



WIND TUNNELS OF THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE

*A Report Prepared by the Federal Research Division,
Library of Congress, for the
Aeronautics Research Mission Directorate, National Aeronautics and Space Administration*

June 2008

*Researchers: Malinda Goodrich
Jenele Gorham*

Project Manager: Malinda K. Goodrich

**Federal Research Division
Library of Congress
Washington, D.C. 20540-4840
Tel: 202-707-3900
Fax: 202-707-3920
E-Mail: frds@loc.gov
Homepage: <http://www.loc.gov/rr/frd/>**

**★ 60 Years of Service to the Federal Government ★
1948 – 2008**

PREFACE

This catalog is a compilation of data on subsonic, supersonic, and hypersonic wind tunnels in the Western hemisphere used for aeronautical testing. The countries represented in this catalog include Argentina, Brazil, Canada, and the United States. The catalog profiles a total of 104 wind tunnels. A distribution chart following this preface depicts the number and types of wind tunnels operating in each country. The bulk of the catalog is made up of data sheets for each facility, indicating the facility's name; the name of the installation where it is located; its technical parameters, such as size, speed range, temperature range, pressure, operational status, and Reynolds number; its replacement and/or operating cost; its testing capabilities; current programs; planned improvements; contact information; and schematics, if available. The report has four sections, one section for each speed (subsonic, supersonic, and hypersonic) and one section for tunnels of undetermined speed. In addition, cross-reference indexes with page numbers, at the end of the report, provide quick look-up tools. A bibliography is also included. Sources consulted include wind tunnel installation Web sites (in English and/or foreign languages); technical reports on wind tunnels, published by Sverdrup Technology, RAND, and NASA; articles and reports from various technical journals; and information provided by installation managers in response to direct inquiries.

Table of Contents

PREFACE..... ii

INTRODUCTION iv

EXPLANATION OF WIND TUNNEL DATA SHEETS.....v

TABLE: MAJOR WIND TUNNEL DISTRIBUTION—WESTERN HEMISPHERE vii

CHART: DISTRIBUTION OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE WIND TUNNELS..... viii

SUBSONIC WIND TUNNELS.....1

SUPERSONIC WIND TUNNELS..... 111

HYPERSONIC WIND TUNNELS..... 171

WIND TUNNELS OF UNKNOWN SPEED..... 197

BIBLIOGRAPHY..... 209

INDEX BY COUNTRY..... 214

INDEX BY SPEED..... 219

INDEX OF COMPANIES..... 224

INDEX OF FACILITIES..... 228

INDEX OF SCHEMATICS..... 235

INTRODUCTION

The wind tunnels in this catalog, classified according to speed regime, are presented in the following order:

- Subsonic
- Supersonic
- Hypersonic

The specific criteria used for each category are as follows:

Wind Tunnel Category	Speed Range (Mach No.)
Subsonic	>0.1
Supersonic	1.2–5.0
Hypersonic	>5.0

EXPLANATION OF WIND TUNNEL DATA SHEETS

The boxes at the top of each data sheet are designed to provide a summary of the facility's most pertinent characteristics, such as name, size, speed, etc. The paragraphs under the boxes provide more details as to the facility's technical parameters, usage, and contact information. The following descriptions correspond to the numbered boxes on the following page:

1. Wind Tunnel Speed Category: subsonic, supersonic, or hypersonic.
2. Country in which the tunnel is located.
3. Name of the installation where the facility is located.
4. Test Section Size: dimensions of the test section (height x width x length) or cross-section diameter.
5. Temperature Range: tunnel's stagnation temperature(s) in °R or K.
6. Speed Range: in Mach number with feet per second (ft/sec) or meter per second (m/sec) for subsonic tunnels; different speed ranges may be listed for different test sections.
7. Reynolds Number: shown in millions (10^6) per foot or per meter.
8. Name of the facility.
9. Cost: either construction cost or replacement cost.
10. Dynamic Pressure: a range given in psf or kilo-Newtons per square meter (kN/m^2).
11. Operational Status: backlog, inactive, standby, or only on demand basis.
12. Stagnation Pressure: given in atmospheres or bars.
13. Testing Capabilities: information on the performance range or special conditions of the tunnel.
14. Data Acquisition: describes the type of systems used for data gathering, the number of channels available, and the form of output.
15. Current Programs: provides details about the facility, discussing unique features, special instrumentation, and performance capabilities.
16. Date Constructed/Planned Improvements: describes major improvements, rehabilitations, and planned modifications.
17. User Fees: fees charged to use the facility.
18. Contact Information.

1. WIND TUNNEL SPEED CATEGORY**2. COUNTRY**

3. INSTALLATION NAME	4. TEST SECTION SIZE	5. TEMPERATURE RANGE
	6. SPEED RANGE	7. REYNOLDS NUMBER
8. FACILITY NAME	9. COST	10. DYNAMIC PRESSURE
	11. OPERATIONAL STATUS	12. STAGNATION PRESSURE

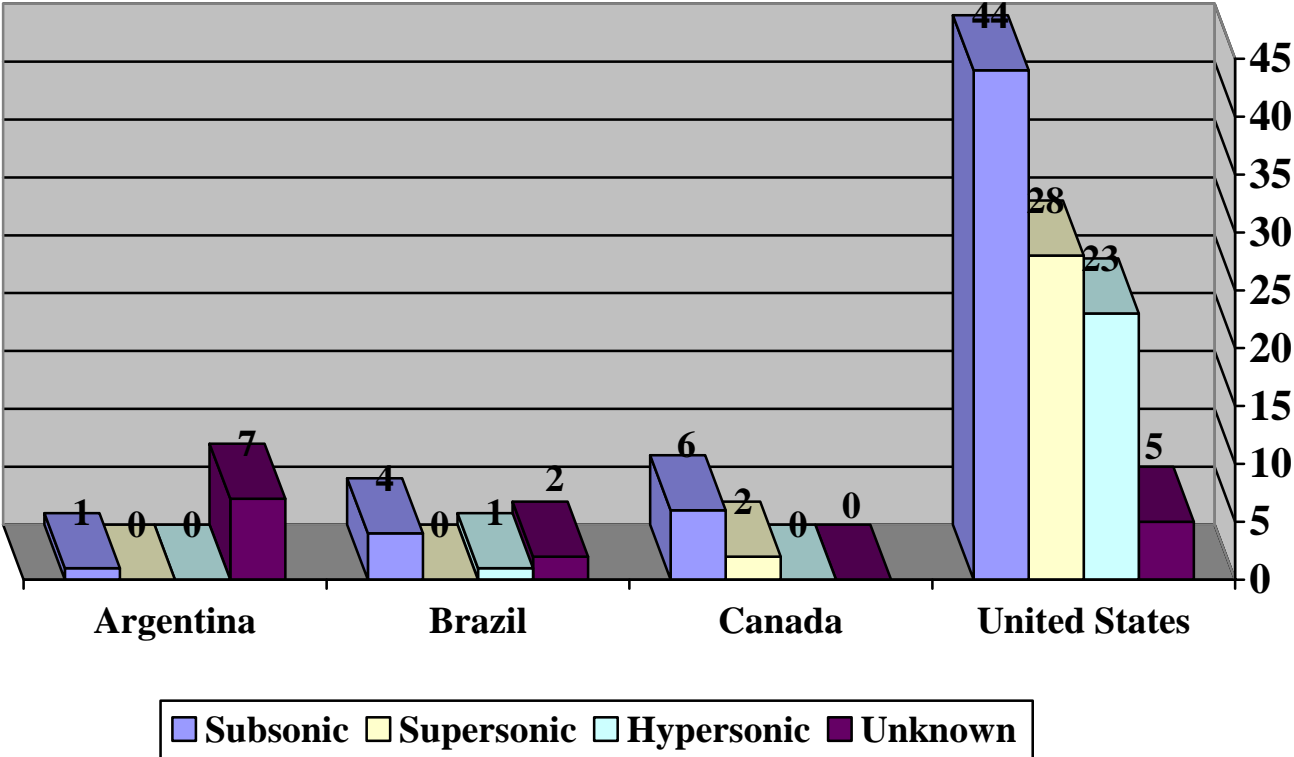
13. TESTING CAPABILITIES**14. DATA ACQUISITION****15. CURRENT PROGRAMS****16. DATE CONSTRUCTED/PLANNED IMPROVEMENTS****17. USER FEES****18. CONTACT INFORMATION**

TABLE: MAJOR WIND TUNNEL DISTRIBUTION—WESTERN HEMISPHERE

Location	Subsonic	Supersonic	Hypersonic	Unknown	Total
Argentina	1				1
Brazil	4		1	2	7
Canada	6	2			8
United States	44	28	12	5	89
TOTAL	52	30	13	7	102

CHART: DISTRIBUTION OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE WIND TUNNELS

FIGURE 1: NUMBER OF WIND TUNNELS IN ARGENTINA, BRAZIL, CANADA, AND THE UNITED STATES BY SPEED REGIME



Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Argentina

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National University of La Plata, Faculty of Engineering, Boundary Layer and Environmental Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (LACLYFA), La Plata, Argentina	1.4 x 1 x 7.2 m ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	Up to 20m/sec	
Boundary Layer Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed section; powered by a 50 hp electric motor; equipped with an axial-flow, variable-velocity, adjustable-pitch blade propeller; wind speed continuously variable by means of an electronic speed control from 10 km/hr to 70 km/hr.

Data Acquisition

Velocity measurements by a 6-channel, Dantec Streamline, constant-temperature, hot-wire anemometer with X-wire probes (DANTEC, 55R51).

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

U. Boldes, Laboratorio de Capa Limite y Fluidodinamica, Departamento de Aeronautica, Facultad de Ingenieria, Universidad Nacional de La Plata, Calle 48 y 116, La Plata (1900), Argentina; Tel: 54 (221) 423-6679; Fax: 54 (221) 423-6679 int 143; Email (Main): sec-aero@volta.ing.unlp.edu.ar; Web site: <http://www.ing.unlp.edu.ar/aeron/laclyfa/Capetas/equipamiento.htm>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Brazil

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	7 ft, octagonal	Ambient
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.13 Mach	1.2
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Ambient
	<i>Operational Status</i>	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Manual

Current Programs

Aeronautics; ground transportation; buildings; towers; ships; submarines; weapons.

