Section B, line 13, whichever applies.	- ld
Income Filing Schedule SE	e. Subtract line 1d from 1c.	= 1e
Part 2	2. Do not include on these lines any statutory employee income or any amous self-employment tax as the result of the filing and approval of Form 4029	
Self-Employed NOT Required	<b>a.</b> Enter any net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 36, and from farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A*.	2a
To File Schedule SE For example, your net earnings from	<b>b.</b> Enter any net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9*.	+ 2b
self-employment were less than \$400.	c. Combine lines 2a and 2b.	= 2c
	*Reduce any Schedule K-1 amounts by any partnership section 179 exper unreimbursed partnership expenses claimed, and depletion claimed on oil have any Schedule K-1 amounts, complete the appropriate line(s) of Sche name and social security number on Schedule SE and attach it to your ret	and gas properties. If you dule SE, Section A. Put your
Part 3		
Statutory Employees Filing Schedule	<b>3.</b> Enter the amount from Schedule C, line 1, or Schedule C-EZ, line 1, that you are filing as a statutory employee.	3
C or C-EZ		
Part 4	<b>4a.</b> Enter your earned income from Step 5 on page 47.	4a
All Filers Using Worksheet B	<b>b.</b> Combine lines 1e, 2c, 3, and 4a. <b>This is your total earned income.</b>	4b
<b>Note.</b> If line 4b includes income on	If line 4b is zero or less, You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the	e dotted line next to line 66a.
which you should have paid self- employment tax but did not, we may reduce your credit by the amount of	<ul> <li>5. If you have:</li> <li>2 or more qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if</li> <li>1 qualifying child, is line 4b less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filit</li> <li>No qualifying children, is line 4b less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married)</li> </ul>	ng jointly)?
self-employment tax not paid.	☐ <b>Yes.</b> If you want the IRS to figure your credit, see page 48. If you wan figure the credit yourself, enter the amount from line 4b on line 6 (page	
	No. You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line ne	xt to line 66a.

## Worksheet B—Continued from page 50

Keep for Your Records



## Part 5

## All Filers Using Worksheet B

**6.** Enter your total earned income from Part 4, line 4b, on page 50.

6

7. Look up the amount on line 6 above in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.

7

If line 7 is zero, You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.

**8.** Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38.

- **9.** Are the amounts on lines 8 and 6 the same?
  - $\square$  **Yes.** Skip line 10; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11.
  - $\square$  **No.** Go to line 10.

## Part 6

## Filers Who Answered "No" on Line 9

10. If you have:

- No qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$6,550 (\$8,550 if married filing jointly)?
- 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$14,400 (\$16,400 if married filing jointly)?
- Yes. Leave line 10 blank; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11.
- □ **No.** Look up the amount on line 8 in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here.

you have. Enter the credit here.

Look at the amounts on lines 10 and 7.

Then, enter the **smaller** amount on line 11.



## Part 7

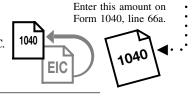
## Your Earned Income Credit

11. This is your earned income credit.

11

#### Reminder—

If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.





If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see page 48 to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2005.

## 2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table

Caution. This is not a tax table.

1. To find your credit, read down the "At least - But less than" columns and find the line that includes the amount you were told to look up from your EIC Worksheet.

2. Then, go to the column and the number of qualifying children you have. Enter the credit from that column on your EIC Worksheet.

**Example.** If your filing that includes your filing status status is single, you have one qualifying child, and the amount you are looking up from your EIC Worksheet is \$2,455, you would enter \$842.

And your filing status is-If the amount you are Single, head of household, looking up from the or qualifying widow(er) and worksheet isyou have-No One Two children At least But less than Your credit is-2,400 2,450 825 186 970 2,450 2,500 189 842 990

your EIC v	your EIC Worksheet.		our El	3 Worksh	ieet.		would en	ter \$842.								
				d your filir								ıd your filii	ng status	is—		
	ount you are p from the t is—		ying wido	ousehold, ow(er) and	Married you hav		ntly and	If the amo looking up worksheet				ousehold, ow(er) and	Marrie you ha	ed filing joi ave—	ntly and	
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children			No children	One child	Two	No children	One child	Two children	
At least	But less than	_	ur credit	-	Your credit is—			At least	But less than	Your credit is—			Your credit is—			
\$1	\$50	\$2	\$9	\$10	\$2	\$9	\$10	2,750	2,800	212	944	1,110	212	944	1,110	
50	100	6	26	30	6	26	30	2,800	2,850	216	961	1,130	216	961	1,130	
100 150	150 200	10 13	43 60	50 70	10 13	43 60	50 70	2,850 2,900	2,900 2,950	220 224	978 995	1,150 1,170	220 224	978 995	1,150 1,170	
200	250	17	77	90	17	77	90	2,950	3,000	228	1,012	1,170	228	1,012	1,170	
250	300	21	94	110	21	94	110	3,000	3,050	231	1,029	1,210	231	1,029	1,210	
300	350	25	111	130	25	111	130	3,050	3,100	235	1,046	1,230	235	1,046	1,230	
350 400	400 450	29 33	128 145	150 170	29 33	128 145	150 170	3,100 3,150	3,150 3,200	239 243	1,063 1,080	1,250 1,270	239 243	1,063 1,080	1,250 1,270	
450	500	36	162	190	36	162	190	3,200	3,250	247	1,097	1,290	247	1,097	1,290	
500	550	40	179	210	40	179	210	3,250	3,300	251	1,114	1,310	251	1,114	1,310	
550 600	600 650	44 48	196 213	230 250	44 48	196 213	230 250	3,300 3,350	3,350 3,400	254 258	1,131 1,148	1,330 1,350	254 258	1,131 1,148	1,330 1,350	
650	700	52	230	270	52	230	270	3,400	3,450	262	1,165	1,370	262	1,165	1,370	
700	750	55	247	290	55	247	290	3,450	3,500	266	1,182	1,390	266	1,182	1,390	
750	800	59	264	310	59	264	310	3,500	3,550	270	1,199	1,410	270	1,199	1,410	
800 850	850 900	63 67	281 298	330 350	63 67	281 298	330 350	3,550 3,600	3,600 3,650	273 277	1,216 1,233	1,430 1,450	273 277	1,216 1,233	1,430 1,450	
900	950	71	315	370	71	315	370	3,650	3,700	281	1,250	1,470	281	1,250	1,470	
950	1,000	75	332	390	75	332	390	3,700	3,750	285	1,267	1,490	285	1,267	1,490	
1,000 1,050	1,050 1,100	78 82	349 366	410 430	78 82	349 366	410 430	3,750 3,800	3,800 3,850	289 293	1,284 1,301	1,510 1,530	289 293	1,284 1,301	1,510 1,530	
1,100	1,150	86	383	450	86	383	450	3,850	3,900	296	1,318	1,550	296	1,318	1,550	
1,150	1,200	90	400	470	90	400	470	3,900	3,950	300	1,335	1,570	300	1,335	1,570	
1,200	1,250	94	417	490	94	417	490	3,950	4,000	304	1,352	1,590	304	1,352	1,590	
1,250 1,300	1,300 1,350	98 101	434 451	510 530	98 101	434 451	510 530	4,000 4,050	4,050 4,100	308 312	1,369 1,386	1,610 1,630	308 312	1,369 1,386	1,610 1,630	
1,350	1,400	105	468	550	105	468	550	4,100	4,150	316	1,403	1,650	316	1,403	1,650	
1,400 1,450	1,450 1,500	109 113	485 502	570 590	109 113	485 502	570 590	4,150 4,200	4,200 4,250	319 323	1,420 1,437	1,670 1,690	319 323	1,420 1,437	1,670 1,690	
1,500	1,550	117	519	610	117	519	610	4,250	4,300	327	1,454	1,710	327	1,454	1,710	
1,550	1,600	120	536	630	120	536	630	4,300	4,350	331	1,471	1,730	331	1,471	1,730	
1,600 1,650	1,650 1,700	124 128	553 570	650 670	124 128	553 570	650 670	4,350 4,400	4,400 4,450	335 339	1,488 1,505	1,750 1,770	335	1,488 1,505	1,750 1,770	
1,700	1,750	132	587	690	132	587	690	4,450	4,500	342	1,522	1,770	342	1,522	1,770	
1,750	1,800	136	604	710	136	604	710	4,500	4,550	346	1,539	1,810	346	1,539	1,810	
1,800	1,850	140 143	621 638	730 750	140	621	730	4,550	4,600	350	1,556	1,830	350	1,556	1,830	
1,850 1,900	1,900 1,950	147	655	770	143 147	638 655	750 770	4,600 4,650	4,650 4,700	354 358	1,573 1,590	1,850 1,870	354 358	1,573 1,590	1,850 1,870	
1,950	2,000	151	672	790	151	672	790	4,700	4,750	361	1,607	1,890	361	1,607	1,890	
2,000	2,050	155	689	810	155	689	810	4,750	4,800	365	1,624	1,910	365	1,624	1,910	
2,050 2,100	2,100 2,150	159 163	706 723	830 850	159 163	706 723	830 850	4,800 4,850	4,850 4,900	369 373	1,641 1,658	1,930 1,950	369 373	1,641 1,658	1,930 1,950	
2,150	2,200	166	740	870	166	740	870	4,900	4,950	377	1,675	1,970	377	1,675	1,970	
2,200	2,250	170	757	890	170	757	890	4,950	5,000	381	1,692	1,990	381	1,692	1,990	
2,250 2,300	2,300	174	774	910	174	774	910	5,000 5,050	5,050 5,100	384 388	1,709	2,010	384 388	1,709	2,010	
2,300 2,350	2,350 2,400	178 182	791 808	930 950	178 182	791 808	930 950	5,050	5,100 5,150	392	1,726 1,743	2,030 2,050	392	1,726 1,743	2,030 2,050	
2,400	2,450	186	825	970	186	825	970	5,150	5,200	396	1,760	2,070	396	1,760	2,070	
2,450	2,500	189	842	990	189	842	990	5,200	5,250	399	1,777	2,090	399	1,777	2,090	
2,500 2,550	2,550 2,600	193 197	859 876	1,010 1,030	193 197	859 876	1,010 1,030	5,250 5,300	5,300 5,350	399 399	1,794 1,811	2,110 2,130	399 399	1,794 1,811	2,110 2,130	
2,600	2,650	201	893	1,050	201	893	1,050	5,350	5,400	399	1,828	2,150	399	1,828	2,150	
2,650	2,700	205 208	910 927	1,070 1,090	205	910	1,070	5,400	5,450	399	1,845	2,170	399	1,845	2,170	
2,700	2,750	200	021	1,000	208	927	1,090	5,450	5,500	399	1,862	2,190	399	1,862	2,190	

(Continued on page 53)

2005 Ea	rned Inco	ied	(Caution. This is not a tax table.)														
If the and	unt vou ore	Qinala	An	d your filir	_		intly and	If the area	int vou ora	Qinala			<del>~ ~</del>	g status is—  Married filing jointly and			
looking u	ount you are purpose from the	or qual	ifying wide	,	you h	ed filing jo ave—	intiy and	If the amou looking up	from the	or qua	head of h lifying widd		you have—				
workshee	t is—	you ha No	ve—   One	Two	No   One   Two			worksheet	you have— No   One   Two			No   One   T		Two			
At least	But less than	childre	n child our credit	children			children	At least	children child children  Your credit is—			children child children  Your credit is—					
5,500	5,550	399 1,879 2,210		Your credit is— 399 1,879 2,210			8,500	247	2,662	3,410	399 2,662 3,410						
5,550	5,600	399	1,896	2,230	399	1,896	2,230	8,550	8,550 8,600	243	2,662	3,430	396	2,662	3,430		
5,600 5,650	5,650 5,700	399 399	1,913 1,930	2,250 2,270	399 399	1,913 1,930	2,250 2,270	8,600 8,650	8,650 8,700	239 235	2,662 2,662	3,450 3,470	392 388	2,662 2,662	3,450 3,470		
5,700	5,750	399	1,947	2,290	399	1,947	2,290	8,700	8,750	231	2,662	3,490	384	2,662	3,490		
5,750 5,800	5,800 5,850	399 399	1,964 1,981	2,310 2,330	399 399	1,964 1,981	2,310 2,330	8,750 8,800	8,800 8,850	228 224	2,662 2,662	3,510 3,530	381 377	2,662 2,662	3,510 3,530		
5,850 5,900	5,900 5,950	399 399	1,998 2,015	2,350 2,370	399 399	1,998 2,015	2,350 2,370	8,850 8,900	8,900 8,950	220 216	2,662 2,662	3,550 3,570	373 369	2,662 2,662	3,550 3,570		
5,950	6,000	399	2,013	2,390	399	2,013	2,390	8,950	9,000	212	2,662	3,590	365	2,662	3,590		
6,000	6,050	399	2,049	2,410	399	2,049	2,410	9,000	9,050	208	2,662	3,610	361	2,662	3,610		
6,050 6,100	6,100 6,150	399 399	2,066 2,083	2,430 2,450	399 399	2,066 2,083	2,430 2,450	9,050 9,100	9,100 9,150	205	2,662 2,662	3,630 3,650	358 354	2,662 2,662	3,630 3,650		
6,150 6,200	6,200 6,250	399 399	2,100 2,117	2,470 2,490	399 399	2,100 2,117	2,470 2,490	9,150 9,200	9,200 9,250	197 193	2,662 2,662	3,670 3,690	350 346	2,662 2,662	3,670 3,690		
6,250	6,300	399	2,134	2,510	399	2,134	2,510	9,250	9,300	189	2,662	3,710	342	2,662	3,710		
6,300 6,350	6,350 6,400	399 399	2,151 2,168	2,530 2,550	399 399	2,151 2,168	2,530 2,550	9,300 9,350	9,350 9,400	186 182	2,662 2,662	3,730 3,750	339 335	2,662 2,662	3,730 3,750		
6,400	6,450	399	2,185	2,570	399	2,185	2,570	9,400	9,450	178	2,662	3,770	331	2,662	3,770		
6,450	6,500	399	2,202	2,590	399	2,202	2,590	9,450	9,500	174	2,662	3,790	327	2,662	3,790		
6,500 6,550	6,550 6,600	399 396	2,219 2,236	2,610 2,630	399 399	2,219 2,236	2,610 2,630	9,500 9,550	9,550 9,600	170 166	2,662 2,662	3,810 3,830	323 319	2,662 2,662	3,810 3,830		
6,600 6,650	6,650 6,700	392 388	2,253 2,270	2,650 2,670	399 399	2,253 2,270	2,650 2,670	9,600 9,650	9,650 9,700	163 159	2,662 2,662	3,850 3,870	316 312	2,662 2,662	3,850 3,870		
6,700	6,750	384	2,287	2,690	399	2,287	2,690	9,700	9,750	155	2,662	3,890	308	2,662	3,890		
6,750 6,800	6,800 6,850	381 377	2,304 2,321	2,710 2,730	399 399	2,304 2,321	2,710 2,730	9,750 9,800	9,800 9,850	151 147	2,662 2,662	3,910 3,930	304 300	2,662 2,662	3,910 3,930		
6,850	6,900	373	2,338	2,750	399	2,338	2,750	9,850	9,900	143	2,662	3,950	296	2,662	3,950		
6,900 6,950	6,950 7,000	369 365	2,355 2,372	2,770 2,790	399 399	2,355 2,372	2,770 2,790	9,900 9,950	9,950 10,000	140 136	2,662 2,662	3,970 3,990	293 289	2,662 2,662	3,970 3,990		
7,000	7,050	361	2,389	2,810	399	2,389	2,810	10,000	10,050	132	2,662	4,010	285	2,662	4,010		
7,050 7,100	7,100 7,150	358 354	2,406 2,423	2,830 2,850	399 399	2,406 2,423	2,830 2,850	10,050 10,100	10,100 10,150	128 124	2,662 2,662	4,030 4,050	281 277	2,662 2,662	4,030 4,050		
7,150 7,200	7,200 7,250	350 346	2,440 2,457	2,870 2,890	399 399	2,440 2,457	2,870 2,890	10,150 10,200	10,200 10,250	120 117	2,662 2,662	4,070 4,090	273 270	2,662 2,662	4,070 4,090		
7,250	7,300	342	2,474	2,910	399	2,474	2,910	10,250	10,300	113	2,662	4,110	266	2,662	4,110		
7,300 7,350	7,350 7,400	339 335	2,491 2,508	2,930 2,950	399 399	2,491 2,508	2,930 2,950	10,300 10,350	10,350 10,400	109 105	2,662 2,662	4,130 4,150	262 258	2,662 2,662	4,130 4,150		
7,400	7,450	331	2,525	2,970	399	2,525	2,970	10,400	10,450	101	2,662	4,170	254	2,662	4,170		
7,450	7,500	327	2,542	2,990	399	2,542	2,990	10,450	10,500	98	2,662	4,190	251	2,662	4,190		
7,500 7,550	7,550 7,600	323 319	2,559 2,576	3,010 3,030	399 399	2,559 2,576	3,010 3,030	10,500 10,550	10,550 10,600	94	2,662 2,662	4,210 4,230	247 243	2,662 2,662	4,210 4,230		
7,600 7,650	7,650 7,700	316 312	2,593 2,610	3,050 3,070	399 399	2,593 2,610	3,050 3,070	10,600 10,650	10,650 10,700	86 82	2,662 2,662	4,250 4,270	239 235	2,662 2,662	4,250 4,270		
7,700	7,750	308	2,627	3,090	399	2,627	3,090	10,700	10,750	78	2,662	4,290	231	2,662	4,290		
7,750 7,800	7,800 7,850	304 300	2,644 2,662	3,110 3,130	399 399	2,644 2,662	3,110 3,130	10,750 10,800	10,800 10,850	75 71	2,662 2,662	4,310 4,330	228 224	2,662 2,662	4,310 4,330		
7,850	7,900	296	2,662	3,150	399	2,662	3,150	10,850	10,900	67	2,662	4,350	220	2,662	4,350		
7,900 7,950	7,950 8,000	293 289	2,662 2,662	3,170 3,190	399 399	2,662 2,662	3,170 3,190	10,900 10,950	10,950 11,000	63 59	2,662 2,662	4,370 4,390	216 212	2,662 2,662	4,370 4,390		
8,000	8,050	285	2,662	3,210	399	2,662	3,210	11,000	11,050	55	2,662	4,400	208	2,662	4,400		
8,050 8,100	8,100 8,150	281 277	2,662 2,662	3,230 3,250	399 399	2,662 2,662	3,230 3,250	11,050 11,100	11,100 11,150	52 48	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	205 201	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400		
8,150 8,200	8,200 8,250	273 270	2,662 2,662	3,270 3,290	399 399	2,662 2,662	3,270 3,290	11,150 11,200	11,200 11,250	44 40	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	197 193	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400		
8,250	8,300	266	2,662	3,310	399	2,662	3,310	11,250	11,300	36	2,662	4,400	189	2,662	4,400		
8,300	8,350	262	2,662	3,330	399	2,662	3,330	11,300	11,350	33	2,662	4,400	186	2,662	4,400		
8,350 8,400	8,400 8,450	258 254	2,662 2,662	3,350 3,370	399 399	2,662 2,662	3,350 3,370	11,350 11,400	11,400 11,450	29 25	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	182 178	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400		
8,450	8,500	251	2,662	3,390	399	2,662	3,390	11,450	11,500	21	2,662	4,400	174	2,662	4,400		

(Continued on page 54)

2005 Ea	arned Inco	ne Credit	(EIC) Ta	ble—	Continu	ied	(Cautio	n. This is r	ot a t	ax tab	le.)			
			And your fili	ng statu	s is—					Aı	nd your fili	ng status	is—	
	ount you are p from the et is—	Single, head or qualifying v			ed filing jo nave—	intly and	If the amore looking up worksheet			ifying wide	ousehold, ow(er) and	Marrie you ha	d filing joir	ntly and
		No Or children ch		No childre	One n child	Two children		No One Two children children			No One Two children child children			
At least	But less than	Your cre		_	our credit	-	At least	But less than		our cred			our credit	
11,500 11,550 11,600 11,650 11,700	11,550 11,600 11,650 11,700 11,750	17 2,66 13 2,66 10 2,66 6 2,66 2 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	170 166 163 159 155	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	15,100 15,150 15,200 15,250 15,300	15,150 15,200 15,250 15,300 15,350	0 0 0 0	2,542 2,534 2,526 2,518 2,510	4,241 4,230 4,220 4,209 4,199	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400
11,750 11,800 11,850 11,900 11,950	11,800 11,850 11,900 11,950 12,000	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	151 147 143 140 136	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	15,350 15,400 15,450 15,500 15,550	15,400 15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	0 0 0 0	2,502 2,494 2,486 2,478 2,470	4,188 4,178 4,167 4,157 4,146	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400
12,000 12,050 12,100 12,150 12,200	12,050 12,100 12,150 12,200 12,250	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	132 128 124 120 117	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	15,600 15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800 15,850	0 0 0 0	2,462 2,454 2,446 2,438 2,430	4,136 4,125 4,115 4,104 4,094	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400
12,250 12,300 12,350 12,400 12,450	12,300 12,350 12,400 12,450 12,500	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	113 109 105 101 98	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	15,850 15,900 15,950 16,000 16,050	15,900 15,950 16,000 16,050 16,100	0 0 0 0	2,422 2,414 2,406 2,398 2,390	4,083 4,073 4,062 4,051 4,041	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400
12,500 12,550 12,600 12,650 12,700	12,550 12,600 12,650 12,700 12,750	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	94 90 86 82 78	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	16,100 16,150 16,200 16,250 16,300	16,150 16,200 16,250 16,300 16,350	0 0 0 0	2,382 2,374 2,366 2,358 2,350	4,030 4,020 4,009 3,999 3,988	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400
12,750 12,800 12,850 12,900 12,950	12,800 12,850 12,900 12,950 13,000	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	75 71 67 63 59	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	16,350 16,400 16,450 16,500 16,550	16,400 16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	0 0 0 0	2,342 2,334 2,326 2,318 2,310	3,978 3,967 3,957 3,946 3,936	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,653 2,645 2,637 2,629	4,400 4,388 4,378 4,367 4,357
13,000 13,050 13,100 13,150 13,200	13,050 13,100 13,150 13,200 13,250	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	32 4,400 32 4,400 32 4,400	55 52 48 44 40	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	16,600 16,650 16,700 16,750 16,800	16,650 16,700 16,750 16,800 16,850	0 0 0 0	2,302 2,294 2,286 2,278 2,270	3,925 3,915 3,904 3,894 3,883	0 0 0 0	2,621 2,613 2,605 2,597 2,589	4,346 4,336 4,325 4,315 4,304
13,250 13,300 13,350 13,400 13,450	13,300 13,350 13,400 13,450 13,500	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	62 4,400 62 4,400 62 4,400	36 33 29 25 21	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	16,850 16,900 16,950 17,000 17,050	16,900 16,950 17,000 17,050 17,100	0 0 0 0	2,262 2,254 2,246 2,238 2,230	3,872 3,862 3,851 3,841 3,830	0 0 0 0	2,582 2,574 2,566 2,558 2,550	4,294 4,283 4,273 4,262 4,252
13,500 13,550 13,600 13,650 13,700	13,550 13,600 13,650 13,700 13,750	0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66 0 2,66	32 4,400 32 4,400 32 4,400	17 13 10 6 2	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	17,100 17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300	17,150 17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	0 0 0 0	2,222 2,214 2,206 2,198 2,190	3,820 3,809 3,799 3,788 3,778	0 0 0 0	2,542 2,534 2,526 2,518 2,510	4,241 4,230 4,220 4,209 4,199
13,750 14,400 14,450 14,500 14,550	14,400 14,450 14,500 14,550 14,600	0 2,66 0 2,65 0 2,65 0 2,63 0 2,63	4,388 4,378 4,367	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	17,350 17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	0 0 0 0	2,182 2,174 2,166 2,158 2,150	3,767 3,757 3,746 3,736 3,725	0 0 0 0	2,502 2,494 2,486 2,478 2,470	4,188 4,178 4,167 4,157 4,146
14,600 14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800	14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800 14,850	0 2,62 0 2,63 0 2,60 0 2,58 0 2,58	3 4,336 05 4,325 07 4,315	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850	0 0 0 0	2,142 2,134 2,126 2,118 2,110	3,714 3,704 3,693 3,683 3,672	0 0 0 0	2,462 2,454 2,446 2,438 2,430	4,136 4,125 4,115 4,104 4,094
14,850 14,900 14,950 15,000 15,050	14,900 14,950 15,000 15,050 15,100	0 2,58 0 2,57 0 2,56 0 2,58 0 2,58	74 4,283 66 4,273 68 4,262	0 0 0 0	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	17,850 17,900 17,950 18,000 18,050	17,900 17,950 18,000 18,050 18,100	0 0 0 0	2,102 2,094 2,086 2,078 2,070	3,662 3,651 3,641 3,630 3,620	0 0 0 0	2,422 2,414 2,406 2,398 2,390	4,083 4,073 4,062 4,051 4,041

(Continued on page 55)

2005 Ea	rned Inco	me Cr	edit (E	EIC) Tal	ble—(	Continu	ıed	(Cautio	n. This is r	ot a t	ax tab	le.)			
		Cinglo		nd your filir ousehold,	_	is— ed filing jo	intly and			Cinglo		nd your filinousehold,			intly and
If the amo	ount you are of from the	or qual	fying wide	ow(er) and	you h		ilitiy aliu	If the amou	unt you are from the	or quali	fying wido	ow(er) and	Married filing jointly you have—		initiy and
workshee	t is—	you ha	/e—   One	Two	No   One   Two			worksheet	you have— No   One   Two			No	l One	Two	
At least	Dut less than	childrer	_	children	r children child children  Your credit is—			At least	children child children  Your credit is—			children child children  Your credit is—			
At least 18,100	But less than	0	our credit				4,030	At least	But less than	0			0	1,902	
18,150	18,150 18,200	0	2,062 2,054	3,609 3,599	0	2,382 2,374	4,020	21,100 21,150	21,150 21,200	0	1,583 1,575	2,977 2,967	0	1,894	3,399 3,388
18,200 18,250	18,250 18,300	0	2,046 2,038	3,588 3,578	0	2,366 2,358	4,009 3,999	21,200 21,250	21,250 21,300	0	1,567 1,559	2,956 2,946	0	1,886 1,878	3,378 3,367
18,300	18,350	ő	2,030	3,567	ő	2,350	3,988	21,300	21,350	ő	1,551	2,935	ő	1,870	3,356
18,350	18,400	0	2,022	3,557	0	2,342	3,978	21,350	21,400	0	1,543	2,925	0	1,862	3,346
18,400 18,450	18,450 18,500	0	2,014 2,006	3,546 3,535	0	2,334 2,326	3,967 3,957	21,400 21,450	21,450 21,500	0	1,535 1,527	2,914 2,904	0	1,854 1,846	3,335 3,325
18,500 18,550	18,550 18,600	0	1,998 1,990	3,525 3,514	0	2,318 2,310	3,946 3,936	21,500 21,550	21,550 21,600	0	1,519 1,511	2,893	0	1,838 1,830	3,314 3,304
18,600	18,650	0	1,982	3,504	0	2,302	3,925	21,600	21,650	0	1,503	2,883	0	1,822	3,293
18,650	18,700	0	1,974	3,493	0	2,294	3,915	21,650	21,700	0	1,495	2,862	0	1,814	3,283
18,700 18,750	18,750 18,800	0	1,966 1,958	3,483 3,472	0	2,286 2,278	3,904 3,894	21,700 21,750	21,750 21,800	0	1,487 1,479	2,851 2,841	0	1,806 1,798	3,272 3,262
18,800	18,850	Ö	1,950	3,462	Ö	2,270	3,883	21,800	21,850	Ö	1,471	2,830	Ö	1,790	3,251
18,850	18,900	0	1,942	3,451	0	2,262	3,872	21,850 21,900	21,900	0	1,463 1,455	2,819 2,809	0	1,783	3,241
18,900 18,950	18,950 19,000	0	1,934 1,926	3,441 3,430	0	2,254 2,246	3,862 3,851	21,900	21,950 22,000	0	1,455	2,798	0	1,775 1,767	3,230 3,220
19,000 19,050	19,050 19,100	0	1,918 1,910	3,420 3,409	0	2,238 2,230	3,841 3,830	22,000 22,050	22,050 22,100	0	1,439 1,431	2,788 2,777	0	1,759 1,751	3,209 3,199
19,100	19,150	0	1,902	3,399	0	2,222	3,820	22,100	22,150	0	1,423	2.767	0	1,743	3,188
19,150	19,200	0	1,894	3,388	0	2,214	3,809	22,150	22,200	0	1,415	2,756	0	1,735	3,177
19,200 19,250	19,250 19,300	0	1,886 1,878	3,378 3,367	0	2,206 2,198	3,799 3,788	22,200 22,250	22,250 22,300	0	1,407 1,399	2,746 2,735	0	1,727 1,719	3,167 3,156
19,300	19,350	0	1,870	3,356	0	2,190	3,778	22,300	22,350	0	1,391	2,725	0	1,711	3,146
19,350 19,400	19,400 19,450	0	1,862 1,854	3,346 3,335	0	2,182 2,174	3,767 3,757	22,350 22,400	22,400 22,450	0	1,383 1,375	2,714 2,704	0	1,703 1,695	3,135 3,125
19,450	19,500	0	1,846	3,325	0	2,166	3,746	22,450	22,500	0	1,367	2,693	0	1,687	3,114
19,500 19,550	19,550 19,600	0	1,838 1,830	3,314 3,304	0	2,158 2,150	3,736 3,725	22,500 22,550	22,550 22,600	0	1,359 1,351	2,683 2,672	0	1,679 1,671	3,104 3,093
19,600	19,650	0	1,822	3,293	0	2,142	3,714	22,600	22,650	0	1,343	2,661	0	1,663	3,083
19,650 19,700	19,700 19,750	0	1,814 1,806	3,283 3,272	0	2,134 2,126	3,704 3,693	22,650 22,700	22,700 22,750	0	1,335 1,327	2,651 2,640	0	1,655 1,647	3,072 3,062
19,750	19,800	0	1,798	3,262	0	2,118	3,683	22,750	22,800	0	1,319	2,630	0	1,639	3,051
19,800	19,850	0	1,790	3,251	0	2,110	3,672	22,800	22,850	0	1,311	2,619	0	1,631	3,041
19,850 19,900	19,950	0	1,775	3,230	0	2,094	3,662 3,651	22,850 22,900	22,900 22,950	0	1,303 1,295	2,609 2,598	0	1,623 1,615	3,020
19,950 20,000	20,000 20,050	0	1,767 1,759	3,220 3,209	0	2,086 2,078	3,641 3,630	22,950 23,000	23,000 23,050	0	1,287 1,279	2,588 2,577	0 0	1,607 1,599	3,009 2,998
20,050	20,100	Ö	1,751	3,199	Ö	2,070	3,620	23,050	23,100	Ō	1,271	2,567	Ö	1,591	2,988
20,100	20,150	0	1,743	3,188	0	2,062	3,609	23,100 23,150	23,150	0	1,263	2,556 2,546	0	1,583	2,977
20,150 20,200	20,200 20,250	0	1,735 1,727	3,177 3,167	0	2,054 2,046	3,599 3,588	23,200	23,200 23,250	0	1,255 1,247	2,535	0	1,575 1,567	2,967 2,956
20,250 20,300	20,300 20,350	0	1,719 1,711	3,156 3,146	0	2,038 2,030	3,578 3,567	23,250 23,300	23,300 23,350	0	1,239 1,231	2,525 2,514	0	1,559 1,551	2,946 2,935
20,350	20,400	0	1,703	3,135	0	2,022	3,557	23,350	23,400	0			0	1,543	2,925
20,400	20,450	0	1,695	3,125	0	2,014	3,546	23,400	23,450	0	1,223 1,215	2,504 2,493	0	1,535	2,914
20,450 20,500	20,500 20,550	0	1,687 1,679	3,114 3,104	0	2,006 1,998	3,535 3,525	23,450 23,500	23,500 23,550	0	1,207 1,199	2,482 2,472	0	1,527 1,519	2,904 2,893
20,550	20,600	0	1,671	3,093	0	1,990	3,514	23,550	23,600	0	1,191	2,461	0	1,511	2,883
20,600 20,650	20,650 20,700	0	1,663 1,655	3,083 3,072	0	1,982 1,974	3,504 3,493	23,600 23,650	23,650 23,700	0	1,183 1,175	2,451 2,440	0	1,503 1,495	2,872 2,862
20,700	20,750	0	1,647	3,062	0	1,966	3,483	23,700	23,750	0	1,167	2,430	0	1,487	2,851
20,750 20,800	20,800 20,850	0	1,639 1,631	3,051 3,041	0	1,958 1,950	3,472 3,462	23,750 23,800	23,800 23,850	0	1,159 1,151	2,419 2,409	0	1,479 1,471	2,841 2,830
20,850	20,900	0	1,623	3,030	0	1,942	3,451	23,850	23,900	0	1,143	2,398	0	1,463	2,819
20,900 20,950	20,950 21,000	0	1,615 1,607	3,020 3,009	0	1,934 1,926	3,441 3,430	23,900 23,950	23,950 24,000	0	1,135 1,127	2,388 2,377	0	1,455 1,447	2,809 2,798
21,000	21,050	0	1,599	2,998	0	1,918	3,420	24,000	24,050	0	1,119	2,367	0	1,439	2,788
21,050	21,100	0	1,591	2,988	0	1,910	3,409	24,050	24,100	0	1,111	2,356	0	1,431	2,777

(Continued on page 56)

2005 Ea	rned Inco	me Credit (	EIC) Ta	ble—C	Continu	ied	(Caution. This is not a tax table.)								
		Single, head of	nd your filio	_	is— d filing jo	intly and			Single h		nd your filin ousehold,	ng status is—  Married filing jointly and			
	ount you are of from the	or qualifying wid		you ha		intiy and	If the amore looking up	unt you are from the	or qualify	ing wido	ow(er) and	you have—			
workshee	t is—	you have— No   One		No	One	Two	worksheet	you have— No   One   Two			No	One	Two		
At least	But less than	children child		children	child ur credit	children	At least	But less than	children Vo	child ur credi	children	children	child ur credit	children	
24,100	24,150	0 1,103	2,346	0	1,423	2,767	27,100	27,150	0	624	1,714	0	944	2,135	
24,150	24,200	0 1,095	2,335	0	1,415	2,756	27,150	27,200	0	616	1,703	0	936	2,124	
24,200 24,250	24,250 24,300	0 1,087 0 1,079	2,325 2,314	0	1,407 1,399	2,746 2,735	27,200 27,250	27,250 27,300	0	608 600	1,693 1,682	0	928 920	2,114 2,103	
24,300	24,350	0 1,071	2,303	0	1,391	2,725	27,300	27,350	0	592	1,672	0	912	2,093	
24,350 24,400	24,400 24,450	0 1,063 0 1,055	2,293 2,282	0 0	1,383 1,375	2,714 2,704	27,350 27,400	27,400 27,450	0	584 576	1,661 1,651	0	904 896	2,082 2,072	
24,450	24,500	0 1,047	2,272	0	1,367	2,693	27,450 27,500	27,500	0	568 560	1,640 1,630	0	888 880	2,061 2,051	
24,500 24,550	24,550 24,600	0 1,039 0 1,031	2,261 2,251	0	1,359 1,351	2,683 2,672	27,550	27,550 27,600	0	552	1,619	0	872	2,040	
24,600	24,650	0 1,023	2,240	0	1,343	2,661	27,600	27,650	0	544	1,608	0	864	2,030	
24,650 24,700	24,700 24,750	0 1,015 0 1,007	2,230 2,219	0	1,335 1,327	2,651 2,640	27,650 27,700	27,700 27,750	0	536 528	1,598 1,587	0	856 848	2,019 2,009	
24,750 24,800	24,800 24,850	0 999 0 991	2,209 2,198	0	1,319 1,311	2,630 2,619	27,750 27,800	27,800 27,850	0	520 512	1,577 1,566	0	840 832	1,998 1,988	
24,850	24,900	0 984	2,188	0	1,303	2,609	27,850	27,900	0	504	1,556	0	824	1,977	
24,900	24,950	0 976	2,177	0	1,295	2,598	27,900	27,950	0	496	1,545	0	816	1,967	
24,950 25,000	25,000 25,050	0 968 0 960		0 0	1,287 1,279	2,588 2,577	27,950 28,000	28,000 28,050	0	488 480	1,535 1,524	0	808 800	1,956 1,945	
25,050	25,100	0 952	2,146	0	1,271	2,567	28,050	28,100	0	472	1,514	0	792	1,935	
25,100 25,150	25,150 25,200	0 944 0 936	2,135 2,124	0	1,263 1,255	2,556 2,546	28,100 28,150	28,150 28,200	0 0	464 456	1,503 1,493	0	784 776	1,924 1,914	
25,200	25,250	0 928	2,114	0	1,247	2,535	28,200	28,250	0	448	1,482	0	768	1,903	
25,250 25,300	25,300 25,350	0 920 0 912		0 0	1,239 1,231	2,525 2,514	28,250 28,300	28,300 28,350	0	440 432	1,472 1,461	0	760 752	1,893 1,882	
25,350	25,400	0 904	2,082	0	1,223	2,504	28,350	28,400	0	424	1,451	0	744	1,872	
25,400 25,450	25,450 25,500	0 896 0 888	2,072 2,061	0	1,215 1,207	2,493 2,482	28,400 28,450	28,450 28,500	0 0	416 408	1,440 1,429	0	736 728	1,861 1,851	
25,500	25,550	0 880	2,051	0	1,199	2,472	28,500	28,550	0	400	1,419	0	720	1,840	
25,550	25,600	0 872 0 864	2,040	0	1,191	2,461	28,550	28,600	0	392	1,408	0	712	1,830	
25,600 25,650	25,650 25,700	0 856	2,019	0	1,183 1,175	2,451 2,440	28,600 28,650	28,650 28,700	0	376	1,387	0	696	1,819 1,809	
25,700 25,750	25,750 25,800	0 848 0 840		0	1,167 1,159	2,430 2,419	28,700 28,750	28,750 28,800	0	368 360	1,377 1,366	0	688 680	1,798 1,788	
25,800	25,850	0 832	1,988	0	1,151	2,409	28,800	28,850	0	352	1,356	0	672	1,777	
25,850 25,900	25,900 25,950	0 824 0 816	1,977 1,967	0	1,143 1,135	2,398 2,388	28,850 28,900	28,900 28,950	0	344 336	1,345 1,335	0	664 656	1,766 1,756	
25,950	26,000	0 808	1,956	0	1,127	2,377	28,950	29,000	0	328	1,324	0	648	1,745	
26,000 26,050	26,050 26,100	0 800 0 792	1,945 1,935	0	1,119 1,111	2,367 2,356	29,000 29,050	29,050 29,100	0 0	320 312	1,314 1,303	0	640 632	1,735 1,724	
26,100	26,150	0 784	1,924	0	1,103	2,346	29,100	29,150	0	304	1,293	0	624	1,714	
26,150 26,200	26,200 26,250	0 776 0 768	1,914 1,903	0	1,095 1,087	2,335 2,325	29,150 29,200	29,200 29,250	0	296 288	1,282 1,272	0	616 608	1,703 1,693	
26,250	26,300	0 760	1,893	0	1,079	2,314	29,250	29,300	0	280	1,261	0	600	1,682	
26,300 26,350	26,350 26,400	0 752 0 744	1,882 1,872	0	1,071	2,303 2,293	29,300 29,350	29,350 29,400	0	272	1,250 1,240	0	592 584	1,672 1,661	
26,400	26,450	0 736	1,861	0	1,055	2,282	29,400	29,450	0	256	1,229	0	576	1,651	
26,450 26,500	26,500 26,550	0 728 0 720	1,851 1,840	0	1,047 1,039	2,272 2,261	29,450 29,500	29,500 29,550	0	248 240	1,219 1,208	0	568 560	1,640 1,630	
26,550	26,600	0 712		0	1,031	2,251	29,550	29,600	0	232	1,198	0	552	1,619	
26,600 26,650	26,650 26,700	0 704 0 696	1,819 1,809	0	1,023 1,015	2,240 2,230	29,600 29,650	29,650 29,700	0 0	224 216	1,187 1,177	0	544 536	1,608 1,598	
26,700	26,750	0 688	1,798	0	1,007	2,219	29,700	29,750	0	208	1,166	0	528	1,587	
26,750 26,800	26,800 26,850	0 680 0 672	1,788 1,777	0	999 991	2,209 2,198	29,750 29,800	29,800 29,850	0 0	200 192	1,156 1,145	0	520 512	1,577 1,566	
26,850	26,900	0 664	1,766	0	984	2,188	29,850	29,900	0	185	1,135	0	504	1,556	
26,900 26,950	26,950 27,000	0 656 0 648	1,756 1,745	0	976 968	2,177 2,167	29,900 29,950	29,950 30,000	0 0	177 169	1,124 1,114	0	496 488	1,545 1,535	
27,000	27,050	0 640	1,735	0	960	2,156	30,000	30,050	0	161 153	1,103	0	480	1,524	
27,050	27,100	0 632	1,724	0	952	2,146	30,050	30,100	0	103	1,093	0	472	1,514	

(Continued on page 57)

2005 Ea	2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued								n. This is r	ot a ta	x table	e.)			
		Single h		nd your filir ousehold,	· -		intly and	And your filing status is— Single, head of household, Married filin							ntly and
	ount you are p from the	or qualify	ing wido	ow(er) and	you ha		iritiy ariu	If the amou looking up		or qualify	ing widov	,	, ,		illy ariu
workshee	et is—	you have	One	Two	No	One	Two	worksheet	is—	you have No	One	Two	No	One	Two
At least	But less than	children	child ur credit	children	children	child Ir credit	children	At least	But less than	children	child ur credit	children		child Ir credit	children
30,100	30,150	0	145	1,082	0	464	1,503	33,100	33,150	0	0	450	0	0	871
30,150 30,200	30,200 30,250	0	137 129	1,071 1,061	0	456 448	1,493 1,482	33,150 33,200	33,200 33,250	0	0	440 429	0	0	861 850
30,250	30,300	0	121	1,050	0	440	1,472	33,250	33,300	0	0	419	0	0	840
30,300	30,350	0	113	1,040	0	432	1,461	33,300	33,350	0	0	408	0	0	829
30,350 30,400	30,400 30,450	0	105 97	1,029 1,019	0	424 416	1,451 1,440	33,350 33,400	33,400 33,450	0	0 0	398 387	0	0 0	819 808
30,450	30,500	0	89 81	1,008 998	0	408 400	1,429	33,450	33,500	0	0	376 366	0	0	798 787
30,500 30,550	30,550 30,600	0	73	987	0	392	1,419 1,408	33,500 33,550	33,550 33,600	0	0	355	0	0	777
30,600	30,650	0	65	977	0	384	1,398	33,600	33,650	0	0	345	0	0	766
30,650 30,700	30,700 30,750	0	57 49	966 956	0	376 368	1,387 1,377	33,650 33,700	33,700 33,750	0	0 0	334 324	0	0 0	756 745
30,750	30,800	0	41 33	945 935	0	360 352	1,366 1,356	33,750	33,800	0	0	313 303	0	0	735 724
30,800	30,850	0	25	933	0	344	1,345	33,800 33,850	33,850	0	0	292	0	0	713
30,900	30,950	0	17	914	0	336	1,335	33,900	33,950	0	0	282	0	0	703
30,950 31,000	31,000 31,050	0	9	903 892	0	328 320	1,324 1,314	33,950 34,000	34,000 34,050	0	0 0	271 261	0	0	692 682
31,050	31,100	0	0	882	0	312	1,303	34,050	34,100	0	0	250	0	0	671
31,100 31,150	31,150 31,200	0	0	871 861	0	304 296	1,293 1,282	34,100 34,150	34,150 34,200	0	0	240 229	0	0	661 650
31,200	31,250	0	0	850	0	288	1,272	34,200	34,250	0	0	219	0	0	640
31,250 31,300	31,300 31,350	0	0	840 829	0	280 272	1,261 1,250	34,250 34,300	34,300 34,350	0	0	208 197	0	0 0	629 619
31,350	31,400	0	0	819	0	264	1,240	34,350	34,400	0	0	187	0	0	608
31,400 31,450	31,450 31,500	0	0	808 798	0	256 248	1,229 1,219	34,400 34,450	34,450 34,500	0	0	176 166	0	0	598 587
31,500 31,550	31,550 31,600	0	0	787 777	0 0	240 232	1,208 1,198	34,500	34,550	Ŏ	Ŏ O	155 145	Ŏ O	Ŏ 0	577 566
31,600	31,650	0	0	766	0	224	1,187	34,550 34,600	34,650	0	0	134	0	0	555
31,650	31,700	0	0	756	0	216	1,177	34,650	34,700	0	0	124	0	0	545
31,700 31,750	31,750 31,800	0	0 0	745 735	0	208 200	1,166 1,156	34,700 34,750	34,750 34,800	0	0	113 103	0	0 0	534 524
31,800	31,850	0	0	724	0	192	1,145	34,800	34,850	0	0	92	0	0	513
31,850 31,900	31,900 31,950	0	0	713 703	0	185 177	1,135 1,124	34,850 34,900	34,900 34,950	0	0	82 71	0	0	503 492
31,950	32,000	0	0	692	0	169	1,114	34,950	35,000	0	0	61	0	0	482
32,000 32,050	32,050 32,100	0	0	682 671	0	161 153	1,103 1,093	35,000 35,050	35,050 35,100	0	0	50 40	0	0	471 461
32,100	32,150	0	0	661	0	145	1,082	35,100	35,150	0	0	29	0	0	450
32,150 32,200	32,200 32,250	0	0	650 640	0	137 129	1,071 1,061	35,150 35,200	35,200 35,250	0	0	18 8	0	0	440 429
32,250 32,300	32,300 32,350	0	0	629 619	0	121 113	1,050 1,040	35,250 35,300	35,300 35,350	0	0	**	0	0	419 408
32,350	32,400	0	0	608	0	105	1,029	35,350	35,400	0	0	0	0	0	398
32,400	32,450	0	0	598	0	97 89	1,019 1,008	35,400	35,450	0	0	0	0	0	387
32,450 32,500	32,500 32,550	0	0 0	587 577	0	81	998	35,450 35,500	35,500 35,550	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	376 366
32,550	32,600	0	0	566	0	73	987	35,550	35,600	0	0	0	0	0	355
32,600 32,650	32,650 32,700	0	0	555 545	0	65 57	977 966	35,600 35,650	35,650 35,700	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	345 334
32,700	32,750	0	0	534	0	49	956	35,700	35,750	0	0	0	0	0	324
32,750 32,800	32,800 32,850	0	0	524 513	0 0	41 33	945 935	35,750 35,800	35,800 35,850	0	0	0	0 0	0	313 303
32,850	32,900	0	0	503	0	25	924	35,850	35,900	0	0	0	0	0	292
32,900 32,950	32,950 33,000	0	0 0	492 482	0	17 9	914 903	35,900 35,950	35,950 36,000	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	282 271
33,000 33,050	33,050 33,100	0	0	471 461	0	*	892 882	36,000 36,050	36,050 36,100	0	0	0	0	0	261 250
55,555	55,100			-+01			302	00,000	55,100					U	200

<sup>\*</sup>If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$31,000 (\$33,000 if married filing jointly) but less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filing jointly), your credit is \$2. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

\*\*If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$35,250 but less than \$35,263, your credit is \$1. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

(Continued on page 58)

2005 Ea	arned Inco	me Cre	dit (E	IC) Tal	ble—Co	ontinu	ed	(Cautio	n. This is r	ot a ta	x tabl	e.)			
			An	d your filir	ng status i	s—					And	d your filir	ng status is	s—	
	ount you are p from the et is—	Single, he or qualifyi you have- No children	ing wido		you hav	filing joir /e— One child	tly and Two	looking up worksheet		Single, he or qualify you have No children	ing wido	,	you hav No	filing join e— One child	tly and Two
At least	But less than	You	Your credit is—  0			r credit i	s—	At least	But less than	Yo	ur credit	t is—	You	ur credit	is—
36,100 36,150 36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550	36,150 36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600				0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	240 229 219 208 197 187 176 166 155 145	36,850 36,900 36,950 37,000 37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200 37,250 37,263 o	36,900 36,950 37,000 37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200 37,250 37,263 r more	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	82 71 61 50 40 29 18 8 1
36,600 36,650 36,700 36,750 36,800	36,650 36,700 36,750 36,800 36,850	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	134 124 113 103 92								

## Line 67

## Excess Social Security and Tier 1 RRTA Tax Withheld

If you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, had more than one employer for 2005 and total wages of more than \$90,000, too much social security or tier 1 railroad retirement (RRTA) tax may have been withheld. You can take a credit on this line for the amount withheld in excess of \$5,580. But if any one employer withheld more than \$5,580, you cannot claim the excess on your return. The employer should adjust the tax for you. If the employer does not adjust the overcollection, you can file a claim for refund using Form 843. Figure this amount separately for you and your spouse.

You cannot claim a refund for excess tier 2 RRTA tax on Form 1040. Instead, use Form 843.

For more details, see Pub. 505.

## Line 68

#### **Additional Child Tax Credit**

## What Is the Additional Child Tax Credit?

This credit is for certain people who have at least one qualifying child as defined in the instructions for line 6c on page 19. The additional child tax credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

## Two Steps To Take the Additional Child Tax Credit!

**Step 1.** Be sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit. See the instructions for line 52 that begin on page 41.

**Step 2.** Read the TIP at the end of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet. Use Form 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit, but only if you meet the condition given in that TIP.

#### Line 69

## Amount Paid With Request for Extension To File

If you filed Form 4868 to get an automatic extension of time to file Form 1040, enter any amount you paid with that form or by electronic funds withdrawal or credit card. If you paid by credit card, do not include on line 69 the convenience fee you were charged. Also, include any amounts paid with Form 2350.

## Line 70

Check the box(es) on line 70 to report any credit from Form 2439, 4136, or 8885.

## Refund

## Line 72

## **Amount Overpaid**

If line 72 is under \$1, we will send a refund only on written request.

If you want to check the status of your refund, please wait at least 6 weeks (3 weeks if you filed electronically) from the date you filed your return to do so. But if you filed Form 8379 with your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically). See page 8 for details.



If the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to decrease the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a

new Form W-4. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2006 on page 62.

#### **Refund Offset**

If you owe past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or certain federal nontax debts, such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 72 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. Offsets for federal taxes are made by the IRS. All other offsets are made by the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS). For federal tax offsets, you will receive a notice from the IRS. For all other offsets, you will receive a notice from FMS. To find out if you may have an offset or if you have any questions about it, contact the agency to which you owe the debt.

## **Injured Spouse**

If you file a joint return and your spouse has not paid past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or a federal nontax debt, such as a student loan, part or all of the overpayment on line 72 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. But your part of the overpayment may be refunded to you if certain conditions apply and you complete Form 8379. For details, use TeleTax topic 203 (see page 8) or see Form 8379.

## Lines 73b Through 73d

## DIRECT DEPOSIT

Simple. Safe. Secure.

Fast Refunds! Choose direct deposit—a fast, simple, safe, secure way to have your refund deposited automatically into your checking or savings account.

#### Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You get your refund fast—in half the time as paper filers if you *e-file*.
- Payment is more secure—there is no check to get lost.
- More convenient. No trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- Saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less than a check.

Complete lines 73b through 73d if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 73a into your checking or savings account at a bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) in the United States. Otherwise, we will send you a check.

**Note.** If you do not want your refund directly deposited into your account, draw a line through the boxes on lines 73b and 73d.



Check with your financial institution to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted and to get the **correct** routing and ac-

count numbers. The IRS is not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information.

If you file a joint return and fill in lines 73b through 73d, you are appointing your spouse as an agent to receive the refund. This appointment cannot be changed later.

#### Line 73b

The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check on page 60, the routing number is 250250025.

Your check may state that it is payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line 73b.

#### Line 73d

The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the

sample check below, the account number is 20202086. Do not include the check number.



Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. If the direct deposit is

rejected, a check will be sent instead. The IRS is not responsible if a financial institution rejects a direct deposit.

## Line 74

## Applied to Your 2006 Estimated Tax

Enter on line 74 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 72 you want applied to your 2006 estimated tax. We will apply this amount to your account unless you attach a statement requesting us to apply it to your spouse's account. Include your spouse's social security number in the attached statement.



This election to apply part or all of the amount overpaid to your 2006 estimated tax cannot be changed later.

## **Amount You Owe**

IRS e-file offers an additional payment option: Electronic funds withdrawal. This option

Electronic funds withdrawal. This option allows you to file your return early and schedule your payment for withdrawal from your checking or savings account on a future date up to and including April 17, 2006. Visit www.irs.gov/efile for details.

## Line 75

#### **Amount You Owe**



Pay your taxes in full by April 17, 2006, to save interest and penalties. You do not have to pay if line 75 is under \$1.

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 76 in the amount you enter on line 75.

You can pay by check, money order, or credit card. Do not include any estimated tax payment for 2006 in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.

To pay by check or money order. Make your check or money order payable to the "United States Treasury" for the full amount due. Do not send cash. Do not attach the payment to your return. Write "2005 Form 1040" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and social security number (SSN) on your payment. If you are filing a joint return, enter the SSN shown first on your tax return.

To help process your payment, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "XXX" or "XXX"".

Then, please complete Form 1040-V following the instructions on that form and enclose it in the envelope with your tax return and payment. Although you do not have to use Form 1040-V, doing so allows us to process your payment more accurately and efficiently.

To pay by credit card. You can use your American Express® Card, Discover® Card, MasterCard® card, or Visa® card. To pay by credit card, call toll-free or visit the website of either service provider listed on this page and follow the instructions. A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you

are paying. Fees may vary between the providers. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. You can also find out what the fee will be by calling the provider's toll-free automated customer service number or visiting the provider's website shown below. If you pay by credit card before filing your return, please enter on page 1 of Form 1040 in the upper left corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Link2Gov Corporation 1-888-PAY-1040<sup>SM</sup> (1-888-729-1040) 1-888-658-5465 (Customer Service) www.PAY1040.com

Official Payments Corporation 1-800-2PAY-TAX<sup>SM</sup> (1-800-272-9829) 1-877-754-4413 (Customer Service) www.officialpayments.com



You may need to (a) increase the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4, or (b) make es-

timated tax payments for 2006. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2006 on page 62.

#### What If You Cannot Pay?

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 75 when you file, you can ask to make monthly installment payments for the full or a partial amount. You may have up to 60 months to pay. However, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by April 17, 2006, even if your request to pay in installments is granted. You must also pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank loan or credit card payment.

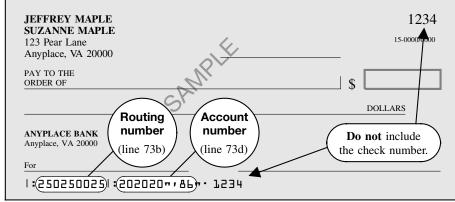
To ask for an installment agreement, use Form 9465. You should receive a response to your request to make installment payments within 30 days. But if you file your return after March 31, it may take us longer to reply.

# Line 76 Estimated Tax Penalty

You may owe this penalty if:

- Line 75 is at least \$1,000 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if

### Sample Check—Lines 73b Through 73d





The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check.

you are due a refund.

For most people, the "tax shown on your return" is the amount on your 2005 Form 1040, line 63, minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 66a and 68 and Forms 8828, 4137, 4136, 5329 (Parts III through VIII only), and 8885. Also subtract from line 63 any tax on an excess parachute payment and any excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation. When figuring the amount on line 63, include the amount on line 62 only if line 64 is more than zero or you would owe the penalty even if you did not include those taxes. But if you entered an amount on Schedule H, line 7, include the total of that amount plus the amount on Form 1040,

**Exception.** You will not owe the penalty if your 2004 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months and either of the following applies.

- 1. You had no tax shown on your 2004 return and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 2004, or
- 2. The total of lines 64, 65, and 67 on your 2005 return is at least 100% of the tax shown on your 2004 return (110% of that amount if you are not a farmer or fisherman and your adjusted gross income shown on that return is more than \$150,000, or if married filing separately for 2005, more than \$75,000). Your estimated tax payments for 2005 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

For most people, the "tax shown on your 2004 return" is the amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 62, minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 65a and 67 and Forms 8828, 4137, 4136, 5329 (Parts III through VIII only), and 8885. Also subtract from line 62 any tax on an excess parachute payment and any excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation. When figuring the amount on line 62, include the amount on line 61 only if line 63 is more than zero or you would have owed the estimated tax penalty for 2004 even if you did not include those taxes. But if you entered an amount on your 2004 Schedule H, line 7, include the total of that amount plus the amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 61.

#### Figuring the Penalty

If the *Exception* above does not apply and you choose to figure the penalty yourself, see Form 2210 (or 2210-F for farmers and fishermen) to find out if you owe the penalty. If you do, you can use the form to figure the amount.

Enter the penalty on line 76. Add the penalty to any tax due and enter the total on line 75. If you are due a refund, subtract the penalty from the overpayment you show on line 72. Do not file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you

must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.



Because Form 2210 is complicated, you can leave line 76 blank and the IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill.

We will not charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill. If your income varied during the year, the annualized income installment method may reduce the amount of your penalty. But you must file Form 2210 because the IRS cannot figure your penalty under this method. See the Instructions for Form 2210 for other situations in which you may be able to lower your penalty by filing Form 2210.

## **Third Party Designee**

If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2005 tax return with the IRS, check the "Yes" box in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, enter the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). But if you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the IRS, just enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name. You do not have to provide the other information requested.

