Atlantic Greater Amberjack Abundance Indices From Commercial Handline and Recreational Charter, Private, and Headboat Fisheries through fishing year 1997

By

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Introduction

Parrack (1993a,b), Cummings and McClellan (1996, 1997) and Cummings (1998) presented catch per unit of effort (CPUE) statistics for the Atlantic greater amberjack, *Seriola dumerili*, stock. This report updates the CPUE analyses of earlier studies through the 1997 fishing year, incorporates new analysis procedures, and presents a new index of stock abundance developed from tagging data observations. Virtual Population Analysis (VPA) techniques have been used to evaluate the condition of this stock. Information external to the input fishery catch at age data are required for tuning (calibrating) the VPA estimates of stocksize and mortality trends. Standardized CPUE observations or abundance trends (independent and fishery dependent) have been shown effective in the standardization or calibration of VPA's. Therefore, providing updated CPUE trends and implementing improvements in analysis methods is important in the analysis of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock status.

Materials and Methods

As in the previous 1996 evaluation of stock status, three separate sources of CPUE data existed for estimating temporal trends in abundance of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock. These included observations of recreational catch per angler and catch per angler hour from the Marine Recreational Fisheries Sampling Survey (MRFSS) data base of intercepted angler fishing trips from the shore, charter, and private vessel modes in the Atlantic ocean. In addition, for headboats operating from North Carolina through the Florida Keys, the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), Beaufort Laboratory conducts a survey. This database is an archive of captain reports of landed catch in number per trip, and the number of anglers per trip collected since 1972 in the Carolinas, since 1976 in North Carolina through Daytona, Florida, and since 1977 in the Florida Keys. The third source of CPUE data was the NMFS Atlantic Snapper - Grouper and the Gulf of Mexico Reeffish Logbook database. This combined set of commercial data referred to as the "Logbook" data in this report, is an archival landings reports made by all commercial fishermen that have federal permits to fish in the Atlantic Snapper -Grouper and also in the Gulf of Mexico fishery. The logbook survey was begun in January 1992 in the Atlantic in response to the mandate of Amendment 4 of the South Atlantic Snapper-Grouper Fishery Management Plan to collect information pertaining to the Atlantic reeffish fisheries. The logbook survey was begun in April 1990 in the Gulf of Mexico as part of the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Plan Data collection requirements (McClellan and Bohnsack 1991, Anon. 1987). During the early years only a sample of the permit holders (drawn randomly at a 25% rate) were required to report. Reporting became mandatory in 1993 in the Atlantic (Harris et al. 1994) and in 1991 for Florida vessels fishing in the Gulf of Mexico. It was necessary to select landings reports from the Gulf survey as well as the Atlantic since some permit holders who fish the Atlantic stock, especially in the Florida Keys region, may report to both systems. Reports were identified as duplicates and removed prior to analyses. A new abundance index for the Atlantic greater amberjack was developed from tagging observations from releases made by scientific and recreational anglers from the early 1960's through 1998.

MRFSS CPUE Analysis Procedures

The MRFSS based CPUE indices included intercepts from recreational fishing trips having a positive catch of greater amberjack (whether targeting or not) and also intercepts with zero catches of greater amberjack that indicated they were targeting any of the four highly sought amberjack species (greater, banded rudder, almaco and lesser). As with previous MRFSS indices, observations from Monroe county Florida were considered in the analysis. Information recorded for each observation included the year, month, state and county of intercept, and whether targeting greater amberjack. In addition, a variable referred to as bag limit stanza corresponding to un-regulated or 3 fish per person was defined and each observation coded for this variable. Fishing year was calculated, as May 1-April 30, for each observation from the month and year of intercept. These five independent variables (fishing year, month, state-county, target id, and bag limit stanza) were used to adjust the fishing year CPUE indices for the estimated effects of these variables on catch rates. General linear modeling statistical methods (Robson 1966) as previously used in Parrack (1993a,b) and Cummings and McClellan (1996,1997), were used in calculating the abundance indices for the MRFSS observations of positive catch.

The Lo method (Lo et al. 1992) was explored to develop an abundance index for Atlantic greater amberjack from the combined set of charter and private CPUE observations of zero catch in addition to the positive catches. The Lo method assumes a delta-lognormal error structure in the raw data and generates an estimate of CPUE from the product of two models. One model estimates frequency (the proportion of intercepts in which greater amberjack was caught) assuming a binomial error distribution and the second model estimates the mean density of greater amberjack within positive trips assuming a lognormal error distribution.

Previous analyses of the MRFSS CPUE observations indicated the amount of observed variability in the raw catch per hour fished data was high, especially in the private boat f fishery, therefore this year's analyses were made separately for the charter and the private boat data as well as the combined set of charter and private data. Few intercepts were from the shore-based fishery therefore these were not considered in the CPUE abundance analyses.

Commercial Logbook CPUE Analysis Procedures

The NMFS Atlantic Snapper - Grouper and the Gulf of Mexico Logbooks were also used to develop an index of abundance for greater amberjack in the Atlantic. This combined set of commercial data referred to as 'logbook' below contains landings reports from commercial fishermen that have federal permits to fish in the Atlantic Snapper -Grouper and the Gulf of Mexico reef fish fisheries. The logbook survey was initiated in the early 1990's. During the early years only a sample of the permit holders (drawn randomly) were required to report, however, reporting became mandatory in about 1994 in the Atlantic. It was necessary to select landings reports from the Gulf survey as well as the Atlantic since some permit holders who fish the Atlantic stock, especially in the Florida Keys region, could report to either or both systems. Duplicate reports in the two databases were identified and removed prior to analysis.

Logbook records existed from 1991 to 1998 by trip; no within trip information was available (if a trip involved fishing in multiple locations and/or on multiple days, the catch (i.e., landings) and effort data could not be identified for those separate events). Recorded data included landed weight by species (converted to whole weight as necessary), information on the primary fishing gear used and location of the effort and/or catch by 1° latitude and longitude square. A preliminary definition of fishing year from April through March of the following year was used for initial examination of the data. A variety of effort measures were available depending on the fishing gear and at a minimum included days at sea and hours fished.

The number of trips, proportion of trips with greater amberjack and the proportion of greater amberjack in the total landings were summarized by fishing gear and fishing year to determine which gear(s) would be used for developing indices of abundance.

Multiple measures of fishing effort were evaluated to select one for use in developing indices of abundance; these reviews included both examination of frequency distributions of individual effort components (hours fished, sea days, hooks per line, lines, etc) as well as total annual effort measures. The data indicated that apparently extreme values occurred for some effort measures such as hooks per line. In an attempt to reduce the influence of extreme observations on catch rates, a policy of eliminating the upper and lower 1% of the observations for each effort measure was established.

Regression tree analysis (Venables and Ripley 1997) was used for preliminary data exploration primarily for the purpose of defining seasons and regions for use as explanatory variables. Separate analyses were conducted using as the dependent variable (1) proportion of positive caches and (2) catch per hook on trips on which caught greater amberjack (successful trips). Independent variables examined included fishing year, month or season (3 month seasons with January-March, etc.), latitude and longitude (based on the southeast corner of each one degree square) or region (defined from the results of earlier regression tree analyses).

General linear model (GLM) analyses were used to select the effort measure for trips on which greater amberjack were caught. The dependent variable was the log of the landed weight, and a lognormal error distribution was assumed. Multiple analyses were made each including a different measure of effort as an explanatory variable along with fishing year, season and region. The coefficient of determination (\mathbb{R}^2) and the probability of the F statistic for the effort effect were used to select the measure of effort for use in calculating catch rates.

Indices of abundance were derived using the Lo method (Lo et al 1992) which assumes a delta lognormal error structure, employs separate GLM analyses of the proportions of positive trips and the catch rates on trips which caught amberjack, and combines the results of the separate analyses to derive the index. A binomial error assumption was used for the proportion positive analyses and a lognormal error assumption was used for the analyses of positive trips. Fishing year, season and region were included in the analyses along with the season * region interaction if significant. In addition random effects year (fishing year) interactions with season and region were included where data were sufficient and if a significant effect was indicated. If possible three-way random effects year interactions (fishing year*season*region) were included; if the data would not support a three-way interaction one or more two-way random effects year interactions were included.

NMFS Headboat CPUE Analysis Procedures

Data were available from the NMFS headboat survey from 1974-1998. The data consists of captains' reports of the number and estimated weight of landed catch by species, the number of anglers on board the boat, the type of trip. Trip type included information on the length of the trip: half day, ³/₄ day, full day, multi-day and the time of the trip: day or night for full as well as early or late in the day or night for partial day trips. The data usually included information on the geographical location of the catch by 10' square.

To eliminate effort clearly unrelated to greater amberjack, data were restricted to 10' squares in which greater amberjack (*Seriola dumerili*) or other members of the genus were ever recorded. To ensure that catches came from the stock under consideration, it was assumed that greater amberjack from the other side of the Gulf Stream were from a different population and fishing effort in the Bahamas and similar areas were excluded.

To examine possible positive or negative associations of greater amberjack catch rates with other fishes; catches of other taxa were tabulated along with those of greater amberjack. Both relatively desegregated and highly aggregated taxonomic groupings were investigated. The desegregated classification included single species groups (such as black sea bass), genera (such as *Myctoperca*), families and groupings of similar species (such as large pelagics, or inshore Lujanids or offshore Lujanids); a total of 25 taxa were defined. Three classifications of aggregated taxa were defined; they were inshore species, offshore bottom oriented species and offshore pelagic species. Taxa were classified by their proportion of the total number of fish reported from a trip. Four levels of classification were used for preliminary analyses and two levels for subsequent analyses. The four levels were 0 (absent), and 1-3 indicating increasing proportions. The divisions between levels were taxa specific, because some taxa were frequently observed at all proportions while others were observed frequently up to some intermediate percentage of the catch. In final analyses the classifications for the aggregated taxa were summarized into 0 (absent or low) or 1 (moderate to high).

Preliminary analyses indicated that there was a negative relationship between greater amberjack catch and the number of anglers on the boat, and therefore the basic unit of effort was defined as the trip and catch rates were defined as catch per trip.

Regression tree analysis was used to explore the data set for possible aggregation into seasons and regions and to investigate the possible influences of the various taxonomic groupings.

Indices of abundance were derived using the Lo method (Lo et al. 1992), which assumes a delta lognormal error structure, employs separate GLM analyses of the proportions of positive trips and of the catch rates on trips which caught amberjack, and combines the results of the separate analyses to derive the index. A binomial error assumption was used for the proportion positive analyses and a lognormal error assumption was used for the analyses of positive trips. Fishing year, season and region were included in the analyses and in most cases information on catches of other species on the trip was also included. For the season, region and taxonomic factors two-way and three-way interactions were investigated to the extent permitted by the distribution of the data and the analysis. In addition random effects year (fishing year) interactions with the other factors were included if possible where data were sufficient and if a significant effect was indicated. The highest order random effect interactions, which could be estimated, were included.

Tagging Data Analyses

Tag and *r*ecapture observations from 1960 through 1998 were available. McClellan and Cummings (1997) provided a description of the data for the years 1960-1994. The more recent data (1994-1998) were extracted from the NMFS, Cooperative Tagging Center tagging database (D. Rosenthal, pers. comm.) and the observations combined. For each observation the date of tagging and date of recapture was recorded thus allowing the corresponding fishing year period, May – April to be calculated. These data were used to generate a fishery independent estimates of the relative loss of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock. Several estimates were developed and the "best" estimate of relative loss used to create an index of relative abundance for the Atlantic greater amberjack stock.

Porch's (1998) method of estimating annual mortality rates from tagging data is based upon the probability of a tagged fish being recaptured assuming M and reporting rates are constant over time:

$$p(recapture) = \frac{F_{w} e^{-\sum_{i=a}^{w-1} Z_{i} \Delta_{i} - Z_{w}(t_{w} - d_{w})}}{\sum_{i=a}^{I} \frac{F_{i}}{Z_{i}} (1 - e^{-Z_{i} \Delta_{i}}) e^{-\sum_{j=a}^{i-1} Z_{j} \Delta_{j}}}$$

Where

$t_{\alpha} =$	time (date) animal was tagged
t _{w =}	time (date) animal was recaptured
α =	discrete time interval during which the animal was tagged
W =	discrete time interval during which the animal was recaptured
d _{I =}	time (date) at start of i'th interval, except $d_{\alpha}=t_{\alpha}$
Δ_{I} =	time spent in each interval $(d_{i+1}-d_i)$

I _ last interval for which data are available

- F = fishing mortality rate
- Z = all sources of tag loss, includes natural and fishing mortality, tag shedding, non-reported recaptures, emigration, etc.

This method in practice cannot distinguish between sources of tag loss. The method estimates the total tag losses (Z^*) for each time period. These Z^* values contain the effects of tag shedding, emigration from the study area, non reported recaptures, etc in addition to natural and fishing mortality rates. If all factors other than annual fishing mortality rates can be assumed constant during the study period, then the relative change in the annual Z^* estimates from this method can be used as an index of the relative changes of annual F in the fishery. The loss rate reported here is formed by dividing each annual Z^* estimate by the average of all estimates such that the index is centered about 1.0. This standardization allows for easy comparison of values estimated under different assumptions or from different subsets of the database.

The program TAP2 (C. Porch; NMFS, SEFSC, pers. comm.) allows for two methods of estimating these time period specific Z* rates. Each Z* can be estimated independently or through a Bayesian random walk. In the case of the random walk, the amount of change allowed in Z* between successive time intervals is determined by a user supplied value (σ) which causes changes larger than e^{σ} to be unlikely. The discrete time intervals used in the program were fishing years from May of one year to April of the next calendar year, with the exception of the first and last time periods. The first time period ranged from January 1960 to April 1961 and the last time period ranged from May 1997 to December 1998. Not enough data was available in these periods to use only single fishing years.

Four estimation procedures were considered for the time series; estimating annual loss rates for all years independently and fixing the random walk sigma at the values of 0.1, 0.3 and 0.5. The random walk sigmas constrain the model such that interannual variation in Z^* 's are permitted to vary to lower degrees with lower sigmas. These estimates used only fish, which had at least one day at large between time of tagging and time of recapture. A number of sensitivity analyses were also performed, for example, estimating Z^* values for periods of two years, changing the minimum number of days at large, or allowing changes in tag-recapture rates. The resulting series of Z^* estimates were rescaled by the average for that time series and case to produce the relative loss values.

The number of greater amberjack caught each year in the private angler sector of the recreational fishery (Cummings and McClellan 1999) was used to transform the loss estimates into relative abundance estimates because the majority of tags were from this sector. The catches were either kept and released dead fish (A+B1) or all catch, including fish released alive, (A+B1+B2). These annual catches were used in the catch equation by assuming a constant level for the natural mortality rate (M) and a constant level for non-fishing related tag loss such that the Z* could be separated into its components of M, F and non-fishing related tag loss. The only remaining unknown in the catch equation is then the population abundance in numbers [N=CZ/(F(1-e^{-Z}))]. Each time series of values was re-scaled to average 1.0 by dividing annual values by the average of the time series.

These relative abundance values could be used as a tuning index for age structured assessment models, such as virtual population analysis.

Greater Amberjack CPUE Analysis Results

MRFSS CPUE Analyses

Summary statistics on the number of MRFSS intercepts and the nominal CPUE values of catch per angler hour (CPH) fished available for the charter and private boat fisheries for Atlantic greater amberjack are given in Tables 1a – 1e. Fishing year 1998/99 (May 1 1998 - April 30 1999) was incomplete as data were only available through December 1998 thus only fishing years 1981/82 – 1997/98 were used in developing abundance The majority of the intercepts were from fishing years 1986 through 1995/96. trends. Most anglers catching one or more of the amberjack species were intercepted on the East Coast of Florida (n=767) followed by North Carolina (n=565), and then off Monroe county, Florida (n=319) (Table 1b). Recreational fishing trips from Georgia and South Carolina contributed 4% and 12% respectively to the total database of charter and private boat intercepts. Intercepts from the charterboat recreational mode made up 69 % of the data and 31 % of the intercepts were from the private boat fishery. The nominal CPUE values suggest that the private boat fishery CPUE (CPH) was higher (across all years) than for the charterboat fishery for Atlantic greater amberjack (Table 1c). The exception to this was in Georgia. The monthly distribution of MRFSS intercept observations (Table 1d) indicates that amberjack were encountered during most months of most fishing years and also indicates temporal differences in the nominal CPUE values. Effort measures other than anglers or hours fished were not recorded thus catch per angler angler hour was calculated and used. The plotted CPH data showed skewed distributions suggesting a transformation was appropriate (Figure 1). A log transformation of the raw CPH fished observations resulted in a more symmetrical distribution of the charter and private boat fishery intercepts (Figure 1).

Relative abundance trends, referred to as standardized abundance trends, in this paper, were calculated using the GLM approach for the charter and private fisheries separately, the combined dataset of charter and private boat intercepts, and for the charter and private intercepts from Florida only. Summary results pertaining to each fit are included in Table 2. For each fit, the y-variate, was CPH fished and auxiliary information included in each fit as (X) variables to adjust CPH trends were the fishing year, month of intercept, state-county id, whether targeting greater amberjack or not, and bag limit stanza. In the case of the charter and private boat combined analysis, fishery type was also included as an independent variable in the mode.

As in previous year's analyses of the MRFSS CPUE observations for Atlantic greater amberjack, the analyses indicated the amount of un-explained variability in the data from these models was high. The proportional amount of the variance explained by the fits was not high, ranging from 21 to 44 %. The best fit in terms of R^2 was obtained using the charterboat fishery observations, all states combined. For the majority of the fits, the inclusion of bag limit stanza (3 or none) or a term for whether the angler was targeting greater amberjack or was not targeting this species not was not significant in the model.

