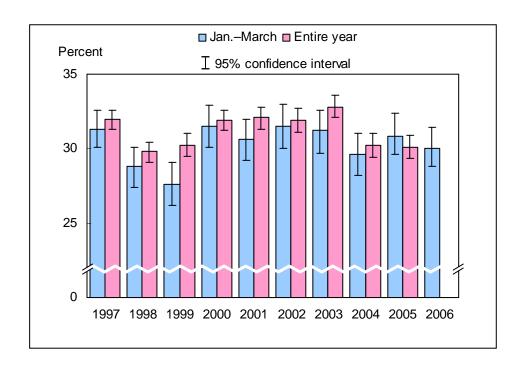


Figure 7.1. Percentage of adults aged 18 years and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity: United States, 1997–March 2006



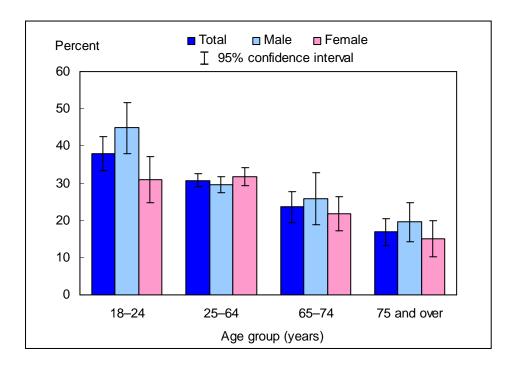
NOTES: This measure reflects the definition used for the physical activity Leading Health Indicator (Healthy People 2010, (12)). Regular leisure-time physical activity is defined as engaging in light-moderate leisure-time physical activity for greater than or equal to 30 minutes at a frequency greater than or equal to five times per week or engaging in vigorous leisure-time physical activity for greater than or equal to 20 minutes at a frequency greater than or equal to three times per week. In Early Releases before September 2005 (based on the 2004 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS)), regular physical activity was calculated slightly differently than that of Healthy People 2010. The earlier Early Release estimates excluded from the analysis persons with unknown duration of light-moderate or vigorous leisure-time physical activity who were known to have not met the frequency recommendations for light-moderate or vigorous leisure-time physical activity (i.e., partial unknowns). With the current release, persons who were known to have not met the frequency recommendations are classified as "not regular," regardless of duration. All estimates have been rerun using the revised denominator. The impact of the change on the estimates was minimal (typically 0.1 percentage points or less). The analyses excluded persons with unknown physical activity participation (about 3% of respondents each year). Beginning with the 2003 data, NHIS transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and Table III in the Appendix for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult Core component of the 1997–2006 NHIS. The estimate for 2006 was based on data collected from January through March. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- In early 2006, 30.0% (95% confidence interval = 28.57–31.46%) of U.S. adults aged 18 years and over engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity, which was not significantly different from the 2005 quarter 1 estimate.
- The annual percentages of adults aged 18 years and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity increased from 29.8% in 1998 to 32.1% in 2001, did not change significantly from 2001 to 2003, decreased from 2003 to 2004, and remained stable from 2004 to 2005.



Figure 7.2. Percentage of adults aged 18 years and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity, by age group and sex: United States, January–March 2006



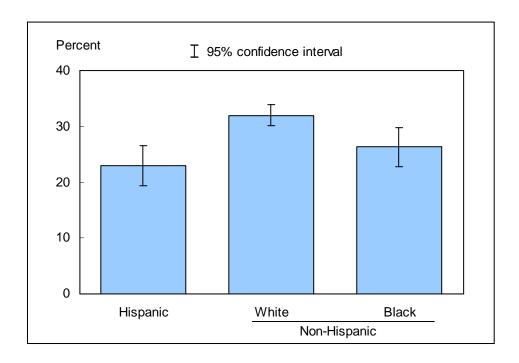
NOTES: This measure reflects the definition used for the physical activity Leading Health Indicator (Healthy People 2010, (12)). Regular leisure-time physical activity is defined as engaging in light-moderate leisure-time physical activity for greater than or equal to 30 minutes at a frequency greater than or equal to five times per week or engaging in vigorous leisure-time physical activity for greater than or equal to 20 minutes at a frequency greater than or equal to three times per week. In Early Releases before September 2005 (based on the 2004 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS)), regular physical activity was calculated slightly differently than that of Healthy People 2010. The earlier Early Release estimates excluded from the analysis persons with unknown duration of light-moderate or vigorous leisure-time physical activity who were known to have not met the frequency recommendations for light-moderate or vigorous leisure-time physical activity (i.e., partial unknowns). With the current release, persons who were known to have not met the frequency recommendations are classified as "not regular," regardless of duration. The analyses excluded 184 persons (3.0%) with unknown physical activity participation.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through March in the Sample Adult Core component of the 2006 NHIS. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- For both sexes combined, the percentage of adults who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity decreased with age.
- For adults aged 18–24 years, women were less likely than men to engage in regular leisure-time physical activity.



Figure 7.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of adults aged 18 years and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity, by race/ethnicity: United States, January–March 2006



NOTES: This measure reflects the definition used for the physical activity Leading Health Indicator (*Healthy People 2010*, (12)). Regular leisure-time physical activity is defined as engaging in light-moderate leisure-time physical activity for greater than or equal to 30 minutes at a frequency greater than or equal to five times per week or engaging in vigorous leisure-time physical activity for greater than or equal to 20 minutes at a frequency greater than or equal to three times per week. In Early Releases before September 2005 (based on the 2004 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS)), regular physical activity was calculated slightly differently than that of *Healthy People 2010*. The earlier Early Release estimates excluded from the analysis persons with unknown duration of light-moderate or vigorous leisure-time physical activity who were known to have not met the frequency recommendations for light-moderate or vigorous leisure-time physical activity (i.e., partial unknowns). With the current release, persons who were known to have not met the frequency recommendations are classified as "not regular," regardless of duration. The analyses excluded 184 persons (3.0%) with unknown physical activity participation. Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through March in the Sample Adult Core component of the 2006 NHIS. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- The age-sex-adjusted percentage of adults who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity was 23.0% for Hispanic adults, 32.0% for non-Hispanic white adults, and 26.3% for non-Hispanic black adults.
- Non-Hispanic white adults were more likely to engage in regular leisure-time physical activity than Hispanic adults and non-Hispanic black adults.



Data tables for figures 7.1-7.3:

Data table for figure 7.1. Percentage of adults aged 18 years and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity: United States, 1997–March 2006

	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
Year	Crude ¹	Age-adjusted ²
1997 January-March	31.3 (30.1-32.6)	31.1 (29.9-32.5)
Yearly	32.0 (31.3-32.6)	31.8 (31.1-32.5)
1998 January-March	28.8 (27.4-30.1)	28.5 (27.2-29.9)
Yearly	29.8 (29.1-30.4)	29.6 (28.9-30.3)
1999 January-March	27.6 (26.2-29.1)	27.4 (26.0-28.9)
Yearly	30.2 (29.5-31.0)	30.1 (29.4-30.8)
2000 January-March	31.5 (30.1-32.9)	31.3 (30.0-32.7)
Yearly	31.9 (31.2-32.6)	31.8 (31.1-32.5)
2001 January-March	30.6 (29.2-32.0)	30.5 (29.1-31.9)
Yearly	32.1 (31.3-32.8)	31.9 (31.2-32.7)
2002 January-March	31.5 (30.0-33.0)	31.4 (30.0-32.9)
Yearly	31.9 (31.1-32.7)	31.8 (31.0-32.6)
2003 January-March	31.2 (29.7-32.6)	31.1 (29.7-32.5)
Yearly	32.8 (32.1-33.6)	32.8 (32.0-33.6)
2004 January-March	29.6 (28.2-31.0)	29.5 (28.1-30.9)
Yearly	30.2 (29.4-31.0)	30.1 (29.4-30.9)
2005 January-March	30.8 (29.20-32.39)	30.7 (29.20-32.34)
Yearly	30.1 (29.38-30.92)	30.1 (29.37-30.90)
2006 January-March	30.0 (28.57-31.46)	30.0 (28.58-31.48)

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

²Estimates for this *Healthy People 2010* Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and Table III in the Appendix for more details.

DATA SOURCE: NHIS, 1997–March 2006. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.



Data table for figure 7.2. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity, by age group and sex: United States, January–March 2006

Percent	95% confidence interval
37.9	33.34-42.46
44.8	37.91-51.68
31.0	24.76-37.25
30.7	28.99-32.48
29.6	27.37-31.85
31.8	29.37-34.28
23.6	19.34-27.82
25.8	18.73-32.88
21.8	17.09-26.43
16.9	13.30-20.44
19.6	14.36-24.84
15.1	10.24-19.93
30.0	28.57-31.46
30.8	28.63-32.88
29.3	27.37-31.30
30.0	28.58-31.48
30.5	28.45-32.63
29.6	27.57-31.63
	37.9 44.8 31.0 30.7 29.6 31.8 23.6 25.8 21.8 16.9 19.6 15.1 30.0 30.8 29.3

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

DATA SOURCE: National Health Interview Survey, 2006. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

²Estimates for this *Healthy People 2010* Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.



Data table for figure 7.3. Adjusted percentage of adults aged 18 years and over who engaged in regular leisure-time physical activity, by race/ethnicity: United States, January–March 2006

_	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
Race/ethnicity	Age-sex-adjusted ¹	Age-adjusted ²
Hispanic or Latino	23.0 (19.42-26.57)	23.1 (19.44-26.72)
Not Hispanic or Latino:		
White, single race	32.0 (30.15-33.92)	32.0 (30.16-33.93)
Black, single race	26.3 (22.77-29.82)	25.8 (22.23-29.43)

¹Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the figure. Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: National Health Interview Survey, 2006. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

²Estimates for this *Healthy People 2010* Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, and 65 years and over.