If you check the "Yes" box, you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return,
- Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s),
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request, and
- Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, see Pub. 947.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2006 tax return. This is April 16, 2007, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, see Pub. 947.

## **Sign Your Return**

Form 1040 is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse must also sign. If your spouse cannot sign the return, see Pub. 501. Be sure to date your return and enter your occupation(s). If you have someone prepare your return, you are still responsible for the correctness of the return. If your return is signed by a representative for you, you must have a power of attorney attached that specifically authorizes the representative to sign your return. To do this, you can use Form 2848. If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, see *Death of a Taxpayer* on page 63.

### Child's Return

If your child cannot sign the return, either parent can sign the child's name in the space provided. Then, enter "By (your signature), parent for minor child."

## **Daytime Phone Number**

Providing your daytime phone number may help speed the processing of your return. We may have questions about items on your return, such as the earned income credit, credit for child and dependent care expenses, etc. By answering our questions over the phone, we may be able to continue processing your return without mailing you a letter. If you are filing a joint return, you can enter either your or your spouse's daytime phone number.

## Paid Preparer Must Sign Your Return

Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it in the space provided. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records. Someone who prepares your return but does not charge you should not sign your return.



## Electronic Return Signatures!

Create your own personal identification number (PIN) and file a paperless return electronically or use a tax professional. If you are married filing jointly, you and your spouse will each need to create a PIN and enter these PINs as your electronic signatures.

A PIN is any combination of five digits you choose except five zeros. If you use a PIN, there is nothing to sign and nothing to mail—not even your Forms W-2.

To verify your identity, you will be prompted to enter your adjusted gross income (AGI) from your originally filed 2004 federal income tax return, if applicable. Do not use your AGI from an amended

return (Form 1040X), a math error notice, or an IRS examination report. AGI is the amount shown on your 2004 Form 1040, line 37; Form 1040A, line 22; Form 1040EZ, line 4; or on the TeleFile Tax Record, line I. If you do not have your 2004 income tax return, call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 to get a free transcript of your return. You will also be prompted to enter your date of birth (DOB). Make sure your DOB is accurate and matches the information on record with the Social Security Administration by checking your annual social security statement.



You cannot sign your return electronically if you are a first-time filer under age 16 at the end of 2005 or if you are filing certain forms, such as Form 3115, 3468 (if attachments are required), 5713, 8283 (if Section B is completed), 8858, or 8885.

For more details, visit www.irs.gov/efile and click on "e-file for Individual Taxpayers."

Forms 8453 and 8453-OL. Your return is not complete without your signature. If you are not eligible or choose not to sign your return electronically, you must complete, sign, and file Form 8453 or Form 8453-OL, whichever applies.

If you use a paid preparer, ask to sign your return electronically!

## **Assemble Your Return**

Assemble any schedules and forms behind Form 1040 in order of the "Attachment Sequence No." shown in the upper right corner of the schedule or form. If you have supporting statements, arrange them in the same order as the schedules or forms they support and attach them last. Do not attach correspondence or other items unless required to do so. Attach a copy of Forms W-2 and 2439 to the front of Form 1040. Also attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R to the front of Form 1040 if tax was withheld.

## **General Information**

## **How To Avoid Common Mistakes**

Mistakes can delay your refund or result in notices being sent to you.

- Make sure you entered the correct name and social security number (SSN) for each dependent you claim on line 6c. Check that each dependent's name and SSN agrees with his or her social security card. For each child under age 17 who is a qualifying child for the child tax credit, make sure you either checked the box in line 6c, column (4), or completed Form 8901.
- Check your math, especially for the child tax credit, earned income credit (EIC), taxable social security benefits, total income, itemized deductions or standard deduction, deduction for exemptions, taxable income, total tax, federal income tax withheld, and refund or amount you owe.
- Be sure you use the correct method to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37.
- Be sure to enter your SSN in the space provided on page 1 of Form 1040. If you are married filing a joint or separate return, also enter your spouse's SSN. Be sure to enter your SSN in the space next to your name. Check that your name and SSN agree with your social security card.
- Make sure your name and address are correct on the peel-off label. If not, enter the correct information. If you did not get a peel-off label, enter your (and your spouse's) name in the same order as shown on your last return. Check that your name agrees with your social security card.
- If you are taking the standard deduction and you checked any box on line 39a or 39b or you (or your spouse if filing jointly) can be claimed as a dependent on

someone else's 2005 return, see page 35 to be sure you entered the correct amount on line 40.

- If you received capital gain distributions but were not required to file Schedule D, make sure you checked the box on line 13.
- If you are taking the EIC, be sure you used the correct column of the EIC Table for your filing status and the number of children you have.
- Remember to sign and date Form 1040 and enter your occupation(s).
- Attach your Form(s) W-2 and other required forms and schedules. Put all forms and schedules in the proper order. See *Assemble Your Return* above.
- If you owe tax and are paying by check or money order, be sure to include all the required information on your payment. See the instructions for line 75 on page 60 for details.

# What Are Your Rights as a Taxpayer?

You have the right to be treated fairly, professionally, promptly, and courteously by IRS employees. Our goal at the IRS is to protect your rights so that you will have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our tax system. To ensure that you always receive such treatment, you should know about the many rights you have at each step of the tax process. For details, see Pub. 1.

## **Innocent Spouse Relief**

Generally, both you and your spouse are each responsible for paying the full amount

of tax, interest, and penalties on your joint return. However, you may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (a) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits, (b) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse, or (c) given all the facts and circumstances, it would not be fair to hold you liable for the tax. To request relief, you must file Form 8857 no later than 2 years after the date on which the IRS first attempted to collect the tax from you. For more information, see Pub. 971 and Form 8857.

# Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2006

If the amount you owe or the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to file a new Form W-4 with your employer to change the amount of income tax withheld from your 2006 pay. For details on how to complete Form W-4, see Pub. 919.

In general, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 2006 Form 1040 will show a tax refund or a tax balance due of less than \$1,000. If your total estimated tax (including any household employment taxes and alternative minimum tax) for 2006 is \$1,000 or more, see Form 1040-ES. It has a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. For more details, see Pub. 505.

# Do Both the Name and SSN on Your Tax Forms Agree With Your Social Security Card?

If not, certain deductions and credits may be reduced or disallowed, your refund may be delayed, and you may not receive credit for your social security earnings. If your Form W-2, Form 1099, or other tax document shows an incorrect SSN or name, notify your employer or the form-issuing agent as soon as possible to make sure your earnings are credited to your social security record. If the name or SSN on your social security card is incorrect, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213.

## **Identity Theft**

If you believe someone has assumed your identity to file federal income tax returns, or to commit other tax fraud, call 1-800-829-0433. Victims of identity theft who are having trouble filing their returns should call the Taxpayer Advocate at 1-877-777-4778.

The IRS does not request personal taxpayer information through email. If you receive this type of request, it may be an attempt by identity thieves to get your private tax information.

# How Do You Make a Gift To Reduce Debt Held By the Public?

If you wish to do so, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Public Debt." You can send it to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Department G, P.O. Box 2188, Parkersburg, WV 26106-2188. Or you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file. Do not add your gift to any tax you may owe. See page 60 for details on how to pay any tax you owe.



You may be able to deduct this gift on your 2006 tax return.

# How Long Should Records Be Kept?

Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as Forms W-2 and 1099) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed, or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records

(including those on your home) as long as they are needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see Pub. 552.

### **Amended Return**

File Form 1040X to change a return you already filed. Generally, Form 1040X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed, or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. But you may have more time to file Form 1040X if you live in a Presidentially declared disaster area or you are physically or mentally unable to manage your financial affairs. See Pub. 556 for details.

## Need a Copy of Your Tax Return?

If you need a copy of your tax return, use Form 4506. There is a \$39 fee for each return requested. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a Presidentially declared disaster area, this fee will be waived. If you want a free transcript of your tax return or account, use Form 4506-T or call us. See page 10 for the number.

## Death of a Taxpayer

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 2005, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If the deceased taxpayer did not have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund. The person who files the return must enter "Deceased," the deceased taxpayer's name, and the date of death across the top of the return. If this information is not provided, it may delay the processing of the return.

If your spouse died in 2005 and you did not remarry in 2005, or if your spouse died in 2006 before filing a return for 2005, you can file a joint return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2005 income before death and your income for all of 2005. Enter "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

The surviving spouse or personal representative should promptly notify all payers of income, including financial institutions, of the taxpayer's death. This will ensure the proper reporting of income earned by the taxpayer's estate or heirs. A deceased taxpayer's social security number should not be used for tax years after the year of death, except for estate tax return purposes.

## Claiming a Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer

If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, you only need to file the tax return to claim the refund. If you are a court-appointed representative, file the return and attach a copy of the certificate that shows your appointment. All other filers requesting the deceased taxpayer's refund must file the return and attach Form 1310.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 356 (see page 8) or see Pub. 559.

## Other Ways To Get Help

## Send Your Written Tax Questions to the IRS

You should get an answer in about 30 days. If you do not have the mailing address, call us. See page 10 for the number. Do not send questions with your return.

## Research Your Tax Questions Online

You can find answers to many of your tax questions online in several ways by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/help and then clicking on "Help With Tax Questions." Here are some of the methods you may want to try.

- Frequently asked questions. This section contains an extensive list of questions and answers. You can select your question by category or keyword.
- Tax trails. This is an interactive section which asks questions you can answer by selecting "Yes" or "No."
- Tax topics. This section provides a broad picture of tax topics beginning with 17 main categories. Each topic link leads to further categories and then to a discussion of the topic.

#### Free Help With Your Return

Free help in preparing your return is available nationwide from IRS-sponsored volunteers. The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program is designed to help low-income taxpayers and the Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) program is designed to assist taxpayers age 60 or older with their tax returns. Many VITA sites offer free electronic filing and all volunteers will let you know about the credits and deductions you may be entitled to claim. If you are a member of the military, you can also get assistance on military tax benefits, such as combat zone tax benefits, at an office within your installation. For more information on these programs, go to www.irs.gov and enter keyword "VITA" in the upper right corner. Or, call us. See page 10 for the number. To find the nearest AARP Tax-Aide site, visit AARP's website at www.aarp.org/taxaide or call 1-888-227-7669.

When you go for help, take your photo ID and social security numbers (or individual taxpayer identification numbers) for your spouse, your dependents, and yourself. Also take a copy of your 2004 tax return (if available), all your Forms W-2, 1099, and 1098 for 2005, and any other information about your 2005 income and expenses.

## **Everyday Tax Solutions**

You can get face-to-face help solving tax problems every business day in IRS Tax-payer Assistance Centers. An employee can explain IRS letters, request adjustments to your account, or help you set up a payment plan. Call your local Taxpayer Assistance Center for an appointment. To find the number, go to <a href="https://www.irs.gov/localcontacts">www.irs.gov/localcontacts</a> or look in the phone book under "United States Government, Internal Revenue Service."

#### **Online Services**

If you subscribe to an online service, ask about online filing or tax information.

## Large-Print Forms and Instructions

Pub. 1614 has large-print copies of Form 1040, Schedules A, B, D, E, and R, and Form 1040-V, and their instructions. You can use the large-print forms and schedules as worksheets to figure your tax, but you cannot file them. You can get Pub. 1614 by phone or mail. See pages 7 and 80.

## Help for People With Disabilities

Telephone help is available using TTY/TDD equipment by calling

1-800-829-4059. Braille materials are available at libraries that have special services for people with disabilities.

## **Interest and Penalties**

You do not have to figure the amount of any interest or penalties you may owe. Because figuring these amounts can be complicated, we will do it for you if you want. We will send you a bill for any amount due.

If you include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) with your payment, identify and enter the amount in the bottom margin of Form 1040, page 2. Do not include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) in the amount you owe on line 75.

#### Interest

We will charge you interest on taxes not paid by their due date, even if an extension of time to file is granted. We will also charge you interest on penalties imposed for failure to file, negligence, fraud, substantial valuation misstatements, substantial understatements of tax, and reportable transaction understatements. Interest is charged on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions).

#### **Penalties**

**Late filing.** If you do not file your return by the due date (including extensions), the penalty is usually 5% of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return

is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you do, attach it to your return. The penalty can be as much as 25% of the tax due. The penalty is 15% per month, up to a maximum of 75%, if the failure to file is fraudulent. If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be \$100 or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.

Late payment of tax. If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid. The penalty can be as much as 25% of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return. This penalty is in addition to interest charges on late payments.

Frivolous return. In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of \$500 for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that does not contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign.

**Other.** Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, reportable transaction understatements, and fraud. Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, or making a false statement. See Pub. 17 for details on some of these penalties.

## 2005 Tax Table



See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37 to see if you must use the Tax Table below to figure your tax.

**Example.** Mr. and Mrs. Brown are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on Form 1040, line 43, is \$25,300. First, they find the \$25,300–25,350 taxable income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the taxable income line and filing status column meet is \$3,069. This is the tax amount they should enter on Form 1040, line 44.

## Sample Table

At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
		· '	Your ta	ax is—	'
25,250 25,300	25,250 25,300 25,350 25,400	3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441	3,054 3,061 3,069 3,076	3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441	3,261 3,269 3,276 3,284

If line 4 (taxabl	е		And yo	u are—		If line (taxab incom	le		And yo	u are—	•	If line (taxab incom	le		And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
			Your to	ax is—	'				Your ta	ax is—	1			Y	our tax	is—	'
0 5	5 15	0	0	0 1	0	1,300 1,325	1,325 1,350	131 134	131 134	131 134	131 134	2,700 2,725	2,725 2,750	271 274	271 274	271 274	271 274
15	25	2	2	2	2	1,350	1,375	136	136	136	136	2,750	2,775	276	276	276	276
25 50	50 75	4 6	4	4 6	4	1,375	1,400 1,425	139 141	139 141	139 141	139 141	2,775	2,800 2,825	279 281	279 281	279 281	279 281
75	100	9	9	9	9	1,425	1,450	144 146	144	144	144 146	2,825	2,850	284	284	284 286	284
100 125	125 150	11 14	11 14	11 14	11 14	1,450 1,475	1,475 1,500	149	146 149	146 149	149	2,850 2,875	2,875 2,900	286 289	286 289	289	286 289
150 175	175 200	16 19	16 19	16 19	16 19	1,500 1,525	1,525 1,550	151 154	151 154	151 154	151 154	2,900 2,925	2,925 2,950	291 294	291 294	291 294	291 294
200	225	21	21	21	21	1,550	1,575	156	156	156	156	2,950	2,975	296	296	296	296
225 250	250 275	24 26	24 26	24 26	24 26	1,575	1,600 1,625	159 161	159 161	159 161	159 161	2,975	3,000	299	299	299	299
275	300	29	29	29	29	1,625 1,650	1,650 1,675	164 166	164 166	164 166	164 166	<u> </u>	000	200	200	200	222
300 325	325 350	31 34	31 34	31 34	31 34	1,675	1,700	169	169	169	169	3,000	3,050 3,100	303 308	303 308	303 308	303 308
350 375	375 400	36 39	36 39	36 39	36 39	1,700 1,725	1,725 1,750	171 174	171 174	171 174	171 174	3,100 3,150	3,150 3,200	313 318	313 318	313 318	313 318
400	425	41	41	41	41	1,750 1,775	1,775 1,800	176 179	176 179	176 179	176 179	3,200	3,250	323	323	323	323
425 450	450 475	44 46	44 46	44 46	44 46	1,800	1,825	181	181	181	181	3,250	3,300 3,350	328 333	328 333	328 333	328 333
475	500	49	49	49	49	1,825 1,850	1,850 1,875	184 186	184 186	184 186	184 186	3,350	3,400	338	338	338	338
500 525	525 550	51 54	51 54	51 54	51 54	1,875	1,900	189	189	189	189	3,400 3,450	3,450 3,500	343 348	343 348	343 348	343 348
550 575	575 600	56 59	56 59	56 59	56 59	1,900 1,925	1,925 1,950	191 194	191 194	191 194	191 194	3,500	3,550 3,600	353 358	353 358	353 358	353 358
600	625	61	61	61	61	1,950 1,975	1,975 2,000	196 199	196 199	196 199	196 199	3,600	3,650	363	363	363	363
625 650	650 675	64 66	64 66	64 66	64 66	<u> </u>	000	100	100	100	100	3,650 3,700	3,700 3,750	368 373	368 373	368 373	368 373
675	700	69	69	69	69	2,000	2,025	201	201	201	201	3,750	3,800 3,850	378 383	378 383	378 383	378 383
700 725	725 750	71 74	71 74	71 74	71 74	2,025	2,050	204	204	204	204	3,850	3,900	388	388	388	388
750 775	775 800	76 79	76 79	76 79	76 79	2,050 2,075	2,075 2,100	206 209	206 209	206 209	206 209	3,900	3,950 4,000	393 398	393 398	393 398	393 398
800	825	81	81	81	81	2,100 2,125	2,125 2,150	211 214	211 214	211 214	211 214	4.0	000				
825 850	850 875	84 86	84 86	84 86	84 86	2,150	2,175	216	216	216	216	4,000	4,050	403	403	403	403
875	900	89	89	89	89	2,175	2,200 2,225	219 221	219 221	219 221	219 221	4,050 4,100	4,100 4,150	408 413	408 413	408 413	408 413
900 925	925 950	91 94	91 94	91 94	91 94	2,225 2,250	2,250 2,275	224 226	224 226	224 226	224 226	4,150	4,200	418	418	418	418
950 975	975 1,000	96 99	96 99	96 99	96 99	2,275	2,300	229	229	229	229	4,200	4,250 4,300	423 428	423 428	423 428	423 428
						2,300 2,325	2,325 2.350	231 234	231 234	231 234	231 234	4,300 4,350	4,350 4,400	433 438	433 438	433 438	433 438
	000					2,350 2,375	2,375 2,400	236 239	236 239	236 239	236 239	4,400	4,450	443	443	443	443
1,000 1,025	1,025 1,050	101 104	101 104	101 104	101 104	2,400	2,425	241	241	241	241	4,450 4,500	4,500 4,550	448 453	448 453	448 453	448 453
1,050 1,075	1,075 1,100	106 109	106 109	106 109	106 109	2,425 2,450	2,450 2,475	244 246	244 246	244 246	244 246	4,550	4,600	458	458	458	458
	1,125	111	111	111	111	2,475	2,500	249	249	249	249	4,600 4,650	4,650 4,700	463 468	463 468	463 468	463 468
1,100 1,125 1,150	1,150 1,175	114 116	114 116	114 116	114 116	2,500 2,525	2,525 2,550	251 254	251 254	251 254	251 254	4,700 4,750	4,750 4,800	473 478	473 478	473 478	473 478
1,175	1,200	119	119	119	119	2,550 2,575	2,575 2,600	256 259	256 259	256 259	256 259	4,800	4,850	483	483	483	483
1,200 1,225	1,225 1,250	121 124	121 124	121 124	121 124	2,600	2,625	261	261	261	261	4,850 4,900	4,900 4,950	488 493	488 493	488 493	488 493
1,250	1,275	126 129	126 129	126	126 129	2,625 2,650	2,650 2,675	264 266	264 266	264 266	264 266	4,950	5,000	498	498	498	498
1,275	1,300	129	129	129	129	2,675	2,700	269	269	269	269				(Contir	nued on	page 66)

<sup>\*</sup> This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

2005 Tax Table—Continued

If line 4: (taxable income)	3	<u></u>		ou are—		If line (taxab incom	le		And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxal incom			And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
5,0	00			ux 10		8,0	00			<u>их ю</u>		11,	000			ux io	
5,000	5,050	503	503	503	503	8,000	8,050	839	803	839	803	11,000	11,050	1,289	1,103	1,289	1,131
5,050	5,100	508	508	508	508	8,050	8,100	846	808	846	808	11,050	11,100	1,296	1,108	1,296	1,139
5,100	5,150	513	513	513	513	8,100	8,150	854	813	854	813	11,100	11,150	1,304	1,113	1,304	1,146
5,150	5,200	518	518	518	518	8,150	8,200	861	818	861	818	11,150	11,200	1,311	1,118	1,311	1,154
5,200 5,250 5,300 5,350 5,400	5,250 5,300 5,350 5,400 5,450	523 528 533 538 543	523 528 533 538 543	523 528 533 538 543	523 528 533 538 543	8,200 8,250 8,300 8,350 8,400	8,250 8,300 8,350 8,400 8,450	869 876 884 891 899	823 828 833 838 843	869 876 884 891	823 828 833 838 843	11,200 11,250 11,300 11,350 11,400	11,250 11,300 11,350 11,400 11,450	1,319 1,326 1,334 1,341 1,349	1,123 1,128 1,133 1,138 1,143	1,319 1,326 1,334 1,341 1,349	1,161 1,169 1,176 1,184 1,191
5,450	5,500	548	548	548	548	8,450	8,500	906	848	906	848	11,450	11,500	1,356	1,148	1,356	1,199
5,500	5,550	553	553	553	553	8,500	8,550	914	853	914	853	11,500	11,550	1,364	1,153	1,364	1,206
5,550	5,600	558	558	558	558	8,550	8,600	921	858	921	858	11,550	11,600	1,371	1,158	1,371	1,214
5,600	5,650	563	563	563	563	8,600	8,650	929	863	929	863	11,600	11,650	1,379	1,163	1,379	1,221
5,650	5,700	568	568	568	568	8,650	8,700	936	868	936	868	11,650	11,700	1,386	1,168	1,386	1,229
5,700	5,750	573	573	573	573	8,700	8,750	944	873	944	873	11,700	11,750	1,394	1,173	1,394	1,236
5,750	5,800	578	578	578	578	8,750	8,800	951	878	951	878	11,750	11,800	1,401	1,178	1,401	1,244
5,800	5,850	583	583	583	583	8,800	8,850	959	883	959	883	11,800	11,850	1,409	1,183	1,409	1,251
5,850 5,900 5,950 <b>6,0</b>	5,900 5,950 6,000	588 593 598	588 593 598	588 593 598	588 593 598	8,850 8,900 8,950	8,900 8,950 9,000	966 974 981	888 893 898	966 974 981	888 893 898	11,850 11,900 11,950	11,900 11,950 12,000 <b>000</b>	1,416 1,424 1,431	1,188 1,193 1,198	1,416 1,424 1,431	1,259 1,266 1,274
6,000	6,050	603	603	603	603	9,000	9,050	989	903	989	903	12,000	12,050	1,439	1,203	1,439	1,281
6,050	6,100	608	608	608	608	9,050	9,100	996	908	996	908	12,050	12,100	1,446	1,208	1,446	1,289
6,100	6,150	613	613	613	613	9,100	9,150	1,004	913	1,004	913	12,100	12,150	1,454	1,213	1,454	1,296
6,150	6,200	618	618	618	618	9,150	9,200	1,011	918	1,011	918	12,150	12,200	1,461	1,218	1,461	1,304
6,200	6,250	623	623	623	623	9,200	9,250	1,019	923	1,019	923	12,200	12,250	1,469	1,223	1,469	1,311
6,250	6,300	628	628	628	628	9,250	9,300	1,026	928	1,026	928	12,250	12,300	1,476	1,228	1,476	1,319
6,300	6,350	633	633	633	633	9,300	9,350	1,034	933	1,034	933	12,300	12,350	1,484	1,233	1,484	1,326
6,350	6,400	638	638	638	638	9,350	9,400	1,041	938	1,041	938	12,350	12,400	1,491	1,238	1,491	1,334
6,400	6,450	643	643	643	643	9,400	9,450	1,049	943	1,049	943	12,400	12,450	1,499	1,243	1,499	1,341
6,450	6,500	648	648	648	648	9,450	9,500	1,056	948	1,056	948	12,450	12,500	1,506	1,248	1,506	1,349
6,500	6,550	653	653	653	653	9,500	9,550	1,064	953	1,064	953	12,500	12,550	1,514	1,253	1,514	1,356
6,550	6,600	658	658	658	658	9,550	9,600	1,071	958	1,071	958	12,550	12,600	1,521	1,258	1,521	1,364
6,600	6,650	663	663	663	663	9,600	9,650	1,079	963	1,079	963	12,600	12,650	1,529	1,263	1,529	1,371
6,650	6,700	668	668	668	668	9,650	9,700	1,086	968	1,086	968	12,650	12,700	1,536	1,268	1,536	1,379
6,700	6,750	673	673	673	673	9,700	9,750	1,094	973	1,094	973	12,700	12,750	1,544	1,273	1,544	1,386
6,750	6,800	678	678	678	678	9,750	9,800	1,101	978	1,101	978	12,750	12,800	1,551	1,278	1,551	1,394
6,800	6,850	683	683	683	683	9,800	9,850	1,109	983	1,109	983	12,800	12,850	1,559	1,283	1,559	1,401
6,850	6,900	688	688	688	688	9,850	9,900	1,116	988	1,116	988	12,850	12,900	1,566	1,288	1,566	1,409
6,900	6,950	693	693	693	693	9,900	9,950	1,124	993	1,124	993	12,900	12,950	1,574	1,293	1,574	1,416
6,950	7,000	698	698	698	698	9,950	10,000	1,131	998	1,131	998	12,950	13,000	1,581	1,298	1,581	1,424
7,0						<u> </u>	000						000	I			
7,000 7,050 7,100 7,150	7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200	703 708 713 718	703 708 713 718	703 708 713 718	703 708 713 718	10,000 10,050 10,100 10,150	10,100 10,150 10,200	1,139 1,146 1,154 1,161	1,003 1,008 1,013 1,018	1,139 1,146 1,154 1,161	1,003 1,008 1,013 1,018	13,000 13,050 13,100 13,150	13,100 13,150 13,200	1,589 1,596 1,604 1,611	1,303 1,308 1,313 1,318	1,589 1,596 1,604 1,611	1,431 1,439 1,446 1,454
7,200	7,250	723	723	723	723	10,200	10,250	1,169	1,023	1,169	1,023	13,200	13,250	1,619	1,323	1,619	1,461
7,250	7,300	728	728	728	728	10,250	10,300	1,176	1,028	1,176	1,028	13,250	13,300	1,626	1,328	1,626	1,469
7,300	7,350	734	733	734	733	10,300	10,350	1,184	1,033	1,184	1,033	13,300	13,350	1,634	1,333	1,634	1,476
7,350	7,400	741	738	741	738	10,350	10,400	1,191	1,038	1,191	1,038	13,350	13,400	1,641	1,338	1,641	1,484
7,400	7,450	749	743	749	743	10,400	10,450	1,199	1,043	1,199	1,043	13,400	13,450	1,649	1,343	1,649	1,491
7,450	7,500	756	748	756	748	10,450	10,500	1,206	1,048	1,206	1,049	13,450	13,500	1,656	1,348	1,656	1,499
7,500	7,550	764	753	764	753	10,500	10,550	1,214	1,053	1,214	1,056	13,500	13,550	1,664	1,353	1,664	1,506
7,550	7,600	771	758	771	758	10,550	10,600	1,221	1,058	1,221	1,064	13,550	13,600	1,671	1,358	1,671	1,514
7,600	7,650	779	763	779	763	10,600	10,650	1,229	1,063	1,229	1,071	13,600	13,650	1,679	1,363	1,679	1,521
7,650	7,700	786	768	786	768	10,650	10,700	1,236	1,068	1,236	1,079	13,650	13,700	1,686	1,368	1,686	1,529
7,700	7,750	794	773	794	773	10,700	10,750	1,244	1,073	1,244	1,086	13,700	13,750	1,694	1,373	1,694	1,536
7,750	7,800	801	778	801	778	10,750	10,800	1,251	1,078	1,251	1,094	13,750	13,800	1,701	1,378	1,701	1,544
7,800	7,850	809	783	809	783	10,800	10,850	1,259	1,083	1,259	1,101	13,800	13,850	1,709	1,383	1,709	1,551
7,850	7,900	816	788	816	788	10,850	10,900	1,266	1,088	1,266	1,109	13,850	13,900	1,716	1,388	1,716	1,559
7,900	7,950	824	793	824	793	10,900	10,950	1,274	1,093	1,274	1,116	13,900	13,950	1,724	1,393	1,724	1,566
7,950	8,000	831	798	831	798	10,950	11,000	1,281	1,098	1,281	1,124	13,950	14,000	1,731	1,398	1,731	1,574
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	by a qu	alifying	widow(e	er).							-	(Contin	ued on p	age 67)

													200	D Tax	Table	<u> </u>	uriuea
If line 4 (taxable income			And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom			And ye	ou are—	-	If line (taxal incon			And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
			Your t	ax is—					Your t	ax is—					Your	tax is—	
14,	000					17,	000					— <i>'</i>	,000				
14,050 14,100 14,150	14,050 14,100 14,150 14,200	1,739 1,746 1,754 1,761	1,403 1,408 1,413 1,418	1,739 1,746 1,754 1,761	1,581 1,589 1,596 1,604	17,000 17,050 17,100 17,150	17,050 17,100 17,150 17,200	2,189 2,196 2,204 2,211	1,824 1,831 1,839 1,846	2,189 2,196 2,204 2,211	2,031 2,039 2,046 2,054	20,000 20,050 20,100 20,150	20,050 20,100 20,150 20,200	2,639 2,646 2,654 2,661	2,274 2,281 2,289 2,296	2,639 2,646 2,654 2,661	2,481 2,489 2,496 2,504
14,200 14,250 14,300 14,350	14,250 14,300 14,350 14,400	1,769 1,776 1,784 1,791	1,423 1,428 1,433 1,438	1,769 1,776 1,784 1,791	1,611 1,619 1,626 1,634	17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	2,219 2,226 2,234 2,241	1,854 1,861 1,869 1,876	2,219 2,226 2,234 2,241	2,061 2,069 2,076 2,084	20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	2,669 2,676 2,684 2,691	2,304 2,311 2,319 2,326	2,669 2,676 2,684 2,691	2,511 2,519 2,526 2,534
14,400 14,450 14,500 14,550	14,450 14,500 14,550 14,600	1,799 1,806 1,814 1,821	1,443 1,448 1,453 1,458	1,799 1,806 1,814 1,821	1,641 1,649 1,656 1,664	17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	2,249 2,256 2,264 2,271	1,884 1,891 1,899 1,906	2,249 2,256 2,264 2,271	2,091 2,099 2,106 2,114	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	2,699 2,706 2,714 2,721	2,334 2,341 2,349 2,356	2,699 2,706 2,714 2,721	2,541 2,549 2,556 2,564
14,600 14,650 14,700 14,750	14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800	1,829 1,836 1,844 1,851	1,464 1,471 1,479 1,486	1,829 1,836 1,844 1,851	1,671 1,679 1,686 1,694	17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	2,279 2,286 2,294 2,301	1,914 1,921 1,929 1,936	2,279 2,286 2,294 2,301	2,121 2,129 2,136 2,144	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	2,729 2,736 2,744 2,751	2,364 2,371 2,379 2,386	2,729 2,736 2,744 2,751	2,571 2,579 2,586 2,594
14,800 14,850 14,900 14,950	14,850 14,900 14,950 15,000	1,859 1,866 1,874 1,881	1,494 1,501 1,509 1,516	1,859 1,866 1,874 1,881	1,701 1,709 1,716 1,724	17,800 17,850 17,900 17,950	17,850 17,900 17,950 18,000	2,309 2,316 2,324 2,331	1,944 1,951 1,959 1,966	2,309 2,316 2,324 2,331	2,151 2,159 2,166 2,174	20,800 20,850 20,900 20,950	20,850 20,900 20,950 21,000	2,759 2,766 2,774 2,781	2,394 2,401 2,409 2,416	2,759 2,766 2,774 2,781	2,601 2,609 2,616 2,624
15,	000					18,	000					21,	,000	1			
15,000 15,050 15,100 15,150	15,050 15,100 15,150 15,200	1,889 1,896 1,904 1,911	1,524 1,531 1,539 1,546	1,889 1,896 1,904 1,911	1,731 1,739 1,746 1,754	18,000 18,050 18,100 18,150	18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200	2,339 2,346 2,354 2,361	1,974 1,981 1,989 1,996	2,339 2,346 2,354 2,361	2,181 2,189 2,196 2,204	21,000 21,050 21,100 21,150	21,050 21,100 21,150 21,200	2,789 2,796 2,804 2,811	2,424 2,431 2,439 2,446	2,789 2,796 2,804 2,811	2,631 2,639 2,646 2,654
15,200 15,250 15,300 15,350	15,250 15,300 15,350 15,400	1,919 1,926 1,934 1,941	1,554 1,561 1,569 1,576	1,919 1,926 1,934 1,941	1,761 1,769 1,776 1,784	18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	18,250 18,300 18,350 18,400	2,369 2,376 2,384 2,391	2,004 2,011 2,019 2,026	2,369 2,376 2,384 2,391	2,211 2,219 2,226 2,234	21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	21,250 21,300 21,350 21,400	2,819 2,826 2,834 2,841	2,454 2,461 2,469 2,476	2,819 2,826 2,834 2,841	2,661 2,669 2,676 2,684
15,400 15,450 15,500 15,550	15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	1,949 1,956 1,964 1,971	1,584 1,591 1,599 1,606	1,949 1,956 1,964 1,971	1,791 1,799 1,806 1,814	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	2,399 2,406 2,414 2,421	2,034 2,041 2,049 2,056	2,399 2,406 2,414 2,421	2,241 2,249 2,256 2,264	21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550	21,450 21,500 21,550 21,600	2,849 2,856 2,864 2,871	2,484 2,491 2,499 2,506	2,849 2,856 2,864 2,871	2,691 2,699 2,706 2,714
15,600 15,650 15,700 15,750	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	1,979 1,986 1,994 2,001	1,614 1,621 1,629 1,636	1,979 1,986 1,994 2,001	1,821 1,829 1,836 1,844	18,600 18,650 18,700 18,750	18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800	2,429 2,436 2,444 2,451	2,064 2,071 2,079 2,086	2,429 2,436 2,444 2,451	2,271 2,279 2,286 2,294	21,600 21,650 21,700 21,750	21,650 21,700 21,750 21,800	2,879 2,886 2,894 2,901	2,514 2,521 2,529 2,536	2,879 2,886 2,894 2,901	2,721 2,729 2,736 2,744
15,950	15,850 15,900 15,950 16,000	2,009 2,016 2,024 2,031	1,644 1,651 1,659 1,666	2,009 2,016 2,024 2,031	1,851 1,859 1,866 1,874	<u> </u>	18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000	2,459 2,466 2,474 2,481	2,094 2,101 2,109 2,116	2,459 2,466 2,474 2,481	2,301 2,309 2,316 2,324	_	21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000	2,909 2,916 2,924 2,931	2,544 2,551 2,559 2,566	2,909 2,916 2,924 2,931	2,751 2,759 2,766 2,774
	000	0.000	1.07.1		1 001		000	0.400	0.404	0.400	0.004		,000	0.000	0.574		0.704
16,050 16,100 16,150	16,150 16,200	2,039 2,046 2,054 2,061	1,674 1,681 1,689 1,696	2,039 2,046 2,054 2,061	1,881 1,889 1,896 1,904	19,050 19,100 19,150	19,150 19,200	2,489 2,496 2,504 2,511	2,124 2,131 2,139 2,146	2,489 2,496 2,504 2,511	2,331 2,339 2,346 2,354	22,000 22,050 22,100 22,150	22,150 22,200	2,939 2,946 2,954 2,961	2,574 2,581 2,589 2,596	2,939 2,946 2,954 2,961	2,781 2,789 2,796 2,804
16,200 16,250 16,300 16,350	16,250 16,300 16,350 16,400	2,069 2,076 2,084 2,091	1,704 1,711 1,719 1,726	2,069 2,076 2,084 2,091	1,911 1,919 1,926 1,934	19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	19,250 19,300 19,350 19,400	2,519 2,526 2,534 2,541	2,154 2,161 2,169 2,176	2,519 2,526 2,534 2,541	2,361 2,369 2,376 2,384	22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350	22,250 22,300 22,350 22,400	2,969 2,976 2,984 2,991	2,604 2,611 2,619 2,626	2,969 2,976 2,984 2,991	2,811 2,819 2,826 2,834
16,450 16,500 16,550	16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	2,099 2,106 2,114 2,121	1,734 1,741 1,749 1,756	2,099 2,106 2,114 2,121	1,941 1,949 1,956 1,964	19,450 19,500 19,550	19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	2,549 2,556 2,564 2,571	2,184 2,191 2,199 2,206	2,549 2,556 2,564 2,571	2,391 2,399 2,406 2,414	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550	22,450 22,500 22,550 22,600	2,999 3,006 3,014 3,021	2,634 2,641 2,649 2,656	2,999 3,006 3,014 3,021	2,841 2,849 2,856 2,864
•	16,750 16,800	2,129 2,136 2,144 2,151	1,764 1,771 1,779 1,786	2,129 2,136 2,144 2,151	1,971 1,979 1,986 1,994	19,600 19,650 19,700 19,750	19,750 19,800	2,579 2,586 2,594 2,601	2,214 2,221 2,229 2,236	2,579 2,586 2,594 2,601	2,421 2,429 2,436 2,444	22,600 22,650 22,700 22,750	22,650 22,700 22,750 22,800	3,029 3,036 3,044 3,051	2,664 2,671 2,679 2,686	3,029 3,036 3,044 3,051	2,871 2,879 2,886 2,894
16,800 16,850 16,900 16,950	16,850 16,900 16,950 17,000	2,159 2,166 2,174 2,181	1,794 1,801 1,809 1,816	2,159 2,166 2,174 2,181	2,001 2,009 2,016 2,024		19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000	2,609 2,616 2,624 2,631	2,244 2,251 2,259 2,266	2,609 2,616 2,624 2,631	2,451 2,459 2,466 2,474	22,800 22,850 22,900 22,950	22,850 22,900 22,950 23,000	3,059 3,066 3,074 3,081	2,694 2,701 2,709 2,716	3,059 3,066 3,074 3,081	2,901 2,909 2,916 2,924
* This c	olumn m	ust also	be used	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contir	nued on p	age 68)

2005 Tax Table—Continued

	ı ax ı aı		OHUHU	<del>eu</del>													
If line 4 (taxable income	e		And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—		If line (taxab incom			And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	Head of a house- hold
- 22	,000		Your t	ax is—		26	000		Your t	ax is—		20	000		Your	ax is—	
23,000		3,089	2,724	3,089	2,931	26.000	26,050	3,539	3,174	3,539	3,381	29,000	29,050	3,989	3,624	3,989	3,831
23,050 23,100 23,150	23,100 23,150 23,200	3,096 3,104 3,111	2,731 2,739 2,746	3,096 3,104 3,111	2,939 2,946 2,954	26,050 26,100 26,150	26,100 26,150 26,200	3,546 3,554 3,561	3,181 3,189 3,196	3,546 3,554 3,561	3,389 3,396 3,404	29,050 29,100 29,150	29,100 29,150 29,200	3,996 4,004 4,011	3,631 3,639 3,646	3,996 4,004 4,011	3,839 3,846 3,854
23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350	23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400	3,119 3,126 3,134 3,141	2,754 2,761 2,769 2,776	3,119 3,126 3,134 3,141	2,961 2,969 2,976 2,984	26,200 26,250 26,300 26,350	26,250 26,300 26,350 26,400	3,569 3,576 3,584 3,591	3,204 3,211 3,219 3,226	3,569 3,576 3,584 3,591	3,411 3,419 3,426 3,434	29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350	29,250 29,300 29,350 29,400	4,019 4,026 4,034 4,041	3,654 3,661 3,669 3,676	4,019 4,026 4,034 4,041	3,861 3,869 3,876 3,884
23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	3,149 3,156 3,164 3,171	2,784 2,791 2,799 2,806	3,149 3,156 3,164 3,171	2,991 2,999 3,006 3,014	26,400 26,450 26,500 26,550	26,450 26,500 26,550 26,600	3,599 3,606 3,614 3,621	3,234 3,241 3,249 3,256	3,599 3,606 3,614 3,621	3,441 3,449 3,456 3,464	29,400 29,450 29,500 29,550	29,450 29,500 29,550 29,600	4,049 4,056 4,064 4,071	3,684 3,691 3,699 3,706	4,049 4,056 4,064 4,071	3,891 3,899 3,906 3,914
23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750	23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	3,179 3,186 3,194 3,201	2,814 2,821 2,829 2,836	3,179 3,186 3,194 3,201	3,021 3,029 3,036 3,044	26,600 26,650 26,700 26,750	26,650 26,700 26,750 26,800	3,629 3,636 3,644 3,651	3,264 3,271 3,279 3,286	3,629 3,636 3,644 3,651	3,471 3,479 3,486 3,494	29,600 29,650 29,700 29,750	29,650 29,700 29,750 29,800	4,079 4,086 4,096 4,109	3,714 3,721 3,729 3,736	4,079 4,086 4,096 4,109	3,921 3,929 3,936 3,944
23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950	23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000	3,209 3,216 3,224 3,231	2,844 2,851 2,859 2,866	3,209 3,216 3,224 3,231	3,051 3,059 3,066 3,074	26,800 26,850 26,900 26,950	26,850 26,900 26,950 27,000	3,659 3,666 3,674 3,681	3,294 3,301 3,309 3,316	3,659 3,666 3,674 3,681	3,501 3,509 3,516 3,524	29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,850 29,900 29,950 30,000	4,121 4,134 4,146 4,159	3,744 3,751 3,759 3,766	4,121 4,134 4,146 4,159	3,951 3,959 3,966 3,974
_	,000	0,201	2,000	0,201	0,011	<u> </u>	000	0,001	0,010	0,001	0,02 1	<u> </u>	000	1,100	0,100	1,100	0,011
24,000		3,239	2,874	3,239	3,081	27,000	27,050	3,689	3,324	3,689	3,531	30,000	30,050	4,171	3,774	4,171	3,981
24,050 24,100 24,150	24,100 24,150 24,200	3,246 3,254 3,261	2,881 2,889 2,896	3,246 3,254 3,261	3,089 3,096 3,104	27,050 27,100 27,150	27,100 27,150 27,200	3,696 3,704 3,711	3,331 3,339 3,346	3,696 3,704 3,711	3,539 3,546 3,554	30,050 30,100 30,150	30,100 30,150 30,200	4,184 4,196 4,209	3,781 3,789 3,796	4,184 4,196 4,209	3,989 3,996 4,004
24,200 24,250 24,300 24,350	24,250 24,300 24,350 24,400	3,269 3,276 3,284 3,291	2,904 2,911 2,919 2,926	3,269 3,276 3,284 3,291	3,111 3,119 3,126 3,134	27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	27,250 27,300 27,350 27,400	3,719 3,726 3,734 3,741	3,354 3,361 3,369 3,376	3,719 3,726 3,734 3,741	3,561 3,569 3,576 3,584	30,200 30,250 30,300 30,350	30,250 30,300 30,350 30,400	4,221 4,234 4,246 4,259	3,804 3,811 3,819 3,826	4,221 4,234 4,246 4,259	4,011 4,019 4,026 4,034
24,400 24,450 24,500 24,550	24,450 24,500 24,550 24,600	3,299 3,306 3,314 3,321	2,934 2,941 2,949 2,956	3,299 3,306 3,314 3,321	3,141 3,149 3,156 3,164	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550 27,600	3,749 3,756 3,764 3,771	3,384 3,391 3,399 3,406	3,749 3,756 3,764 3,771	3,591 3,599 3,606 3,614	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	4,271 4,284 4,296 4,309	3,834 3,841 3,849 3,856	4,271 4,284 4,296 4,309	4,041 4,049 4,056 4,064
24,600 24,650 24,700 24,750	24,650 24,700 24,750 24,800	3,329 3,336 3,344 3,351	2,964 2,971 2,979 2,986	3,329 3,336 3,344 3,351	3,171 3,179 3,186 3,194	27,600 27,650 27,700 27,750	27,650 27,700 27,750 27,800	3,779 3,786 3,794 3,801	3,414 3,421 3,429 3,436	3,779 3,786 3,794 3,801	3,621 3,629 3,636 3,644	30,600 30,650 30,700 30,750	30,650 30,700 30,750 30,800	4,321 4,334 4,346 4,359	3,864 3,871 3,879 3,886	4,321 4,334 4,346 4,359	4,071 4,079 4,086 4,094
24,800 24,850 24,900	24,850 24,900 24,950	3,359 3,366 3,374	2,994 3,001 3,009	3,359 3,366 3,374	3,201 3,209 3,216	27,800 27,850 27,900	27,850 27,900 27,950	3,809 3,816 3,824	3,444 3,451 3,459	3,809 3,816 3,824	3,651 3,659 3,666	30,800 30,850 30,900	30,850 30,900 30,950	4,371 4,384 4,396	3,894 3,901 3,909	4,371 4,384 4,396	4,101 4,109 4,116
	25,000 , <b>000</b>	3,381	3,016	3,381	3,224	_	28,000 <b>000</b>	3,831	3,466	3,831	3,674	30,950	31,000 <b>000</b>	4,409	3,916	4,409	4,124
25,000 25,050 25,100	25,050 25,100 25,150	3,389 3,396 3,404	3,024 3,031 3,039	3,389 3,396 3,404	3,231 3,239 3,246	28,000 28,050 28,100	28,050 28,100 28,150	3,839 3,846 3,854	3,474 3,481 3,489	3,839 3,846 3,854	3,681 3,689 3,696	31,000 31,050 31,100	31,050 31,100 31,150	4,421 4,434 4,446	3,924 3,931 3,939	4,421 4,434 4,446	4,131 4,139 4,146
25,200 25,250 25,300	25,300 25,350	3,411 3,419 3,426 3,434	3,046 3,054 3,061 3,069	3,411 3,419 3,426 3,434	3,254 3,261 3,269 3,276	28,150 28,200 28,250 28,300	28,250 28,350 28,350	3,861 3,869 3,876 3,884	3,496 3,504 3,511 3,519	3,861 3,869 3,876 3,884	3,704 3,711 3,719 3,726	31,150 31,200 31,250 31,300	31,250 31,300 31,350	4,459 4,471 4,484 4,496	3,946 3,954 3,961 3,969	4,459 4,471 4,484 4,496	4,154 4,161 4,169 4,176
25,350 25,400 25,450 25,500 25,550	25,450 25,500	3,441 3,449 3,456 3,464 3,471	3,076 3,084 3,091 3,099 3,106	3,441 3,449 3,456 3,464 3,471	3,284 3,291 3,299 3,306 3,314	28,350 28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550 28,600	3,891 3,899 3,906 3,914 3,921	3,526 3,534 3,541 3,549 3,556	3,891 3,899 3,906 3,914 3,921	3,734 3,741 3,749 3,756 3,764	31,350 31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550	31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600	4,509 4,521 4,534 4,546 4,559	3,976 3,984 3,991 3,999 4,006	4,509 4,521 4,534 4,546 4,559	4,184 4,191 4,199 4,206 4,214
25,600 25,650 25,700 25,750	25,650 25,700 25,750	3,479 3,486 3,494 3,501	3,114 3,121 3,129 3,136	3,479 3,486 3,494 3,501	3,321 3,329 3,336 3,344	28,600 28,650 28,700 28,750	28,650 28,700 28,750 28,800	3,929 3,936 3,944 3,951	3,564 3,571 3,579 3,586	3,929 3,936 3,944 3,951	3,771 3,779 3,786 3,794	31,600 31,650 31,700 31,750	31,650 31,700 31,750 31,800	4,539 4,571 4,584 4,596 4,609	4,014 4,021 4,029 4,036	4,571 4,584 4,596 4,609	4,221 4,229 4,236 4,244
25,800 25,850 25,900 25,950	25,850 25,900 25,950	3,501 3,509 3,516 3,524 3,531	3,144 3,151 3,159 3,166	3,509 3,516 3,524 3,531	3,351 3,359 3,366 3,374	28,800 28,850 28,900 28,950	28,850 28,900	3,959 3,966 3,974 3,981	3,594 3,601 3,609 3,616	3,959 3,966 3,974 3,981	3,801 3,809 3,816 3,824	31,800 31,850 31,900 31,950	31,850 31,900 31,950	4,621 4,634 4,646 4,659	4,044 4,051 4,059 4,066	4,621 4,634 4,646 4,659	4,251 4,259 4,266 4,274
* This c	olumn m	ust also	be used		ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on pa	age 69)

													200	o rax	I able	—Con	uriueu
If line 4 (taxable income	•		And y	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	•	If line (taxab incom			And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
20	000		Tour	ax is—		25	000		Tour	ax is—		20	000		Tour	tax is—	
	000	4.074	4.074	4.074	4.004	<del>-                                    </del>	000	T 404	4.504	F 404	4 704		000	0 171	4.074	0.474	T 101
32,000	32,050	4,671	4,074	4,671	4,281	35,000	35,050	5,421	4,524	5,421	4,731	38,000	38,050	6,171	4,974	6,171	5,181
32,050	32,100	4,684	4,081	4,684	4,289	35,050	35,100	5,434	4,531	5,434	4,739	38,050	38,100	6,184	4,981	6,184	5,189
32,100	32,150	4,696	4,089	4,696	4,296	35,100	35,150	5,446	4,539	5,446	4,746	38,100	38,150	6,196	4,989	6,196	5,196
32,150	32,200	4,709	4,096	4,709	4,304	35,150	35,200	5,459	4,546	5,459	4,754	38,150	38,200	6,209	4,996	6,209	5,204
32,200	32,250	4,721	4,104	4,721	4,311	35,200	35,250	5,471	4,554	5,471	4,761	38,200	38,250	6,221	5,004	6,221	5,211
32,250	32,300	4,734	4,111	4,734	4,319	35,250	35,300	5,484	4,561	5,484	4,769	38,250	38,300	6,234	5,011	6,234	5,219
32,300	32,350	4,746	4,119	4,746	4,326	35,300	35,350	5,496	4,569	5,496	4,776	38,300	38,350	6,246	5,019	6,246	5,226
32,350	32,400	4,759	4,126	4,759	4,334	35,350	35,400	5,509	4,576	5,509	4,784	38,350	38,400	6,259	5,026	6,259	5,234
32,400	32,450	4,771	4,134	4,771	4,341	35,400	35,450	5,521	4,584	5,521	4,791	38,400	38,450	6,271	5,034	6,271	5,241
32,450	32,500	4,784	4,141	4,784	4,349	35,450	35,500	5,534	4,591	5,534	4,799	38,450	38,500	6,284	5,041	6,284	5,249
32,500	32,550	4,796	4,149	4,796	4,356	35,500	35,550	5,546	4,599	5,546	4,806	38,500	38,550	6,296	5,049	6,296	5,256
32,550	32,600	4,809	4,156	4,809	4,364	35,550	35,600	5,559	4,606	5,559	4,814	38,550	38,600	6,309	5,056	6,309	5,264
32,600	32,650	4,821	4,164	4,821	4,371	35,600	35,650	5,571	4,614	5,571	4,821	38,600	38,650	6,321	5,064	6,321	5,271
32,650	32,700	4,834	4,171	4,834	4,379	35,650	35,700	5,584	4,621	5,584	4,829	38,650	38,700	6,334	5,071	6,334	5,279
32,700	32,750	4,846	4,179	4,846	4,386	35,700	35,750	5,596	4,629	5,596	4,836	38,700	38,750	6,346	5,079	6,346	5,286
32,750	32,800	4,859	4,186	4,859	4,394	35,750	35,800	5,609	4,636	5,609	4,844	38,750	38,800	6,359	5,086	6,359	5,294
32,800	32,850	4,871	4,194	4,871	4,401	35,800	35,850	5,621	4,644	5,621	4,851	38,800	38,850	6,371	5,094	6,371	5,301
32,850	32,900	4,884	4,201	4,884	4,409	35,850	35,900	5,634	4,651	5,634	4,859	38,850	38,900	6,384	5,101	6,384	5,309
32,900	32,950	4,896	4,209	4,896	4,416	35,900	35,950	5,646	4,659	5,646	4,866	38,900	38,950	6,396	5,109	6,396	5,316
32,950	33,000	4,909	4,216	4,909	4,424	35,950	36,000	5,659	4,666	5,659	4,874	38,950	39,000	6,409	5,116	6,409	5,324
33,	000					36,	000					39,	000				
33,000	33,050	4,921	4,224	4,921	4,431	36,000	36,050	5,671	4,674	5,671	4,881	39,000	39,050	6,421	5,124	6,421	5,331
33,050	33,100	4,934	4,231	4,934	4,439	36,050	36,100	5,684	4,681	5,684	4,889	39,050	39,100	6,434	5,131	6,434	5,339
33,100	33,150	4,946	4,239	4,946	4,446	36,100	36,150	5,696	4,689	5,696	4,896	39,100	39,150	6,446	5,139	6,446	5,346
33,150	33,200	4,959	4,246	4,959	4,454	36,150	36,200	5,709	4,696	5,709	4,904	39,150	39,200	6,459	5,146	6,459	5,354
33,200	33,250	4,971	4,254	4,971	4,461	36,200	36,250	5,721	4,704	5,721	4,911	39,200	39,250	6,471	5,154	6,471	5,361
33,250	33,300	4,984	4,261	4,984	4,469	36,250	36,300	5,734	4,711	5,734	4,919	39,250	39,300	6,484	5,161	6,484	5,369
33,300	33,350	4,996	4,269	4,996	4,476	36,300	36,350	5,746	4,719	5,746	4,926	39,300	39,350	6,496	5,169	6,496	5,376
33,350	33,400	5,009	4,276	5,009	4,484	36,350	36,400	5,759	4,726	5,759	4,934	39,350	39,400	6,509	5,176	6,509	5,384
33,400	33,450	5,021	4,284	5,021	4,491	36,400	36,450	5,771	4,734	5,771	4,941	39,400	39,450	6,521	5,184	6,521	5,391
33,450	33,500	5,034	4,291	5,034	4,499	36,450	36,500	5,784	4,741	5,784	4,949	39,450	39,500	6,534	5,191	6,534	5,399
33,500	33,550	5,046	4,299	5,046	4,506	36,500	36,550	5,796	4,749	5,796	4,956	39,500	39,550	6,546	5,199	6,546	5,406
33,550	33,600	5,059	4,306	5,059	4,514	36,550	36,600	5,809	4,756	5,809	4,964	39,550	39,600	6,559	5,206	6,559	5,414
33,600	33,650	5,071	4,314	5,071	4,521	36,600	36,650	5,821	4,764	5,821	4,971	39,600	39,650	6,571	5,214	6,571	5,421
33,650	33,700	5,084	4,321	5,084	4,529	36,650	36,700	5,834	4,771	5,834	4,979	39,650	39,700	6,584	5,221	6,584	5,429
33,700	33,750	5,096	4,329	5,096	4,536	36,700	36,750	5,846	4,779	5,846	4,986	39,700	39,750	6,596	5,229	6,596	5,436
33,750	33,800	5,109	4,336	5,109	4,544	36,750	36,800	5,859	4,786	5,859	4,994	39,750	39,800	6,609	5,236	6,609	5,444
33,800	33,850	5,121	4,344	5,121	4,551	36,800	-	5,871	4,794	5,871	5,001	39,800	39,850	6,621	5,244	6,621	5,454
33,850	33,900	5,134	4,351	5,134	4,559	36,850		5,884	4,801	5,884	5,009	39,850	39,900	6,634	5,251	6,634	5,466
33,900	33,950	5,146	4,359	5,146	4,566	36,900		5,896	4,809	5,896	5,016	39,900	39,950	6,646	5,259	6,646	5,479
33,950	34,000	5,159	4,366	5,159	4,574	36,950		5,909	4,816	5,909	5,024	39,950	40,000	6,659	5,266	6,659	5,491
	000						000						000				
34,000	34,050	5,171	4,374	5,171	4,581	37,000	37,050	5,921	4,824	5,921	5,031	40,000	40,050	6,671	5,274	6,671	5,504
34,050	34,100	5,184	4,381	5,184	4,589	37,050	37,100	5,934	4,831	5,934	5,039	40,050	40,100	6,684	5,281	6,684	5,516
34,100	34,150	5,196	4,389	5,196	4,596	37,100	37,150	5,946	4,839	5,946	5,046	40,100	40,150	6,696	5,289	6,696	5,529
34,150	34,200	5,209	4,396	5,209	4,604	37,150	37,200	5,959	4,846	5,959	5,054	40,150	40,200	6,709	5,296	6,709	5,541
34,200	34,250	5,221	4,404	5,221	4,611	37,200	37,250	5,971	4,854	5,971	5,061	40,200	40,250	6,721	5,304	6,721	5,554
34,250	34,300	5,234	4,411	5,234	4,619	37,250	37,300	5,984	4,861	5,984	5,069	40,250	40,300	6,734	5,311	6,734	5,566
34,300	34,350	5,246	4,419	5,246	4,626	37,300	37,350	5,996	4,869	5,996	5,076	40,300	40,350	6,746	5,319	6,746	5,579
34,350	34,400	5,259	4,426	5,259	4,634	37,350	37,400	6,009	4,876	6,009	5,084	40,350	40,400	6,759	5,326	6,759	5,591
34,400	34,450	5,271	4,434	5,271	4,641	37,400	37,450	6,021	4,884	6,021	5,091	40,400	40,450	6,771	5,334	6,771	5,604
34,450	34,500	5,284	4,441	5,284	4,649	37,450	37,500	6,034	4,891	6,034	5,099	40,450	40,500	6,784	5,341	6,784	5,616
34,500	34,550	5,296	4,449	5,296	4,656	37,500	37,550	6,046	4,899	6,046	5,106	40,500	40,550	6,796	5,349	6,796	5,629
34,550	34,600	5,309	4,456	5,309	4,664	37,550	37,600	6,059	4,906	6,059	5,114	40,550	40,600	6,809	5,356	6,809	5,641
34,600	34,650	5,321	4,464	5,321	4,671	37,600	37,650	6,071	4,914	6,071	5,121	40,600	40,650	6,821	5,364	6,821	5,654
34,650	34,700	5,334	4,471	5,334	4,679	37,650	37,700	6,084	4,921	6,084	5,129	40,650	40,700	6,834	5,371	6,834	5,666
34,700	34,750	5,346	4,479	5,346	4,686	37,700	37,750	6,096	4,929	6,096	5,136	40,700	40,750	6,846	5,379	6,846	5,679
34,750	34,800	5,359	4,486	5,359	4,694	37,750	37,800	6,109	4,936	6,109	5,144	40,750	40,800	6,859	5,386	6,859	5,691
34,800	34,850	5,371	4,494	5,371	4,701	37,800	37,850	6,121	4,944	6,121	5,151	40,800	40,850	6,871	5,394	6,871	5,704
34,850	34,900	5,384	4,501	5,384	4,709	37,850	37,900	6,134	4,951	6,134	5,159	40,850	40,900	6,884	5,401	6,884	5,716
34,900	34,950	5,396	4,509	5,396	4,716	37,900	37,950	6,146	4,959	6,146	5,166	40,900	40,950	6,896	5,409	6,896	5,729
34,950	35,000	5,409	4,516	5,409	4,724	37,950	38,000	6,159	4,966	6,159	5,174	40,950	41,000	6,909	5,416	6,909	5,741
* This c	olumn m	ust also	be use	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 70)