Planned Improvements

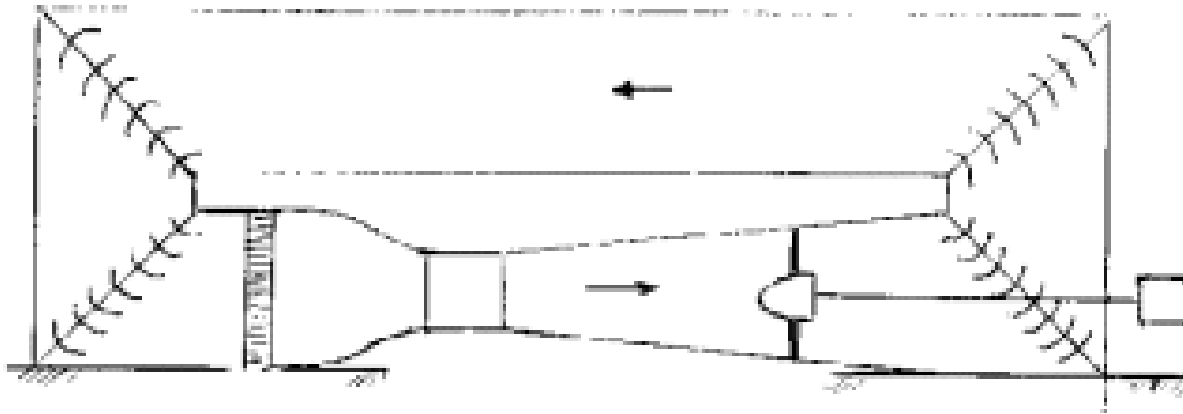
1930 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Izabel Cristina Mendes Barros, IAE/ASA-Comando-Geral de Tecnologia Aeroespacial, Praça Marechal Eduardo Gomes, 50, Vila das Acácias - CEP 12228-904, São José dos Campos, Brasil; Tel: (55) 012 3947-6500; Fax: (55) 012 3947-6501; Email (Mendes Barros): comsocial@iae.cta.br; Web site: <http://www.iae.cta.br/asa/asa-l/asalaerodinamica.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel,
Institute of Aeronautics and Space,
Aerospace Technical Center,
São José dos Campos, Brazil**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Brazil

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Instituto de Aeronáutica e Espaço (IAE-CTA), São José dos Campos, SP, Brazil	7 x 10 ft ² (2.1 x 3.0 m ²)	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	100 m/sec	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Closed Circuit Subsonic Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of June 2008.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed-circuit; square; powered by 1,200 hp electric motor.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Development of new experimental procedures; aerodynamic tests for Brazilian aeronautical industry, including Embraer.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Instituto de Aeronáutica e Espaço, Praça Marechal Eduardo Gomes, 50 - Campus do CTA - Vila das Acácias, CEP 12228-904 - São José dos Campos - SP - Brasil;
Tel: (12) 3947-6555; Fax: (12) 3941-2522; Web site: <http://www.iae.cta.br/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO SCHEMATIC AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Brazil

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Instituto Tecnológico de Aeronáutica (ITA), São José dos Campos, SP, Brazil	1.0 x 1.28 m ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	70 m/sec	0.10
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of 2008.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed-circuit; 200 hp electric motor; boundary-layer control system; blowing slots located at top and bottom walls of test section; low operating cost; complements IAE-CTA wind tunnel; built by teams from Instituto de Aeronáutica e Espaço, University of São Paulo at São Carlos (USP-SC), and Embraer.

Data Acquisition

FLUENT software for numerical simulation of flow.

Current Programs

Engineering testing for Embraer; 2D flow over airfoil models; behavior of wing sections; determination of maximum lift coefficient.

Planned Improvements

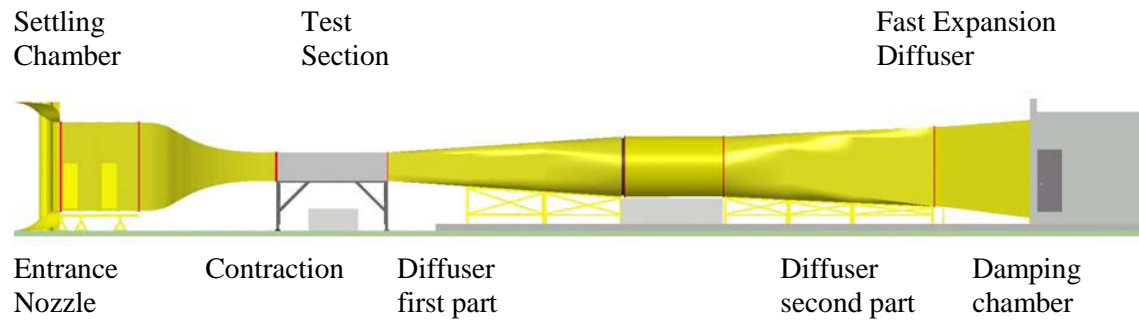
February 2003 (commenced operation); planned extension to 3D testing.

User Fees

Contact Information

Praça Marechal Eduardo Gomes 50, Vila das Acácias, 12228-900, São José dos Campos, SP, Brasil; Tel: (55) 12 39475823; Fax: (55) 12 39475024; Email: nide@aer.ita.br; Web site: <http://www.ita.br>

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel,
Instituto Tecnológico de Aeronáutica (ITA),
São José dos Campos, Brazil**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Brazil

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, SP, Brazil	0.6 x 1.5 m ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	50 m/sec	
Subsonic Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	US\$245,000 (approximate construction cost)	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of June 2008.	

Testing Capabilities

Square test section.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Development of new experimental procedures using scale models of aircraft or aircraft parts; testing the aerodynamic structures of aircraft, automobiles, ships, and civil engineering works.

Planned Improvements

2002 (operational)

User Fees

Contact Information

University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, Av. do Trabalhador Sancarlense 400, 13566- 590 São Paulo, SP. Brazil São Paulo, Brazil; Tel: (16) 3373 9333; Web site: <http://www.aeronauticasc.eng.br/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO SCHEMATIC AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Canada

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	57 x 57 x 183 cm ³	-35° to 40°C
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 0.5 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of June 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Inputs: 16 TTL-level digital signals (UPC 607); 16 differential or 32 single-ended signals; thermocouples; thermistors; strain gauges; LVDTs; RTDs; resistances; variable reluctance; voltages; outputs: up to 16 TTL-level digital signals; up to four 12-bit resolution +/-10 VDC or 4 to 20 mA analog signals; real-time CRT monitoring, storage, and transfer of data.

Current Programs

Development, testing, or calibration of aircraft or cloud physics instrumentation; de-icing and anti-icing systems; evaluation of ice accretion on non-protected aircraft components; validation of numerical ice accretion codes; studies on the basic physical processes leading to ice accretion.

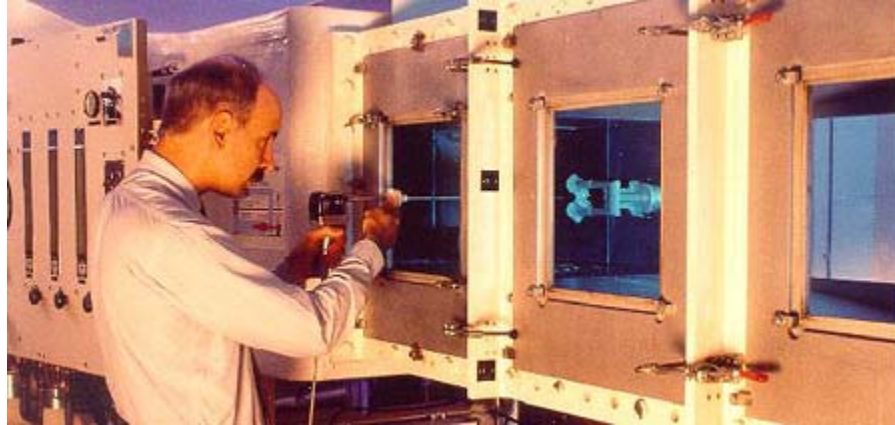
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Steven J. Zan, Director, Aerodynamics Laboratory, Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), National Research Council Canada (NRC), 1200 Montreal Road, Bldg. M-2, Room 129B, Ottawa, ON, Canada, K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 993-1156; Fax: (613) 957-4309; Email: Steven.Zan@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_8c_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)
National Research Council Canada (NRC),
Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR),
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Canada

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	1.9 x 2.7 x 5.2 m ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 140 m/sec	9
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel		11.6 kPa
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		1.7 psi
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed circuit; 9:1 contraction ratio; 1,490 kW fan power; +/- .07% speed uniformity; 0.14% turbulence level; and longitudinal static pressure gradient.

Data Acquisition

A/D channels: 24 and 15 bit @ 100 kHz; custom configurations; redundant tunnel condition sensors; software: test-specific MatLab code, labview; model/probe control: 16-axes, Aerotech; pressure measurements: scanivalve ZOC™Kulite; anemometry: hot-film/hot-wire; balances: internal (TASK, NRC, various) and external (cruciform, various); flow visualization: PIV, acoustic array, PSP laser-light sheet, smoke, surface oil film, fluorescent mini-tuft.

Current Programs

Steady and unsteady aircraft aerodynamics; aero acoustics; surface-vehicle aerodynamics; marine hydrodynamics; separated-flow aerodynamics; wind energy generation.

Planned Improvements

Planned improvements: moving ground, integrated PIV systems.

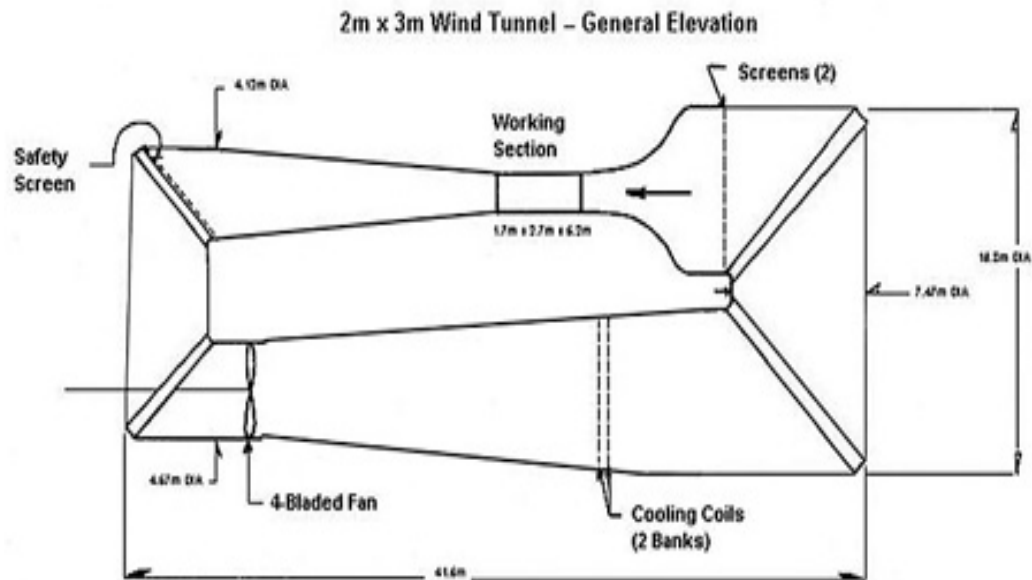
User Fees

CAN\$1,050/hr.

Contact Information

Jason Leuschen, Montreal Road Facilities Manager, Aerodynamics Laboratory, National Research Council (NRC) Institute for Aerospace Research, Building M-2, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, Canada K1A OR6; Tel: (613) 993 2757; Fax: (613) 957 4309; Email: Jason.Leuschen@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_6_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel,
National Research Council (NRC),
Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR),
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Canada

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	#1: 3.1 x 6.1 x 12.2 m ³ ; #2: 3.1 x 4.9 x 6.4 m ³ with insert	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	#1: Electric = 40 m/sec, Gas turbine = 54 m/sec; #2: Electric = 50 m/sec, Gas turbine = 67 m/sec	4.3
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
3 x 6 m Open-Circuit Propulsion Icing Wind Tunnel (PIWT)		2.7 kPa
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		0.4 psi
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Fan operated electrically but can be accommodated to a gas turbine for high-speed operations; working section floor may be raised to simulate varying ground effects or modify floor-boundary-layer characteristics; floor may be solid or porous.

Data Acquisition

Test specific software: MatLab and LabView; model mounts: pitch-rig and custom mounts available; pressure measurements: scanivalve ZOCTM, Kulite; anemometry: hot-film and hot-wire; balances: internal (TASK, NRC, various) and external (cruciform, various); photography: digital DVD, S-VHS, 35 mm; flow visualization: PIV, Acoustic Array, PSP, laser-light sheet, smoke, surface oil, fluorescent mini-tuft.

Current Programs

Icing research; tested Sikorsky S-76 helicopter half-model.

Planned Improvements

2004 (upgrades to icing-spray system and removable test section insert); planned improvements: icing-spray bar upgrades; maximum speed increase; large-engine flow simulator.

User Fees

Low-speed occupancy rate: CAN\$750/hr; high-speed occupancy rate: CAN\$915/hr; increments: CAN\$910/hr.

Contact Information

Jason Leuchen, Montreal Road Facilities Manager, Aerodynamics Laboratory, National Research Council (NRC) Institute for Aerospace Research, Building M-2, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa Canada K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 993-2757; Fax: (613) 957-4309; Email: Jason.Leuschen@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_9_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Canada

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	#1: 5 m (diameter) open jet; #2: 3 x 3 m square open jet; #3: 2 x 3 m open jet or solid wall.	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	Up to 28 m/sec	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
5 m Vertical Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of March 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Aircraft spin testing; aerodynamic stability; helicopter rotor performance during landing and takeoff from frigates; 1% turbulence level.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Steven J. Zan, Director, Aerodynamics Laboratory, Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), National Research Council Canada (NRC), 1200 Montreal Road, Bldg. M-2, Room 129B, Ottawa, ON, Canada, K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 993-1156; Fax: (613) 957-4309; Email: Steven.Zan@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_8b_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Canada

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	9.1 x 9.1 x 23.9 m ³	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	Up to 55 m/sec	0 to 1.23
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel		38 psf
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
		Atmospheric
	Operational Status	
	Confirmed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous-flow, closed-circuit test section; 6.7 MW dc electric motor drive; 6-component, pyramidal, external, mechanical force balance; strut; sting; floor mounting with self-aligning fairings; floor-pad mounting equipped with pressure-taps model support; capabilities: normal, V/STOL, Special Moment, Omega; balance incidence arm range + or - 50°; turntable balance can be rotated from -115° to + 215°; four 150 kW; 2 Danfoss auxiliary electric power; 13.2 cm diameter supply line of 1,700 kPa at 4.5 kg/sec compressed air; HYSCAN ESP system; DSM-3000 electronic pressure scanner.

Data Acquisition

PXI-based control data system with 64-channel A/D and 128 digital I/Os; remote field point with 16-temperature RTD inputs and 8-channel A/D; 12-axis motion control system with programmable PID; client data system: PXI-based with 96 digital I/Os, 64-channel A/D with programmable signal conditioning system.

Current Programs

Aircraft models (including Dash 8) with up to 7 m wing span; half-models of 5 m semi-span (can be mounted on under-floor; external 6-component balance); surface vehicles; ground-based structures; oil rig platforms and wind turbines.

Planned Improvements

1969-70 (commissioned); 1997-98 (new, balanced-weight, beam control system); 1998-2000 (new data acquisition system); 2002-03 (floor boundary suction system); 2003-04 (new fan-drive control system); planned improvements: ground-effect simulation system (GESS) for ground vehicle testing.

User Fees

N/A

Contact Information

Dr. Vinh Nguyen, Reseach Officer, Uplands Facilities Aerodynamics Laboratory, National Research Council Canada (NRC) Institute for Aerospace Research, Building U70, Uplands Campus, ON Ottawa, Canada K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 998 3123; Fax: (613) 957 4310; Email: Vinh.Nguyen@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_5_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT),
National Research Council Canada (NRC),
Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR),
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

Canada

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	0.38 x 0.51 x 1.83 m ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 0.4 m/sec	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC)		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of March 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Six independent dye streams, 5-component sting balance; 6:1 contraction section area ratio; <1.0% RMS turbulence intensity level; <+/- 2 % velocity uniformity.

Data Acquisition

Lab-view data acquisition and motion-control system; video-imaging system.

Current Programs

Force measurement and flow visualization of aircraft at high angles-of-attack; variety of models, including surface vehicles tested, including the F/A-18 fighter/attack vehicle.

Planned Improvements

1996 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Steven J. Zan, Director, Aerodynamics Laboratory, Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), National Research Council Canada (NRC), 1200 Montreal Road, Bldg. M-2, Room 129B, Ottawa, ON, Canada, K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 993-1156; Fax: (613) 957-4309; Email: Steven.Zan@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_8f_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC),
National Research Council Canada (NRC),
Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR),
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	20 x 20 x 45 ft ³	Ambient
<i>Facility Name</i>	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	215, 230 kn	0 to 2.3
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of March 2006.	Ambient

Testing Capabilities

Closed, slotted, open, and 3/4 in open-construction type; single return; 15,000 hp, 9-bladed fan; internal/external balances; moving belt; fixed-ground plane ground effects; 1,000 psi; 70° to 250°F air-supply system; 20 lb/sec air-mass flow; located in Philadelphia.

Data Acquisition

HP/LMS VXI; PDP 11/84; VAX 11/780; 190 analog to 100 kHz; 16 digital; 16 pulse count; PSI electronic pressure scanner; scanivalves, discrete static/dynamic transducers.

Current Programs

Rotary wing; fixed wing; V/STOL; aerodynamics; ground vehicles; acoustic; hover.

Planned Improvements

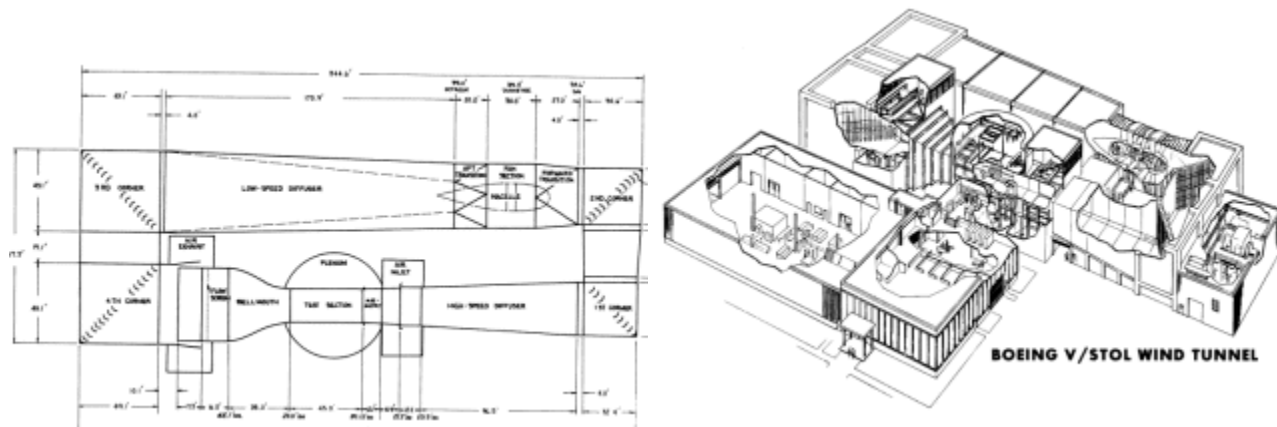
1968 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Ms. LeAnn Diessner (Marketing Manager), Boeing Technology Services, P.O. Box 3707, MC 1W-02, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207; Tel: (206) 662 4287; Email: LeAnn.M.Diessner@boeing.com; Web site: <http://www.boeing.com/bts>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel,
Boeing Technology Services,
Seattle, Washington USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	9 x 9 x 19.5 ft ³	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	Up to 200 kn	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
9 x 9 ft Subsonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)		0 to 130 psf
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of August 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Ms. LeAnn Diessner (Marketing Manager), Boeing Technology Services, P.O. Box 3707, MC 1W-02, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207; Tel: (206) 662 4287; Email: LeAnn.M.Diessner@boeing.com; Web site: <http://www.boeing.com/bts>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	4 x 6 ft ² or 5 x 8 ft ²	-45° to 100°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 250 kn (290 mph)	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Boeing Research Aero-Icing Tunnel (BRAIT)		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of August 2006.	

Testing Capabilities
 Sidewall mounting; heated auxiliary air; 3 x 4 ft uniform cloud; 15 to 40 microns droplet size; 0.25 to 2.25 g/m³ liquid water content; +/-1.0°F uniform temperature distribution; <+/- 1° % velocity variation; <0.5% tests section turbulence.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs
 Creates ice shapes and tests de-icing systems; tests aircraft-component sections, rotor-blade sections, engine inlets, and probes.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Ms. LeAnn Diessner (Marketing Manager), Boeing Technology Services, P.O. Box 3707, MC 1W-02, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207; Tel: (206) 662 4287; Email: LeAnn.M.Diessner@boeing.com; Web site: <http://www.boeing.com/bts>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Laboratory, Daytona Beach, Florida, USA	30 x 40 x 60 in ³	Ambient
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	0.16 Mach (180 ft/sec)	0.115
Open Circuit Wind Tunnel		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Cost</i>	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active.	Atmospheric

Testing Capabilities

50 hp drive motor; 6-component Aerolab sting balance; 3/4 in diameter; 62-tube manometer.

Data Acquisition

486 PC-based data-acquisition system; wind tunnel lab also contains 2D smoke tunnel (2 x 36 in test section); 3D smoke tunnel (18 x 24 in test section); LabView.

Current Programs

Contract wind-tunnel testing for individuals and companies outside the university; occasional short projects for local industry.

Planned Improvements

1989 (constructed).

User Fees

Instructional tunnel; no specific cost structure.