The calculated standardized abundance trends from the GLM fits for the charter and private boat fisheries off Florida were not in total agreement (Figure 2). The estimated fishing year abundance pattern from the charterboat fishery showed variability from 1981 through 1992 and stable abundance thereafter (Figure 2). The private boat fishery abundance pattern suggested increased abundance from 1990-1993 and followed by a decline through 1996 (Figure 2). The variability in these estimates was high.

Estimates of the number of fishing trips from these fisheries are available through the MRFSS survey; these were summarized by fishing year to obtain some feeling for the amount of total recreational effort expended by each fishery group (Figure 3). Estimated charterboat effort (number of fishing trips) was stable from about 1990 through 1997 while the estimated private boat effort (number of fishing trips) showed large increases between 1985 and 1988, a decline of about 30% in 1989, varied without trend through 1995, and declined again in 1996.

The GLM estimated abundance trends from the "all states combined fit" charter and private boat fisheries are shown by fishing year with the estimated total effort for each fishery (Figure 4). The all states combined abundance estimation results were used in subsequent analyses of the stock evaluation as the trends did not differ when only the Florida samples were used; using the observations from all states better represented the range of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock, increased the sample size and the R^2 values were higher.

The Lo method was used to develop abundance trends of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock using the combined data from the charter and private boat fisheries, all states combined. For this analysis observations of positive catches of Atlantic greater amberjack and also observations of zero catches of greater amberjack that occurred when an angler was intercepted and reported catching one of the other commonly sought after amberjacks (e.g., Alamo, banded rudder, lesser) but did not catch greater amberjack. were used. These anglers could have reported targeting greater amberjack (or any of the other jacks listed here). The model included the same independent variables as used in the previous GLM runs (fishing year, month, state-county, fishery, bag limit stanza, and whether targeting greater amberjack or not). The Lo method produced similar results, as did the GLM procedure for the charter and private boat data combined, however the variance estimates of the fishing year parameter were much higher. All of the independent variables were important in explaining CPUE except for bag limit as the case found using the GLM. In this application since very few observations of zero greater amberjack catches existed in this dataset, the analysis set was very similar to that of the input data used in the GLM. The proportion of positive catches was very high and similar results would be expected since this portion of the data dominated in the calculation of the expected CPUE. For this reason and also because the variability was lower for the fishing year estimates estimate via GLM, the GLM abundance estimates results were used in further analyses related to the status of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock. Future evaluation of this approach using the total intercept database may be warranted.

Commercial Logbook CPUE Analyses

The number of trips, proportion with greater amberjack and the pounds per trip by fishing gear and fishing year (Tables 3-5), were reviewed to select which observations would be used for developing indices of abundance. Data from gears from which little data were available [cast net, gill net, trap, vertical longline (buoy) or other] were not included in those tables and were not considered for analysis. It was decided to develop an index from handline data because there were substantial numbers of trips recorded and greater amberjack generally represented a substantial fraction of the total landings (roughly 15-25% across all trips). Longlines were rejected because greater amberjack generally represented less than 1% of the total landings. Powerheads are a special kind of spear fishing gear. Development of a combined spear and powerhead index was initially considered, because greater amberjack were reported on a substantial fraction of the powerhead and spear trips (generally over 35% and 20%, respectively) and represented substantial fractions of the total yield (roughly 20-40%). It was thought necessary to distinguish the two gears in developing an index of abundance, because of probable differences in efficiency. It was noted that the two gears would not be distinguished in the earliest years of the data set and the consistency in the number of trips per year suggested that they were reliably distinguished only from 1995-1998. It was decided that an index would not be developed from these gears, because of the small number of years available. It was decided not to develop an index from the troll data, because of the relatively small proportion of amberjack in the total yield reported taken by trolling.

Regression tree analysis of handline catch rates and proportions of positive trips were used to define seasons and regions. Examination of proportion positive and catch rates by month (Appendices 1 and 2) indicated that lower positive catch rates and lower proportions positive occurred in the more northern latitudes. It was noted that latitude 29 had high positive catch rates in most months and high proportions positive. May and March (months 5 and 15) had high positive catch rates and high proportions positive, while April had lower statistics. Differences were noted in the relative importance of latitudes between the proportion positive and the positive catch rate analyses. In aggregating latitudes into regions, greater weight was placed on the proportion positive results (i.e., estimates of the probability of catching amberjack on a trip), because often proportion positive has a stronger influence on abundance index patterns than the positive catch rates. Therefore four regions (24-26N, 27-28N, 29-33N and 34-35N) were defined. The analytical results with respect to month were more consistent between the proportion positive and positive catch rate analyses. Because May and March were the months of the highest positive catch rates and proportion positives, they were combined with April into one season and three other 3 month seasons were defined.

Units of effort considered for calculating catch rates from the handline fishery included days at sea, hours fished during the entire trip, number of lines fished per day, number of hooks fished per day, total number of line-days (lines per day * days at sea), total number of line-hours, total number of hook-days and total number of hook-hours. GLM analyses of greater amberjack landings per trip with the various effort measures (Table 6) had low

 R^2 (10-12%). Hooks per day had the lowest probability for the F statistic and highest R^2 and was selected as the unit of effort.

All Vessels

Fishing year, season and region were investigated as effects in analyses with data from all handline vessels. The season*region interactions were statistically significant in both the proportion positives and the yield per hook analyses and the random effects three way interaction was estimable and included (Tables 7 and 8). The estimated index of abundance (Table 9 and Figure 6) had a high fishing year 1991 value with a coefficient of variation of 0.51 which was roughly twice that of subsequent years. After 1991 the index shows an increase to 1995 and a decline thereafter. The confidence intervals (two standard errors above and below the index) suggest that differences in the annual index values were not highly significant.

Analysis of Restricted Data Sets

There was concern that some handline vessels might not target amberjack or species with which amberjack might be associated. If the fraction of vessels not targeting amberjack or associated species changed over time then an index of abundance from the entire fishery might be influenced by changes not related to abundance. Therefore additional indices were derived using data from selected vessels which might have been targeting amberjack or associated species.

Restricted data sets were developed by limiting the observations to those vessels with either high proportions of trips with greater amberjack or high greater amberjack catch rates on successful trips. Additionally, to be included, vessels had to have reported at least 10 handline trips in each of at least 5 years in a region.

90th-99th Percentile Vessels

Results of the analyses of data from vessels in the top 10% of vessels in proportion positive or catch rate on successful trips are presented in Tables 10 and 11. Data from the 27-28N region were excluded to permit a more balanced distribution of data across fishing years, seasons and regions. The three-way random effects interaction (i.e., fishing year*season*region) appeared to be influential and was included in both models. The standardized index (Table 12 and Figure 7) indicated high catch rates of Atlantic greater amberjack in the 1994 and 1995 fishing years with catch rates in 1992-1993 and 1996-1997 at similar levels and the lowest catch rate in 1998.

<u>75th-99th Percentile Vessels</u> Results of analyses of data from vessels in the top 25% of vessels in proportion positive or catch rate on successful trips are presented in Tables 13 and 14. Data from 1991 and from the 27-28N region were excluded to permit a more balanced distribution of observations across fishing years, seasons and regions. The season*region interaction was significant in both models, and the three-way random effects interaction appeared to be influential in both. The standardized index (Table 15 and Figure 8) indicated high catch rates in 1992, 1994 and 1995 with catch rates in 1993 and 1996-1997 at similar levels and the lowest catch rate in 1998.

Comparison between the three indices (Figure 9) showed that the indices had similar patterns. The analyses using all handline vessels and using the vessels in the $90^{\text{th}}-99^{\text{th}}$ percentile included 1991; the divergence of those indices in 1991 may reflect sparse data distribution in that year. Because of the possibility that effects not related to greater amberjack abundance may have influenced the all vessel index trend, the restricted data set trends were preferred. Because the two restricted sets had generally similar patterns, the 75th-99th percentile index was selected for use in subsequent assessments, because this index was based on more data and the data were more evenly distributed because of the elimination of 1991 year data and the observations from 27-28N region.

NMFS Headboat CPUE Analyses Results

Regression tree analysis of headboat catch (number of fish) per angler was used to gain insight into effects due to trip types, associated taxa as well as seasonal and geographic patterns in the data. Initial analyses included trip type and desegregated taxa (Appendix 3) and trip type with aggregated taxonomic information (Appendix 4). The analyses with trip type consistently indicated substantially higher catch rates for full day trips than for partial day trips. Because the partial day catch rates were so low, it was concluded that they might not provide much information on greater amberjack abundance patterns and they were excluded from subsequent analyses. Additional analysis was conducted using only full day trips with the aggregated taxonomic information (Appendix 5). Common components of all three of these analyses were that latitude 30 or 30 and 31 had higher catch rates than the other latitudes and that substantially higher average catch rates occurred in 1981-1982 or 1980-1982. When data splits were based on month, May was almost always classified with the higher catch rates and April was often in that grouping. It was also noted that in these analyses the first low catch rate node (node 2) accounted for 80-90% of the observations, and there was less discrimination provided by the explanatory variables for those low catch rates than for the higher catch rates classified below node 3. Thus the numerous low catch rate observations had less information content than the higher catch rate observations.

Examination of positive catch rates by latitude and month (Figures 10 and 11) provided additional detail for defining regions and seasons. The high catch rates in the area of 30N were apparent. Examination of the associated raw data revealed that those catch rates were associated with multiple vessels in multiple months and that lower catch rates were observed in the same region at about the same time. Based on the regression tree results and Figure 10, four regions were defined: 24-25.4N, 25.5-28.6N, 28.7-30.6N, and 30.7-35N. It was decided to use four seasons of three months each. As noted from the regression tree results and in Figure 11, April and May often had higher catch rates and June had higher rates than March. Therefore April, May and June were combined and the remaining months assigned to appropriate seasons. The fishing year thus started in April and continued through March of the following year.

Initial analyses of proportions positive and positive catch rate revealed difficulties associated with the taxonomic variables. Those variables were often correlated and typically there were few observations for some levels of those effects which resulted in a very sparse distribution of the data and associated difficulties in analytical fitting. Collapsing the three aggregated taxonomic groups to two levels from four did not eliminate the problems; therefore one of those variables (inshore species) was selected for inclusion in the final model.

The data available for the earliest years of the head boat survey were limited in number and geographic coverage. Because of very limited samples in those early years all data from 1974 and 1975 were excluded, the data for the 25.5-28.6N region were restricted to 1978 and later, and the data for the 24-25.4N region were restricted to 1979 and later. Final analyses included factors for fishing year, season, region and the relative importance of inshore species in the catch. A four-way random effect interaction term was included. Results of the analyses of proportions positive and of catch rates on trips with greater amberjack are shown in Tables 16 and 17. The final index showed an increase from 1977 to a peak in 1982, a general decline through much of the 1980's, with fluctuating levels in the late 1980's through mid 1990's and lower levels since then (Table 18 and Figure 12).

One additional set of analyses was performed to investigate the influence of the inshore taxa factor on the estimated standardized catch rates by redoing the all final analytical steps without that factor. Figure 13 shows that the relative index was quite similar with or without the inshore factor.

Tagging Data Loss Rate Results

The number of greater amberjack tagged, the number recaptured, and the relative loss values with coefficients of variation for each year are presented in Table 19 and relative loss is shown in Figure 14 The general pattern is the same in all four scenarios, high values in the 60's, decreasing to the lowest values in the 80's, followed by an increasing trend in the 90's. The coefficients of variation (CV) for the random walk models reflect the constraint imposed by the random walk process while the CV for the independent estimation of each year depends upon the sample size for that year (Table 19 and Figure 15). Three types of sensitivity analyses were performed. Instead of estimating Z^* for every year, one Z* was estimated for every two years in order to examine if the low number of observations in some years were causing artifacts in the Z* estimates. The relative loss pattern did not change (Figure 16). Secondly, the minimum number of days at large was changed from one to either zero or seven in order to examine whether sufficient mixing of tagged and untagged fish was occurring. Again, the relative loss pattern did not change (Figure 17). The final sensitivity analysis allowed the proportion of tags reported to vary through a random walk process instead of being held constant in order to examine whether changes in reporting rates could explain the changes in Z*. Under two levels of sigma for the reporting rate random walk, the relative loss pattern did not change (Figure 18) even though the fraction reported was estimated to decrease over time (Figure 19).

Since all sensitivity analyses showed the same relative loss pattern, the EstAll time series was used to form relative abundance time series using the two catch series (Figure 20) and four assumptions of how Z^* could be split into its components (Table 20 and

Figure 21). The eight relative abundance time series are similar in trend and have a similar pattern of uncertainty about the point estimates, as demonstrated by Case 1 (Figure 22). The trend in abundance is increasing, but highly variable especially at the two peaks, from 1981 through 1989. From 1989 to 1990, the relative abundance values drop suddenly both in value and in variability. The trend from 1990 through 1997 is decreasing, with lower levels of uncertainty than the 1981 through 1989 estimates. This change in level of variability is caused by a large change in sample size (see Table 19).

Given the high level of uncertainty in the 1981 through 1989 values, the relative abundance trends for the eight cases were computed for only years 1990 through 1997 (Table 21 and Figure 23). Note these computations only rescaled the estimates from 1990-1997, they did not require additional Z* estimation. These values grouped by the catch used in the calculations, with the four assumptions of how Z* is split adding only a small additional amount of variability among the cases. The relative abundance trends are more dependent upon the choice of catch than the choice of M and non-fishing related tag loss, when the latter two are assumed constant over the time series. If either M or the non-fishing related tag loss varied within the time series, these variables would become much more important in determining the trend in relative abundance. Plotting the uncertainty about the point estimates for Case 1 shows that some of the values are significantly different from others at the 80% confidence level (Figure 24).

A summary of the indices considered for use in further evaluations of the Atlantic greater amberjack stock condition is given in Table 22. These results provide four measures of the abundance of this stock. Three of the indices overlap in some degree as they all derived from recreational fishery, MRFSS charter, MRFSS private, and the tagging index. Future CPUE examinations should further examine the disparity between the MRFSS charter and the private index. Further examinations of the logbook data might consider the effect of zero trips in the analysis as done for the headboat fishery. Analyses of the tagging data might consider the impact of time at liberty on the loss rate calculation. Sutherland and Scott (see McClellan and Cummings 1996) reported greater amberjack generally had limited movements with about one third of the tagged fish recaptured within 60 days of release. McClellan and Cummings (1996) reported that 41 % were recovered within 90 days, 69% within one year and 84.8% within two years.

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Fishing	Number of		
Year	Observations	Mean CPH	Mean CPA
1981/82	18	0.41	2
1982/83	29	0.19	1.15
1983/84	46	0.2	0.98
1984/85	62	0.19	1.16
1985/86	68	0.28	1.22
1986/87	145	0.27	1.25
1987/88	137	0.22	1.05
1988/89	167	0.19	0.76
1989/90	140	0.28	1.09
1990/91	132	0.25	1.18
1991/92	182	0.27	1.08
1992/93	159	0.26	1.21
1993/94	139	0.32	1.44
1994/95	123	0.24	1.06
1995/96	130	0.24	1.05
1996/97	109	0.23	1.06
1997/98	105	0.25	1.21
1998/99	71	0.22	1.06

Table 1a. Summary of Atlantic Greater Amberjack MRFSS CPUE data on Catch per Hour)and Catch per Angler hour (CPA).

	Florida	(west)	Florida	a (east)	Geo	orgia	South (Carolina	North (Carolina	All S	States
Fishing	Number of		Num	ber of								
Year	Trips	Mean CPH	Trips	Mean CPH								
1980/81			3	0.42							3	0.42
1981/82	10	0.51	8	0.29							18	0.41
1982/83	9	0.19	15	0.21	2	0.06	2	0.16	1	0.2	29	0.19
1983/84	14	0.26	27	0.19			3	0.07	2	0.13	46	0.2
1984/85	12	0.15	32	0.23	7	0.17	9	0.15	2	0.04	62	0.19
1985/86	. 8	0.55	34	0.27	8	0.09	14	0.23	4	0.34	68	0.28
1986/87	29	0.35	45	0.28	11	0.23	50	0.24	10	0.13	14,5	0.27
1987/88	10	0.28	33	0.41	10	0.15	39	0.15	45	0.16	137	0.22
1988/89	20	0.12	64	0.3	6	0.1	46	0.14	31	0.1	167	0.19
1989/90	11	0.23	58	0.41	1	0.4	26	0.21	44	0.17	140	0.28
1990/91	13	0.21	68	0.33	2	0.08	7	0.26	42	0.15	132	0.25
1991/92	34	0.33	91	0.3	1	0.12	5	0.17	51	0.21	182	0.27
1992/93	34	0.44	72	0.28	11	0.27	6	0.06	36	0.1	159	0.26
1993/94	24	0.26	52	0.34	1		10	0.2	53	0.34	139	0.32
1994/95	13	0.17	41	0.35	5	0.1	2	0.28	62	0.19	123	0.24
1995/96	12	0.17	41	0.35	2	0.06	1	0.06	74	0.19	130	0.24
1996/97	6	0.1	31	0.39	4	0.04	9	0.16	59	0.19	109	0.23
1997/98	45	0.23	23	0.24	4	0.04	8	0.37	25	0.31	105	0.25
1998/1999	15	0.1	29	0.23	2	0.07	1	0.08	24	0.29	71	0.22
Total	319	0.27	767	0.31	76	0.15	238	0.19	565	0.2	1965	0.25

Table 1b. Summary of Atlantic Greater Amberjack MRFSS CPUE Data (Catch Per Hour) by fishing year and state of intercept.

	Florida	a (west)	Florida	a (east)	Geo	orgia	South C	Carolina	North C	Carolina	All S	tates
Fishing	Number of		Num	ber of								
Mode	Trips	Mean CPH	Trips	Mean CPF								
Charter	268	0.24	501	0.3	47	0.17	192	0.17	351	0.16	1359	0.23
Private	51	0.45	266	0.32	29	0.12	46	0.28	214	0.26	606	0.3
ALL	319	0.27	767	0.31	76	0.15	238	0.19	565	0.2	1965	0.25

Table 1c. Summary of Atlantic Greater amberjack MRFSS CPUE Data by fishing mode and state of intercept.

Table 1d.	Summar	y of Atlantic Great	er Amberjack MRFS	S CPUE Data b	by fishing	year and month of ir	tercept.
					-,		

							MO	NTH						
	Jan	uary	Febr	uary	Ma	rch	Aj	oril	М	ay	Ju	ine	Jı	ıly
Fishing	Number of													
Year	Trips	Mean CPH												
1980/81							3	0.42						
1981/82							4	0.78	4	0.24	6	0.47		
1982/83			1	0.15	2	0.11	4	0.27	6	0.12	2	0.11	4	0.17
1983/84			9	0.32	5	0.15	5	0.24	4	0.16	7	0.27	4	0.05
1984/85			2	0.06	9	0.26	1	0.4	21	0.25	3	0.12	4	0.11
1985/86	6	0.25	8	0.29			23	0.35	9	0.19	6	0.11	4	0.25
1986/87	1	0.17	2	0.49	8	0.25	16	0.42	7	0.17	19	0.18	16	0.25
1987/88			3	0.28	5	0.25	10	0.17	8	0.14	24	0.35	20	0.31
1988/89	3	0.18			9	0.14	40	0.27	17	0.17	17	0.32	19	0.1
1989/90					7	0.32	28	0.47	26	0.27	5	0.3	13	0.28
1990/91	1	0.25	2	0.15	13	0.38	27	0.26	34	0.29	9	0.21	11	0.19
1991/92	13	0.36	10	0.36	44	0.26	22	0.28	32	0.36	16	0.27	12	0.19
1992/93			15	0.37	9	0.45	9	0.44	28	0.36	20	0.19	23	0.16
1993/94	3	0.11	11	0.27	11	0.28	23	0.35	16	0.24	15	0.28	13	0.48
1994/95	4	0.17	1	1.08	5	0.24	6	0.07	23	0.53	17	0.17	33	0.16
1995/96	2	0.17	8	0.2	27	0.23	19	0.41	16	0.38	28	0.2	14	0.12
1996/97	4	0.18	5	0.56	13	0.27	5	0.22	15	0.14	11	0.18	18	0.31
1997/98	16	0.34	8	0.14	8	0.32	4	0.2	2	0.04	10	0.18	13	0.43
1998/99				•					13	0.24	8	0.31	. 11	0.34
Total	53	0.28	85	0.31	175	0.27	249	0.33	281	0.29	223	0.24	232	0.23

	Aug	just	Septe	ember	Oct	ober	Nove	mber	Dece	mber	All Months	
Fishing	Number of		Num	ber of								
Year	Trips	Mean CPH	Trips	Mean CPH								
1980/81											3	0.42
1981/82	1	0.02	1	0.33			2	0.07			18	0.41
1982/83	3	0.43	4	0.18	2	0.18			1	0.05	29	0.19
1983/84	6	0.07	3	0.22	3	0.15					46	0.2
1984/85	9	0.18	5	0.15	6	0.09	2	0.07			62	0.19
1985/86	7	0.35	2	0.5	2	0.2	1	0			68	0.28
1986/87	16	0.25	33	0.19	7	0.18	10	0.38	10	0.48	145	0.27
1987/88	27	0.21	24	0.15	9	0.1	6	0.15	1	0.25	137	0.22
1988/89	9	0.1	20	0.09	12	0.18	20	0.2	1	0.2	167	0.19
1989/90	11	0.19	15	0.21	26	0.18	8	0.29	1	0.11	140	0.28
1990/91	15	0.21	3	0.07	7	0.19	6	0.13	4	0.36	132	0.25
1991/92	13	0.16	12	0.2	4	0.07	4	0.2			182	0.27
1992/93	17	0.25	11	0.17	13	0.19	7	0.18	7	0.16	159	0.26
1993/94	23	0.43	4	0.34	6	0.18	12	0.21	2	0.17	139	0.32
1994/95	8	0.12	8	0.21	9	0.27	6	0.1	3	0.04	123	0.24
1995/96	5	0.15	1	0.1	6	0.11	3	0.04	1	0.13	130	0.24
1996/97	16	0.3	5	0.14	11	0.16	5	0.05	1	0.04	109	0.23
1997/98	12	0.32	6	0.15	11	0.18	6	0.21	9	0.13	105	0.25
1998/99	5	0.13	6	0.15	11	0.18	12	0.14	5	0.16	71	0.22
Total	203	0.24	163	0.17	145	0.17	110	0.19	46	0.23	1965	0.25

	Florida	a (west)	Florida	a (east)	Geo	orgia	South 0	Carolina	North C	Carolina	All S	states
Fishing	Number of		Num	ber of								
Area	Trips	Mean CPH	Trips	Mean CPH								
5022	319	0.27									319	0.27
6023			110	0.29							110	0.29
6024			95	0.29							95	0.29
6025			397	0.33							397	0.33
6026			37	0.26							37	0.26
6027			9	0.43							9	0.43
6028			4	0.23							4	0.23
6029			24	0.18							24	0.18
6030			23	0.39							23	0.39
6032			12	0.72							12	0.72
6034			50	0.21							50	0.21
6035			6	0.24							6	0.24
7029					1	0.04					1	0.04
7039					10	0.2					10	0.2
7051					29	0.15					29	0.15
7127					34	0.14					34	0.14
7191					2	0.09					2	0.09
8013							118	0.21			118	0.21
8015							1	0.25			1	0.25
8019							33	0.21			33	0.21
8043							77	0.15			77	0.15
8051							9	0.16			9	0.16
9019									62	0.1	62	0.1
9031									98	0.11	98	0.11
9055									281	0.24	281	0.24
9095									48	0.32	48	0.32
9129									60	0.13	60	0.13
9133									7	0.19	7	0.19
9141					=0	0.15			9	0.18	9	0.18
ALL	319	0.27	/67	0.31	/6	0.15	238	0.19	565	0.2	1965	0.25

Table1e. Summary of Atlantic Greater Amberjack MRFSS Data for observed Catch per Hour (CPH) by state and code county.

Table 2. Summary Results of the Atlantic Greater amberjack MRFSS CPUE Analyses

RUN ID	TYPE MODEL FIT	# Observations	Proportion of Total Sum of Squares Explained	Comments On Model Fit
1 Florida Charter	GLM ON Positive Catches	735	21.56	Bag Limit Term Not Significant
2 Florida Private	GLM ON Positive Catches	304	20.66	Bag Limit Term Not Ssignificant
3 Charter All States	GLM ON Positive Catches	1195	44.16	Bag Limit Term Not Significant
4 Private All States	GLM ON Positive Catches	525	27.71	Bag Limit Term Not ignificant, Month not Significant
5 Charter and Priva	GLM ON Positive Catches te	1725	34.23	

Table 3. Number of trips by gear and fishing year. H = handline, L=longline, P=powerhead, S=spear, and TR=troll.

FI SHYEAR GEAR

	, Н	, 2	L,	Р	, S	, TR ,	Total
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	ſſſſſſ	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	90,	91 ,	6,	0	, 4	, 0,	101
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	fffffff	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	91,	1467 ,	77,	0	, 83	, 156 ,	1783
fffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	fffffff	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	92,	6820 ,	348 ,	0	, 532	, 777 ,	8477
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	ſſſſſſ	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	93,	14216 ,	773 ,	5	, 1066	, 1705 ,	17765
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	ſſſſſſ	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	94,	15436 ,	719 ,	89	, 869	, 1972 ,	19085
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	fffffff	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	95,	14613 ,	886 ,	245	, 708	, 2148 ,	18600
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	ſſſſſſ	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	96,	16338 ,	653 ,	275	, 763	, 1995 ,	20024
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	fffffff	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	97,	16140 ,	5 84 ,	286	, 833	, 4119 ,	21962
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	ſſſſſſ	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
19	98,	13419 ,	441 ,	233	, 709	, 8050 ,	22852
ffffff	fff^ff.	ſſſſſ	ſſſſſſſ	fffffff	^ffffffff	^ffffffff	
Total	ļ	98540	4487	1133	5567	20922	130649

Table 4. Proportion of trips with greater amberjack by gear and fishing year. H = handline, L=longline, P=powerhead, S=spear, and TR=troll

FI SHYEAR

GEAR

, H , L , P , S , TR 1990 , 0.0769 , 0.1667 , 0, 0, 0, 1991 , 0.1506 , 0.0779 , 0, 0.506, 0.0769, 1992 , 0.1412 , 0.1868 , 0, 0.2632, 0.0914, 1993 , 0.1583 , 0.1565 , 0.4 , 0.2523 , 0.1091 , $1994 \ , \ 0.\ 1631 \ , \ 0.\ 1043 \ , \ 0.\ 4831 \ , \ 0.\ 2831 \ , \ 0.\ 0791 \ ,$ 1995 , 0.1708 , 0.0982 , 0.5959 , 0.1977 , 0.0982 , $1996 \ , \ 0.\ 1694 \ , \ 0.\ 0873 \ , \ 0.\ 5127 \ , \ 0.\ 194 \ , \ 0.\ 0957 \ ,$ 1997, 0.1494, 0.1318, 0.3531, 0.1669, 0.0583, 1998 , 0.1104 , 0.0545 , 0.4979 , 0.1975 , 0.0245 , Table 5. Proportion of greater amberjack in the total yield by gear and fishing year. H = handline, L=longline, P=powerhead, S=spear, and TR=troll

FI SHYEAR

GEAR

, H , L , P , S , TR 1990 , 0.0234 , 0.0044 , 0, 0, 0, 1991 , 0.2681 , 0.0011 , 0, 0.3027, 0.0193, 1992 , 0.1778 , 0.0097 , 0, 0.3129, 0.0429, 1993 , 0.1597 , 0.0119 , 0.1469 , 0.3269 , 0.0498 , 1994 , 0.1598 , 0.009 , 0.323 , 0.4002 , 0.039 , 1995 , 0.1516 , 0.0088 , 0.4001 , 0.214 , 0.0418 , 1996 , 0.14 , 0.0039 , 0.3952 , 0.2337 , 0.0346 , 1997 , 0.1298 , 0.0063 , 0.3388 , 0.2367 , 0.0382 , 1998 , 0.086 , 0.0019 , 0.1961 , 0.2884 , 0.0143 , Table 6. GLM analyses of greater amberjack landings per trip including fishing year, season, region and various measures of effort.

_ days at sea ___

Class Level Information

Class Levels Values

 FISHYEAR
 8
 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998

 REGION
 4
 24-26N 27-28N 29-33N 34-35N

 SEASON
 4
 AprMayJun JanFebMar JulAugSep OctNovDec

Dependent Variable: LYIELD

Source Model Error Corrected	DF 23 11799 d Total 11822	Sum of Squares 2867.24724505 23985.88178275 26853.1290278	Mean Square 124.66292370 2.03287412	F Value 61.32	Pr > F 0.0001
	R-Square 0.106775	C.V. 28.19378	Root MSE 1.42578895	LYIELD 5.057	Mean 10517
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	$\Pr > F$
FISHYE	AR 7	129.38310373	18.48330053	9.09	0.0001
SEASON	N 3	76.17393025	25.39131008	12.49	0.0001
REGION	J 3	1206.77279904	402.25759968	197.88	0.0001
SEADA	YS 1	12.55311285	12.55311285	6.18	0.0130
REGION	*SEASON	9 559.67895	500 62.1865	5056 30	.59 0.0001

Table 6. continued

		hours fished	d per trip		
SourceDFModel23Error11799Corrected Total1182	Sum of Squares 2856.96346700 23996.16556080 22 26853.129027	Mean Square 124.21580291 2.03374570 80	F Value 61.08	Pr > F 0.0001	
R-Square 0.106392	C.V. 28.19982	Root MSE 1.42609456	LYIELE 5.057	Mean 10517	
Source DF FISHYEAR 7 SEASON 3 REGION 3 HOURS 1 REGION*SEASON	Type III SS 130.95314713 75.83075670 1213.27857881 2.26933480 9 562.31155	Mean Square 18.70759245 25.27691890 404.42619294 2.26933480 5308 62.4790	F Value 9.20 12.43 198.86 1.12 6145 30	Pr > F 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.2908 .72 0.0001	
		lines fished	l per day		
SourceDFModel23Error11799Corrected Total1183	Sum of Squares 2866.91694706 23986.21208074 22 26853.129027	Mean Square 124.64856292 2.03290212 80	F Value 61.32	Pr > F 0.0001	
R-Square 0.106763	C.V. 28.19397	Root MSE 1.42579876	LYIELD 5.057	Mean 10517	
Source DF FISHYEAR 7 SEASON 3 REGION 3 LINES 1 REGION*SEASON	Type III SS 133.56931020 77.08774217 1195.25913902 12.22281486 9 566.88603	Mean Square 19.08133003 25.69591406 398.41971301 12.22281486 3784 62.9873	F Value 9.39 12.64 195.99 6.01 4309 30	Pr > F 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0142 .98 0.0001	
		hooks			
SourceDFModel23Error11799Corrected Total118	Sum of Squares 3153.12758289 23700.00144491 22 26853.129027	Mean Square 137.09250360 2.00864492 80	F Value 68.25	Pr > F 0.0001	
R-Square 0.117421	C.V. 28.02526	Root MSE 1.41726671	LYIELD 5.057	Mean 10517	
Source DF FISHYEAR 7 SEASON 3 REGION 3 HOOKS 1 REGION*SEASON	Type III SS 145.79341018 71.42778432 1067.00430432 298.43345069 9 559.42803	Mean Square 20.82763003 23.80926144 355.66810144 298.43345069 5481 62.1586	F Value 10.37 11.85 177.07 148.57 7276 30	Pr > F 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 95 0.0001	
		line hours			

Table 6. (Cont.)

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr >	> F
Model	23	2863.03519140	124.47979093	61.22	0.00	001
Error	11799	23990.09383640	2.03323111			
Corrected To	otal 11822	26853.129027	80			
R	-Square	C.V.	Root MSE	LYIEL	D Mean	
0.	106618	28.19625	1.42591413	5.05	710517	
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F	,
FISHYEAR	7	131.74095511	18.82013644	9.26	0.0	0001
SEASON	3	75.96541654	25.32180551	12.45	0.00	001
REGION	3	1258.56529031	419.52176344	206.33	0.	0001
LINEHRS	1	8.34105920	8.34105920	4.10	0.042	.8
REGION*SI	EASON	9 564.76375	924 62.7515	2880 3	0.86	0.0001

				hook hours		
Source		DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	$\Pr > F$
Model		23	2871.22217371	124.83574668	61.42	0.0001
Error	11	799	23981.90685409	2.03253724		
Corrected	Total	11822	26853.1290278	30		
	R-Squ	are	C.V.	Root MSE	LYIELD	Mean
	0.1069	923	28.19144	1.42567080	5.057	10517
Source		DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
FISHYEA	AR	7	131.57462723	18.79637532	9.25	0.0001
SEASON		3	75.18703810	25.06234603	12.33	0.0001
REGION		3	1206.75418156	402.25139385	197.91	0.0001
HOOKHE	RS	1	16.52804151	16.52804151	8.13	0.0044
REGION	*SEAS	ON	9 562.38608	511 62.48734	4279 30	.74 0.0001

_____line days ____

Source Model Error Corrected T	DF 23 11799 otal 11822	Sum of Squares 2859.15955705 23993.96947075 26853.1290278	Mean Square 124.31128509 2.03355958 30	F Value 61.13	Pr > F 0.0001	
F O	R-Square .106474	C.V. 28.19853	Root MSE 1.42602931	LYIELD 5.057) Mean 10517	
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F	
SEASON	3	75.62713686	25.20904562	12.40	0.0001	
REGION	3	1252.50869287	417.50289762	205.31	0.0001	
LINEDAYS	5 1	4.46542485	4.46542485	2.20	0.1384	
REGION*S	EASON	9 564.88972	109 62.7655	2457 30	0.86 0.0001	
Table 6. conti	nued.					

_____ hook days ____

(Table 6. (Cont.)

Source Model	DF 23	Sum of Squares 2880.25851885	Mean Square 125.22863125	F Value 61.64	Pr > F 0.0001			
Error	11799	23972.87050895	2.03177138					
Corrected Total 11822 26853.12902780								
R	- Square	C.V.	Root MSE	LYIELD	Mean			
0.107260		28.18613	1.42540218	5.057	10517			
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F			
FISHYEAR	7	130.98176524	18.71168075	9.21	0.0001			
SEASON	3	75.90441963	25.30147321	12.45	0.0001			
REGION	3	1201.46154159	400.48718053	197.11	0.0001			
HOOKDAY	S 1	25.56438665	25.56438665	5 12.58	0.0004			
REGION*S	EASON	9 560.83839	763 62.31533	7751 30	.67 0.0001			

Table 7. Analysis of proportions of all handline trips which caught greater amberjack in the Atlantic Ocean in the United States EEZ.

Class	Level s	Values			
FI SHYR2	8	1991 19	992 1993	1994	1995 1996
		1997 19	998		
SEASON2	4	DecJanl Sep0ct1	Feb JunJ Nov	ul Aug	MarAprMay
REGI ON	4	24-26N	27-28N	29- 33N	34- 35N
			0		

Model Fitting Information for proportion positive

Description	Val ue
Observati ons	122. 0000
Res Log Likelihood	- 53. 0508
Akaike's Information Criterion	- 56. 0508
Schwarz's Bayesian Criterion	- 59. 9435
-2 Res Log Likelihood	106. 1017

Information Criteria

Better	Parms	q	р	AIC	HQI C	BIC	CAI C
Larger	3	3	0	- 56. 1	- 57.6	- 59. 9	- 61. 4
Larger	26	3	23	- 79. 1	- 92. 7	- 112. 8	- 125. 8
Smaller	3	3	0	112.1	115.3	119.9	122.9
Smaller	26	3	23	158.1	185.4	225.6	251.6

Tests of Fixed Effects

Source	NDF	DDF	Type III ChiSq	Type III F	Pr > ChiSq	Pr > F
FI SHYR2	7	21	17.85	2.55	0.0127	0.0456
SEASON2	3	21	12.22	4.07	0.0067	0.0199
REGI ON	3	21	306.58	102.19	0.0001	0.0001
SEASON2*REGION	9	57	171.46	19.05	0.0001	0.0001

Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML)

Cov Parm	Estimate					
FI SHYR2*SEASON2	0. 01043981					
FI SHYR2*REGI ON	0.05463983					
Resi dual	2.98853706					

.

Solution for Fixed Effects

Effect	FI SHYR2	SEASON2	REGI ON	Estimate	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper
I NTERCEPT				- 2. 86513510	0. 19966732	21	- 14. 35	0.0001	0.05	- 3. 2804	- 2. 4499

Table 7. (Cont.)

FI SHYR2	1991			0.56403445	0.26525109	21	2.13	0.0455	0.05	0.0124	1.1157
FI SHYR2	1992			0. 32957568	0. 20967553	21	1.57	0.1309	0.05	- 0. 1065	0.7656
FI SHYR2	1993			0.54515533	0. 20017459	21	2.72	0.0127	0.05	0.1289	0.9614
FI SHYR2	1994			0. 53972636	0. 19943970	21	2.71	0.0132	0.05	0.1250	0.9545
FI SHYR2	1995			0.68474341	0.19942989	21	3.43	0.0025	0.05	0. 2700	1.0995
FI SHYR2	1996			0.71064434	0.19921340	21	3.57	0.0018	0.05	0.2964	1.1249
FI SHYR2	1997			0. 52088696	0. 19886114	21	2.62	0.0160	0.05	0.1073	0.9344
FI SHYR2	1998			0.00000000							
SEASON2		DecJanFeb		- 0. 22143936	0. 19302191	21	- 1. 15	0.2642	0.05	- 0. 6229	0. 1800
SEASON2		JunJul Aug		0.47716142	0.15463618	21	3.09	0.0056	0.05	0.1556	0.7987
SEASON2		MarAprMay		0.08318874	0.17630589	21	0.47	0.6419	0.05	- 0. 2835	0.4498
SEASON2		Sep0ctNov		0. 00000000							
REGI ON			24- 26N	- 0. 42702914	0.18418072	21	- 2. 32	0.0306	0.05	- 0. 8101	- 0. 0440
REGI ON			27- 28N	0.95113815	0.24252795	21	3.92	0.0008	0.05	0.4468	1.4555
REGI ON			29- 33N	1.99511248	0.17897000	21	11.15	0.0001	0.05	1.6229	2.3673
REGI ON			34- 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	24- 26N	0.56281743	0. 20408933	57	2.76	0.0078	0.05	0.1541	0.9715
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	27- 28N	0.05965008	0. 29261423	57	0.20	0.8392	0.05	- 0. 5263	0.6456
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	29- 33N	0.14603110	0. 20324331	57	0.72	0.4754	0.05	- 0. 2610	0. 5530
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	34-35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	24- 26N	- 0. 45051447	0.17425632	57	- 2. 59	0.0123	0.05	- 0. 7995	- 0. 1016
SEASON2*REGI ON		JunJul Aug	27- 28N	- 0. 36412550	0.25813015	57	- 1. 41	0.1638	0.05	- 0. 8810	0.1528

Table 7. continued.

FI SHYR2 1998

SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	JunJ	ul Aug 29-33N	- 0.	46351812	0.1652	9139	57 - 2.	30 0. 006 9	0.05	- 0. 7945	- 0. 1325
SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	JunJ	ul Aug 34-35N	0.	0000000							
SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	MarA	prMay 24-26N	0.	83105120	0.1864	1964	57 4.4	6 0.0001	0.05	0.4578	1.2044
SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	MarA	prMay 27-28N	0.	04561799	0.2678	3357	57 0 .	0. 8654	0.05	- 0. 4907	0. 5819
SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	MarA	prMay 29-33N	- 0.	25210842	0.1868	4167	57 - 1.	35 0. 1826	0.05	- 0. 6263	0. 1220
SEASO	N2*REGI ON	MarA	prMay 34-35N	0.	0000000							
SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	Sep0	ctNov 24-26N	0.	0000000							
SEAS0	N2*REGION	Sep0	ctNov 27-28N	0.	0000000			-				
SEAS0	N2*REGI ON	Sep0	ctNov 29-33N	0.	0000000							
SEAS0	N2*REGION	Sep0	ctNov 34-35N	0.	00000000		•					
				Lea	st Squar	es Means						
Effect	FI SHYR2	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	$\Pr > t $	Al pha	Lower	Upper	COV1	COV2	C0V3
FI SHYR2	1991	- 1. 57938625	0. 22493361	21	- 7. 02	0. 0001	0.05	- 2. 0472	- 1. 1116	0.05	0.00	0. 00
FI SHYR2	1992	- 1. 81384501	0.15490599	21	- 11. 71	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 1360	- 1. 4917	0.00	0.02	0.00
FI SHYR2	1993	- 1. 59826536	0.14142199	21	- 11. 30	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 8924	- 1. 3042	0.00	0.00	0. 02
FI SHYR2	1994	- 1. 60369434	0.14040080	21	- 11. 42	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 8957	- 1. 3117	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1995	- 1. 45867729	0.14041218	21	- 10. 39	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 7507	- 1. 1667	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1996	- 1. 43277636	0.14019537	21	- 10. 22	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 7243	- 1. 1412	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1997	- 1. 62253374	0.13957250	21	- 11. 63	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 9128	- 1. 3323	0.00	0.00	0.00

 $-2.\ 14342070 \quad 0.\ 14236832 \quad 21 \quad -15.\ 06 \quad 0.\ 0001 \quad 0.\ 05 \quad -2.\ 4395 \quad -1.\ 8473 \quad 0.\ 00 \quad 0.\ 00 \quad 0.\ 00$

Table 8. Analysis of positive catch rates of greater amberjack from all handline trips in the United States EEZ in the Atlantic.

Class	Level s	Values
FI SHYR2	8	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998
SEASON2	4	DecJanFeb JunJulAug MarAprMay SepOctNov
REGION	4	24-26N 27-28N 29-33N 34-35N

Model Fitting Information for LCPHOOK

Val ue
13241.00
- 25454. 6
- 25456. 6
- 25464. 1
50909.17

Information Criteria

Better	Parms	q	р	AIC	HQI C	BIC	CAI C
Larger	2	2	0	- 25457	-25459	- 25464	- 25465
Larger	25	2	23	- 25480	-25511	- 25573	- 25586
Smaller	2	2	0	50913.2	50918.2	50928.1	50930.1
Smaller	25	2	23	50959.2	51021.7	51146.4	51171.4

Tests of Fixed Effects

NDF	DDF	Type III F	Pr > F
7	98	1.70	0. 1183
3	98	4.87	0.0034
3	98	229.95	0.0001
9	98	6.46	0.0001
	NDF 7 3 3 9	NDF DDF 7 98 3 98 3 98 9 98 9 98	NDF DDF Type III F 7 98 1.70 3 98 4.87 3 98 229.95 9 98 6.46

Table 8. continued.

Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML)

Cov Parm	Estimate
FI SHYR*SEASON*REGI ON	0.06836473
Resi dual	2.70392982

Solution for Fixed Effects

Effect	FI SHYR2	SEASON2	REGI ON	Estimate	Std Error	DF	t	$\mathbf{Pr} > \mathbf{t} $	Al pha	Lower	Upper
INTERCEPT				2.08063743	0. 16768212	98	12.41	0.0001	0.05	1.7479	2.4134
FI SHYR2	1991			0.38002686	0.19554093	98	1.94	0.0548	0.05	- 0. 0080	0.7681
FI SHYR2	1992			0.01035985	0.13238102	98	0.08	0.9378	0.05	- 0. 2523	0.2731
FI SHYR2	1993			- 0. 08193061	0.11935143	98	- 0. 69	0.4940	0.05	- 0. 3188	0.1549
FI SHYR2	1994			0.07975599	0.11808182	98	0.68	0.5010	0.05	- 0. 1546	0.3141
FI SHYR2	1995			0.23178827	0. 11764791	98	1.97	0.0516	0.05	- 0. 0017	0.4653
FI SHYR2	1996			0.07485880	0.11791557	98	0.63	0. 5270	0.05	- 0. 1591	0. 3089
FI SHYR2	1997			0.02078504	0.11797023	98	0.18	0.8605	0.05	- 0. 2133	0.2549
FI SHYR2	1998			0.00000000							
SEASON2		DecJanFeb		0.12244925	0. 22329299	98	0.55	0.5847	0.05	- 0. 3207	0.5656
SEASON2		JunJul Aug		- 0. 04830498	0. 19451186	98	- 0. 25	0.8044	0.05	- 0. 4343	0. 3377
SEASON2		MarAprMay		- 0. 16233190	0. 20873767	98	- 0. 78	0.4386	0.05	- 0. 5766	0.2519
SEASON2		Sep0ctNov		0.00000000				-			
REGI ON			24 - 26N	1.86023658	0. 19257579	98	9.66	0.0001	0.05	1.4781	2.2424
REGI ON			27 - 28N	2.22513015	0.23462561	98	9.48	0.0001	0.05	1.7595	2.6907
REGI ON			29-33N	1.06742680	0.18294703	98	5.83	0.0001	0.05	0.7044	1.4305
REGI ON			34 - 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	24 - 26N	0.04425942	0.27643427	98	0.16	0.8731	0.05	- 0. 5043	0. 5928
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	27 - 28N	- 0. 61064583	0. 33065271	98	- 1. 85	0.0678	0.05	- 1. 2668	0.0455
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	29-33N	- 0. 15560263	0. 26983767	98	- 0. 58	0.5655	0.05	- 0. 6911	0.3799
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	34 - 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	24 - 26N	0. 16264767	0.25968612	98	0.63	0. 5326	0.05	- 0. 3527	0.6780
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	27 - 28N	- 0. 38352089	0. 30681820	98	- 1. 25	0.2143	0.05	- 0. 9924	0. 2253
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	29 - 33N	- 0. 12648973	0. 24799538	98	- 0. 51	0.6112	0.05	- 0. 6186	0.3656
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	34 - 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	24 - 26N	1.23843232	0. 26286674	98	4.71	0.0001	0.05	0.7168	1.7601
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	27 - 28N	0. 22341456	0.31112261	98	0.72	0.4744	0.05	- 0. 3940	0.8408
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	29 - 33N	- 0. 03735220	0.25835643	98	- 0. 14	0.8853	0.05	- 0. 5501	0.4753
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	34 - 35N	0. 00000000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	24 - 26N	0. 00000000	•	•	•	•			•
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	27 - 28N	0. 00000000		•	•	•	•		•
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	29 - 33N	0. 00000000	•	•	•				•
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	34 - 35N	0.00000000							

Least Squares Means

Table 8. (Cont.)

Effect	FI SHYR2	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper	COV1	COV2	COV3
FI SHYR2	1991	3.74901219	0.17673619	98	21.21	0.0001	0.05	3. 3983	4.0997	0.03	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1992	3. 37934518	0. 10193083	98	33.15	0.0001	0.05	3.1771	3. 5816	0.00	0.01	0.00
FI SHYR2	1993	3. 28705472	0.08353141	98	39.35	0.0001	0.05	3. 1213	3.4528	0.00	0.00	0. 01
FI SHYR2	1994	3. 44874132	0.08174061	98	42.19	0.0001	0.05	3.2865	3.6110	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1995	3. 60077359	0. 08101959	98	44.44	0.0001	0.05	3.4400	3.7616	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1996	3.44384412	0. 08188709	98	42.06	0.0001	0.05	3. 2813	3.6063	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1997	3. 38977036	0.08186413	98	41.41	0.0001	0.05	3. 2273	3. 5522	0.00	0.00	0.00
FI SHYR2	1998	3. 36898532	0.08666967	98	38.87	0.0001	0.05	3. 1970	3. 5410	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 9. Index of abundance of Atlantic greater amberjack from all handline vessels. CPUE is the standardized catch rates on trips with greater amberjack, PPOS is the proportion positive, INDEX is the standardized index and SE_I and CV_I are the standard error and coefficient of variation about the index.

FI SHYR2	CPUE	PPOS	BC_CPU	GC	BC_POS	I NDEX	SE_I	CV_I
1991	43. 1477	0.17088	152.326	3. 58591	0. 17088	26. 0298	13. 4532	0. 51684
1992	29. 5044	0.14017	110.895	3.77818	0.14017	15.5446	3.8948	0. 25055
1993	26.8575	0.16822	101. 287	3.78446	0.16822	17.0389	3.9976	0. 23462
1994	31.5660	0.16747	119.079	3.78501	0.16747	19.9417	4.6549	0. 23343
1995	36.7470	0.18867	138.640	3.78522	0.18867	26.1571	6.0467	0. 23117
1996	31.4122	0. 19267	118.496	3.78496	0. 19267	22.8302	5.2769	0. 23114
1997	29.7587	0.16486	112.259	3.78497	0.16486	18.5065	4.3189	0. 23337
1998	29.1583	0. 10495	109. 906	3. 78348	0.10495	11.5344	2.7962	0. 24242

Table 10. Analysis of proportions of trips which caught greater amberjack from handline vessels in the 90th 99th percentile for positive catch rate or proportion of trips with greater amberjack in the Atlantic Ocean in the United States EEZ. Class Levels Values

FI SHYR2	8	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996
		1997 1998
SEASON2	4	DecJanFeb JunJulAug MarAprMay
		Sep0ctNov
REGI ON	3	24-26N 29-33N 34-35N

Model Fitting Information for proportion positive

Description	Val ue
Observati ons	88. 0000
Res Log Likelihood	-88.1390
Akaike's Information Criterion	-90.1390
Schwarz's Bayesian Criterion	-92.3731
-2 Res Log Likelihood	176. 2779

Information Criteria

Better	Parms	q	р	AIC	HQI C	BIC	CAI C
Larger	2	2	0	- 90. 1	- 91. 0	-92.4	- 93. 4
Larger	21	2	19	- 109. 1	- 118. 4	- 132.6	- 143. 1
Smaller	2	2	0	180.3	182.1	184.7	186.7
Smaller	21	2	19	218.3	236.9	265.2	286.2

Tests of Fixed Effects

Source	NDF	DDF	Type III ChiSq	Type III F	Pr > Chi Sq	Pr > F
					-	
FI SHYR2	7	69	18.66	2.67	0.0093	0.0168
SEASON2	3	69	7.89	2.63	0.0483	0.0569
REGI ON	2	69	259.82	129.91	0.0001	0.0001
SEASON2*REGION	6	69	21.65	3.61	0.0014	0.0036

Table 10. continued.

Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML)

Cov Parm	Estimate
FI SHYR*SEASON*REGI ON	0. 02716895
Resi dual	3. 02890551

Solution for Fixed Effects

Effect	FI SHYR2 SEASON2	REGI ON	Estimate	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper
I NTERCEPT			- 2. 68879147	0.35750756	69	- 7. 52	0.0001	0. 05	- 3. 4020	- 1. 9756
FI SHYR2	1991		- 1. 19406655	0.45073617	69	- 2.65	0.0100	0.05	- 2. 0933	- 0. 2949
Table 10 (Cont.)

FI SHYR2	1992			0. 23333536	0.25551856	69	0.91	0.3643	0.05	- 0. 2764	0.7431
FI SHYR2	1993			0.35453350	0. 22593506	69	1.57	0.1212	0.05	- 0. 0962	0.8053
FI SHYR2	1994			0. 29794656	0.21307125	69	1.40	0.1665	0.05	- 0. 1271	0.7230
FI SHYR2	1995			0.34350400	0.21874988	69	1.57	0.1209	0.05	- 0. 0929	0.7799
FI SHYR2	1996			0.50978014	0.21252487	69	2.40	0.0192	0.05	0.0858	0. 9338
FI SHYR 2	1997			0.18608108	0.21153549	69	0.88	0.3821	0.05	- 0. 2359	0.6081
FI SHYR2	1998			0.00000000							
SEASON2		DecJanFeb		- 0. 01046292	0.49706658	69	- 0. 02	0.9833	0.05	- 1. 0021	0.9812
SEASON2		JunJul Aug		0.73481476	0.39910808	69	1.84	0.0699	0.05	- 0. 0614	1.5310
SEASON2		MarAprMay		0. 29368077	0.45734478	69	0.64	0. 5229	0.05	- 0. 6187	1.2061
SEASON2		Sep0ctNov		0.0000000							
REGI ON			24-26N	1.62405383	0.35802196	69	4.54	0.0001	0.05	0.9098	2.3383
REGI ON			29- 33N	3. 63088962	0. 43772466	69	8.29	0.0001	0.05	2.7577	4.5041
REGI ON			34-35N	0.00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	24- 26N	0.86410285	0. 53667362	69	1.61	0.1119	0.05	- 0. 2065	1.9347
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	29- 33N	0.31462152	0.65314549	69	0.48	0.6315	0.05	- 0. 9884	1.6176
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	34- 35N	0.00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	24-26N	- 0. 72502077	0.45365002	69	- 1.60	0.1146	0.05	- 1. 6300	0. 1800
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	29- 33N	- 0. 73118867	0.56943291	69	- 1. 28	0.2034	0.05	- 1. 8672	0.4048
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	34- 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	24-26N	0.92120931	0. 49791794	69	1.85	0.0686	0.05	- 0. 0721	1.9145
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	29- 33N	- 0. 01722804	0. 62119193	69	- 0. 03	0.9780	0.05	- 1. 2565	1. 2220
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	34- 35N	0.00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	24-26N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	29- 33N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		Sep0ctNov	34-35N	0. 00000000							

Least Squares Means

Effect	FI SHYR2	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper
FI SHYR2	1991	- 1. 82449403	0. 42672697	69	- 4. 28	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 6758	-0.9732
FI SHYR2	1992	- 0. 39709212	0. 20532531	69	- 1. 93	0.0572	0.05	- 0. 8067	0.0125
FI SHYR2	1993	- 0. 27589398	0.16753649	69	- 1.65	0.1042	0.05	- 0. 6101	0.0583
FI SHYR2	1994	- 0. 33248092	0.15227606	69	- 2. 18	0.0324	0.05	- 0. 6363	-0.0287
FI SHYR2	1995	- 0. 28692348	0.15924372	69	- 1. 80	0.0759	0.05	- 0. 6046	0. 0308
FI SHYR2	1996	- 0. 12064734	0.15061298	69	- 0. 80	0.4259	0.05	- 0. 4211	0.1798
FI SHYR2	1997	- 0. 44434640	0.15002127	69	- 2.96	0.0042	0.05	- 0. 7436	-0.1451
FI SHYR2	1998	- 0. 63042748	0.16518984	69	- 3. 82	0.0003	0.05	- 0. 9600	-0.3009

Table 11. Analysis of positive catch rates of greater amberjack from handline vessels in the 90^{th} - 99^{th} percentile for positive catch rate or proportion of trips with greater amberjack in the United States EEZ in the Atlantic.