2005 Tax Table—Continued

<u>2005 1</u>	ax Tak	ole—C	ontinu	ed													
If line 4 (taxable income	•		And y	ou are–	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxal incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing separately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
41,	000					44,	000					47,	000				
41,000	41,050	6,921	5,424	6,921	5,754	44,000	44,050	7,671	5,874	7,671	6,504	47,000	47,050	8,421	6,324	8,421	7,254
41,050	41,100	6,934	5,431	6,934	5,766	44,050	44,100	7,684	5,881	7,684	6,516	47,050	47,100	8,434	6,331	8,434	7,266
41,100	41,150	6,946	5,439	6,946	5,779	44,100	44,150	7,696	5,889	7,696	6,529	47,100	47,150	8,446	6,339	8,446	7,279
41,150	41,200	6,959	5,446	6,959	5,791	44,150	44,200	7,709	5,896	7,709	6,541	47,150	47,200	8,459	6,346	8,459	7,291
41,200	41,250	6,971	5,454	6,971	5,804	44,200	44,250	7,721	5,904	7,721	6,554	47,200	47,250	8,471	6,354	8,471	7,304
41,250	41,300	6,984	5,461	6,984	5,816	44,250	44,300	7,734	5,911	7,734	6,566	47,250	47,300	8,484	6,361	8,484	7,316
41,300	41,350	6,996	5,469	6,996	5,829	44,300	44,350	7,746	5,919	7,746	6,579	47,300	47,350	8,496	6,369	8,496	7,329
41,350	41,400	7,009	5,476	7,009	5,841	44,350	44,400	7,759	5,926	7,759	6,591	47,350	47,400	8,509	6,376	8,509	7,341
41,400	41,450	7,021	5,484	7,021	5,854	44,400	44,450	7,771	5,934	7,771	6,604	47,400	47,450	8,521	6,384	8,521	7,354
41,450	41,500	7,034	5,491	7,034	5,866	44,450	44,500	7,784	5,941	7,784	6,616	47,450	47,500	8,534	6,391	8,534	7,366
41,500	41,550	7,046	5,499	7,046	5,879	44,500	44,550	7,796	5,949	7,796	6,629	47,500	47,550	8,546	6,399	8,546	7,379
41,550	41,600	7,059	5,506	7,059	5,891	44,550	44,600	7,809	5,956	7,809	6,641	47,550	47,600	8,559	6,406	8,559	7,391
41,600	41,650	7,071	5,514	7,071	5,904	44,600	44,650	7,821	5,964	7,821	6,654	47,600	47,650	8,571	6,414	8,571	7,404
41,650	41,700	7,084	5,521	7,084	5,916	44,650	44,700	7,834	5,971	7,834	6,666	47,650	47,700	8,584	6,421	8,584	7,416
41,700	41,750	7,096	5,529	7,096	5,929	44,700	44,750	7,846	5,979	7,846	6,679	47,700	47,750	8,596	6,429	8,596	7,429
41,750	41,800	7,109	5,536	7,109	5,941	44,750	44,800	7,859	5,986	7,859	6,691	47,750	47,800	8,609	6,436	8,609	7,441
41,800	41,850	7,121	5,544	7,121	5,954	44,800	44,850	7,871	5,994	7,871	6,704	47,800	47,850	8,621	6,444	8,621	7,454
41,850	41,900	7,134	5,551	7,134	5,966	44,850	44,900	7,884	6,001	7,884	6,716	47,850	47,900	8,634	6,451	8,634	7,466
41,900	41,950	7,146	5,559	7,146	5,979	44,900	44,950	7,896	6,009	7,896	6,729	47,900	47,950	8,646	6,459	8,646	7,479
41,950	42,000	7,159	5,566	7,159	5,991	44,950	45,000	7,909	6,016	7,909	6,741	47,950	48,000	8,659	6,466	8,659	7,491
42,	000					45,	000					48,	000				
42,000	42,050	7,171	5,574	7,171	6,004	45,000	45,050	7,921	6,024	7,921	6,754	48,000	48,050	8,671	6,474	8,671	7,504
42,050	42,100	7,184	5,581	7,184	6,016	45,050	45,100	7,934	6,031	7,934	6,766	48,050	48,100	8,684	6,481	8,684	7,516
42,100	42,150	7,196	5,589	7,196	6,029	45,100	45,150	7,946	6,039	7,946	6,779	48,100	48,150	8,696	6,489	8,696	7,529
42,150	42,200	7,209	5,596	7,209	6,041	45,150	45,200	7,959	6,046	7,959	6,791	48,150	48,200	8,709	6,496	8,709	7,541
42,200	42,250	7,221	5,604	7,221	6,054	45,200	45,250	7,971	6,054	7,971	6,804	48,200	48,250	8,721	6,504	8,721	7,554
42,250	42,300	7,234	5,611	7,234	6,066	45,250	45,300	7,984	6,061	7,984	6,816	48,250	48,300	8,734	6,511	8,734	7,566
42,300	42,350	7,246	5,619	7,246	6,079	45,300	45,350	7,996	6,069	7,996	6,829	48,300	48,350	8,746	6,519	8,746	7,579
42,350	42,400	7,259	5,626	7,259	6,091	45,350	45,400	8,009	6,076	8,009	6,841	48,350	48,400	8,759	6,526	8,759	7,591
42,400	42,450	7,271	5,634	7,271	6,104	45,400	45,450	8,021	6,084	8,021	6,854	48,400	48,450	8,771	6,534	8,771	7,604
42,450	42,500	7,284	5,641	7,284	6,116	45,450	45,500	8,034	6,091	8,034	6,866	48,450	48,500	8,784	6,541	8,784	7,616
42,500	42,550	7,296	5,649	7,296	6,129	45,500	45,550	8,046	6,099	8,046	6,879	48,500	48,550	8,796	6,549	8,796	7,629
42,550	42,600	7,309	5,656	7,309	6,141	45,550	45,600	8,059	6,106	8,059	6,891	48,550	48,600	8,809	6,556	8,809	7,641
42,600	42,650	7,321	5,664	7,321	6,154	45,600	45,650	8,071	6,114	8,071	6,904	48,600	48,650	8,821	6,564	8,821	7,654
42,650	42,700	7,334	5,671	7,334	6,166	45,650	45,700	8,084	6,121	8,084	6,916	48,650	48,700	8,834	6,571	8,834	7,666
42,700	42,750	7,346	5,679	7,346	6,179	45,700	45,750	8,096	6,129	8,096	6,929	48,700	48,750	8,846	6,579	8,846	7,679
42,750	42,800	7,359	5,686	7,359	6,191	45,750	45,800	8,109	6,136	8,109	6,941	48,750	48,800	8,859	6,586	8,859	7,691
42,950	42,850 42,900 42,950 43,000	7,371 7,384 7,396 7,409	5,694 5,701 5,709 5,716	7,371 7,384 7,396 7,409	6,204 6,216 6,229 6,241	45,950	45,850 45,900 45,950 46,000	8,121 8,134 8,146 8,159	6,144 6,151 6,159 6,166	8,121 8,134 8,146 8,159	6,954 6,966 6,979 6,991	48,950	48,850 48,900 48,950 49,000	8,871 8,884 8,896 8,909	6,594 6,601 6,609 6,616	8,871 8,884 8,896 8,909	7,704 7,716 7,729 7,741
	000						000					<del>- </del>	000				
43,050 43,100 43,150	43,050 43,100 43,150 43,200	7,421 7,434 7,446 7,459	5,724 5,731 5,739 5,746	7,421 7,434 7,446 7,459	6,254 6,266 6,279 6,291	46,000 46,050 46,100 46,150	46,100 46,150 46,200	8,171 8,184 8,196 8,209	6,174 6,181 6,189 6,196	8,171 8,184 8,196 8,209	7,004 7,016 7,029 7,041		49,050 49,100 49,150 49,200	8,921 8,934 8,946 8,959	6,624 6,631 6,639 6,646	8,921 8,934 8,946 8,959	7,754 7,766 7,779 7,791
43,200	43,250	7,471	5,754	7,471	6,304	46,200	46,250	8,221	6,204	8,221	7,054	49,200	49,250	8,971	6,654	8,971	7,804
43,250	43,300	7,484	5,761	7,484	6,316	46,250	46,300	8,234	6,211	8,234	7,066	49,250	49,300	8,984	6,661	8,984	7,816
43,300	43,350	7,496	5,769	7,496	6,329	46,300	46,350	8,246	6,219	8,246	7,079	49,300	49,350	8,996	6,669	8,996	7,829
43,350	43,400	7,509	5,776	7,509	6,341	46,350	46,400	8,259	6,226	8,259	7,091	49,350	49,400	9,009	6,676	9,009	7,841
43,400	43,450	7,521	5,784	7,521	6,354	46,400	46,450	8,271	6,234	8,271	7,104	49,400	49,450	9,021	6,684	9,021	7,854
43,450	43,500	7,534	5,791	7,534	6,366	46,450	46,500	8,284	6,241	8,284	7,116	49,450	49,500	9,034	6,691	9,034	7,866
43,500	43,550	7,546	5,799	7,546	6,379	46,500	46,550	8,296	6,249	8,296	7,129	49,500	49,550	9,046	6,699	9,046	7,879
43,550	43,600	7,559	5,806	7,559	6,391	46,550	46,600	8,309	6,256	8,309	7,141	49,550	49,600	9,059	6,706	9,059	7,891
43,600	43,650	7,571	5,814	7,571	6,404	46,600	46,650	8,321	6,264	8,321	7,154	49,600	49,650	9,071	6,714	9,071	7,904
43,650	43,700	7,584	5,821	7,584	6,416	46,650	46,700	8,334	6,271	8,334	7,166	49,650	49,700	9,084	6,721	9,084	7,916
43,700	43,750	7,596	5,829	7,596	6,429	46,700	46,750	8,346	6,279	8,346	7,179	49,700	49,750	9,096	6,729	9,096	7,929
43,750	43,800	7,609	5,836	7,609	6,441	46,750	46,800	8,359	6,286	8,359	7,191	49,750	49,800	9,109	6,736	9,109	7,941
43,800	43,850	7,621	5,844	7,621	6,454	46,800	46,850	8,371	6,294	8,371	7,204	49,800	49,850	9,121	6,744	9,121	7,954
43,850	43,900	7,634	5,851	7,634	6,466	46,850	46,900	8,384	6,301	8,384	7,216	49,850	49,900	9,134	6,751	9,134	7,966
43,900	43,950	7,646	5,859	7,646	6,479	46,900	46,950	8,396	6,309	8,396	7,229	49,900	49,950	9,146	6,759	9,146	7,979
43,950	44,000	7,659	5,866	7,659	6,491	46,950	47,000	8,409	6,316	8,409	7,241	49,950	50,000	9,159	6,766	9,159	7,991
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 71)

						_							200	<u> 5 Tax</u>	Table	<u> </u>	<u>iiiiueu</u>
If line 43 (taxable income)	_		And ye	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
50,0	200		Tour	.ax 15—		F2	000		Tour	iax is—		56	000		Tour	tax is—	
	50,050	0.171	6,774	9,171	8,004	53,000	53,050	9,921	7 224	9,921	8,754	56,000	56,050	10,671	7 674	10,671	9,504
50,050 50,100	50,050 50,100 50,150 50,200	9,171 9,184 9,196 9,209	6,781 6,789 6,796	9,184 9,196 9,209	8,016 8,029 8,041	53,050 53,100 53,150	53,100 53,150 53,200	9,934 9,946 9,959	7,224 7,231 7,239 7,246	9,934 9,946 9,959	8,766 8,779 8,791	56,000 56,050 56,100 56,150	56,100 56,150 56,200	10,671 10,684 10,696 10,709	7,674 7,681 7,689 7,696	10,684 10,696 10,709	9,516 9,529 9,541
50,250 50,300	50,250 50,300 50,350 50,400	9,221 9,234 9,246 9,259	6,804 6,811 6,819 6,826	9,221 9,234 9,246 9,259	8,054 8,066 8,079 8,091	53,200 53,250 53,300 53,350	53,250 53,300 53,350 53,400	9,971 9,984 9,996 10,009	7,254 7,261 7,269 7,276	9,971 9,984 9,996 10,009	8,804 8,816 8,829 8,841	56,200 56,250 56,300 56,350	56,250 56,300 56,350 56,400	10,721 10,734 10,746 10,759	7,704 7,711 7,719 7,726	10,721 10,734 10,746 10,759	9,554 9,566 9,579 9,591
50,450 50,500	50,450 50,500 50,550 50,600	9,271 9,284 9,296 9,309	6,834 6,841 6,849 6,856	9,271 9,284 9,296 9,309	8,104 8,116 8,129 8,141	53,400 53,450 53,500 53,550	53,450 53,500 53,550 53,600	10,021 10,034 10,046 10,059	7,284 7,291 7,299 7,306	10,021 10,034 10,046 10,059	8,854 8,866 8,879 8,891	56,400 56,450 56,500 56,550	56,450 56,500 56,550 56,600	10,771 10,784 10,796 10,809	7,734 7,741 7,749 7,756	10,771 10,784 10,796 10,809	9,604 9,616 9,629 9,641
50,600 50,650 50,700	50,650 50,700 50,750	9,321 9,334 9,346	6,864 6,871 6,879	9,321 9,334 9,346	8,154 8,166 8,179	53,600 53,650 53,700	53,650 53,700 53,750	10,071 10,084 10,096	7,314 7,321 7,329	10,071 10,084 10,096 10,109	8,904 8,916 8,929	56,600 56,650 56,700	56,650 56,700 56,750	10,821 10,834 10,846	7,764 7,771 7,779	10,821 10,834 10,846	9,654 9,666 9,679
50,800 50,850 50,900	50,800 50,850 50,900 50,950 51,000	9,359 9,371 9,384 9,396 9,409	6,886 6,894 6,901 6,909 6,916	9,359 9,371 9,384 9,396 9,409	8,191 8,204 8,216 8,229 8,241	53,750 53,800 53,850 53,900 53,950	53,800 53,850 53,900 53,950 54,000	10,109 10,121 10,134 10,146 10,159	7,344 7,351 7,359	10,121 10,134 10,146 10,159	8,941 8,954 8,966 8,979 8,991	56,750 56,800 56,850 56,900 56,950	56,800 56,850 56,900 56,950 57,000	10,859 10,871 10,884 10,896 10,909	7,786 7,794 7,801 7,809 7,816	10,859 10,871 10,884 10,896 10,909	9,691 9,704 9,716 9,729 9,741
51,0	,	0,100	0,0.0	0,.00	0,2	<u> </u>	000	10,100	.,000	,	0,00.	<u> </u>	000	10,000	.,	. 0,000	0,
	51,050	9,421	6,924	9,421	8,254	54,000	54,050	10,171	7 374	10,171	9,004	57,000	57,050	10,921	7 824	10,921	9,754
51,050 51,100 51,150	51,100 51,150 51,200	9,434 9,446 9,459	6,931 6,939 6,946	9,434 9,446 9,459	8,266 8,279 8,291	54,050 54,100 54,150	54,100 54,150 54,200	10,184 10,196 10,209	7,381 7,389 7,396	10,184 10,196 10,209	9,016 9,029 9,041	57,050 57,100 57,150	57,100 57,150 57,200	10,934 10,946 10,959	7,831 7,839 7,846	10,934 10,946 10,959	9,766 9,779 9,791
51,250 51,300	51,250 51,300 51,350 51,400	9,471 9,484 9,496 9,509	6,954 6,961 6,969 6,976	9,471 9,484 9,496 9,509	8,304 8,316 8,329 8,341	54,200 54,250 54,300 54,350	54,250 54,300 54,350 54,400	10,221 10,234 10,246 10,259	7,404 7,411 7,419 7,426	10,221 10,234 10,246 10,259	9,054 9,066 9,079 9,091	57,200 57,250 57,300 57,350	57,250 57,300 57,350 57,400	10,971 10,984 10,996 11,009	7,854 7,861 7,869 7,876	10,971 10,984 10,996 11,009	9,804 9,816 9,829 9,841
51,450 51,500	51,450 51,500 51,550 51,600	9,521 9,534 9,546 9,559	6,984 6,991 6,999 7,006	9,521 9,534 9,546 9,559	8,354 8,366 8,379 8,391	54,400 54,450 54,500 54,550	54,450 54,500 54,550 54,600	10,271 10,284 10,296 10,309	7,434 7,441 7,449 7,456	10,271 10,284 10,296 10,309	9,104 9,116 9,129 9,141	57,400 57,450 57,500 57,550	57,450 57,500 57,550 57,600	11,021 11,034 11,046 11,059	7,884 7,891 7,899 7,906	11,021 11,034 11,046 11,059	9,854 9,866 9,879 9,891
51,650 51,700	51,650 51,700 51,750 51,800	9,571 9,584 9,596 9,609	7,014 7,021 7,029 7,036	9,571 9,584 9,596 9,609	8,404 8,416 8,429 8,441	54,600 54,650 54,700 54,750	54,650 54,700 54,750 54,800	10,321 10,334 10,346 10,359	7,464 7,471 7,479 7,486	10,321 10,334 10,346 10,359	9,154 9,166 9,179 9,191	57,600 57,650 57,700 57,750	57,650 57,700 57,750 57,800	11,071 11,084 11,096 11,109	7,914 7,921 7,929 7,936	11,071 11,084 11,096 11,109	9,904 9,916 9,929 9,941
51,850	51,850 51,900 51,950 52,000	9,621 9,634 9,646 9,659	7,044 7,051 7,059 7,066	9,621 9,634 9,646 9,659	8,454 8,466 8,479 8,491	54,800 54,850 54,900 54,950	54,850 54,900 54,950 55,000	10,371 10,384 10,396 10,409		10,371 10,384 10,396 10,409	9,204 9,216 9,229 9,241	57,800 57,850 57,900 57,950	57,850 57,900 57,950 58,000	11,121 11,134 11,146 11,159	7,959	11,121 11,134 11,146 11,159	9,954 9,966 9,979 9,991
52,0	000					55,	000					58,	000				
52,000 52,050 52,100 52,150	52,100 52,150	9,671 9,684 9,696 9,709	7,074 7,081 7,089 7,096	9,671 9,684 9,696 9,709	8,504 8,516 8,529 8,541	55,050   55,100	55,050 55,100 55,150 55,200	10,421 10,434 10,446 10,459	7,531 7,539	10,421 10,434 10,446 10,459	9,254 9,266 9,279 9,291	58,000 58,050 58,100 58,150	58,050 58,100 58,150 58,200	11,171 11,184 11,196 11,209	7,981 7,989	11,171 11,184 11,196 11,209	10,016 10,029
52,200 52,250	52,250 52,300 52,350	9,721 9,734 9,746 9,759	7,104 7,111 7,119 7,126	9,721 9,734 9,746 9,759	8,554 8,566 8,579 8,591	55,200	55,250 55,300	10,471 10,484 10,496 10,509	7,554 7,561 7,569	10,471 10,484 10,496 10,509	9,304 9,316 9,329 9,341	58,200 58,250 58,300 58,350	58,250 58,300 58,350 58,400	11,221 11,234 11,246 11,259	8,004 8,011 8,019	11,221 11,234 11,246 11,259	10,054 10,066 10,079
52,400 52,450 52,500 52,550	52,450 52,500 52,550 52,600	9,771 9,784 9,796 9,809	7,134 7,141 7,149 7,156	9,771 9,784 9,796 9,809	8,604 8,616 8,629 8,641	55,400 55,450 55,500 55,550	55,450 55,500 55,550 55,600	10,521 10,534 10,546 10,559	7,584 7,591 7,599 7,606	10,521 10,534 10,546 10,559	9,354 9,366 9,379 9,391	58,400 58,450 58,500 58,550	58,450 58,500 58,550 58,600	11,271 11,284 11,296 11,309	8,034 8,041 8,049 8,056	11,271 11,284 11,296 11,309	10,104 10,116 10,129 10,141
52,750	52,700 52,750 52,800	9,821 9,834 9,846 9,859	7,164 7,171 7,179 7,186	9,821 9,834 9,846 9,859	8,654 8,666 8,679 8,691	55,650 55,700	55,750 55,800	10,571 10,584 10,596 10,609	7,621 7,629 7,636	10,571 10,584 10,596 10,609	9,404 9,416 9,429 9,441	58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750	58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800	11,321 11,334 11,346 11,359	8,071 8,079	11,321 11,334 11,346 11,359	10,166 10,179
		9,871 9,884 9,896 9,909	7,194 7,201 7,209 7,216	9,871 9,884 9,896 9,909	8,704 8,716 8,729 8,741	55,900	55,850 55,900 55,950 56,000	10,621 10,634 10,646 10,659	7,651	10,621 10,634 10,646 10,659	9,454 9,466 9,479 9,491	58,800 58,850 58,900 58,950	58,850 58,900 58,950 59,000	11,371 11,384 11,396 11,409	8,101 8,109	11,371 11,384 11,396 11,409	10,216 10,229
* This col	lumn mı	ust also	be used	by a qu	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 72)

2005 Tax Table—Continued

If line 4 (taxable	Э		And y	ou are-	_	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	_	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
59.	,000					62,	000					65,	000				
59,000 59,050 59,100 59,150	59,050	11,421 11,434 11,446 11,459	8,131	11,421 11,434 11,446 11,459	10,254 10,266 10,279 10,291	62,000 62,050 62,100 62,150	62,050 62,100 62,150 62,200	12,171 12,184 12,196 12,209	8,836 8,849 8,861 8,874		11,004 11,016 11,029 11,041	65,000 65,050 65,100 65,150	65,050 65,100 65,150 65,200	12,921 12,934 12,946 12,959	9,586 9,599 9,611 9,624	13,073 13,087 13,101 13,115	11,766 11,779
59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,250 59,300 59,350 59,400	11,471 11,484 11,496 11,509	8,161 8,169	11,471 11,484 11,496 11,509	10,304 10,316 10,329 10,341	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,250 62,300 62,350 62,400	12,221 12,234 12,246 12,259	8,911	12,303 12,317	11,054 11,066 11,079 11,091	65,200 65,250 65,300 65,350	65,250 65,300 65,350 65,400	12,971 12,984 12,996 13,009	9,636 9,649	13,157	11,816
59,400 59,450 59,500 59,550	59,550	11,521 11,534 11,546 11,559	8,199 8,211	11,521 11,534 11,546 11,559	10,379	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550	62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	12,271 12,284 12,296 12,309	8,949 8,961	12,345 12,359 12,373 12,387	11,116 11,129	65,400 65,450 65,500 65,550	65,450 65,500 65,550 65,600	13,021 13,034 13,046 13,059	9,686 9,699 9,711 9,724	13,185 13,199 13,213 13,227	11,866 11,879
59,600 59,650 59,700 59,750	59,750	11,571 11,584 11,596 11,609	8,249 8,261		10,404 10,416 10,429 10,441	62,600 62,650 62,700 62,750	62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	12,321 12,334 12,346 12,359				65,600 65,650 65,700 65,750	65,650 65,700 65,750 65,800	13,071 13,084 13,096 13,109	9,736 9,749 9,761 9,774		11,916 11,929
59,800 59,850 59,900 59,950	59,900 59,950	11,621 11,634 11,646 11,659	8,299 8,311		10,466 10,479	62,800 62,850 62,900 62,950	62,850 62,900 62,950 63,000	12,371 12,384 12,396 12,409	9,049 9,061		11,216 11,229	65,800 65,850 65,900 65,950	65,850 65,900 65,950 66,000	13,121 13,134 13,146 13,159	9,799 9,811	13,297 13,311 13,325 13,339	11,966 11,979
60,	,000					63,	000					66,	000				
60,000 60,050 60,100 60,150	60,100 60,150	11,671 11,684 11,696 11,709	8,349 8,361	11,673 11,687 11,701 11,715	10,516 10,529	63,050 63,100	63,050 63,100 63,150 63,200	12,421 12,434 12,446 12,459	9,099 9,111	12,513 12,527 12,541 12,555	11,266 11,279	66,000 66,050 66,100 66,150	66,050 66,100 66,150 66,200	13,171 13,184 13,196 13,209	9,849 9,861	13,353 13,367 13,381 13,395	12,016 12,029
60,200 60,250 60,300 60,350	60,300 60,350	11,721 11,734 11,746 11,759	8,399 8,411	11,743	10,554 10,566 10,579 10,591	63,200 63,250 63,300 63,350	63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400	12,471 12,484 12,496 12,509	9,149 9,161			66,200 66,250 66,300 66,350	66,250 66,300 66,350 66,400	13,221 13,234 13,246 13,259	9,886 9,899 9,911 9,924	13,409 13,423 13,437 13,451	12,079
60,400 60,450 60,500 60,550	60,500 60,550	11,771 11,784 11,796 11,809	8,449 8,461	11,785 11,799 11,813 11,827		63,400 63,450 63,500 63,550	63,450 63,500 63,550 63,600	12,521 12,534 12,546 12,559	9,199 9,211		11,354 11,366 11,379 11,391	66,400 66,450 66,500 66,550	66,450 66,500 66,550 66,600	13,271 13,284 13,296 13,309	9,936 9,949 9,961 9,974	13,465 13,479 13,493 13,507	12,116 12,129
60,600 60,650 60,700 60,750	60,750	11,821 11,834 11,846 11,859	8,486 8,499 8,511 8,524	11,841 11,855 11,869 11,883	10,654 10,666 10,679 10,691	63,600 63,650 63,700 63,750	63,650 63,700 63,750 63,800	12,571 12,584 12,596 12,609	9,249 9,261	12,695	11,404 11,416 11,429 11,441	66,600 66,650 66,700 66,750	66,650 66,700 66,750 66,800		9,986 9,999 10,011 10,024	13,535	12,154 12,166 12,179 12,191
60,900	60,850 60,900 60,950 61,000		8,549 8,561		10,716 10,729	63,900	63,850 63,900 63,950 64,000		9,299 9,311	12,765	11,466 11,479		66,850 66,900 66,950 67,000	13,384 13,396	10,049 10,061		12,216 12,229
61,	,000					64,	000	ı				67,	000				
61,050 61,100	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200	11,921 11,934 11,946 11,959	8,599 8,611	11,953 11,967 11,981 11,995	10,766 10,779	64,050 64,100	64,050 64,100 64,150 64,200	12,671 12,684 12,696 12,709	9,349 9,361	12,793 12,807 12,821 12,835	11,516 11,529	67,050	67,050 67,100 67,150 67,200	13,434 13,446	10,099 10,111	13,633 13,647 13,661 13,675	12,266 12,279
61,250 61,300	61,250 61,300 61,350 61,400	11,971 11,984 11,996 12,009	8,649 8,661	12,009 12,023 12,037 12,051	10,816 10,829	64,250 64,300	64,250 64,300 64,350 64,400	12,721 12,734 12,746 12,759	9,399 9,411	12,849 12,863 12,877 12,891	11,566 11,579	67,200 67,250 67,300 67,350	67,250 67,300 67,350 67,400	13,484 13,496	10,149 10,161	13,689 13,703 13,717 13,731	12,316 12,329
61,450 61,500	61,450 61,500 61,550 61,600	12,021 12,034 12,046 12,059	8,699 8,711	12,065 12,079 12,093 12,107	10,866 10,879	64,450 64,500	64,450 64,500 64,550 64,600	12,771 12,784 12,796 12,809	9,449 9,461	12,905 12,919 12,933 12,947	11,616 11,629	67,400 67,450 67,500 67,550	67,450 67,500 67,550 67,600	13,534 13,546	10,199 10,211	13,745 13,759 13,773 13,787	12,366 12,379
61,650 61,700	61,650 61,700 61,750 61,800	12,071 12,084 12,096 12,109	8,749 8,761	12,121 12,135 12,149 12,163	10,916 10,929	64,650 64,700	64,650 64,700 64,750 64,800	12,821 12,834 12,846 12,859	9,499 9,511	12,961 12,975 12,989 13,003	11,666 11,679	67,600 67,650 67,700 67,750	67,650 67,700 67,750 67,800	13,584 13,596	10,249 10,261	13,801 13,815 13,829 13,843	12,416 12,429
61,850 61,900	61,850 61,900 61,950 62,000	12,121 12,134 12,146 12,159	8,799 8,811	12,177 12,191 12,205 12,219	10,966 10,979	64,850 64,900	64,850 64,900 64,950 65,000	12,871 12,884 12,896 12,909	9,549 9,561	13,017 13,031 13,045 13,059	11,716 11,729	67,900	67,850 67,900 67,950 68,000	13,634 13,646	10,299 10,311	13,857 13,871 13,885 13,899	12,466 12,479
* This c	olumn m	ust also	be use	d by a c	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 73)

	2005 Tax Table—Continued									200							
If line 4 (taxable income	•		And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are–	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately	Head of a house- hold
	000		Your	tax is—			000		Your	ax is—			000		Your	tax is—	
	,000	10.071	10.000	10.010	10.501		000	44404	11.000	4.4.750	10.051	<del></del>	000	45.004	11.000	45.500	11001
68,000 68,050 68,100 68,150	68,050 68,100 68,150 68,200	13,684 13,696	10,349 10,361	13,913 13,927 13,941 13,955	12,516 12,529	71,000 71,050 71,100 71,150	71,050 71,100 71,150 71,200	14,434 14,446	11,111	14,767 14,781	13,266	74,000 74,050 74,100 74,150	74,050 74,100 74,150 74,200	15,248 15,262	11,836 11,849 11,861 11,874	15,593 15,607 15,621 15,635	14,016
68,200 68,250 68,300 68,350	68,250 68,300 68,350 68,400	13,734 13,746	10,399 10,411	13,969 13,983 13,997 14,011	12,566 12,579	71,200 71,250 71,300 71,350	71,250 71,300 71,350 71,400	14,484 14,496	11,149 11,161		13,316 13,329	74,200 74,250 74,300 74,350	74,250 74,300 74,350 74,400	15,304 15,318	11,886 11,899 11,911 11,924		14,066 14,079
68,400 68,450 68,500 68,550	68,450 68,500 68,550 68,600	13,784 13,796		14,025 14,039 14,053 14,067	12,616 12,629	71,400 71,450 71,500 71,550	71,450 71,500 71,550 71,600	14,534 14,546	11,199 11,211	14,879 14,893	13,354 13,366 13,379 13,391	74,400 74,450 74,500 74,550	74,450 74,500 74,550 74,600	15,360 15,374		15,705 15,719 15,733 15,747	14,129
68,600 68,650 68,700 68,750	68,650 68,700 68,750	13,821 13,834 13,846	10,486 10,499 10,511	14,081 14,095 14,109 14,123	12,654 12,666 12,679	71,600 71,650 71,700 71,750	71,650 71,700 71,750 71,800	14,571 14,584 14,596	11,236 11,249 11,261	14,921	13,404 13,416 13,429	74,600 74,650 74,700 74,750	74,650 74,700 74,750 74,800	15,402 15,416 15,430	11,986 11,999 12,011 12,024	15,761 15,775 15,789	
68,800 68,850 68,900 68,950	68,850 68,900 68,950	13,871 13,884 13,896	10,536 10,549 10,561		12,704 12,716 12,729	71,800 71,850 71,900 71,950	71,850 71,900 71,950 72,000	14,621 14,634 14,646	11,286 11,299	14,977 14,991 15,005	13,454 13,466 13,479	74,800 74,850 74,900 74,950	74,850 74,900 74,950 75,000	15,458 15,472 15,486	12,036 12,049 12,061	15,817 15,831	14,204 14,216 14,229
69.	,000		,		•	<u> </u>	000		,	· ·		<u> </u>	000		,		
69,000		13.921	10.586	14,193	12.754	<u> </u>	72,050	14.674	11,336	15.033	13.504	75,000	75,050	15.514	12,086	15,873	14.254
69,050 69,100 69,150	69,100 69,150 69,200	13,934 13,946 13,959	10,599 10,611 10,624	14,207 14,221 14,235	12,766 12,779 12,791	72,050 72,100 72,150	72,100 72,150 72,200	14,688 14,702 14,716	11,349 11,361 11,374	15,047 15,061 15,075	13,516 13,529 13,541	75,050 75,100 75,150	75,100 75,150 75,200	15,528 15,542 15,556	12,099 12,111 12,124	15,887 15,901 15,915	14,266 14,279 14,291
69,200 69,250 69,300 69,350	69,250 69,300 69,350 69,400	13,984 13,996		14,249 14,263 14,277 14,291	12,816	72,200 72,250 72,300 72,350	72,250 72,300 72,350 72,400	14,744 14,758	11,399 11,411			75,200 75,250 75,300 75,350	75,250 75,300 75,350 75,400	15,584 15,598		15,943 15,957	14,304 14,316 14,329 14,341
69,400 69,450 69,500 69,550	69,450 69,500 69,550 69,600	14,034 14,046	10,699 10,711	14,305 14,319 14,333 14,347	12,866 12,879	72,400 72,450 72,500 72,550	72,450 72,500 72,550 72,600	14,800 14,814	11,449 11,461	15,145 15,159 15,173 15,187	13,616 13,629	75,400 75,450 75,500 75,550	75,450 75,500 75,550 75,600	15,640 15,654	12,186 12,199 12,211 12,224	15,999 16,013	14,354 14,366 14,379 14,391
69,600 69,650 69,700 69,750	69,650 69,700 69,750 69,800	14,084 14,096	10,749			72,600 72,650 72,700 72,750	72,650 72,700 72,750 72,800	14,856	11,499 11,511			75,600 75,650 75,700 75,750	75,650 75,700 75,750 75,800	15,696 15,710		16,055 16,069	14,404 14,416 14,429 14,441
69,800 69,850 69,900	69,850	14,121 14,134 14,146	10,786 10,799 10,811	14,417 14,431 14,445	12,954 12,966 12,979	72,800 72,850 72,900	72,850 72,900 72,950 73,000	14,898 14,912 14,926	11,536 11,549 11,561	15,257 15,271 15,285	13,704 13,716 13,729	75,800 75,850 75,900	75,850 75,900 75,950 76,000	15,738 15,752 15,766	12,286 12,299 12,311	16,097 16,111 16,125	14,454 14,466 14,479
	,000	,	- , -	,	,	<u> </u>	000	, , , , ,	,-	,	- ,	<u> </u>	000		, -		, -
70,000 70,050 70,100	70,050 70,100 70,150 70,200	14,184 14,196	10,849 10,861	14,473 14,487 14,501 14,515	13,016 13,029	73,000 73,050 73,100	73,050 73,100	14,968 14,982	11,586 11,599 11,611 11,624	15,327 15,341	13,766 13,779		76,050 76,100 76,150 76,200	15,808 15,822	12,349 12,361	16,153 16,167 16,181 16,195	14,516 14,529
70,250 70,300	70,250 70,300 70,350 70,400	14,234 14,246	10,899 10,911	14,529 14,543 14,557 14,571	13,066 13,079		73,250 73,300 73,350 73,400	15,024 15,038	11,636 11,649 11,661 11,674	15,383 15,397	13,816 13,829	76,200 76,250 76,300 76,350	76,250 76,300 76,350 76,400	15,864 15,878	12,399 12,411	16,209 16,223 16,237 16,251	14,566 14,579
70,400 70,450 70,500 70,550	70,500 70,550	14,284 14,296	10,949 10,961	14,585 14,599 14,613 14,627	13,116 13,129	73,400 73,450 73,500 73,550	73,450 73,500	15,080 15,094	11,686 11,699 11,711 11,724	15,439 15,453	13,866 13,879	76,400 76,450 76,500 76,550	76,450 76,500 76,550 76,600	15,920 15,934	12,449 12,461	16,265 16,279 16,293 16,307	14,616 14,629
70,650 70,700	70,650 70,700 70,750 70,800	14,334 14,346	10,999 11,011	14,641 14,655 14,669 14,683	13,166 13,179	73,600 73,650 73,700 73,750	73,700 73,750 73,800	15,136 15,150	11,736 11,749 11,761 11,774	15,495 15,509	13,916 13,929	76,600 76,650 76,700 76,750	76,650 76,700 76,750 76,800	15,976 15,990	12,499 12,511	16,321 16,335 16,349 16,363	14,666 14,679
		14,384 14,396	11,049 11,061	14,697 14,711 14,725 14,739	13,216 13,229		73,850 73,900 73,950 74,000	15,192 15,206	11,786 11,799 11,811 11,824	15,551 15,565	13,966 13,979	76,800 76,850 76,900 76,950	76,850 76,900 76,950 77,000	16,032 16,046	12,549 12,561	16,377 16,391 16,405 16,419	14,716 14,729
* This co	* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er). (Continued on page 74)																

2005 Tax Table—Continued

If line 4 (taxable income	•			ou are-	_	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxak incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately tax is—	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
77,	000					80,000					83,	000					
77,050	77,050 77,100 77,150 77,200	16,088 16,102	12,599 12,611	16,433 16,447 16,461 16,475	14,766 14,779		80,050 80,100 80,150 80,200	16,928 16,942	13,336 13,349 13,361 13,374	17,287 17,301	15,516 15,529	83,000 83,050 83,100 83,150	83,050 83,100 83,150 83,200	17,768	14,099 14,111	18,113 18,127 18,141 18,155	16,266 16,279
77,200 77,250 77,300	77,250 77,300 77,350 77,400	16,130 16,144 16,158	12,636 12,649 12,661	16,489 16,503 16,517 16,531	14,804 14,816 14,829	80,200	80,250 80,300	16,970 16,984 16,998	13,386	17,329 17,343 17,357	15,554 15,566	83,200 83,250 83,300 83,350	83,250 83,300 83,350 83,400	17,810 17,824	14,136 14,149 14,161	18,169	16,304 16,316 16,329
77,400 77,450 77,500	77,450 77,500 77,550 77,600	16,186 16,200 16,214	12,686 12,699 12,711	16,545 16,559 16,573 16,587	14,854 14,866 14,879	80,400 80,450 80,500	80,450 80,500 80,550 80,600	17,026 17,040 17,054	13,436 13,449 13,461 13,474	17,385 17,399 17,413	15,604 15,616 15,629	83,400 83,450 83,500 83,550	83,450 83,500 83,550 83,600	17,866 17,880 17,894	14,186 14,199 14,211	18,225 18,239	16,354 16,366 16,379
77,600 77,650 77,700	77,650 77,700 77,750 77,800	16,242 16,256 16,270	12,736 12,749 12,761	16,601 16,615 16,629 16,643	14,904 14,916 14,929	80,600 80,650 80,700 80,750	80,650 80,700	17,082 17,096 17,110	13,486	17,441 17,455 17,469	15,654 15,666 15,679	83,600 83,650 83,700 83,750	83,650 83,700 83,750 83,800	17,922 17,936	14,236 14,249 14,261	18,281 18,295 18,309	16,404 16,416
77,800 77,850 77,900	77,850 77,900 77,950 78,000	16,298 16,312 16,326	12,786 12,799 12,811	16,657 16,671 16,685 16,699	14,954 14,966 14,979	80,800 80,850 80,900	80,850 80,900 80,950 81,000	17,138 17,152 17,166	13,536 13,549 13,561 13,574	17,497 17,511 17,525	15,704 15,716 15,729	83,800 83,850 83,900 83,950	83,850 83,900 83,950 84,000	17,978 17,992 18,006	14,286 14,299 14,311	18,337 18,351 18,365 18,379	16,466 16,479
78,	000					81,	000					84,	000				
78,050 78,100	78,050 78,100 78,150 78,200	16,368 16,382	12,849 12,861	16,713 16,727 16,741 16,755	15,016 15,029	81,050 81,100	81,050 81,100 81,150 81,200	17,208 17,222	13,586 13,599 13,611 13,624	17,567 17,581	15,766 15,779	84,000 84,050 84,100 84,150	84,050 84,100 84,150 84,200	18,048 18,062	14,349 14,361	18,393 18,407 18,421 18,435	16,516 16,529
78,200 78,250 78,300 78,350	78,250 78,300 78,350 78,400	16,424 16,438	12,899 12,911	16,769 16,783 16,797 16,811	15,066 15,079	81,250 81,300	81,250 81,300 81,350 81,400	17,264 17,278	13,636 13,649 13,661 13,674	17,623 17,637	15,816 15,829	84,200 84,250 84,300 84,350	84,250 84,300 84,350 84,400		14,399 14,411	18,463 18,477	16,554 16,566 16,579 16,591
78,400 78,450 78,500 78,550	78,450 78,500 78,550 78,600	16,480 16,494	12,949 12,961	16,825 16,839 16,853 16,867	15,116 15,129	81,450 81,500	81,450 81,500 81,550 81,600	17,320 17,334	13,686 13,699 13,711 13,724	17,679 17,693	15,866 15,879	84,400 84,450 84,500 84,550	84,450 84,500 84,550 84,600	18,160	14,449 14,461	.,	16,616 16,629
78,600 78,650 78,700 78,750	78,650 78,700 78,750 78,800	16,536 16,550	12,999 13,011	16,881 16,895 16,909 16,923	15,166 15,179	81,650 81,700	81,650 81,700 81,750 81,800	17,376 17,390		17,735 17,749	15,916 15,929	84,600 84,650 84,700 84,750	84,650 84,700 84,750 84,800	18,202 18,216 18,230 18,244	14,499 14,511		16,666 16,679
	78,850 78,900 78,950 79,000	16,592 16,606	13,049 13,061		15,216 15,229	81,850 81,900	81,850 81,900 81,950 82,000	17,432 17,446		17,791 17,805	15,966 15,979		84,850 84,900 84,950 85,000	18,286	14,549 14,561		16,716 16,729
79,	000					82,	000					85,	000				
79,050 79,100	79,050 79,100 79,150 79,200	16,648 16,662	13,099 13,111	16,993 17,007 17,021 17,035	15,266 15,279	82,050 82,100	82,050 82,100 82,150 82,200	17,488 17,502	13,836 13,849 13,861 13,874	17,847 17,861	16,016 16,029	85,050 85,100	85,050 85,100 85,150 85,200	18,328 18,342	14,599 14,611	18,673 18,687 18,701 18,715	16,766 16,779
79,250 79,300 79,350	79,250 79,300 79,350 79,400	16,704 16,718 16,732	13,149 13,161 13,174	17,049 17,063 17,077 17,091	15,316 15,329 15,341	82,250 82,300 82,350	82,250 82,300 82,350 82,400	17,544 17,558 17,572	13,886 13,899 13,911 13,924	17,903 17,917 17,931	16,066 16,079 16,091	85,200 85,250 85,300 85,350	85,250 85,300 85,350 85,400	18,384 18,398 18,412	14,649 14,661 14,674	18,729 18,743 18,757 18,771	16,816 16,829 16,841
79,450 79,500 79,550	79,450 79,500 79,550 79,600	16,760 16,774 16,788	13,199 13,211 13,224	17,105 17,119 17,133 17,147	15,366 15,379 15,391	82,450 82,500 82,550	82,450 82,500 82,550 82,600	17,600 17,614 17,628	13,936 13,949 13,961 13,974	17,959 17,973 17,987	16,116 16,129 16,141	85,400 85,450 85,500 85,550	85,450 85,500 85,550 85,600	18,440 18,454	14,699 14,711	18,785 18,799 18,813 18,827	16,866 16,879
79,650 79,700 79,750	79,650 79,700 79,750 79,800	16,816 16,830 16,844	13,249 13,261 13,274	17,161 17,175 17,189 17,203	15,416 15,429 15,441	82,650 82,700 82,750	82,650 82,700 82,750 82,800	17,656 17,670 17,684	13,986 13,999 14,011 14,024	18,015 18,029 18,043	16,166 16,179 16,191	85,600 85,650 85,700 85,750	85,650 85,700 85,750 85,800	18,496 18,510 18,524	14,749 14,761 14,774	18,841 18,855 18,869 18,883	16,916 16,929 16,941
79,850 79,900	79,850 79,900 79,950 80,000	16,872 16,886	13,299 13,311	17,217 17,231 17,245 17,259	15,466 15,479	82,850 82,900	82,850 82,900 82,950 83,000	17,712 17,726	14,036 14,049 14,061 14,074	18,071 18,085	16,216 16,229	85,900	85,850 85,900 85,950 86,000	18,552 18,566	14,799 14,811	18,897 18,911 18,925 18,939	16,966 16,979
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er). (Continued on page 75)																	

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If line 4 (taxable income)			And y	ou are–	-	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom		And you are—			
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	Head of a house- hold
			Your	tax is—		Your tax is—								Your	tax is—		
86,	000					89,	000	I				92,	000				
86,000 86,050 86,100 86,150	86,050 86,100 86,150 86,200	18,608 18,622	14,849 14,861	18,953 18,967 18,981 18,995	17,016 17,029	89,000 89,050 89,100 89,150		19,448 19,462 19,476	15,586 15,599 15,611 15,624	19,807 19,821 19,835	17,766 17,779 17,791	92,000 92,050 92,100 92,150	92,050 92,100 92,150 92,200	20,288 20,302		20,681 20,697	18,516 18,529
86,200 86,250 86,300 86,350	86,250 86,300 86,350 86,400	18,664 18,678	14,899 14,911	19,009 19,023 19,037 19,051	17,066 17,079	89,200 89,250 89,300 89,350		19,504 19,518	15,636 15,649 15,661 15,674	19,863 19,877	17,816 17,829	92,200 92,250 92,300 92,350	92,250 92,300 92,350 92,400	20,344 20,358	16,411	20,747 20,763	18,554 18,566 18,579 18,591
86,400 86,450 86,500 86,550	86,450 86,500 86,550 86,600	18,720 18,734	14,936 14,949 14,961 14,974	19,065 19,079 19,093 19,107	17,116 17,129	89,400 89,450 89,500 89,550	89,450 89,500 89,550 89,600	19,560 19,574		19,919 19,933	17,866 17,879	92,400 92,450 92,500 92,550	92,450 92,500 92,550 92,600	20,400 20,414	16,449	20,813 20,829	18,604 18,616 18,629 18,641
86,600 86,650 86,700 86,750	86,650 86,700 86,750 86,800	18,776 18,790	14,999 15,011	19,121 19,135 19,149 19,163	17,166 17,179	89,600 89,650 89,700 89,750	89,650 89,700 89,750 89,800	19,616 19,630	15,736 15,749 15,761 15,774	19,975 19,989	17,916 17,929	92,600 92,650 92,700 92,750	92,650 92,700 92,750 92,800	20,456 20,470		20,879 20,895	18,654 18,666 18,679 18,691
86,800 86,850 86,900 86,950	86,850 86,900 86,950 87,000	18,832 18,846	15,049 15,061	19,177 19,191 19,205 19,219	17,216 17,229	89,800 89,850 89,900 89,950	89,850 89,900 89,950 90,000	19,672 19,686	15,786 15,799 15,811 15,824	20,031 20,045	17,966 17,979	92,800 92,850 92,900 92,950	92,850 92,900 92,950 93,000	20,512 20,526		20,945 20,961	18,704 18,716 18,729 18,741
87,	000					90,	000					93,	000				
87,100	87,050 87,100 87,150 87,200	18,888 18,902	15,099 15,111	19,233 19,247 19,261 19,275	17,266 17,279	90,000 90,050 90,100 90,150	90,050 90,100 90,150 90,200	19,728 19,742	15,836 15,849 15,861 15,874	20,101	18,016 18,029	93,000 93,050 93,100 93,150	93,050 93,100 93,150 93,200	20,568 20,582	16,586 16,599 16,611 16,624	21,027	18,766 18,779
87,200 87,250 87,300 87,350	87,250 87,300 87,350 87,400	18,944 18,958	15,149 15,161	19,289 19,303 19,317 19,331	17,316 17,329	90,200 90,250 90,300 90,350	90,250 90,300 90,350 90,400	19,784 19,798	15,886 15,899 15,911 15,924		18,066 18,079	93,200 93,250 93,300 93,350	93,250 93,300 93,350 93,400	20,624 20,638	16,636 16,649 16,661 16,674	21,077 21,093	18,804 18,816 18,829 18,841
87,500 87,550	87,450 87,500 87,550 87,600	19,000 19,014 19,028	15,199 15,211 15,224	19,345 19,359 19,373 19,387	17,366 17,379 17,391	90,400 90,450 90,500 90,550	90,450 90,500 90,550 90,600	19,840 19,854 19,868	15,936 15,949 15,961 15,974	20,199 20,213 20,227	18,116 18,129 18,141	93,400 93,450 93,500 93,550	93,450 93,500 93,550 93,600	20,680 20,694 20,708	16,686 16,699 16,711 16,724	21,143 21,159 21,176	18,854 18,866 18,879 18,891
87,750	87,650 87,700 87,750 87,800	19,056 19,070 19,084	15,249 15,261 15,274	19,401 19,415 19,429 19,443	17,416 17,429 17,441	90,600 90,650 90,700 90,750	90,650 90,700 90,750 90,800	19,896 19,910 19,924	15,986 15,999 16,011 16,024	20,255 20,269 20,283	18,166 18,179 18,191	93,600 93,650 93,700 93,750	93,650 93,700 93,750 93,800	20,736 20,750 20,764	16,774	21,209 21,225 21,242	18,904 18,916 18,929 18,941
87,800 87,850 87,900 87,950		19,112 19,126	15,299 15,311	19,457 19,471 19,485 19,499	17,466 17,479		90,850 90,900 90,950 91,000	19,952 19,966	16,049 16,061	20,325	18,216 18,229		93,850 93,900 93,950 94,000	20,792 20,806	16,799 16,811	21,275 21,291	18,954 18,966 18,979 18,991
	000						000						000	1			
88,050 88,100 88,150	88,050 88,100 88,150 88,200	19,168 19,182 19,196	15,349 15,361 15,374	19,513 19,527 19,541 19,555	17,516 17,529 17,541	91,050 91,100 91,150	91,050 91,100 91,150 91,200	20,008 20,022 20,036	16,086 16,099 16,111 16,124	20,367 20,381 20,395	18,266 18,279 18,291	94,050 94,100 94,150	94,050 94,100 94,150 94,200	20,848 20,862 20,876	16,836 16,849 16,861 16,874	21,341 21,357 21,374	19,016 19,029 19,041
88,250 88,300 88,350	88,350 88,400	19,224 19,238 19,252	15,399 15,411 15,424	19,569 19,583 19,597 19,611	17,566 17,579 17,591	91,250 91,300 91,350	91,400	20,064 20,078 20,092	16,136 16,149 16,161 16,174	20,423 20,437 20,451	18,316 18,329 18,341	94,200 94,250 94,300 94,350	94,250 94,300 94,350 94,400	20,904 20,918 20,932	16,886 16,899 16,911 16,924	21,407 21,423 21,440	19,066 19,079 19,091
88,550	88,550 88,600	19,280 19,294 19,308	15,449 15,461 15,474	19,625 19,639 19,653 19,667	17,616 17,629 17,641	91,500 91,550	91,450 91,500 91,550 91,600	20,120 20,134 20,148	16,186 16,199 16,211 16,224	20,483 20,499 20,516	18,366 18,379 18,391	94,400 94,450 94,500 94,550	94,450 94,500 94,550 94,600	20,960 20,974 20,988	16,936 16,949 16,961 16,974	21,473 21,489 21,506	19,116 19,129 19,141
88,600 88,650 88,700 88,750	88,800	19,336 19,350 19,364	15,499 15,511 15,524	19,681 19,695 19,709 19,723	17,666 17,679 17,691	91,650 91,700 91,750	91,750 91,800	20,176 20,190 20,204	16,236 16,249 16,261 16,274	20,549 20,565 20,582	18,416 18,429 18,441	94,600 94,650 94,700 94,750	94,650 94,700 94,750 94,800	21,016 21,030 21,044	16,986 16,999 17,011 17,024	21,539 21,555 21,572	19,166 19,179 19,191
88,800 88,850 88,900 88,950	88,850 88,900 88,950 89,000	19,392 19,406	15,549 15,561	19,737 19,751 19,765 19,779	17,716 17,729	91,850 91,900	91,850 91,900 91,950 92,000	20,232 20,246	16,286 16,299 16,311 16,324	20,615 20,631	18,466 18,479	94,800 94,850 94,900 94,950	94,850 94,900 94,950 95,000	21,072 21,086	17,036 17,049 17,061 17,074	21,605 21,621	19,216 19,229
* This co	* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er). (Continued on page 76)																

2005 Tax Table—Continued

If line 43 (taxable income)				ou are–	_	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	_
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
95,	000					98,	000				
95,000 95,050 95,100 95,150 95,200 95,250 95,300	95,050 95,100 95,150 95,200 95,250 95,300 95,350	21,114 21,128 21,142 21,156 21,170 21,184 21,198	17,111 17,124 17,136 17,149	21,654 21,671 21,687 21,704 21,720 21,737 21,753	19,254 19,266 19,279 19,291 19,304 19,316 19,329	98,000 98,050 98,100 98,150 98,200 98,250 98,300	98,050 98,100 98,150 98,200 98,250 98,350 98,350	21,954 21,968 21,982 21,996 22,010 22,024 22,038	17,861 17,874 17,886 17,899	22,644 22,661 22,677 22,694 22,710 22,727 22,743	20,004 20,016 20,029 20,041 20,054 20,066 20,079
95,350 95,400 95,450 95,500 95,550 95,600	95,450 95,450 95,500 95,550 95,600 95,650	21,212 21,226 21,240 21,254 21,268 21,282	17,174 17,186 17,199 17,211 17,224	21,770 21,786 21,803 21,819 21,836 21,852	19,323 19,341 19,354 19,366 19,379 19,391 19,404	98,350 98,400 98,450 98,500 98,550 98,600	98,450 98,500 98,550 98,600 98,650	22,052 22,066 22,080 22,094 22,108 22,122	17,924 17,936 17,949 17,961 17,974	22,760 22,776 22,776 22,793 22,809 22,826 22,842	20,091 20,104 20,116 20,129 20,141 20,154
95,650 95,700 95,750 95,800 95,850	95,700 95,750 95,800 95,850 95,900	21,296 21,310 21,324 21,338 21,352	17,249 17,261 17,274 17,286	21,869 21,885 21,902 21,918 21,935	19,416 19,429 19,441 19,454 19,466	98,650 98,700 98,750 98,800 98,850	98,700 98,750 98,800 98,850 98,900	22,136 22,150 22,164 22,178 22,192	17,999 18,011 18,024 18,036	22,859 22,875 22,892 22,908 22,925	20,166 20,179 20,191 20,204 20,216
95,900 95,950	95,950 96,000	21,366 21,380	17,311	21,951 21,968	19,479 19,491	98,900 98,950	98,950 99,000	22,206 22,220	18,061	22,941 22,958	20,229
96,	000					99,	000				
96,000 96,050 96,100 96,150	96,050 96,100 96,150 96,200	21,394 21,408 21,422 21,436	17,349 17,361 17,374	21,984 22,001 22,017 22,034	19,504 19,516 19,529 19,541	99,000 99,050 99,100 99,150	99,050 99,100 99,150 99,200	22,234 22,248 22,262 22,276	18,099 18,111 18,124	22,974 22,991 23,007 23,024	20,254 20,266 20,279 20,291
96,200 96,250 96,300 96,350	96,250 96,300 96,350 96,400	21,450 21,464 21,478 21,492	17,399 17,411 17,424	22,050 22,067 22,083 22,100	19,554 19,566 19,579 19,591	99,200 99,250 99,300 99,350	99,250 99,300 99,350 99,400	22,290 22,304 22,318 22,332	18,149 18,161 18,174	23,040 23,057 23,073 23,090	20,304 20,316 20,329 20,341
96,400 96,450 96,500 96,550	96,450 96,500 96,550 96,600	21,506 21,520 21,534 21,548	17,449 17,461 17,474	22,116 22,133 22,149 22,166	19,604 19,616 19,629 19,641	99,400 99,450 99,500 99,550	99,450 99,500 99,550 99,600	22,346 22,360 22,374 22,388	18,199 18,211 18,224	23,106 23,123 23,139 23,156	
96,600 96,650 96,700 96,750	96,650 96,700 96,750 96,800	21,562 21,576 21,590 21,604	17,499 17,511 17,524	22,182 22,199 22,215 22,232	19,654 19,666 19,679 19,691	99,600 99,650 99,700 99,750	99,650 99,700 99,750 99,800	22,402 22,416 22,430 22,444	18,249 18,261 18,274	23,172 23,189 23,205 23,222	
	96,850 96,900 96,950 97,000	21,646	17,549 17,561	22,265	19,729		99,850 99,900 99,950 100,000	22,472 22,486	18,286 18,299 18,311 18,324	23,271	20,466 20,479
	000	04 074	17.500	20.01.1	10.751						
97,000 97,050 97,100 97,150	97,050 97,100 97,150 97,200	21,674 21,688 21,702 21,716	17,599 17,611 17,624	22,314 22,331 22,347 22,364	19,754 19,766 19,779 19,791						
97,200 97,250 97,300 97,350	97,250 97,300 97,350 97,400	21,730 21,744 21,758 21,772	17,649 17,661 17,674	22,380 22,397 22,413 22,430	19,804 19,816 19,829 19,841			or o	0,000 ver —		
97,400 97,450 97,500 97,550	97,450 97,500 97,550 97,600	21,786 21,800 21,814 21,828	17,699 17,711 17,724	22,446 22,463 22,479 22,496	19,854 19,866 19,879 19,891			Comp Work	he Tax utatior sheet		
97,600 97,650 97,700 97,750	97,650 97,700 97,750 97,800	21,842 21,856 21,870 21,884	17,749 17,761 17,774	22,512 22,529 22,545 22,562	19,904 19,916 19,929 19,941			on pa	age 77	/	
97,800 97,850 97,900 97,950	97,850 97,900 97,950 98,000	21,898 21,912 21,926 21,940	17,799 17,811	22,578 22,595 22,611 22,628	19,954 19,966 19,979 19,991						
* This co	* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).										

### 2005 Tax Computation Worksheet—Line 44



See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37 to see if you must use the worksheet below to figure your tax.

**Note.** If you are required to use this worksheet to figure the tax on an amount from another form or worksheet, such as the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, Schedule J, or Form 8615, enter the amount from that form or worksheet in column (a) of the row that applies to the amount you are looking up. Enter the result on the appropriate line of the form or worksheet that you are completing.

### Section A—Use if your filing status is Single. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$150,150	\$	× 28% (.28)	\$	\$ 5,493.50	\$
Over \$150,150 but not over \$326,450	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 13,001.00	\$
Over \$326,450	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 19,530.00	\$

# **Section B**—Use if your filing status is **Married filing jointly** or **qualifying widow(er)**. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$119,950	\$	× 25% (.25)	\$	\$ 6,670.00	\$
Over \$119,950 but not over \$182,800	\$	× 28% (.28)	\$	\$ 10,268.50	\$
Over \$182,800 but not over \$326,450	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 19,408.50	\$
Over \$326,450	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 25,937.50	\$

### Section C—Use if your filing status is Married filing separately. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$163,225	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 9,704.25	\$
Over \$163,225	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 12,968.75	\$

### **Section D**—Use if your filing status is **Head of household.** Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is —	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$102,800	\$	× 25% (.25)	\$	\$ 4,502.50	\$
Over \$102,800 but not over \$166,450	\$	× 28% (.28)	\$	\$ 7,586.50	\$
Over \$166,450 but not over \$326,450	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 15,909.00	\$
Over \$326,450	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 22,438.00	\$

### Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

The IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, the Privacy Act of 1974, and the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 require that when we ask you for information we must first tell you our legal right to ask for the information, why we are asking for it, and how it will be used. We must also tell you what could happen if we do not receive it and whether your response is voluntary, required to obtain a benefit, or mandatory under the law.

This notice applies to all papers you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect tax, interest, or penalties.

Our legal right to ask for information is Internal Revenue Code sections 6001, 6011, and 6012(a), and their regulations. They say that you must file a return or statement with us for any tax you are liable for. Your response is mandatory under these sections. Code section 6109 requires that you provide your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number on what you file. This is so we know who you are, and can process your return and other papers. You must fill in all parts of the tax form that apply to you. But you do not have to check the boxes for the Presidential Election Campaign Fund or for the third-party designee. You also do not have to provide your daytime phone number.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law.

We ask for tax return information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

If you do not file a return, do not provide the information we ask for, or provide fraudulent information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution. We may also have to disallow the exemptions, exclusions, credits, deductions, or adjustments shown on the tax return. This could make the tax higher or delay any refund. Interest may also be charged.

Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as stated in Code section 6103. However, Code section 6103 allows or requires the Internal Revenue Service to disclose or give the information shown on your tax return to others as described in the Code. For example, we may disclose your tax information to the Department of Justice to enforce the tax laws, both civil and criminal, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, U.S. commonwealths or possessions, and certain foreign governments to carry out their tax laws. We may disclose your tax information to the Department of Treasury and contractors for tax administration purposes; and to other persons as necessary to obtain information which we cannot get in any other way in order to determine the amount of or to collect the tax you owe. We may disclose your tax information to the Comptroller General of the United States to permit the Comptroller General to review the Internal Revenue Service. We may disclose your tax information to committees of Congress; federal, state, and local child support agencies; and

to other federal agencies for the purposes of determining entitlement for benefits or the eligibility for and the repayment of loans. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

# We Welcome Comments on Forms

We try to create forms and instructions that can be easily understood. Often this is difficult to do because our tax laws are very complex. For some people with income mostly from wages, filling in the forms is easy. For others who have businesses, pensions, stocks, rental income, or other investments, it is more difficult.

If you have suggestions for making these forms simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can email us at \*taxforms@irs.gov. Please put "Forms Comment" on the subject line. Or you can write to Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6406, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send your return to this address. Instead, see the back cover.

### **Estimates of Taxpayer Burden**

The new estimates of taxpayer burden shown below were developed by the IRS to better measure and understand the burden taxpayers experience when preparing their taxes. These estimates of average preparation times and out-of-pocket expenses are based on a new survey of taxpayers and a more accurate method of estimating taxpayer burden. They focus on taxpayer characteristics and activities, rather than forms, and replace the burden estimates shown in prior year tax form instructions. The information collected to figure the new estimates in-

cludes type of taxpayer, preparation method, filing method, and taxpayer activities. The new estimates shown below are grouped by principal combinations of forms submitted and are not available separately for each form.

These changes create a one-time shift in estimates of burden levels. Comparisons should not be made between these and earlier published estimates.

To determine the average burden of taxpayers like you, select the row in the table below that applies to you. You are a "business" filer if you file one or more of the following with your

Form 1040: Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ. You are a "nonbusiness" filer if you did not file any of those schedules or forms with your Form 1040.

If you have comments concerning the time and expense estimates below, you can contact us at either one of the addresses shown under *We Welcome Comments on Forms* on page 78.

These estimates were the latest available when the forms went to print. The most current information can be found on the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

### Estimated Average Preparation Times and Out-of-Pocket Expenses by Return Preparation Method

The average time and expenses required to complete and file Form 1040, its schedules, and accompanying forms will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated averages are:

		red Without oftware		ed With Tax ware	Prepared by Paid Professional	
Taxpayer and Form Combinations for Form 1040 Filers	Hours	Costs	Hours	Costs	Hours	Costs
Nonbusiness Filers *	16.1	\$17	21.8	\$42	10.9	\$172
Form 1040 and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule A or D	13.7	\$13	15.9	\$26	7.6	\$121
Form 1040, Schedule A, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule D	16.7	\$18	22.7	\$51	12.1	\$174
Form 1040, Schedule D, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule A	17.5	\$30	18.3	\$36	12.8	\$215
Form 1040, Schedules A and D, and other forms and schedules	27.5	\$18	37.8	\$63	18.0	\$313
Business Filers *	45.1	\$43	67.1	\$93	47.9	\$542
Form 1040, Schedule C or C-EZ, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule E or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	48.0	\$19	80.2	\$88	55.4	\$329
Form 1040, Schedule E, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule C, C-EZ, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	34.1	\$72	49.0	\$65	36.6	\$685
Form 1040 and Schedule F and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule C, C-EZ, or E or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	44.8	\$15	62.8	\$102	49.7	\$296
Form 1040, Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F	35.9	\$17	15.9	\$67	27.7	\$349
Form 1040 and forms and schedules including more than one Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	66.0	\$128	80.5	\$177	62.4	\$866

<sup>\*</sup> You are a "business" filer if you file one or more of the following with your Form 1040: Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ. You are a "nonbusiness" filer if you did not file any of those schedules or forms with your Form 1040.

### **Estimated Average Preparation Time by Taxpayer Activities**

The average time needed to complete and file Form 1040, its schedules, and accompanying forms by taxpayer activities is shown below.

		Average Time (Hours)							
Taxpayer and Form Combinations for Form 1040 Filers	Total	Record- keeping	Tax Planning	Form Completion	All Other Activities				
Nonbusiness Filers	12.9	5.7	2.5	2.9	1.9				
Business Filers	51.4	36.5	5.1	4.4	5.5				

# Order Blank for Forms and Publications

The most frequently ordered forms and publications are listed on the order blank below. You will receive two copies of each form and one copy of each publication you order. To help reduce waste, please order only the items you need to prepare your return.



For faster ways of getting the items you need, such as by Internet, see page 7.

# How To Use the Order Blank

Circle the items you need on the order blank below. Use the blank spaces to order items not listed. If you need more space, attach a separate sheet of paper. Print or type your name and address accurately in the space provided to ensure delivery of your order. Cut the order blank on the dotted line. Enclose the order blank in an envelope and mail it to the IRS address shown on this page. You should receive your order within 10 days after receipt of your request.

Do not send your tax return to the address listed below. Instead, see the back cover.

#### Mail Your Order Blank To:

Internal Revenue Service National Distribution Center P.O. Box 8903 Bloomington, IL 61702-8903

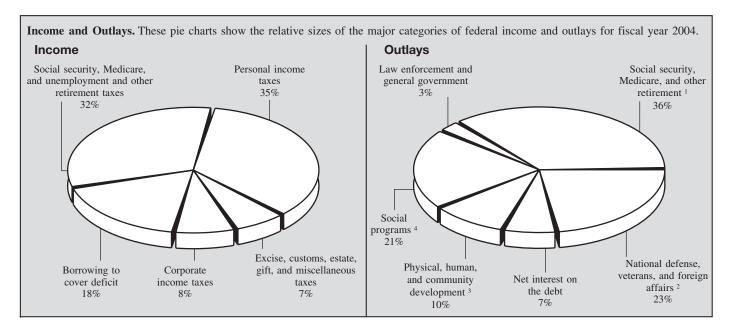
Order Blank	Name		
Fill in your name and			
address.	Postal mailing address		Apt./Suite/Room
	City	State	ZIP code
	Foreign country		International postal code
	Daytime phone number		
	( )		

products. You can get the items in bold at many IRS offices, post offices, and libraries.

Circle the forms and publications you need. The instructions for any form you order will be included.

Schedule F Schedule 3 1040 4506 8822 Pub. 501 Pub. 535 Pub. 926 (1040)(1040A)Schedules Schedule H 1040EZ 4562 8829 Pub. 502 Pub. 547 Pub. 970 A&B (1040)(1040)1040-ES Schedule C Schedule J Pub. 550 4684 8863 Pub. 505 Pub. 972 (1040)(1040)(2006)Schedule R Schedule 1040-V 4868 9465 Pub. 554 Pub. 523 C-EZ (1040) (1040)Schedule SE Schedule D 1040X Pub. 575 6251 Pub. 1 Pub. 525 (1040)(1040)Schedule D-1 1040A Pub. 590 2106 8283 Pub. 17 Pub. 526 (1040)Schedule E Schedule 1 2106-EZ 8606 Pub. 596 Pub. 334 Pub. 527 (1040)(1040A)Schedule Schedule 2 EIC (1040A 2441 8812 Pub. 463 Pub. 529 Pub. 910 (1040A) or 1040)

### Major Categories of Federal Income and Outlays for Fiscal Year 2004



On or before the first Monday in February of each year, the President is required by law to submit to the Congress a budget proposal for the fiscal year that begins the following October. The budget plan sets forth the President's proposed receipts, spending, and the surplus or deficit for the Federal Government. The plan includes recommendations for new legislation as well as recommendations to change, eliminate, and add programs. After receiving the President's proposal, the Congress reviews it and makes changes. It first passes a budget resolution setting its own targets for receipts, outlays, and the surplus or deficit. Next, individual spending and revenue bills that are consistent with the goals of the budget resolution are enacted.

In fiscal year 2004 (which began on October 1, 2003, and ended on September 30, 2004), federal income was \$1.9 trillion and

outlays were \$2.3 trillion, leaving a deficit of \$0.4 trillion.

# Footnotes for Certain Federal Outlays

- 1. **Social security, Medicare, and other retirement:** These programs provide income support for the retired and disabled and medical care for the elderly.
- 2. National defense, veterans, and foreign affairs: About 19% of outlays were to equip, modernize, and pay our armed forces and to fund other national defense activities; about 3% were for veterans benefits and services; and about 1% were for international activities, including military and economic assistance to foreign countries and the maintenance of U.S. embassies abroad.
- 3. Physical, human, and community development: These outlays were for agriculture; natural resources; environment; transportation; aid for elementary and secondary education and direct assistance to college students; job training; deposit insurance, commerce and housing credit, and community development; and space, energy, and general science programs.
- 4. **Social programs:** About 14% of total outlays were for Medicaid, food stamps, temporary assistance for needy families, supplemental security income, and related programs; and the remaining outlays were for health research and public health programs, unemployment compensation, assisted housing, and social services.

**Note.** The percentages on this page exclude undistributed offsetting receipts, which were \$59 billion in fiscal year 2004. In the budget, these receipts are offset against spending in figuring the outlay totals shown above. These receipts are for the U.S. Government's share of its employee retirement programs, rents and royalties on the Outer Continental Shelf, and proceeds from the sale of assets.

# 2005 Tax Rate Schedules



The Tax Rate Schedules are shown so you can see the tax rate that applies to all levels of taxable income. Do not use them to figure your tax. Instead, see the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37.

#### Schedule X-If your filing status is Single

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	of the
Over—	But not over—		amount over—
\$0	\$7,300	10%	\$0
7,300	29,700	\$730.00 + 15%	7,300
29,700	71,950	4,090.00 + 25%	29,700
71,950	150,150	14,652.50 + 28%	71,950
150,150	326,450	36,548.50 + 33%	150,150
326,450		94,727.50 + 35%	326,450

### Schedule Y-1—If your filing status is Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	of the
Over—	But not over—		amount over—
\$0	\$14,600	10%	\$0
14,600	59,400	\$1,460.00 + 15%	14,600
59,400	119,950	8,180.00 + 25%	59,400
119,950	182,800	23,317.50 + 28%	119,950
182,800	326,450	40,915.50 + 33%	182,800
326,450		88,320.00 + 35%	326,450

### Schedule Y-2—If your filing status is Married filing separately

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	- £ 4l
	But not		of the amount
Over—	over—		over—
\$0	\$7,300	10%	\$0
7,300	29,700	\$730.00 + 15%	7,300
29,700	59,975	4,090.00 + 25%	29,700
59,975	91,400	11,658.75 + 28%	59,975
91,400	163,225	20,457.75 + 33%	91,400
163,225		44,160.00 + 35%	163,225

### Schedule Z—If your filing status is Head of household

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	of the
Over—	But not over—		amount over—
\$0	\$10,450	10%	\$0
10,450	39,800	\$1,045.00 + 15%	10,450
39,800	102,800	5,447.50 + 25%	39,800
102,800	166,450	21,197.50 + 28%	102,800
166,450	326,450	39,019.50 + 33%	166,450
326,450		91,819.50 + 35%	326,450

# 2005 Instructions for Schedules A & B (Form 1040)

# Instructions for Schedule A, Itemized Deductions

Use Schedule A (Form 1040) to figure your itemized deductions. In most cases, your federal income tax will be less if you take the larger of your itemized deductions or your standard deduction.

If you itemize, you can deduct a part of your medical and dental expenses and unreimbursed employee business expenses, and amounts you paid for certain taxes, interest, contributions, and miscellaneous expenses. You can also deduct certain casualty and theft losses

If you and your spouse paid expenses jointly and are filing separate returns for 2005, see Pub. 504 to figure the portion of joint expenses that you can claim as itemized deductions.



Do not include on Schedule A items deducted elsewhere, such as on Form 1040 or Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

### What's New

- Certain cash contributions paid after August 27, 2005, are not subject to the overall limitation on itemized deductions or the 50% adjusted gross income limitation. See the instructions for line 15b on page A-7.
- Casualty and theft losses that occurred in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area after August 24, 2005, are not subject to the \$100 and the 10% adjusted gross income limitations if the loss was caused by Hurricane Katrina. See the instructions for line 19 on page A-8.
- The 2005 rate for use of your vehicle to get medical care is 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).
- The 2005 rate for charitable use of your vehicle to provide relief related to Hurricane Katrina is 29 cents a mile after August 24, 2005 (34 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).
- If you deduct more than \$500 for a contribution of a motor vehicle, boat, or airplane, you must attach a statement from the charitable organization to your return. See the instructions for line 16 that begin on page A-7.
- If you elected to deduct contributions made in January 2005 for the relief of victims of the Indian Ocean tsunami on your 2004 return, you cannot deduct the contributions for 2005. See *Contributions You Cannot Deduct* on page A-7.
- Special rules apply to certain contributions of food inventory and book inven-

tory made after August 27, 2005. For details, see Pub. 526.

- Certain whaling captains may be able to claim a charitable deduction for whale hunting expenses. See *Gifts to Charity* on page A-6 for more details.
- The tables and worksheet needed to figure your state and local sales tax deduction using the optional method have been added to the instructions for line 5 that begin on page A-3. Pub. 600 and Pub. 600-A do not apply for 2005.
- Line 29 has been added to elect to itemize even though your itemized deductions are less than your standard deduction. This election was previously made on Form 1040

# Medical and Dental Expenses

You can deduct only the part of your medical and dental expenses that exceeds 7.5% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.

Pub. 502 discusses the types of expenses that you can and cannot deduct. It also explains when you can deduct capital expenses and special care expenses for disabled persons.



If you received a distribution from a health savings account or a medical savings account in 2005, see Pub. 969 to figure

vour deduction.

# Examples of Medical and Dental Payments You Can Deduct

To the extent you were not reimbursed, you can deduct what you paid for:

• Insurance premiums for medical and dental care, including premiums for qualified long-term care contracts as defined in Pub. 502. But see *Limit on long-term care premiums you can deduct* on page A-2. Reduce the insurance premiums by any self-employed health insurance deduction you claimed on Form 1040, line 29.

**Note.** If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, you must reduce your insurance premiums by any amounts used to figure the health coverage tax credit. See the instructions for line 1 on page A-2.



You cannot deduct insurance premiums paid with pretax dollars because the premiums are not included in box 1 of your

Form(s) W-2.

- Prescription medicines or insulin.
- Acupuncturists, chiropractors, dentists, eye doctors, medical doctors, occupational therapists, osteopathic doctors, physical therapists, podiatrists, psychiatrists, psychoanalysts (medical care only), and psychologists.
- Medical examinations, X-ray and laboratory services, insulin treatment, and whirlpool baths your doctor ordered.
- Nursing help (including your share of the employment taxes paid). If you paid someone to do both nursing and house-

work, you can deduct only the cost of the nursing help.

- Hospital care (including meals and lodging), clinic costs, and lab fees.
- Qualified long-term care services (see Pub. 502).
- The supplemental part of Medicare insurance (Medicare B).
- A program to stop smoking and for prescription medicines to alleviate nicotine withdrawal.
- A weight-loss program as treatment for a specific disease (including obesity) diagnosed by a doctor.
- Medical treatment at a center for drug or alcohol addiction.
- Medical aids such as eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, braces, crutches, wheelchairs, and guide dogs, including the cost of maintaining them.
- Surgery to improve defective vision, such as laser eye surgery or radial keratotomy.
- Lodging expenses (but not meals) while away from home to receive medical care in a hospital or a medical care facility related to a hospital, provided there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel. Do not deduct more than \$50 a night for each eligible person.
- Ambulance service and other travel costs to get medical care. If you used your own car, you can claim what you spent for gas and oil to go to and from the place you received the care; or you can claim 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile for travel after August 31, 2005). Add parking and tolls to the amount you claim under either method.

**Note.** Certain medical expenses paid out of a deceased taxpayer's estate can be claimed on the deceased taxpayer's final return. See Pub. 502 for details.

Limit on long-term care premiums you can deduct. The amount you can deduct for qualified long-term care contracts (as defined in Pub. 502) depends on the age, at the end of 2005, of the person for whom the premiums were paid. See the chart below for details.

IF the person was, at the end of 2005, age	THEN the most you can deduct is
40 or under	\$ 270
41-50	\$ 510
51-60	\$ 1,020
61-70	\$ 2,720
71 or older	\$ 3,400

# Examples of Medical and Dental Payments You Cannot Deduct

• The basic cost of Medicare insurance (Medicare A).



If you were age 65 or older but not entitled to social security benefits, you can deduct premiums you voluntarily paid for

Medicare A coverage.

- The cost of diet food.
- Cosmetic surgery unless it was necessary to improve a deformity related to a congenital abnormality, an injury from an accident or trauma, or a disfiguring disease.
- Life insurance or income protection policies.
- The Medicare tax on your wages and tips or the Medicare tax paid as part of the self-employment tax or household employment taxes.
- Nursing care for a healthy baby. But you may be able to take a credit for the amount you paid. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 48.
  - Illegal operations or drugs.
- Imported drugs not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). This includes foreign-made versions of U.S.-approved drugs manufactured without FDA approval.
- Nonprescription medicines (including nicotine gum and certain nicotine patches).
- Travel your doctor told you to take for rest or a change.
  - Funeral, burial, or cremation costs.

### Line 1

# Medical and Dental Expenses

Enter the total of your medical and dental expenses (see page A-1), after you reduce these expenses by any payments received from insurance or other sources. See *Reimbursements* on this page.



Do not forget to include insurance premiums you paid for medical and dental care. But if you claimed the self-employed

health insurance deduction on Form 1040, line 29, reduce the premiums by the amount on line 29.

Note. If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, you must complete Form 8885 before completing Schedule A, line 1. When figuring the amount of insurance premiums you can deduct on Schedule A, do not include any health coverage tax credit advance payments shown in box 1 of Form 1099-H. Also, subtract the amount

shown on Form 8885, line 4 (reduced by any advance payments shown on line 6 of that form), from the total insurance premiums you paid.

Whose medical and dental expenses can you include? You can include medical and dental bills you paid for:

- Yourself and your spouse.
- All dependents you claim on your reurn.
- Your child whom you do not claim as a dependent because of the rules for children of divorced or separated parents.
- Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return except that person received \$3,200 or more of gross income or filed a joint return.
- Any person you could have claimed as a dependent except that you, or your spouse if filing jointly, can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return.

**Example.** You provided over half of your mother's support but cannot claim her as a dependent because she received wages of \$3,200 in 2005. You can include on line 1 any medical and dental expenses you paid in 2005 for your mother.

Reimbursements. If your insurance company paid the provider directly for part of your expenses, and you paid only the amount that remained, include on line 1 only the amount you paid. If you received a reimbursement in 2005 for medical or dental expenses you paid in 2005, reduce your 2005 expenses by this amount. If you received a reimbursement in 2005 for prior year medical or dental expenses, do not reduce your 2005 expenses by this amount. But if you deducted the expenses in the earlier year and the deduction reduced your tax, you must include the reimbursement in income on Form 1040, line 21. See Pub. 502 for details on how to figure the amount to include.

Cafeteria plans. Do not include on line 1 insurance premiums paid by an employer-sponsored health insurance plan (cafeteria plan) unless the premiums are included in box 1 of your Form(s) W-2. Also, do not include any other medical and dental expenses paid by the plan unless the amount paid is included in box 1 of your Form(s) W-2.

### **Taxes You Paid**

### **Taxes You Cannot Deduct**

- Federal income and excise taxes.
- Social security, Medicare, federal unemployment (FUTA), and railroad retirement (RRTA) taxes.
  - Customs duties.
- Federal estate and gift taxes. But see the instructions for line 27 on page A-9.

• Certain state and local taxes, including: tax on gasoline, car inspection fees, assessments for sidewalks or other improvements to your property, tax you paid for someone else, and license fees (marriage, driver's, dog, etc.).

### Line 5



You can elect to deduct state and local general sales taxes instead of state and local income taxes. You cannot deduct

both.

# State and Local Income Taxes

If you deduct state and local income taxes, check **box a** on line 5. Include on this line the state and local income taxes listed below.

- State and local income taxes withheld from your salary during 2005. Your Form(s) W-2 will show these amounts. Forms W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC may also show state and local income taxes withheld.
- State and local income taxes paid in 2005 for a prior year, such as taxes paid with your 2004 state or local income tax return. Do not include penalties or interest.
- State and local estimated tax payments made during 2005, including any part of a prior year refund that you chose to have credited to your 2005 state or local income taxes.
- Mandatory contributions you made to the California, New Jersey, or New York Nonoccupational Disability Benefit Fund, Rhode Island Temporary Disability Benefit Fund, or Washington State Supplemental Workmen's Compensation Fund.

Do not reduce your deduction by any:

- State or local income tax refund or credit you expect to receive for 2005, or
- Refund of, or credit for, prior year state and local income taxes you actually received in 2005. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 10.

# State and Local General Sales Taxes

If you elect to deduct state and local general sales taxes, you **must** check **box b** on line 5. To figure your deduction, you can use either your actual expenses or the optional sales tax tables.

### **Actual Expenses**

Generally, you can deduct the actual state and local general sales taxes (including compensating use taxes) you paid in 2005 if the tax rate was the same as the general sales tax rate. However, sales taxes on food, clothing, medical supplies, and motor vehicles are deductible as a general sales tax even if the tax rate was less than the general sales tax rate. Sales taxes on motor vehicles are also deductible as a general sales tax if the tax rate was more than the

general sales tax rate, but the tax is deductible only up to the amount of tax that would have been imposed at the general sales tax rate. Motor vehicles include cars, motorcycles, motor homes, recreational vehicles, sport utility vehicles, trucks, vans, and off-road vehicles. Also include any state and local general sales taxes paid for a leased motor vehicle.

Do not include sales taxes paid on items used in your trade or business.



You must keep your actual receipts showing general sales taxes paid to use this method.

Refund of general sales taxes. If you received a refund of state or local general sales taxes in 2005 for amounts paid in 2005, reduce your 2005 state and local general sales taxes by this amount. If you received a refund of state or local general sales taxes in 2005 for prior year purchases, do not reduce your 2005 state and local general sales taxes by this amount. But if you deducted your state and local general sales taxes in the earlier year and the deduction reduced your tax, you may have to include the refund in income on Form 1040, line 21. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details.

### **Optional Sales Tax Tables**

Instead of using your actual expenses, you can use the tables on pages A-10 through A-12 to figure your state and local general sales tax deduction. You may also be able to add the state and local general sales taxes paid on certain specified items.

To figure your state and local general sales tax deduction using the tables, complete the worksheet on page A-4.

**Note.** Instead of completing the worksheet, you can use the 2005 Sales Tax Calculator on the IRS website at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-soi/SalesTaxCalc05.xls.



If your filing status is married filing separately, both you and your spouse elect to deduct sales taxes, and your spouse

elects to use the optional sales tax tables, you also must use the tables to figure your state and local general sales tax deduction.

### Instructions for Line 5b Worksheet

Line 1. If you lived in the same state for all of 2005, enter the applicable amount, based on your 2005 income and exemptions, from the optional state sales tax table for your state on page A-10 or A-11. Read down the "At least—But less than" columns for your state and find the line that includes your 2005 income. If married filling separately, do not include your spouse's income. Your 2005 income is the amount shown on your Form 1040, line 38, plus any nontaxable items, such as the following.

- Tax-exempt interest.
- · Veterans' benefits.

- Nontaxable combat pay.
- Workers' compensation.
- Nontaxable part of social security and railroad retirement benefits.
- Nontaxable part of IRA, pension, or annuity distributions. Do not include rollovers.
  - Public assistance payments.

The exemptions column refers to the number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d. Do not include any additional exemptions you listed on Form 8914 for individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

What if you lived in more than one state? If you lived in more than one state during 2005, look up the table amount for each state using the above rules. If there is no table for your state, the table amount is considered to be zero. Multiply the table amount for each state you lived in by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days you lived in the state during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365). Enter the total of the prorated table amounts for each state on line 1. However, if you also lived in a locality during 2005 that imposed a local general sales tax, do not enter the total on line 1. Instead, complete a separate worksheet for each state you lived in and enter the prorated amount for that state on line 1.

Example. You lived in State A from January 1 through August 31, 2005 (243 days), and in State B from September 1 through December 31, 2005 (122 days). The table amount for State A is \$500. The table amount for State B is \$400. You would figure your state general sales tax as follows.

State A: \$500 x 243/365 = \$333 State B: \$400 x 122/365 = 134 Total = \$467

If none of the localities in which you lived during 2005 imposed a local general sales tax, enter \$467 on line 1 of your worksheet. Otherwise, complete a separate worksheet for State A and State B. Enter \$333 on line 1 of the State A worksheet and \$134 on line 1 of the State B worksheet.

Line 2. If you checked the "No" box, enter -0- on line 2, and go to line 3. If you checked the "Yes" box and lived in the same locality for all of 2005, enter the applicable amount, based on your 2005 income and exemptions, from the optional local sales tax table for your locality on page A-12. Read down the "At least-But less than" columns for your locality and find the line that includes your 2005 income. See the line 1 instructions on this page to figure your 2005 income. The exemptions column refers to the number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d. Do not include any additional exemptions you listed on Form 8914 for individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

What if you lived in more than one locality? If you lived in more than one locality during 2005, look up the table amount

for each locality using the above rules. If there is no table for your locality, the table amount is considered to be zero. Multiply the table amount for each locality you lived in by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days you lived in the locality during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365). If you lived in more than one locality in the same state and the local general sales tax rate was the same for each locality, enter the total of the prorated table amounts for each locality in that state on line 2. Otherwise, complete a separate worksheet for lines 2 through 6 for each locality and enter each prorated table amount on line 2 of the applicable worksheet.

Example. You lived in Locality 1 from January 1 through August 31, 2005 (243 days), and in Locality 2 from September 1 through December 31, 2005 (122 days). The table amount for Locality 1 is \$100. The table amount for Locality 2 is \$150.

You would figure the amount to enter on line 2 as follows. Note that this amount may not equal your local sales tax deduction, which is figured on line 6 of the worksheet.

 $100 \times 243/365 = 67$ Locality 1: \$150 x 122/365 = 50 = \$117 Locality 2: Total

Line 3. If you lived in Virginia, check the "No" box. Your state and local general sales taxes are combined in the table on page A-11.

If you lived in California, check the "No" box if your combined state and local general sales tax rate is 7.25%. Otherwise, check the "Yes" box and include on line 3 only the part of the combined rate that is more than 7.25%.

If you lived in Nevada, check the "No" box if your combined state and local general sales tax rate is 6.5%. Otherwise, check the "Yes" box and include on line 3 only the part of the combined rate that is more

If you lived in Texarkana, Arkansas, check the "Yes" box and enter "4.0" on line 3. Your local general sales tax rate of 4.0% includes the additional 1.0% Arkansas state sales tax rate for Texarkana and the 1.5% sales tax rate for Miller County.

What if your local general sales tax rate changed during 2005? If you checked the "Yes" box and your local general sales tax rate changed during 2005, figure the rate to enter on line 3 as follows. Multiply each tax rate for the period it was in effect by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days the rate was in effect during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365). Enter the total of the prorated tax rates on line 3.

### State and Local General Sales Tax Deduction Worksheet—Line 5b (See the *Instructions for Line 5b Worksheet* that begin on page A-3.)

Keep for Your Records



1.	Enter your state general sales taxes from the applicable table on page A-10 or A-11	(see in	nstructions)	1	
2.	Did you live in Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas (Texarkana only), California (Los Angel Colorado, Georgia, Illinois, Louisiana, New York (New York City only), or North (				
	No. Enter -0-				
	Yes. Enter your local general sales taxes from the applicable table on page A-12 (see instructions)	2.			
3.	Did your locality impose a local general sales tax in 2005? Virginia residents, check the "No" box. Residents of California, Nevada, and Texarkana, Arkansas, see instructions.				
	No. Skip lines 3 through 5, enter -0- on line 6, and go to line 7.				
	Yes. Enter your local general sales tax rate, but omit percentages (for example, your local general sales tax rate was 2.5%, enter 2.5). If your local general sales tax rate changed or you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005, see instructions.				
4.	Did you enter -0- on line 2 above?				
	No. Skip lines 4 and 5 and go to line 6.				
	Yes. Enter your state general sales tax rate (from the table heading for your state but omit percentages. For example, if your state general sales tax rate is 6%, enter 6.0.	e), . <b>4.</b>			
5.	Divide line 3 by line 4. Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three place	s) <b>5.</b>			
6.	Did you enter -0- on line 2 above?				
	No. Multiply line 2 by line 3			6.	
	Yes. Multiply line 1 by line 5. If you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005, see instructions.				
7.	Enter your general sales taxes paid on specified items, if any (see instructions)			7.	
8.	<b>Deduction for general sales taxes.</b> Add lines 1, 6, and 7. Enter the result here and your worksheets, if applicable, on Schedule A, line 5. Be sure to check <b>box b</b> on the			8	
N	ote. If you elect to deduct general sales taxes, you cannot deduct your state and local income t	axes.			

Example. Locality 1 imposed a 1% local general sales tax from January 1 through September 30, 2005 (273 days). The rate increased to 1.75% for the period from October 1 through December 31, 2005 (92 days). You would enter "1.189" on line 3, figured as follows.

January 1 –

September 30:  $1.00 \times 273/365 = 0.748$ 

October 1 -

December 31:  $1.75 \times 92/365 = 0.441$ Total = 1.189

What if you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005? Complete a separate worksheet for lines 2 through 6 for each locality in your state if you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005 and either of the following applies.

- Each locality did not have the same local general sales tax rate.
- You lived in Texarkana, AR; Los Angeles County, CA; or New York, NY.

To figure the amount to enter on line 3 of the worksheet for each locality in which you lived (except a locality for which you used the table on page A-12 to figure your local general sales tax deduction), multiply the local general sales tax rate by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days you lived in the locality during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365).

Example. You lived in Locality 1 from January 1 through August 31, 2005 (243 days), and in Locality 2 from September 1 through December 31, 2005 (122 days). The local general sales tax rate for Locality 1 is 1%. The rate for Locality 2 is 1.75%. You would enter "0.666" on line 3 for the Locality 1 worksheet and "0.585" for the Locality 2 worksheet, figured as follows.

Locality 1:  $1.00 \times 243/365 = 0.666$ Locality 2:  $1.75 \times 122/365 = 0.585$ 

Line 6. If you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005, you should have completed line 1 only on the first worksheet for that state and separate worksheets for lines 2 through 6 for any other locality within that state in which you lived during 2005. If you checked the "Yes" box on line 6 of any of those worksheets, multiply line 5 of that worksheet by the amount that you entered on line 1 for that state on the first worksheet.

- **Line 7.** Enter on line 7 any state and local general sales taxes paid on the following specified items. If you are completing more than one worksheet, include the total for line 7 on only one of the worksheets.
- 1. A motor vehicle (including a car, motorcycle, motor home, recreational vehicle, sport utility vehicle, truck, van, and off-road vehicle). Also include any state and local general sales taxes paid for a leased motor vehicle. If the state sales tax rate on these items is higher than the general sales tax rate, only include the amount

of tax you would have paid at the general sales tax rate.

- 2. An aircraft or boat, if the tax rate was the same as the general sales tax rate.
- 3. A home (including a mobile home or prefabricated home) or substantial addition to or major renovation of a home, but only if the tax rate was the same as the general sales tax rate and any of the following applies.
- a. Your state or locality imposes a general sales tax directly on the sale of a home or on the cost of a substantial addition or major renovation.
- b. You purchased the materials to build a home or substantial addition or to perform a major renovation and paid the sales tax directly.
- c. Under your state law, your contractor is considered your agent in the construction of the home or substantial addition or the performance of a major renovation. The contract must state that the contractor is authorized to act in your name and must follow your directions on construction decisions. In this case, you will be considered to have purchased any items subject to a sales tax and to have paid the sales tax directly.

Do not include sales taxes paid on items used in your trade or business. If you received a refund of state or local general sales taxes in 2005, see *Refund of general sales taxes* on page A-3.

### Line 6

### **Real Estate Taxes**

Include taxes (state, local, or foreign) you paid on real estate you own that was not used for business, but only if the taxes are based on the assessed value of the property. Also, the assessment must be made uniformly on property throughout the community, and the proceeds must be used for general community or governmental purposes. Pub. 530 explains the deductions homeowners can take.

Do not include the following amounts on line 6.

- Itemized charges for services to specific property or persons (for example, a \$20 monthly charge per house for trash collection, a \$5 charge for every 1,000 gallons of water consumed, or a flat charge for mowing a lawn that had grown higher than permitted under a local ordinance).
- Charges for improvements that tend to increase the value of your property (for example, an assessment to build a new sidewalk). The cost of a property improvement is added to the basis of the property. However, a charge is deductible if it is used only to maintain an existing public facility in service (for example, a charge to repair an existing sidewalk, and any interest included in that charge).

If your mortgage payments include your real estate taxes, you can deduct only the amount the mortgage company actually paid to the taxing authority in 2005.

If you sold your home in 2005, any real estate tax charged to the buyer should be shown on your settlement statement and in box 5 of any Form 1099-S you received. This amount is considered a refund of real estate taxes. See *Refunds and rebates* below. Any real estate taxes you paid at closing should be shown on your settlement statement.

Refunds and rebates. If you received a refund or rebate in 2005 of real estate taxes you paid in 2005, reduce your deduction by the amount of the refund or rebate. If you received a refund or rebate in 2005 of real estate taxes you paid in an earlier year, do not reduce your deduction by this amount. Instead, you must include the refund or rebate in income on Form 1040, line 21, if you deducted the real estate taxes in the earlier year and the deduction reduced your tax. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details on how to figure the amount to include in income.

### Line 7

### **Personal Property Taxes**

Enter personal property tax you paid, but only if it is based on value alone and it is charged on a yearly basis.

**Example.** You paid a yearly fee for the registration of your car. Part of the fee was based on the car's value and part was based on its weight. You can deduct only the part of the fee that was based on the car's value.

### Line 8

### Other Taxes

If you had any deductible tax not listed on line 5, 6, or 7, list the type and amount of tax. Enter only one total on line 8. Include on this line income tax you paid to a foreign country or U.S. possession.



You may want to take a credit for the foreign tax instead of a deduction. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 47, for

details.

### **Interest You Paid**

Whether your interest expense is treated as investment interest, personal interest, or business interest depends on how and when you used the loan proceeds. See Pub. 535 for details.

In general, if you paid interest in 2005 that applies to any period after 2005, you can deduct only amounts that apply for 2005.

### **Lines 10 and 11**

### **Home Mortgage Interest**

A home mortgage is any loan that is secured by your main home or second home. It includes first and second mortgages, home equity loans, and refinanced mortgages.

A home can be a house, condominium, cooperative, mobile home, boat, or similar property. It must provide basic living accommodations including sleeping space, toilet, and cooking facilities.

Limit on home mortgage interest. If you took out any mortgages after October 13, 1987, your deduction may be limited. Any additional amounts borrowed after October 13, 1987, on a line-of-credit mortgage you had on that date are treated as a mortgage taken out after October 13, 1987. If you refinanced a mortgage you had on October 13, 1987, treat the new mortgage as taken out on or before October 13, 1987. But if you refinanced for more than the balance of the old mortgage, treat the excess as a mortgage taken out after October 13, 1987.

See Pub. 936 to figure your deduction if either (1) or (2) below applies. If you had more than one home at the same time, the dollar amounts in (1) and (2) apply to the total mortgages on both homes.

- 1. You took out any mortgages after October 13, 1987, and used the proceeds for purposes other than to buy, build, or improve your home, and all of these mortgages totaled over \$100,000 at any time during 2005. The limit is \$50,000 if married filing separately. An example of this type of mortgage is a home equity loan used to pay off credit card bills, buy a car, or pay tuition.
- 2. You took out any mortgages after October 13, 1987, and used the proceeds to buy, build, or improve your home, and these mortgages plus any mortgages you took out on or before October 13, 1987, totaled over \$1 million at any time during 2005. The limit is \$500,000 if married filing separately.



If the total amount of all mortgages is more than the fair market value of the home, additional limits apply. See

Pub. 936.

### Line 10

Enter on line 10 mortgage interest and points reported to you on Form 1098 under your social security number (SSN). If this form shows any refund of overpaid interest, do not reduce your deduction by the refund. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 21. If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage, and the interest was reported on Form 1098 under the other person's SSN, report your share of the interest on line 11 (as explained in the line 11 instructions below).

If you paid more interest to the recipient than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 936 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, attach a statement explaining the difference and enter "See attached" to the right of line 10.



If you are claiming the mortgage interest credit (for holders of qualified mortgage credit certificates issued by state or lo-

cal governmental units or agencies), subtract the amount shown on Form 8396, line 3, from the total deductible interest you paid on your home mortgage. Enter the result on line 10.

### Line 11

If you did not receive a Form 1098 from the recipient, report your deductible mortgage interest on line 11.

If you bought your home from the recipient, be sure to show that recipient's name, identifying no., and address on the dotted lines next to line 11. If the recipient is an individual, the identifying no. is his or her social security number (SSN). Otherwise, it is the employer identification number. You must also let the recipient know your SSN. If you do not show the required information about the recipient or let the recipient know your SSN, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage, and the other person received the Form 1098, attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of that person. To the right of line 11, enter "See attached."

### Line 12

# Points Not Reported on Form 1098

Points are shown on your settlement statement. Points you paid only to borrow money are generally deductible over the life of the loan. See Pub. 936 to figure the amount you can deduct. Points paid for other purposes, such as for a lender's services, are not deductible.

**Refinancing.** Generally, you must deduct points you paid to refinance a mortgage over the life of the loan. This is true even if the new mortgage is secured by your main home.

If you used part of the proceeds to improve your main home, you may be able to deduct the part of the points related to the improvement in the year paid. See Pub. 936 for details.



If you paid off a mortgage early, deduct any remaining points in the year you paid off the mortgage.

### Line 13

### **Investment Interest**

Investment interest is interest paid on money you borrowed that is allocable to property held for investment. It does not include any interest allocable to passive activities or to securities that generate tax-exempt income.

Complete and attach Form 4952 to figure your deduction.

**Exception.** You do not have to file Form 4952 if all three of the following apply.

- 1. Your investment interest expense is not more than your investment income from interest and ordinary dividends minus any qualified dividends.
- 2. You have no other deductible investment expenses.
- 3. You have no disallowed investment interest expense from 2004.



Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, including those reported on Form 8814, are not investment income.

For more details, see Pub. 550.

### **Gifts to Charity**

You can deduct contributions or gifts you gave to organizations that are religious, charitable, educational, scientific, or literary in purpose. You can also deduct what you gave to organizations that work to prevent cruelty to children or animals. Certain whaling captains may be able to deduct expenses paid in 2005 for Native Alaskan subsistence bowhead whale hunting activities. See Pub. 526 for details.

To verify an organization's charitable status, you can:

- Check with the organization to which you made the donation. The organization should be able to provide you with verification of its charitable status.
- See Pub. 78 for a list of most qualified organizations. You can access Pub. 78 on the IRS website at www.irs.gov under Charities and Non-Profits.
- Call our Tax Exempt/Government Entities Customer Account Services at 1-877-829-5500. Assistance is available Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.

# Examples of Qualified Charitable Organizations

- Churches, mosques, synagogues, temples, etc.
- Boy Scouts, Boys and Girls Clubs of America, CARE, Girl Scouts, Goodwill Industries, Red Cross, Salvation Army, United Way, etc.
- Fraternal orders, if the gifts will be used for the purposes listed above.
  - Veterans' and certain cultural groups.

- Nonprofit schools, hospitals, and organizations whose purpose is to find a cure for, or help people who have, arthritis, asthma, birth defects, cancer, cerebral palsy, cystic fibrosis, diabetes, heart disease, hemophilia, mental illness or retardation, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, tuberculosis, etc.
- Federal, state, and local governments if the gifts are solely for public purposes.

# **Contributions You Can Deduct**

Contributions can be in cash (keep canceled checks, receipts, or other reliable written records showing the name of the organization and the date and amount given), property, or out-of-pocket expenses you paid to do volunteer work for the kinds of organizations described earlier. If you drove to and from the volunteer work, you can take the actual cost of gas and oil or 14 cents a mile. But, if the volunteer work was to provide relief related to Hurricane Katrina after August 24, 2005, this amount is increased to 29 cents a mile (34 cents a mile after August 31, 2005). Add parking and tolls to the amount you claim under either method. But do not deduct any amounts that were repaid to you.

Gifts from which you benefit. If you made a gift and received a benefit in return, such as food, entertainment, or merchandise, you can generally only deduct the amount that is more than the value of the benefit. But this rule does not apply to certain membership benefits provided in return for an annual payment of \$75 or less. For details, see Pub. 526.

*Example.* You paid \$70 to a charitable organization to attend a fund-raising dinner and the value of the dinner was \$40. You can deduct only \$30.

Gifts of \$250 or more. You can deduct a gift of \$250 or more only if you have a statement from the charitable organization showing the information in (1) and (2) below.

In figuring whether a gift is \$250 or more, do not combine separate donations. For example, if you gave your church \$25 each week for a total of \$1,300, treat each \$25 payment as a separate gift. If you made donations through payroll deductions, treat each deduction from each paycheck as a separate gift. See Pub. 526 if you made a separate gift of \$250 or more through payroll deduction.

- 1. The amount of any money contributed and a description (but not value) of any property donated.
- 2. Whether the organization did or did not give you any goods or services in return for your contribution. If you did receive any goods or services, a description and estimate of the value must be included. If you received only intangible religious benefits (such as admission to a religious ceremony), the organization must state this, but

it does not have to describe or value the benefit.



You must get the statement by the date you file your return or the due date (including extensions) for filing your return,

whichever is earlier. Do not attach the statement to your return. Instead, keep it for your records.

**Limit on the amount you can deduct.** See Pub. 526 to figure the amount of your deduction if any of the following applies.

- 1. Your cash contributions or contributions of ordinary income property are more than 30% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38
- 2. Your gifts of capital gain property are more than 20% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.
- 3. You gave gifts of property that increased in value or gave gifts of the use of property.



The limit described in item (1) above does not apply to certain cash contributions paid after August 27, 2005, if you elect to

treat those contributions as qualified contributions. See the instructions for line 15b on this page for details.

# Contributions You Cannot Deduct

- Any contribution you made in January 2005 for the relief of victims in areas affected by the December 26, 2004, Indian Ocean tsunami that you elected to deduct on your 2004 return.
- Travel expenses (including meals and lodging) while away from home, unless there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel.
  - Political contributions.
- Dues, fees, or bills paid to country clubs, lodges, fraternal orders, or similar groups.
- Cost of raffle, bingo, or lottery tickets. But you may be able to deduct these expenses on line 27. See page A-9 for details.
- Cost of tuition. But you may be able to deduct this expense on line 20 (see page A-8), or Form 1040, line 34, or take a credit for this expense (see Form 8863).
  - Value of your time or services.
  - Value of blood given to a blood bank.
- The transfer of a future interest in tangible personal property (generally, until the entire interest has been transferred).
- Gifts to individuals and groups that are run for personal profit.
- Gifts to foreign organizations. But you may be able to deduct gifts to certain U.S. organizations that transfer funds to foreign charities and certain Canadian, Is-

raeli, and Mexican charities. See Pub. 526 for details.

- Gifts to organizations engaged in certain political activities that are of direct financial interest to your trade or business. See section 170(f)(9).
- Gifts to groups whose purpose is to lobby for changes in the laws.
- Gifts to civic leagues, social and sports clubs, labor unions, and chambers of commerce.
- Value of benefits received in connection with a contribution to a charitable organization. See Pub. 526 for exceptions.

### Line 15a

### **Total Gifts by Cash or Check**

Enter on line 15a the total gifts you made in cash or by check (including out-of-pocket expenses).

# Line 15b Qualified Contributions

In general, you can elect to treat gifts by cash or check as qualified contributions if the gifts were paid after August 27, 2005, to a qualified charitable organization (other than certain private foundations described in section 509(a)(3)). Qualified contributions are not subject to the overall limitation on itemized deductions or the 50% adjusted gross income limitation.

Qualified contributions do not include contributions to organizations for which cash gifts are subject to a limit based on 30% of your adjusted gross income (such as contributions to veterans' organizations, fraternal societies, nonprofit cemeteries, and certain private nonoperating foundations). Also, qualified contributions do not include any contributions to a segregated fund or account for which you (or any person appointed or designated by you) have, or reasonably expect to have, advisory privileges with respect to distributions or investments based on your contribution.

Certain limits may apply if your qualified contributions are more than the amount on Form 1040, line 38, minus all other allowable contributions. For details, see Pub. 526

### Line 16

# Other Than by Cash or Check

Enter your contributions of property. If you gave used items, such as clothing or furniture, deduct their fair market value at the time you gave them. Fair market value is what a willing buyer would pay a willing seller when neither has to buy or sell and both are aware of the conditions of the sale.

For more details on determining the value of donated property, see Pub. 561.

If the amount of your deduction is more than \$500, you must complete and attach Form 8283. For this purpose, the "amount of your deduction" means your deduction before applying any income limits that could result in a carryover of contributions. If you deduct more than \$500 for a contribution of a motor vehicle, boat, or airplane, you must also attach a statement from the charitable organization to your return. If your total deduction is over \$5,000, you may also have to get appraisals of the values of the donated property. See Form 8283 and its instructions for details.

**Recordkeeping.** If you gave property, you should keep a receipt or written statement from the organization you gave the property to, or a reliable written record, that shows the organization's name and address, the date and location of the gift, and a description of the property. For each gift of property, you should also keep reliable written records that include:

- How you figured the property's value at the time you gave it. If the value was determined by an appraisal, keep a signed copy of the appraisal.
- The cost or other basis of the property if you must reduce it by any ordinary income or capital gain that would have resulted if the property had been sold at its fair market value.
- How you figured your deduction if you chose to reduce your deduction for gifts of capital gain property.
  - Any conditions attached to the gift.



If your total deduction for gifts of property is over \$500, you gave less than your entire interest in the property, or you made

a "qualified conservation contribution," your records should contain additional information. See Pub. 526 for details.

### Line 17

### **Carryover From Prior Year**

Enter any carryover of contributions that you could not deduct in an earlier year because they exceeded your adjusted gross income limit. See Pub. 526 for details.

# Casualty and Theft Losses

### Line 19

Complete and attach Form 4684 to figure the amount of your loss to enter on line 19.

You may be able to deduct part or all of each loss caused by theft, vandalism, fire, storm, or similar causes, and car, boat, and other accidents. You may also be able to deduct money you had in a financial institution but lost because of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the institution.

You can deduct nonbusiness casualty or theft losses only to the extent that:

- 1. The amount of each separate casualty or theft loss is more than \$100, and
- 2. The total amount of all losses during the year (reduced by the \$100 limit discussed in (1) above) is more than 10% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.



The limits in items (1) and (2) above do not apply to casualty and theft losses that occurred in the Hurricane Katrina disaster

area after August 24, 2005, if the loss was caused by Hurricane Katrina. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Special rules apply if you had both gains and losses from nonbusiness casualties or thefts. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Use Schedule A, line 22, to deduct the costs of proving that you had a property loss. Examples of these costs are appraisal fees and photographs used to establish the amount of your loss.

For information on federal disaster area losses, see Pub. 547. For information on tax benefits related to Hurricane Katrina, see Pub. 4492.

# Job Expenses and Certain Miscellaneous Deductions

You can deduct only the part of these expenses that exceeds 2% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.

Pub. 529 discusses the types of expenses that can and cannot be deducted.

# **Examples of Expenses You Cannot Deduct**

- Political contributions.
- Personal legal expenses.
- Lost or misplaced cash or property.
- Expenses for meals during regular or extra work hours.
  - The cost of entertaining friends.
- Commuting expenses. See Pub. 529 for the definition of commuting.
- Travel expenses for employment away from home if that period of employment exceeds 1 year. See Pub. 529 for an exception for certain federal employees.
  - Travel as a form of education.
- Expenses of attending a seminar, convention, or similar meeting unless it is related to your employment.
- Club dues. See Pub. 529 for exceptions.

- Expenses of adopting a child. But you may be able to take a credit for adoption expenses. See Form 8839 for details.
  - Fines and penalties.
- Expenses of producing tax-exempt income.

### Line 20

# Unreimbursed Employee Expenses

Enter the total ordinary and necessary job expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed. (Amounts your employer included in box 1 of your Form W-2 are not considered reimbursements.)

An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field of trade, business, or profession. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your business. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

But you must fill in and attach Form 2106 if either (1) or (2) below applies.

- 1. You claim any travel, transportation, meal, or entertainment expenses for your job.
- 2. Your employer paid you for any of your job expenses reportable on line 20.



If you used your own vehicle and (2) above does not apply, you may be able to file Form 2106-EZ instead.

If you do not have to file Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, list the type and amount of each expense on the dotted line next to line 20. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 20.



Do not include on line 20 any educator expenses you deducted on Form 1040, line 23.

Examples of other expenses to include on line 20 are:

- Safety equipment, small tools, and supplies needed for your job.
- Uniforms required by your employer that are not suitable for ordinary wear.
- Protective clothing required in your work, such as hard hats, safety shoes, and glasses.
- Physical examinations required by your employer.
- Dues to professional organizations and chambers of commerce.
  - Subscriptions to professional journals.
- Fees to employment agencies and other costs to look for a new job in your present occupation, even if you do not get a new job.
- Certain business use of part of your home. For details, including limits that apply, use TeleTax topic 509 (see page 8 of

the Form 1040 instructions) or see Pub. 587.

• Certain educational expenses. For details, use TeleTax topic 513 (see page 8 of the Form 1040 instructions) or see Pub. 970. Reduce your educational expenses by any tuition and fees deduction you claimed on Form 1040, line 34.



You may be able to take a credit for your educational expenses instead of a deduction. See Form 8863 for details.

### Line 21

### **Tax Preparation Fees**

Enter the fees you paid for preparation of your tax return, including fees paid for filing your return electronically. If you paid your tax by credit card, do not include the convenience fee you were charged.

### Line 22

### **Other Expenses**

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any personal expenses. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 22. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 22.

Examples of expenses to include on line 22 are:

- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (for example, trust account) fees.
- Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.
- Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 529.
- Casualty and theft losses of property used in performing services as an employee from Form 4684, lines 35 and 41b, or Form 4797, line 18a.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if \$3,000 or less.

# Other Miscellaneous Deductions

### Line 27

Only the expenses listed next can be deducted on this line. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 27. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 27.

- Gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings reported on Form 1040, line 21.
- Casualty and theft losses of income-producing property from Form

- 4684, lines 35 and 41b, or Form 4797, line 18a.
- Loss from other activities from Schedule K-1(Form 1065-B), box 2.
- Federal estate tax on income in respect of a decedent.
- Amortizable bond premium on bonds acquired before October 23, 1986.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if over \$3,000. See Pub. 525 for details.
- Certain unrecovered investment in a pension.
- Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.

For more details, see Pub. 529.

# Total Itemized Deductions

### Line 28

Use the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 28 if the amount on Form 1040, line 38, is over \$145,950 (\$72,975 if married filing separately).

### Line 29

If you elect to itemize for state tax or other purposes even though your itemized deductions are less than your standard deduction, check the box on line 29.

Itemized Deductions Worksheet—Line 28

Keep for Your Records

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4//
94

		recep for Your Records
	Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule A, lines 4, 9, 14, 18, 19, 26, and 27 Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule A, lines 4, 13, 15b, and 19, plus any gamblin casualty or theft losses included on line 27	g and
	Be sure your total gambling and casualty or theft losses are clearly identified on dotted lines next to line 27.	the
3.	Is the amount on line 2 less than the amount on line 1?	
	No. Stop Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Scheoline 28.	lule A,
	☐ Yes. Subtract line 2 from line 1	<b>3.</b>
4.	Multiply line 3 by 80% (.80)	
	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38	
	Enter: \$145,950 (\$72,975 if married filing separately) 6.	
7.	Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?	
	No. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 28.	
	<b>☐ Yes.</b> Subtract line 6 from line 5	
8.	Multiply line 7 by 3% (.03)	
9.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 4 or line 8	9 <b>.</b>
10.	Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Sched	ule A,
	line 28	10.