Contact Information

Charles N. Eastlake (Professor), Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, 600 S. Clyde Morris Blvd, Daytona Beach, FL 32114-3900; Tel: (386) 226 6754; Fax: (386) 226-6747; Email (Eastlake): eastlake@erau.edu; Web site: <http://www.erau.edu/omni/db/academicorgs/dbaed/windtunnellab.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

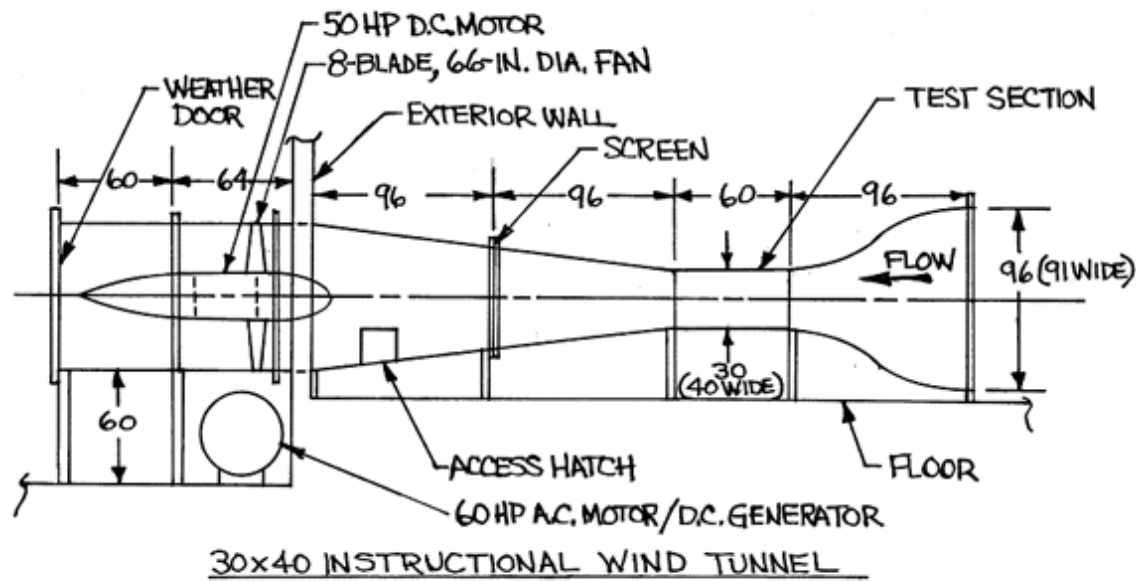


FIGURE 1

Open Circuit Wind Tunnel,
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University,
Department of Aerospace Engineering,
Daytona Beach, Florida USA

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA		
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	100 ft/sec	
Facility Name		
Experimental Research Wind Tunnel		Dynamic Pressure
	Cost	
		Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Easily modified for testing airspeeds; automobile-exterior sections; acoustic measurements; and 2D and 3D advanced aircraft configurations.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Jim McMichael, Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), 400 W. 10th Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0801; Tel (McMichael): (770) 528-7123; Fax (McMichael): (770) 528-3271; Email (McMichael): james.mcmichael@gtri.gatech.edu; Web site: http://www.gtri.gatech.edu/atas/facil_flightsim.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	1.07 x 1.07 m ²	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	10 to 78 ft/sec	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

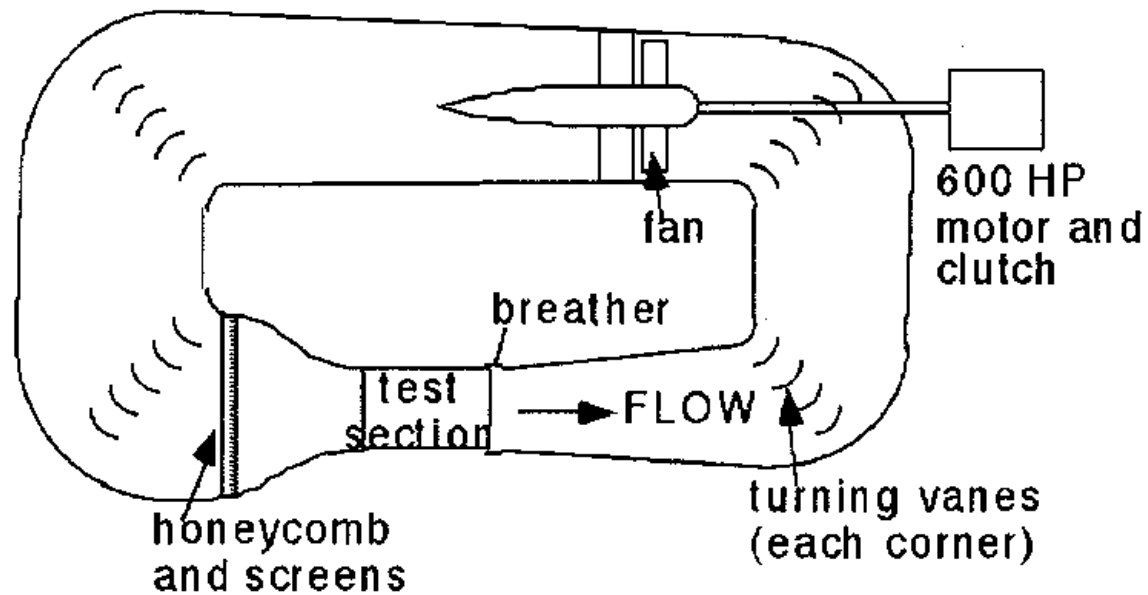
Current Programs
 Capabilities include measurements for lift, drag, pitch, roll, yaw, pressure, flow visualization, and particle-image velocimetry.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Jim McMichael, Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), 400 W. 10th Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0801; Tel (McMichael): (770) 528-7123; Fax (McMichael): (770) 528-3271; Email (McMichael): james.mcmichael@gtri.gatech.edu; Web site: http://www.gtri.gatech.edu/atas/facil_flightsim.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT),
Georgia Institute of Technology,
Georgia Tech Research Institute (GTRI)
Aerospace, Transportation, and Advanced Systems (ATAS) Laboratory,
Atlanta, Georgia USA

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation, and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	4.3 x 4.3 x 6.1 m ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 105 m/sec	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Test chamber mounted on springs for isolation; 99% anechoic down to 200 Hz.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Simulates flight on supersonic heated jets; conditions affecting propellers, aircraft, automobiles, and other items/vehicles.

Planned Improvements

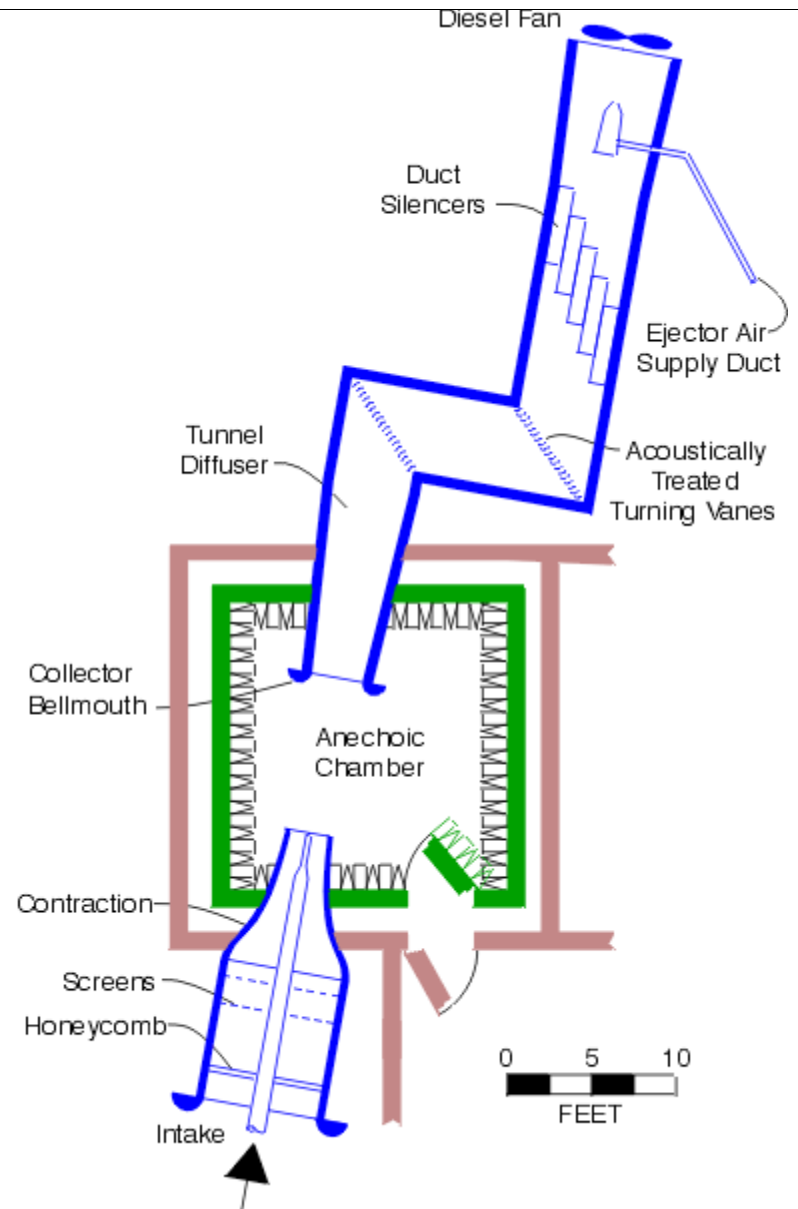
User Fees

Contact Information

Jim McMichael, Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), 400 W. 10th Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0801; Tel (McMichael): (770) 528-7123; Fax (McMichael): (770) 528-3271; Email (McMichael): james.mcmichael@gtri.gatech.edu; Web site: http://www.gtri.gatech.edu/atas/facil_flightsim.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

**Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility,
Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace,
Transportation, and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS),
Atlanta, Georgia USA**



Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	7 x 9 ft ²	Ambient
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	10 to 220 ft/sec	1.2
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
John J. Harper Low Speed Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Atmospheric
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active since 1930.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed-circuit tunnel driven by a 600 hp, dc motor; turbulence levels below 0.3%; rotorcraft flow diagnostics; extensively used in rotor-vortex diagnostics and rotor/airframe-interaction research; 6 d.o.f. aircraft-model load tests; laser-Doppler velocimetry; particle-image velocimetry; unsteady pressures/DSP; flow imaging with pulsed NdYAG lasers; wind-driven dynamic manipulator.

Data Acquisition

PC-based, LabView, and custom software; image acquisition/flow visualization by digital video; multichannel A/D and DSP.

Current Programs

Sponsored research at the doctoral level; testing for industry, including rotorcraft aerodynamic interactions and other vortex-flow problems, such as twin-tail buffeting; forebody asymmetry control; development of a multiple-degree-of-freedom, Wind Driven Manipulator; rotor-dynamic stall; rotorcraft hub drag; and Helidyne development.

Planned Improvements

1929 (constructed); 1950s (upgraded closed section); 1983 (upgraded control room and rotor-testing capabilities); 1994 (upgraded office space); 1982 to present (frequent instrumentation upgrades). Planned improvements: new high-advance ratio and dynamic-stall rotor set-up (2007).

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. Narayanan Komerath (Professor), Georgia Institute of Technology, School of Aerospace Engineering, 225 First Drive, Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0150; Tel (Komerath): (404) 894-3017; Email (Komerath): narayanan.komerath@aerospace.gatech.edu; Web site: <http://www.ae.gatech.edu>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	1.07 x 1.07 m ² (42 x 42 in ²)	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	10 to 78 ft/sec	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Test section powered by a 50 hp, Magnetek, frequency-controlled ac motor, with 7 moving blades and 10 stators; mean airspeed: 78 ft/sec; mean turbulence intensity: 16%; background noise at max speed: 90 dB; flow angularity: 1% vertical; similar to Basic Aerodynamics Research Tunnel at NASA Langley Research Center.

Data Acquisition

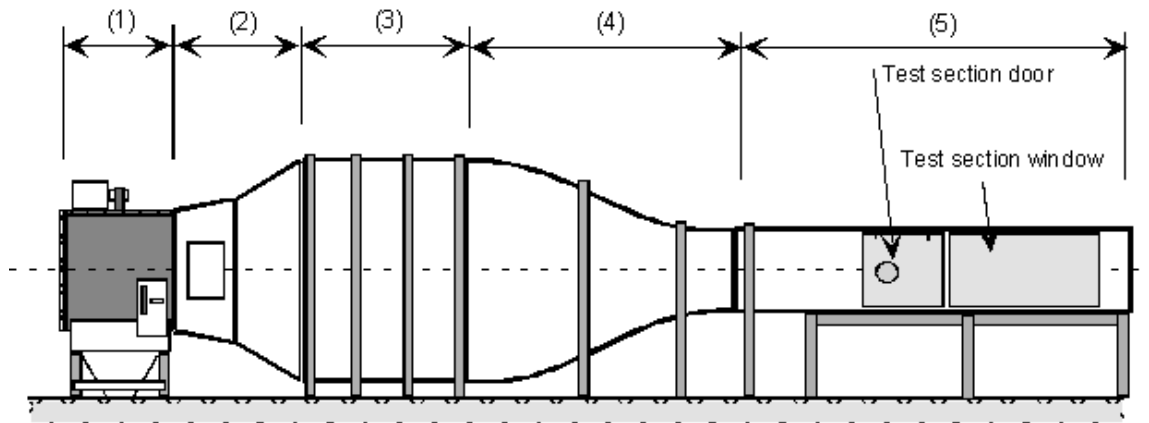
Current Programs

Planned Improvements
 1998 (new fan installed); 1999 (tunnel redesigned).

User Fees

Contact Information
 Dr. Narayanan Komerath (Professor), Georgia Institute of Technology, School of Aerospace Engineering, 225 First Drive, Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0150; Tel (Komerath): (404) 894-3017; Email (Komerath): narayanan.komerath@aerospace.gatech.edu; Web site: <http://www.ae.gatech.edu>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel,
Georgia Institute of Technology,
School of Aerospace Engineering,
Atlanta, Georgia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	19 x 27 x 48 in ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	120 mph	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	US\$500 (construction cost)	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Inlet Bell (entrance cone); plywood walls; plywood reinforcing ribs.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Aircraft components; RC models; automotive components; building ventilation systems.

Planned Improvements

1985 (constructed).

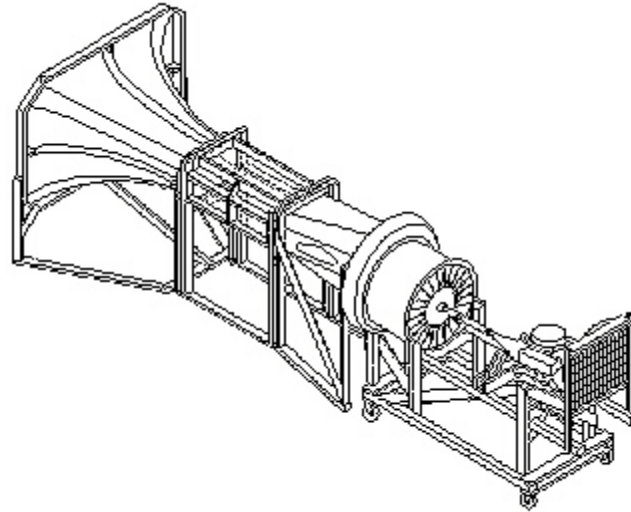
User Fees

User fees depend upon types of testing being performed.

Contact Information

Gevers Aircraft, Inc., 2251 Staggerwing Lane, Lafayette, Indiana 47909; Tel: (765) 577 0013; Email: testlab@geversaircraft.com; Web site: <http://www.geversaircraft.com>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel,
Gevers Aircraft, Inc.,
Lafayette, Indiana USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	5 x 7 x 12 ft ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 200 mph	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
5 x 7 ft Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	
		<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

10 ft diameter fan with 15 adjustable pitch blades.

Data Acquisition

Six-component scales; fully automated computer data acquisition system.

Current Programs

Aircraft components, RC models, automotive components, building ventilation systems.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

User fees depend upon types of testing being performed.

Contact Information

Gevers Aircraft, Inc., 2251 Staggerwing Lane, Lafayette, Indiana 47909; Tel: (765) 577 0013; Email: testlab@geversaircraft.com; Web site: <http://www.geversaircraft.com>

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	23 x 16 x 43 ft ³ (low speed); 26 x 30 x 63 ft ³ (V/STOL)	Ambient, kept at <35°C by cooling
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	40 to 300 ft/sec (low speed); 20 to 150 (V/STOL)	3.6
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)		2 to 105 psf (low speed); 0.5 to 26 (V/STOL)
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Ambient
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of May 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed; solid construction; single return; 12,000 hp; 9 MW; internal/external balances; raised floorboard; floor blowing; 330 psi, 2,250 kPa; 20 pps; 45 kg/sec.

Data Acquisition

Main frame VAX 8530; PC I/O peripherals; 128 analog; 32 pulse-digital; scanivalve HYSCAN 2000 for ESPs; Fortran programs used to present raw or reduced data in tabular or plotted form.

Current Programs

Testing of V/STOL or conventional low-speed aerospace models and industrial models, such as automobiles; 6-component reaction forces; model orifice pressure readings; anemometer velocity acquisition; flow visualization (smoke flow, paint, oil and tufts).

Planned Improvements

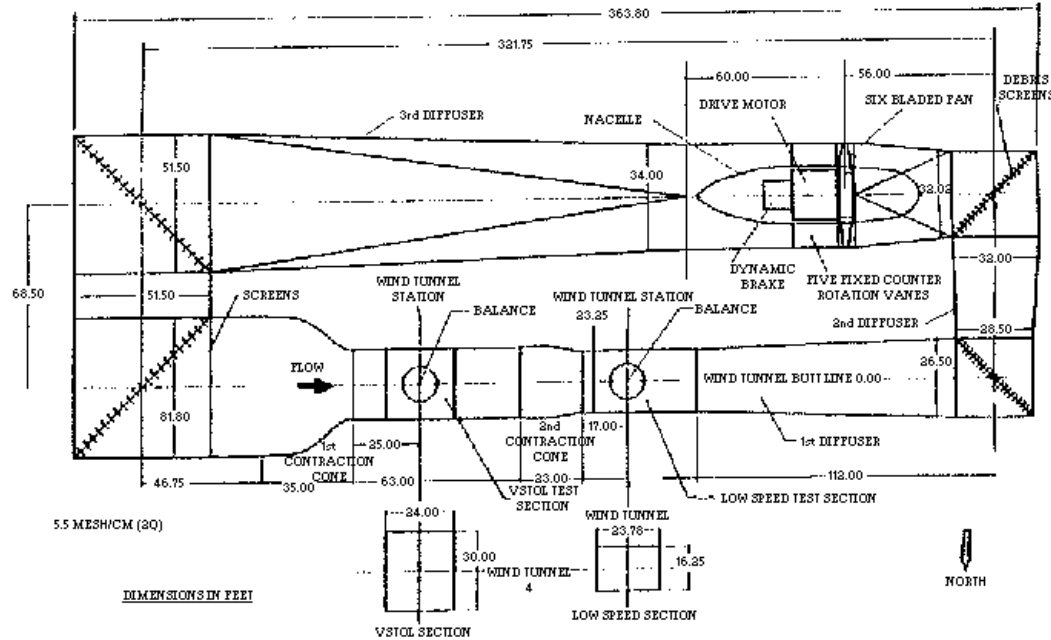
1967 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Joe Patrick (Lead Engineer), Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Low Speed Wind Tunnel, 1055 Richardson Rd., Smyrna, GA 30080-1040; Tel: (770) 494-5619; Fax: (770) 494-4790; Email: joe.patrick@lmco.com; Web site: <http://www.lockheedmartin.com>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



Circuit Length
780 ft, 238 m.

Circuit Volume
 10^6 ft^3 , $16.4 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$

Motor in nacelle

Variable Speed

Scherbius Electronic Control System
with energy recovery

39 ft (11.9 m) diam.

6 blades fan

5 blades fixed

250 rpm max.

Exterior water
spray cooling

7000 US gal./min.

$27 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$.

Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT),
Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group,
Smyrna, Georgia USA

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA	7.5 x 10 x 15 ft ³	0 to 100°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	0 to 0.25 Mach	0 to 1.8
Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT)	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	US\$3 to 4 million	0 to 67 psf
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active as of January 2007.	83 psf

Testing Capabilities

Closed-return, closed, elliptical test section; 6-component, main, external, mechanical balance for loads up to 3,000 lbs; internal strain-gauge balances for sting mounts; model components for loads up to 100 lbs; auxiliary air supplies for propulsion units; injection; boundary-layer control; continuous-flow rates of 1.5 or 0.5 pps at 60 or 125 psi; intermittently 4 pps at 100 psi and 9 pps at 22 psi.

Data Acquisition

32-channel digital data recording; scanivalves and Setra transducer with flat frequency to 800 Hz; flow visualization with surface oils, attached tufts, smoke, and photography.

Current Programs

Aircraft development, unsteady airfoil flow-field study; nacelle-induced vortex generation; ground-plane influence; gust interactions; rotary wings; primary use for student projects, research, and instruction; also available for commercial research and development.

Planned Improvements

1937 (constructed); 2000 (upgrades); planned improvements: computer/instrumentation upgrades, possible main drive upgrades.

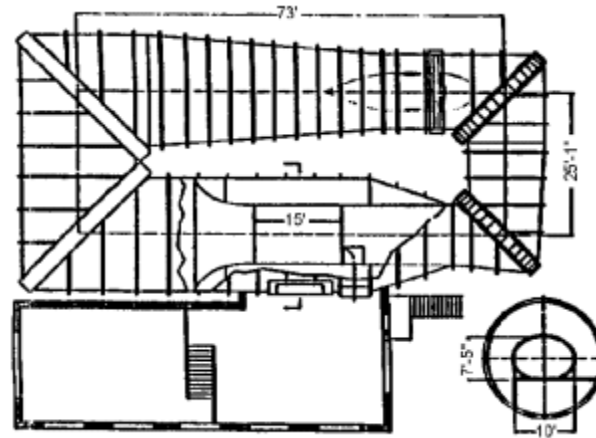
User Fees

USD \$425/hr, min 4 hrs.

Contact Information

R.F. Perdichizzi, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02139-4307; Tel: (617) 253 1000; Email (General): wbwt@mit.edu; Email: (Perdichizzi): dickp@mit.edu; Web site: <http://mit.edu/aeroastro/www/labs/WBWT>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT),
Massachusetts Institute of Technology,
Department of Aeronautical Engineering,
Cambridge, Massachusetts USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	11.3 x 11.3 x 28 ft ³ , 12 ft diameter	Up to 540 to 610°R (stagnation)
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0.05 to 0.55 Mach	0.1 to 12
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
		2.0 to 8.0 psia
	Operational Status	
	Currently in mothball status.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed circuit; single return; variable density; solid wall; low turbulence; rear-sting strut with variable pitch and roll; high-angle-of-attack turntable and dual-strut turntable; semispan mounting; internal, strain-gauge balances; multiple, fluctuating-pressures measurements; temperature-controlled, auxiliary, high pressure (3,000 psi); X-terminal based; core flow quality.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

High-lift systems for commercial transports and military aircraft; high-angle-of-attack testing of maneuvering aircraft; and high-Reynolds-number research.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

John Holmberg (Facility Manager), Don Nickison (Division Chief), Unitary Wind Tunnels, NASA Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, CA; Tel (General): (650) 604-5000; Tel (Nickison): (650) 604-1748; Fax (Nickison): (650) 604-4357; Email (Nickison): Donald.J.Nickison@nasa.gov; Email (Holmberg): John.L.Holmberg@nasa.gov; Web site: <http://aocentral.arc.nasa.gov/12ft1.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA),
Ames Research Center,
Moffet Field, California USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, National Full-Scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC), Moffet Field, California, USA	80 x 120 ft ²	485 to 580°R
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0 to 0.15 Mach (0 to 100 kn)	0 to 1.2
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel		33 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Atmospheric
	<i>Operational Status</i>	

Testing Capabilities

Larger part of closed-circuit, single-return NFAC wind tunnel; open, indraft, continuous-flow, closed-throat circuit; 135,000 hp; 106 MW power; PSI pressure system; internal balances; no ground effects; 3,000 psi air-supply system; 35 pps air-mass flow; sound-absorbent lining; test section's balance system measures the forces for 6° of freedom.

Data Acquisition

Real-time DEC PDP 11/84; main computer DEC VAX 8650; analog recording on 200 channel; max sampling rate 96,000 s/sec; digital on 20 channels, using Teledy.

Current Programs

Low- and medium-speed aerodynamic characteristics of high-performance aircraft, rotorcraft, fixed-wing, powered-lift V/STOL aircraft; size makes it ideal for testing large- or full-scale models and prototypes, including full-scale rotors.

Planned Improvements

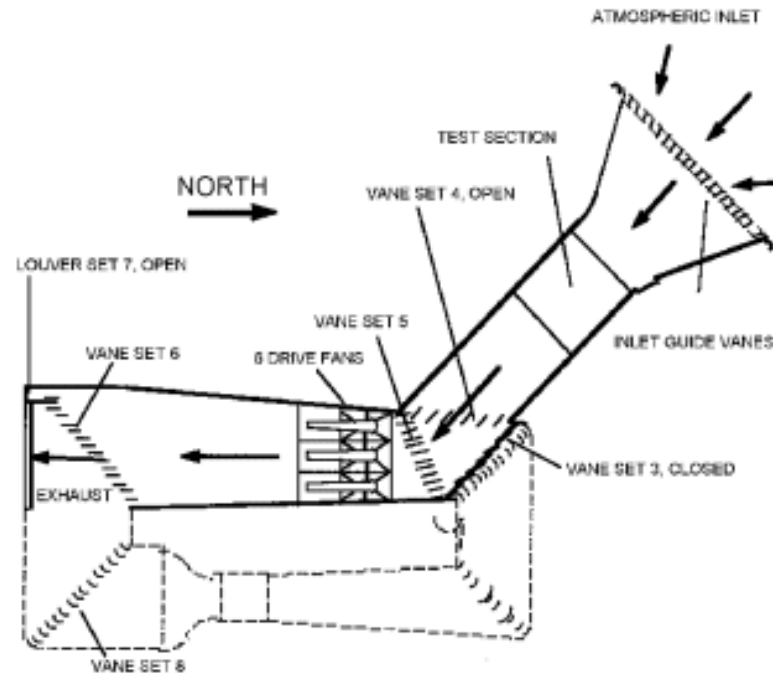
1982 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Don Nickison (Division Chief), John Holmberg (Facility Manager), NASA Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, CA 94035; Tel (General): (650) 604 5000; Tel (Nickison): (650) 604 1748; Fax (Nickison): (650) 604 4357; Email (Nickison): Donald.J.Nickison@nasa.gov; Email (Holmberg): John.L.Holmberg@nasa.gov; Web site: <http://windtunnels.arc.nasa.gov/nfac80120.html>. To arrange for testing: V. Albert, U.S. Air Force (which now operates the 80 x 120); Email (Albert): valbert@nfac.nasa.gov.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA),
Ames Research Center,
National Full-Scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC),
Moffett Field, California USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	9 x 15 x 28 ft ³	-90°F ambient
<i>Facility Name</i>	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	0 to 0.2 Mach	0 to 1.4
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
		0 to 72 psf
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	Atmospheric

Testing Capabilities

Gaseous hydrogen fuel system; high-pressure air; altitude exhaust; 1,000, 2,000, and 5,000 hp, fan-drive rig systems; Rotor Alone Nacelle System; dynamic-actuation system; and a variety of research-test hardware.

Data Acquisition

1,024-channel, pressure measurement system; ESCORT; dynamic data system; paint; Schlieren systems; sheet laser; oil flow; high-speed video, flow visualizations; test-article controls; and remote-access control room.

Current Programs

Evaluating aerodynamic performance and acoustic characteristics of fans, nozzles, inlets, propellers; testing hot gas-ingestion of advanced, short-takeoff, vertical-landing (STOVL) systems.

Planned Improvements

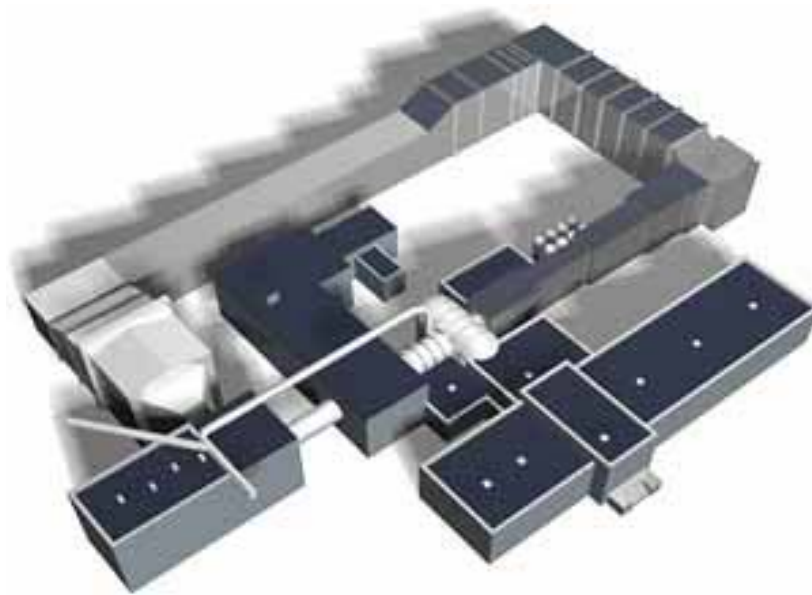
1968 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

David E. Stark (Facility Manager), 9 x15 Subsonic Wind Tunnel at NASA Glenn Research Center, 21000 Brookpark Rd., Cleveland, OH 44135; Tel (General): (216) 433-4000; Tel (Stark): (216) 433-2922; Fax (Stark): (216) 433-8551; Email (Stark): David.E.Stark@nasa.gov; Web site: <http://facilities.grc.nasa.gov>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT),
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA),
Glenn Research Center,
Cleveland, Ohio USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	12 x 12 x 15 ft ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	7 psf	0.492
12 ft Low Speed Tunnel		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Cost</i>	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Atmospheric pressure; open-circuit tunnel with a 60 ft-diameter shere enclosure; test-section airflow produced by a 15.8 ft-diameter, 6-blade drive fan powered by a 280 hp, 600 V, 600 rpm, dc motor; controlled by a 500 hp, ac motor, which drives a field-controlled generator.

Data Acquisition

Unix-based computer system to create and store static or dynamic force, moment, and surface pressure measurement data, rig motion control, data reduction, and plotting; S-VHS video cameras and video tape decks available for recording views of the model and test section while tunnel is operating.

Current Programs

Advanced aerospace technologies and vehicle concepts, including static, dynamic, and free-to-roll characteristics.

Planned Improvements

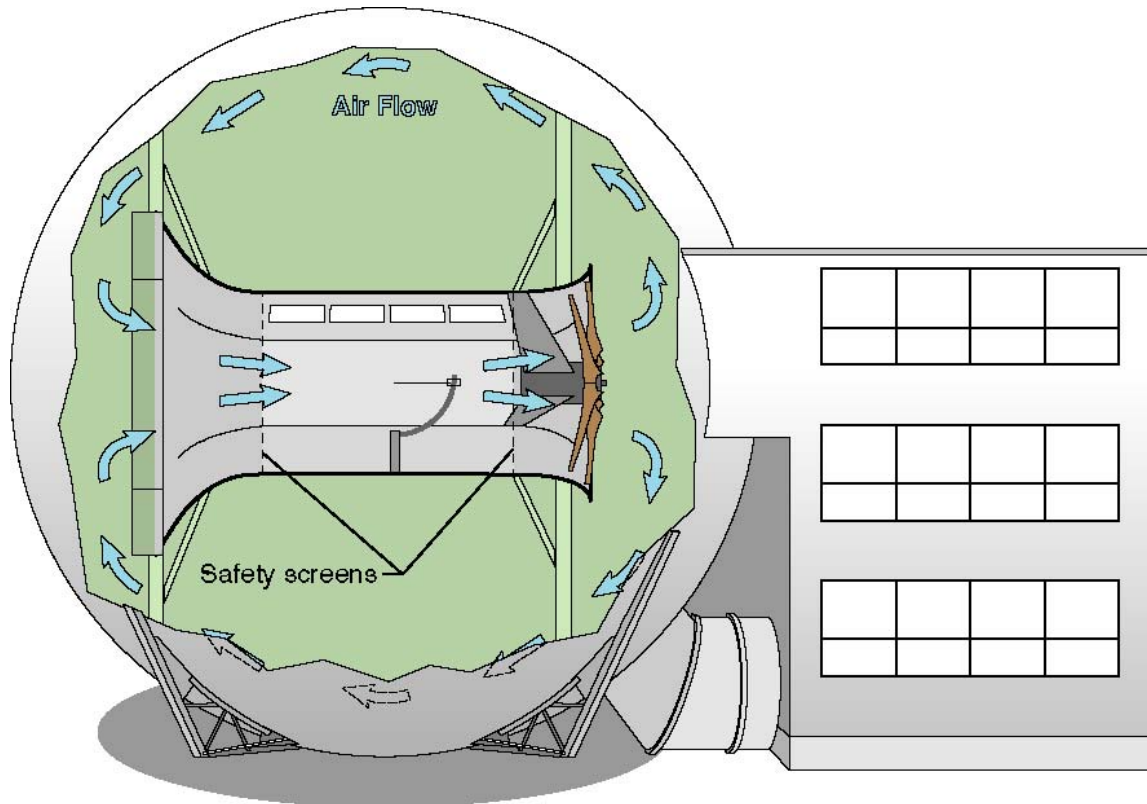
User Fees

US\$5,000/day.

Contact Information

Raymond D. Whipple, Flight Dynamics Branch, Airborne Systems, NASA Langley Research Center, Mail Stop 308, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864 1194; Fax: (757) 864 7722; Email (Whipple): Raymond.D.Whipple@nasa.gov; Web site: http://windtunnels.larc.nasa.gov/facilities_updated/flight_dynamics/12foot.htm.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**12 ft Low Speed Tunnel,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA),
Langley Research Center,
Wind Tunnel Enterprise,
Hampton, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	14 x 21.74 x 50 ft ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	348 ft/sec	0 to 2.2
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel		144 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Atmospheric, closed return; models mounted on carts; includes ground-effects, high-angle-of-attack, rotorcraft, forced-oscillation, or semi-span testing; test gas: air; test-section airflow produced by a 40 ft diameter, 9-blade fan, powered by a 12,000 hp, solid-state converter with synchronous motor.

Data Acquisition

Three Open Architecture Data Acquisition Systems (OADAS), 128 analog, 32 digital; up to 2,048 pressures from ESP module channels; 24-bit BCD; binary; datex; tachometer; resolver; RS-232; and GPIB device interfaces (static system); 72 channels; real-time digitization stored on removable disk drives.

Current Programs

Low-speed tests of powered and unpowered models of various fixed- and rotary-wing civil and military aircraft, such as the 757.

Planned Improvements

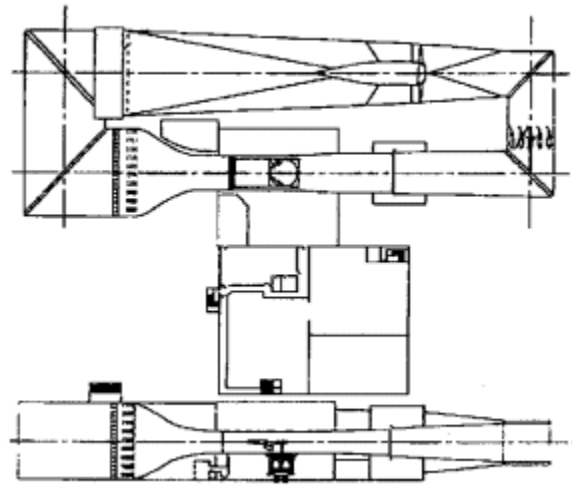
1970 (constructed); 1984 (mods to improve flow/expand capabilities for acoustic and rotorcraft testing); 1999 (automation system and new model carts added); 2001 (main drive motor replaced).

User Fees

Contact Information

14 x 22 Foot Subsonic Tunnel Manager, NASA Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864-5068; Fax: (757) 864-8820; Email: wte+fm_14x22@larc.nasa.gov; Web site: http://wte.larc.nasa.gov/facilities_updated/aerodynamics/14X22.htm.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)
Langley Research Center,
Wind Tunnel Enterprise,
Hampton, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	20 x 25 ft ²	Ambient
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0 to 85 ft/sec	0 to 0.15
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
20 ft Vertical Spin Tunnel (VST)		0 to 8.5 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed-throat, annular return operating at atmospheric conditions, with 12-sided test section; test-section airflow produced by 3-blade, fixed-pitch fan; 400 hp, dc motor, equipped with control system allowing rapid changes in fan speed; result is maximum-flow accelerations in the test section of -25 ft/sec² to 15 ft/sec².

Data Acquisition

Vicon Nexus photogrammetry system; PC desktop platforms; Lab Windows.

Current Programs

Spinning, tumbling, and free-fall characteristics of aircraft and spacecraft.

Planned Improvements

1941 (constructed); 1991 (motor rewind); 1992 (new rotary balance system); 2006 (new data acquisition system); planned improvements: replace model-impact protection system, replace honeycomb (2007).

User Fees

US\$5,000/day.

Contact Information

Raymond D. Whipple, Flight Dynamics Branch, Airborne Systems, NASA Langley Research Center, Mail Stop 308, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864 1194; Fax: (757) 864 7722; Email (Whipple): Raymond.D.Whipple@nasa.gov; Web site: http://windtunnels.larc.nasa.gov/facilities_updated/flight_dynamics/20foot.htm.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	3 x 7.5 x 7.5 ft ³	60 to 120°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.05 to 0.5 Mach	0.4 to 15
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Langley Low Turbulence Pressure Tunnel (LTPT)		0.1 to 5.0 psi
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		14.7 to 150 psia
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Single return, closed circuit, continuous run time.

Data Acquisition

128-channel, A/D converter; 40 channels of digital data; Unix computer with separate Unix workstation.

Current Programs

2D and 3D airfoil testing: multielement, high-lift,, basic research and theory validation; 3D model testing: high-lift, model support/balance system; sidewall, boundary-layer control system; excellent flow-quality, boundary-layer, and wake-traverse systems.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

The Low Turbulence Pressure Tunnel Manager, NASA Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864-5068; Fax: (757) 864-8091; Email: wte+fm_ltpt@larc.nasa.gov; Web site: <http://wte.larc.nasa.gov/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	Closed-jet section: 2.4 x 2.4 x 2.7 m ³ (8 x 8 x 8.9 ft ³); open-jet section: 7.2 x 7.2 x 6.4 m ³ (23.5 x 23.5 x 21.1 ft ³)	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	61 m/sec (200 ft/sec)	
Anechoic Flow Facility		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Cost</i>	
		<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of April 2006.	

Testing Capabilities
 Atmospheric pressure-type, horizontal-plane, closed-circuit, continuous-flow, low-noise, low-turbulence, anechoic chamber; 3.5 m diameter, 24-blade, vane-axial fan; 10:1 contraction ratio; 1,596 kW (2,140-hp), 600 rpm, synchronous motor.

Data Acquisition
 Microphones and associated instrumentation; hot-wire anemometers; digital spectral analyzers; minicomputers for data collection and online analysis; variable-frequency, motor-generator sets: 25 kVA, 0 to 400 Hz, 0.75 VHz or 1.5 VHz (2 units).

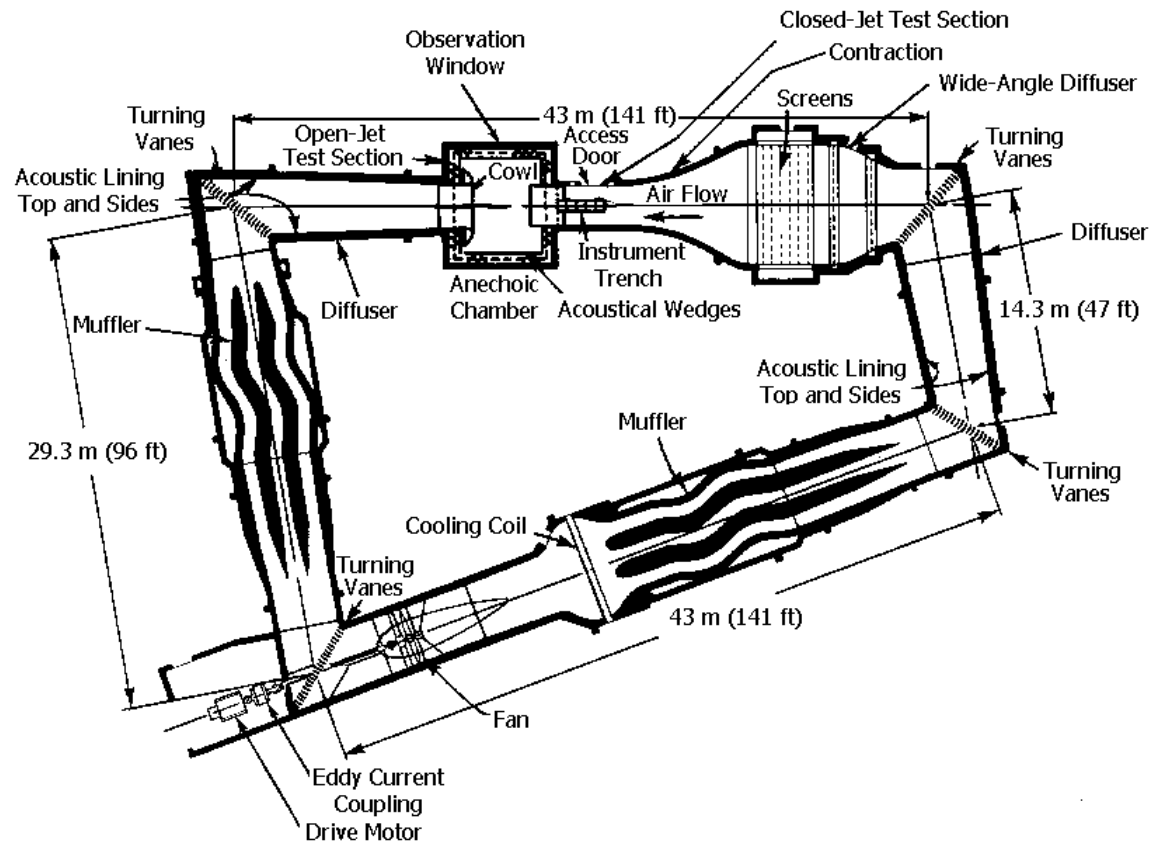
Current Programs
 Details of flow-excited noise from structures, boundary-layer pressure fluctuations, and noise from model propulsors; commercial uses by automobile and aircraft industries and environmental applications; tests: aerodynamic and acoustic flow investigations in airframe noise; vortices, wakes, laminar and turbulent flows; general flow-noise research, including effects of appendages and protuberances, cavities, surface discontinuities, roughness, pressure gradients on flow and noise; measuring devices on the parameters to be measured.

Planned Improvements
 1971 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information
 Anechoic Flow Facility, Carderock Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center, 9500 MacArthur Blvd., West Bethesda, MD 20817-5700; Tel: (301) 227-1251; Email: NSWCCDCode53Web@nswccd.navy.mil; Web site: <http://www.dt.navy.mil/hyd/fac/ane-flo-fac/index.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Anechoic Flow Facility,
Naval Surface Warfare Center,
Carderock Division (NSWCCD),
Bethesda, Maryland USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	8 x 10 x 14 ft ³	50 to 100°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	10 to 275 ft/sec (80 m/sec, 185 mph, 160 kn/sec)	1.56
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Subsonic Wind Tunnel		0.1 to 90 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Atmospheric
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of April 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous flow, closed circuit with closed jet test section; strut mounts with external balance or sting mounts with internal strain-gauge balances for model support; adjustable surface planes; welded steel construction with wood test section; full-width floor and ceiling turntables; 1,000 hp, Clymer-type drive, electric-induction motor fan; electric motors, hydraulic power, compressed air available.

Data Acquisition

DEC PDP-11; PCs on LAN; 32 channels; 250 kHz; A/D conversion; flow-visualization techniques include laser light sheet, smoke, liquid crystal, oil and tuft; full-digital data acquisition and reduction.

Current Programs

Quantitative and qualitative aerodynamic investigations of surface ships and components, submerged vehicles and appendages; aircraft and air vehicles; and structures for the U.S. Department of Defense, other U.S. government agencies, and private industry.

Planned Improvements

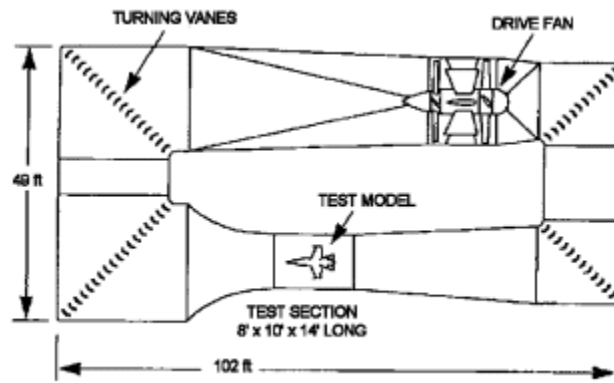
1943 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Subsonic Wind Tunnel, Carderock Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center, 9500 MacArthur Blvd., West Bethesda, MD 20817-5700; Tel: (301) 227 2540; Email: NSWCCDCode53Web@nswccd.navy.mil; Web site: <http://www.dt.navy.mil/hyd/fac/sub-win-tun/index.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Subsonic Wind Tunnel,
Naval Surface Warfare Center,
Carderock Division (NSWCCD),
Bethesda, Maryland USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Northrop Grumman Integrated Systems, Test Laboratories, El Segundo, California, USA	10 x 7 x 20 ft ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	Up to 300 mph	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT)		Up to 200 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Atmospheric
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Deactivated.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed return; 45° corner fillets; low turbulence levels; sting support system with 90° pitch capability; auxiliary air available; excellent visibility; high run-rate capability.

