DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

PROCESSING IN OTHER UNIQUE RETORT SYSTEMS (Retort Survey)

INSTRUCTIONS

Complete the question blocks below. Draw a diagram of the retort or obtain one from the firm. Attach the diagram as an exhibit to the EIR. Report all pipe sizes as inside diameter (ID). Cross-sectional area = $3.14r^2$ (r = $\frac{1}{2}$ diameter).

If problems are found with the firm's retort equipment or processing system, refer the reader to the narrative Turbo EIR under "Objectionable Conditions and Management's Response," and include a narrative explanation of specific problems and evidence under the subheading "Supporting Evidence and Relevance." Submit the completed form as an EIR attachment.

This report is designed to capture information about unique retort systems that are not specifically mentioned in Part 113.40. These retorts must meet the requirements found in applicable sections of 113.40. The retort and operating procedures must be carefully evaluated to insure that they comply with Part 113. Some of the questions in this form are designed to capture information useful in evaluation of the retort system and may not indicate a deviation from LACF Regulations Part 113. The FDA "Guide to Inspections of Low Acid Canned Foods, Part 2" should be used as a guide when conducting inspections of unique retort systems. Photographs are an excellent means of enhancing the description of a retort system.

| RETORT DESCRIPTION | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| RETORT NO. | TYPE OF RETORT | | LENGTH OR HEIGHT | DIAMETER | | |
| | Vertical | Horizontal | | | | |
| | | Other | | | | |
| RETORT MANUFACTURER: | | | | | | |
| RETORT MODEL: | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFY THE PROCESSING EXPLAIN: | G MEDIUM: | | Steam [|] Water ☐ Other ☐ | | |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE OF THERMAL PROCESS (E.G. 245/250/260 DEGREE F): | | | | | | |
| NUMBER OF BASKETS OR CRATES PER RETORT: | | | | | | |
| PROCESSING MODE: Static Still DESCRIBE OPERATION: | Continuous | Batch Agitating – E | nd-over-End | Rocking Other | | |
| COMPUTER CONTROLS | | | | | | |
| DOES A COMPUTER CONTREXPLAIN: | ROL ANY OF THE RE | ETORT FUNCTIONS? | | Yes | | |
| DOES THE FIRM HAVE DOC | UMENTATION ON HA | AND THAT INDICATE | S THAT THE COMPUTER SYSTE | EM HAS BEEN VALIDATED? Yes ☐ No ☐ | | |

| IS RECORD KEEPING PART OF THE COMPUTER FUNCTION? |
|---|
| IF YES, DOES THE RECORD KEEPING COMPLY WITH 21 CFR PART 11? |
| |
| AGITATION |
| IS THE AGITATING RETORT OPERATED IN THE STILL MODE? |
| IS THE POSITION OF THE CRATE IN THE RETORT CRITICAL TO THE COME UP AND/OR THERMAL PROCESS? |
| Yes No N/A EXPLAIN: |
| EXPLAIN HOW THE RETORT CRATE POSITION WAS DETERMINED: |
| EXPLAIN HOW THE RETORT ROTATION SPEED IS DETERMINED: |
| EXPLAIN HOW THE RETORT ROTATION SPEED IS RECORDED: |
| MIG THERMOMETER/TEMPERATURE INDICATOR |
| IS THE RETORT EQUIPPED WITH A MIG THERMOMETER? |
| IS A MERCURY-IN-GLASS THERMOMETER USED AS THE REFERENCE INSTRUMENT DURING PROCESSING? Yes No |
| IS THE RETORT EQUIPPED WITH ANOTHER TYPE OF TEMPERATURE INDICATOR DEVICE? |
| ARE TEMPERATURE INDICATOR SCALE DIVISIONS EASILY READABLE TO 1°F (.5°C)? |
| NO. OF DEGREES F OR C/IN. OF GRADUATED SCALE: (TEMP. RANGE MUST NOT EXCEED 17°F(8°C) PER INCH (4°/CM) OF GRADUATED SCALE – 113.40(a)(1). ALSO, SEE LACF GUIDE, P. 14.) |
| DATE TEMPERATURE INDICATOR/MIG LAST TESTED FOR ACCURACY: |
| |
| (THERMOMETERS SHALL BE TESTED FOR ACCURACY AGAINST A KNOWN ACCURATE STANDARD THERMOMETER UPON INSTALLATION AND AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR THEREAFTER; RECORDS OF ACCURACY CHECKS THAT SPECIFY DATE, STANDARD USED, METHOD USED, AND PERSON PERFORMING THE TEST SHOULD BE MAINTAINED. EACH THERMOMETER SHOULD HAVE A TAG, SEAL, OR OTHER MEANS OF IDENTITY THAT INCLUDES THE DATE IT WAS LAST TESTED FOR ACCURACY – 113.40(a)(1).) |

| NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON WHO PERFORMED TEST: |
|--|
| IS THE LAST TEST DATE IDENTIFIED ON THE MIG THERMOMETER/TEMPERATURE INDICATOR? |
| DESCRIBE THE FIRM'S ACTIONS REGARDING MIG THERMOMETERS /TEMPERATURE INDICATORS THAT WERE OUT OF CALIBRATION: |
| IS THE MIG THERMOMETER MERCURY UNDIVIDED? |
| WHEN MIG THERMOMETERS /TEMPERATURE INDICATORS ARE FOUND TO BE PROVIDING READINGS ABOVE THE ACTUAL PROCESSING TEMPERATURES, DOES THE FIRM EVALUATE PRODUCTS PRODUCED USING THOSE THERMOMETERS? Yes \(\subseteq \text{No} \subseteq \) |
| DESCRIBE THE FIRM'S PROCEDURES: |
| IS THE THERMOMETER/TEMPERATURE INDICATOR LOCATED WHERE IT IS EASY TO READ ACCURATELY? Yes No |
| THE INDICATOR SENSOR BULB IS LOCATED IN THE SYSTEM Retort Shell |
| HOW DOES THE FIRM INSURE THAT THE TEMPERATURE INDICATED IS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ACTUAL PROCESSING TEMPERATURE? |
| TEMPERATURE RECORDER |
| TYPE OF TEMPERATURE RECORDER: |
| DO THE CHART SPECIFICATIONS MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF PART 113? |
| IS THE TEMPERATURE CHART ADJUSTED TO AGREE AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE WITH BUT NOT HIGHER THAN THE KNOWN ACCURATE MERCURY-IN-GLASS THERMOMETER DURING THE PROCESSING PERIOD? |
| IS THERE A MEANS TO PREVENT UNAUTHORIZED ADJUSTMENTS? |
| IS THE CHART DRIVE TIMING MECHANISM ACCURATE? |

| IS THE RECORDER COMBINED WITH A STEAM CONTROLLER? | Yes | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| THE TEMPERATURE RECORDER SENSING BULB IS INSTALLED IN THE Retort Shell | Before the Heat Exchanger | | | | | |
| TEMPERATURE (STEAM) CONTROLLER | | | | | | |
| IS THE STEAM CONTROLLER AUTOMATIC? | Yes | | | | | |
| HOW IS TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED IN THE RETORT? Recorder Controller Cam Controller Manual Switching EXPLAIN: | Computer Other | | | | | |
| WHERE IS THE CONTROLLER SENSOR LOCATED? Retort Shell | Before the Heat Exchanger | | | | | |
| REPORT THE MANUFACTURER, MODEL, TYPE AND SIZE OF THE AUTOMATIC STEAM CONT | ROL VALVE: | | | | | |
| IF THE TEMPERATURE (STEAM) CONTROLLER IS AIR OPERATED, DOES THE SYSTEM HAVE ASSURE A SUPPLY OF CLEAN, DRY AIR? | Yes | | | | | |
| DURING THE INSPECTION ,WAS THERE ANY EVIDENCE OF TEMPERATURE DROPS?EXPLAIN: | Yes | | | | | |
| COME UP PROCEDURE | | | | | | |
| DESCRIBE THE FIRMS PROCEDURE TO BRING THE RETORT UP TO PROCESSING TEMPERATURE, REMOVAL OF AIR FROM THE SYSTEM AND NUMBER OF STEPS: | ATURE. INCLUDE TIME, | | | | | |
| CAN THE FIRM DOCUMENT ALL STEPS OF THE COME UP PROCEDURE? | Yes No | | | | | |
| DOES THE FIRM IDENTIFY PROCESS COME UP STEPS AS CRITICAL ON THE PROCESSING (NOTE: PROCESSING STEPS ARE REQUIRED ON THE PROCESS FILING FORM WHEN THEY | Yes 🗌 No 🗌 | | | | | |
| CRITICAL TO THE THERMAL PROCESS. THIS IS ALWAYS THE CASE WHEN THE GENERAL MITTHE ${\it F_o}$.) | ETHOD IS USED TO CALCULATE | | | | | |
| HEAT/TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION | | | | | | |
| HAVE TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDIES BEEN PERFORMED ON THE FIRMS RETORTS | ?? Yes | | | | | |