2005 Optional State and Certain Local Sales Tax Tables

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Inc	ome	Ken	ituc	ky <sup>2</sup>		6.000	00%	Lou	iisiai	na		.000	0%	Ma	ine²			5.000	00%	Ma	rylan	ld <sup>2</sup>		5.000	00%	Mas	sachi	usetts	<sup>2</sup> 5	.000	00%
\$0 20,000	\$20,000 30,000	202 335	234 387	255 421	271 447	285 469	303 499	141 245	161 281	175 304	185 322	194 336	205 356	129 228	151 266	165 291	177 311	186 327	199 350	158 275	184 319	202 349	215 372	227 391	242 418	145 250	164 284	177 306	187 323	196 337	207 356
30,000 40,000	40,000 50,000	405 465	466 536	507 582	539 618	564 647	600 688	302 351	345 401	373 434	395 459	413 480	437 508	282 329	328 383	359 419	383 447	403 470	431 503	338 394	392 456	428 498	456 530	479 557	512 594	307 357	348 404	375 435	395 459	412 478	436 505
50,000	60,000	520	599	650	690	723	768	396	452	490	518	541	573	373	433	474	506	532	568	445	514	561	597	627	670	402	456	490	517	539	569
60,000 70,000	70,000 80,000	571 619	656 711	713 772		792 857	841 910	438 478	500 545	541 590	624	598 652	633 691	413 452	480 525	525 574	560 612	589 643	629 687	492 537	568 620	620 676	660 719	693 755	739 806	444 485	503 548	541 590	571 622	595 648	628 684
80,000 90,000	90,000	664 707	762 811	827 880	877 933	918 976	975 1037	515 551	588 629	636 680	673 719	703 751	744 796	489 524	567 608	620 664	661 708	695 744	742 794	580 620	669 715	729 779	775 829	814 870	868 927	522 558	591 631	636 679	670 716	698 746	737 787
100,000		763	876		1007	1053		598	683	739	781	816	864	570	662	723	770	809	864	674	777	846	900		1006	606	685	737	777	809	854
120,000 140,000	160,000		1043	1131	1198		1329	664 723	758 825	820 892		905 984		635 693	737 803	805 877	857 934	901 981	961 1048	749 816			1086	1139		673 732	760 827	818 889	861 936		946 1028
160,000 180,000	180,000 200,000			1216 1293				782 835	892 953		1019 1088			751 805	870 932	950 1017	1012 1083		1134 1214				1174 1254			791 845	893 954	960 1025	1011		
200,000	or more	1361	1555	1682	1779	1859	1970	1109	1264	1365	1443	1506	1594	1078	1247	1359	1447	1519	1619	1259	1444	1568	1664	1743	1855	1121	1264	1357	1428	1486	1567
Inc	ome	Mic	higa	ın²	•	6.000	00%	Min	nes	ota	6	.500	0%	Mis	siss	ippi <sup>2</sup>	7	7.000	00%	Mis	sour	ri	4	1.225	50%	Neb	rasl	ka	5	.500	00%
\$0 20,000	\$20,000 30,000	196 340	228 395	250 431	266 460	280 483		184 323	210 369	228 400	242 424	253 443	269 470	347 558	418 669		505 805	536 855		153 252	179 293	196 321	209 343	220 360		194 337	223 387	242 420	256 445	268 466	285 494
30,000 40,000		417 485	484 562	528 614	563 653	591 686	631 732	398 465	455 531	493 575	522 608	546 636	579 674	666 759	797 908	887 1010		1017 1156		303 348	353 405	386 442	411 471	433 495		414 482	475 553	515 599	546 635	571 664	606 705
50,000	60,000	546	633	691	736	773	824	526	600	650	688	719	762	842	1007	1119	1207	1281	1385	389	451	493	525	552	589	544	623	676	716	749	794
60,000 70,000		604 659	700 763	763 832	812 885	853 929	909 991	582 636	665 726	719 786	761 831	795 869	843 921			1219 1313			1508 1623	426 461	494 535	540 584	575 622	604 653	644 696	601 656	689 751	747 814	791 862	827 902	877 957
80,000		710 759	822 879	896 958		1001 1070		687 736	784 839	848 908	897 960	937 1003	993 1063	1057	1261	1401 1483	1510	1601	1730	494 526	573 609	625 664	665 707	699 742	745 791	707 756	810 866	878 938	929 994	972 1039	
100,000	120,000	825	954	1040	1106	1161	1237	801	913	987	1044	1091	1156	1204	1435	1592	1716	1819	1965	567	657	716	762	800	853	821	940	1019	1079	1128	1196
120,000 140,000	140,000 160,000			1154 1254	1333	1287 1399	1490	971	1107	1196	1161 1264	1321	1399	1420	1689		2017	2137	2307	625 676	723 781	788 851	838 905		937 1011	992	1135	1131 1230	1302	1361	1443
	180,000 200,000			1355 1447				1052 1126												726 772	839 891	914 971			1085 1152	1073 1146		1329 1420			
200,000								1504																		1521					
																															A 11)

(Continued on page A-11)

### **2005 Optional State and Certain Local Sales Tax Tables** (Continued)

		<del></del>						Exemptions						Exemptions				Exemptions						Exemptions							
Inco					'		Over				•		Over						Over						Over						Over
At least	But less than	1 Nev	2 rada	3 <b>3</b>	4	5 6. <b>50</b> 0	5 00%	Nev	v Je	3 rsev	2,4 <b>6</b>	5 6.000	5 00%	Nev	v Me	3 exico	4	5.000	5 00%	Nev	v Yo	3 rk	4 4	5 I. <b>10</b> 3	5 34%	Nor	2 th Ca	3 Irolina	4 a 4	.500	5 0%
	\$20,000	213	246	269	286	300	320	178	202	217	229	239	253	184	213	231	246	257	274	140	163	177	189	198	211	152	179	197	211	222	239
20,000 30,000	30,000 40,000	368 451	426 521	464 568	493 603	517 633	550 673	314 388	356 440	384 474	405 500	422 521	446 551	321 393	369 453	401 492	426 522	446 547	475 582	246 302	284 349	309 380	329 404	345 423	367 451	262 321	307 375	337 412	361 441	380 464	408 497
40,000	50,000	525	605	659	700	734	781	453	514	554	584	609	643	458	527	572	607	636	676	352	406	442	470	493	525	372	435	478	511	538	576
50,000 60,000	60,000 70,000	592 654	682 753	742 820	789 871	827 912	880 971	513 569	582 645	627 694	661 732	689 763	728 806	516 571	594 656	645 713	685 756	717 792	762 841	397 439	459 507	499 552	530 586	556 615	592 654	419 463	490 540	537 593	574 633	605 667	648 714
70,000 80,000	80,000 90,000	713 768	821 885	893 962	949 1022	994 1071		622 672	705 761	759 820	800 865	834 901	881 952	622 671	716 771	777 838	824 888	863 930	917 988	480 518	553 597	602 650	640 690	671 723	714 770	504 543	589 634	645 695	689 742	726 781	777 835
90,000	100,000	821	946	1028	1092	1144	1216	720	815	878	926	965	1019	717	824	895	950	994	1056	554	638	695	738	774	823	580	677	742	792	834	892
	120,000 140,000		1027 1139	1116 1238		1241 1376		784 872	888 988		1008 1122	1050 1169		779 865	895 994			1079 1197		602 669	694 771	755 838	802 890	840 933	894 993	629 698	734 813	804 891	859 951	904	966 1070
	160,000 180,000	1077 1164		1346 1454				951 1030		1160						1173 1267		1302 1406		728 788	839 907	912 987			1080 1168	758 819	884 954		1033		
180,000	200,000	1244	1430	1553	1647	1725	1833	1103	1249	1344	1417	1476	1559	1087	1247	1354	1435	1502	1595	842	970	1054	1119	1173	1248	875	1018	1115	1189	1251	1337
200,000 o	r more	1651	1895	2056			-	1473		1795				1441	1653	1793				1119	1288	1400	1486	1557	1655	_		1472	_		
Inco				ako		5.000		Ohi				5.750			ahoı			1.500			ınsyl			3.000				slan		.000	
\$0 20,000	\$20,000 30,000	163 281	191 328	210 360	225 385	237 406	254 435	204 351	236 405	258 441	274 469	288 492	306 524	205 333	246 398	274 443	297 478	315 508		176 307	201 352	219 381	232 404	242 423	257 449	201 352	230 402	249 435	264 460	276 481	293 510
30,000 40,000	40,000 50,000	345 401	402 467	441 511	471 546	496 575	531 616	429 497	495 574	539 624	573 663	600 695	639 740	399 457	477 544	530 604	571 651	606 691	655 747	378 440	432 503	468 545	496 578	519 604	551 641	433 504	494 575	534 622	565 658	591 687	626 728
50,000	60,000	452	526	576	615	647	693	559	645	702	746	782	832	509	605	672	724	767	829	497	568	616	652	682	723	570	650	702	743	776	822
60,000 70,000	70,000 80,000	499 545	581 633	635 692	678 739	714 777	764 831	617 672	711 774	774 842	822 895	862 938	917 997	556 601	661 714	733 791	790 852	837 903	904 975	549 600	628 686	681 743	721 786	754 822	800 872	631 689	719 785	777 848	821 896	858 936	909 991
80,000 90,000	90,000	587 628	682 729	746 797	795 850	837 894	895 955	723 772	833 890	906 967		1009 1076		643 683	763 810	846 897	910 965	964 1022		647 692	740 791	801 857	848 907	887 948	941 1006	744 796	847 906	915 979		1010 1080	
100,000	120,000	682	791	864	922	969	1036	838	964	1049	1113	1166	1240	736	872	965	1038	1099	1186	752	860	931	985	1030	1093	865	985	1064	1124		
120,000 140,000		757 824	877 954			1074 1167		928 1008	1068 1159		1232 1337			809 873	957 1031	1058 1140				836 909	955 1039	1033 1124						1182 1287		1304 1419	
160,000 180,000	180,000			1125 1202				1088 1161							1106 1174		1313	1389	1497		1124 1201				1427 1524			1392 1488			
200,000 o				1590				1531								1668					1594							1979			
Inco	me	Sou	th Ca	arolin	a 5	5.000	00%	Sou	ıth C	ako	ta 4	1.000	00%	Ter	nes	see	7	7.000	00%	Tex	as		6	3.250	00%	Uta	h		4	.750	0%
	\$20,000	235	288	324	353	378	412	199	240	269	291	310	337	322	386	430	465	494		216	250	273	291	305	325	232	282	315	342	365	397
20,000 30,000	30,000 40,000	374 445	456 541	512 608	557 660	595 705	648 768	320 382	385 460	430 513	466 554	495 589	537 639	525 629	627 751	697 835	752 900		1032	377 464	436 536	475 584	505 621	530 651	565 693	371 442	448 533	501 595	543 645	578 686	627 744
40,000 50,000	50,000 60,000	506 561	614 680	689 763	749 828	799 883	870 961	436 484	523 581	583 647	631 699	670 743	726 804	719 801	858 955	953 1059				540 610	624 704	679 767	722 815	757 854	806 909	503 558	606 671	676 749	732 810	778 861	844 934
60,000	70,000	611	740	829	900	959	1044	528	633	705	761	809	876	876	1043	1157	1246	1321	1426	674	778	847	900	944	1005	608	730	815	881	937	1015
70,000 80,000	90,000	658 702	796 849		1031	1032	1195	570 608	682 728	760 810	820 875	871 929	943	1012	1203		1437	1522	1643	736 794	916	924 997	1059	1110	1096	655 699	787 839		1010	1008	1163
90,000	100,000	744 798	899 964	1006 1079		1162		645 693	771 829	858 922	927 995	984 1056	1065		1277	1416 1523				923	979 1064	1066			1263 1372	741	888 953	989		1136	
120,000	140,000	874	1054	1179 1266	1277	1360	1477	759 817	907 976	1009		1155	1249	1270	1508	1670 1799	1797	1903	2052	1025	1181 1285	1285	1365	1431	1523 1656	871	1042	1160 1246	1253	1330	1440
160,000	180,000	1006	1211	1353	1465	1559	1692	875	1044	1160	1251	1327	1435	1469	1741	1927	2073	2194	2366	1206	1390	1512	1606	1683	1790	1002	1197	1332	1437	1526	1651
180,000 a				1432 1824					1106 1415	1229 1570	1325 1691					2044 2626					1485 1972				1912 2535			1409 1795			
Inco			mon			6.000			jinia	E		5.000				gton		3.500	-		st Vi		_	5.000			con			.000	
	\$20,000	116	130	139	146	152	160	168	196	214		240	256	229	266	291	310	325	347	299	358	399	432	458	496	177	203	220	233	244	259
20,000 30,000	30,000 40,000	216 273	243 306	260 327	273 344	284 357	298 376	278 336	323 389	352 424	375 451	394 474	420 505	395 484	458 560	500 611	532 650	559 683	596 728	480 573	574 684	639 760	689 820	731 870	791 940	308 379	353 434	383 470	406 498	424 521	450 552
40,000	50,000	323	363	388	408	424	446	386	446	487	518	543	579	562	650	709	754	792	844	653	779	865	933	989	1068	441	505	547	579	606	642
50,000 60,000	60,000 70,000	370 414	415 465	445 498	467 523	485 543	511 571	431 473	498 546	543 595	578 633	606 664	646 707	633 698	732 808	798 880	849 936	891 982	949 1046	724 790	864 941	959 1045			1183 1288	498 550	570 630	617 682	653 722	683 755	724 800
70,000 80,000	80,000 90,000	457 497	513 558	549 597	576 627	599 652	630 686	512 549	592 634	644 690	685 733	718 769	765 819	761 820	880 947	959 1032		1069 1151			1015 1083				1387 1479	600 647	687 741	744 802	787 849	823 887	873 941
90,000	100,000	536	601	644	676	703	739	585	674	734	780	817	870	876	1012	1102	1172	1229	1309	964	1147	1272	1369	1450	1565	692	792	857	907	949	1005
100,000 120,000		589 662	660 742	707 795	742 835	771 867	811 912	631 696	728 802	792 872	841 926	882 970	938 1032		1097 1216	1195 1324		1333 1476			1232 1348	1365 1494				752 835	860 955	931 1034		1030 1143	
140,000 160,000		728 794	816 891	874 954	917 1001	953 1040	1003 1094	753 810	867 932		1000 1074					1438 1552					1450 1552							1124 1216		1243 1344	
180,000	200,000	856	959	1027	1079	1121	1179	862	991	1076	1142	1196	1271	1319	1522	1657	1760	1846	1965	1386	1644	1819	1956	2070	2231	1051	1200	1299	1374	1436	1521
200,000 o				1410			_	1124	1290	1399	1483	1552	1649	1744	2009	2186	2322	2434	2590	1777	2102	2323	2496	2640	2843	1395	1592	1722	1822	1903	2016
Inco			omir	264	287	305	_	2										es tax	rate ir	n addi	tion to	the 6	.25%	state	sales	tax ra	te.				
20,000	\$20,000 30,000	195 312		421	456	485	527	الي						-		ales ta		doo to	v roto	in ada	dition t	o the	4.050	' atat		o tov v	oto.				
30,000 40,000	40,000 50,000	372 424		501 569	542 616	577 655	626 711	<sup>4</sup> R	eside	nts of	Salen	n Cou	nty, N	J shou	ıld de	duct o	nly ha	alf of t	x rate he am	ount i	n the s			บ ธเสเต	e sale	o idX ľ	ait.				
50,000	60,000	470	565	631	682	725	786 955	<sup>5</sup> T	he sta	ate an	d loca	l gene	ral sa	les tax	es are	e com	bined	in the	Virgin	nia tab	le.										
60,000 70,000	70,000 80,000	513 553	616 663	687 739	742 799	789 849	855 920																								
80,000 90,000	90,000	590 625	707 749	788 835	852 902	905 958	981 1038																								
100,000	120,000	671	804	896		1028																									
120,000	160,000	735 791	946	1052	1136		1306																								
160,000 180,000				1125 1191																											
200,000 o	r more	1149	1368	1519	1637	1736	1877																								

Which Optional Local Sales Tax Table Should I Use?

IF you live in the state of	AND you live in	THEN use Local Table
Alaska	Any locality	С
Arizona	Any locality	В
Arkansas	Texarkana	В
California	Los Angeles County	В
Colorado	Aurora, Greeley, Longmont, or City of Pueblo	В
	Arvada, City of Boulder, Fort Collins, Lakewood, Thornton, or Westminster	С
	Boulder County, Pueblo County, or any other locality	A
Georgia	Any locality	В
Illinois	Arlington Heights, Aurora, Bloomington, Champaign, Chicago, Cicero, Decatur, Elgin, Evanston, Joliet, Palatine, Peoria, Schaumburg, Skokie, Springfield, or Waukegan	В
	Any other locality	A
Louisiana	Any locality	С
New York	New York City	В
North Carolina	Any locality	С

### 2005 Optional Local Sales Tax Tables A, B, and C

(Based on a local sales tax rate of 1 percent)

Inc	ome But			Local	Table A					Local 7	Table E	3		Local Table C							
At	less			Exem	ptions		_			Exem	ptions		_			Exem	ptions				
least	than	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5		
\$0	\$20,000	32	37	40	43	45	48	41	48	53	57	60	65	50	60	67	72	77	83		
20,000	30,000	54	62	67	71	75	79	66	78	87	93	98	105	80	96	107	115	122	132		
30,000	40,000	65	75	81	86	90	96	80	94	104	111	118	126	96	114	127	137	145	157		
40,000	50,000	75	86	93	99	103	110	92	108	119	127	134	144	109	130	144	155	165	178		
50,000	60,000	84	96	104	111	116	123	102	120	132	142	149	161	121	144	160	172	182	197		
60,000	70,000	92	106	115	121	127	135	112	131	145	155	163	175	132	157	174	187	198	214		
70,000	80,000	100	115	124	132	138	146	121	142	156	167	176	189	142	169	187	202	214	230		
80,000	90,000	107	123	133	141	148	157	129	152	167	179	189	202	151	180	200	215	228	245		
90,000	100,000	114	131	142	150	157	167	137	161	177	190	200	215	160	191	211	227	241	260		
100,000	120,000	124	141	153	162	170	180	148	174	191	204	216	231	172	205	227	244	258	279		
120,000	140,000	137	156	169	179	187	198	163	191	210	225	237	254	189	224	248	267	282	304		
140,000	160,000	148	169	183	194	202	214	176	206	226	242	255	273	203	241	266	286	303	327		
160,000	180,000	159	182	197	208	218	231	189	221	243	260	274	293	217	257	285	306	324	349		
180,000	200,000	170	194	210	222	232	245	201	235	258	276	290	311	230	273	301	324	343	369		
200,000	or more	222	253	274	289	302	320	260	304	333	356	374	401	295	348	384	413	436	470		

# Instructions for Schedule B, Interest and Ordinary Dividends

Use Schedule B (Form 1040) if any of the following applies.

- You had over \$1,500 of taxable interest.
- Any of the Special Rules listed in the instructions for line 1 apply to you.
- You are claiming the exclusion of interest from series EE or I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989.
  - You had over \$1,500 of ordinary dividends.
  - You received ordinary dividends as a nominee.
- You had a foreign account or you received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust. Part III of the schedule has questions about foreign accounts and trusts.



You can list more than one payer on each entry space for lines 1 and 5, but be sure to clearly show the amount paid

next to the payer's name. Add the separate amounts paid by the payers listed on an entry space and enter the total in the "Amount" column. If you still need more space, attach separate statements that are the same size as the printed schedule. Use the same format as lines 1 and 5, but show your totals on Schedule B. Be sure to put your name and social security number (SSN) on the statements and attach them at the end of your return.

### Part I. Interest

### Line 1

### Interest

Report on line 1 all of your taxable interest. Interest should be shown on your Forms 1099-INT, Forms 1099-OID, or substitute statements. Include interest from series EE and I U.S. savings bonds. List each payer's name and show the amount.

### **Special Rules**

### **Seller-Financed Mortgages**

If you sold your home or other property and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, list first any interest the buyer paid you on a mortgage or other form of seller financing. Be sure to show the buyer's name, address, and SSN. You must also let the buyer know your SSN. If you do not show the buyer's name, address, and SSN, or let the buyer know your SSN, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty.

### **Nominees**

If you received a Form 1099-INT that includes interest you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the interest actually belongs to someone else), report the total on line 1. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 1, put a subtotal of all interest listed on line 1. Below this subtotal, enter "Nominee Distribution" and show the total interest you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 2.



If you received interest as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-INT unless the owner is your

spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-INT with the IRS. For more details, see the General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G and the Instructions for Forms 1099-INT and 1099-OID.

#### **Accrued Interest**

When you buy bonds between interest payment dates and pay accrued interest to the seller, this interest is taxable to the seller. If you received a Form 1099 for interest as a purchaser of a bond with accrued interest, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the accrued interest on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "Accrued Interest."

### Tax-Exempt Interest

If you received a Form 1099-INT for tax-exempt interest, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the interest on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "Tax-Exempt Interest."

### **Original Issue Discount (OID)**

If you are reporting OID in an amount less than the amount shown on Form 1099-OID, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the OID on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "OID Adjustment."

#### **Amortizable Bond Premium**

If you are reducing your interest income on a bond by the amount of amortizable bond premium, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the interest on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "ABP Adjustment."

### Line 3

### Excludable Interest on Series EE and I U.S. Savings Bonds Issued After 1989

If, during 2005, you cashed series EE or I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 and you paid qualified higher education expenses for yourself, your spouse, or your

dependents, you may be able to exclude part or all of the interest on those bonds. See Form 8815 for details.

# Part II. Ordinary Dividends



You may have to file Form 5471 if, in 2005, you were an officer or director of a foreign corporation. You may also have

to file Form 5471 if, in 2005, you owned 10% or more of the total (a) value of a foreign corporation's stock, or (b) combined voting power of all classes of a foreign corporation's stock with voting rights. For details, see Form 5471 and its instructions.

### Line 5

### **Ordinary Dividends**

Report on line 5 all of your ordinary dividends. This amount should be shown in box 1a of your Forms 1099-DIV or substitute statements. List each payer's name and show the amount.

#### **Nominees**

If you received a Form 1099-DIV that includes ordinary dividends you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the ordinary dividends actually belong to someone else), report the total on line 5. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 5, put a subtotal of all ordinary dividends listed on line 5. Below this subtotal, enter "Nominee Distribution" and show the total ordinary dividends you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 6.



If you received dividends as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-DIV unless the owner is your

spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-DIV with the IRS. For more details, see the General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G and the Instructions for Form 1099-DIV.

# Part III. Foreign Accounts and Trusts

# Lines 7a and 7b Foreign Accounts

#### Line 7a

Check the "Yes" box on line 7a if either (1) or (2) below applies.

- 1. You own more than 50% of the stock in any corporation that owns one or more foreign bank accounts.
- 2. At any time during 2005 you had an interest in or signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country (such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account).



For line 7a, item (2) does not apply to foreign securities held in a U.S. securities account.

**Exceptions.** Check the "No" box if any of the following applies to you.

- The combined value of the accounts was \$10,000 or less during the whole year.
- The accounts were with a U.S. military banking facility operated by a U.S. financial institution.

- You were an officer or employee of a commercial bank that is supervised by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the account was in your employer's name; and you did not have a personal financial interest in the account.
- You were an officer or employee of a domestic corporation with securities listed on national securities exchanges or with assets of more than \$1 million and 500 or more shareholders of record; the account was in your employer's name; you did not have a personal financial interest in the account; and the corporation's chief financial officer has given you written notice that the corporation has filed a current report that includes the account.

See Form TD F 90-22.1 to find out if you are considered to have an interest in or signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country (such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account). You can get Form TD F 90-22.1 by visiting the IRS website at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f9022-1.pdf.

If you checked the "Yes" box on line 7a, file Form TD F 90-22.1 by June 30, 2006, with the Department of the Treasury at the address shown on that form. Do not attach it to Form 1040.



If you are required to file Form 90-22.1 but do not do so, you may have to pay a penalty of up to \$10,000 (more in some

cases).

### Line 7b

If you checked the "Yes" box on line 7a, enter the name of the foreign country or countries in the space provided on line 7b. Attach a separate statement if you need more space.

# Line 8 Foreign Trusts

If you received a distribution from a foreign trust, you must provide additional information. For this purpose, a loan of cash or marketable securities generally is considered to be a distribution. See Form 3520 for details.

If you were the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust that existed during 2005, you may have to file Form 3520.

### 2005 Instructions for Schedule C

# Profit or Loss From Business

Use Schedule C (Form 1040) to report income or loss from a business you operated or a profession you practiced as a sole proprietor. Also, use Schedule C to report wages and expenses you had as a statutory employee. An activity qualifies as a business if your primary purpose for engaging in the activity is for income or profit and you are involved in the activity with continuity and regularity. For example, a sporadic activity or a hobby does not qualify as a business. To report income from a nonbusiness activity, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 21.

Small businesses and statutory employees with expenses of \$5,000 or less may be able to file Schedule C-EZ instead of Schedule C. See Schedule C-EZ for details.

You may be subject to state and local taxes and other requirements such as business licenses and fees. Check with your state and local governments for more information.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

### What's New

Special rules for contributing book or food inventories under the Katrina Emergency Tax Relief Act of 2005. See Pub. 4492 for information on qualifying contributions, adjusting your inventory, and claiming any allowable deduction.

Employee retention credit for employers affected by Hurricane Katrina. If you had employees in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, you may be eligible for a credit against the wages you paid them while your business was inoperable. For more information, see Form 5884-A.

**Biodiesel fuels credit.** If you claimed the biodiesel fuels credit on Form 8864, you must include the credit in your income on line 6. See the instructions for line 6 on page C-3.

### **General Instructions**

### Other Schedules and Forms You May Have To File

- Schedule A to deduct interest, taxes, and casualty losses not related to your business.
- Schedule E to report rental real estate and royalty income or (loss) that is not subject to self-employment tax.
- Schedule F to report profit or (loss) from farming.
- Schedule J to figure your tax by averaging your fishing income over the previous 3 years. Doing so may reduce your tax.
- Schedule SE to pay self-employment tax on income from any trade or business.
- Form 4562 to claim depreciation on assets placed in service in 2005, to claim amortization that began in 2005, to make an election under section 179 to expense certain property, or to report information on listed property.
- Form 4684 to report a casualty or theft gain or loss involving property used in your

trade or business or income-producing property.

- Form 4797 to report sales, exchanges, and involuntary conversions (not from a casualty or theft) of trade or business property.
- Form 8594 to report certain purchases or sales of groups of assets that constitute a trade or business.
- Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges.
- Form 8829 to claim expenses for business use of your home.
- Form 8903 to take a deduction for income from domestic production activities.

**Husband-wife business.** If you and your spouse jointly own and operate a business and share in the profits and losses, you are partners in a partnership, whether or not you have a formal partnership agreement. Do not use Schedule C or C-EZ. Instead, file Form 1065. See Pub. 541 for more details.

Exception. If you and your spouse wholly own an unincorporated business as community property under the community property laws of a state, foreign country, or U.S. possession, you can treat the business either as a sole proprietorship or a partnership. The only states with community property laws are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. A change in your reporting position will be treated as a conversion of the entity.

Single-member limited liability company (LLC). Generally, a single-member domestic LLC is not treated as a separate entity for federal income tax purposes. If you are the sole member of a domestic LLC, file Schedule C or C-EZ (or Schedule E or F, if applicable). However, you can elect to treat a domestic LLC as a corporation. See Form 8832 for details on the election and the tax treatment of a foreign LLC.

**Heavy highway vehicle use tax.** If you use certain highway trucks, truck-trailers, tractor-trailers, or buses in your trade or business, you may have to pay a federal highway motor vehicle use tax. See the In-

structions for Form 2290 to find out if you owe this tax.

Information returns. You may have to file information returns for wages paid to employees, certain payments of fees and other nonemployee compensation, interest, rents, royalties, real estate transactions, annuities, and pensions. You may also have to file an information return if you sold \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a person on a buy-sell, deposit-commission, or other similar basis for resale. For details, see the 2005 General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

If you received cash of more than \$10,000 in one or more related transactions in your trade or business, you may have to file Form 8300. For details, see Pub. 1544.

# Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement

Use Form 8886 to disclose information for each reportable transaction in which you participated. Form 8886 must be filed for each tax year that your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. You may also have to pay interest and penalties on any reportable transaction understatements. The following are reportable transactions.

- Any transaction that is the same as or substantially similar to tax avoidance transactions identified by the IRS.
- Any transaction offered under conditions of confidentiality for which you paid an advisor a minimum fee.
- Any transaction for which you have contractual protection against disallowance of the tax benefits.
- Any transaction resulting in a loss of at least \$2 million in any single tax year or \$4 million in any combination of tax years. (At least \$50,000 for a single tax year if the loss arose from a foreign currency transaction defined in section 988(c)(1), whether or not the loss flows through from an S corporation or partnership.)

- Any transaction resulting in a book-tax difference of more than \$10 million on a gross basis.
- Any transaction resulting in a tax credit of more than \$250,000, if you held the asset generating the credit for 45 days or less.

See the Instructions for Form 8886 for more details and exceptions.

### Additional Information

See Pub. 334 for more information for small businesses.

### **Specific Instructions**

Filers of Form 1041. Do not complete the block labeled "Social security number (SSN)." Instead, enter your employer identification number (EIN) on line D.

### Line A

Describe the business or professional activity that provided your principal source of income reported on line 1. If you owned more than one business, you must complete a separate Schedule C for each business. Give the general field or activity and the type of product or service. If your general field or activity is wholesale or retail trade, or services connected with production services (mining, construction, or manufacturing), also give the type of customer or client. For example, "wholesale sale of hardware to retailers" or "appraisal of real estate for lending institutions."

### Line D

You need an employer identification number (EIN) only if you had a qualified retirement plan or were required to file an employment, excise, estate, trust, or alcohol, tobacco, and firearms tax return. If you need an EIN, see the Instructions for Form SS-4. If you do not have an EIN, leave line D blank. Do not enter your SSN.

### Line E

Enter your business address. Show a street address instead of a box number. Include the suite or room number, if any. If you conducted the business from your home located at the address shown on Form 1040, page 1, you do not have to complete this line.

### Line F

Generally, you can use the cash method, accrual method, or any other method permitted by the Internal Revenue Code. In all cases, the method used must clearly reflect income. Unless you are a qualifying taxpayer or a qualifying small business taxpayer, you must use the accrual method for sales and purchases of inventory items. See the Part III instructions on page C-6 for the definition of a qualifying taxpayer and a qualifying small business taxpayer. Special

rules apply to long-term contracts. See section 460 for details.

If you use the cash method, show all items of taxable income actually or constructively received during the year (in cash, property, or services). Income is constructively received when it is credited to your account or set aside for you to use. Also, show amounts actually paid during the year for deductible expenses. However, if the payment of an expenditure creates an asset having a useful life that extends substantially beyond the close of the year, it may not be deductible or may be deductible only in part for the year of the payment. See Pub. 535.

If you use the accrual method, report income when you earn it and deduct expenses when you incur them even if you do not pay them during the tax year. Accrual-basis taxpayers are put on a cash basis for deducting business expenses owed to a related cash-basis taxpayer. Other rules determine the timing of deductions based on economic performance. See Pub. 538.

To change your accounting method, you generally must file Form 3115. You may also have to make an adjustment to prevent amounts of income or expense from being duplicated or omitted. This is called a section 481(a) adjustment.

Example. You change to the cash method of accounting and choose to account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental. You accrued sales in 2004 for which you received payment in 2005. You must report those sales in both years as a result of changing your accounting method and must make a section 481(a) adjustment to prevent duplication of income.

A net negative section 481(a) adjustment is taken into account entirely in the year of the change. A net positive section 481(a) adjustment is generally taken into account over a period of 4 years. Include any net positive section 481(a) adjustments on line 6. If the net section 481(a) adjustment is negative, report it in Part V.

For details on figuring section 481(a) adjustments, see the Instructions for Form 3115, Rev. Proc. 2004-23, 2004-16 I.R.B. 785, available at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/irb/2004-16\_IRB/ar11.html">www.irs.gov/irb/2004-16\_IRB/ar11.html</a>, and Rev. Proc. 2004-57, 2004-38 I.R.B. 498, available at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/irb/2004-38\_IRB/ar11.html">www.irs.gov/irb/2004-38\_IRB/ar11.html</a>.

### Line G

If your business activity was not a rental activity and you met any of the material participation tests below or the exception for oil and gas applies (explained on page C-3), check the "Yes" box. Otherwise, check the "No" box. If you check the "No" box, this business is a passive activity. If you have a loss from this business, see Limit on losses on page C-3. If you have a profit from this business activity but have current year losses from other passive activities or you have prior year unallowed passive activity losses, see the Instructions for Form 8582.

**Material participation.** Participation, for purposes of the seven material participation

tests listed below, generally includes any work you did in connection with an activity if you owned an interest in the activity at the time you did the work. The capacity in which you did the work does not matter. However, work is not treated as participation if it is work that an owner would not customarily do in the same type of activity and one of your main reasons for doing the work was to avoid the disallowance of losses or credits from the activity under the passive activity rules.

Work you did as an investor in an activity is not treated as participation unless you were directly involved in the day-to-day management or operations of the activity. Work done as an investor includes:

- Studying and reviewing financial statements or reports on the activity,
- Preparing or compiling summaries or analyses of the finances or operations of the activity for your own use, and
- Monitoring the finances or operations of the activity in a nonmanagerial capacity.

Participation by your spouse during the tax year in an activity you own can be counted as your participation in the activity. This applies even if your spouse did not own an interest in the activity and whether or not you and your spouse file a joint return.

For purposes of the passive activity rules, you materially participated in the operation of this trade or business activity during 2005 if you met any of the following seven tests.

- 1. You participated in the activity for more than 500 hours during the tax year.
- 2. Your participation in the activity for the tax year was substantially all of the participation in the activity of all individuals (including individuals who did not own any interest in the activity) for the tax year.
- 3. You participated in the activity for more than 100 hours during the tax year, and you participated at least as much as any other person for the tax year. This includes individuals who did not own any interest in the activity.
- 4. The activity is a significant participation activity for the tax year, and you participated in all significant participation activities for more than 500 hours during the year. An activity is a "significant participation activity" if it involves the conduct of a trade or business, you participated in the activity for more than 100 hours during the tax year, and you did not materially participate under any of the material participation tests (other than this test 4).
- 5. You materially participated in the activity for any 5 of the prior 10 tax years.
- 6. The activity is a personal service activity in which you materially participated for any 3 prior tax years. A personal service activity is an activity that involves performing personal services in the fields of health, law, engineering, architecture, accounting, actuarial science, performing arts, consulting, or any other trade or business in which capital is not a material income-producing factor.
- 7. Based on all the facts and circumstances, you participated in the activity on a regular, continuous, and substantial basis

during the tax year. But you do not meet this test if you participated in the activity for 100 hours or less during the tax year. Your participation in managing the activity does not count in determining if you meet this test if any person (except you) (a) received compensation for performing management services in connection with the activity or (b) spent more hours during the tax year than you spent performing management services in connection with the activity (regardless of whether the person was compensated for the services).

Rental of personal property. A rental activity (such as long-term equipment leasing) is a passive activity even if you materially participated in the activity. However, if you met any of the five exceptions listed under *Rental Activities* in the Instructions for Form 8582, the rental of the property is not treated as a rental activity and the material participation rules above apply.

Exception for oil and gas. If you are filing Schedule C to report income and deductions from an oil or gas well in which you own a working interest directly or through an entity that does not limit your liability, check the "Yes" box. The activity of owning the working interest is not a passive activity regardless of your participation.

Limit on losses. If you checked the "No" box and you have a loss from this business, you may have to use Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss, if any, to enter on Schedule C, line 31. Generally, you can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. For details, see Pub. 925.

### Line H

If you started or acquired this business in 2005, check the box on line H. Also check the box if you are reopening or restarting this business after temporarily closing it, and you did not file a 2004 Schedule C or C-EZ for this business.

### Part I. Income

Except as otherwise provided in the Internal Revenue Code, gross income includes income from whatever source derived. Gross income, however, does not include extraterritorial income that is qualifying foreign trade income. Use Form 8873 to figure the extraterritorial income exclusion. Report it on Schedule C as explained in the Instructions for Form 8873.

### Line 1

Enter gross receipts from your trade or business. Include amounts you received in your trade or business that were properly shown on Forms 1099-MISC. If the total amounts that were reported in box 7 of Forms 1099-MISC are more than the total you are reporting on line 1, attach a statement explaining the difference.

Statutory employees. If you received a Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box in box 13 of that form was checked, report your income and expenses related to that income on Schedule C or C-EZ. Enter your statutory employee income from box 1 of Form W-2 on line 1 of Schedule C or C-EZ and check the box on that line. Social security and Medicare tax should have been withheld from your earnings; therefore, you do not owe self-employment tax on these earnings. Statutory employees include full-time life insurance agents, certain agent or commission drivers and traveling salespersons, and certain homeworkers.

If you had both self-employment income and statutory employee income, you must file two Schedules C. You cannot use Schedule C-EZ or combine these amounts on a single Schedule C.

Installment sales. Generally, the installment method cannot be used to report income from the sale of (a) personal property regularly sold under the installment method, or (b) real property held for resale to customers. But the installment method can be used to report income from sales of certain residential lots and timeshares if you elect to pay interest on the tax due on that income after the year of sale. See section 453(l)(2)(B) for details. If you make this election, include the interest on Form 1040, line 63. Also, enter "453(l)(3)" and the amount of the interest on the dotted line to the left of line 63.

If you use the installment method, attach a schedule to your return. Show separately for 2005 and the 3 preceding years: gross sales, cost of goods sold, gross profit, percentage of gross profit to gross sales, amounts collected, and gross profit on amounts collected.

### Line 6

Report on line 6 amounts from finance reserve income, scrap sales, bad debts you recovered, interest (such as on notes and accounts receivable), state gasoline or fuel tax refunds you got in 2005, credit for biodiesel fuels claimed on Form 8864, credit for federal tax paid on gasoline or other fuels claimed on your 2004 Form 1040, prizes and awards related to your trade or business, and other kinds of miscellaneous business income. Include amounts you received in your trade or business as shown on Form 1099-PATR. Also, include any recapture of the deduction for clean-fuel vehicles used in your business and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. For details, see Pub. 535.

If the business use percentage of any listed property (defined in the instructions for line 13 on page C-4) decreased to 50% or less in 2005, report on this line any recapture of excess depreciation, including any section 179 expense deduction. Use Form 4797 to figure the recapture. Also, if the business use percentage drops to 50% or less on leased listed property (other than a vehicle), include on this line any inclusion amount. See Pub. 946 to figure the amount.

### **Part II. Expenses**

Capitalizing costs of property. If you produced real or tangible personal property or acquired property for resale, certain expenses attributable to the property generally must be included in inventory costs or capitalized. In addition to direct costs, producers of inventory property generally must also include part of certain indirect costs in their inventory. Purchasers of personal property acquired for resale must include part of certain indirect costs in inventory only if the average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years exceed \$10 million. Also, you must capitalize part of the indirect costs that benefit real or tangible personal property constructed for use in a trade or business, or noninventory property produced for sale to customers. Reduce the amounts on lines 8 through 26 and Part V by amounts capitalized. For details, see Pub. 538.

**Exception for certain producers.** Producers who account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental can currently deduct expenditures for direct labor and all indirect costs that would otherwise be included in inventory costs. See *Cost of Goods Sold* on page C-6 for more details.

Exception for creative property. If you are an artist, author, or photographer, you may be exempt from the capitalization rules. However, your personal efforts must have created (or reasonably be expected to create) the property. This exception does not apply to any expense related to printing, photographic plates, motion picture films, video tapes, or similar items. These expenses are subject to the capitalization rules. For details, see Pub. 538.

### Line 9

You can deduct the actual expenses of running your car or truck or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used your vehicle for hire (such as a taxicab) or you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your business (such as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can take the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if you:

- Owned the vehicle and use the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or
- Leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual expenses:

- Include on line 9 the business portion of expenses for gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, license plates, etc., and
- Show depreciation on line 13 and rent or lease payments on line 20a.

If you take the standard mileage rate, do not deduct depreciation, rent or lease payments, or your actual operating expenses.

Multiply the number of business miles driven:

- Before September 1, 2005, by 40.5 cents, and
  - After August 31, 2005, by 48.5 cents.

Add to this amount your parking fees and tolls, and enter the total on line 9.

For details, see Pub. 463.

**Information on your vehicle.** If you claim any car and truck expenses, you must provide certain information on the use of your vehicle by completing one of the following.

- Schedule C, Part IV, or Schedule C-EZ, Part III, if: (a) you are claiming the standard mileage rate, you lease your vehicle, or your vehicle is fully depreciated, and (b) you are not required to file Form 4562 for any other reason. If you used more than one vehicle during the year, attach your own schedule with the information requested in Schedule C, Part IV, or Schedule C-EZ, Part III, for each additional vehicle.
- Form 4562, Part V, if you are claiming depreciation on your vehicle or you are required to file Form 4562 for any other reason (see the instructions for line 13).

### Line 11

Enter the total cost of contract labor for the tax year. Do not include contract labor deducted elsewhere on your return such as contract labor that you included in Part III. Also, do not include salaries and wages paid to your employees, instead see line 26.

### Line 12

Enter your deduction for depletion on this line. If you have timber depletion, attach Form T. See Pub. 535 for details.

### Line 13

Depreciation and section 179 expense deduction. Depreciation is the annual deduction allowed to recover the cost or other basis of business or investment property having a useful life substantially beyond the tax year. You can also depreciate improvements made to leased business property. However, stock in trade, inventories, and land are not depreciable. Depreciation starts when you first use the property in your business or for the production of income. It ends when you take the property out of service, deduct all your depreciable cost or other basis, or no longer use the property in your business or for the production of income. You can also elect under section 179 to expense part of the cost of certain property you bought in 2005 for use in your business. See the Instructions for Form 4562 to figure the amount to enter on line 13.

When to attach Form 4562. You must complete and attach Form 4562 only if:

- You are claiming depreciation on property placed in service during 2005;
- You are claiming depreciation on listed property (defined below), regardless of the date it was placed in service; or

• You are claiming a section 179 expense deduction.

If you acquired depreciable property for the first time in 2005, see Pub. 946.

Listed property generally includes, but is not limited to:

- Passenger automobiles weighing 6,000 pounds or less;
- Any other property used for transportation if the nature of the property lends itself to personal use, such as motorcycles, pickup trucks, etc.;
- Any property used for entertainment or recreational purposes (such as photographic, phonographic, communication, and video recording equipment);
- Cellular telephones or other similar telecommunications equipment; and
  - Computers or peripheral equipment.

Exceptions. Listed property does not include photographic, phonographic, communication, or video equipment used exclusively in your trade or business or at your regular business establishment. It also does not include any computer or peripheral equipment used exclusively at a regular business establishment and owned or leased by the person operating the establishment. For purposes of these exceptions, a portion of your home is treated as a regular business establishment only if that portion meets the requirements under section 280A(c)(1) for deducting expenses for the business use of your home.

See the instructions for line 6 on page C-3 if the business use percentage of any listed property decreased to 50% or less in 2005.

### Line 14

Deduct contributions to employee benefit programs that are not an incidental part of a pension or profit-sharing plan included on line 19. Examples are accident and health plans, group-term life insurance, and dependent care assistance programs. If you made contributions on your behalf as a self-employed person to a dependent care assistance program, complete Form 2441, Parts I and III, to figure your deductible contributions to that program.

Do not include on line 14 any contributions you made on your behalf as a self-employed person to an accident and health plan or for group-term life insurance. You may be able to deduct on Form 1040, line 29, the amount you paid for health insurance on behalf of yourself, your spouse, and dependents, even if you do not itemize your deductions. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 29, for details.

### Line 15

Deduct premiums paid for business insurance on line 15. Deduct on line 14 amounts paid for employee accident and health insurance. Do not deduct amounts credited to a reserve for self-insurance or premiums paid for a policy that pays for your lost earnings due to sickness or disability. For details, see Pub. 535.

### Lines 16a and 16b

Interest allocation rules. The tax treatment of interest expense differs depending on its type. For example, home mortgage interest and investment interest are treated differently. "Interest allocation" rules require you to allocate (classify) your interest expense so it is deducted (or capitalized) on the correct line of your return and receives the right tax treatment. These rules could affect how much interest you are allowed to deduct on Schedule C or C-EZ.

Generally, you allocate interest expense by tracing how the proceeds of the loan were used. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you paid interest on a debt secured by your main home and any of the proceeds from that debt were used in connection with your trade or business, see Pub. 535 to figure the amount that is deductible on Schedule C or C-EZ.

How to report. If you have a mortgage on real property used in your business (other than your main home), enter on line 16a the interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions for which you received a Form 1098 (or similar statement). If you did not receive a Form 1098, enter the interest on line 16b.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, include the amount on line 16a. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference and enter "See attached" in the margin next to line 16a.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage and the other person received the Form 1098, include your share of the interest on line 16b. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received the Form 1098. In the margin next to line 16b, enter "See attached."

If you paid interest in 2005 that applies to future years, deduct only the part that applies to 2005.

### Line 17

Include on this line fees for tax advice related to your business and for preparation of the tax forms related to your business.

### Line 19

Enter your deduction for contributions to a pension, profit-sharing, or annuity plan, or plans for the benefit of your employees. If the plan included you as a self-employed person, enter contributions made as an employer on your behalf on Form 1040, line 28, not on Schedule C.

Generally, you must file the applicable form listed below if you maintain a pension, profit-sharing, or other funded-deferred compensation plan. The filing requirement is not affected by whether or not the plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code, or whether or not you claim a deduction for the current tax year. There

is a penalty for failure to timely file these forms.

**Form 5500.** File this form for a plan that is not a one-participant plan (see below).

**Form 5500-EZ.** File this form for a one-participant plan. A one-participant plan is a plan that only covers you (or you and your spouse).

For details, see Pub. 560.

### Lines 20a and 20b

If you rented or leased vehicles, machinery, or equipment, enter on line 20a the business portion of your rental cost. But if you leased a vehicle for a term of 30 days or more, you may have to reduce your deduction by an amount called the inclusion amount. See Pub. 463 to figure your inclusion amount.

Enter on line 20b amounts paid to rent or lease other property, such as office space in a building.

### Line 21

Deduct the cost of repairs and maintenance. Include labor, supplies, and other items that do not add to the value or increase the life of the property. Do not deduct the value of your own labor. Do not deduct amounts spent to restore or replace property; they must be capitalized.

### Line 22

Generally, you can deduct the cost of supplies only to the extent you actually consumed and used them in your business during the tax year (unless you deducted them in a prior tax year). However, if you had incidental supplies on hand for which you kept no inventories or records of use, you can deduct the cost of supplies you actually purchased during the tax year, provided that method clearly reflects income.

### Line 23

You can deduct the following taxes and licenses on this line.

- State and local sales taxes imposed on you as the seller of goods or services. If you collected this tax from the buyer, you must also include the amount collected in gross receipts or sales on line 1.
- Real estate and personal property taxes on business assets.
- Licenses and regulatory fees for your trade or business paid each year to state or local governments. But some licenses, such as liquor licenses, may have to be amortized. See Pub. 535 for details.
- Social security and Medicare taxes paid to match required withholding from your employees' wages. Also, federal unemployment tax paid. Reduce your deduction by the amount shown on Form 8846, line 4
  - Federal highway use tax.

Do not deduct the following on this line.

- Federal income taxes, including your self-employment tax. However, you can deduct one-half of your self-employment tax on Form 1040, line 27.
  - Estate and gift taxes.
- Taxes assessed to pay for improvements, such as paving and sewers.
- Taxes on your home or personal use property.
- State and local sales taxes on property purchased for use in your business. Instead, treat these taxes as part of the cost of the property.
- State and local sales taxes imposed on the buyer that you were required to collect and pay over to state or local governments. These taxes are not included in gross receipts or sales nor are they a deductible expense. However, if the state or local government allowed you to retain any part of the sales tax you collected, you must include that amount as income on line 6.
- Other taxes and license fees not related to your business.

### Line 24a

Enter your expenses for lodging and transportation connected with overnight travel for business while away from your tax home. Generally, your tax home is your main place of business regardless of where you maintain your family home. You cannot deduct expenses paid or incurred in connection with employment away from home if that period of employment exceeds 1 year. Also, you cannot deduct travel expenses for your spouse, your dependent, or any other individual unless that person is your employee, the travel is for a bona fide business purpose, and the expenses would otherwise be deductible by that person.

Do not include expenses for meals and entertainment on this line. Instead, see the instructions for line 24b on this page.

Instead of keeping records of your actual incidental expenses, you can use an optional method for deducting incidental expenses only if you did not pay or incur meal expenses on a day you were traveling away from your tax home. The amount of the deduction is \$3 a day. Incidental expenses include fees and tips given to porters, baggage carriers, bellhops, hotel maids, stewards or stewardesses and others on ships, and hotel servants in foreign countries. They do not include expenses for laundry, cleaning and pressing of clothing, lodging taxes, or the costs of telegrams or telephone calls. You cannot use this method on any day that you use the standard meal allowance (as explained in the instructions for line 24b).

You cannot deduct expenses for attending a foreign convention unless it is directly related to your trade or business and it is as reasonable for the meeting to be held outside the North American area as within it. These rules apply to both employers and employees. Other rules apply to luxury water travel.

For details, see Pub. 463.

### Line 24b

Enter your total deductible business meal and entertainment expenses. Include meal expenses while traveling away from home for business.

**Deductible expenses.** Business meal expenses are deductible only if they are (a) directly related to or associated with the active conduct of your trade or business, (b) not lavish or extravagant, and (c) incurred while you or your employee is present at the meal.

You cannot deduct any expense paid or incurred for a facility (such as a yacht or hunting lodge) used for any activity usually considered entertainment, amusement, or recreation

Also, you cannot deduct membership dues for any club organized for business, pleasure, recreation, or other social purpose. This includes country clubs, golf and athletic clubs, airline and hotel clubs, and clubs operated to provide meals under conditions favorable to business discussion. But it does not include civic or public service organizations, professional organizations (such as bar and medical associations), business leagues, trade associations, chambers of commerce, boards of trade, and real estate boards, unless a principal purpose of the organization is to entertain, or provide entertainment facilities for, members or their guests.

There are exceptions to these rules as well as other rules that apply to sky-box rentals and tickets to entertainment events. See Pub. 463.

Standard meal allowance. Instead of the actual cost of your meals while traveling away from home, you can use the standard meal allowance for your daily meals and incidental expenses. Under this method, you deduct a specified amount, depending on where you travel, instead of keeping records of your actual meal expenses. However, you must still keep records to prove the time, place, and business purpose of your travel.

The standard meal allowance is the federal M&IE rate. You can find these rates on the Internet at www.gsa.gov. Click on "Per Diem Rates." For locations outside the continental United States, the applicable rates are published monthly. You can find these rates on the Internet at www.state.gov.

See Pub. 463 for details on how to figure your deduction using the standard meal allowance, including special rules for partial days of travel.

Amount of deduction. Generally, you can deduct only 50% of your business meal and entertainment expenses, including meals incurred while away from home on business. For individuals subject to the Department of Transportation (DOT) hours of service limits, that percentage is increased to 70% for business meals consumed during, or incident to, any period of duty for which those limits are in effect. Individuals subject to the DOT hours of service limits include the following persons.

 Certain air transportation workers (such as pilots, crew, dispatchers, mechanics, and control tower operators) who are under Federal Aviation Administration regulations

- Interstate truck operators who are under DOT regulations.
- Certain merchant mariners who are under Coast Guard regulations.

However, you can fully deduct meals, incidentals, and entertainment furnished or reimbursed to an employee if you properly treat the expense as wages subject to withholding. You can also fully deduct meals, incidentals, and entertainment provided to a nonemployee to the extent the expenses are includible in the gross income of that person and reported on Form 1099-MISC. See Pub. 535 for details and other exceptions.

**Daycare providers.** If you qualify as a family daycare provider, you can use the standard meal and snack rates, instead of actual costs, to compute the deductible cost of meals and snacks provided to eligible children. See Pub. 587 for details, including recordkeeping requirements.

### Line 25

Deduct only utility expenses for your trade or business.

Local telephone service. If you used your home phone for business, do not deduct the base rate (including taxes) of the first phone line into your residence. But you can deduct expenses for any additional costs you incurred for business that are more than the cost of the base rate for the first phone line. For example, if you had a second line, you can deduct the business percentage of the charges for that line, including the base rate charges.

### Line 26

Enter the total salaries and wages for the tax year. Do not include salaries and wages deducted elsewhere on your return or amounts paid to yourself. Reduce your deduction by the amounts claimed on:

- Form 5884, Work Opportunity Credit, line 2;
- Form 5884-A, Hurricane Katrina Employee Retention Credit, line 2;
- Form 8844, Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community Employment Credit, line 2;
- Form 8845, Indian Employment Credit, line 4; and
- Form 8861, Welfare-to-Work Credit, line 2.



If you provided taxable fringe benefits to your employees, such as personal use of a car, do not deduct as wages the amount

applicable to depreciation and other expenses claimed elsewhere.

### Line 30

**Business use of your home.** You may be able to deduct certain expenses for business use of your home, subject to limitations. You must attach Form 8829 if you claim

this deduction. For details, see the Instructions for Form 8829 and Pub. 587.

### Line 31

If you have a loss, the amount of loss you can deduct this year may be limited. Go to line 32 before entering your loss on line 31. If you answered "No" to Schedule C, Question G, also see the Instructions for Form 8582. Enter the net profit or deductible loss here. Combine this amount with any profit or loss from other businesses, and enter the total on Form 1040, line 12, and Schedule SE, line 2. Estates and trusts should enter the total on Form 1041, line 3.

If you have a net profit on line 31, this amount is earned income and may qualify you for the earned income credit. See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, for details.

Statutory employees. Include your net profit or deductible loss from line 31 with other Schedule C amounts on Form 1040, line 12. However, do not report this amount on Schedule SE, line 2. If you are required to file Schedule SE because of other self-employment income, see the Instructions for Schedule SE.

### Line 32

At-risk rules. Generally, if you have (a) a business loss and (b) amounts in the business for which you are not at risk, you will have to complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss. The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can claim to the amount you could actually lose in the business.

Check box 32b if you have amounts for which you are not at risk in this business, such as the following.

- Nonrecourse loans used to finance the business, to acquire property used in the business, or to acquire the business that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the business). However, there is an exception for certain non-recourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property.
- Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the business (or contributed to the business, or used to acquire the business) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).
- Amounts borrowed for use in the business from a person who has an interest in the business, other than as a creditor, or who is related under section 465(b)(3) to a person (other than you) having such an interest

If all amounts are at risk in this business, check box 32a and enter your loss on line 31. But if you answered "No" to Question G, you may need to complete Form 8582 to figure your deductible loss. See the Instructions for Form 8582 for details.

If you checked box 32b, see Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible

loss. But if you answered "No" to Question G, your loss may be further limited. See the Instructions for Form 8582. If your at-risk amount is zero or less, enter -0- on line 31. Be sure to attach Form 6198 to your return. If you checked box 32b and you do not attach Form 6198, the processing of your tax return may be delayed.

Any loss from this business not allowed for 2005 because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to the business in 2006. For details, see the Instructions for Form 6198 and Pub. 925.

# Part III. Cost of Goods Sold

Generally, if you engaged in a trade or business in which the production, purchase, or sale of merchandise was an income-producing factor, you must take inventories into account at the beginning and end of your tax year.

However, if you are a qualifying taxpayer or a qualifying small business taxpayer, you can account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental. To change your accounting method, see the instructions for line F on page C-2.

A qualifying taxpayer is a taxpayer (a) whose average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years are \$1 million or less, and (b) whose business is not a tax shelter (as defined in section 448(d)(3)).

A qualifying small business taxpayer is a taxpayer (a) whose average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years are more than \$1 million but not more than \$10 million, (b) whose business is not a tax shelter (as defined in section 448(d)(3)), and (c) whose principal business activity is not an ineligible activity as explained in Rev. Proc. 2002-28. You can find Rev. Proc. 2002-28 on page 815 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2002-18 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf

Under this accounting method, inventory costs for raw materials purchased for use in producing finished goods and merchandise purchased for resale are deductible in the year the finished goods or merchandise are sold (but not before the year you paid for the raw materials or merchandise, if you are also using the cash method). Enter amounts paid for all raw materials and merchandise during 2005 on line 36. The amount you can deduct for 2005 is figured on line 42.

Additional information. For additional guidance on this method of accounting for inventoriable items, see Rev. Proc. 2001-10 if you are a qualifying taxpayer or Rev. Proc. 2002-28 if you are a qualifying small business taxpayer. You can find Rev. Proc. 2001-10 on page 272 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2001-2 at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb01-02.pdf">www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb01-02.pdf</a>, and Rev. Proc. 2002-28 on page 815 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2002-18 at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf">www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf</a>.



Certain direct and indirect expenses may have to be capitalized or included in inventory. See the instructions for Part II

beginning on page C-3.

### Line 33

Your inventories can be valued at cost; cost or market value, whichever is lower; or any other method approved by the IRS. However, you are required to use cost if you are using the cash method of accounting.

### Line 35

If you are changing your method of accounting beginning with 2005, refigure last year's closing inventory using your new method of accounting and enter the result on line 35. If there is a difference between last year's closing inventory and the refigured amount, attach an explanation and take it into account when figuring your section 481(a) adjustment. See the example on page C-2 for details.

### Line 41

If you account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental, enter on line 41 the portion of your raw materials and merchandise purchased for resale that are included on line 40 and were not sold during the year.

# Part IV. Information on Your Vehicle

### Line 44b

Generally, commuting is travel between your home and a work location. If you converted your vehicle during the year from personal to business use (or vice versa), enter your commuting miles only for the period you drove your vehicle for business. For information on certain travel that is considered a business expense rather than commuting, see the Instructions for Form 2106.

# Part V. Other Expenses

Include all ordinary and necessary business expenses not deducted elsewhere on Schedule C. List the type and amount of each expense separately in the space provided. Enter the total on lines 48 and 27. Do not include the cost of business equipment or furniture, replacements or permanent improvements to property, or personal, liv-

ing, and family expenses. Do not include charitable contributions. Also, you cannot deduct fines or penalties paid to a government for violating any law. For details on business expenses, see Pub. 535.

**Amortization.** Include amortization in this part. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

You can amortize:

- The cost of pollution-control facilities.
- Amounts paid for research and experimentation.
  - Qualified revitalization expenditures.
- Amounts paid to acquire, protect, expand, register, or defend trademarks or trade names.
- Goodwill and certain other intangibles.

In general, you cannot amortize real property construction period interest and taxes. Special rules apply for allocating interest to real or personal property produced in your trade or business.

