

# Active Bacterial Core Surveillance (ABCs) Report **Emerging Infections Program Network** group B streptococcus, 2003



#### **ABCs Areas**

California (3 county San Francisco Bay area); Colorado (5 county Denver area); Connecticut; Georgia (20 county Atlanta area); Maryland; Minnesota; New York (15 county Rochester/Albany area); Oregon (3 county Portland area); Tennessee (11 urban counties)

#### **ABCs Population**

The surveillance areas represent 30,494,187 persons and 420,641 live births. Source: National Center for Health Statistics bridged-race vintage 2003 postcensal file and 2002 state vital records

#### **ABCs Case Definition**

Invasive group B streptococcal disease: isolation of group B streptococcus from a normally sterile site in a resident of a surveillance area in 2003. Early-onset cases occur at < 7 days of age and late-onset occur between 7 and 90 days of age.

## **ABCs Methodology**

ABCs personnel routinely contacted all microbiology laboratories serving acute care hospitals in their area to identify cases. Standardized case report forms that include information on demographic characteristics, clinical syndrome, and outcome of illness were completed for each identified case. Regular laboratory audits assessed completeness of active surveillance and detected additional cases.

Rates of invasive group B streptococcal disease were calculated using population estimates for 2003. Rates of early-onset and late-onset group B streptococcal disease were calculated using estimates of live births for 2002. For national projections of cases, race- and age-specific rates of disease were applied from the aggregate surveillance area to the age and racial distribution of the 2003 U.S. population and to the 2002 live births for early-onset and late-onset disease. Cases with unknown race were distributed by area based on reported race distribution for known cases within the eight age categories.

### **Reported ABCs Profiles**

Race	No.	(Rate*)
White	1,483	(6.3)
Black	576	(11.4)
Other	57	(2.9)

Unknown race (n=259) distributed among knowns

<sup>\*</sup> Cases per 100,000 population for ABCs areas

Ethnicity	No.	(Rate*)
Hispanic	113	(4.5)
Non-Hispanic	920	
Unknown	1084	

<sup>\*</sup> Cases per 100,000 population for ABCs areas

	Cases		Deaths	
Age (years)	No.	(Rate*)	No.	(Rate*)
< 1	292	(70.3)	12	(2.9)
1	2	(0.48)	0	(0.0)
2-4	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)
5-17	14	(0.26)	1	(0.02)
18-34	143	(2.0)	8	(0.11)
35-49	312	(4.2)	24	(0.34)
50-64	497	(10.0)	55	(1.1)
≥ 65	856	(25.4)	126	(3.7)
Total	2,116	(6.9)	226	(0.74)

<sup>\*</sup> Cases or deaths per 100,000 population for ABCs areas

	Early-Onset		Late-Onset	
Race	No.	(Rate*)	No.	(Rate*)
White	83	(0.27)	73	(0.24)
Black	43	(0.53)	59	(0.72)
Other	5	(0.16)	3	(0.10)
Total	131	(0.31)	135	(0.32)

Unknown race (n=19 Early-Onset, n=14 Late-Onset) distributed among knowns

# **National Projection of Invasive Disease**

Early-Onset Cases: 1,200 (0.30/1,000 live births) Late-Onset Cases: 1,200 (0.30/1,000 live births) 20,375 (7.0/100,000 population) Total Cases: 2,175 (0.75/100,000 population) Deaths:

# **Healthy People 2010 Update Early-Onset Disease**

Objective: Decrease the incidence of invasive early-onset group B streptococcal disease to 0.5 cases per 1,000 live births.

Race	2010 Objective	<b>2003 Rate*</b>
White	0.5/1,000	0.27/1,000
Black	0.5/1,000	0.53/1,000
Other	0.5/1,000	0.16/1,000
Total	0.5/1,000	0.30/1,000

<sup>\*</sup> Cases per 1,000 U.S. live births

#### For more information, visit our web site:

http://www.cdc.gov/abcs

#### Citation

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Available via the internet:

http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/abcs/survreports/gbs03.pdf

<sup>\*</sup> Cases per 1,000 population for ABCs areas live births