| EXPLAIN AND PROVIDE COPIES OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS: | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| DATE OF LAST TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDY: | | | | | |
| HAS A TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDY BEEN PERFORMED ON EACH INDIVIDUAL RETORT? Yes | No 🗌 | | | | |
| HAS A TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDY BEEN PERFORMED ON EACH CONTAINER SIZE? Yes | No 🗌 | | | | |
| HAS A TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDY BEEN PERFORMED ON EACH CONTAINER TYPE (E.G. GLASS, METAL, PLASTIC)? | No 🗌 | | | | |
| HAS A TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDY BEEN PERFORMED ON EACH INDIVIDUAL PRODUCT OR PRODUCT TO E.G. SEAFOOD SOUP VERSUS CANNED TUNA? IF NO IDENTIFY THOSE TESTED | YPE? No 🗌 | | | | |
| DID EACH TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDY IDENTIFY A COLD SPOT IN THE RETORT? | No 🗌 | | | | |
| HAVE TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDIES BEEN PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTS OF TEMPERATURE DROPS DURING COME UP AND PROCESSING? | | | | | |
| HAVE TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDIES BEEN PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTS OF LOW WATER I Yes No REPORT RESULTS: | FLOW? | | | | |
| ARE PARTIAL LOADS PROCESSED IN THE FIRMS RETORTS? | No 🗌 | | | | |
| ARE BAFFLE PLATES OR DUMMY LOADS USED DURING THE PROCESSING OF PARTIAL LOADS? Yes EXPLAIN: | No 🗌 | | | | |
| HAVE TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION STUDIES BEEN PERFORMED WITH PARTIAL LOADS? | No 🗌 | | | | |
| RETORT CRATES, RACKS | | | | | |
| DESCRIBE THE RETORT CRATES. DIMENSIONS: | | | | | |
| NUMBER OF HOLES: | | | | | |
| SIZE OF HOLES: | | | | | |
| LOCATION OF HOLES: | | | | | |

| ARE CONTAINERS POSITIONED IN THE RETORT AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULED PROCESS? |
|--|
| ARE DIVIDERS, TRAYS, RACKS OR OTHER MEANS OF POSITIONING FLEXIBLE CONTAINERS DESIGNED AND EMPLOYED TO INSURE EVEN CIRCULATION OF HEATING MEDIUM AROUND ALL CONTAINERS? |
| ARE DIVIDER PLATES USED? |
| IS THE SAME TYPE OF DIVIDER PLATE USED FOR ALL CONTAINERS? |
| ARE CONTAINERS PROCESSED WITHOUT DIVIDER PLATES? |
| IS CONTAINER NESTING POSSIBLE ? |
| HOW DOES FIRM CONTROL NESTING OF CONTAINERS? |
| DOES THE FIRM PROCESS? |
| Metal CansYes No |
| Glass JarsYes No |
| PouchesYes No |
| Rigid PlasticYes No |
| DOES THE FIRM PROCESS MORE THAN ONE CONTAINER SIZE? |
| LIST ALL CONTAINER SIZES: |
| METAL CANS - |
| GLASS JARS – |
| POUCHES - |
| SEMI-RIGID PLASTIC - |
| IF MORE THAN ONE CONTAINER SIZE OR TYPE IS PROCESSED AT ONE TIME, DESCRIBE PROCEDURE USED: |
| FOR RETORT POUCHES, ARE TRAYS ADEQUATELY DESIGNED WITH POCKETS SUFFICIENT TO CONTAIN AND RESTRAIN INDIVIDUAL POUCHES DURING COME-UP AND PROCESSING? |
| ARE TRAYS OR DIVIDER PLATES IN GOOD CONDITION WITH NO SHARP OR ROUGH POINTS THAT COULD PUNCTURE CONTAINERS ? |
| PRESSURE CONTROL |
| ARE PRODUCTS PRODUCED USING OVERPRESSURE? Yes No |
| LIST THE OVERPRESSURES USED (E.G. 30 PSI AT 140 °C, 36 PSI AT 150 °C): |

| IS THE RETORT EQUIPPED WITH A PRESSURE GAUGE? | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| DESCRIBE THE LOCATION WHERE COMPRESSED AIR ENTERS THE RETORT: | | | | | |
| IS THE COMPRESSED AIR USED FOR OVERPRESSURE HEATED PRIOR TO INTRODUCTION INTO THE RETORT? Yes No | | | | | |
| IS A DIFFUSER USED ON THE COMPRESSED AIR ENTRY LINE TO INSURE RAPID MIXING OF THE AIR IN THE RETORT ATMOSPHERE? | | | | | |
| HAS THE POINT WHERE AIR ENTERS THE RETORT BEEN IDENTIFIED AS A COLD SPOT IN THE RETORT? Yes No | | | | | |
| DESCRIBE HOW PRESSURE IS CONTROLLED IN THE RETORT DURING THERMAL PROCESSING: | | | | | |
| HAS OVERPRESSURE BEEN IDENTIFIED AS A FACTOR CRITICAL TO THE THERMAL PROCESS? | | | | | |
| ARE PRESSURE DROPS CONSIDERED TO BE PROCESS DEVIATIONS? | | | | | |
| CONTAINER COOLING | | | | | |
| CONTAINERS ARE COOLED BY: | | | | | |
| TYPE OF VALVE ON COOLING WATER LINES: | | | | | |
| WERE COOLING WATER LINES NOTED TO BE LEAKING? | | | | | |
| DRAIN LINES | | | | | |
| ARE SCREENS USED OVER ALL DRAIN LINES TO PREVENT CLOGGING? | | | | | |
| IS THE DRAIN VALVE WATER TIGHT AND NON-CLOGGING | | | | | |
| OTHER CONCERNS AND OBSERVATIONS | | | | | |
| DI EASE EYDI AINI ANY OTHER CONCERNS WITH THE OPERATION OF THIS RETORT SYSTEM: | | | | | |