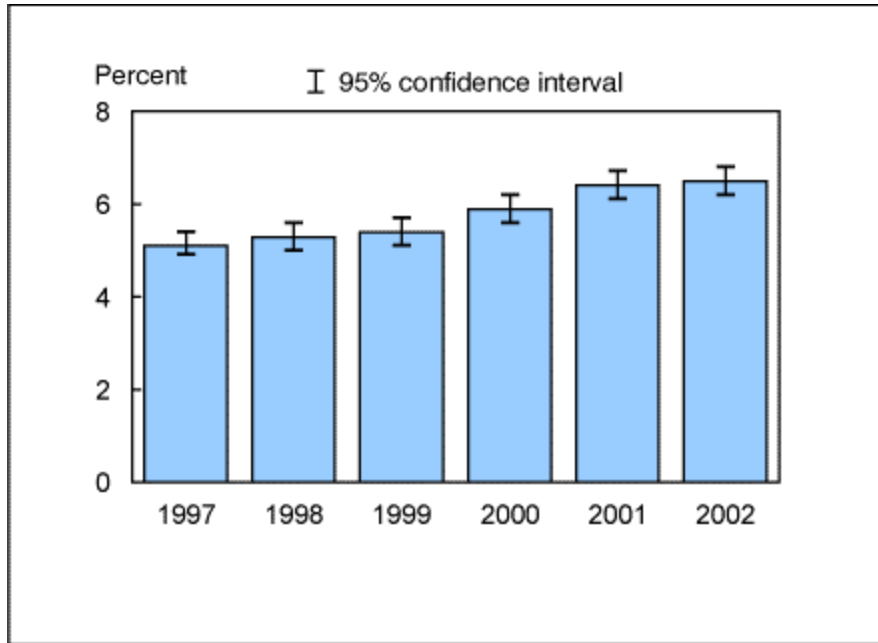




**Figure 14.1. Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged 18 years and over: United States, 1997-2002**



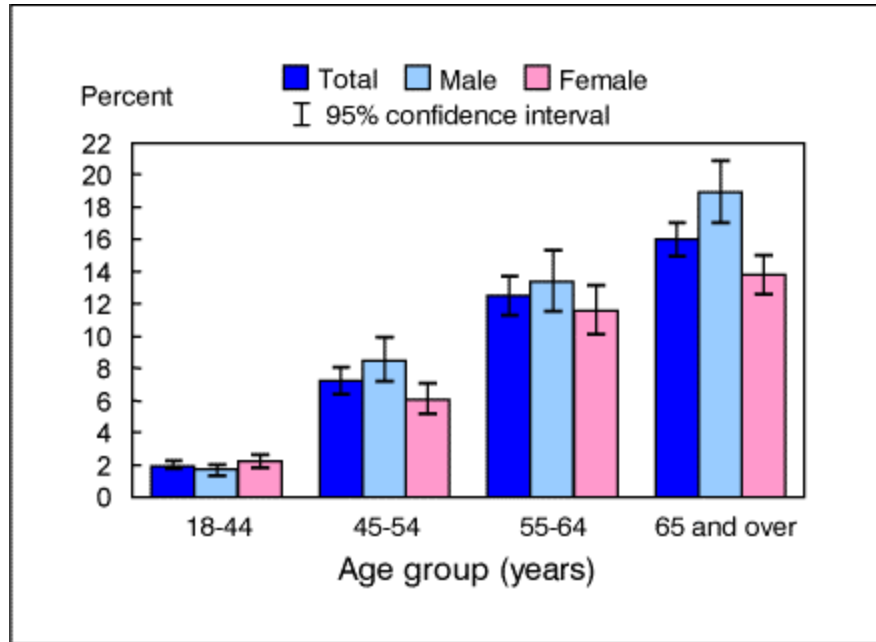
NOTES: Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes is based on self-report of physician diagnosis. Persons reporting "borderline" diabetes status and women reporting diabetes only during pregnancy were not coded as having diabetes in this analysis. The analysis excluded people with unknown diabetes status (about 0.1% of respondents each year). CI is confidence interval.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult Core component of the 1997-2002 National Health Interview Surveys.

- In 2002, 6.5% (95% CI = 6.2% - 6.8%) of U.S. adults aged 18 years and over had ever been diagnosed as having diabetes.
- From 1997 through 2002, the annual prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among U.S. adults aged 18 years and over increased from 5.1% in 1997 to 5.3% in 1998, 5.4% in 1999, 5.9% in 2000, 6.4% in 2001, and 6.5% in 2002.