	Class	Level s	Valu	ies								
	FI SHYR2	8	1991 1997	1992	1993 1994	1995	5 1996					
	SEASON2	4	DecJ	anFeb .	JunJul Aug	Mar/	AprMay					
			Sep0	ctNov	U							
	REGI ON	3	24-2	6N 29-3	33N 34-35N							
Model Fitting Information for LCPHOOK												
	Descr	i pti on				Val	ue					
	0bser	vations			25	16. (000					
	Res L	og Likel	l i hood	I	- 4	833.	58					
	Akai k	e's Info	ormati	on Cri	terion -4	835.	58					
	Schwa	rz's Bay	yesi ar	1 Crite	rion -4	841.	41					
	-2 Ke	s Log Li	kelih	lood	96	67.1	69					
	Information Criteria											
Better	Parms	q	р	AIC	HQI C		BI C	CAI C				
Larger	2	2	0 -	4835.6	-4837.7	- 48	341.4	- 4842. 4				
Larger	21	2	19 -	4854.6	-4876.8	- 49	915.7	- 4926. 2				
Smaller	2	2	0	9671.2	9675.4	96	82.8	9684.8				
Smaller	r 21	2	19	9709. 2	9753.6	98	31.4	9852.4				
		Tes	ts of	Fi xed	Effects							
	Source		NDF	DDF	Type III	FI	Pr > F					
	FI SHYR2		7	66	0.9	3 (). 4877					
	SEASON2		3	66	2.2	5 (). 0902					
	REGI ON		2	66	86.7	8 (0. 0001					
	SEASON2*	REGI ON	6	66	1.5	1 (). 1892					
	Covar	iance Pa	aramet	er Esti	imates (RE	ML)						
	Cov	Parm			Estima	te						
	FISH	VR*SFAS()N*RFG	TON	0 176552	47						
	Res	i dual			2. 64402	346						
		Sol ut i	ion fo	r Fixe	d Effects							

Effect FISHYR2 SEASON2 REGION Estimate Std Error DF t Pr > |t| Alpha Lower

•

Upper

Table 11. continued

FI SHYR2 1995

FI SHYR2 1996

FI SHYR2 1997

FI SHYR2 1998

3.97647734

3. 68781698

3.65348872

3.73963476

0.16672717

0.16450706

0.17075389

0.17944356

66 23.85

66 22.42

66 21.40

66 20.84

0.0001

0.0001

0.0001

0.0001 0.05

0.05

0.05

0.05

3.6436

3.3594

3. 3126

3.3814

4.3094

4.0163

3.9944

4.0979

I NTERCEP	т			2.395	91751	0. 3748717	6 66	6.39	0.0001	0.05	1.6475	3.1444
FI SHYR2	: 1	991		0.61	768191	0. 436694	87 66	1.41	0.1619	0.05	- 0. 2542	1.4896
FI SHYR2	: 1	992		- 0. 00	592735	0.251414	39 66	- 0. 02	0.9813	0.05	- 0. 5079	0.4960
FI SHYR2	: 1	993		- 0. 08	532597	0. 237536	45 66	- 0. 36	0.7206	0.05	- 0. 5596	0. 3889
FI SHYR2	2 1	1994		- 0. 19	772427	0.238219	92 66	- 0. 83	0.4095	0.05	- 0. 6733	0.2779
FI SHYR2	: 1	995		0.23	684258	0. 240534	42 66	0.98	0.3284	0.05	- 0. 2434	0.7171
FI SHYR2	: 1	996		- 0. 05	181778	0. 236553	68 66	- 0. 22	0.8273	0.05	- 0. 5241	0.4205
FI SHYR2	2 1	997		- 0. 08	614604	0. 238622	68 66	- 0. 36	0.7192	0.05	- 0. 5626	0. 3903
FI SHYR2	: 1	998		0.00	000000				•			-
SEASON2		DecJanFe	b	0.10	803930	0.519080	95 66	0.21	0.8358	0.05	- 0. 9283	1.1444
SEASON2		JunJul Au	g	0.18	949622	0. 419120	04 66	0.45	0.6527	0.05	- 0. 6473	1.0263
SEASON2		MarAprMa	у	0. 20	493591	0. 472103	71 66	0.43	0.6656	0.05	- 0. 7376	1.1475
SEASON2		Sep0ctNo	v	0.00	000000						-	
REGI ON			24- 26N	2.08	931846	0. 388003	21 66	5.38	0.0001	0.05	1.3146	2.8640
REGI ON			29- 33N	1.43	492352	0. 391912	22 66	3.66	0.0005	0.05	0.6524	2.2174
REGI ON			34- 35N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	*REGI ON	DecJanFe	b 24-26N	0.30	298976	0. 583339	61 66	0.52	0.6052	0.05	- 0. 8617	1.4677
SEASON2	*REGI ON	DecJanFe	b 29-33N	0.08	611037	0. 591846	38 66	0.15	0.8848	0.05	- 1. 0955	1.2678
SEASON2	*REGI ON	DecJanFe	b 34-35N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	*REGI ON	JunJul Au	g 24-26N	0.10	248058	0. 503512	30 66	0.20	0.8393	0.05	- 0. 9028	1.1078
SEASON2	*REGI ON	JunJul Au	g 29-33N	- 0. 66	443579	0. 509593	32 66	- 1. 30	0.1968	0.05	- 1. 6819	0.3530
SEASON2	*REGI ON	JunJul Au	g 34-35N	0.00	000000				-			-
SEASON2	*REGI ON	MarAprMa	y 24-26N	0.77	202870	0. 539636	66 26	1.43	0.1572	0.05	- 0. 3054	1.8494
SEASON2	*REGI ON	MarAprMa	y 29-33N	- 0. 07	894883	0.551924	03 66	- 0. 14	0.8867	0.05	- 1. 1809	1.0230
SEASON2	*REGI ON	MarAprMa	y 34-35N	0.00	000000							-
SEASON2	*REGI ON	Sep0ctNo	v 24-26N	0.00	000000				-			-
SEASON2	*REGI ON	Sep0ctNo	v 29-33N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	*REGI ON	Sep0ctNo	v 34-35N	0.00	000000				•			•
			Loast	Sauaros	Maans							
Effect	FI SHYR2	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper			
					c							
FI SHYR2	1991	4.35731667	0. 40502632	66	10.76	0.0001	0.05	3. 5487	5.1660			
FI SHYR2	1992	3.73370741	0. 18689290	66	19.98	0.0001	0.05	3.3606	4. 1069			
FI SHYR2	1993	3.65430879	0. 16553883	66	22.08	0.0001	0.05	3. 3238	3.9848			
FI SHYR2	1994	3. 54191049	0. 16427999	66	21.56	0.0001	0.05	3.2139	3.8699			

Table 12. Index of abundance of Atlantic greater amberjack from handline vessels in the 90^{th} - 99^{th} percentile for positive catch rate or proportion of trips with greater amberjack. CPUE is the standardized catch rates on trips with greater amberjack, PPOS is the proportion positive, INDEX is the standardized index and SE_I and CV_I are the standard error and coefficient of variation about the index.

FI SHYR2	CPUE	PPOS	BC_CPU	GC	BC_POS	I NDEX	SE_I	CV_I
1991	84.7190	0. 13890	255.758	3. 27696	0. 13890	35. 5236	23. 1021	0. 65033
1992	42.5709	0. 40201	150.565	3. 59910	0.40201	60. 5287	18.0386	0. 29802
1993	39.1739	0.43146	139. 578	3.61219	0. 43146	60. 2223	16.6506	0. 27648
1994	35.0020	0.41764	124.764	3.61291	0.41764	52.1061	14.2605	0. 27368
1995	54.0752	0. 42876	192.597	3.61150	0.42876	82.5774	22.7552	0. 27556
1996	40.5019	0.46987	144.358	3.61278	0.46987	67.8301	18.3756	0. 27091
1997	39.1761	0. 39071	139.346	3.60913	0.39071	54.4431	15.1309	0. 27792
1998	42.7656	0.34741	151.659	3.60384	0.34741	52.6885	15. 1951	0. 28840

Table 13. Analysis of proportions of trips which caught greater amberjack from handline vessels in the upper quartile for positive catch rate or proportion of trips with greater amberjack in the Atlantic Ocean in the United States EEZ.

Class Level Information

FI SHYR2	7	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998
SEASON2	4	DecJanFeb JunJulAug MarAprMay
		Sep0ctNov
REGI ON	3	24-26N 29-33N 34-35N

Model Fitting Information for proportion positive

Val ue
84.0000
-29.5827
-31.5827
-33.7723
59. 1654

Information Criteria

Better	Parms	q	р	AIC	HQI C	BI C	CAIC
Larger	2	2	0	- 31. 6	- 32.4	-33.8	- 34. 8
Larger	20	2	18	- 49.6	- 58. 2	-71.5	- 81. 5
Smaller	2	2	0	63.2	64.9	67.5	69.5
Smaller	20	2	18	99.2	116.5	143.0	163.0

Tests of Fixed Effects

Source	NDF	DDF	Type III ChiSq	Type III F	$\mathbf{Pr} > \mathbf{Chi} \mathbf{Sq}$	$\mathbf{Pr} > \mathbf{F}$
FI SHYR2	6	66	37.05	6.17	0.0001	0. 0001
SEASON2	3	66	9.17	3.06	0.0271	0.0343
REGI ON	2	66	696.37	348.18	0.0001	0.0001
SEASON2*REGION	6	66	49.68	8.28	0.0001	0.0001

Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML) Cov Parm Estimate

FI SHYR*SEASON*REGI ON	0.02215622
Resi dual	1.36240272

Solution for Fixed Effects

Effect FISHYR2 SEASON2 REGION Estimate Std Error DF t Pr > |t| Alpha Lower

Upper

Table 13. continued

I NTERCEPT				- 2. 23927569	0.15841048	66	- 14. 14	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 5556	-1.9230
FI SHYR2	1992			0.05398519	0. 12537838	66	0.43	0.6682	0.05	- 0. 1963	0. 3043
FI SHYR2	1993			0.24864594	0.11158500	66	2.23	0. 0293	0.05	0.0259	0.4714
FI SHYR2	1994			0.40121342	0.10445202	66	3.84	0.0003	0.05	0.1927	0.6098
FI SHYR2	1995			0. 42872011	0.10442902	66	4.11	0.0001	0.05	0. 2202	0.6372
FI SHYR2	1996			0.51778203	0.10303116	66	5.03	0.0001	0.05	0.3121	0.7235
FI SHYR2	1997			0.27079088	0.10266791	66	2.64	0.0104	0.05	0.0658	0.4758
FI SHYR2	1998			0. 00000000							
SEASON2		DecJanFeb		- 0. 29267627	0.23647781	66	- 1. 24	0. 2202	0.05	- 0. 7648	0.1795
SEASON2		JunJul Aug		0. 22084715	0.18300184	66	1.21	0.2318	0.05	- 0. 1445	0.5862
SEASON2		MarAprMay		- 0. 10358777	0.21142178	66	- 0. 49	0.6258	0.05	- 0. 5257	0.3185
SEASON2		Sep0ctNov		0. 00000000							
REGI ON			24- 26N	0.39613220	0.17070082	66	2.32	0.0234	0.05	0.0553	0.7369
REGI ON			29- 33N	2.04353654	0.16875845	66	12.11	0.0001	0.05	1.7066	2.3805
REGI ON			34- 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	24- 26N	0.79643521	0.26754459	66	2.98	0.0041	0.05	0.2623	1.3306
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	29- 33N	0. 30588732	0.27034879	66	1.13	0.2620	0.05	- 0. 2339	0.8457
SEASON2*REGION		DecJanFeb	34- 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	24- 26N	- 0. 08166709	0.22618406	66	- 0. 36	0.7192	0.05	- 0. 5333	0.3699
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	29- 33N	- 0. 18506509	0. 22357525	66	- 0. 83	0.4108	0.05	- 0. 6314	0.2613
SEASON2*REGION		JunJul Aug	34- 35N	0. 00000000							
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	24-26N	1.01443590	0.24354949	66	4.17	0.0001	0.05	0. 5282	1.5007
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	29- 33N	0. 11079588	0.24843406	66	0.45	0.6571	0.05	- 0. 3852	0.6068
SEASON2*REGION		MarAprMay	34- 35N	0. 00000000							

Table 13. continued.

		Least S	Squares Means				
SEASON2*REGION	Sep0ctNov	34- 35N	0. 00000000			•	•
SEASON2*REGI ON	Sep0ctNov	29- 33N	0.0000000				
SEASON2*REGI ON	Sep0ctNov	24- 26N	0. 00000000				

Effect	FI SHYR2	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	$\Pr > t $	Al pha	Lower	Upper
FI SHYR2	1992	- 1. 25251996	0. 10211779	66	- 12. 27	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 4564	-1.0486
FI SHYR2	1993	- 1. 05785922	0.08383715	66	- 12. 62	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 2252	-0.8905
FI SHYR2	1994	- 0. 90529174	0.07370699	66	- 12. 28	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 0525	-0.7581
FI SHYR2	1995	- 0. 87778505	0.07394219	66	- 11. 87	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 0254	-0.7302
FI SHYR2	1996	- 0. 78872313	0.07199429	66	- 10. 96	0.0001	0.05	- 0. 9325	-0.6450
FI SHYR2	1997	- 1. 03571427	0.07135239	66	- 14. 52	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 1782	-0.8933
FI SHYR2	1998	- 1. 30650516	0.07751767	66	- 16. 85	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 4613	-1.1517

Table 14. Analysis of positive catch rates of greater amberjack from handline vessels in the upper quartile for positive catch rate or proportion of trips with greater amberjack in the United States EEZ in the Atlantic.

	Class	Levels	s Va	lues									
	FI SHYR2	2	7 19 19	92 1993 : 98	1994 1995	1996 1997	,						
	SEASON2	4	l De	cJanFeb .	JunJul Aug	MarAprMay	7						
			Se	p0ctNov									
	REGION	3	8 24	-26N 29-3	33N 34-35N								
	Mode	l Fitti	ng I	nformatio	on for LCP	ноок							
	Descr	i pti on			NOV N 29-33N 34-35N rmation for LCPH00K Value 4737.000 -9359.40 n Criterion -9361.40 Criterion -9367.86 od 18718.80 on Criteria AIC HQIC BIC CAIC								
	0bser	vations	5		47	37.000							
	Res I	.og Like	el i ho	od	-9	359.40							
	Akai k	e's Inf	forma	tion Crit	terion -9	361.40							
	Schwa	rz's Ba	iyesi	an Crite	iterion -9367.86								
	-2 Re	s Log I	i kel	i hood	18	718.80							
	Information Criteria												
Better	Parms	q	р	AIC	HQI C	BI C	CAI C						
Larger	2	2	0	- 9361.4	-9363.7	- 9367. 9	- 9368. 9						
Larger	20	2	18	- 9379. 4	-9402.1	- 9444. 0	- 9454. 0						
Smaller	c 2	2	0	18722.8	18727.3	18735.7	18737.7						
Smaller	r 20	2	18	18758.8	18804.2	18888.0	18908.0						
	Tests of Fixed Effects												
	Source		ND	F DDF	Type III	F Pr > F	7						
	FI SHYR2			6 18	3. 7	2 0.0139)						
	SEASON2			3 18	4.3	0 0.0188	;						
	REGI ON			2 4701	352.06 0.0001								

Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML)

6 4701

Cov Parm Es	timate
-------------	--------

SEASON2*REGION

FI SHYR2*SEASON2	0.01317355
Resi dual	3.01818937

Solution for Fixed Effects

Effect	FI SHYR2	SEASON2	REGI ON	Estimate	Std Error	DF	t	Pr >	t	Al	pha	Lower	Upper

6.93 0.0001

Table 14. continued.

