CHLOROETHANE 91

3. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL INFORMATION

3.1 CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Information regarding the chemical identity of chhloroethane is located in Table 3-1.

3.2 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information regarding the physical and chemical properties of chloroethane is located in Table 3-2.

3. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL INFORMATION

TABLE 3-1. Chemical Identity of Chloroethane

| Characteristic | Information | Reference | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| Chemical name | Ethyl chloride; chloroethane | Lide 1993 | |
| Synonym(s) | Aethylis chloridum; chlorethyl; ether chloratus; ether hydrochloric; ether muriatic; ethyl chloride; monochloroethane, chloroethane | er hydrochloric; ether l chloride; monochloro- | |
| Registered trade name(s) | Anadynon; Chelen; Chlorylanesthetic; Kelene; Narcotile | HSDB 1997 | |
| Chemical formula | C ₂ H ₅ Cl | Budavari 1989 | |
| Chemical structure | CH ₃ -CH ₂ -Cl | Lide 1993 | |
| Identification numbers: | | | |
| CAS registry | 75-00-3 | OHM/TADS 1998 | |
| NIOSH RTECS | KH7525000 | RTECS 1998 | |
| EPA hazardous waste | C266 | Mitre Corp. 1987 | |
| OHM/TADS | 7216712 | OHM/TADS 1998 | |
| DOT/UN/NA/IMO shipping | UN 1037; IMO 2.3 | HSDB 1997 | |
| HSDB | 533 | HSDB 1997 | |
| NCI | CO6224 | RTECS 1998 | |

CAS = Chemical Abstract Service; DOT/UN/NA/IMO = Department of Transportation/United Nations/North America/International Maritime Organization; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; HSDB = Hazardous Substances Data Bank; NCI = National Cancer Institute; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; OHM/TADS = Oil and Hazardous Material/Technical Assistance Data; RTECS = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

3. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL INFORMATION

TABLE 3-2. Physical and Chemical Properties of Chloroethane

| Property | Information | Reference |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Molecular weight | 64.52 | Budavari 1989 |
| Color | Colorless | Morris and Tasto 1979 |
| Physical state | Gas | Budavari 1989 |
| Melting point | -138.7°C | Budavari 1989 |
| Boiling point | 32.5°C at 2 atm | Budavari 1989 |
| Specific gravity | 0.9214@O°C/4°C | HSDB 1997 |
| Vapor density | 0.8970 (20/4°C) | Morris and Tasto 1979 |
| Odor | Ethereal, pungent | HSDB 1997 |
| Odor threshold: | , F | 11022 1997 |
| Water | 0.019 ppm (w/v) | Amoore and Hautala 1983 |
| Air | 4.2 ppm (v/v) (11.3 g/L) | Amoore and Hautala 1983 |
| Solubility: | ··- FF···· (·· · ·) (11.5 g/2) | 7 moore and Hautara 1962 |
| Water at 20°C | 0.574 g/100 mL | Budavari 1989 |
| Organic solvent(s) | Alcohol: 48.3 g/100 mL; | Budavari 1989 |
| Partition coefficients: | misciolo with other | |
| Log K _{ow} | 1.43 | Hansch and Leo 1985; HSBD 1997 |
| ${\rm Log}\; {\rm K_{\rm oc}}$ | 1.52 (estimated using equation 4-7) | Lyman 1982 |
| K_{oc} | 143; 33 (using Log K_{oc} of 1.52) | Lyman 1982 |
| Vapor pressure: | | |
| At 20°C | 1,008 mmHg | Daubert and Danner 1985 |
| Henry's law constant: | | |
| At 25°C | 1.11x10 ⁻² atm•m³/mole (24.8 °C) | Gossett 1987 |
| Autoignition temperature | 519°C | Morris and Tasto 1979 |
| Flashpoint: | | - Totalo mid 1 usto 1717 |
| Open cup | -43°C | Budavari 1989 |
| Closed cup | -50°C | Budavari 1989 |
| Explosive limits in air | 3.6–14.8 volume % | Budavari 1989 Budavari 1989 |
| Conversion factors: | 110 1010110 /0 | Budavari 1989 |
| ppm (v/v) to mg/m ³ in air (20°C) | $ppm (v/v) \times 2.68 = mg/m^3$ | 2444 Vall 1707 |
| mg/m^3 to ppm in air (20°C) | $mg/m^3 \times 0.373 = ppm (v/v)$ | |

v = volume; w = weight

| | | N. | |
|--|--|----|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |