## Figure 6.1. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 years and over: United States, 1997-September 2006



NOTES: Obesity is defined as a Body Mass Index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height and weight. The analyses excluded people with unknown height or weight (about $4 \%$ of respondents each year). Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and Table III in the Appendix for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult Core component of the 1997-2006 NHIS. The estimate for 2006 was based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

For the period J anuary through September 2006, $26.1 \%$ ( $95 \%$ confidence interval = 25.10-27.04\%) of U.S. adults aged 20 years and over were obese, which was not significantly different from the 2005 estimate of $25.4 \%$.

The annual prevalence of obesity among U.S. adults aged 20 years and over has increased over time from 19.4\% in 1997 to $26.1 \%$ for the period January through September 2006.

Figure 6.2. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 years and over, by age group and sex: United States, J anuary-September 2006


NOTES: Obesity is defined as a Body Mass Index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height and weight. The analyses excluded 964 people ( $5.8 \%$ ) with unknown height or weight.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through September in the Sample Adult Core component of the 2006 National Health Interview Survey. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- For both sexes combined, the prevalence of obesity was highest among adults aged 40-59 years (29.9\%) and lowest among adults aged 20-39 years ( $22.8 \%$ ).

There was no significant difference in the prevalence of obesity between women and men for all three age groups.

Figure 6.3. Age-adjusted prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 years and over, by sex and race/ ethnicity: United States, J anuary- September 2006


NOTES: Obesity is defined as a Body Mass Index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height and weight. The analyses excluded 964 people ( $5.8 \%$ ) with unknown height or weight. Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 20-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through September in the Sample Adult Core component of the 2006 National Health Interview Survey. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Non-Hispanic black women were more likely than Hispanic and non-Hispanic white women to be obese.

Among the six sex-specific race/ethnicity groups, the age-adjusted prevalence of obesity was highest among non-Hispanic black women.

## Data tables for Figures 6.1-6.3:

Data table for Figure 6.1. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 years and over: United States, 1997-September 2006

| Year | Percent (95\% confidence interval) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crude $^{\mathbf{1}}$ | Age-adjusted $^{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $19.4(18.9-19.9)$ | $19.5(18.9-20.0)$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $20.6(20.1-21.1)$ | $20.6(20.0-21.1)$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $21.5(20.9-22.1)$ | $21.5(20.9-22.1)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $21.8(21.2-22.4)$ | $21.8(21.2-22.3)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $23.0(22.4-23.6)$ | $22.9(22.3-23.5)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $23.9(23.3-24.6)$ | $23.8(23.2-24.5)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $23.7(23.1-24.3)$ | $23.5(22.9-24.2)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $24.5(23.9-25.1)$ | $24.3(23.8-25.0)$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $25.4(24.77-26.09)$ | $25.3(24.66-25.96)$ |
| January-September $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $26.1(25.10-27.04)$ | $25.9(24.92-26.87)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using seven age groups: 20-29 years, 30-39 years, 4049 years, 50-59 years, 60-69 years, 70-79 years, and 80 years and over.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and Table III in the Appendix for more details.

DATA SOURCE: NHIS, 1997-September 2006. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Data table for Figure 6.2. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 years and over, by age group and sex: United States, J anuary- September 2006

| Age and sex | Percent | 95\% confidence interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 3 9}$ years |  |  |
| Total | 22.8 | $21.27-24.25$ |
| Male | 22.4 | $20.39-24.38$ |
| Female | 23.1 | $20.98-25.31$ |
| To-59 years | 29.9 | $28.39-31.38$ |
| Total | 30.0 | $27.87-32.05$ |
| Male | 29.8 | $27.75-31.87$ |
| Female |  |  |
| 60 years and over | 24.9 | $23.12-26.75$ |
| Total | 23.9 | $21.32-26.52$ |
| Male | 25.8 | $23.55-28.05$ |
| Female | 26.1 |  |
| 20 years and over: crude ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ | 25.7 | $25.10-27.04$ |
| Total | 26.4 | $24.38-27.05$ |
| Male | $25.99-27.73$ |  |
| Female | 25.3 |  |
| 20 years and over: age-adjusted ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ | 26.4 | $24.92-26.87$ |
| Total |  | $24.00-26.68$ |
| Male |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using seven age groups: 20-29 years, 30-39 years, 40-49 years, 50-59 years, 60-69 years, 70-79 years, and 80 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: National Health Interview Survey, J anuary-September 2006. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Data table for Figure 6.3. Age-adjusted prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 years and over, by sex and race/ ethnicity: United States, J anuary-September 2006

| Sex and race/ ethnicity | Percent $^{\mathbf{1}}$ | Male |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 95\% confidence interval |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino | 26.8 | $23.70-29.82$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino: |  |  |
| White, single race | 25.0 | $23.27-26.69$ |
| Black, single race | 28.8 | $25.64-32.05$ |
| Female |  | 28.6 |
| Hispanic or Latino |  | $25.57-31.58$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino: | 24.4 |  |
| White, single race | 41.9 | $22.73-26.00$ |
| Black, single race |  | $38.48-45.29$ |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using five age groups: 20-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, $45-64$ years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: National Health Interview Survey, J anuary-September 2006. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