FI SHYR2 1998

3. 19341855

0.09603308

18 33.25

0.0001 0.05

I NTERCE	EPT				1.803	303914	0. 203910	82 18	8.84	0.0001	0.05	1.3746	2.2314
FI SHYR2	2	1992			0. 325	577896	0.148949	08 18	2.19	0.0422	0.05	0.0128	0.6387
FI SHYR2	2	1993			0.142	214768	0. 133395	17 18	1.07	0.3007	0.05	- 0. 1381	0. 4224
FI SHYR2	2	1994			0.408	890511	0. 124568	882 18	3.28	0.0041	0.05	0.1472	0.6706
FI SHYR2	2	1995			0.389	984144	0. 124644	82 18	3.13	0.0058	0.05	0.1280	0.6517
FI SHYR2	2	1996			0.061	139608	0. 122074	24 18	0.50	0.6211	0.05	- 0. 1951	0.3179
FI SHYR2	2	1997			0.079	917134	0. 123351	13 18	0.64	0.5291	0.05	- 0. 1800	0. 3383
FI SHYR2	2	1998			0.000	00000						•	
SEASON2	2	Dec.	JanFeb		0. 201	136832	0.317494	87 18	0.63	0.5339	0.05	- 0. 4657	0.8684
SEASON2	2	Jun	Jul Aug		0.00	111888	0. 234549	41 18	0.00	0.9962	0.05	- 0. 4917	0.4939
SEASON2	2	Mar	AprMay		0.212	202516	0. 278689	98 18	0.76	0.4566	0.05	- 0. 3735	0. 7975
SEASON2	2	Sep	OctNov		0.000	000000							
REGI ON		-		24- 26N	2.35	748472	0. 205394	4701	11.48	0.0001	0.05	1.9548	2.7602
REGI ON				29- 33N	1.55	207810	0. 193568	811 4701	8.02	0.0001	0.05	1.1726	1.9316
REGI ON				34- 35N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Dec	JanFeb	24-26N	- 0. 09	177194	0. 334184	435 4701	- 0. 27	0.7836	0.05	- 0. 7469	0.5634
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Dec	JanFeb	29- 33N	- 0. 09	769020	0. 328542	244 4701	- 0. 30	0.7662	0.05	- 0. 7418	0.5464
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Dec	JanFeb	34- 35N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	?*REGI ON	Jun	Jul Aug	24-26N	0.007	735847	0. 264521	19 4701	0.03	0.9778	0.05	- 0. 5112	0. 5259
SEASON2	2 * REGI ON	Jun	Jul Aug	29- 33N	- 0. 28	696103	0. 247746	606 4701	- 1. 16	0.2468	0.05	- 0. 7727	0. 1987
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Jun	Jul Aug	34- 35N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	?*REGI ON	Mar	AprMay	24-26N	0.528	851306	0. 295099	014 4701	1.79	0.0734	0.05	- 0. 0500	1.1070
SEASON2	?*REGI ON	Mar	AprMay	29- 33N	- 0. 25	668368	0. 291133	812 4701	- 0. 88	0.3780	0.05	- 0. 8274	0.3141
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Mar	AprMay	34- 35N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Sep	OctNov	24- 26N	0.000	000000				•		•	
SEASON2	?*REGI ON	Sep	OctNov	29- 33N	0.00	000000							
SEASON2	2*REGI ON	Sep	OctNov	34- 35N	0.00	000000							
				Loost S	quaros	Mane							
ECC+	EI CIIVDO	LONGA		Least 3	quares	Means	Den i leti	A1 h	T				
Errect	FISHIKZ	LSMEA	N 5	ca Error	DF	Ľ	$\mathbf{Pr} > \mathbf{U} $	AI pha	Lower	upper			
FI SHYR2	1992	3. 5191975	1 0.	12186229	18	28. 88	0.0001	0.05	3. 2632	3. 7752			
FI SHYR2	1993	3. 3355662	4 0.	10108673	18	33. 00	0.0001	0.05	3. 1232	3. 5479			
FI SHYR2	1994	3. 6023236	70.	08934641	18	40.32	0.0001	0.05	3.4146	3. 7900			
FI SHYR2	1995	3. 5832600	0 0.	08894656	18	40.29	0.0001	0.05	3. 3964	3.7701			
FI SHYR2	1996	3. 2548146	3 0.	08667997	18	37.55	0.0001	0.05	3.0727	3. 4369			
FI SHYR2	1997	3. 2725898	90.	08735639	18	37.46	0.0001	0.05	3. 0891	3.4561			

2. 9917 3. 3952

Table 15. Index of abundance of Atlantic greater amberjack from handline vessels in the upper quartile for positive catch rate or proportion of trips with greater amberjack. CPUE is the standardized catch rates on trips with greater amberjack, PPOS is the proportion positive, INDEX is the standardized index and SE_I and CV_I are the standard error and coefficient of variation about the index.

FI SHYR2	CPUE	PPOS	BC_CPU	GC	BC_POS	I NDEX	SE_I	CV_I
1992	34.0089	0. 22226	132.734	3. 93201	0. 22226	29.5021	15.5259	0. 52626
1993	28. 2382	0. 25772	114.798	4.08616	0.25772	29. 5856	11.3573	0. 38388
1994	36.8301	0.28796	150.042	4.09019	0. 28796	43. 2067	16.4397	0.38049
1995	36.1333	0. 29364	147.213	4.09032	0.29364	43. 2273	16.4434	0. 38040
1996	26.0123	0.31244	106.018	4.09103	0.31244	33. 1247	12.5778	0.37971
1997	26.4804	0.26198	107.914	4. 09082	0.26198	28.2711	10.7509	0.38028
1998	24.4842	0.21307	99.630	4.08796	0.21307	21.2284	8. 1291	0. 38293

Table 16. Analysis of the proportion of full day headboat trips catching greater amberjack in the Atlantic.

Levels Values

Class

FI SHYEAR 22 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 SEASON 4 AprMayJun JanFebMar JulAugSep OctNovDec REGI ON 4 24-25, 4N 25, 5-28, 6N 28. 7- 30. 6N 30. 7- 35N INSHORPL 2 0 1 Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML) Cov Parm Estimate FI SH*SEAS*REGI *I NSHO 0.59830579 Resi dual 1.45801288 Model Fitting Information for proportion positive Description Val ue 636.0000 **Observations** -986.820 Res Log Likelihood Akaike's Information Criterion -988.820 Schwarz's Bayesian Criterion -993.224 1973.641 -2 Res Log Likelihood Information Criteria Better Parms AI C HQI C BIC CAIC р q Larger 2 2 0 - 988. 8 - 990. 5 - 993. 2 - 994. 2 Larger 34 2 32 - 1020. 8 -1050.0 - 1095. 7 - 1112. 7 Smaller 2 2 0 1977.6 1981.1 1986. 4 1988. 4 Smaller 34 2 32 2041.6 2099. 9 2191.4 2225.4 Tests of Fixed Effects Source NDF DDF Type III ChiSq Type III F Pr > ChiSq Pr > FFI SHYEAR 21 604 145.31 6.92 0.0001 0.0001 SEASON 3 604 22.32 7.44 0.0001 0.0001 REGI ON 3 604 275.57 91.86 0.0001 0.0001 I NSHORPL 1 604 52.94 52.94 0.0001 0.0001 SEASON*INSHORPL 3 604 2.23 0.74 0.5265 0.5269

Solution for Fixed Effects

Table 16. continued

Effect	FI SHYEAR	SEASON	REGION	INSHORPL	Estimate	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper
I NTERCEPT				-	1. 12349358	0.25284719	604	- 4. 44	0.0001	0.05	1.6201	- 0. 6269
FI SHYEAR	1976				0.66521915	0. 32313991	604	2.06	0.0400	0.05	0.0306	1.2998
FI SHYEAR	1977				0.59327828	0.32317403	604	1.84	0.0669	0.05	0. 0414	1.2280
FI SHYEAR	1978				1.37584146	0.29692796	604	4.63	0.0001	0.05	0.7927	1.9590
FI SHYEAR	1979				1.44550375	0.28907735	604	5.00	0.0001	0.05	0.8778	2.0132
FI SHYEAR	1980				1.06458597	0.28961701	604	3.68	0.0003	0.05	0.4958	1.6334
FI SHYEAR	1981				1.20457285	0.28875466	604	4.17	0.0001	0.05	0.6375	1.7717
FI SHYEAR	1982				1.32576477	0.29189779	604	4.54	0.0001	0.05	0.7525	1.8990
FI SHYEAR	1983				1.42876079	0. 29191615	604	4.89	0.0001	0.05	0.8555	2.0021
FI SHYEAR	1984				0.98440360	0.29065417	604	3. 39	0.0008	0.05	0.4136	1.5552
FI SHYEAR	1985				0.99361698	0. 28892729	604	3.44	0.0006	0.05	0.4262	1.5610
FI SHYEAR	1986				1.11037145	0.28662038	604	3.87	0.0001	0.05	0.5475	1.6733
FI SHYEAR	1987				1.20482677	0. 28893582	604	4.17	0.0001	0.05	0.6374	1.7723
FI SHYEAR	1988				0.78992575	0.29525010	604	2.68	0.0077	0.05	0.2101	1.3698
FI SHYEAR	1989				0.82251665	0. 29113025	604	2.83	0.0049	0.05	0.2508	1.3943
FI SHYEAR	1990				0. 16427913	0. 29793305	604	0.55	0.5816	0.05	0. 4208	0.7494
FI SHYEAR	1991				0. 52598373	0. 29379480	604	1.79	0.0739	0.05	0.0510	1.1030
FI SHYEAR	1992				0.41189326	0. 29083629	604	1.42	0.1572	0.05	0.1593	0.9831
FI SHYEAR	1993				0.31344176	0.29866424	604	1.05	0.2944	0.05	0. 2731	0.9000
FI SHYEAR	1994				0. 28904997	0. 29695369	604	0.97	0. 3308	0.05	0. 2941	0.8722
FI SHYEAR	1995			-	0. 24352314	0.31209069	604	- 0. 78	0.4355	0.05	0.8564	0.3694
FI SHYEAR	1996				0.11839574	0. 30356622	604	0.39	0.6967	0.05	0.4778	0.7146
FI SHYEAR	1997				0. 00000000							
SEASON		AprMayJun		-	0. 03097359	0.13808804	604	- 0. 22	0.8226	0.05	0. 3022	0.2402
SEASON		JanFebMar		-	0. 57498712	0.14644331	604	- 3. 93	0.0001	0.05	0.8626	- 0. 2874
SEASON		Jul AugSep		-	0. 09376446	0. 14048917	604	- 0. 67	0.5048	0.05	0.3697	0.1821
SEASON		OctNovDec			0.0000000							
REGI ON			24-25.4N	-	1.36325737	0.13164354	604-	10.36	0.0001	0.05	1.6218	- 1. 1047
REGI ON			25. 5-28. 6N	-	1.38434368	0.11760003	604-	11.77	0.0001	0.05	1.6153	- 1. 1534
REGI ON			28. 7- 30. 6N		0.14391753	0.09574681	604	1.50	0.1333	0.05	0.0441	0.3320
REGI ON			30. 7- 35N		0.0000000							
INSHORPL				0 -	0.79748339	0.17361097	604	- 4. 59	0.0001	0.05	1. 1384	- 0. 4565
INSHORPL				1	0. 00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		AprMayJun		0	0.29851697	0. 22817436	604	1.31	0. 1913	0.05	0.1496	0.7466
SEASON*INSHORPL		AprMayJun		1	0.0000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		JanFebMar		0	0. 29883029	0. 24958985	604	1.20	0.2317	0.05	0. 1913	0.7890
SEASON*INSHORPL		JanFebMar		1	0. 00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		Jul AugSep		0	0. 13666297	0. 23015538	604	0.59	0.5529	0.05	0.3153	0.5887
SEASON*INSHORPL		Jul AugSep		1	0.0000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		OctNovDec		0	0. 00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		OctNovDec		1	0. 00000000							

Table 16. continued.

Least	Squares	Means
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Effect	FI SHYEAR	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	Pr > t	Al pha	Lower	Upper
FI SHYEAR	1976	- 1. 59111702	0. 22938800	604	-6.94	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 0416	- 1. 1406
FI SHYEAR	1977	- 1. 66305789	0. 22932360	604	-7.25	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 1134	- 1. 2127
FI SHYEAR	1978	- 0. 88049472	0.18752473	604	-4.70	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 2488	- 0. 5122
FI SHYEAR	1979	- 0. 81083242	0.17259415	604	-4.70	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 1498	- 0. 4719
FI SHYEAR	1980	- 1. 19175021	0.17372769	604	-6.86	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 5329	- 0. 8506
FI SHYEAR	1981	- 1. 05176332	0.17130183	604	-6.14	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 3882	- 0. 7153
FI SHYEAR	1982	- 0. 93057141	0.17717425	604	-5.25	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 2785	- 0. 5826
FI SHYEAR	1983	- 0. 82757539	0.17832982	604	-4.64	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 1778	- 0. 4774
FI SHYEAR	1984	- 1. 27193257	0.17681728	604	-7.19	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 6192	- 0. 9247
FI SHYEAR	1985	- 1. 26271919	0.17349824	604	-7.28	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 6035	- 0. 9220
FI SHYEAR	1986	- 1. 14596473	0.16864509	604	-6.80	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 4772	- 0. 8148
FI SHYEAR	1987	- 1. 05150940	0.17397958	604	-6.04	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 3932	- 0. 7098
FI SHYEAR	1988	- 1. 46641043	0.18420369	604	-7.96	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 8282	- 1. 1047
FI SHYEAR	1989	- 1. 43381952	0.17664831	604	-8.12	0.0001	0.05	- 1. 7807	- 1. 0869
FI SHYEAR	1990	- 2. 09205705	0. 18845973	604	- 11. 10	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 4622	- 1. 7219
FI SHYEAR	1991	- 1. 73035245	0. 18128319	604	-9.55	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 0864	- 1. 3743
FI SHYEAR	1992	- 1. 84444291	0.17666911	604	- 10. 44	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 1914	- 1. 4975
FI SHYEAR	1993	- 1. 94289441	0. 18991864	604	- 10. 23	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 3159	- 1. 5699
FI SHYEAR	1994	- 1. 96728621	0. 18721092	604	- 10. 51	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 3349	- 1. 5996
FI SHYEAR	1995	- 2. 49985931	0. 21204049	604	- 11. 79	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 9163	- 2. 0834
FI SHYEAR	1996	- 2. 13794043	0. 19857801	604	- 10. 77	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 5279	- 1. 7480
FI SHYEAR	1997	- 2. 25633618	0.23425202	604	-9.63	0.0001	0.05	- 2. 7164	- 1. 7963

Table 17. Analysis greater amberjack catch per successful trip on full day headboats in the Atlantic.

Class Levels Values FI SHYEAR 22 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 SEASON 4 AprMayJun JanFebMar JulAugSep OctNovDec REGI ON 4 24-25, 4N 25, 5-28, 6N 28. 7- 30. 6N 30. 7- 35N I NSHORPL 2 0 1 Covariance Parameter Estimates (REML) Cov Parm Estimate FI SH*SEAS*REGI *I NSHO 0.14311818 Resi dual 0.82551867 Model Fitting Information for LCATCH **Description** Val ue **Observations** 14165.00 Res Log Likelihood -19108.5 Akaike's Information Criterion -19110.5 Schwarz's Bayesian Criterion -19118.0 -2 Res Log Likelihood 38216.93 Information Criteria Better Parms р AI C HQI C BI C CAIC q Larger 2 2 0 - 19110 - 19113 - 19118 - 19119 Larger 37 2 35 - 19145 - 19192 - 19285 - 19304 Smaller 2 2 0 38220.9 38226.0 38236.0 38238.0 Smaller 37 2 35 38290.9 38384.0 38570.5 38607.5 Tests of Fixed Effects Source NDF DDF Type III F Pr > F FI SHYEAR 21 505 1.60 0.0451 SEASON 3 505 3.97 0.0081 REGI ON 505 19.17 0.0001 3 I NSHORPL 1 505 1.58 0.2094 SEASON*INSHORPL 3 505 1.99 0.1140 REGI ON*INSHORPL 3 505 5.18 0.0016 Solution for Fixed Effects

 Effect
 FISHYEAR SEASON
 REGION
 INSHORPL
 Estimate
 Std Error
 DF
 t Pr > |t|
 Alpha
 Lower
 Upper

 INTERCEPT
 0.89379072
 0.14252531
 505
 6.27
 0.0001
 0.05
 0.6138
 1.1738

FI SHYEAR	1976				0. 23907278	0.17497613	505	1.37	0.1724	0.05	-0.1047	0.5828
FI SHYEAR	1977				0. 02186154	0.17569103	505	0.12	0.9010	0.05	-0. 3233	0.3670
FI SHYEAR	1978				- 0. 00499205	0. 16161827	505 - 0	0. 03	0.9754	0.05	-0.3225	0.3125
FI SHYEAR	1979				0. 02348899	0. 15971175	505	0.15	0.8831	0.05	-0. 2903	0.3373
FI SHYEAR	1980				0. 29548736	0. 16161167	505	1.83	0.0681	0.05	-0.0220	0.6130
FI SHYEAR	1981				0. 47978009	0.16021523	505 2	2. 99	0.0029	0.05	0.1650	0.7946
FI SHYEAR	1982				0. 21980532	0. 16114595	505	1.36	0.1732	0.05	-0.0968	0.5364
FI SHYEAR	1983				0. 03203377	0. 15950647	505	0. 20	0.8409	0.05	-0. 2813	0.3454
FI SHYEAR	1984				- 0. 02513226	0. 16065355	505 - 0	0.16	0.8758	0.05	-0.3408	0. 2905
FI SHYEAR	1985				0. 10528290	0.15965483	505	0. 66	0.5099	0.05	-0. 2084	0.4190
FI SHYEAR	1986				0.04772195	0.15830275	505	0. 30	0.7632	0.05	-0.2633	0.3587
FI SHYEAR	1987				0. 22612974	0.15906654	505	1.42	0.1558	0.05	-0.0864	0.5386
FI SHYEAR	1988				0.14496015	0. 16294358	505	0. 89	0.3741	0.05	-0.1752	0.4651
FI SHYEAR	1989				0. 20941977	0. 16195307	505	1.29	0.1966	0.05	-0.1088	0.5276
FI SHYEAR	1990				0.03317395	0. 16919319	505	0. 20	0.8446	0.05	-0. 2992	0.3656
FI SHYEAR	1991				0.08114795	0.16408936	505	0. 49	0.6211	0.05	-0.2412	0.4035
FI SHYEAR	1992				0.04262583	0. 16219498	505	0. 26	0.7928	0.05	-0.2760	0.3613
FI SHYEAR	1993				0. 11099462	0. 16736332	505	0. 66	0.5075	0.05	-0. 2178	0.4398
FI SHYEAR	1994				0. 18593043	0. 16732754	505	1.11	0. 2670	0.05	-0.1428	0.5147
FI SHYEAR	1995				0.05517173	0.17952458	505	0. 31	0.7587	0.05	-0. 2975	0.4079
FI SHYEAR	1996				0. 15501258	0. 17267229	505	0. 90	0.3698	0.05	-0. 1842	0.4943
FI SHYEAR	1997				0. 00000000	-						
SEASON		AprMayJun			0.01260266	0.07314836	505 (0. 17	0.8633	0.05	-0. 1311	0.1563
SEASON		JanFebMar			- 0. 09185946	0.07997070	505 -	1.15	0.2512	0.05	-0.2490	0.0653
SEASON		Jul AugSep			- 0. 04560979	0.07482914	505 - 0	0. 61	0.5425	0.05	-0. 1926	0.1014
SEASON		OctNovDec			0.00000000							
REGI ON			24-25.4N		- 0. 37824293	0.09226893	505 - 4	4.10	0.0001	0.05	-0.5595	- 0. 1970
REGI ON			25. 5-28. 6N		- 0. 54633774	0.07789239	505 - 1	7.01	0.0001	0.05	-0.6994	- 0. 3933
REGI ON			28. 7-30. 6N		- 0. 00776815	0.06412718	505 - 0	0.12	0.9036	0.05	-0.1338	0.1182
REGI ON			30. 7-35N		0. 00000000							
INSHORPL				0	- 0. 34837088	0.11487573	505 - 3	3. 03	0.0025	0.05	-0.5741	- 0. 1227
INSHORPL				1	0.00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		AprMayJun		0	0.28644954	0. 12379935	505 2	2. 31	0.0211	0.05	0.0432	0. 5297
SEASON*INSHORPL		AprMayJun		1	0.00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		JanFebMar		0	0. 12770443	0. 14146543	505	0. 90	0.3671	0.05	-0.1502	0.4056
SEASON*INSHORPL		JanFebMar		1	0. 00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		Jul AugSep		0	0. 09039852	0. 12623129	505	0. 72	0.4742	0.05	-0.1576	0.3384
SEASON*INSHORPL		Jul AugSep		1	0.00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		OctNovDec		0	0. 00000000							
SEASON*INSHORPL		OctNovDec		1	0. 00000000							
REGI ON*INSHORPL			24-25.4N	0	0. 43541221	0. 17185755	505	2.53	0.0116	0.05	0.0978	0.7731
REGI ON*I NSHORPL			24-25.4N	1	0. 00000000							
REGION*INSHORPL			25. 5-28. 6N	0	0. 39422457	0.14512734	505	2.72	0.0068	0.05	0. 1091	0.6794
REGI ON*I NSHORPL			25. 5-28. 6N	1	0. 00000000							
REGION*INSHORPL			28. 7-30. 6N	0	0.34368319	0. 10168813	505	3. 38	0.0008	0.05	0.1439	0.5435
REGI ON*I NSHORPL			28. 7-30. 6N	1	0. 00000000							•
REGI ON*I NSHORPL			30. 7-35N	0	0. 00000000							
REGI ON*I NSHORPL			30.7-35N	1	0. 00000000							•

Table 17. continued.

Least Squares Means

Effect	FI SHYEAR	LSMEAN	Std Error	DF	t	$\Pr > t $	Al pha	Lower	Upper
FI SHYEAR	1976	0.90410826	0. 11998098	505	7.54	0.0001	0.05	0.6684	1.1398
FI SHYEAR	1977	0.68689702	0. 12102923	505	5.68	0.0001	0.05	0.4491	0.9247
FI SHYEAR	1978	0.66004343	0.09651112	505	6.84	0.0001	0.05	0.4704	0.8497
FI SHYEAR	1979	0.68852447	0.09154141	505	7.52	0.0001	0.05	0.5087	0.8684
FI SHYEAR	1980	0.96052284	0.09647414	505	9.96	0.0001	0.05	0.7710	1.1501
FI SHYEAR	1981	1.14481557	0.09165864	505	12.49	0.0001	0.05	0.9647	1.3249
FI SHYEAR	1982	0.88484081	0.09470865	505	9.34	0.0001	0.05	0.6988	1.0709
FI SHYEAR	1983	0.69706925	0.09210008	505	7.57	0.0001	0.05	0.5161	0.8780
FI SHYEAR	1984	0.63990322	0.09529045	505	6.72	0.0001	0.05	0.4527	0.8271
FI SHYEAR	1985	0.77031838	0.09343635	505	8.24	0.0001	0.05	0.5867	0.9539
FI SHYEAR	1986	0.71275743	0.09073477	505	7.86	0.0001	0.05	0.5345	0.8910
FI SHYEAR	1987	0.89116523	0.09296191	505	9.59	0.0001	0.05	0.7085	1.0738
FI SHYEAR	1988	0.80999563	0.09866936	505	8.21	0.0001	0.05	0.6161	1.0038
FI SHYEAR	1989	0.87445526	0.09659322	505	9.05	0.0001	0.05	0.6847	1.0642
FI SHYEAR	1990	0.69820943	0. 10887852	505	6.41	0.0001	0.05	0.4843	0.9121
FI SHYEAR	1991	0.74618343	0.10023442	505	7.44	0.0001	0.05	0.5493	0.9431
FI SHYEAR	1992	0.70766131	0.09789412	505	7.23	0.0001	0.05	0.5153	0.9000
FI SHYEAR	1993	0.77603010	0.10656611	505	7.28	0.0001	0.05	0.5667	0.9854
FI SHYEAR	1994	0.85096591	0.10680126	505	7.97	0.0001	0.05	0.6411	1.0608
FI SHYEAR	1995	0.72020722	0.12614758	505	5.71	0.0001	0.05	0.4724	0.9680
FI SHYEAR	1996	0.82004806	0.11574956	505	7.08	0.0001	0.05	0.5926	1.0475
FI SHYEAR	1997	0.66503548	0.13330300	505	4.99	0.0001	0.05	0.4031	0.9269

Table 18. Index of abundance of Atlantic greater amberjack from headboats. CPUE is the standardized catch rates on trips with greater amberjack, PPOS is the proportion positive, INDEX is the standardized index and SE_I and CV_I are the standard error and coefficient of variation about the index.

1976 2 1977 2 1978 1 1979 2 1980 2 1981 3 1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	OFUL	PP05	BC_CPU	GC	BC_POS	I NDEX	SE_I	CV_I
1977 2 1978 1 1979 2 1980 2 1981 3 1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	2. 48757	0. 16923	3. 70080	1.49846	0. 16923	0. 62627	0. 15457	0. 24681
1978 1 1979 2 1980 2 1981 3 1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	2. 00290	0. 15935	2.97850	1.49813	0.15935	0. 47463	0.11961	0. 25200
1979 2 1980 2 1981 3 1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	1. 95198	0. 29308	2.92074	1.50335	0. 29308	0.85600	0. 14399	0.16821
1980 2 1981 3 1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	2. 00432	0. 30771	3. 00192	1.50407	0. 30771	0. 92373	0. 14282	0.15461
1981 3 1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	2.65086	0. 23295	3.96662	1.50338	0. 23295	0. 92401	0.15606	0.16889
1982 2 1983 2 1984 1	3. 16758	0. 25889	4.74408	1.50406	0. 25889	1. 22818	0. 19686	0. 16029
1983 2 1984 1	2. 44183	0. 28281	3.65503	1.50362	0. 28281	1.03367	0.16783	0. 16237
1984 1	2. 02340	0. 30416	3. 03018	1.50399	0. 30416	0. 92165	0. 14616	0.15858
	1.91277	0. 21893	2.86279	1.50354	0. 21893	0. 62674	0. 10870	0.17344
1985 2	2. 18760	0. 22051	3. 27532	1.50381	0. 22051	0. 72223	0. 12241	0. 16950
1986 2	2. 05981	0. 24123	3. 08547	1.50418	0. 24123	0.74430	0. 12044	0.16182
1987 2	2. 45873	0. 25894	3.68156	1.50387	0.25894	0.95329	0. 15551	0.16313
1988 2	2. 26749	0. 18749	3. 39146	1.50304	0. 18749	0.63586	0. 11777	0.18521
1989 2	2. 42726	0. 19250	3. 63193	1.50336	0. 19250	0. 69916	0. 12428	0.17775
1990 2	2. 03868	0. 10987	3.04279	1.50146	0. 10987	0. 33432	0.07047	0. 21078
1991 2	2. 12165	0.15054	3. 17232	1.50281	0.15054	0. 47757	0. 09138	0. 19135
1992 2	2. 05530	0. 13653	3. 07458	1.50316	0.13653	0. 41976	0. 07958	0.18958
1993 2	2. 20624	0. 12533	3. 29452	1.50183	0. 12533	0. 41290	0. 08523	0.20641
1994 2	2. 37257	0. 12268	3. 54274	1.50180	0. 12268	0. 43463	0. 08894	0. 20463
1995 2	2. 08874	0. 07587	3. 10472	1.49838	0.07587	0. 23555	0.05887	0. 24992
1996 2	2. 31561	0. 10546	3. 45078	1.50030	0. 10546	0. 36393	0.08108	0. 22279
1997 1	1. 97239	0. 09480	2.92625	1.49697	0.09480	0. 27742	0.07390	0. 26637

Table 19. Estimates of relative loss for the four cases with coefficients of variation and the number tagged (Tag) and recaptured (Rec). Year corresponds to May of the fishing year, May-April. EstAll=each year estimated independently, Sig01=random walk sigma of 0.1, Sig03=random walk sigma of 0.3, Sig05=random walk sigma of 0.5.

				Relativ	ve Loss			Coefficient of Variation				
Year	Tag	Rec	EstAll	Sig01	Sig03	Sig05	EstAll	Sig01	Sig03	Sig05		
1960	9	4	2.040	1.875	2.576	2.467	53	15	19	22		
1961	14	14	2.988	1.871	2.716	2.856	28	7	19	28		
1962	37	33	3.376	1.825	2.708	3.014	19	7	17	24		
1963	32	22	2.344	1.675	2.073	2.172	25	7	16	22		
1964	36	28	1.203	1.506	1.457	1.348	21	7	16	21		
1965	35	35	1.154	1.387	1.276	1.210	19	7	15	20		
1966	30	34	1.197	1.300	1.221	1.203	19	7	15	20		
1967	21	26	1.194	1.219	1.152	1.153	23	7	16	21		
1968	28	19	0.838	1.135	1.023	0.962	25	7	16	22		
1969	26	32	1.209	1.085	1.072	1.117	21	7	16	21		
1970	31	27	1.038	1.014	0.961	0.986	23	7	16	21		
1971	25	22	0.687	0.937	0.791	0.745	25	7	16	22		
1972	34	23	0.639	0.887	0.728	0.683	24	7	16	22		
1973	21	25	0.659	0.862	0.734	0.700	23	7	16	21		
1974	20	27	0.832	0.854	0.807	0.820	23	7	16	21		
1975	26	34	1.017	0.839	0.845	0.912	22	7	16	21		
1976	32	24	0.688	0.796	0.714	0.706	26	7	16	22		
1977	21	17	0.511	0.755	0.611	0.571	30	7	16	22		
1978	22	20	0.526	0.731	0.577	0.549	29	7	17	23		
1979	17	21	0.519	0.712	0.551	0.525	29	7	17	23		
1980	5	9	0.390	0.696	0.507	0.461	39	7	17	24		
1981	3	12	0.496	0.699	0.523	0.492	37	7	18	25		
1982	0	5	0.410	0.702	0.521	0.481	51	7	18	27		
1983	2	6	0.528	0.711	0.541	0.510	50	7	19	28		
1984	2	2	0.390	0.720	0.550	0.509	77	7	19	29		
1985	6	4	0.516	0.733	0.580	0.556	56	7	19	29		
1986	9	10	0.751	0.748	0.617	0.622	39	7	19	29		
1987	9	8	0.589	0.758	0.607	0.582	42	7	19	28		
1988	11	3	0.382	0.769	0.590	0.526	61	7	18	27		
1989	28	13	0.546	0.796	0.637	0.585	30	7	18	27		
1990	43	26	0.655	0.842	0.738	0.699	21	7	17	23		
1991	86	63	1.049	0.913	0.976	1.013	14	6	15	19		
1992	62	85	1.158	0.948	1.062	1.111	13	6	13	16		
1993	51	42	0.750	0.918	0.860	0.813	17	6	13	16		
1994	37	50	0.861	0.926	0.900	0.880	16	7	14	17		
1995	16	37	1.068	0.946	1.010	1.042	19	7	15	19		
1996	2	18	1.191	0.953	1.074	1.149	28	7	18	23		
1997	1	10	1 612	0.955	1 1 1 9	1 271	48	7	20	30		

components. Tear corresponds to may of the fishing year, may-april.								
	Case1	Case2	Case3	Case4	Case5	Case6	Case7	Case8
Catch	A+B1	A+B1	A+B1	A+B1	A+B1+B2	A+B1+B2	A+B1+B2	A+B1+B2
Μ	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Tag Loss	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.1
Year								
81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
82	1.291	1.407	1.549	1.134	1.219	1.344	1.510	1.157
83	0.485	0.461	0.398	0.161	0.779	0.749	0.658	0.280
84	3.630	4.147	5.092	6.519	3.022	3.492	4.375	5.864
85	1.196	1.146	1.000	0.414	1.581	1.532	1.365	0.591
86	1.017	0.894	0.693	0.242	1.186	1.055	0.834	0.305
87	1.389	1.279	1.053	0.399	1.501	1.398	1.174	0.465
88	1.863	2.177	2.836	6.523	1.773	2.095	2.785	6.706
89	2.665	2.506	2.127	0.842	2.161	2.055	1.779	0.737
90	0.524	0.471	0.376	0.136	0.494	0.449	0.366	0.139
91	0.494	0.420	0.311	0.104	0.559	0.481	0.364	0.127
92	0.630	0.531	0.391	0.129	0.781	0.666	0.500	0.173
93	0.381	0.335	0.260	0.091	0.487	0.433	0.343	0.125
94	0.576	0.498	0.378	0.129	0.428	0.375	0.290	0.104
95	0.519	0.441	0.326	0.108	0.473	0.406	0.307	0.107
96	0.277	0.233	0.171	0.056	0.353	0.301	0.225	0.078
97	0.064	0.053	0.038	0.012	0.203	0.170	0.125	0.042

Table 20. Estimates of greater amberjack relative abundance from the Z* time series EstAll (see Table 1), two catch time series, and four assumptions of how Z* could be split into its components. Year corresponds to May of the fishing year, May-April.

components	s for years	1990-1997	oniy. Year	correspon	as to may oj	r the fishing	g year, may	-Aprii.
	Case1	Case2	Case3	Case4	Case5	Case6	Case7	Case8
Catch	A+B1	A+B1	A+B1	A+B1	A+B1+B2	A+B1+B2	A+B1+B2	A+B1+B2
Μ	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Tag Loss	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.1
Year								
90	1.209	1.263	1.335	1.423	1.045	1.095	1.161	1.242
91	1.141	1.126	1.106	1.083	1.184	1.172	1.155	1.135
92	1.454	1.425	1.389	1.348	1.653	1.625	1.588	1.546
93	0.881	0.900	0.924	0.950	1.032	1.057	1.088	1.123
94	1.330	1.336	1.343	1.346	0.907	0.914	0.921	0.926
95	1.199	1.182	1.160	1.133	1.001	0.989	0.974	0.955
96	0.640	0.626	0.608	0.589	0.748	0.733	0.715	0.695
97	0.147	0.142	0.135	0.129	0.429	0.415	0.398	0.380

Table 21. Estimates of greater amberjack relative abundance from the Z* time series EstAll (see Table 1), two catch time series, and four assumptions of how Z* could be split into its components for years 1990-1997 only. Year corresponds to May of the fishing year. May-April.

	fishery	handline		mrfss private mrf		mrfss cha	mrfss charter		headboat		tagging: M=0.3 Loss= 0.1	
	units biomass		number		numbe	number		number		number		
	time of year	e of year mid ge range 1-20+		mid	mid		mid 1-20+		mid 1-20+		i	
	age range			1-20+		1-20+					1-20+	
fishing year		index	cv	index	cv	index	cv	index	cv	index	cv + 0.1	
1977								0.4746	0.2520			
1978								0.8560	0.1682			
1979								0.9237	0.1546			
1980								0.9240	0.1689			
1981				0.3158	0.2324	0.1786	0.4076	1.2282	0.1603			
1982				0.1098	0.2940	0.1236	0.2563	1.0337	0.1624			
1983				0.1436	0.1652	0.1851	0.3452	0.9217	0.1586			
1984				0.1558	0.1475	0.1830	0.2650	0.6267	0.1734			
1985				0.1627	0.1680	0.2107	0.2309	0.7222	0.1695			
1986				0.1887	0.1269	0.2614	0.2109	0.7443	0.1618			
1987				0.2059	0.1178	0.2104	0.2205	0.9533	0.1631			
1988				0.1504	0.1163	0.1658	0.2291	0.6359	0.1852			
1989				0.1762	0.1183	0.2367	0.2110	0.6992	0.1778			
1990				0.1698	0.1178	0.1539	0.2215	0.3343	0.2108	1.2416	0.31	
1991				0.1745	0.0880	0.2761	0.1675	0.4776	0.1914	1.1345	0.24	
1992		29.5021	0.5263	0.1596	0.1183	0.4762	0.2310	0.4198	0.1896	1.5459	0.23	
1993		29.5856	0.3839	0.1845	0.1169	0.5115	0.2466	0.4129	0.2064	1.1225	0.27	
1994		43.2067	0.3805	0.1526	0.1273	0.3030	0.2592	0.4346	0.2046	0.9262	0.26	
1995		43.2273	0.3804	0.1623	0.1217	0.3669	0.2435	0.2356	0.2499	0.9546	0.29	
1996		33.1247	0.3797	0.1531	0.1277	0.2412	0.2455	0.3639	0.2228	0.6948	0.38	
1997		28.2711	0.3803	0.1321	0.1250	0.4308	0.2699	0.2774	0.2664	0.3798	0.58	
1998		21.2284	0.3829									

Table 22. Indices considered for use in assessments.