**At-risk loss deduction.** Any loss from this activity that was not allowed as a deduction last year because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to this activity in 2005.

**Business start-up costs.** You can either deduct or begin amortizing certain business start-up costs in the year your business begins. The method you use depends on when the costs were paid or incurred.

Paid or incurred before October 23, 2004. You can elect to amortize these business start-up costs over 60 months or more, beginning with the month the business began.

Paid or incurred after October 22, 2004. You can elect to deduct up to \$5,000 of these business start-up costs for the year your business began. This limit is reduced (but not below zero) by the amount by which your total start-up costs exceed \$50,000. Your remaining start-up costs can be amortized over a 180-month period, beginning with the month the business began.

For details, see Pub. 535. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

Capital construction fund. Do not claim on Schedule C or C-EZ the deduction for amounts contributed to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936. Instead, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on Form 1040, line 43, by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 43, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see Pub. 595.

Clean-fuel vehicles and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. You may be able to deduct part of the cost of qualified clean-fuel vehicle property used in your business and qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. See Pub. 535 for details.

Disabled access credit and the deduction for removing barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly. You may be able to claim a tax credit of up to \$5,000 for eligible expenditures paid or incurred in 2005 to provide access to your business for individuals with disabilities. See Form 8826 for details. You can also deduct up to \$15,000 of costs paid or incurred in 2005 to remove architectural or transportation barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly. However, you cannot take both the credit and the deduction on the same expenditures.

Film and television production expenses. You can elect to deduct costs of certain qualified film and television productions. For details, see Pub. 535.

Forestation and reforestation costs. You can elect to deduct up to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately) of qualifying reforestation costs paid or incurred after October 22, 2004. The remaining costs can be amortized over an 84-month period. The amortization election does not apply to trusts and the expense election does not apply to estates and trusts. For details, see Pub. 535. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control number 1545-1974 and is shown below.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

#### **Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes**

These codes for the Principal Business or Professional Activity classify sole proprietorships by the type of activity they are engaged in to facilitate the administration of the Internal Revenue Code. These six-digit codes are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Select the category that best describes your primary business activity (for example, Real Estate). Then select the activity that best identifies the principal source of your sales or receipts (for example, real estate agent). Now find the six-digit code assigned to this activity (for example, 531210, the code for offices

of real estate agents and brokers) and enter it on Schedule C or C-EZ, line  $B. \label{eq:B}$ 

**Note.** If your principal source of income is from farming activities, you should file Schedule F.

#### Accommodation, Food Services, & Drinking Places Accommodation

721310	Rooming & boarding houses
	6
721210	RV (recreational vehicle)
	parks & recreational camps
721100	Traveler accommodation
	(including hotels, motels, &
	had & breakfact inne)

### Food Services & Drinking Places

722410	Drinking places (alcoholic
	beverages)
722110	Full-service restaurants
722211	Limited-service eating places
722300	Special food services
	(including food service
	contractors & caterers)

# Administrative & Support and Waste Management & Remediation Services Administrative & Support Services

Services		
561430	Business service centers (including private mail centers & copy shops)	
561740	Carpet & upholstery cleaning services	
561440	Collection agencies	
561450	Credit bureaus	
561410	Document preparation services	
561300	Employment services	
561710	Exterminating & pest control services	
561210	Facilities support (management) services	
561600	Investigation & security services	
561720	Janitorial services	
561730	Landscaping services	
561110	Office administrative services	
561420	Telephone call centers (including telephone answering services & telemarketing bureaus)	
561500	Travel arrangement & reservation services	
561490	Other business support services (including repossession services, court reporting, & stenotype services)	

# organizers) Waste Management & Remediation Services

dwellings

Other services to buildings &

Other support services (including packaging & labeling services, & convention & trade show

561790

561900

562000 Waste management & remediation services

### Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting, & Fishing

	3, 3
112900	Animal production (including
	breeding of cats and dogs)
114110	Fishing
113000	Forestry & logging (including forest nurseries & timber
	forest nurseries & timber
	tracts)
114210	Hunting & trapping

#### Support Activities for Agriculture & Forestry

115210	Support activities for animal
	production (including farriers)
115110	Support activities for crop
	production (including cotton
	ginning, soil preparation,
	planting, & cultivating)
115310	Support activities for forestry
	**

### Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation

### Amusement, Gambling, & Recreation Industries

713100	Amusement parks & arcades
713200	Gambling industries
713900	Other amusement &
	recreation services (including
	golf courses, skiing facilities,
	marinas, fitness centers,
	bowling centers, skating
	rinks, miniature golf courses)

### Museums, Historical Sites, & Similar Institutions

712100 Museums, historical sites, & similar institutions

## Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, & Related Industries

711410	Agents & managers for artists, athletes, entertainers, & other public figures
711510	Independent artists, writers, & performers
711100	Performing arts companies
711300	Promoters of performing arts sports, & similar events
711210	Spectator sports (including professional sports clubs & racetrack operations)
	711510 711100 711300

### Construction of Buildings 236200 Nonresidential building

Heavy Constr	and Civil Engineering
236100	construction Residential building construction

Construction		
237310	Highway, street, & bridge construction	

	engineering construction
237990	Other heavy & civil
237100	Utility system construction
23/210	Land subdivision

#### **Specialty Trade Contractors**

Opcoid	ity induc continuotors
238310	Drywall & insulation contractors
238210	Electrical contractors
238350	Finish carpentry contractors
238330	Flooring contractors
238130	Framing carpentry contractors
238150	Glass & glazing contractors
238140	Masonry contractors
238320	Painting & wall covering
	contractors
238220	Plumbing, heating & air-
	conditioning contractors
238110	Poured concrete foundation &
	structure contractors
238160	Roofing contractors
238170	Siding contractors
238910	Site preparation contractors
238120	Structural steel & precast
	concrete construction
	contractors

238340 Tile & terrazzo contractors

238290	Other building equipment contractors
238390	Other building finishing contractors
238190	Other foundation, structure, & building exterior contractors
238990	All other specialty trade contractors

### **Educational Services**

611000	Educational services (including schools, colleges, & universities)
	& universities)

#### Finance & Insurance Credit Intermediation & Related Activities

522100	Depository credit
	intermediation (including
	commercial banking, savings institutions, & credit unions)
522200	Nondepository credit
	intermediation (including
	sales financing & consumer

lending)
522300 Activities related to credit intermediation (including loan

### Insurance Agents, Brokers, & Related Activities

brokers)

524210	Insurance agencies &
	brokerages
524290	Other insurance related
	activities

#### Securities, Commodity Contracts, & Other Financial Investments & Related Activities

523140 Commodity contracts brokers

523130	Commodity contracts dealer
523110	Investment bankers &
	securities dealers
523210	Securities & commodity
	exchanges
523120	Securities brokers
523900	Other financial investment
	activities (including
	investment advise)

#### 621900 Other ambulatory health care services (including ambulance services, blood, & organ banks)

### Hospitals

622000 Hospitals

### Nursing & Residential Care Facilities

623000 Nursing & residential care facilities

### Social Assistance

Occiai	Assistance
624410	Child day care services
624200	Community food & housing, & emergency & other relief
	services
624100	Individual & family services
624310	Vocational rehabilitation

#### Information

511000 Publishing industries (except Internet)

### Broadcasting (except Internet) & Telecommunications

515000 Broadcasting (except Internet) 517000 Telecommunications

### Internet Publishing & Broadcasting

516110 Internet publishing & broadcasting

### Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portals, & Data Processing Services

	518210	Data processing, hosting, & related services
ı		
ı	518111	Internet service providers
ı	518112	Web search portals
ı	519100	Other information services
ı		(including news syndicates
ı		and libraries)

### Motion Picture & Sound Recording

512100	Motion picture & video industries (except video rental)
512200	Sound recording industries

### Health Care & Social Assistance

### **Ambulatory Health Care Services**

621510 Medical & diagnostic

621610 Home health care services

	laboratories
621310	Offices of chiropractors
621210	Offices of dentists
621330	Offices of mental health
	practitioners (except
	physicians)
621320	Offices of optometrists
621340	Offices of physical,
	occupational & speech
	therapists, & audiologists
621111	Offices of physicians (except
	mental health specialists)
621112	Offices of physicians, mental
	health specialists
621391	Offices of podiatrists
621399	Offices of all other
	miscellaneous health
	practitioners

621400 Outpatient care centers

	rental)
512200	Sound recording industries
Manuf	acturing
315000	Apparel mfg.
312000	Beverage & tobacco product mfg.
334000	Computer & electronic product mfg.
335000	Electrical equipment, appliance, & component mfg.
332000	Fabricated metal product mfg.
337000	Furniture & related product mfg.
333000	Machinery mfg.
339110	Medical equipment & supplies mfg.
322000	Paper mfg.
324100	Petroleum & coal products mfg.
326000	Plastics & rubber products mfg.
331000	Primary metal mfg.
323100	Printing & related support activities
313000	Textile mills

314000 Textile product mills 336000 Transportation equipment

321000 Wood product mfg.

339900 Other miscellaneous mfg.

mfg.

		1	nty Codes (continued)				
Chemi	cal Manufacturing	Repair	& Maintenance	531320	Offices of real estate	446190	Other health & personal care
	Basic chemical mfg.		Automotive body, paint,		appraisers		stores
325500	ē	011120	interior, & glass repair	531310	Real estate property managers	Motor	Vehicle & Parts Dealers
323300	mfg.	811110	Automotive mechanical &	531390	Other activities related to real		Automotive parts, accessories,
325300	· ·	011110	electrical repair &		estate	441300	& tire stores
323300	Pesticide, fertilizer, & other agricultural chemical mfg.		maintenance	Rental	& Leasing Services	441222	Boat dealers
225410	-	811190	Other automotive repair &		•		
325410	Pharmaceutical & medicine	011190	maintenance (including oil	532100	Automotive equipment rental	441221	Motorcycle dealers
225200	mfg.		change & lubrication shops &		& leasing	441110	New car dealers
325200	Resin, synthetic rubber, &		car washes)	532400	Commercial & industrial	441210	Recreational vehicle dealers
	artificial & synthetic fibers & filaments mfg.	811310	Commercial & industrial		machinery & equipment		(including motor home &
225600	<u> </u>	011510	machinery & equipment	522210	rental & leasing		travel trailer dealers)
325600	Soap, cleaning compound, &		(except automotive &	532210	Consumer electronics &	441120	Used car dealers
225000	toilet preparation mfg.		electronic) repair &	500000	appliances rental	441229	All other motor vehicle
325900	Other chemical product &		maintenance *	532220	Formal wear & costume		dealers
	preparation mfg.	811210	Electronic & precision		rental	Sporti	ng Goods, Hobby,
Food N	Manufacturing		equipment repair &		General rental centers		& Music Stores
311110	Animal food mfg.		maintenance	532230	Video tape & disc rental	,	Book stores
311800	Bakeries & tortilla mfg.	811430	Footwear & leather goods	532290	Other consumer goods rental		
311500	- C		repair			451120	Hobby, toy, & game stores
	Fruit & vegetable preserving	811410	Home & garden equipment &	Religio	ous, Grantmaking,	451140	Musical instrument &
311400	& speciality food mfg.		appliance repair &	Civic,	Professional, & Similar	454040	supplies stores
311200			maintenance	Organ	izations		News dealers & newsstands
	Grain & oilseed milling	811420	Reupholstery & furniture	_	Religious, grantmaking, civic,	451220	Prerecorded tape, compact
311610	Animal slaughtering &		repair	013000	professional, & similar		disc, & record stores
211710	processing	811490	Other personal & household		organizations	451130	Sewing, needlework, & piece
311710			goods repair & maintenance		5		goods stores
211200	& packaging		5 1	Retail	Trade	451110	Sporting goods stores
311300		Profes	sional, Scientific, &		ng Material & Garden	Miscel	laneous Store Retailers
2444	product mfg.		ical Services				Art dealers
311900	Other food mfg. (including		Legal services		nent & Supplies Dealers	453110	Florists
	coffee, tea, flavorings, &		6		Hardware stores		
	seasonings)	341211	Offices of certified public accountants	444110	Home centers	453220	Gift, novelty, & souvenir
	r & Allied Product	541014		444200	Lawn & garden equipment &	453930	stores
Manufa	acturing		Payroll services		supplies stores	453930	Manufactured (mobile) home
316210	Footwear mfg. (including		Tax preparation services	444120	Paint & wallpaper stores	450040	dealers
	leather, rubber, & plastics)		Other accounting services	444190	Other building materials	453210	Office supplies & stationery
316110	Leather & hide tanning &	Archite	ectural, Engineering, &		dealers		stores
	finishing		d Services	Clothir	ng & Accessories	453910	Pet & pet supplies stores
316990	-	541310	Architectural services	Stores		453310	Used merchandise stores
	mfg.	541350				453990	All other miscellaneous store
Nonme	etallic Mineral Product		S 1	448130	Children's & infants' clothing		retailers (including tobacco,
	acturing	541340	e e	440150	stores		candle, & trophy shops)
	•	541330	Engineering services	448150	Clothing accessories stores	Nonst	ore Retailers
32/300	Cement & concrete product	541360	Geophysical surveying &	448140	Family clothing stores	454112	Electronic auctions
227100	mfg.		mapping services	448310	Jewelry stores	454111	
327100	Clay product & refractory	541320	Landscape architecture	440220	Luggage & leather goods	434111	Electronic shopping
	6.7			448320	Euggage & leather goods	454210	
	mfg.		services	448320	stores	454310	Fuel dealers
327210	Glass & glass product mfg.	541370	Surveying & mapping (except		stores	454113	Mail-order houses
327210 327400	~			448110	stores Men's clothing stores	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators
	Glass & glass product mfg.	541370	Surveying & mapping (except	448110 448210	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores	454113	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling
327400	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg.	541370 541380	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories	448110 448210 448120	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including
327400 327900	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.	541370 541380 <b>Comp</b> i	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design &	448110 448210 448120 448190	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen
327400	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.	541370 541380 Compt Relate	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b>	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores onic & Appliance Stores	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party
327400 327900 <b>Mining</b>	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.	541370 541380 Compt Relate	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design &	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b>	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, &
327400 327900 <b>Mining</b> 212110	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining	541370 541380 <b>Compi Relate</b> 541510	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic supplies stores	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service
327400 327900 <b>Mining</b> 212110 212200	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining	541370 541380 Compt Relate 541510 Specia	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services llized Design Services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic	454113 454210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, &
327400 327900 <b>Mining</b> 212110 212200	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining	541370 541380 Compt Relate 541510 Specia	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services Specialized design services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic supplies stores	454113 454210 454390	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)
327400 327900 <b>Mining</b> 212110 212200 212300	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying	541370 541380 Compt Relate 541510 Specia	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories  tter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial,	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores	454113 454210 454390 <b>Trans</b>	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories  tter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services llized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design)	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443120 443111	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores	454113 454210 454390 Transi Wareh	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & cousing
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying	541370 541380 Compu Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services llized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific,	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443120 443111 443112	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other Clothing stores Onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transp</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  portation & cousing Air transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443120 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b>	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other Clothing stores Onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores & Beverage Stores	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transp</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & nousing Air transportation Charter bus industry
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services llized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific,	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other Stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beverage Stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transj</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510 484110	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & cousing Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services al & Laundry Services	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores & Beverage Stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transp</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & cousing Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services ulized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, inical Services Advertising & related services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores & Beverage Stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transj</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510 484110 484120	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  portation & ousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 Other Persor 812111 812112	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, Inical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, &	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores & Beverage Stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transj</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510 484110	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Speciate 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services specialized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transj</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510 484110 484120	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  portation & ousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 Other Persor 812111 812112	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services al & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services specialized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas)	454113 454210 454390 <b>Transj</b> <b>Wareh</b> 481000 485510 484110 484120	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services al & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services Ulized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, inical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets	454113 454210 454390 Transi Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services Ulized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, Inical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research &	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  cortation & cousing Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, Inical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100 445290 <b>Furnitu</b>	Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores  Ire & Home Furnishing	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 485210 486000 482110	Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  portation & nousing Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & Services Computer systems design & related services Ulized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, Inical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research &	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100	Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores  Ire & Home Furnishing	Transi Wareh 48100 485510 484120 485210 486000 485210 486000 482110 487000	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Portation & Oussing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services specialized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100 445290 <b>Furnitu</b> <b>Stores</b>	Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores  Ire & Home Furnishing	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 485210 486000 482110	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including	541370 541380 Compile Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services specialized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services	448110 448210 448120 448190 <b>Electro</b> 443130 443111 443112 <b>Food 8</b> 445310 445220 445230 445100 445290 <b>Furnitu</b> <b>Stores</b> 442110	stores  Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores Une & Home Furnishing Furniture stores	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Portation & Housing Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional,	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445100 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing Furniture stores Home furnishings stores	Transi Wareh 48100 485510 484120 485210 486000 485210 486000 482110 487000	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & cousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310 812320	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites)	541370 541380 Compile Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Household appliance stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores The Stations	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Cortation & cousing  Air transportation  Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220 812310 812320	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral	541370 541380 Compile Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional,	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Bestores Home furnishings stores Gasoline stations (including	454113 454210 454390 Transi Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & lousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans)
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310 812320	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Monmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply	541370 541380 Compile Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & devices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445100  445210 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores ne Stations Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas)	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans)  Taxi & limousine service
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220 812310 812320 812310 812330 812113	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990  Real E	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services Estate & Rental &	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445100  445210 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Bestores Home furnishings stores Gasoline stations (including	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans)  Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems
327400 327900 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812220 812310 812320 812113 812230	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services nal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990  Real E	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services Estate & Rental & 19	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445100  445210 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100  Genera	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores ne Stations Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas)	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110 483000	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans) Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems Water transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220 812310 812320 812310 812330 812113	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages Pet care (except veterinary)	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990  Real E Leasir Real E	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nnical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services Estate & Rental & ng state	448110 448210 448120 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445100  445210 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100 Genera 452000	stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores ne Stations Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas) al Merchandise Stores General merchandise stores	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & Oousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans) Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems Water transportation Other transit & ground
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812320 812320 812320 812330 812113 812930 812910	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages Pet care (except veterinary) services	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990  Real E Leasir Real E	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services dized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services  setate & Rental & ng state Lessors of real estate	448110 448210 448120 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100 Genera 452000 Health	Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Computer & software stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas) al Merchandise Stores General merchandise stores & Personal Care Stores	454113 454210 454390 Transi Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110 483000 485990	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Portation & Housing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans) Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems Water transportation Other transit & ground passenger transportation
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220 812310 812320 812210 812330 812113 812930 812910 812920	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages Pet care (except veterinary) services Photofinishing	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990  Real E Leasir Real E	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services Estate & Rental & 19 State Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses &	448110 448210 448120 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445100  445210 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100 Genera 452000	stores  Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores ure & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores ne Stations Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas) al Merchandise Stores General merchandise stores & Personal Care Stores Cosmetics, beauty supplies, &	454113 454210 454390 Transp Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110 483000	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans)  Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems Water transportation Other transit & ground passenger transportation Support activities for
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812212 812320 812320 812310 812330 812113 812930 812910	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services hal & Laundry Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages Pet care (except veterinary) services Photofinishing Other personal care services	541370 541380 Compi Relate 541510 Specia 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541940 541990 Real E Leasir Real E 531100	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, and services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services  Estate & Rental & 19 State Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses & self-storage units)	448110 448210 448120 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100 Genera 452000 Health 446120	stores  Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores Ine & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Ine Stations Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas) In Merchandise Stores General merchandise stores & Personal Care Stores Cosmetics, beauty supplies, & perfume stores	454113 454210 454390 Transi Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110 483000 485990	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & tousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans) Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems Water transportation Other transit & ground passenger transportation Support activities for transportation (including
327400 327900 Mining 212110 212200 212300 211110 213110 Other Persor 812111 812112 812220 812310 812320 812210 812330 812113 812930 812910 812920	Glass & glass product mfg. Lime & gypsum product mfg. Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.  Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying Oil & gas extraction Support activities for mining  Services Barber shops Beauty salons Cemeteries & crematories Coin-operated laundries & drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages Pet care (except veterinary) services Photofinishing Other personal care services (including diet & weight	541370 541380 Comptine Relate 541510 Special 541400 Other & Tech 541800 541600 541910 541920 541700 541930 541940 541990  Real E Leasir Real E	Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories uter Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Ilized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, anical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services  Estate & Rental & ng state Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses & self-storage units) Offices of real estate agents	448110 448210 448120 448190 Electro 443130 443120 443111 443112 Food 8 445310 445220 445230 445290 Furnitu Stores 442110 442200 Gasolii 447100 Genera 452000 Health 446120 446130	stores  Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Camera & photographic supplies stores Household appliance stores Radio, television, & other electronics stores Beer, wine, & liquor stores Fish & seafood markets Fruit & vegetable markets Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience stores without gas) Meat markets Other specialty food stores Ine & Home Furnishing  Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Ine Stations Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas) In Merchandise Stores General merchandise stores & Personal Care Stores Cosmetics, beauty supplies, & perfume stores Optical goods stores	454113 454210 454390 Transi Wareh 481000 485510 484110 484120 485210 486000 482110 487000 485410 484200 485300 485110 483000 485990	Mail-order houses  Vending machine operators  Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)  Oortation & nousing  Air transportation Charter bus industry General freight trucking, local General freight trucking, long distance Interurban & rural bus transportation Pipeline transportation Rail transportation Scenic & sightseeing transportation School & employee bus transportation Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans)  Taxi & limousine service Urban transit systems Water transportation Other transit & ground passenger transportation Support activities for
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### Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes (continued)

Couriers & Messengers 492000 Couriers & messengers Warehousing & Storage Facilities 493100 Warehousing & storage	423940 423300 423800	Jewelry, watch, precious stone, & precious metals Lumber & other construction materials Machinery, equipment, & supplies		notions Beer, wine, & distilled	424700 424940 424990	Petroleum & petroleum products Tobacco & tobacco products Other miscellaneous nondurable goods
(except leases of miniwarehouses & self-storage units)	423500 423100	Metal & mineral (except petroleum)  Motor vehicle & motor	424920 424600	alcoholic beverage Books, periodicals, & newspapers Chemical & allied products		esale Electronic ts and Agents & rs
Utilities 221000 Utilities	423400	vehicle parts & supplies Professional & commercial equipment & supplies	424210 424500 424910	Drugs & druggists' sundries Farm product raw materials Farm supplies	425110 425120	Business to business electronic markets Wholesale trade agents &
Wholesale Trade	423930 423910	Recyclable materials Sporting & recreational goods & supplies Toy & hobby goods & supplies Other miscellaneous durable goods	424930 424400 424950 424100	Flower, nursery stock, & florists' supplies Grocery & related products Paint, varnish, & supplies Paper & paper products		brokers
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods  423600 Electrical & electronic goods 423200 Furniture & home furnishing 423700 Hardware, & plumbing & heating equipment & supplies	423920 423990				999999	Unclassified establishments (unable to classify)

### 2005 Instructions for Schedule D

# Capital Gains and Losses

Use Schedule D (Form 1040) to report the following.

- The sale or exchange of a capital asset (defined on this page) not reported on another form or schedule.
- Gains from involuntary conversions (other than from casualty or theft) of capital assets not held for business or profit.
  - Capital gain distributions not reported directly on Form 1040, line 13.
  - Nonbusiness bad debts.

**Additional information.** See Pub. 544 and Pub. 550 for more details. For a comprehensive filled-in example of Schedule D, see Pub. 550.

### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

### What's New

Empowerment zone business stock. You can now exclude up to 60% of the gain on the sale or exchange of qualified small business stock of an empowerment zone business if certain requirements are met. See Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock on page D-4.

# Other Forms You May Have To File

Use Form 4797 to report the following.

- 1. The sale or exchange of:
- a. Property used in a trade or business;
- b. Depreciable and amortizable property:
- c. Oil, gas, geothermal, or other mineral property; and
  - d. Section 126 property.
- 2. The involuntary conversion (other than from casualty or theft) of property used in a trade or business and capital assets held for business or profit.
- 3. The disposition of noncapital assets other than inventory or property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of your trade or business.
- 4. Ordinary loss on the sale, exchange, or worthlessness of small business investment company (section 1242) stock.
- 5. Ordinary loss on the sale, exchange, or worthlessness of small business (section 1244) stock.
- 6. Ordinary gain or loss on securities held in connection with your trading business, if you previously made a mark-to-market election. See *Traders in Securities* on page D-3.

Use Form 4684 to report involuntary conversions of property due to casualty or theft.

Use Form 6781 to report gains and losses from section 1256 contracts and straddles.

Use Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges. A like-kind exchange occurs when you exchange business or investment property for property of a like kind.

### **Capital Asset**

Most property you own and use for personal purposes, pleasure, or investment is a capital asset. For example, your house, furniture, car, stocks, and bonds are capital assets. A capital asset is any property held by you except the following.

- Stock in trade or other property included in inventory or held mainly for sale to customers.
- Accounts or notes receivable for services performed in the ordinary course of your trade or business or as an employee, or from the sale of stock in trade or other property held mainly for sale to customers.
- Depreciable property used in your trade or business, even if it is fully depreciated.
- Real estate used in your trade or business.
- Copyrights, literary, musical, or artistic compositions, letters or memoranda, or similar property: (a) created by your personal efforts; (b) prepared or produced for you (in the case of letters, memoranda, or similar property); or (c) that you received from someone who created them or for whom they were created, as mentioned in (a) or (b), in a way (such as by gift) that entitled you to the basis of the previous owner.
- U.S. Government publications, including the Congressional Record, that you received from the government, other than by purchase at the normal sales price, or that you got from someone who had received it in a similar way, if your basis is determined by reference to the previous owner's basis.
- Certain commodities derivative financial instruments held by a dealer. See section 1221(a)(6).
- Certain hedging transactions entered into in the normal course of your trade or business. See section 1221(a)(7).
- Supplies regularly used in your trade or business.

### **Short Term or Long Term**

Separate your capital gains and losses according to how long you held or owned the property. The holding period for short-term capital gains and losses is 1 year or less. The holding period for long-term capital gains and losses is more than 1 year. To figure the holding period, begin counting on the day after you received the property and include the day you disposed of it.

If you disposed of property that you acquired by inheritance, report the disposition as a long-term gain or loss, regardless of how long you held the property.

A nonbusiness bad debt must be treated as a short-term capital loss. See Pub. 550 for what qualifies as a nonbusiness bad debt and how to enter it on Schedule D.

### Capital Gain Distributions

These distributions are paid by a mutual fund (or other regulated investment company) or real estate investment trust from its net realized long-term capital gains. Distributions of net realized short-term capital gains are not treated as capital gains. Instead, they are included on Form 1099-DIV as ordinary dividends.

Enter on line 13 the total capital gain distributions paid to you during the year, regardless of how long you held your investment. This amount is shown in box 2a of Form 1099-DIV.

If there is an amount in box 2b, include that amount on line 11 of the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet on page D-8 if you complete line 19 of Schedule D.

If there is an amount in box 2c, see Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock on page D-4.

If there is an amount in box 2d, include that amount on line 4 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7 if you complete line 18 of Schedule D.

If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 13 only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See the Instructions

for Schedule B for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.

### Sale of Your Home

If you sold or exchanged your main home, do not report it on your tax return unless your gain exceeds your exclusion amount. Your exclusion amount is zero if you acquired your home in a like-kind exchange and you sold or exchanged the home during the 5-year period beginning on the date you acquired it. Generally, if you meet the two tests below, you can exclude up to \$250,000 of gain. If both you and your spouse meet these tests and you file a joint return, you can exclude up to \$500,000 of gain (but only one spouse needs to meet the ownership requirement in *Test 1*).

- **Test 1.** You owned and used the home as your main home for 2 years or more during the 5-year period ending on the date you sold or exchanged your home.
- **Test 2.** You have not sold or exchanged another main home during the 2-year period ending on the date of the sale or exchange of your home.

Even if you do not meet one or both of the above two tests, you still can claim an exclusion if you sold or exchanged the home because of a change in place of employment, health, or certain unforeseen circumstances. In this case, the maximum amount of gain you can exclude is reduced.

You can choose to have the 5-year test period for ownership and use in *Test 1* above suspended during any period you or your spouse serve on qualified official extended duty as a member of the uniformed services or Foreign Service of the United States. This means you may be able to meet *Test 1* even if, because of your service, you did not actually use the home as your main home for at least the required 2 years during the 5-year period ending on the date of sale.

See Pub. 523 for details, including how to report any taxable gain if:

- You (or your spouse if married) used any part of the home for business or rental purposes after May 6, 1997, or
- Your gain exceeds your exclusion

### **Partnership Interests**

A sale or other disposition of an interest in a partnership may result in ordinary income, collectibles gain (28% rate gain), or unrecaptured section 1250 gain. For details on 28% rate gain, see the instructions for line 18 on page D-7. For details on unrecaptured section 1250 gain, see the instructions for line 19 beginning on page D-7.

### Capital Assets Held for Personal Use

Generally, gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for personal use is a capital gain. Report it on Schedule D, Part I or Part II. However, if you converted depreciable property to personal use, all or part of the gain on the sale or exchange of that property may have to be recaptured as ordinary income. Use Part III of Form 4797 to figure the amount of ordinary income re-

capture. The recapture amount is included on line 31 (and line 13) of Form 4797. Do not enter any gain for this property on line 32 of Form 4797. If you are not completing Part III for any other properties, enter

"N/A" on line 32. If the total gain is more than the recapture amount, enter "From Form 4797" in column (a) of line 1 or line 8 of Schedule D, skip columns (b) through (e), and in column (f) enter the excess of the total gain over the recapture amount.

Loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for personal use is not deductible. But if you had a loss from the sale or exchange of real estate held for personal use for which you received a Form 1099-S, you must report the transaction on Schedule D even though the loss is not deductible. For example, you have a loss on the sale of a vacation home that is not your main home and you received a Form 1099-S for the transaction. Report the transaction on line 1 or 8, depending on how long you owned the home. Complete columns (a) through (e). Because the loss is not deductible, enter -0- in column (f).

### Nondeductible Losses

Do not deduct a loss from the direct or indirect sale or exchange of property between any of the following.

- Members of a family.
- A corporation and an individual owning more than 50% of the corporation's stock (unless the loss is from a distribution in complete liquidation of a corporation).
  - A grantor and a fiduciary of a trust.
- A fiduciary and a beneficiary of the same trust.
- A fiduciary and a beneficiary of another trust created by the same grantor.
- An executor of an estate and a beneficiary of that estate, unless the sale or exchange was to satisfy a pecuniary bequest (that is, a bequest of a sum of money).
- An individual and a tax-exempt organization controlled by the individual or the individual's family.

See Pub. 544 for more details on sales and exchanges between related parties.

If you disposed of (a) an asset used in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply or (b) any part of your interest in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, and you have amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, see the Instructions for Form 6198.

If the loss is allowable under the at-risk rules, it then may be subject to the passive activity rules. See Form 8582 and its instructions for details on reporting capital gains and losses from a passive activity.

### Items for Special Treatment

- Transactions by a securities dealer. See section 1236.
- Bonds and other debt instruments. See Pub. 550.
- Certain real estate subdivided for sale that may be considered a capital asset. See section 1237.
- Gain on the sale of depreciable property to a more than 50% owned entity or to

a trust of which you are a beneficiary. See Pub. 544.

- Gain on the disposition of stock in an interest charge domestic international sales corporation. See section 995(c).
- Gain on the sale or exchange of stock in certain foreign corporations. See section 1248
- Transfer of property to a partnership that would be treated as an investment company if it were incorporated. See Pub. 541
- Sales of stock received under a qualified public utility dividend reinvestment plan. See Pub. 550.
- Transfer of appreciated property to a political organization. See section 84.
- In general, no gain or loss is recognized on the transfer of property from an individual to a spouse or a former spouse if the transfer is incident to a divorce. See Pub. 504.
- Amounts received on the retirement of a debt instrument generally are treated as received in exchange for the debt instrument. See Pub. 550.
- Any loss on the disposition of converted wetland or highly erodible cropland that is first used for farming after March 1, 1986, is reported as a long-term capital loss on Schedule D, but any gain is reported as ordinary income on Form 4797.
- If qualified dividends that you reported on Form 1040, line 9b, include extraordinary dividends, any loss on the sale or exchange of the stock is a long-term capital loss to the extent of the extraordinary dividends. An extraordinary dividend is a dividend that equals or exceeds 10% (5% in the case of preferred stock) of your basis in the stock.
- Amounts received by shareholders in corporate liquidations. See Pub. 550.
- Cash received in lieu of fractional shares of stock as a result of a stock split or stock dividend. See Pub. 550.
- Mutual fund load charges, which may not be taken into account in determining gain or loss on certain dispositions of stock in mutual funds if reinvestment rights were exercised. See Pub. 564.
- The sale or exchange of S corporation stock or an interest in a trust held for more than 1 year, which may result in collectibles gain (28% rate gain). See page D-7.
- Gain or loss on the disposition of securities futures contracts. See Pub. 550.
- Gain on the constructive sale of certain appreciated financial positions. See Pub. 550.
- Certain constructive ownership transactions. Gain in excess of the gain you would have recognized if you had held a financial asset directly during the term of a derivative contract must be treated as ordinary income. See section 1260. If any portion of the constructive ownership transaction was open in any prior year, you may have to pay interest. See section 1260(b) for details, including how to figure the interest. Include the interest as an additional tax on Form 1040, line 63. Write

"Section 1260(b) interest" and the amount of the interest to the left of line 63. This interest is not deductible.

- The sale of publicly traded securities, if you elect to postpone gain by purchasing common stock or a partnership interest in a specialized small business investment company during the 60-day period that began on the date of the sale. See Pub. 550.
- The sale of qualified securities, held for at least 3 years, to an employee stock ownership plan or eligible worker-owned cooperative, if you elect to postpone gain by purchasing qualified replacement property. See Pub. 550.
- Gain or loss from the disposition of stock or other securities in an investment club. See Pub. 550.

#### Wash Sales

A wash sale occurs when you sell or otherwise dispose of stock or securities (including a contract or option to acquire or sell stock or securities) at a loss and, within 30 days before or after the sale or disposition, you:

- Buy substantially identical stock or securities,
- Acquire substantially identical stock or securities in a fully taxable trade, or
- Enter into a contract or option to acquire substantially identical stock or securities

You cannot deduct losses from wash sales unless the loss was incurred in the ordinary course of your business as a dealer in stock or securities. The basis of the substantially identical property (or contract or option to acquire such property) is its cost increased by the disallowed loss. For more details on wash sales, see Pub. 550.

Report a wash sale transaction on line 1 or 8. Enter the full amount of the (loss) in column (f). Directly below the line on which you reported the loss, enter "Wash Sale" in column (a), and enter as a positive amount in column (f) the amount of the loss not allowed.

#### **Traders in Securities**

You are a trader in securities if you are engaged in the business of buying and selling securities for your own account. To be engaged in business as a trader in securities:

- You must seek to profit from daily market movements in the prices of securities and not from dividends, interest, or capital appreciation.
  - Your activity must be substantial.
- You must carry on the activity with continuity and regularity.

The following facts and circumstances should be considered in determining if your activity is a business.

- Typical holding periods for securities bought and sold.
- The frequency and dollar amount of your trades during the year.
- The extent to which you pursue the activity to produce income for a livelihood.
- The amount of time you devote to the activity.

You are considered an investor, and not a trader, if your activity does not meet the above definition of a business. It does not matter whether you call yourself a trader or a "day trader."

Like an investor, a trader must report each sale of securities (taking into account commissions and any other costs of acquiring or disposing of the securities) on Schedule D or D-1 or on an attached statement containing all the same information for each sale in a similar format. However, if a trader previously made the mark-to-market election (see below), each transaction is reported in Part II of Form 4797 instead of Schedules D and D-1. Regardless of whether a trader reports his or her gains and losses on Schedules D and D-1 or Form 4797, the gain or loss from the disposition of securities is not taken into account when figuring net earnings from self-employment on Schedule SE. See the Instructions for Schedule SE for an exception that applies to section 1256 contracts.

The limitation on investment interest expense that applies to investors does not apply to interest paid or incurred in a trading business. A trader reports interest expense and other expenses (excluding commissions and other costs of acquiring or disposing of securities) from a trading business on Schedule C (instead of Schedule A).

A trader also may hold securities for investment. The rules for investors generally will apply to those securities. Allocate interest and other expenses between your trading business and your investment securities.

## Mark-To-Market Election for Traders

A trader may make an election under section 475(f) to report all gains and losses from securities held in connection with a trading business as ordinary income (or loss), including those from securities held at the end of the year. Securities held at the end of the year are "marked to market" by treating them as if they were sold (and reacquired) for fair market value on the last business day of the year. Generally, the election must be made by the due date (not including extensions) of the tax return for the year prior to the year for which the election becomes effective. To be effective for 2005, the election must have been made by April 15, 2005.

Starting with the year the election becomes effective, a trader reports all gains and losses from securities held in connection with the trading business, including securities held at the end of the year, in Part II of Form 4797. If you previously made the election, see the Instructions for Form 4797. For details on making the mark-to-market election for 2006, see Pub. 550 or Rev. Proc. 99-17, 1999-1 C.B. 503. You can find Rev. Proc. 99-17 on page 52 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 1999-7 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb99-07.pdf.

If you hold securities for investment, you must identify them as such in your records on the day you acquired them (for example, by holding the securities in a

separate brokerage account). Securities held for investment are not marked-to-market.

#### **Short Sales**

A short sale is a contract to sell property you borrowed for delivery to a buyer. At a later date, you either buy substantially identical property and deliver it to the lender or deliver property that you held but did not want to transfer at the time of the sale. Usually, your holding period is the amount of time you actually held the property eventually delivered to the lender to close the short sale. However, your gain when closing a short sale is short term if you (a) held substantially identical property for 1 year or less on the date of the short sale or (b) acquired property substantially identical to the property sold short after the short sale but on or before the date you close the short sale. If you held substantially identical property for more than 1 year on the date of a short sale, any loss realized on the short sale is a long-term capital loss, even if the property used to close the short sale was held 1 year or less.

#### **Gain or Loss From Options**

Report on Schedule D gain or loss from the closing or expiration of an option that is not a section 1256 contract but is a capital asset in your hands. If an option you purchased expired, enter the expiration date in column (c) and enter "EXPIRED" in column (d). If an option that was granted (written) expired, enter the expiration date in column (b) and enter "EXPIRED" in column (e). Fill in the other columns as appropriate. See Pub. 550 for details.

#### **Undistributed Capital Gains**

Include on line 11 the amount from box 1a of Form 2439. This represents your share of the undistributed long-term capital gains of the regulated investment company (including a mutual fund) or real estate investment trust.

If there is an amount in box 1b, include that amount on line 11 of the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet on page D-8 if you complete line 19 of Schedule D.

If there is an amount in box 1c, see Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock on page D-4.

If there is an amount in box 1d, include that amount on line 4 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7 if you complete line 18 of Schedule D.

Enter on Form 1040, line 70, the tax paid as shown in box 2 of Form 2439. Also on line 70, check the box for Form 2439. Add to the basis of your stock the excess of the amount included in income over the amount of the credit for the tax paid. See Pub. 550 for details.

#### **Installment Sales**

If you sold property (other than publicly traded stocks or securities) at a gain and you will receive a payment in a tax year after the year of sale, you generally must report the sale on the installment method unless you elect not to. Use Form 6252 to report the sale on the installment method.

Also use Form 6252 to report any payment received in 2005 from a sale made in an earlier year that you reported on the installment method.

To elect out of the installment method, report the full amount of the gain on Schedule D on a timely filed return (including extensions) for the year of the sale. If your original return was filed on time, you may make the election on an amended return filed no later than 6 months after the due date of your return (excluding extensions). Write "Filed pursuant to section 301.9100-2" at the top of the amended return.

# Demutualization of Life Insurance Companies

Demutualization of a life insurance company occurs when a mutual life insurance company changes to a stock company. If you were a policyholder or annuitant of the mutual company, you may have received either stock in the stock company or cash in exchange for your equity interest in the mutual company. The basis of your equity interest in the mutual company is considered to be zero.

If the demutualization transaction qualifies as a tax-free reorganization, no gain is recognized on the exchange of your equity interest in the mutual company for stock. The company can advise you if the transaction is a tax-free reorganization. Because the basis of your equity interest in the mutual company is considered to be zero, your basis in the stock received is zero. Your holding period for the new stock includes the period you held an equity interest in the mutual company. If you received cash in exchange for your equity interest, you must recognize a capital gain in an amount equal to the cash received. If you held the equity interest for more than 1 year, report the gain as a long-term capital gain on line 8. If you held the equity interest for 1 year or less, report the gain as a short-term capital gain on line 1.

If the demutualization transaction does not qualify as a tax-free reorganization, you must recognize a capital gain in an amount equal to the cash and fair market value of the stock received. If you held the equity interest for more than 1 year, report the gain as a long-term capital gain on line 8. If you held the equity interest for 1 year or less, report the gain as a short-term capital gain on line 1. Your holding period for the new stock begins on the day after you received the stock.

#### Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock

Section 1202 allows for an exclusion of up to 50% of the eligible gain on the sale or exchange of QSB stock. The section 1202 exclusion applies only to QSB stock held for more than 5 years. The exclusion can be up to 60% for certain empowerment zone business stock. See *Empowerment Zone Business Stock* on this page.

To be QSB stock, the stock must meet all of the following tests.

- 1. It must be stock in a C corporation (that is, not S corporation stock).
- 2. It must have been originally issued after August 10, 1993.
- 3. As of the date the stock was issued, the corporation was a domestic C corporation with total gross assets of \$50 million or less (a) at all times after August 9, 1993, and before the stock was issued and (b) immediately after the stock was issued. Gross assets include those of any predecessor of the corporation. All corporations that are members of the same parent-subsidiary controlled group are treated as one corporation.
- 4. You must have acquired the stock at its original issue (either directly or through an underwriter), either in exchange for money or other property or as pay for services (other than as an underwriter) to the corporation. In certain cases, you may meet the test if you acquired the stock from another person who met the test (such as by gift or inheritance) or through a conversion or exchange of QSB stock you held.
- 5. During substantially all the time you held the stock:
  - a. The corporation was a C corporation,
- b. At least 80% of the value of the corporation's assets were used in the active conduct of one or more qualified businesses (defined below), and
- c. The corporation was not a foreign corporation, DISC, former DISC, regulated investment company, real estate investment trust, REMIC, FASIT, cooperative, or a corporation that has made (or that has a subsidiary that has made) a section 936 election.



**SSBIC.** A specialized small business investment company (SSBIC) is treated as having met test 5b above.

#### **Qualified Business**

A qualified business is any business that is not one of the following.

- A business involving services performed in the fields of health, law, engineering, architecture, accounting, actuarial science, performing arts, consulting, athletics, financial services, or brokerage services.
- A business whose principal asset is the reputation or skill of one or more employees.
- A banking, insurance, financing, leasing, investing, or similar business.
- A farming business (including the raising or harvesting of trees).
- A business involving the production of products for which percentage depletion can be claimed.
- A business of operating a hotel, motel, restaurant, or similar business.

For more details about limits and additional requirements that may apply, see section 1202.

## **Empowerment Zone Business Stock**

You generally can exclude up to 60% of your gain if you meet the following additional requirements.

- 1. The stock you sold or exchanged was stock in a corporation that qualified as an empowerment zone business during substantially all of the time you held the stock.
- 2. You acquired the stock after December 21, 2000.

Requirement 1 will still be met if the corporation ceased to qualify after the 5-year period that began on the date you acquired the stock. However, the gain that qualifies for the 60% exclusion cannot be more than the gain you would have had if you had sold the stock on the date the corporation ceased to qualify.

For more information about empowerment zone businesses, see Pub. 954.

#### **Pass-Through Entities**

If you held an interest in a pass-through entity (a partnership, S corporation, or mutual fund or other regulated investment company) that sold QSB stock, to qualify for the exclusion you must have held the interest on the date the pass-through entity acquired the QSB stock and at all times thereafter until the stock was sold.

#### **How To Report**

Report on line 8 the entire gain realized on the sale of QSB stock. Complete all columns as indicated. Directly below the line on which you reported the gain, enter in column (a) "Section 1202 exclusion" and enter as a loss in column (f) the amount of the allowable exclusion. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Gain from Form 1099-DIV. If you received a Form 1099-DIV with a gain in box 2c, part or all of that gain (which is also included in box 2a) may be eligible for the section 1202 exclusion. In column (a) of line 8, enter the name of the corporation whose stock was sold. In column (f), enter the amount of your allowable exclusion as a loss. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Gain from Form 2439. If you received a Form 2439 with a gain in box 1c, part or all of that gain (which is also included in box 1a) may be eligible for the section 1202 exclusion. In column (a) of line 8, enter the name of the corporation whose stock was sold. In column (f), enter the amount of your allowable exclusion as a loss. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Gain from an installment sale of QSB stock. If all payments are not received in the year of sale, a sale of QSB stock that is not traded on an established securities market generally is treated as an installment

sale and is reported on Form 6252. Figure the allowable section 1202 exclusion for the year by multiplying the total amount of the exclusion by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of eligible gain to be recognized for the tax year and the denominator of which is the total amount of eligible gain. In column (a) of line 8, enter the name of the corporation whose stock was sold. In column (f), enter the amount of your allowable exclusion as a loss. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

**Alternative minimum tax.** You must enter 7% of your allowable exclusion for the year on line 12 of Form 6251.

# Rollover of Gain From QSB Stock

If you sold QSB stock (defined on page D-4) that you held for more than 6 months, you may elect to postpone gain if you purchase other QSB stock during the 60-day period that began on the date of the sale. A pass-through entity also may make the election to postpone gain. The benefit of the postponed gain applies to your share of the entity's postponed gain if you held an interest in the entity for the entire period the entity held the QSB stock. If a pass-through entity sold QSB stock held for more than 6 months and you held an interest in the entity for the entire period the entity held the stock, you also may elect to postpone gain if you, rather than the pass-through entity, purchase the replacement QSB stock within the 60-day period.

You must recognize gain to the extent the sale proceeds exceed the cost of the replacement stock. Reduce the basis of the replacement stock by any postponed gain.

You must make the election no later than the due date (including extensions) for filing your tax return for the tax year in which the QSB stock was sold. If your original return was filed on time, you may make the election on an amended return filed no later than 6 months after the due date of your return (excluding extensions). Write "Filed pursuant to section 301.9100-2" at the top of the amended return.

To make the election, report the entire gain realized on the sale on line 1 or 8. Directly below the line on which you reported the gain, enter in column (a) "Section 1045 rollover," and enter the amount of the postponed gain as a (loss) in column (f).

#### Rollover of Gain From Empowerment Zone Assets

If you sold a qualified empowerment zone asset that you held for more than 1 year, you may be able to elect to postpone part or all of the gain that you would otherwise include on Schedule D. If you make the election, the gain on the sale generally is recognized only to the extent, if any, that the amount realized on the sale exceeds the cost of qualified empowerment zone assets (replacement property) you purchased during the 60-day period beginning on the date of the sale. The following rules apply.

- No portion of the cost of the replacement property may be taken into account to the extent the cost is taken into account to exclude gain on a different empowerment zone asset
- The replacement property must qualify as an empowerment zone asset with respect to the same empowerment zone as the asset sold.
- You must reduce the basis of the replacement property by the amount of postponed gain.
- This election does not apply to any gain (a) treated as ordinary income or (b) attributable to real property, or an intangible asset, that is not an integral part of an enterprise zone business.
- The District of Columbia enterprise zone is not treated as an empowerment zone for this purpose.
- The election is irrevocable without IRS consent.

See Pub. 954 for the definition of empowerment zone and enterprise zone business. You can find out if your business is located within an empowerment zone by using the RC/EZ/EC Address Locator at www.hud.gov/crlocator.

Qualified empowerment zone assets are:

- 1. Tangible property, if:
- a. You acquired the property after December 21, 2000,
- b. The original use of the property in the empowerment zone began with you, and
- c. Substantially all of the use of the property, during substantially all of the time that you held it, was in your enterprise zone business; and
- 2. Stock in a domestic corporation or a capital or profits interest in a domestic partnership, if:
- a. You acquired the stock or partnership interest after December 21, 2000, solely in exchange for cash, from the corporation at its original issue (directly or through an underwriter) or from the partnership;
- b. The business was an enterprise zone business (or a new business being organized as an enterprise zone business) as of the time you acquired the stock or partnership interest; and
- c. The business qualified as an enterprise zone business during substantially all of the time during which you held the stock or partnership interest.

How to report. Report the entire gain realized from the sale as you otherwise would without regard to the election. On Schedule D, line 8, enter "Section 1397B Rollover" in column (a) and enter as a loss in column (f) the amount of gain included on Schedule D that you are electing to postpone. If you are reporting the sale directly on Schedule D, line 8, use the line directly below the line on which you are reporting the sale.

See section 1397B for more details.

# Exclusion of Gain From DC Zone Assets

If you sold or exchanged a District of Columbia Enterprise Zone (DC Zone) asset that you held for more than 5 years, you may be able to exclude the amount of qualified capital gain that you would otherwise include on Schedule D. The exclusion applies to an interest in, or property of, certain businesses operating in the District of Columbia.

**DC Zone asset.** A DC Zone asset is any of the following.

- DC Zone business stock.
- DC Zone partnership interest.
- DC Zone business property.

**Qualified capital gain.** Qualified capital gain is any gain recognized on the sale or exchange of a DC Zone asset that is a capital asset or property used in a trade or business. It does not include any of the following gains.

- Gain treated as ordinary income under section 1245.
- Section 1250 gain figured as if section 1250 applied to all depreciation rather than the additional depreciation.
- Gain attributable to real property, or an intangible asset, that is not an integral part of a DC Zone business.
- Gain from a related-party transaction. See *Sales and Exchanges Between Related Persons* in chapter 2 of Pub. 544.

See Pub. 954 and section 1400B for more details on DC Zone assets and special rules

How to report. Report the entire gain realized from the sale or exchange as you otherwise would without regard to the exclusion. On Schedule D, line 8, enter "DC Zone Asset" in column (a) and enter as a loss in column (f) the amount of the allowable exclusion. If you are reporting the sale directly on Schedule D, line 8, use the line directly below the line on which you are reporting the sale.

## **Specific Instructions**

#### Lines 1 and 8

Enter all sales and exchanges of capital assets, including stocks, bonds, etc., and real estate (if not reported on Form 4684, 4797, 6252, 6781, or 8824). But do not report the sale or exchange of your main home unless required (see page D-2). Include these transactions even if you did not receive a Form 1099-B or 1099-S (or substitute statement) for the transaction. You can use stock ticker symbols or abbreviations to describe the property as long as they are based on the descriptions of the property as shown on Form 1099-B or 1099-S (or substitute statement).

You must enter the details of each transaction on a separate line. If you have more than five transactions to report on line 1 or line 8, report the additional transactions on Schedule D-1. Use as many Schedules D-1 as you need. Enter on Schedule D, lines 2

and 9, the combined totals from all your Schedules D-1.

Do not enter "see attached" and summary totals from an attachment in lieu of reporting the details of each transaction directly on Schedule D or D-1.



Add the following amounts reported to you for 2005 on Forms 1099-B and 1099-S (or substitute statements) that you

are not reporting on another form or schedule included with your return: (a) proceeds from transactions involving stocks, bonds, and other securities and (b) gross proceeds from real estate transactions (other than the sale of your main home if you are not required to report it). If this total is more than the total of lines 3 and 10, attach an explanation of the difference (for example, you were the nominee for the actual owner of the property).

#### Column (b)—Date Acquired

Enter in this column the date you acquired the asset. Use the trade date for stocks and bonds traded on an exchange or over-the-counter market. For stock or other property sold short, enter the date the stock or property was delivered to the broker or lender to close the short sale.

The date acquired for an asset you held on January 1, 2001, for which you made an election to recognize any gain in a deemed sale is the date of the deemed sale and reacquisition.

If you disposed of property that you acquired by inheritance, report the gain or (loss) on line 8 and enter "INHERITED" in column (b) instead of the date you acquired the property.

If you sold a block of stock (or similar property) that you acquired through several different purchases, you may report the sale on one line and enter "VARIOUS" in column (b). However, you still must report the short-term gain or (loss) on the sale in Part I and the long-term gain or (loss) in Part II.

#### Column (c)—Date Sold

Enter in this column the date you sold the asset. Use the trade date for stocks and bonds traded on an exchange or over-the-counter market. For stock or other property sold short, enter the date you sold the stock or property you borrowed to open the short sale transaction.

#### Column (d)—Sales Price

Enter in this column either the gross sales price or the net sales price from the sale. If you sold stocks or bonds and you received a Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) from your broker that shows gross sales price, enter that amount in column (d). But if Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) indicates that gross proceeds minus commissions and option premiums were reported to the IRS, enter that net amount in column (d). If you enter the net amount in column (d), do not include the commissions and option premiums from the sale in column (e).

You should not have received a Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) for a transaction merely representing the return of your original investment in a nontransferable obligation, such as a savings bond or a certificate of deposit. But if you did, report the amount shown on Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) in both columns (d) and (e).



Be sure to add all sales price entries on lines 1 and 8, column (d), to amounts on lines 2 and 9, column (d). Enter the totals on lines 3 and 10.

#### Column (e)—Cost or Other Basis

In general, the cost or other basis is the cost of the property plus purchase commissions and improvements, minus depreciation, amortization, and depletion. If you inherited the property, got it as a gift, or received it in a tax-free exchange, involuntary conversion, or "wash sale" of stock, you may not be able to use the actual cost as the basis. If you do not use the actual cost, attach an explanation of your basis.

If you sold stock, adjust your basis by subtracting all the nondividend distributions you received before the sale. Also adjust your basis for any stock splits. See Pub. 550 for details.

If you elected to recognize gain on an asset held on January 1, 2001, your basis in the asset is its closing market price or fair market value, whichever applies, on the date of the deemed sale and reacquisition, whether the deemed sale resulted in a gain or an unallowed loss.

You may elect to use an average basis for all shares of a mutual fund if you acquired the shares at various times and prices and you left the shares on deposit in an account handled by a custodian or agent who acquired or redeemed those shares. If you are reporting an average basis, include "AVGB" in column (a) of Schedule D. For details on making the election and how to figure average basis, see Pub. 564.

The basis of property acquired by gift is generally the basis of the property in the hands of the donor. The basis of property acquired from a decedent is generally the fair market value at the date of death. See Pub. 551 for details.

Increase the cost or other basis of an original issue discount (OID) debt instrument by the amount of OID that has been

#### Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet—Lines 6 and 14

Keep for Your Records



smaller loss than the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 16, or (b) your 2004 Form 1040, line 40, is a loss. Otherwise, you do not have any carryovers. If line 7 of your 2004 Schedule D is a loss, go to line 5; otherwise, enter -0- on line 5 and go to line 9. 8. Short-term capital loss carryover for 2005. Subtract line 7 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0-. If more than If line 15 of your 2004 Schedule D is a loss, go to line 9; otherwise, skip lines 9 through 13. 13. Long-term capital loss carryover for 2005. Subtract line 12 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0-. If more than 

Use this worksheet to figure your capital loss carryovers from 2004 to 2005 if your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, is a loss and (a) that loss is a

included in gross income for that instrument. See Pub. 550 for details.

If a charitable contribution deduction is allowed because of a bargain sale of property to a charitable organization, the adjusted basis for purposes of determining gain from the sale is the amount that has the same ratio to the adjusted basis as the amount realized has to the fair market value. See Pub. 544 for details.

Increase your cost or other basis by any expense of sale, such as broker's fees, commissions, state and local transfer taxes, and option premiums, before making an entry in column (e), unless you reported the net sales price in column (d).

For more details, see Pub. 551.

#### Column (f)—Gain or (Loss)

You must make a separate entry in this column for each transaction reported on lines 1 and 8 and any other line(s) that applies to you. For lines 1 and 8, subtract the amount in column (e) from the amount in column (d). Enter negative amounts in parentheses.

#### Line 18

If you checked "Yes" on line 17, complete the worksheet below if either of the following apply for 2005.

- You reported in Part II a section 1202 exclusion from the eligible gain on qualified small business stock (see page D-4), or
- You reported in Part II a collectibles gain or (loss). A collectibles gain or (loss) is any long-term gain or deductible long-term loss from the sale or exchange of a collectible that is a capital asset.

Collectibles include works of art, rugs, antiques, metals (such as gold, silver, and platinum bullion), gems, stamps, coins, alcoholic beverages, and certain other tangible property.

Include on the worksheet any gain (but not loss) from the sale or exchange of an interest in a partnership, S corporation, or trust held for more than 1 year and attributable to unrealized appreciation of collectibles. For details, see Regulations section 1.1(h)-1. Also, attach the statement

required under Regulations section 1.1(h)-1(e).

#### Line 19

If you checked "Yes" on line 17, complete the worksheet on page D-8 if any of the following apply for 2005.

- You sold or otherwise disposed of section 1250 property (generally, real property that you depreciated) held more than 1 year.
- You received installment payments for section 1250 property held more than 1 year for which you are reporting gain on the installment method.
- You received a Schedule K-1 from an estate or trust, partnership, or S corporation that shows "unrecaptured section 1250 gain."
- You received a Form 1099-DIV or Form 2439 from a real estate investment trust or regulated investment company (including a mutual fund) that reports "unrecaptured section 1250 gain."
- You reported a long-term capital gain from the sale or exchange of an interest in a partnership that owned section 1250 property.

## Instructions for the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet

**Lines 1 through 3.** If you had more than one property described on line 1, complete lines 1 through 3 for each property on a separate worksheet. Enter the total of the line 3 amounts for all properties on line 3 and go to line 4.

**Line 4.** To figure the amount to enter on line 4, follow the steps below for each installment sale of trade or business property held more than 1 year.

Step 1. Figure the smaller of (a) the depreciation allowed or allowable or (b) the total gain for the sale. This is the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable lines of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property.

**Step 2.** Reduce the amount figured in step 1 by any section 1250 ordinary income recapture for the sale. This is the amount

from line 26g of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable line of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property. The result is your total unrecaptured section 1250 gain that must be allocated to the installment payments received from the sale.

Step 3. Generally, the amount of section 1231 gain on each installment payment is treated as unrecaptured section 1250 gain until the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain figured in step 2 has been used in full. Figure the amount of gain treated as unrecaptured section 1250 gain for installment payments received in 2005 as the smaller of (a) the amount from line 26 or line 37 of your 2005 Form 6252, whichever applies, or (b) the amount of unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported. This amount is generally the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain for the sale reduced by all gain reported in prior years (excluding section 1250 ordinary income recapture). However, if you chose not to treat all of the gain from payments received after May 6, 1997, and before August 24, 1999, as unrecaptured section 1250 gain, use only the amount you chose to treat as unrecaptured section 1250 gain for those payments to reduce the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported for the sale. Include this amount on line 4.

Line 10. Include on line 10 your share of the partnership's unrecaptured section 1250 gain that would result if the partnership had transferred all of its section 1250 property in a fully taxable transaction immediately before you sold or exchanged your interest in that partnership. If you recognized less than all of the realized gain, the partnership will be treated as having transferred only a proportionate amount of each section 1250 property. For details, see Regulations section 1.1(h)-1. Also attach the statement required under Regulations section 1.1(h)-1(e).

Line 12. An example of an amount to include on line 12 is unrecaptured section 1250 gain from the sale of a vacation home you previously used as a rental property but converted to personal use prior to the sale. To figure the amount to enter on line 12,

#### 28% Rate Gain Worksheet—Line 18

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	Enter the total of all collectibles gain or (loss) from items you reported on line 8, column (f), of Schedules D and D-1	
3.	Enter the total of all collectibles gain or (loss) from Form 4684, line 4 (but only if Form 4684, line 15, is more than zero); Form 6252; Form 6781, Part II; and Form 8824	3.
4.	Enter the total of any collectibles gain reported to you on:  • Form 1099-DIV, box 2d;  • Form 2439, box 1d; and  • Schedule K-1 from a partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust.	
5.	Enter your long-term capital loss carryovers from Schedule D, line 14, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), box 11, code C	5. ()_
	If Schedule D, line 7, is a (loss), enter that (loss) here. Otherwise, enter -0-  Combine lines 1 through 6. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than zero, also enter this amount on Schedule D, line 18	6. <u>(</u> )

follow the applicable instructions below.

*Installment sales.* To figure the amount to include on line 12, follow the steps below for each installment sale of property held more than 1 year for which you did not make an entry in Part I of your Form 4797 for the year of sale.

- Step 1. Figure the smaller of (a) the depreciation allowed or allowable or (b) the total gain for the sale. This is the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable lines of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property.
- Step 2. Reduce the amount figured in step 1 by any section 1250 ordinary income recapture for the sale. This is the amount from line 26g of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable line of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property. The result is your total unrecaptured section 1250 gain that must be allocated to the installment payments received from the sale.
- Step 3. Generally, the amount of capital gain on each installment payment is treated as unrecaptured section 1250 gain until the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain figured in step 2 has been used in full. Figure the amount of gain treated as unre-

captured section 1250 gain for installment payments received in 2005 as the smaller of (a) the amount from line 26 or line 37 of your 2005 Form 6252, whichever applies, or (b) the amount of unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported. This amount is generally the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain for the sale reduced by all gain reported in prior years (excluding section 1250 ordinary income recapture). However, if you chose not to treat all of the gain from payments received after May 6, 1997, and before August 24, 1999, as unrecaptured section 1250 gain, use only the amount you chose to treat as unrecaptured section 1250 gain for those payments to reduce the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported for the sale. Include this amount on line 12.

Other sales or dispositions of section 1250 property. For each sale of property held more than 1 year (for which you did not make an entry in Part I of Form 4797), figure the smaller of (a) the depreciation allowed or allowable or (b) the total gain for the sale. This is the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of Form 4797 for the property.

Next, reduce that amount by any section 1250 ordinary income recapture for the sale. This is the amount from line 26g of Form 4797 for the property. The result is the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain for the sale. Include this amount on line 12.

#### Line 21

You have a capital loss carryover from 2005 to 2006 if you have a loss on line 16 and either:

- That loss is more than the loss on line 21, or
  - Form 1040, line 41, is less than zero.

To figure any capital loss carryover to 2006, you will use the Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet in the 2006 Instructions for Schedule D. If you want to figure your carryover now, see Pub. 550.



You will need a copy of your 2005 Form 1040 and Schedule D to figure your capital loss carryover to 2006.

#### Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet—Line 19

Keep for Your Records

If you are not reporting a gain on Form 4797, line 7, skip lines 1 through 9 and go to line 10.	
<ol> <li>If you have a section 1250 property in Part III of Form 4797 for which you made an entry in Part I of Form 4797 (but not on Form 6252), enter the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of Form 4797 for that property. If you did not have any such property, go to line 4. If you had more than one such property, see instructions</li></ol>	
<b>3.</b> Subtract line 2 from line 1	
<b>4.</b> Enter the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain included on line 26 or line 37 of Form(s) 6252 from installment sales of trade or business property held more than 1 year (see instructions)	
5. Enter the total of any amounts reported to you on a Schedule K-1 from a partnership or an S corporation as "unrecaptured section 1250 gain"	
<b>6.</b> Add lines 3 through 5	
7. Enter the smaller of line 6 or the gain from Form 4797, line 7	
<b>8.</b> Enter the amount, if any, from Form 4797, line 8	
9. Subtract line 8 from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0-	
10. Enter the amount of any gain from the sale or exchange of an interest in a partnership attributable to	
unrecaptured section 1250 gain (see instructions)	
11. Enter the total of any amounts reported to you on a Schedule K-1, Form 1099-DIV, or Form 2439 as "unrecaptured section 1250 gain" from an estate, trust, real estate investment trust, or mutual fund (or other regulated investment company)	
12. Enter the total of any unrecaptured section 1250 gain from sales (including installment sales) or other dispositions of section 1250 property held more than 1 year for which you did not make an entry in Part I of Form 4797 for the year of sale (see instructions)	
<b>13.</b> Add lines 9 through 12	
14. If you had any section 1202 gain or collectibles gain or (loss), enter the total of lines 1	
through 4 of the <b>28% Rate Gain Worksheet</b> on page D-7. Otherwise, enter -0 <b>14.</b>	
15. Enter the (loss), if any, from Schedule D, line 7. If Schedule D, line 7, is zero or a gain, enter -0	
16. Enter your long-term capital loss carryovers from Schedule D, line 14, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), box 11, code C	
17. Combine lines 14 through 16. If the result is a (loss), enter it as a positive amount. If the result is zero or a gain, enter -0	
<b>18.</b> Unrecaptured section 1250 gain. Subtract line 17 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than zero, enter the result here and on Schedule D, line 19	

#### **Schedule D Tax Worksheet**



Complete this worksheet only if line 18 or line 19 of Schedule D is more than zero. Otherwise, complete the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 38 of the Instructions for Form 1040 to figure your tax.

Exception: Do not use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or this worksheet to figure your tax if:

- Line 15 or line 16 of Schedule D is zero or less and you have no qualified dividends on Form 1040, line 9b, or
- Form 1040, line 43, is zero or less.

Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 44.

1.	Enter your taxable income from Form 1040, line 43	1.
2.		
3.	Enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4g 3.	
4.	Enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4e* 4.	
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0	
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 2. If zero or less, enter -0 6.	
7.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 15 or line 16 of Schedule D	
	Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4 8.	
9.	Subtract line 8 from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0	
	Add lines 6 and 9	
	Add lines 18 and 19 of Schedule D	
	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 9 or line 11	
	Subtract line 12 from line 10	
	Subtract line 13 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0	14.
15.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of:	
	• The amount on line 1 or	
	• \$29,700 if single or married filing separately; \$59,400 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or \$20,800 if head of household.	
	\$59,400 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or	
	\$59,800 if flead of flousefiold	
	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 14 or line 15	
17.	Subtract line 10 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0 17.	
18.	Enter the larger of line 16 or line 17	
10	If lines 15 and 16 are the same, skip lines 19 and 20 and go to line 21. Otherwise, go to line 19.	
	Subtract line 16 from line 15	20
20.	Multiply line 19 by 5% (.05)	20.
21	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 13	
	Enter the amount from line 19 (if line 19 is blank, enter -0-)	
	Subtract line 22 from line 21. If zero or less, enter -0-	
	Multiply line 23 by 15% (.15)	24.
	If Schedule D, line 19, is zero or blank, skip lines 25 through 30 and go to line 31. Otherwise, go to line 25.	
25.	Enter the smaller of line 9 above or Schedule D, line 19	
26.	Add lines 10 and 18	
27.	Enter the amount from line 1 above	
28.	Subtract line 27 from line 26. If zero or less, enter -0	
	Subtract line 28 from line 25. If zero or less, enter -0-	
30.	Multiply line 29 by 25% (.25)	30.
	If Schedule D, line 18, is zero or blank, skip lines 31 through 33 and go to line 34. Otherwise, go to line 31.	
	Add lines 18, 19, 23, and 29	
	Subtract line 31 from line 1	
	Multiply line 32 by 28% (.28)	
	Figure the tax on the amount on <b>line 18</b> . Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies	
	Add lines 20, 24, 30, 33, and 34	
	Figure the tax on the amount on <b>line 1.</b> Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies	36.
37.	include this amount on Form 1040, line 44	37.
	merane and announced to the total and the tree tree tree tree tree tree tree	
	*If applicable, enter instead the smaller amount you entered on the dotted line next to line 4e of Form 4952.	

# 2005 Instructions for Schedule E (Form 1040)

# Supplemental Income and Loss

Use Schedule E (Form 1040) to report income or loss from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, and residual interests in REMICs.

You can attach your own schedule(s) to report income or loss from any of these sources. Use the same format as on Schedule E.

Enter separately on Schedule E the total income and the total loss for each part. Enclose loss figures in (parentheses).

#### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

#### **At-Risk Rules**

Generally, you must complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss if you have:

- A loss from an activity carried on as a trade or business or for the production of income, and
- Amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk.

The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can claim to the amount you could actually lose in the activity. However, the at-risk rules do not apply to losses from an activity of holding real property, if you acquired your interest in the activity before 1987 and the property was placed in service before 1987. The activity of holding mineral property does not qualify for this exception.

In most cases, you are not at risk for amounts such as the following.

- Nonrecourse loans used to finance the activity, to acquire property used in the activity, or to acquire your interest in the activity that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the activity). However, there is an exception for certain nonrecourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property (other than mineral property). See *Qualified nonrecourse financing* on this page.
- Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the activity (or contributed to the activity, or used to acquire your interest in the activity) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).
- Amounts borrowed for use in the activity from a person who has an interest in the activity (other than as a creditor) or who is related, under section 465(b)(3)(C), to a

person (other than you) having such an interest.

Qualified nonrecourse financing. Qualified nonrecourse financing is treated as an amount at risk if it is secured by real property used in an activity of holding real property that is subject to the at-risk rules. Qualified nonrecourse financing is financing for which no one is personally liable for repayment and is:

- Borrowed by you in connection with holding real property (other than mineral property),
- Not convertible from a debt obligation to an ownership interest, and
- Loaned or guaranteed by any federal, state, or local government, or borrowed by you from a qualified person.

**Qualified person.** A qualified person is a person who actively and regularly engages in the business of lending money, such as a bank or savings and loan association. A qualified person cannot be:

- Related to you (unless the nonrecourse financing obtained is commercially reasonable and on the same terms as loans involving unrelated persons),
- The seller of the property (or a person related to the seller), or
- A person who receives a fee due to your investment in real property (or a person related to that person).

For more details about the at-risk rules, see the Instructions for Form 6198 and Pub.

#### **Passive Activity Loss Rules**

The passive activity loss rules may limit the amount of losses you can deduct. These rules apply to losses in Parts I, II, and III, and line 40 of Schedule E.

Losses from passive activities may be subject first to the at-risk rules. Losses deductible under the at-risk rules are then subject to the passive activity loss rules.

You generally can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. An exception applies to certain rental real estate activities (explained on page E-2).

#### **Passive Activity**

A passive activity is any business activity in which you did not materially participate and any rental activity, except as explained on this page and page E-2. If you are a limited partner, you generally are not treated as having materially participated in the partnership's activities for the year.

The rental of real or personal property is generally a rental activity under the passive activity loss rules, but exceptions apply. If your rental of property is not treated as a rental activity, you must determine whether it is a trade or business activity, and if so, whether you materially participated in the activity for the tax year.

See the Instructions for Form 8582 to determine whether you materially participated in the activity and for the definition of "rental activity."

See Pub. 925 for special rules that apply to rentals of:

- Substantially nondepreciable property
- Property incidental to development activities, and
- Property to activities in which you materially participate.

# Activities That Are Not Passive Activities

Activities of real estate professionals. If you were a real estate professional in 2005, any rental real estate activity in which you materially participated is not a passive activity. You were a real estate professional only if you met both of the following conditions.

- 1. More than half of the personal services you performed in trades or businesses were performed in real property trades or businesses in which you materially participated.
- 2. You performed more than 750 hours of services in real property trades or businesses in which you materially participated.

For purposes of this rule, each interest in rental real estate is a separate activity, un-

less you elect to treat all your interests in rental real estate as one activity. To make this election, attach a statement to your original tax return that declares you are a qualifying taxpayer for the year and you are making the election under section 469(c)(7)(A). The election applies for the year made and all later years in which you are a real estate professional. You can revoke the election only if your facts and circumstances materially change.

If you are married filing jointly, either you or your spouse must meet both of the above conditions, without taking into account services performed by the other spouse.

A real property trade or business is any real property development, redevelopment, construction, reconstruction, acquisition, conversion, rental, operation, management, leasing, or brokerage trade or business. Services you performed as an employee are not treated as performed in a real property trade or business unless you owned more than 5% of the stock (or more than 5% of the capital or profits interest) in the employer.

If you were a real estate professional for 2005, complete Schedule E, line 43, on page 2.

Other activities. The rental of your home that you also used for personal purposes is not a passive activity. See the instructions for line 2 on page E-3.

A working interest in an oil or gas well that you held directly or through an entity that did not limit your liability is not a passive activity even if you did not materially participate.

Royalty income not derived in the ordinary course of a trade or business reported on Schedule E generally is not considered income from a passive activity.

For more details on passive activities, see the Instructions for Form 8582 and Pub. 925.

# **Exception for Certain Rental Real Estate Activities**

If you meet all three of the following conditions, your rental real estate losses are not limited by the passive activity loss rules. If you do not meet all three of these conditions, see the Instructions for Form 8582 to find out if you must complete and attach Form 8582 to figure any losses allowed.

- 1. Rental real estate activities are your only passive activities.
- 2. You do not have any prior year unallowed losses from any passive activities.
- 3. All of the following apply if you have an overall net loss from these activities:
- a. You actively participated (defined on this page) in all of the rental real estate activities:
- b. If married filing separately, you lived apart from your spouse all year;

- c. Your overall net loss from these activities is \$25,000 or less (\$12,500 or less if married filing separately);
- d. You have no current or prior year unallowed credits from passive activities; and
- e. Your modified adjusted gross income (defined below) is \$100,000 or less (\$50,000 or less if married filing separately).

Active participation. You can meet the active participation requirement without regular, continuous, and substantial involvement in real estate activities. But you must have participated in making management decisions or arranging for others to provide services (such as repairs) in a significant and bona fide sense. Such management decisions include:

- Approving new tenants,
- Deciding on rental terms,
- Approving capital or repair expenditures, and
  - Other similar decisions.

You are not considered to actively participate if, at any time during the tax year, your interest (including your spouse's interest) in the activity was less than 10% by value of all interests in the activity.

**Modified adjusted gross income.** This is your adjusted gross income from Form 1040, line 38, without taking into account:

- Any passive activity loss,
- Rental real estate losses allowed for real estate professionals (see *Activities of real estate professionals* that begin on page E-1),
- Taxable social security or tier 1 railroad retirement benefits,
- Deductible contributions to a traditional IRA or certain other qualified retirement plans under section 219,
  - The student loan interest deduction.
  - The tuition and fees deduction,
- The domestic production activities deduction,
- The deduction for one-half of self-employment tax,
- The exclusion from income of interest from series EE and I U.S. savings bonds used to pay higher education expenses, and
- Any excluded amounts under an employer's adoption assistance program.

# Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement

Use Form 8886 to disclose information for each reportable transaction in which you participated. Form 8886 must be filed for each tax year that your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. The following are reportable transactions.

- Any transaction that is the same as or substantially similar to tax avoidance transactions identified by the IRS.
- Any transaction offered under conditions of confidentiality for which you paid an advisor a minimum fee.
- Any transaction for which you have contractual protection against disallowance of the tax benefits.
- Any transaction resulting in a loss of at least \$2 million in any single tax year or \$4 million in any combination of tax years. (At least \$50,000 for a single tax year if the loss arose from a foreign currency transaction defined in section 988(c)(1), whether or not the loss flows through from an S corporation or partnership.)
- Any transaction resulting in a book-tax difference of more than \$10 million on a gross basis.
- Any transaction resulting in a tax credit of more than \$250,000, if you held the asset generating the credit for 45 days or less.

See the Instructions for Form 8886 for more details and exceptions.

# Tax Shelter Registration Number

Complete and attach Form 8271 if you are claiming or reporting any income, deduction, loss, credit, or other tax benefit, from an interest purchased or otherwise acquired in a tax shelter required to be registered with the IRS. Form 8271 is used to report the name, tax shelter registration number, and identifying number of the tax shelter.

#### **Specific Instructions**

#### Filers of Form 1041

If you are a fiduciary filing Schedule E with Form 1041, enter the estate's or trust's employer identification number (EIN) in the space for "Your social security number."

#### Part I

# Income or Loss From Rental Real Estate and Royalties

Use Part I to report:

- Income and expenses from rental real estate (including personal property leased with real estate), and
  - Royalty income and expenses.

See the instructions for lines 3 and 4 to determine if you should report your rental real estate and royalty income on Schedule C, Schedule C-EZ, or Form 4835 instead of Schedule E.

If you own a part interest in a rental real estate property, report only your part of the income and expenses on Schedule E.

Complete lines 1 and 2 for each rental real estate property. Leave these lines blank for each royalty property.

If you have more than three rental real estate or royalty properties, complete and attach as many Schedules E as you need to list them. But fill in the "Totals" column on only one Schedule E. The figures in the "Totals" column on that Schedule E should be the combined totals of all your Schedules E. If you are also using page 2 of Schedule E, use the same Schedule E on which you entered the combined totals for Part I.

Personal property. Do not use Schedule E to report income and expenses from the rental of personal property, such as equipment or vehicles. Instead, use Schedule C or C-EZ if you are in the business of renting personal property. You are in the business of renting personal property if the primary purpose for renting the property is income or profit and you are involved in the rental activity with continuity and regularity.

If your rental of personal property is not a business, see the instructions for Form 1040, lines 21 and 36, to find out how to report the income and expenses.

Extraterritorial income exclusion. Except as otherwise provided in the Internal Revenue Code, gross income includes all income from whatever source derived. Gross income, however, does not include 80% of extraterritorial income that is qualifying foreign trade income. Use Form 8873 to figure the extraterritorial income exclusion. Report it on Schedule E as explained in the Instructions for Form 8873.

#### Line 1

For rental real estate property only, show all of the following.

- The kind of property you rented (for example, townhouse).
- The street address, city or town, and state. You do not have to give the ZIP code.
- Your percentage of ownership in the property, if less than 100%.

#### Line 2

If you rented out a dwelling unit that you also used for personal purposes during the year, you may not be able to deduct all the expenses for the rental part. "Dwelling unit" (unit) means a house, apartment, condominium, or similar property.

A day of personal use is any day, or part of a day, that the unit was used by:

- You for personal purposes,
- Any other person for personal purposes, if that person owns part of the unit

(unless rented to that person under a "shared equity" financing agreement),

- Anyone in your family (or in the family of someone else who owns part of the unit), unless the unit is rented at a fair rental price to that person as his or her main home.
- Anyone who pays less than a fair rental price for the unit, or
- Anyone under an agreement that lets you use some other unit.

Do not count as personal use:

- Any day you spent working substantially full time repairing and maintaining the unit, even if family members used it for recreational purposes on that day, or
- Any days you used the unit as your main home before or after renting it or offering it for rent, if you rented or tried to rent it for at least 12 consecutive months (or for a period of less than 12 consecutive months at the end of which you sold or exchanged it).

Check "Yes" if you or your family used the unit for personal purposes in 2005 more than the greater of:

- 1. 14 days, or
- 2. 10% of the total days it was rented to others at a fair rental price.

Otherwise, check "No."

If you checked "No," you can deduct all your expenses for the rental part, subject to the *At-Risk Rules* and the *Passive Activity Loss Rules* explained beginning on page E-1.

If you checked "Yes" and rented the unit out for fewer than 15 days, do not report the rental income and do not deduct any rental expenses. If you itemize deductions on Schedule A, you can deduct allowable interest, taxes, and casualty losses.

If you checked "Yes" and rented the unit out for at least 15 days, you may not be able to deduct all your rental expenses. You can deduct all of the following expenses for the rental part on Schedule E.

- Mortgage interest.
- Real estate taxes.
- Casualty losses.
- Other rental expenses not related to your use of the unit as a home, such as advertising expenses and rental agents' fees.

If any income is left after deducting these expenses, you can deduct other expenses, including depreciation, up to the amount of remaining income. You can carry over to 2006 the amounts you cannot deduct

See Pub. 527 for details.

#### Line 3

If you received rental income from real estate (including personal property leased with real estate) and you were not in the

real estate business, report the income on line 3. Use a separate column (A, B, or C) for each rental property. Include income received for renting a room or other space. If you received services or property instead of money as rent, report the fair market value of what you received as rental income.

Be sure to enter the total of all your rents in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

If you provided significant services to the renter, such as maid service, report the rental activity on Schedule C or C-EZ, not on Schedule E. Significant services do not include the furnishing of heat and light, cleaning of public areas, trash collection, or similar services.

If you were in the real estate sales business, include on line 3 only the rent received from real estate (including personal property leased with real estate) you held for investment or speculation. Do not use Schedule E to report income and expenses from rentals of real estate held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of your real estate sales business. Instead, use Schedule C or C-EZ for these rentals.

For more details on rental income use TeleTax topic 414 (see page 8 of the Form 1040 instructions) or see Pub. 527.

**Rental income from farm production or crop shares.** Report farm rental income and expenses on Form 4835 if:

- You received rental income based on crops or livestock produced by the tenant, and
- You did not manage or operate the farm to any great extent.

#### Line 4

Report on line 4 royalties from oil, gas, or mineral properties (not including operating interests); copyrights; and patents. Use a separate column (A, B, or C) for each royalty property. Be sure to enter the total of all your royalties in the "Totals" column even if you have only one source of royalties

If you received \$10 or more in royalties during 2005, the payer should send you a Form 1099-MISC or similar statement by January 31, 2006, showing the amount you received.

If you are in business as a self-employed writer, inventor, artist, etc., report your royalty income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ.

You may be able to treat amounts received as "royalties" for the transfer of a patent or amounts received on the disposal of coal and iron ore as the sale of a capital asset. For details, see Pub. 544.

Enter on line 4 the gross amount of royalty income, even if state or local taxes were withheld from oil or gas payments

you received. Include taxes withheld by the producer on line 16.

# General Instructions for Lines 5 Through 21

Enter your rental and royalty expenses for each property in the appropriate column. You can deduct all ordinary and necessary expenses, such as taxes, interest, repairs, insurance, management fees, agents' commissions, and depreciation.

Do not deduct the value of your own labor or amounts paid for capital investments or capital improvements.

Enter your total expenses for mortgage interest (line 12), total expenses before depreciation expense or depletion (line 19), and depreciation expenses or depletion (line 20) in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

**Renting out part of your home.** If you rent out only part of your home or other property, deduct the part of your expenses that applies to the rented part.

Credit or deduction for access expenditures. You may be able to claim a tax credit for eligible expenditures paid or incurred in 2005 to provide access to your business for individuals with disabilities. See Form 8826 for details.

You can also deduct up to \$15,000 of qualified costs paid or incurred in 2005 to remove architectural or transportation barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly.

You cannot take both the credit and the deduction for the same expenditures.

#### Line 6

You can deduct ordinary and necessary auto and travel expenses related to your rental activities, including 50% of meal expenses incurred while traveling away from home. You generally can either deduct your actual expenses or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your rental activities (as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can use the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if:

- You owned the vehicle and used the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or
- You leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual auto expenses:

• Include on line 6 the rental activity portion of the cost of gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, etc., and

• Show auto rental or lease payments on line 18 and depreciation on line 20.

If you take the standard mileage rate, multiply the number of miles you drove your auto in connection with your rental activities by:

- 40.5 cents for miles driven before September 1, 2005, and
- 48.5 cents for miles driven after August 31, 2005.

Include this amount and your parking fees and tolls on line 6.

If you claim any auto expenses (actual or the standard mileage rate), you must complete Part V of Form 4562 and attach Form 4562 to your tax return.

See Pub. 527 and Pub. 463 for details.

#### Line 10

Include on line 10 fees for tax advice and the preparation of tax forms related to your rental real estate or royalty properties.

Do not deduct legal fees paid or incurred to defend or protect title to property, to recover property, or to develop or improve property. Instead, you must capitalize these fees and add them to the property's basis.

#### **Lines 12 and 13**

In general, to determine the interest expense allocable to your rental activities, you must have records to show how the proceeds of each debt were used. Specific tracing rules apply for allocating debt proceeds and repayment. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you have a mortgage on your rental property, enter on line 12 the amount of interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions. Be sure to enter the total of all your mortgage interest in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

Do not deduct prepaid interest when you paid it. You can deduct it only in the year to which it is properly allocable. Points, including loan origination fees, charged only for the use of money must be deducted over the life of the loan.

If you paid \$600 or more in interest on a mortgage during 2005, the recipient should send you a Form 1098 or similar statement by January 31, 2006, showing the total interest received from you.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on your Form 1098 or similar statement, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct part or all of the additional interest. If you can, enter the entire deductible amount on line 12. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference. On the dotted line next to line 12, enter "See attached."

**Note.** If the recipient was not a financial institution or you did not receive a Form

1098 from the recipient, report your deductible mortgage interest on line 13.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage, and the other person received Form 1098, report your share of the deductible interest on line 13. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received Form 1098. On the dotted line next to line 13, enter "See attached."

#### Line 14

You can deduct the cost of repairs made to keep your property in good working condition. Repairs generally do not add significant value to the property or extend its life. Examples of repairs are fixing a broken lock or painting a room. Improvements that increase the value of the property or extend its life, such as replacing a roof or renovating a kitchen, must be capitalized and depreciated (that is, they cannot be deducted in full in the year they are paid or incurred). See the instructions for line 20.

#### Line 17

You can deduct the cost of ordinary and necessary telephone calls related to your rental activities or royalty income (for example, calls to the renter). However, the base rate (including taxes and other charges) for local telephone service for the first telephone line into your residence is a personal expense and is not deductible.

#### Line 20

Depreciation is the annual deduction you must take to recover the cost or other basis of business or investment property having a useful life substantially beyond the tax year. Land is not depreciable.

Depreciation starts when you first use the property in your business or for the production of income. It ends when you deduct all your depreciable cost or other basis or no longer use the property in your business or for the production of income.

See the Instructions for Form 4562 to figure the amount of depreciation to enter on line 20. Be sure to enter the total of all your depreciation in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

You must complete and attach Form 4562 only if you are claiming:

- Depreciation on property first placed in service during 2005,
- Depreciation on listed property (defined in the Instructions for Form 4562), including a vehicle, regardless of the date it was placed in service, or
- A section 179 expense deduction or amortization of costs that began in 2005.

See Pub. 527 for more information on depreciation of residential rental property.

See Pub. 946 for a more comprehensive guide to depreciation.

If you own mineral property or an oil, gas, or geothermal well, you may be able to take a deduction for depletion. See Pub. 535 for details.

#### Line 22

If you have amounts for which you are not at risk, use Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible loss. Enter that amount in the appropriate column of Schedule E, line 22. In the space to the left of line 22, enter "Form 6198." Attach Form 6198 to your return. For details on the at-risk rules, see page E-1.

#### Line 23

Do not complete line 23 if the amount on line 22 is from royalty properties.

If you have a rental real estate loss from a passive activity (defined on page E-1), the amount of loss you can deduct may be limited by the passive activity loss rules. You may need to complete Form 8582 to figure the amount of loss, if any, to enter on line 23.

If your rental real estate loss is not from a passive activity or you meet the exception for certain rental real estate activities (explained on page E-2), you do not have to complete Form 8582. Enter the loss from line 22 on line 23.

#### Parts II and III

If you need more space in Part II or III to list your income or losses, attach a continuation sheet using the same format as shown in Part II or III. However, be sure to complete the "Totals" columns for lines 29a and 29b, or lines 34a and 34b, as appropriate. If you also completed Part I on more than one Schedule E, use the same Schedule E on which you entered the combined totals in Part I.

**Tax preference items.** If you are a partner, a shareholder in an S corporation, or a beneficiary of an estate or trust, you must take into account your share of preferences and adjustments from these entities for the alternative minimum tax on Form 6251 or Schedule I of Form 1041.

#### Part II

# Income or Loss From Partnerships and S Corporations

If you are a member of a partnership or joint venture or a shareholder in an S corporation, use Part II to report your share of the partnership or S corporation income (even if not received) or loss.

You should receive a Schedule K-1 from the partnership or S corporation. You should also receive a copy of the Partner's or Shareholder's Instructions for Schedule K-1. Your copy of Schedule K-1 and its instructions will tell you where on your return to report your share of the items. If you did not receive these instructions with your Schedule K-1, see page 7 of the Form 1040 instructions for how to get a copy. Do not attach Schedules K-1 to your return. Keep them for your records.

If you are treating items on your tax return differently from the way the partnership (other than an electing large partnership) or S corporation reported them on its return, you may have to file Form 8082. If you are a partner in an electing large partnership, you must report the items shown on Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B) on your tax return the same way that the partnership reported the items on Schedule K-1.

**Special rules that limit losses.** Please note the following.

• If you have a current year loss, or a prior year unallowed loss, from a partnership or an S corporation, see *At-Risk Rules* and *Passive Activity Loss Rules* on page E-1.

Partners and S corporation shareholders should get a separate statement of income, expenses, deductions, and credits for each activity engaged in by the partnership and S corporation. If you are subject to the at-risk rules for any activity, use Form 6198 to figure the amount of any deductible loss. If the activity is nonpassive, enter any deductible loss from Form 6198 on the appropriate line in Part II, column (h), of Schedule E.

• If you have a passive activity loss, you generally need to complete Form 8582 to figure the amount of the allowable loss to enter in Part II, column (f), for that activity. But if you are a general partner or an S corporation shareholder reporting your share of a partnership or an S corporation loss from a rental real estate activity and you meet all three of the conditions listed on page E-2 under *Exception for Certain Rental Real Estate Activities*, you do not have to complete Form 8582. Instead, enter your allowable loss in Part II, column (f).

If you have passive activity income, complete Part II, column (g), for that activity.

If you have nonpassive income or losses, complete Part II, columns (h) through (j), as appropriate.

#### **Partnerships**

See the Schedule K-1 instructions before entering on your return other partnership items from a passive activity or income or loss from any publicly traded partnership.

You can deduct unreimbursed ordinary and necessary expenses you paid on behalf of the partnership if you were required to pay these expenses under the partnership agreement. See the instructions for line 27 on page E-6 for how to report these expenses.

Report allowable interest expense paid or incurred from debt-financed acquisitions in Part II or on Schedule A depending on the type of expenditure to which the interest is allocated. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you claimed a credit for federal tax on gasoline or other fuels on your 2004 Form 1040 based on information received from the partnership, enter as income in column (g) or column (j), whichever applies, the amount of the credit claimed for 2004.

Part or all of your share of partnership income or loss from the operation of the business may be considered net earnings from self-employment that must be reported on Schedule SE. Enter the amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (or from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9 (code K1)), on Schedule SE, after you reduce this amount by any allowable expenses attributable to that income.

**Foreign partnerships.** If you are a U.S. person, you may have to file Form 8865 if any of the following applies.

- 1. You controlled a foreign partnership (that is, you owned more than a 50% direct or indirect interest in the partnership).
- 2. You owned at least a 10% direct or indirect interest in a foreign partnership while U.S. persons controlled that partnership.
- 3. You had an acquisition, disposition, or change in proportional interest of a foreign partnership that:
- a. Increased your direct interest to at least 10% or reduced your direct interest of at least 10% to less than 10%, or
- b. Changed your direct interest by at least a 10% interest.
- 4. You contributed property to a foreign partnership in exchange for a partnership interest if:
- a. Immediately after the contribution, you owned, directly or indirectly, at least a 10% interest in the partnership, or
- b. The fair market value of the property you contributed to the partnership in exchange for a partnership interest, when added to other contributions of property you made to the partnership during the preceding 12-month period, exceeds \$100,000.

Also, you may have to file Form 8865 to report certain dispositions by a foreign partnership of property you previously contributed to that partnership if you were a partner at the time of the disposition.

For more details, including penalties for failing to file Form 8865, see Form 8865 and its separate instructions.

#### **S** Corporations

If you are a shareholder in an S corporation, your share of the corporation's aggregate losses and deductions (combined income, losses, and deductions) is limited to the adjusted basis of your corporate stock and any debt the corporation owes you. Any loss or deduction not allowed this year because of the basis limitation can be carried forward and deducted in a later year subject to the basis limitation for that year.

If you are claiming a deduction for your share of an aggregate loss, attach to your return a computation of the adjusted basis of your corporate stock and of any debt the corporation owes you. See the Schedule K-1 instructions for details.

After applying the basis limitation, the deductible amount of your aggregate losses and deductions may be further reduced by the at-risk rules and the passive activity loss rules. See page E-1.

Distributions of prior year accumulated earnings and profits of S corporations are dividends and are reported on Form 1040, line 9a.

Interest expense relating to the acquisition of shares in an S corporation may be fully deductible on Schedule E. For details, see Pub. 535.

Your share of the net income of an S corporation is not subject to self-employment tax.

#### Line 27

If you answered "Yes" on line 27, follow the instructions below. If you fail to follow these instructions, the IRS may send you a notice of additional tax due because the amounts reported by the partnership or S corporation on Schedule K-1 do not match the amounts you reported on your tax return.

#### Losses Not Allowed in Prior Years Due to the At-Risk or Basis Limitations

- Enter your total prior year unallowed losses that are now deductible on a separate line in column (h) of line 28. Do not combine these losses with, or net them against, any current year amounts from the partnership or S corporation.
- Enter "PYA" (prior year amount) in column (a) of the same line.

#### Prior Year Unallowed Losses From a Passive Activity Not Reported on Form 8582

• Enter on a separate line in column (f) of line 28 your total prior year unallowed losses not reported on Form 8582. Such losses include prior year unallowed losses that are now deductible because you did not have an overall loss from all passive activities or you disposed of your entire interest in a passive activity in a fully taxable transaction. Do not combine these losses with,

or net them against, any current year amounts from the partnership or S corporation

• Enter "PYA" (prior year amount) in column (a) of the same line.

# Unreimbursed Partnership Expenses

- You can deduct unreimbursed ordinary and necessary partnership expenses you paid on behalf of the partnership on Schedule E if you were required to pay these expenses under the partnership agreement (except amounts deductible only as itemized deductions, which you must enter on Schedule A).
- Enter unreimbursed partnership expenses from nonpassive activities on a separate line in column (h) of line 28. Do not combine these expenses with, or net them against, any other amounts from the partnership.
- If the expenses are from a passive activity and you are not required to file Form 8582, enter the expenses related to a passive activity on a separate line in column (f) of line 28. Do not combine these expenses with, or net them against, any other amounts from the partnership.
- Enter "UPE" (unreimbursed partnership expenses) in column (a) of the same line.

#### Line 28

For nonpassive income or loss (and passive income or losses for which you are not filing Form 8582), enter in the applicable column of line 28 your current year ordinary income or loss from the partnership or S corporation. Report each related item required to be reported on Schedule E (including items of income or loss stated separately on Schedule K-1) in the applicable column of a separate line following the line on which you reported the current year ordinary income or loss. Also enter a description of the related item (for example, depletion) in column (a) of the same line.

If you are required to file Form 8582, see the Instructions for Form 8582 before completing Schedule E.

#### Part III

# Income or Loss From Estates and Trusts

If you are a beneficiary of an estate or trust, use Part III to report your part of the income (even if not received) or loss. You should receive a Schedule K-1 (Form 1041) from the fiduciary. Your copy of Schedule K-1 and its instructions will tell you where on your return to report the items from Schedule K-1. Do not attach Schedule K-1 to your return. Keep it for your records.

If you are treating items on your tax return differently from the way the estate or trust reported them on its return, you may have to file Form 8082.

If you have estimated taxes credited to you from a trust (Schedule K-1, box 13, code A), enter "ES payment claimed" and the amount on the dotted line next to line 37. Do not include this amount in the total on line 37. Instead, enter the amount on Form 1040, line 65.

A U.S. person who transferred property to a foreign trust may have to report the income received by the trust as a result of the transferred property if, during 2005, the trust had a U.S. beneficiary. See section 679. An individual who received a distribution from, or who was the grantor of or transferor to, a foreign trust must also complete Part III of Schedule B (Form 1040) and may have to file Form 3520. In addition, the owner of a foreign trust must ensure that the trust files an annual information return on Form 3520-A.

#### Part IV

# Income or Loss From Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs)

If you are the holder of a residual interest in a REMIC, use Part IV to report your total share of the REMIC's taxable income or loss for each quarter included in your tax year. You should receive Schedule Q (Form 1066) and instructions from the REMIC for each quarter. Do not attach Schedules Q to your return. Keep them for your records.

If you are treating REMIC items on your tax return differently from the way the REMIC reported them on its return, you may have to file Form 8082.

If you are the holder of a residual interest in more than one REMIC, attach a continuation sheet using the same format as in Part IV. Enter the totals of columns (d) and (e) on Schedule E, line 39. If you also completed Part I on more than one Schedule E, use the same Schedule E on which you entered the combined totals in Part I.

REMIC income or loss is not income or loss from a passive activity.

**Note.** If you are the holder of a regular interest in a REMIC, do not use Schedule E to report the income you received. Instead, report it on Form 1040, line 8a.

**Column** (c). Report the total of the amounts shown on Schedule(s) Q, line 2c. This is the smallest amount you are allowed to report as your taxable income (Form 1040, line 43). It is also the smallest amount you are allowed to report as your alternative minimum taxable income (AMTI) (Form 6251, line 28).

If the amount in column (c) is larger than your taxable income would otherwise be, enter the amount from column (c) on Form 1040, line 43. Similarly, if the amount in column (c) is larger than your AMTI would otherwise be, enter the amount from column (c) on Form 6251, line 28. Enter "Sch. Q" on the dotted line to the left of this amount on Form 1040, line 43, and Form 6251, line 28, if applicable.

**Note.** These rules also apply to estates and trusts that hold a residual interest in a REMIC. Be sure to make the appropriate entries on the comparable lines on Form 1041.



Do not include the amount shown in column (c) in the total on Schedule E, line 39.

**Column** (e). Report the total of the amounts shown on Schedule(s) Q, line 3b. If you itemize your deductions, include this amount on Schedule A, line 22.

# Part V Summary

#### Line 42

You will not be charged a penalty for underpayment of estimated tax if:

- 1. Your gross farming or fishing income for 2004 or 2005 is at least two-thirds of your gross income, and
- 2. You file your 2005 tax return and pay the tax due by March 1, 2006.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual

circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control number 1545–1972 and is shown below.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

## 2005 Instructions for Schedule F

# **Profit or Loss From Farming**

Use Schedule F (Form 1040) to report farm income and expenses. File it with Form 1040, 1041, 1065, or 1065-B.

This activity may subject you to state and local taxes and other requirements such as business licenses and fees. Check with your state and local governments for more information

**Additional information.** Pub. 225 has samples of filled-in forms and schedules, and lists important dates that apply to farmers.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

#### What's New

Employee retention credit for employers affected by Hurricane Katrina. If you had employees in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, you may be eligible for a credit against the wages you paid them while your business was inoperable. For more information, see Form 5884-A.

**Biodeisel and renewable diesel fuels credit.** If you claimed the biodiesel and renewable diesel fuels credit on Form 8864, you must include the credit in your income on line 10 if you use the cash method or line 44 if you use the accrual method. See the instructions for line 10 on page F-3.

# **General Instructions**Other Schedules and Forms You May Have To File

- Schedule E, Part I, to report rental income from pastureland that is based on a flat charge. Report on Schedule F, line 10, pasture income received from taking care of someone else's livestock.
- Schedule J to figure your tax by averaging your farm income over the previous 3 years. Doing so may reduce your tax.
- Schedule SE to pay self-employment tax on income from your farming business.
- Form 4562 to claim depreciation on assets placed in service in 2005, to claim amortization that began in 2005, to make an election under section 179 to expense certain property, or to report information on vehicles and other listed property.
- Form 4684 to report a casualty or theft gain or loss involving farm business property including livestock held for draft, breeding, sport, or dairy purposes.

See Pub. 225 for more information on how to report various farm losses, such as losses due to death of livestock or damage to crops or other farm property.

• Form 4797 to report sales, exchanges, or involuntary conversions (other than from a casualty or theft) of certain farm property. Also use this form to report sales of livestock held for draft, breeding, sport, or dairy purposes.

- Form 4835 to report rental income based on farm production or crop shares if you did not materially participate in the management or operation of the farm. This income is not subject to self-employment tax. See Pub. 225.
- Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges.
- Form 8903 to take a deduction for income from domestic production activities.

Heavy highway vehicle use tax. If you use certain highway trucks, truck-trailers, tractor-trailers, or buses in your farming business, you may have to pay a federal highway motor vehicle use tax. See the Instructions for Form 2290 to find out if you owe this tax.

Information returns. You may have to file information returns for wages paid to employees, certain payments of fees and other nonemployee compensation, interest, rents, royalties, annuities, and pensions. You may also have to file an information return if you sold \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a person on a buy-sell, deposit-commission, or other similar basis for resale. For details, see the 2005 General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

If you received cash of more than \$10,000 in one or more related transactions in your farming business, you may have to file Form 8300. For details, see Pub. 1544.

Reportable transaction disclosure statement. If you entered into a reportable transaction in 2005, you must file Form 8886 to disclose information if your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. You may also have to pay interest and penalties on any reportable transaction understatements. For more information on reportable transactions, see *Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement* that begins on page C-1 of the Instructions for Schedule C.

#### **Estimated Tax**

If you had to make estimated tax payments in 2005 and you underpaid your estimated tax, you will not be charged a penalty if both of the following apply.

- Your gross farming or fishing income for 2004 or 2005 is at least two-thirds of your gross income.
- You file your 2005 tax return and pay the tax due by March 1, 2006.

For details, see Pub. 225.

#### **Specific Instructions**

# Filers of Forms 1041, 1065, and 1065-B

Do not complete the block labeled "Social security number (SSN)." Instead, enter your employer identification number (EIN) on line D.

#### Line B

On line B, enter one of the 14 principal agricultural activity codes listed in Part IV on page 2 of Schedule F. Select the code that best describes the source of most of your income.

#### Line C

If you use the cash method, check the box labeled "Cash." Complete Schedule F, Parts I and II. Generally, report income in the year in which you actually or constructively received it and deduct expenses in the year you paid them. However, if the payment of an expenditure creates an asset having a useful life that extends substantially beyond the close of the year, it may not be deductible or may be deductible only in part for the year of the payment. See Pub. 225.

If you use an accrual method, check the box labeled "Accrual." Complete Schedule F, Parts II, III, and Part I, line 11. Generally, report income in the year in which you earned it and deduct expenses in the year you incurred them, even if you did not pay them in that year. Accrual basis taxpayers are put on a cash basis for deducting business expenses owed to a related cash-basis taxpayer. Other rules determine the timing of deductions based on economic performance. See Pub. 538.

Farming syndicates cannot use the cash method of accounting. A farming syndicate may be a partnership, any other noncorporate group, or an S corporation if:

- The interests in the business have ever been for sale in a way that would require registration with any federal or state agency, or
- More than 35% of the loss during any tax year is shared by limited partners or limited entrepreneurs. A limited partner is one who can lose only the amount invested or required to be invested in the partnership. A limited entrepreneur is a person who does not take any active part in managing the business.

#### Line D

You need an employer identification number (EIN) only if you had a qualified retirement plan or were required to file an employment, excise, estate, trust, partnership, or alcohol, tobacco, and firearms tax return. If you need an EIN, see the Instructions for Form SS-4. If you do not have an EIN, leave line D blank.

#### Line E

Material participation. For the definition of material participation for purposes of the passive activity rules, see the instructions for Schedule C, line G, that begin on page C-2. If you meet any of the material participation tests described in those instructions, check the "Yes" box.

If you are a retired or disabled farmer, you are treated as materially participating in a farming business if you materially participated 5 of the 8 years preceding your retirement or disability. Also, a surviving spouse is treated as materially participating in a farming activity if the real property used for farming meets the estate tax rules for special valuation of farm property passed from a qualifying decedent, and the surviving spouse actively manages the farm

Check the "No" box if you did not materially participate. If you checked "No" and you have a loss from this business, see *Limit on passive losses* below. If you have a profit from this business activity but have current year losses from other passive activities or prior year unallowed passive activities oses, see the Instructions for Form 8582.

Limit on passive losses. If you checked the "No" box and you have a loss from this business, you may have to use Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss, if any, to enter on Schedule F, line 36. Generally, you can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. For details, see Pub. 925.

#### Part I. Farm Income— Cash Method

In Part I, show income received for items listed on lines 1 through 10. Generally, include both the cash actually or constructively received and the fair market value of goods or other property received for these items. Income is constructively received when it is credited to your account or set aside for you to use. However, direct payments or counter-cyclical payments received under the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 are required to be included in income only in the year of actual receipt.

If you ran the farm yourself and received rents based on crop shares or farm production, report these rents as income on line 4.

#### Sales of Livestock Because of Weather-Related Conditions

If you sold livestock because of drought, flood, or other weather-related conditions, you can elect to report the income from the sale in the year after the year of sale if all of the following apply.

- Your main business is farming.
- You can show that you sold the livestock only because of weather-related conditions.
  - Your area qualified for federal aid.
     See Pub. 225 for details.

# Forms 1099 or CCC-1099-G

If you received Forms 1099 or CCC-1099-G showing amounts paid to you, first determine if the amounts are to be included with farm income. Then, use the following chart to determine where to report the income on Schedule F. Include the Form 1099 or CCC-1099-G amounts in the total amount reported on that line.

Form	Where to report
1099-PATR	Line 5a
1099-A	Line 7b
1099-MISC	
(for crop insurance)	Line 8a
1099-G or CCC-1099-G	
(for disaster payments)	Line 8a
(for other agricultural	
program payments)	Line 6a

You may also receive Form 1099-MISC for other types of income. In this case, report it on whichever line best describes the income. For example, if you received a Form 1099-MISC for custom farming work, include this amount on line 9, "Custom hire (machine work) income."

#### Lines 5a and 5b

If you received distributions from a cooperative in 2005, you should receive Form 1099-PATR. On line 5a, show your total distributions from cooperatives. This includes patronage dividends, nonpatronage distributions, per-unit retain allocations, and redemption of nonqualified notices and per-unit retain allocations.

Show patronage dividends received in cash and the dollar amount of qualified written notices of allocation. If you received property as patronage dividends, report the fair market value of the property as income. Include cash advances received from a marketing cooperative. If you received per-unit retains in cash, show the amount of cash. If you received qualified per-unit retain certificates, show the stated dollar amount of the certificates.

Do not include as income on line 5b patronage dividends from buying personal or family items, capital assets, or depreciable assets. Enter these amounts on line 5a only. If you do not report patronage dividends from these items as income, you must subtract the amount of the dividend from the cost or other basis of these items.

#### Lines 6a and 6b

Enter on line 6a the total of the following amounts.

- Direct payments.
- Counter-cyclical payments.
- Price support payments.
- Market gain from the repayment of a secured Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loan for less than the original loan amount.
  - Diversion payments.
  - Cost-share payments (sight drafts).
- Payments in the form of materials (such as fertilizer or lime) or services (such as grading or building dams).

These amounts are government payments you received, usually reported to you on Form 1099-G. You may also receive Form CCC-1099-G from the Department of Agriculture showing the amounts and types of payments made to you.

On line 6b, report only the taxable amount. For example, do not report the market gain shown on Form CCC-1099-G on line 6b if you elected to report CCC loan proceeds as income in the year received (see *Lines 7a Through 7c* on page F-3). No gain results from redemption of the commodity because you previously reported the CCC loan proceeds as income. You are treated as repurchasing the commodity for the amount of the loan repayment. However, if you did not report the CCC loan proceeds under the election, you must report the market gain on line 6b.

#### Lines 7a Through 7c

Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loans. Generally, you do not report CCC loan proceeds as income. However, if you pledge part or all of your production to secure a CCC loan, you can elect to report the loan proceeds as income in the year you receive them, instead of the year you sell the crop. If you make this election (or made the election in a prior year), report loan proceeds you received in 2005 on line 7a. Attach a statement to your return showing the details of the loan(s).

**Forfeited CCC loans.** Include the full amount forfeited on line 7b, even if you reported the loan proceeds as income.

If you did not elect to report the loan proceeds as income, also include the forfeited amount on line 7c.

If you did elect to report the loan proceeds as income, you generally will not have an entry on line 7c. But if the amount forfeited is different from your basis in the commodity, you may have an entry on line 7c.

See Pub. 225 for details on the tax consequences of electing to report CCC loan proceeds as income or forfeiting CCC loans

#### Lines 8a Through 8d

In general, you must report crop insurance proceeds in the year you receive them. Federal crop disaster payments are treated as crop insurance proceeds. However, if 2005 was the year of damage, you can elect to include certain proceeds in income for 2006. To make this election, check the box on line 8c and attach a statement to your return. See Pub. 225 for a description of the proceeds for which an election can be made and for what you must include in your statement

Generally, if you elect to defer any eligible crop insurance proceeds, you must defer all such crop insurance proceeds (including federal crop disaster payments).

Enter on line 8a the total crop insurance proceeds you received in 2005, even if you elect to include them in income for 2006.

Enter on line 8b the taxable amount of the proceeds you received in 2005. Do not include proceeds you elect to include in income for 2006.

Enter on line 8d the amount, if any, of crop insurance proceeds you received in 2004 and elected to include in income for 2005

#### Line 10

Use this line to report income not shown on lines 1 through 9, such as the following.

- Illegal federal irrigation subsidies. See Pub. 225.
  - Bartering income.
- Income from cancellation of debt. Generally, if a debt is canceled or forgiven, you must include the canceled amount in income. If a federal agency, financial insti-

tution, or credit union canceled or forgave a debt you owed of \$600 or more, it should send you a Form 1099-C, or similar statement, by January 31, 2006, showing the amount of debt canceled in 2005. However, certain solvent farmers can exclude canceled qualified farm indebtedness from income. To find out if you must include any cancellation of debt in income, see Pub. 225.

- State gasoline or fuel tax refund you received in 2005.
- The amount of credit for federal tax paid on fuels claimed on your 2004 Form 1040
- The amount of credit for alcohol used as fuel that was claimed on Form 6478.
- The amount of biodiesel and renewable diesel fuels credit that was claimed on Form 8864.
- Any recapture of excess depreciation, including any section 179 expense deduction, if the business use percentage of any listed property decreased to 50% or less in 2005. Use Form 4797 to figure the recapture. See the instructions for Schedule C, line 13, on page C-4 for the definition of listed property.
- The inclusion amount on leased listed property (other than vehicles) when the business use percentage drops to 50% or less. See Pub. 946 to figure the amount.
- Any recapture of the deduction for clean-fuel vehicles used in your farming business and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. For details on how to figure recapture, see Pub. 535.
- The gain or loss on the sale of commodity futures contracts if the contracts were made to protect you from price changes. These are a form of business insurance and are considered hedges. If you had a loss in a closed futures contract, enclose it in parentheses.



For property acquired and hedging positions established, you must clearly identify on your books and records both the

hedging transaction and the item(s) or aggregate risk that is being hedged.

Purchase or sales contracts are not true hedges if they offset losses that already occurred. If you bought or sold commodity futures with the hope of making a profit due to favorable price changes, report the profit or loss on Form 6781 instead of this line.

# Part II. Farm Expenses

Do not deduct the following.

- Personal or living expenses (such as taxes, insurance, or repairs on your home) that do not produce farm income.
- Expenses of raising anything you or your family used.
- The value of animals you raised that died.
  - Inventory losses.

Personal losses.

If you were repaid for any part of an expense, you must subtract the amount you were repaid from the deduction.

Capitalizing costs of property. If you produced real or tangible personal property or acquired property for resale, certain expenses must be included in inventory costs or capitalized. These expenses include the direct costs of the property and the share of any indirect costs allocable to that property. However, these rules generally do not apply to expenses of:

- 1. Producing any plant that has a preproductive period of 2 years or less,
  - 2. Raising animals, or
- 3. Replanting certain crops if they were lost or damaged by reason of freezing temperatures, disease, drought, pests, or casualty.



Exceptions 1 and 2 above do not apply to tax shelters, farming syndicates, or partnerships required to use the accrual

method of accounting under section 447 or 448.

But you may be able to currently deduct rather than capitalize the expenses of producing a plant with a preproductive period of more than 2 years. See *Election to deduct certain preproductive period expenses* below.

Do not reduce your deductions on lines 12 through 34e by the preproductive period expenses you must capitalize. Instead, enter the total amount capitalized in parentheses on line 34f. See *Preproductive period expenses* on page F-6 for details.

If you revoked an election made before 1989 to deduct preproductive period expenses for animals, you must continue to apply the alternative depreciation rules to property placed in service while your election was in effect. Also, the expenses you previously chose to deduct will have to be recaptured as ordinary income when you dispose of the animals.

Election to deduct certain preproductive period expenses. If the preproductive period of any plant you produce is more than 2 years, you can elect to currently deduct the expenses rather than capitalize them. But you cannot make this election for the costs of planting or growing citrus or almond groves that are incurred before the end of the 4th tax year beginning with the tax year you planted them in their permanent grove. By deducting the preproductive period expenses for which you can make this election, you are treated as having made the election.



In the case of a partnership or S corporation, the election must be made by the partner or shareholder. This election cannot be

made by tax shelters, farming syndicates, or partners in partnerships required to use

the accrual method of accounting under section 447 or 448.

If you make the election to deduct preproductive expenses for plants, any gain you realize when disposing of the plants is ordinary income up to the amount of the preproductive expenses you deducted. Also, the alternative depreciation rules apply to property placed in service in any tax year your election is in effect. Unless you obtain IRS consent, you must make this election for the first tax year in which you engage in a farming business involving the production of property subject to the capitalization rules. You cannot revoke this election without IRS consent.

For details, see Pub. 225.

**Prepaid farm supplies.** Generally, if you use the cash method of accounting and your prepaid farm supplies are more than 50% of your other deductible farm expenses, your deduction for those supplies may be limited. Prepaid farm supplies include expenses for feed, seed, fertilizer, and similar farm supplies not used or consumed during the year. They also include the cost of poultry that would be allowable as a deduction in a later tax year if you were to (a) capitalize the cost of poultry bought for use in your farming business and deduct it ratably over the lesser of 12 months or the useful life of the poultry, and (b) deduct the cost of poultry bought for resale in the year you sell or otherwise dispose of it.

If the limit applies, you can deduct prepaid farm supplies that do not exceed 50% of your other deductible farm expenses in the year of payment. You can deduct the excess only in the year you use or consume the supplies (other than poultry, which is deductible as explained above). For details and exceptions to these rules, see Pub. 225.

#### Line 12

You can deduct the actual expenses of running your car or truck or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used your vehicle for hire or you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your farming business (such as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can take the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if you:

- Owned the vehicle and use the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or
- Leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual expenses:

- Include on line 12 the business portion of expenses for gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, license plates, etc., and
- Show depreciation on line 16 and rent or lease payments on line 26a.

If you take the standard mileage rate, multiply the number of business miles driven by 40.5 cents (48.5 cents for business miles driven after August 31, 2005). Add to this amount your parking fees and tolls, and enter the total on line 12. Do not deduct depreciation, rent or lease payments, or your actual operating expenses.

If you claim any car or truck expenses (actual or the standard mileage rate), you must provide the information requested on Form 4562, Part V. Be sure to attach Form 4562 to your return.

For details, see Pub. 463.

#### Line 14

Deductible soil and water conservation expenses generally are those that are paid to conserve soil and water or to prevent erosion of land used for farming. These expenses include (but are not limited to) the cost of leveling, grading and terracing, contour furrowing, the construction, control, and protection of diversion channels, drainage ditches, earthen dams, watercourses, outlets and ponds, the eradication of brush, and the planting of windbreaks.

These expenses can be deducted only if they are consistent with a conservation plan approved by the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the Department of Agriculture for the area in which your land is located. If no plan exists, the expenses must be consistent with a plan of a comparable state agency. You cannot deduct the expenses if they were paid or incurred for land used in farming in a foreign country.

Do not deduct expenses you paid or incurred to drain or fill wetlands, to prepare land for center pivot irrigation systems, or to clear land.

Your deduction cannot exceed 25% of your gross income from farming (excluding certain gains from selling assets such as farm machinery and land). If your conservation expenses are more than the limit, the excess can be carried forward and deducted in later tax years. However, the amount deductible for any 1 year cannot exceed the 25% gross income limit for that year.

For details, see Pub. 225.

#### Line 15

Enter amounts paid for custom hire or machine work (the machine operator furnished the equipment).

Do not include amounts paid for rental or lease of equipment that you operated yourself. Instead, report those amounts on line 26a.

#### Line 16

You can deduct depreciation of buildings, improvements, cars and trucks, machinery, and other farm equipment of a permanent nature.

Do not deduct depreciation on your home, furniture or other personal items,

land, livestock you bought or raised for resale, or other property in your inventory.

You can also elect under section 179 to expense a portion of the cost of certain property you bought in 2005 for use in your farming business.

For details, including when you must complete and attach Form 4562, see the instructions for Schedule C, line 13, on page C-4.

#### Line 17

Deduct contributions to employee benefit programs that are not an incidental part of a pension or profit-sharing plan included on line 25. Examples are accident and health plans, group-term life insurance, and dependent care assistance programs. If you made contributions on your behalf as a self-employed person to a dependent care assistance program, complete Form 2441, Parts I and III, to figure your deductible contributions to that program.

Do not include on line 17 any contributions you made on your behalf as a self-employed person to an accident and health plan or for group-term life insurance. You may be able to deduct on Form 1040, line 29, the amount you paid for health insurance on behalf of yourself, your spouse, and dependents even if you do not itemize your deductions. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 29, for details.

#### Line 18

If you use the cash method, you cannot deduct when paid the cost of feed your livestock will consume in a later year unless all of the following apply.

- The payment was for the purchase of feed rather than a deposit.
- The prepayment had a business purpose and was not made merely to avoid tax.
- Deducting the prepayment will not materially distort your income.

If all of the above apply, you can deduct the prepaid feed, which is subject to the overall limit for *Prepaid farm supplies* explained on this page. If all of the above do not apply, you can deduct the prepaid feed only in the year it is consumed.

#### Line 20

Do not include the cost of transportation incurred in purchasing livestock held for resale as freight paid. Instead, add these costs to the cost of the livestock, and deduct them when the livestock is sold.

#### Line 22

Deduct on this line premiums paid for farm business insurance. Deduct on line 17 amounts paid for employee accident and health insurance. Amounts credited to a reserve for self-insurance or premiums paid for a policy that pays for your lost earnings due to sickness or disability are not deductible

#### Lines 23a and 23b

Interest allocation rules. The tax treatment of interest expense differs depending on its type. For example, home mortgage interest and investment interest are treated differently. "Interest allocation" rules require you to allocate (classify) your interest expense so it is deducted on the correct line of your return and receives the right tax treatment. These rules could affect how much interest you are allowed to deduct on Schedule F.

Generally, you allocate interest expense by tracing how the proceeds of the loan are used. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you paid interest on a debt secured by your main home and any of the proceeds from that debt were used in your farming business, see Pub. 535 to figure the amount to include on lines 23a and 23b.

How to report. If you have a mortgage on real property used in your farming business (other than your main home), enter on line 23a the interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions for which you received a Form 1098 (or similar statements). If you did not receive a Form 1098, enter the interest on line 23b.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, include the amount on line 23a. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference and enter "See attached" in the margin next to line 23a.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage and the other person received the Form 1098, include your share of the interest on line 23b. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received the Form 1098. In the margin next to line 23b, enter "See attached."

Do not deduct interest you prepaid in 2005 for later years; include only the part that applies to 2005.

#### Line 24

Enter the amounts you paid for farm labor. Do not include amounts paid to yourself. Reduce your deduction by the amounts claimed on:

- Form 5884, Work Opportunity Credit, line 2;
- Form 5884-A, Hurricane Katrina Employee Retention Credit, line 2;
- Form 8844, Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community Employment Credit, line 2;
- Form 8845, Indian Employment Credit, line 4; and
- Form 8861, Welfare-to-Work Credit, line 2.

Include the cost of boarding farm labor but not the value of any products they used from the farm. Include only what you paid household help to care for farm laborers.



If you provided taxable fringe benefits to your employees, such as personal use of a car, do not include in farm labor the

amounts you depreciated or deducted elsewhere.

#### Line 25

Enter your deduction for contributions to employee pension, profit-sharing, or annuity plans. If the plan included you as a self-employed person, enter contributions made as an employer on your behalf on Form 1040, line 28, not on Schedule F.

Generally, you must file the applicable form listed below if you maintain a pension, profit-sharing, or other funded-deferred compensation plan. The filing requirement is not affected by whether or not the plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code, or whether or not you claim a deduction for the current tax year. There is a penalty for failure to timely file these forms.

**Form 5500.** File this form for a plan that is not a one-participant plan (see below).

**Form 5500-EZ.** File this form for a one-participant plan. A one-participant plan is a plan that only covers you (or you and your spouse).

For details, see Pub. 560.

#### Lines 26a and 26b

If you rented or leased vehicles, machinery, or equipment, enter on line 26a the business portion of your rental cost. But if you leased a vehicle for a term of 30 days or more, you may have to reduce your deduction by an inclusion amount. See *Leasing a Car* in Pub. 463 to figure your inclusion amount.

Enter on line 26b amounts paid to rent or lease other property such as pasture or farmland.

#### Line 27

Enter amounts you paid for repairs and maintenance of farm buildings, machinery, and equipment. You can also include what you paid for tools of short life or minimal cost, such as shovels and rakes.

Do not deduct repairs or maintenance on your home.

#### Line 31

You can deduct the following taxes on this line

- Real estate and personal property taxes on farm business assets.
- Social security and Medicare taxes you paid to match what you are required to withhold from farm employees' wages and any federal unemployment tax paid.
  - Federal highway use tax.

Do not deduct the following taxes on this line.

- Federal income taxes, including your self-employment tax. However, you can deduct one-half of your self-employment tax on Form 1040, line 27.
  - Estate and gift taxes.
- Taxes assessed for improvements, such as paving and sewers.
- Taxes on your home or personal use property.
- State and local sales taxes on property purchased for use in your farming business. Instead, treat these taxes as part of the cost of the property.
- Other taxes not related to your farming business.

#### Line 32

Enter amounts you paid for gas, electricity, water, etc., for business use on the farm. Do not include personal utilities. You cannot deduct the base rate (including taxes) of the first telephone line into your residence, even if you use it for your farming business. But you can deduct expenses you paid for your farming business that are more than the cost of the base rate for the first phone line. For example, if you had a second phone line, you can deduct the business percentage of the charges for that line, including the base rate charges.

#### Lines 34a Through 34f

Include all ordinary and necessary farm expenses not deducted elsewhere on Schedule F, such as advertising, office supplies, etc. Do not include fines or penalties paid to a government for violating any law.

**At-risk loss deduction.** Any loss from this activity that was not allowed as a deduction last year because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to this activity in 2005.

Bad debts. See Pub. 535.

**Business start-up costs.** If your business began in 2005, you can elect to deduct up to \$5,000 for certain business start-up costs. This limit is reduced by the amount by which your start-up costs exceed \$50,000. You can elect to amortize any remaining qualified business start-up costs over 15 years. For details, see Pub. 225. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

**Business use of your home.** You may be able to deduct certain expenses for business use of your home, subject to limitations. Use the worksheet in Pub. 587 to figure your allowable deduction. Do not use Form 8829.

Clean-fuel vehicles and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. You may be able to deduct part of the cost of qualified clean-fuel vehicle property used in your farming business and qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. See Pub. 535.

Forestation and reforestation costs. You can elect to amortize certain forestation and reforestation costs over 84 months. You

can also elect to expense up to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately) of certain forestation and reforestation costs paid or incurred in 2005, for each qualified timber property. The amortization election does not apply to trusts and the expense election does not apply to estates and trusts. For details, see Pub. 225. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

**Legal and professional fees.** You can deduct on this line fees for tax advice related to your farming business and for the preparation of the tax forms related to your farming business.

**Travel, meals, and entertainment.** Generally, you can deduct expenses for farm business travel and 50% of your business meals and entertainment. But there are exceptions and limitations. See the instructions for Schedule C, lines 24a and 24b, that begin on page C-5.

Preproductive period expenses. If you had preproductive period expenses in 2005 and you decided to capitalize them, you must enter the total of these expenses in parentheses on line 34f and enter "263A" in the space to the left of the total. Subtract the amount on line 34f from the total of lines 12 through 34e. Enter the result on line 35.

For details, see *Capitalizing costs of property* on page F-3 and Pub. 225.

#### Line 36

If you have a loss, the amount of loss you can deduct this year may be limited. Go to line 37 before entering your loss on line 36. If you checked the "No" box on Schedule F, line E, also see the Instructions for Form 8582. Enter the net profit or deductible loss here and on Form 1040, line 18, and Schedule SE, line 1. Estates and trusts should enter the net profit or deductible loss here and on Form 1041, line 6. Partnerships should stop here and enter the profit or loss on this line and on Form 1065, line 5 (or Form 1065-B, line 7).

If you have a net profit on line 36, this amount is earned income and may qualify you for the earned income credit if you meet certain conditions. See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, for details.

#### Line 37

At-risk rules. Generally, if you have a loss from a farming activity and amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, you will have to complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss. The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can

claim to the amount you could actually lose in the activity.

Check box 37b if you have amounts for which you are not at risk in this activity, such as the following.

- Nonrecourse loans used to finance the activity, to acquire property used in the activity, or to acquire the activity that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the activity). However, there is an exception for certain nonrecourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property.
- Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the activity (or contributed to the activity, or used to acquire the activity) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).
- Amounts borrowed for use in the activity from a person who has an interest in the activity, other than as a creditor, or who is related under section 465(b)(3) to a person (other than you) having such an interest.

If all amounts are at risk in this business, check box 37a and enter your loss on line 36. But if you checked the "No" box on line E, you may need to complete Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss to enter on line 36. See the Instructions for Form 8582.

If you checked box 37b, see Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible loss and enter that amount on line 36. But if you checked the "No" box on line E, your loss may be further limited. See the Instructions for Form 8582. If your at-risk amount is zero or less, enter -0- on line 36. Be sure to attach Form 6198 to your return. If you checked box 37b and you do not attach Form 6198, the processing of your tax return may be delayed.

Any loss from this activity not allowed for 2005 because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to the activity in 2006.

For details, see Pub. 925 and the Instructions for Form 6198.

# Part III. Farm Income—Accrual Method

If you use an accrual method, report farm income when you earn it, not when you receive it. Generally, you must include animals and crops in your inventory if you use this method. See Pub. 225 for exceptions, inventory methods, how to change methods

of accounting, and for rules that require certain costs to be capitalized or included in inventory.

#### Lines 39a Through 41c

See the instructions for lines 5a through 7c that begin on page F-2.

#### Line 44

See the instructions for line 10 on page F-3.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control numbers 1545–1975 and 1545–1976 and is shown below.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

## 2005 Instructions for Schedule J

# Income Averaging for Farmers and Fishermen

Use Schedule J (Form 1040) to elect to figure your 2005 tax by averaging, over the previous 3 years (base years), all or part of your 2005 taxable income from your trade or business of farming or fishing. This election may give you a lower tax if your 2005 income from farming or fishing is high and your taxable income for one or more of the 3 prior years was low.

This election does not apply when figuring your alternative minimum tax on Form 6251. Also, you do not have to recompute, because of this election, the tax liability of any minor child who was required to use your tax rates in the prior years.

## **General Instructions**

#### **Prior Year Tax Returns**

You may need copies of your original or amended income tax returns for 2002, 2003, and 2004 to figure your tax on Schedule J. If you do not have copies of those returns, you can get them by filing Form 4506. There is a \$39 fee for each return requested. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a Presidentially declared disaster area, the fee will be waived. If you want a free transcript of your tax return, use Form 4506-T. See your Form 1040 instruction booklet to find out how to get these forms. Keep a copy of your 2005 income tax return for use in 2006, 2007, or 2008.

#### **Definitions**

**Farming business.** A farming business is the trade or business of cultivating land or raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity. This includes:

- 1. Operating a nursery or sod farm;
- 2. Raising or harvesting of trees bearing fruits, nuts, or other crops;
- 3. Raising ornamental trees (but not evergreen trees that are more than 6 years old when severed from the roots);
- 4. Raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and managing animals; and
- 5. Leasing land to a tenant engaged in a farming business, but only if the lease payments are (a) based on a share of the tenant's production (not a fixed amount), and (b) determined under a written agreement entered into before the tenant begins significant activities on the land.

A farming business does not include:

- Contract harvesting of an agricultural or horticultural commodity grown or raised by someone else, or
- Merely buying or reselling plants or animals grown or raised by someone else.

**Fishing business.** A fishing business is the trade or business of fishing in which the fish harvested, either in whole or in part, are intended to enter commerce or enter commerce through sale, barter, or trade. This includes:

- 1. The catching, taking, or harvesting of fish;
- 2. The attempted catching, taking, or harvesting of fish;
- 3. Any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish; or
- 4. Any operations at sea in support of, or in preparation for, any activity described in (1) through (3) above.

The word fish means finfish, mollusks, crustaceans, and all other forms of marine animal and plant life other than marine mammals and birds.

A fishing business does not include any scientific research activity which is conducted by a scientific research vessel.

#### Additional Information

See Regulations section 1.1301-1 for more details.

#### **Specific Instructions**

#### Line 2

#### **Elected Farm Income**

To figure elected farm income, first figure your taxable income from farming or fishing. This includes all income, gains, losses, and deductions attributable to any farming or fishing business. However, it does not include gain from the sale or other disposition of land.

Your elected farm income is the amount of your taxable income from farming or fishing that you elect to include on line 2. You do not have to include all of your taxable income from farming or fishing on line

2. It may be to your advantage to include less than the full amount, depending on how the amount you include on line 2 affects your tax bracket for the current and prior 3 tax years.

Your elected farm income cannot exceed your taxable income. Also, the portion of your elected farm income treated as a net capital gain cannot exceed the smaller of your total net capital gain or your net capital gain attributable to your farming or fishing business. If your elected farm income includes net capital gain, you must allocate an equal portion of the net capital gain to each of the base years. If, for any base year, you had a capital loss that resulted in a capital loss carryover to the next tax year, do not reduce the elected farm income allocated to that base year by any part of the carryover.



Generally, income, gains, losses, and deductions from farming or fishing are reported

- Form 1040, line 7, to the extent of wages and other compensation you received as a shareholder in an S corporation engaged in a farming or fishing business;
- Schedule C or C-EZ;
- Schedule D;
- Schedule E, Part II;
- Schedule F;
- Form 4797; and
- Form 4835.

#### Line 4

Figure the tax on the amount on line 3 using the 2005 Tax Table, Tax Computation Worksheet, or Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet from the 2005 Instructions for Form 1040, or the Schedule D Tax Worksheet in the 2005 Instructions for Schedule D. Enter the tax on line 4.

If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 (that is, you entered the amount from that Schedule J, line 22, on Form 1040, line 43, or on Form 1040X), enter on line 5 the amount from your 2004 Schedule J, line 11. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2003 but not 2004, enter on line 5 the amount from your 2003 Schedule J, line 15. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2002 but not 2003 nor 2004, enter on line 5 the amount from your 2003 Schedule J, line 3.

If you figured your tax for 2002, 2003, and 2004 without using Schedule J, enter on line 5 the taxable income from your 2002 tax return (or as previously adjusted by the IRS, an amended return, etc.). But if that amount is zero or less, complete the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 5.

If you filed your 2002 tax return using TeleFile, enter the taxable income from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you did not file a tax return for 2002, use the amount you would have reported as your taxable income had you been required to file a tax return. Be sure to keep all your records for 2002 for at least 3 years after April 17, 2006 (or the date you file your 2005 tax return, if later).

## Instructions for 2002 Taxable Income Worksheet

**Line 2.** Any net capital loss deduction on your 2002 Schedule D, line 18, is not al-

lowed for income averaging purposes to the extent it did not reduce your capital loss carryover to 2003. This could happen if the taxable income before subtracting exemptions shown on your 2002 Form 1040, line 39 (or as previously adjusted), was less than zero. Enter the amount by which your 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003 (the sum of your short- and long-term capital loss carryovers) exceeds the excess of the loss on your 2002 Schedule D, line 17, over the loss on your 2002 Schedule D, line 18. If you had any net operating loss (NOL) carrybacks to 2002, be sure you refigured your 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003.

Line 3. If you had an NOL for 2002, enter the amount of that NOL as figured on the 2002 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 27, you filed with Form 1045 or Form 1040X. If you did not have an NOL for 2002, enter the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2002 that were not used in 2002 and were carried to years after 2002

**Example.** John Farmington did not use income averaging for 2002, 2003, nor 2004. For 2005, John has \$18,000 of elected farm income on line 2. The taxable income before subtracting exemptions on his 2002 Form 1040, line 39, is \$4,000. A deduction for exemptions of \$3,000 is shown on line 40, and line 41, taxable income, is \$1,000. However, John had a \$22,200 NOL in 2003, \$9,000 of which was remaining to carry to 2002 after the NOL was carried back to 2001. To complete line 1 of the

worksheet, John combines the \$9,000 NOL deduction with the \$1,000 from his 2002 Form 1040, line 41. The result is a negative \$8,000, John's 2002 taxable income, which he enters as a positive amount on line 1 of the 2002 worksheet.

When John filed his 2002 tax return, he had a \$3,000 net capital loss deduction on Schedule D, line 18 (which was also entered on Form 1040, line 13), a \$7,000 loss on Schedule D, line 17, and a \$4,000 capital loss carryover to 2003. However, when John carried back the 2003 NOL to 2002, he refigured his 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003 as \$7,000. John adds the \$3,000 from Schedule D, line 18, and the \$7,000 carryover. He subtracts from the result the \$7,000 loss on his Schedule D, line 17, and enters \$3,000 on line 2 of the worksheet.

John had \$1,000 of taxable income in 2002 that reduced the 2003 NOL carryback. The \$3,000 of exemptions and \$3,000 net capital loss deduction also reduced the amount of the 2003 NOL carryback. Therefore, only \$2,000 was available to carry to 2004 and later years, as shown on his 2003 Form 1045, Schedule B, line 9. John enters the \$2,000 on line 3 of the worksheet, and \$5,000 on line 4. He then subtracts the \$5,000 from the \$8,000 on line 1 and enters the result, \$3,000, on line 5 of the worksheet. He enters a negative \$3,000 on Schedule J, line 5. He combines that amount with the \$6,000 on Schedule J, line 6, and enters \$3,000 on Schedule J, line 7.

#### 2002 Taxable Income Worksheet—Line 5

Keep for Your Records



	Complete this worksheet if you did not use Schedule J to figure your tax for both 2003 and 2004 <b>and</b> your 2002 taxable income was zero or less. See the instructions above before completing this worksheet.						
zero. If you had an	income from your 2002 tax return (or as previously adjusted) with NOL for 2002, <b>do not</b> include any NOL carryovers or carrybacks tive amount	to 2002. Enter	1.				
2. If there is a loss on amount) and your 2	your 2002 Schedule D, line 18, add that loss (as a positive 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003. Subtract from that sum the on your 2002 Schedule D, line 17, and enter the result						
positive amount the	for 2002, enter it as a positive amount. Otherwise, enter as a e portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2002 in 2002 and were carried to years after 2002	3.					
<b>4.</b> Add lines 2 and 3			4.				
	n line 1. Enter the result as a negative amount on Schedule J, line		5.				
	-						

#### 2002 Tax Rate Schedules—Line 8

Schedule X—	Use if your <b>20</b> 0	02 filing status was	Single		Schedule Y-2—Use if your 2002 filing status was  Married filing separately				
If Schedule J, line 7, is:  Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 7, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—
\$0 6,000 27,950 67,700 141,250 307,050	\$6,000 27,950 67,700 141,250 307,050	\$600.00 + 3,892.50 + 14,625.00 + 36,690.00 + 94,720.00 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 6,000 27,950 67,700 141,250 307,050	\$0 6,000 23,350 56,425 85,975 153,525	\$6,000 23,350 56,425 85,975 153,525	\$600.00 + 3,202.50 + 12,132.75 + 20,997.75 + 44,640.25 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 6,000 23,350 56,425 85,975 153,525
Schedule Y-1—Use if your 2002 filing status was Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)					Schedule Z—Use if your 2002 filing status was Head of household				
If Schedule J, line 7, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 7, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—
\$0 12,000 46,700 112,850 171,950 307,050	\$12,000 46,700 112,850 171,950 307,050	\$1,200.00 + 6,405.00 + 24,265.50 + 41,995.50 + 89,280.50 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 12,000 46,700 112,850 171,950 307,050	\$0 10,000 37,450 96,700 156,600 307,050	\$10,000 37,450 96,700 156,600 307,050	\$1,000.00 + 5,117.50 + 21,115.00 + 39,085.00 + 91,742.50 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 10,000 37,450 96,700 156,600 307,050

#### Line 8

If line 7 is zero, enter -0- on line 8. Otherwise, figure the tax on the amount on line 7 using:

• The 2002 Tax Rate Schedules above,

- The 2002 Capital Gain Tax Worksheet below, or
- The Schedule D you filed for 2002 (but use the 2002 Tax Rate Schedules above instead of the 2002 Tax Table when figuring the tax on Schedule D, lines 25 and

39, or on the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, lines 15 and 36).

#### 2002 Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 8

Keep for Your Records



Use this worksheet only if you entered capital gain distributions directly on line 13 of your 2002 Form 1040 (or line 10 of your 2002 Form 1040A) and checked the box on that line and elected farm income included on Schedule J, lines 5 and 6, does not include any

net cap	pital gain.	
2. 3. 4.	Amount from Schedule J, line 7	4
6. 7. 8.	<ul> <li>The amount on line 1 above or</li> <li>\$27,950 if single for 2002; \$46,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$23,350 if married filing separately; or \$37,450 if head of household.</li> <li>Enter the amount from line 3</li> <li>Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 9</li> <li>Multiply line 7 by 10% (.10)</li> </ul>	8
10. 11. 12. 13.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2	12 13 14 15.

If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 (that is, you entered the amount from that Schedule J, line 22, on Form 1040, line 43, or on Form 1040X), enter on line 9 the amount from your 2004 Schedule J, line 15. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2003 but not 2004, enter on line 9 the amount from your 2003 Schedule J, line 3.

If you figured your tax for both 2003 and 2004 without using Schedule J, enter on line 9 the taxable income from your 2003 tax return (or as previously adjusted by the IRS, an amended return, etc.). But if that amount is zero or less, complete the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 9.

If you filed your 2003 tax return using TeleFile, enter the taxable income from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you did not file a tax return for 2003, use the amount you would have reported as your taxable income had you been required to file a tax return. Be sure to keep all your records for 2003 until at least 3 years after April 17, 2006 (or the date you file your 2005 tax return, if later).

#### Instructions for 2003 Taxable **Income Worksheet**

Line 2. Any net capital loss deduction on your 2003 Schedule D, line 18, is not allowed for income averaging purposes to the

extent it did not reduce your capital loss carryover to 2004. This could happen if the taxable income before subtracting exemptions shown on your 2003 Form 1040, line 38 (or as previously adjusted), was less than zero. Enter the amount by which your 2003 capital loss carryover to 2004 (the sum of your short- and long-term capital loss carryovers) exceeds the excess of the loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 17a, over the loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 18. If you had any NOL carrybacks to 2003, be sure you refigured your 2003 capital loss carryover to 2004.

Line 3. If you had an NOL for 2003, enter the amount of that NOL as figured on the 2003 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 27, you filed with Form 1045 or Form 1040X. If you did not have an NOL for 2003, enter the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2003 that were not used in 2003 and were carried to years after

Example. John Farmington did not use income averaging for 2002, 2003, nor 2004. The taxable income before subtracting exemptions on his 2003 Form 1040, line 38, is a negative \$29,950. A deduction for exemptions of \$3,050 is shown on line 39, and line 40, taxable income, is limited to zero. John subtracts from the \$29,950 loss the \$3,050 deduction for exemptions. The result is a negative \$33,000, John's 2003 taxable income, which he enters as a positive amount on line 1 of the 2003 worksheet.

When John filed his 2003 tax return, he had a \$3,000 net capital loss deduction on Schedule D, line 18 (which was also entered on Form 1040, line 13a), and a \$7,000 loss on Schedule D, line 17a (as adjusted). He also had a \$7,000 capital loss carryover to 2004. John adds the \$3,000 from Schedule D, line 18, and the \$7,000 carryover. He subtracts from the result the \$7,000 loss on his Schedule D, line 17a, and enters \$3,000 on line 2 of the worksheet.

John enters \$22,200 on line 3 of the worksheet, the 2003 NOL from his 2003 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 27. Of the \$33,000 negative taxable income, the \$3,050 deduction for exemptions, the \$3,000 capital loss deduction, and his \$4,750 standard deduction were not allowed in figuring the NOL. John had a \$22,200 loss on his 2003 Schedule F, the only other item on his 2003 tax return.

John enters \$25,200 on line 4 and \$7,800 on line 5. He enters \$7,800 as a negative amount on Schedule J, line 9. He enters \$6,000 on Schedule J, line 10, and a negative \$1,800 on Schedule J, line 11. If he uses Schedule J to figure his tax for 2006, he will enter the negative \$1,800 amount on his 2006 Schedule J as his 2003 taxable income for income averaging pur-

#### 2003 Taxable Income Worksheet—Line 9

Keep for Your Records



	Complete this worksheet if you did not use Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 <b>and</b> your 2003 taxable income was zero or less. See the instructions above before completing this worksheet.							
1.	Figure the taxable income from your 2003 tax return (or as previously adjusted) we zero. If you had an NOL for 2003, <b>do not</b> include any NOL carryovers or carrybac the result as a positive amount	eks to	2003. Enter	1.				
2.	If there is a loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 18, add that loss (as a positive amount) and your 2003 capital loss carryover to 2004. Subtract from that sum the amount of the loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 17a, and enter the result	2.						
3.	If you had an NOL for 2003, enter it as a positive amount. Otherwise, enter as a positive amount the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2003 that were not used in 2003 and were carried to years after 2003	3.						
	Add lines 2 and 3				-			
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1. Enter the result as a negative amount on Schedule J, lin	ne 9		5				

If line 11 is zero or less, enter -0- on line 12. Otherwise, figure the tax on the amount on line 11 using:

• The 2003 Tax Rate Schedules below,

- The 2003 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page J-6, or
- The Schedule D you filed for 2003 (but use the 2003 Tax Rate Schedules below instead of the 2003 Tax Table when

figuring the tax on Schedule D, lines 50 and 52, or on the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, lines 48 and 50).

#### 2003 Tax Rate Schedules—Line 12

Schedule X—Use if your 2003 filing status was Single					Schedule Y-2—Use if your 2003 filing status was Married filing separately					
If Schedule J, line 11, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 12	,	of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 11, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J line 12	,	of the amount over—	
\$0 7,000 28,400 68,800 143,500 311,950	\$7,000 28,400 68,800 143,500 311,950	28,400 \$700.00 + 68,800 3,910.00 + 143,500 14,010.00 + 311,950 34,926.00 +		\$0 7,000 28,400 68,800 143,500 311,950	\$0 7,000 28,400 57,325 87,350 155,975	\$7,000 28,400 57,325 87,350 155,975			\$0 7,000 28,400 57,325 87,350 155,975	
Schedule Y-1	•	2003 filing status y or Qualifying w				Use if your <b>2003</b> household	filing status was I	Head of		
If Schedule J, Enter on of the line 11, is: But not Schedule J, amount Over— over— line 12 over—		If Schedule J, line 11, is: Over—	ne 11, is: But not Schedule J,		of the amount over—					
\$0 14,000 56,800 114,650 174,700 311,950	\$14,000 56,800 114,650 174,700 311,950	\$1,400.00 + 7,820.00 + 22,282.50 + 39,096.50 + 84,389.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 14,000 56,800 114,650 174,700 311,950	\$0 10,000 38,050 98,250 159,100 311,950	\$10,000 38,050 98,250 159,100 311,950	\$1,000.00 + 5,207.50 + 20,257.50 + 37,295.50 + 87,736.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 10,000 38,050 98,250 159,100 311,950	

If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 (that is, you entered the amount from that Schedule J, line 22, on Form 1040, line 43, or on Form 1040X), enter on line 13 the amount from that Schedule J, line 3.

If you did not use Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004, enter on line 13 the taxable income from your 2004 tax return (or as previously adjusted by the IRS, an amended return, etc.). But if that amount is zero or less, complete the worksheet on page J-7 to figure the amount to enter on line 13.

If you filed your 2004 tax return using TeleFile, enter the taxable income from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you did not file a tax return for 2004, use the amount you would have reported as your taxable income had you been required to file a tax return. Be sure to keep all your records for 2004 until at least 3 years after April 17,

2006 (or the date you file your 2005 tax return, if later).

## Instructions for 2004 Taxable Income Worksheet

Line 2. Any net capital loss deduction on your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, is not allowed for income averaging purposes to the extent it did not reduce your capital loss carryover to 2005. This could happen if the taxable income before subtracting exemptions shown on your 2004 Form 1040, line 40 (or as previously adjusted), was less than zero. Enter the amount by which your 2004 capital loss carryover to 2005 (the sum of your short- and long-term capital loss carryovers) exceeds the excess of the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 16, over the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 21.

Line 3. If you had an NOL for 2004, enter the amount of that NOL as figured on the 2004 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 24, you filed with Form 1045 or Form 1040X. If

you did not have an NOL for 2004, enter the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2004 that were not used in 2004 and were carried to years after 2004

Example. John Farmington did not use income averaging for 2002, 2003, nor 2004. The taxable income before subtracting exemptions on his 2004 Form 1040, line 40, is a negative \$1,000. This amount includes an NOL deduction (NOLD) on his 2004 Form 1040, line 21, of \$2,000. The \$2,000 is the portion of the 2003 NOL that was remaining from 2002 to be carried to 2004. See the examples on pages J-2 and J-4. A deduction for exemptions of \$3,100 is shown on Form 1040, line 41, and line 42, taxable income, is limited to zero. John does not have an NOL for 2004. John subtracts from the \$1,000 negative amount on Form 1040, line 40, the \$3,100 deduction for exemptions. The result is a negative \$4,100, John's 2004 taxable income, which

#### 2003 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 12

Keep for Your Records



dist	e this worksheet <b>only</b> if: You entered <b>(a)</b> qualified dividends on your 2003 Form 1040, line 9b (or your 2003 Form 1040A, line 9b) or <b>(b)</b> capital gain ributions directly on your 2003 Form 1040, line 13a (or your 2003 Form 1040A, line 10a) and checked the box on that line, <b>and</b> Your elected farm income on Schedule J, lines 9 and 10, does not include any net capital gain.
	Amount from Schedule J, line 11
4.	and 13a (or Form 1040A, lines 9b and 10a)
3.	Amount, if any, from your 2003 Form 4952, line 4g 3.
4.	Subtract line 3 from 2. If zero or less, enter -0
5.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of:
	• The amount on line 1 above or
	• \$56,800 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) for 2003,
	\$28,400 if single or married filing separately, or
,	\$38,050 if head of household.
0.	Subtract line 4 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0- Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 13
	Enter the total of the amounts from your 2003 Form 1040, lines
0.	9b and 13b (or Form 1040A, lines 9b and 10b) <b>8.</b>
9.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 7 or 8
	Multiply line 8 by 5% (.05)
	Subtract line 9 from line 7. If zero, go to line 13
12.	Multiply line 11 by 10% (.10)
13.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 1 or line 4
	Enter the amount from line 7
	Subtract line 14 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 23
16.	Enter the total of the amounts from your 2003 Form 1040, lines
	9b and 13b (or Form 1040A, lines 9b and 10b)
17.	Enter the amount from line 9 (if line 9 is blank, enter -0-) 17.
	Subtract line 17 from line 16
	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 15 or line 18
	Subtract line 19 from line 15. If zero, go to line 23
	Multiply line 21 by 20% (.20)
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 6. Use the 2003 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-5
	Add lines 10, 12, 20, 22, and 23
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the 2003 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-5
26.	Tax. Enter the smaller of line 24 or line 25 here and on Schedule J, line 12

o for	Your Records	
		_

Complete this worksheet if your 2004 taxable income is zero or less. See the instructions that begin on page J-6 before completing this worksheet.					
1.	1. Figure the taxable income from your 2004 tax return (or as previously adjusted) without limiting it to zero. If you had an NOL for 2004, <b>do not</b> include any NOL carryovers or carrybacks to 2004. Enter the result as a positive amount				
2.	If there is a loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, add that loss (as a positive amount) and your 2004 capital loss carryover to 2005. Subtract from that sum the amount of the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 16, and enter the result	2.			
3.	If you had an NOL for 2004, enter it as a positive amount. Otherwise, enter as a positive amount the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2004 that were not used in 2004 and were carried to years after 2004	3.			
	Add lines 2 and 3			4.	
5.	Subtract fine 4 from fine 1. Enter the result as a negative amount on Schedule J, fin	E 13		5.	

he enters as a positive amount on line 1 of the 2004 worksheet.

When John filed his 2004 tax return, he had a \$3,000 net capital loss deduction on Schedule D, line 21 (which was also entered on Form 1040, line 13), a \$7,000 loss on Schedule D, line 16, and a \$5,000 capital loss carryover to 2005 (his 2004 capital loss carryover to 2005 was \$5,000, not \$4,000, because the amount on his Form 1040, line 40, was a negative \$1,000). John adds the \$3,000 from Schedule D, line 21, and the \$5,000 carryover. He subtracts from the result the \$7,000 loss on his Schedule D, line 16, and enters \$1,000 on line 2 of the worksheet.

John enters -0- on line 3 of the worksheet because he does not have an NOL for

2004 and did not have an NOL carryover from 2004 available to carry to 2005 and later years. The NOLD for 2004 of \$2,000 was reduced to zero because it did not exceed his modified taxable income of \$4,000. Modified taxable income is figured by adding back the \$3,000 net capital loss deduction and the \$3,100 of exemptions to negative taxable income (figured without regard to the NOLD) of \$2,100. John enters \$1,000 on line 4 and \$3,100 on line 5. He enters \$3,100 as a negative amount on Schedule J, line 13. He enters \$6,000 on Schedule J, line 14, and \$2,900 on Schedule J, line 15. If he uses Schedule J to figure his tax for 2006, he will enter \$2,900 on his 2006 Schedule J as his 2004 taxable income for income averaging purposes.

#### Line 16

If line 15 is zero or less, enter -0- on line 16. Otherwise, figure the tax on the amount on line 15 using:

- The 2004 Tax Rate Schedules below,
- The 2004 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page J-8,
- The 2004 Schedule D Tax Worksheet (but use the 2004 Tax Rate Schedules below instead of the 2004 Tax Table when figuring the tax on the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, lines 34 and 36).

#### 2004 Tax Rate Schedules—Line 16

Schedule X—	-Use if your 20	004 filing status w	as <b>Single</b>		Schedule Y-2-	—Use if your 200 Married filing	04 filing status wa separately	s	
If Schedule J, line 15, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 16		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 15, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J line 16	,	of the amount over—
\$0 7,150 29,050 70,350 146,750 319,100	\$7,150 29,050 70,350 146,750 319,100	\$715.00 + 4,000.00 + 14,325.00 + 35,717.00 + 92,592.50 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 7,150 29,050 70,350 146,750 319,100	\$0 7,150 29,050 58,625 89,325 159,550	\$7,150 29,050 58,625 89,325 159,550	\$715.00 + 4,000.00 + 11,393.75 + 19,989.75 + 43,164.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 7,150 29,050 58,625 89,325 159,550
Schedule Y-1—Use if your 2004 filing status was Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)			Schedule Z—Use if your 2004 filing status was Head of household						
If Schedule J, line 15, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 16		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 15, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J line 16	,	of the amount over—
\$0 14,300 58,100 117,250 178,650 319,100	\$14,300 58,100 117,250 178,650 319,100	\$1,430.00 + 8,000.00 + 22,787.50 + 39,979.50 + 86,328.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 14,300 58,100 117,250 178,650 319,100	\$0 10,200 38,900 100,500 162,700 319,100	\$10,200 38,900 100,500 162,700 319,100	\$1,020.00 + 5,325.00 + 20,725.00 + 38,141.00 + 89,753.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 10,200 38,900 100,500 162,700 319,100

### Lines 18, 19, and 20

If you filed your 2002, 2003, or 2004 tax return using TeleFile, enter your tax from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you

amended your return or the IRS made changes to it, enter the corrected amount.

#### 2004 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 16

Keep for Your Records

	Use this worksheet <b>only</b> if both of the following apply.  • Your elected farm income on Schedule J, line 2, does not include any net capital gain.					
	<ul> <li>You (a) entered qualified dividends on your 2004 Form 1040, line 9b (or your 2004 Form 1040A, line 9b), (b) entered</li> </ul>					
capi	capital gain distributions directly on your 2004 Form 1040, line 13 (or your 2004 Form 1040A, line 10) and checked the box					
on t	hat line, or (c) filed Schedule D in 2004 and you answered "Yes" on lines 17 and 20 of that Schedule D.					
	Amount from Schedule J, line 15					
2.	Amount from Form 1040, line 9b (or Form 1040A, line 9b)					
3	9b)					
	Yes. Enter the smaller of line 15 or 16 of your					
	2004 Schedule D, but do not enter less than					
	No. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 13					
	(or Form 1040A, line 10)					
4.	Add lines 2 and 3 4.					
5.	Amount, if any, from your 2004 Form 4952, line 4g <b>5.</b>					
	Subtract line 5 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 <b>6.</b>					
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0					
8.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of:					
	<ul> <li>The amount on line 1, or</li> <li>\$29,050 if single or married filing separately for 2004,</li> <li>8.</li> </ul>					
	\$529,050 if single or married filing separately for 2004, \$58,100 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er),					
	\$38,900 if head of household.					
9.	Is the amount on line 7 equal to or more than the amount on line 8?					
	Yes. Skip lines 9 through 11; go to line 12 and check the "No" box.					
	No. Enter the amount from line 7					
	Subtract line 9 from line 8					
	Multiply line 10 by 5% (.05)					
12.	Are the amounts on lines 6 and 10 the same?  Yes. Skip lines 12 through 15; go to line 16.					
	No. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 6					
13.	Enter the amount from line 10 (if line 10 is blank, enter -0-)					
14.	Subtract line 13 from line 12					
15.	Multiply line 14 by 15% (.15)					
16.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 7. Use the 2004 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-716.					
	Add lines 11, 15, and 16					
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the 2004 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-7					
19.	Tax. Enter the smaller of line 17 or line 18 here and on Schedule J, line 16					

# 2005 Instructions for Schedule SE (Form 1040)

# Self-Employment Tax

Use Schedule SE (Form 1040) to figure the tax due on net earnings from self-employment. The Social Security Administration uses the information from Schedule SE to figure your benefits under the social security program. This tax applies no matter how old you are and even if you are already getting social security or Medicare benefits.

Additional information. See Pub. 225 or Pub. 334.

#### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

#### What's New

For 2005, the maximum amount of self-employment income subject to social security tax is \$90,000.

#### Who Must File Schedule SE

You must file Schedule SE if:

- Your net earnings from self-employment (see page SE-2) from other than church employee income were \$400 or more, or
- You had church employee income of \$108.28 or more—see *Employees of Churches and Church Organizations* below.

# Who Must Pay Self-Employment (SE) Tax?

#### **Self-Employed Persons**

You must pay SE tax if you had net earnings of \$400 or more as a self-employed person. If you are in business for yourself or you are a farmer, you are self-employed.

You must also pay SE tax on your share of certain partnership income and your guaranteed payments. See *Partnership Income or Loss* on page SE-2.

# **Employees of Churches and Church Organizations**

If you had church employee income of \$108.28 or more, you must pay SE tax. Church employee income is wages you received as an employee (other than as a minister or member of a religious order) of a church or qualified church-controlled organization that has a certificate in effect electing an exemption from employer social security and Medicare taxes.

# Ministers and Members of Religious Orders

In most cases, you must pay SE tax on salaries and other income for services you performed as a minister, a member of a religious order who has not taken a vow of poverty, or a Christian Science practitioner.

But if you filed Form 4361 and received IRS approval, you will be exempt from paying SE tax on those net earnings. If you had no other income subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt—Form 4361" on Form 1040, line 58. However, if you had other earnings of \$400 or more subject to SE tax, see line A at the top of Long Schedule SE.



If you have ever filed Form 2031 to elect social security coverage on your earnings as a minister, you cannot revoke

that election.

If you must pay SE tax, include this income on either Short or Long Schedule SE, line 2. But do not report it on Long Schedule SE, line 5a; it is not considered church employee income. Also, include on line 2:

- The rental value of a home or an allowance for a home furnished to you (including payments for utilities), and
- The value of meals and lodging provided to you, your spouse, and your dependents for your employer's convenience.

However, do not include on line 2:

- Retirement benefits you received from a church plan after retirement, or
- The rental value of a home or an allowance for a home furnished to you (including payments for utilities) after retirement.

If you were a duly ordained minister who was an employee of a church and you must pay SE tax, the unreimbursed business expenses that you incurred as a church employee are allowed only as an itemized deduction for income tax purposes. Subtract the allowable amount from your SE earnings when figuring your SE tax.

If you were a U.S. citizen or resident alien serving outside the United States as a minister or member of a religious order and you must pay SE tax, you cannot reduce your net earnings by the foreign housing exclusion or deduction.

See Pub. 517 for details.

# Members of Certain Religious Sects

If you have conscientious objections to social security insurance because of your membership in and belief in the teachings of a religious sect recognized as being in existence at all times since December 31, 1950, and which has provided a reasonable level of living for its dependent members, you are exempt from SE tax if you received IRS approval by filing Form 4029. In this case, do not file Schedule SE. Instead, enter "Exempt—Form 4029" on Form 1040, line 58. See Pub. 517 for details.

# U.S. Citizens Employed by Foreign Governments or International Organizations

You must pay SE tax on income you earned as a U.S. citizen employed by a foreign government (or, in certain cases, by a wholly owned instrumentality of a foreign government or an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act) for services performed in the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), or the Virgin Islands. Report income from this employment on either Short or Long Schedule SE, line 2. If you performed services elsewhere as an employee of a foreign government or an international organization, those earnings are exempt from SE

# U.S. Citizens or Resident Aliens Living Outside the United States

If you are a self-employed U.S. citizen or resident alien living outside the United States, in most cases you must pay SE tax. You cannot reduce your foreign earnings from self-employment by your foreign earned income exclusion.

**Exception.** The United States has social security agreements with many countries to eliminate dual taxes under two social security systems. Under these agreements, you must generally pay social security and Medicare taxes to only the country you live in.

The United States now has social security agreements with the following countries: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom. Additional agreements

are expected in the future. If you have questions about international social security agreements, you can:

- Visit the Social Security Administration (SSA) website at www.socialsecurity. gov/international,
- Call the SSA Office of International Programs at (410) 965-4538 or (410) 965-0377 (long-distance charges may apply), or
- Write to Social Security Administration, Office of International Programs, P.O. Box 17741, Baltimore, MD 21235-7741.

If your self-employment income is exempt from SE tax, you should get a statement from the appropriate agency of the foreign country verifying that your self-employment income is subject to social security coverage in that country. If the foreign country will not issue the statement, contact the SSA at the address shown above. Do not complete Schedule SE. Instead, attach a copy of the statement to Form 1040 and enter "Exempt, see attached statement" on Form 1040, line 58.

#### **More Than One Business**

If you had two or more businesses, your net earnings from self-employment are the combined net earnings from all of your businesses. If you had a loss in one business, it reduces the income from another. Figure the combined SE tax on one Schedule SE.

#### **Joint Returns**

Show the name of the spouse with SE income on Schedule SE. If both spouses have SE income, each must file a separate Schedule SE. However, if one spouse qualifies to use Short Schedule SE (front of form) and the other must use Long Schedule SE (back of form), both can use the same form. One spouse should complete the front and the other the back.

Include the total profits or losses from all businesses on Form 1040, as appropriate. Enter the combined SE tax on Form 1040, line 58.

#### **Community Income**

In most cases, if any of the income from a business (including farming) is community income, all of the income from that business is SE earnings of the spouse who carried on the business. The facts in each case will determine which spouse carried on the business. If you and your spouse are partners in a partnership, see *Partnership Income or Loss* on this page.

If you and your spouse had community income and file separate returns, attach Schedule SE to the return of the spouse with the SE income. Also, attach Schedule(s) C, C-EZ, or F to the return of each spouse.

If you are the spouse who carried on the business, you must include on Schedule SE, line 3, the net profit or (loss) reported

on the other spouse's Schedule C, C-EZ, or F (except income not included in net earnings from self-employment as explained on page SE-3). Enter on the dotted line to the left of Schedule SE, line 3, "Community Income Taxed to Spouse" and the amount of any net profit or (loss) allocated to your spouse as community income. Combine that amount with the total of lines 1 and 2 and enter the result on line 3.

If you are not the spouse who carried on the business and you had no other income subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt Community Income" on Form 1040, line 58; do not file Schedule SE. However, if you had other earnings subject to SE tax of \$400 or more, enter on the dotted line to the left of Schedule SE, line 3, "Exempt Community Income" and the amount of net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, C-EZ, or F allocated to you as community income. If that amount is a net profit, subtract it from the total of lines 1 and 2, and enter the result on line 3. If that amount is a loss, treat it as a positive amount, add it to the total of lines 1 and 2, and enter the result on line 3.



Community income included on Schedule(s) C, C-EZ, or F must be divided for income tax purposes based on the commu-

nity property laws of your state.

#### **Fiscal Year Filers**

If your tax year is a fiscal year, use the tax rate and earnings base that apply at the time the fiscal year begins. Do not prorate the tax or earnings base for a fiscal year that overlaps the date of a rate or earnings base change.

#### **Specific Instructions**

Read the chart on page 1 of Schedule SE to see if you can use Section A, Short Schedule SE, or if you must use Section B, Long Schedule SE. For either section, you need to know what to include as net earnings from self-employment. Read the following instructions to see what to include as net earnings and how to fill in either Short or Long Schedule SE, lines 1 and 2. Enter all negative amounts in parentheses.

# Net Earnings From Self-Employment

#### What Is Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment?

In most cases, net earnings include your net profit from a farm or nonfarm business. If you were a partner in a partnership, see the following instructions.

#### **Partnership Income or Loss**

If you were a general or limited partner in a partnership, include on line 1 or line 2, whichever applies, the amount of net earnings from self-employment from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, with code A, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9. General partners should reduce this amount before entering it on Schedule SE by any section 179 expense deduction claimed, unreimbursed partnership expenses claimed, and depletion claimed on oil and gas properties. If you reduce the amount you enter on Schedule SE, attach an explanation.

If a partner died and the partnership continued, include in SE income the deceased's distributive share of the partnership's ordinary income or loss through the end of the month in which he or she died. See section 1402(f).

If you were married and both you and your spouse were partners in a partnership, each of you must pay SE tax on your own share of the partnership income. Each of you must file a Schedule SE and report the partnership income or loss on Schedule E (Form 1040), Part II, for income tax purposes.

SE income belongs to the person who is the member of the partnership and cannot be treated as SE income by the nonmember spouse even in community property states.

#### **Share Farming**

You are considered self-employed if you produced crops or livestock on someone else's land for a share of the crops or livestock produced (or a share of the proceeds from the sale of them). This applies even if you paid another person (an agent) to do the actual work or management for you. Report your net earnings for income tax purposes on Schedule F (Form 1040) and for SE tax purposes on Schedule SE. See Pub. 225 for details.

# Other Income and Losses Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment

- 1. Rental income from a farm if, as landlord, you materially participated in the production or management of the production of farm products on this land. This income is farm earnings. To determine whether you materially participated in farm management or production, do not consider the activities of any agent who acted for you. The material participation tests are explained in Pub. 225
- 2. Cash or a payment-in-kind from the Department of Agriculture for participating in a land diversion program.
- 3. Payments for the use of rooms or other space when you also provided substantial services. Examples are hotel rooms, boarding houses, tourist camps or

homes, parking lots, warehouses, and storage garages.

- 4. Income from the retail sale of newspapers and magazines if you were age 18 or older and kept the profits.
- 5. Amounts received by current or former self-employed insurance agents and salespersons that are:
- a. Paid after retirement but figured as a percentage of commissions received from the paying company before retirement,
  - b. Renewal commissions, or
- c. Deferred commissions paid after retirement for sales made before retirement.

However, certain termination payments received by former insurance salespersons are not included in net earnings from self-employment (as explained in item 9 under *Income and Losses Not Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment* on this page).

- 6. Income of certain crew members of fishing vessels with crews of normally fewer than 10 people. See Pub. 334 for details.
- 7. Fees as a state or local government employee if you were paid only on a fee basis and the job was not covered under a federal-state social security coverage agreement.
- 8. Interest received in the course of any trade or business, such as interest on notes or accounts receivable.
- 9. Fees and other payments received by you for services as a director of a corporation
- 10. Recapture amounts under sections 179 and 280F that you included in gross income because the business use of the property dropped to 50% or less. Do not include amounts you recaptured on the disposition of property. See Form 4797.
- 11. Fees you received as a professional fiduciary. This may also apply to fees paid to you as a nonprofessional fiduciary if the fees relate to active participation in the operation of the estate's business, or the management of an estate that required extensive management activities over a long period of time.
- 12. Gain or loss from section 1256 contracts or related property by an options or commodities dealer in the normal course of dealing in or trading section 1256 contracts.

# Income and Losses Not Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment

1. Salaries, fees, etc., subject to social security or Medicare tax that you received for performing services as an employee, including services performed as a public official (except as a fee basis government employee as explained in item 7 under Other Income and Losses Included in Net

Earnings From Self-Employment) or as an employee or employee representative under the railroad retirement system.

- 2. Fees received for services performed as a notary public. If you had no other income subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt—Notary" on Form 1040, line 58. However, if you had other earnings of \$400 or more subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt—Notary" and the amount of your net profit as a notary public from Schedule C or Schedule C-EZ on the dotted line to the left of Schedule SE, line 3. Subtract that amount from the total of lines 1 and 2 and enter the result on line 3.
- 3. Income you received as a retired partner under a written partnership plan that provides for lifelong periodic retirement payments if you had no other interest in the partnership and did not perform services for it during the year.
- 4. Income from real estate rentals if you did not receive the income in the course of a trade or business as a real estate dealer. Report this income on Schedule E.
- 5. Income from farm rentals (including rentals paid in crop shares) if, as landlord, you did not materially participate in the production or management of the production of farm products on the land. See Pub. 225 for details.
- 6. Dividends on shares of stock and interest on bonds, notes, etc., if you did not receive the income in the course of your trade or business as a dealer in stocks or securities.
  - 7. Gain or loss from:
- a. The sale or exchange of a capital asset;
- b. The sale, exchange, involuntary conversion, or other disposition of property unless the property is stock in trade or other property that would be includible in inventory, or held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the business; or
- c. Certain transactions in timber, coal, or domestic iron ore.
  - 8. Net operating losses from other years.
- 9. Termination payments you received as a former insurance salesperson if all of the following conditions are met.
- a. The payment was received from an insurance company because of services you performed as an insurance salesperson for the company.
- b. The payment was received after termination of your agreement to perform services for the company.
- c. You did not perform any services for the company after termination and before the end of the year in which you received the payment.
- d. You entered into a covenant not to compete against the company for at least a 1-year period beginning on the date of termination.

- e. The amount of the payment depended primarily on policies sold by or credited to your account during the last year of the agreement, or the extent to which those policies remain in force for some period after termination, or both.
- f. The amount of the payment did not depend to any extent on length of service or overall earnings from services performed for the company (regardless of whether eligibility for the payment depended on length of service).

#### **Statutory Employee Income**

If you were required to check the box on Schedule C or C-EZ, line 1, because you were a statutory employee, do not include the net profit or (loss) from that Schedule C, line 31 (or the net profit from Schedule C-EZ, line 3), on Short or Long Schedule SE, line 2. But if you file Long Schedule SE, be sure to include statutory employee social security wages and tips from Form W-2 on line 8a.

#### **Optional Methods**

# How Can the Optional Methods Help You?

**Social security coverage.** The optional methods may give you credit toward your social security coverage even though you have a loss or a small amount of income from self-employment.

Earned income credit (EIC). Using the optional methods may qualify you to claim the EIC or give you a larger credit if your net earnings from self-employment (determined without using the optional methods) are less than \$1,600. Figure the EIC with and without using the optional methods to see if the optional methods will benefit you.

Additional child tax credit. Using the optional methods may qualify you to claim the additional child tax credit or give you a larger credit if your net earnings from self-employment (determined without using the optional methods) are less than \$1,600. Figure the additional child tax credit with and without using the optional methods to see if the optional methods will benefit you.

Child and dependent care credit. The optional methods may help you qualify for this credit or give you a larger credit if your net earnings from self-employment (determined without using the optional methods) are less than \$1,600. Figure this credit with and without using the optional methods to see if the optional methods will benefit you.

#### Self-employed health insurance deduction.

The optional methods of computing net earnings from self-employment may be used to figure your self-employed health insurance deduction.



Using the optional methods may give you the benefits described on page SE-3, but they may also increase your SE tax.

#### **Farm Optional Method**

You may use this method to figure your net earnings from farm self-employment if your gross farm income was \$2,400 or less or your net farm profits were less than \$1,733. Net farm profits are the total of the amounts from:

- Schedule F (Form 1040), line 36, and
- Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, with code A (from farm partnerships).

There is no limit on how many years you can use this method.

Under this method, you report on Part II, line 15, two-thirds of your gross farm income, up to \$1,600, as your net earnings. This method can increase or decrease your net earnings from farm self-employment even if the farming business had a loss.

You can change the method after you file your return. That is, you can change from the regular to the optional method or from the optional to the regular method. To do this, file Form 1040X.

For a farm partnership, figure your share of gross income based on the partnership agreement. With guaranteed payments, your share of the partnership's gross income is your guaranteed payments plus

your share of the gross income after it is reduced by all guaranteed payments made by the partnership. If you were a limited partner, include only guaranteed payments for services you actually rendered to or on behalf of the partnership.

#### **Nonfarm Optional Method**

You may be able to use this method to figure your net earnings from nonfarm self-employment if your net nonfarm profits were less than \$1,733 and also less than 72.189% of your gross nonfarm income. Net nonfarm profits are the total of the amounts from:

- Schedule C (Form 1040), line 31,
- Schedule C-EZ (Form 1040), line 3,
- Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, with code A (from other than farm partnerships), and
- Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9.

To use this method, you also must be regularly self-employed. You meet this requirement if your actual net earnings from self-employment were \$400 or more in 2 of the 3 years preceding the year you use the nonfarm method. The net earnings of \$400 or more could be from either farm or nonfarm earnings or both. The net earnings include your distributive share of partnership income or loss subject to SE tax. Use of the nonfarm optional method from nonfarm

self-employment is limited to 5 years. The 5 years do not have to be consecutive.

Under this method, you report on Part II, line 17, two-thirds of your gross non-farm income, up to \$1,600, as your net earnings. But you cannot report less than your actual net earnings from nonfarm self-employment.

You can change the method after you file your return. That is, you can change from the regular to the optional method or from the optional to the regular method. To do so, file Form 1040X.

Figure your share of gross income from a nonfarm partnership in the same manner as a farm partnership. See *Farm Optional Method* on this page for details.

# Using Both Optional Methods

If you can use both methods, you can report less than your total actual net earnings from farm and nonfarm self-employment, but you cannot report less than your actual net earnings from nonfarm self-employment alone.

If you use both methods to figure net earnings, you cannot report more than \$1,600 of net earnings from self-employment.

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<sup>\*</sup> These items may not be included in this package. To reduce printing costs, we have sent you only the forms you may need based on what you filed last year.



If an envelope addressed to "Internal Revenue Service Center" came with this booklet, please use it. If you do not have one or if you moved during the year, mail your return to the Internal Revenue Service Center shown below that applies to you.



Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five

pages or is oversized (for example, it is over 1/4" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

	THEN use this address if you:			
IF you live in	Are not enclosing a check or money order	Are enclosing a check or money order		
Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Virginia	Internal Revenue Service Center Atlanta, GA 39901-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Atlanta, GA 39901-0102		
District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Vermont	Internal Revenue Service Center Andover, MA 05501-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Andover, MA 05501-0102		
Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Ohio, Wisconsin	Internal Revenue Service Center Kansas City, MO 64999-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Kansas City, MO 64999-0102		
New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0102		
Arkansas, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0102		
Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming	Internal Revenue Service Center Fresno, CA 93888-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Fresno, CA 93888-0102		
American Samoa, nonpermanent residents of Guam or the Virgin Islands*, Puerto Rico (or if excluding income under Internal Revenue Code section 933), dual-status aliens, and those filing Form 4563	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0215 USA	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0215 USA		
All APO and FPO addresses, a foreign country: U.S. citizens and those filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA		
filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ	Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA	1		

<sup>\*</sup> Permanent residents of Guam should use: Department of Revenue and Taxation, Government of Guam, P.O. Box 23607, GMF, GU 96921; permanent residents of the Virgin Islands should use: V.I. Bureau of Internal Revenue, 9601 Estate Thomas, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00802.

# What's Inside? (see Index for page numbers)

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How to get forms and publications
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