**Figure 14.2. Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged 18 years and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2002**



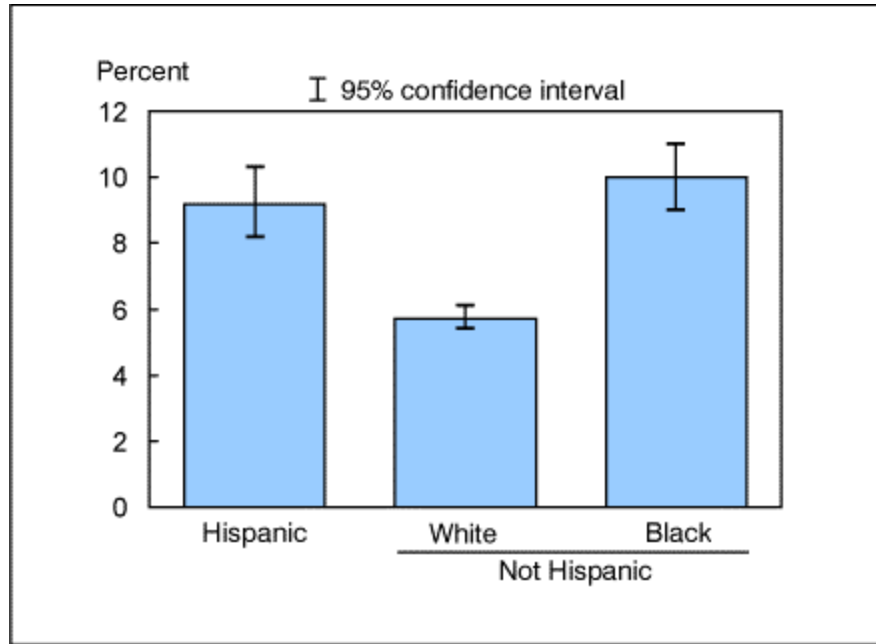
NOTES: Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes is based on self-report of physician diagnosis. Persons reporting "borderline" diabetes status and women reporting diabetes only during pregnancy were not coded as having diabetes in this analysis. The analysis excluded 39 (0.1%) people with unknown diabetes status.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult Core component of the 2002 National Health Interview Survey.

- For both sexes combined, the prevalence of diagnosed diabetes increased with age, with the highest rate among adults aged 65 years and over (16.0%) and the lowest rate among adults aged 18-44 years (1.9%).
- For age groups 45-54 years and 65 years and over, the prevalence of diagnosed diabetes was higher among men than women.



**Figure 14.3. Age-sex-adjusted prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged 18 years and over, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2002**



NOTES: Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes is based on self-report of physician diagnosis. Persons reporting “borderline” diabetes status and women reporting diabetes only during pregnancy were not coded as having diabetes in this analysis. The analysis excluded 39 (0.1%) people with unknown diabetes status.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult Core component of the 2002 National Health Interview Survey.

■ The age-sex-adjusted prevalence of diagnosed diabetes was 9.2% for Hispanic persons, 5.7% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 10.0% for non-Hispanic black persons.

■ The prevalence of diagnosed diabetes was higher among non-Hispanic black persons and Hispanic persons than among non-Hispanic white persons.



## Data tables for figures 14.1-14.3:

**Data for figure 14.1. Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged 18 years and over: United States, 1997-2002**

Year	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
	Crude <sup>1</sup>	Age-adjusted <sup>2</sup>
1997	5.1 (4.9-5.4)	5.3 (5.1-5.6)
1998	5.3 (5.0-5.6)	5.4 (5.1-5.7)
1999	5.4 (5.1-5.7)	5.5 (5.2-5.8)
2000	5.9 (5.6-6.2)	6.0 (5.7-6.3)
2001	6.4 (6.1-6.7)	6.5 (6.2-6.8)
2002	6.5 (6.2-6.8)	6.5 (6.2-6.8)

<sup>1</sup>Crude estimates are presented in the graph.

<sup>2</sup>Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 projected standard population using four age groups: 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, and 65 years and over.

**Data table for figure 14.2. Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged 18 years and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2002**

Age and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
<b>18-44 years</b>		
Total	1.9	1.7-2.2
Men	1.7	1.3-2.0
Women	2.2	1.8-2.6
<b>45-54 years</b>		
Total	7.3	6.4-8.1
Men	8.5	7.2-9.9
Women	6.1	5.1-7.1
<b>55-64 years</b>		
Total	12.5	11.3-13.7
Men	13.4	11.5-15.3
Women	11.6	10.1-13.1
<b>65 years and over</b>		
Total	16.0	14.9-17.0
Men	18.9	17.0-20.9
Women	13.8	12.6-15.0

**Data table for figure 14.3. Age-sex-adjusted prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged 18 years and over, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2002**

Race/ethnicity	Percent <sup>1</sup>	95% confidence interval
Hispanic or Latino	9.2	8.2-10.3
White, not Hispanic	5.7	5.4-6.1
Black or African American, not Hispanic	10.0	9.0-11.0

<sup>1</sup>Estimates are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using four age groups: 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, and 65 years and over.