Figure 1. (Cont.)







Figure 3. Estimated number of fishing trips by mode and fishing years in the Atlantic Ocean based on Summary of trips the MRFSS survey. The 1997 fishig year values are preliminary.

Figure 2. Standardized CPUE abundance trends (Catch per angler hour) and 95% Confidence for the Atlantic Ocean greater amberjack by fishing year from the (a) Florida charter and private and b) all states combined charter and privatemodes, based on the MRFSS







Figure 4. Standardized catch per angler hour for the Atlantic Ocean greater amberiack by fishing year from the (a) charter and (b) private modes based on the MRFSS data. The estimated number of recreational fishing trips for the Atlantic Ocean by mode for all species is plotted on the second Y axis.







Figure 6. Standardized yield per hook from all handline vessels with 80% confidence intervals.



Figure 7. Standardized yield per hook from handline vessels in the 90th-99th percentile for proportion positive or catch rate on successful trips with 80% confidence intervals.



Figure 8. Standardized yield per hook from handline vessels in the 75th-99th percentile for proportion positive or catch rate on successful trips. Confidence intervals



Figure 9. Comparison of handline indices of abundance standardized to their means.

Figure 10. Greater amberjack catch per trip in the Atlantic by latitude. Figure 11. Greater amberjack catch per trip in the Atlantic by month. Months 13 to 15 are January to March of the following calendar year.



Figure 12. Standardized catch of Atlantic greater amberjack per trip from the headboat fishery with confidence intervals of 2 standard errors.



Figure 13. Comparison of standardized indices from the headboat fishery with and without the inshore species factor.



Figure 14. Relative loss estimated from four procedures.



Figure 15. Relationship between sample size and uncertainty in relative loss estimation for the EstAll scenario.



Figure 16. Sensitivity analysis estimating one Z^* for every two years.



Figure 17. Sensitivity analysis changing the minimum number of days at large.



Figure 18. Sensitivity analyses estimating reporting rates with a random walk



Figure 19. Sensitivity analyses estimating reporting rates with a random walk.



Figure 20. Two estimate types of the greater amberjack catch in the recreational fishery in the southeast Atlantic Ocean.



Figure 21. Relative abundance estimates (see Table 20).



Figure 22. Case I relative abundance estimates with 80% confidence intervals.



Figure 23. Relative abundance estimates (see Table 21).



Figure 24. Case I relative abundance with 80% confidence intervals.
Appendix 1. Regression tree examination of proportion of trips with greater amberjack with explanatory variables for fishing year, month, latitude and longitude (fishyrc, monthc, and latc). Months 11-16 indicate January-April in the calendar year after the associated months 5-12. For each node of the tree is given: node number (first node is 1), the levels of observations of the variable being split (latidude is split at node 2 and 3 with 24-28N and 30-35N falling in node 2 and latitude 29N falling in node 3), the number of observations associated with that node (93121 observations for node 1), the deviance associated with the information in that node, and the average proportion positive associated with that node.

Tree formula: PROPGA ~ FISHYRC + MONTHC + LATC,

```
1) root 93121 4326.00 0.06343
 2) LATC: 24, 25,
                      26.
                           27.
                                 28.
                                      30,
                                           31,
                                                32,
                                                      33.
                                                           34,
                                                                 35 90471 3751.00 0.05635
    4) MONTHC:
                 6,
                       7,
                            8,
                                 9,
                                     10,
                                          11,
                                                12,
                                                     13,
                                                          14,
                                                                16 71428 2009.00 0.04162
      8) LATC:
                24,
                     25,
                           26,
                                32,
                                     33,
                                          34,
                                                35 65649 1664.00 0.03661
       16) MONTHC:
                     6.
                           7,
                                8.
                                     9.
                                         10,
                                                    12,
                                                         13,
                                                              16 56986 1256.00 0.03309
                                               11,
         32) FI SHYRC: 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1998 28383 448. 80 0. 02463
           64) MONTHC:
                          7,
                               8,
                                    9,
                                        10, 11, 12,
                                                       16 20641 261. 10 0. 02130 *
           65) MONTHC:
                              13 7742 187.00 0.03349 *
                          6,
         33) FI SHYRC: 1995, 1996, 1997 28603 803. 40 0. 04149
                                      34,
                                            35 25114 704.70 0.03763
           66) LATC: 24, 25, 26,
                                        29.34 0.01755 *
            132) LATC: 34,
                              35 4101
            133) LATC:
                        24,
                              25,
                                   26 21013 673.40 0.04155
              266) MONTHC:
                                            10, 11, 12, 16 16073 441.60 0.03595
                              6,
                                   7,
                                        8,
                532) FISHYRC: 1995, 1997 10358 247. 90 0. 03128 *
                533) FI SHYRC: 1996 5715 193. 10 0. 04440 *
              267) MONTHC:
                              9,
                                 13 4940 229.70 0.05979 *
                            33 3489
                                      95.64 0.06922 *
           67) LATC:
                      32,
       17) MONTHC: 14 8663 402.60 0.05981 *
                               31 5779 324.40 0.09845 *
      9) LATC:
               27,
                     28,
                           30,
    5) MONTHC:
                     15 19043 1668.00 0.11160
                 5.
     10) LATC:
                30,
                     31,
                           32,
                                33,
                                     34,
                                          35 3822
                                                     33.23 0.02908 *
                                     28 15221 1602.00 0.13230
     11) LATC:
                     25,
                           26,
                                27,
                24,
       22) LATC: 24, 27 12628 1236.00 0.12120
         44) MONTHC: 15 6631 577.70 0.10560
           88) FISHYRC: 1992, 1998 1620 100. 30 0. 07075 *
           89) FI SHYRC: 1991, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997 5011 474. 80 0. 11690
            178) FI SHYRC: 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997 3831 333. 60 0. 10740 *
            179) FI SHYRC: 1991, 1993 1180 139. 80 0. 14780 *
         45) MONTHC:
                        5 5997 654.80 0.13840
           90) FISHYRC: 1991, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998 5810 611. 00 0. 13320
            180) FI SHYRC: 1991, 1995, 1997, 1998 3202 311. 00 0. 12310 *
            181) FI SHYRC: 1993, 1994, 1996 2608 299. 20 0. 14570 *
           91) FISHYRC: 1992 187
                                   38.70 0.30000 *
       23) LATC:
                  25.
                       26.
                            28 2593 357.10 0.18640 *
 3) LATC: 29 2650 415.90 0.30520 *
```

Appendix 2. Regression tree examination of handline yield per hook on trips with greater amberjack with explanatory variables for fishing year, month, latitude and longitude (fishyrc, monthc, latc, and longc). Months 11-16 indicate January-April in the calendar year after the associated months 5-12. For each node of the tree is given: node number (first node is 1), the levels of observations of the variable being split, the number of observations associated with that node, the deviance associated with the information in that node, and the average proportion positive associated with that node.

Tree formula: CPHOOK ~ FISHYRC + MONTHC + LATC + LONGC,

```
1) root 13241 1528000000 182.40
                                               64440000 38.58 *
 2) LATC: 30, 31,
                     32,
                           33,
                                34,
                                     35 5566
 3) LATC: 24,
                25,
                     26,
                          27,
                               28,
                                     29 7675 1265000000 286.70
   6) MONTHC:
                      7,
                                9,
                                                  13, 14, 16 4976 658300000 228.90
                 6,
                           8,
                                    10,
                                         11,
                                              12,
    12) LATC: 24.
                    25,
                          26,
                               27,
                                    28 3781 427200000 203.30
                                                 12, 13, 16 2993 267000000 180.90
      24) MONTHC:
                     6,
                          7,
                               8,
                                    9,
                                       10.
                                             11,
         48) LATC:
                   25 306
                             10610000 86.80 *
         49) LATC: 24.
                        26. 27.
                                   28 2687 253400000 191.60
                         7, 11,
           98) MONTHC:
                                  12,
                                       16 1132
                                                 68560000 149.50 *
          99) MONTHC:
                                       10, 13 1555 181400000 222.20
                         6,
                              8,
                                   9,
            198) FI SHYRC: 1992, 1993, 1996, 1998 710
                                                   62710000 180.30 *
            199) FISHYRC: 1991, 1994, 1995, 1997 845 116400000 257, 40 *
      25) MONTHC: 14 788 153000000 288.20
         50) FI SHYRC: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998 460
                                               45430000 233.70 *
         51) FI SHYRC: 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994 328 104200000 364. 80 *
     13) LATC: 29 1195 220800000 309.90
      26) MONTHC:
                     6.
                         7,
                               8.
                                    9. 11. 12 675 105800000 264.00 *
      27) MONTHC:
                    10,
                        13,
                              14,
                                 16 520 111700000 369.40 *
   7) MONTHC:
                5, 15 2699 559000000 393.40
    14) FI SHYRC: 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998 2378 426500000 365. 10
       28) FI SHYRC: 1996, 1997, 1998 1173 185900000 319. 50
                                19100000 261.10 *
         56) FISHYRC: 1998 249
         57) FI SHYRC: 1996, 1997 924 165800000 335. 20
          114) LONGC:
                      79, 81 212
                                     28020000 299.60 *
          115) LONGC: 80 712 137400000 345.80 *
       29) FI SHYRC: 1993, 1994, 1995 1205 235700000 409. 50
         58) LATC: 25, 26, 28, 29 394
                                            63380000 303.20 *
         59) LATC: 24, 27 811 165700000 461.10
          118) LONGC: 81 156
                                25550000 326.20 *
          119) LONGC: 80 655 136700000 493.30 *
     15) FISHYRC: 1991, 1992 321 116500000 603. 40 *
```

Appendix 3. Regression tree examination of headboat catch rates of greater amberjack. Explanatory variables included calendar year, month, triptype, latitude and longitude (yearc, monthc, triptypc, nlatmc, and nlongmc) as well as numerous variables related to the proportion of various disaggregated taxonomic groups. For each node of the tree is given: node number (first node is 1), the levels of observations of the variable being split, the number of observations associated with that node, the deviance associated with the information in that node, and the average catch rate for that node.

```
Tree formula: CPUE ~ YEARC + MONTHC + TRIPTYPC + NLATMC + NLONGMC + CARCHPC + HOLOCPC +
EPINEPPC + MYCTERPC + OTHSERPC + BIGEYEPC +
    BLUELIPC + SANDTIPC + WAHCOBPC + OTSERIPC + INPORGPC + LABRIDPC + OTHMACPC + BALISTPC
+ CENTROPC + CARANXPC + HMSPC + LUJANUPC +
    OCYURUPC + RHOMBOPC + GRUNTSPC + PAGARUPC + KATSUWPC + KINGMAPC,
Variables actually used in tree construction:
               "TRI PTYPC" "MONTHC"
                                                  "CENTROPC" "GRUNTSPC"
[1] "NLATMC"
                                       "YEARC"
  1) root 153996 7874.00 0.017180
   2) NLATMC: -24, -25, -26, -27, -28, -29, -32, -33, -34, -35 139103 1627.00 0.009383
      4) TRIPTYPC: 1/2 day am, 1/2 day pm, 1/2 nite pm, 3/4 day 120719 1075.00 0.007068
        8) MONTHC: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 91250 337. 90 0. 004600 *
        9) MONTHC: 4, 5, 11 29469 734. 50 0. 014710 *
      5) TRIPTYPC: full day 18384 547. 30 0. 024580 *
   3) NLATMC: -30, -31 14893 6159.00 0.090030
      6) YEARC: 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990,
1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 13099, 825. 40, 0. 051770
       12)
YEARC: 1978, 1979, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 199
7 11540 223.40 0.034850 *
       13) YEARC: 1977, 1980 1559 574. 20 0. 177000 *
      7) YEARC: 1981, 1982 1794 5175. 00 0. 369400
       14) MONTHC: 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 1417 1238. 00 0. 208900
         28) MONTHC: 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 869 138. 70 0. 078460 *
         29) MONTHC: 4, 6, 12 548 1061.00 0.415800
           58) TRIPTYPC: day am, day pm 365 188.10 0.184100 *
           59) TRIPTYPC: full day 183 814. 50 0. 878000
            118) CENTROPC: 2, 3 109
                                     28.62 0.210500 *
            119) CENTROPC: 0, 1 74 665. 80 1. 861000 *
       15) MONTHC: 1, 2, 5 377 3763.00 0.972600
         30) CENTROPC: 0, 2, 3 254 665. 90 0. 428700 *
         31) CENTROPC: 1 123 2867.00 2.096000
           62) GRUNTSPC: 1, 2, 3 63 162. 10 0. 468700 *
           63) GRUNTSPC: 0 60 2363. 00 3. 804000 *
```

Appendix 4. Regression tree examination of headboat catch rates of greater amberjack. Explanatory variables included calendar year, month, triptype, latitude and longitude (yearc, monthc, triptypc, nlatmc, and nlongmc) as well as aggregated taxonomic groups indicators (inshorpl, offbotpl and offpelpl). For each node of the tree is given: node number (first node is 1), the levels of observations of the variable being split, the number of observations associated with that node, the deviance associated with the information in that node, and the average catch rate for that node.

Tree formula: CPUE ~ YEARC + MONTHC + TRIPTYPC + NLATMC + NLONGMC + INSHORPL + OFFBOTPL + OFFPELPL. data = Analy6rev, na.action = na.fail, mincut = 25, minsize = 50, mindev = 0.1 Variables actually used in tree construction: "INSHORPL" "OFFBOTPL" "YEARC" [1] "NLATMC" "TRI PTYPC" "MONTHC" 1) root 153996 7874.00 0.017180 2) NLATMC: -24, -25, -26, -27, -28, -29, -32, -33, -34, -35 139103 1627.00 0.009383 4) TRIPTYPC: 1/2 day am, 1/2 day pm, 1/2 nite pm, 3/4 day 120719 1075.00 0.007068 8) MONTHC: 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 91250 337. 90 0. 004600 * 9) MONTHC: 4, 5, 11 29469 734. 50 0. 014710 * 5) TRI PTYPC: full day 18384 547. 30 0. 024580 * 3) NLATMC: -30, -31 14893 6159.00 0.090030 6) INSHORPL: 2, 3 12816 639. 20 0. 045620 * 7) INSHORPL: 0, 1 2077 5339. 00 0. 364100 14) OFFBOTPL: 0, 2, 3 1793 1203. 00 0. 177800 28) OFFBOTPL: 3 1303 31. 98 0. 042800 * 29) OFFBOTPL: 0, 2 490 1084. 00 0. 536800 58) YEARC: 1977, 1978, 1979, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 199 6, 1997 294 59.26 0.113500 * 59) YEARC: 1980, 1981, 1982 196 893. 00 1. 172000 118) MONTHC: 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 140 214. 60 0. 755200 * 119) MONTHC: 1, 2, 5 56 593.40 2.212000 * 15) OFFBOTPL: 1 284 3681.00 1.540000 30) YEARC: 1978, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 199 7 204 262.30 0.345600 * 31) YEARC: 1980, 1982 80 2386. 00 4. 586000 62) TRIPTYPC: day am, day pm 36 264.50 1.862000 *

63) TRIPTYPC: full day 44 1635.00 6.814000 *

Appendix 5. Regression tree examination of headboat catch rates of greater amberjack with data restricted to full day trips. Explanatory variables included calendar year, month, triptype, and latitude (yearc, monthc, and nlatmc) as well as aggregated taxonomic groups indicators (inshorpl, offbotpl and offpelpl). Year refers to fishing year with April as the first month of the fishing year. Months 13 to 15 refer to January to March. For each node of the tree is given: node number (first node is 1), the levels of observations of the variable being split, the number of observations associated with that node, the deviance associated with the information in that node, and the average catch rate for that node.

```
tree(formul a = CPUE ~ YEARC + MONTHC + TRIPTYPC + NLATMC + INSHORPL + OFFBOTPL +
OFFPELPL.
       data = Anal6cfd, na.action = na.omit, mincut = 25, minsize = 50, mindev = 0.05)
Variables actually used in tree construction:
                           "OFFBOTPL" "INSHORPL" "MONTHC"
[1] "YEARC"
                "NLATMC"
  1) root 25450 5623.00 0.05966
   2)
YEARC: 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 199
4, 1995, 1996, 1997 21924 476. 70 0. 03383
      4) NLATMC: -24, -25, -26, -27, -28, -29, -32, -33, -34, -35 16214 235.90 0.02185 *
      5) NLATMC: -30, -31 5710 231.90 0.06785 *
   3) YEARC: 1980, 1981, 1982 3526 5041. 00 0. 22030
      6) NLATMC: -24, -25, -26, -27, -28, -29, -31, -32, -33, -34 2275 312.30 0.04411
       12) OFFBOTPL: 0, 2, 3 1975
                                55.03 0.02715 *
       13) OFFBOTPL: 1 300 253. 00 0. 15580 *
      7) NLATMC: -30 1251 4530.00 0.54070
       14) INSHORPL: 2, 3 843 339. 20 0. 17480
         28) MONTHC: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16 657
                                                        83.97 0.11380 *
         29) MONTHC: 5, 6, 13 186 244. 10 0. 39050 *
       15) INSHORPL: 0, 1 408 3845. 00 1. 29600
         30) OFFBOTPL: 0, 2, 3 344 642. 10 0. 56430
           60) OFFBOTPL: 3 235
                                19.22 0.13460 *
           61) OFFBOTPL: 0, 2 109 485. 90 1. 49100
            122) MONTHC: 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16 74 109. 20 0. 95010 *
            123) MONTHC: 5, 13, 14 35 309. 30 2. 63400 *
         31) OFFBOTPL: 1 64 2027. 00 5. 23200
           62) YEARC: 1980, 1981 39
                                     91.87 2.45900 *
           63) YEARC: 1982 25 1167.00 9.55700 *
```