Data Acquisition

NEFF System 620 with 128 channels; controlled by a MicroVAX II computer; Sun workstations and PCs provide plotting and data analysis; high-capacity laser printers for printing plotted and tabulated data; FM mux or Tustin High Speed Acquisition System used to record dynamic data.

Current Programs

Low-speed, fighter-type aircraft, as well as other types of aircraft and unmanned vehicles; types of tests: aerodynamic force and moment, inlet systems, jet effects, and aeroelastic (flutter) testing.

Planned Improvements

1956 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Craig Norfleet (Contact), El Segundo Western Region Integrated Systems, Northrop Grumman Corporation, One Northrop Grumman Avenue, El Segundo, CA 90245-2804; Tel: (310) 332 1000; Fax: (310) 332 3066; Email: System_Test_Laboratories@ngc.com; Web site: http://www.is.northropgrumman.com/test/test_capabilities/wind_tunnel/wind_tunnel.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT),
Northrop Grumman Corporation,
El Segundo Western Region Integrated Systems,
El Segundo, California USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	3 x 5 ft ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	150 mph	
3 x 5 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Harris H800 superminicomputer for real-time data acquisition and analysis; two 21 in, grating spectrographs for studies in combustion and high-temperature gas flows; 5 W, argon-ion laser and associated optics for a 2-channel, laser-Doppler anemometer.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Professor Gerald M. Gregorek (Director), Aero/Astro Research Laboratory, 2300 West Case Road, Columbus, Ohio 43235; Tel: (614) 292 5507 or 5491; Fax: (614) 292 5552; Web site: <http://aerospace.eng.ohio-state.edu/research/index.php?contents=research.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	6 x 12 in ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i> 6 x 12 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	0.2 to 1.1 Mach	4 to 300
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition
 Harris H800 superminicomputer for real-time data acquisition and analysis; two 21 in, grating spectrographs for studies in combustion and high-temperature gas flows; 5 W, argon-ion laser and associated optics for a 2-channel, laser-Doppler anemometer.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Professor Gerald M. Gregorek (Director), Aero/Astro Research Laboratory, 2300 West Case Road, Columbus, Ohio 43235; Tel: (614) 292 5507 or 5491; Fax: (614) 292 5552; Web site: <http://aerospace.eng.ohio-state.edu/research/index.php?contents=research.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	6 x 22 in ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i> 6 x 22 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	0.2 to 1.1 Mach	2 to 12
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Harris H800 superminicomputer for real-time data acquisition and analysis; two 21 in, grating spectrographs for studies in combustion and high-temperature gas flows; 5 W, argon-ion laser and associated optics for a 2-channel, laser-Doppler anemometer.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Professor Gerald M. Gregorek (Director), Aero/Astro Research Laboratory, 2300 West Case Road, Columbus, Ohio 43235; Tel: (614) 292 5507 or 5491; Fax: (614) 292 5552; Web site: <http://aerospace.eng.ohio-state.edu/research/index.php?contents=research.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Old Dominion University, College of Engineering and Technology, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	30 x 60 x 56 ft ³	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
Facility Name	5 to 80 mph (0.1 Mach)	
Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST)	Cost	Dynamic Pressure
		Atmospheric
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Confirmed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed-circuit, three-quarter open jet; double-return, continuous-flow, quasi-elliptical, test-section cross section; powered by two, 4,000 hp, wound rotor, slip-ring, induction motors; also includes collector section, guide vanes, groundboard, and turntable; LFST located at Langley AFB in Hampton, Virginia; largest university-operated wind tunnel in the world.

Data Acquisition

Multiple, PC-based data systems using LabView software; primary system acquires data from trapeze automotive balance, internal strain-gauge balances, or full-scale balance; reduced data accessible in real time via local area network (LAN); secondary systems employed for acquisition of pressure and vane anemometer data.

Current Programs

Full-scale/large-scale aerodynamic, airflow management, and acoustic testing; computational, fluid-dynamic simulations and research support; addresses diverse aerospace, surface vehicle, and specialty applications.

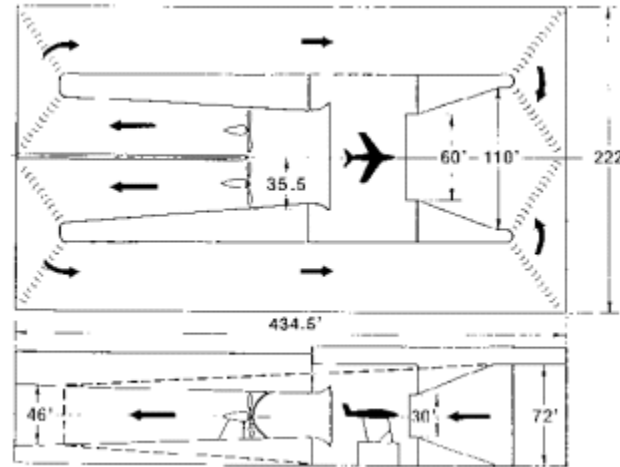
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. Colin P. Britcher (Director of Research and Academic Programs), The Langley Full Scale Tunnel, P.O. Box 65309, Langley AFB, Virginia 23665-5309; Tel (Britcher): (757) 766 2266, ext. 102; Fax (Britcher): (757) 766 3104; Email (Britcher): britcher@aero.odu.edu; Web site: <http://www.lfst.com>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST),
Old Dominion University,
College of Engineering and Technology,
Norfolk, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	#1: 4 x 6 ft ² , closed; #2: long, adapted for high-lift research	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	250 mph	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Boeing Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of November 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

First test section equipped with 6-component, motorized, pitch-and-yaw balance system; 400 hp, ac motor, with GE electromechanical controller (war surplus vintage).

Data Acquisition

Two-component, laser-Doppler velocimeter system; computer data acquisition system.

Current Programs

Design testing.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

J.P. Sullivan (Professor), The Boeing Large Subsonic Wind Tunnel, Purdue University, School of AAE, Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907-2023; Tel (General): (765) 494 3343; Tel (Sullivan-office): (765) 494 1279; Tel (Sullivan-lab): (765) 494 3344; Fax: (765) 496 3321; Email (Sullivan): john.p.sullivan.1@purdue.edu; Web site: https://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE/Academics/Courses/Raisbeck/wind_tunnels.htm#.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



Boeing Wind Tunnel,
Aerospace Sciences Lab,
School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering
Purdue University,
West Lafayette, IN USA

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	#1: 18 in (diameter); #2 & 3: 12 x 18 in	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	#1: 120 ft/sec; #2 & 3: 100 ft/sec	
Low Speed Wind Tunnels		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Cost</i>	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active as of November 2006.	

Testing Capabilities
 #1: Open-return facility; 2-component balance; 2 centrifugal fans with 15 hp electric motor; 25:1 contraction ratio; multiple screens; 10 ft cubic plenum; 0.3% freestream turbulence; 1% flow uniformity; #2 & 3: hot-wire probe.

Data Acquisition
 Scanivalve and manometer bank.

Current Programs
 Research on: numerical methods in aerodynamics; computational fluid mechanics; separated flow around wings and bodies at high angles-of-attack; aerodynamics of rotors and propellers; boundary layers, wakes and jets in V/STOL applications and aerodynamic noise; experimental measurements using laser systems; laminar-turbulent transition in high-speed boundary layers.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Professor Thomas Farris, Purdue University, School of AAE, Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2023; Tel: (765) 494 5117; Fax: (765) 494 0307; Email: farrist@purdue.edu; Web site: <http://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	1.4 x 1.4 x 4.9 m ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	35 m/sec	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	US\$2,500,000.00	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Under construction in 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Ultra-low turbulence; closed-return facility; can generate oscillatory flows; powered by a 12 kW, variable-speed, dc motor and axial blower; also is a conventional low-turbulence wind tunnel; can simulate gusts and lulls of varying amplitude and frontal duration, to vary the intensity and scale of the free-stream turbulence.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Oscillatory flows for unsteady problems in low-speed aerodynamics; major sponsors include AFRL, AFOSR, DURIP, Northrop Grumman, Lockheed Martin, DARPA, NSF.

Planned Improvements

1984 (moved from National Bureau of Standards to Arizona State Univ); 1987 (became operational at ASU, upgrades done); 2003 (decommissioned at ASU, relocated to Texas A&M); currently undergoing building construction/tunnel reassembly.

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. William S. Saric, (Director, Flight Research Laboratory), Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, 602C H.R. Bright Building, 3141 TAMU College Station, TX 77843-3141; Tel (Saric): (979) 862-1749; Fax (Saric): (979) 845-6051; Email: saric@tamu.edu; Web site: <http://flight.tamu.edu/tunnel/tunnelcomplex.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

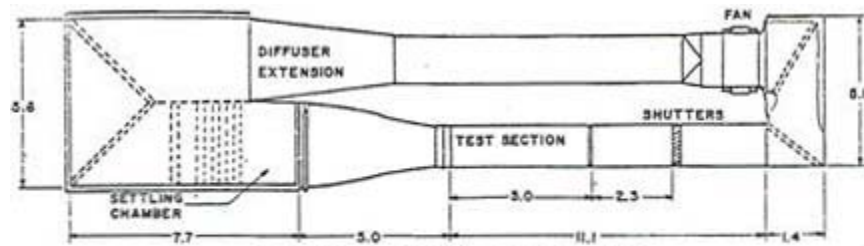


Fig. 1. Plan view of ASU Unsteady Wind Tunnel. All dimensions in meters.

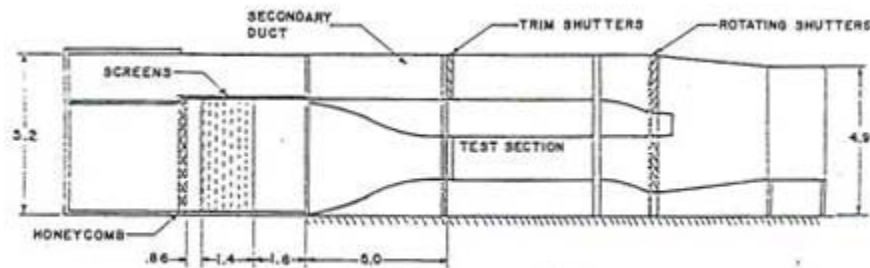


Fig. 2. Elevation of Test-Section Side of ASU Unsteady Wind Tunnel.

**Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel,
Texas A&M University,
Department of Aerospace Engineering,
College Station, Texas USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	7 x 10 x 12 ft ³	Ambient
<i>Facility Name</i>	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel	0.25 Mach	1.8
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Continuously active since 1980.	100 psf

Testing Capabilities
 Solid/vented construction type; return circuit; 1,500 hp, 4-blade propellor; variable pitch; PSI 8400 pressure system; external and internal balances; ground effects; 2,300 psi air-supply system, and 2 pps air-mass flow.

Data Acquisition
 Perkin Elmer 3210; HP PC & peripherals; stand-alone mainframe plus PC net; smoke wands, tempera paint, and kerosene; fluorescent oils and high-attitude robotic sting (HARS); traversing mechanism and tare and interference image system.

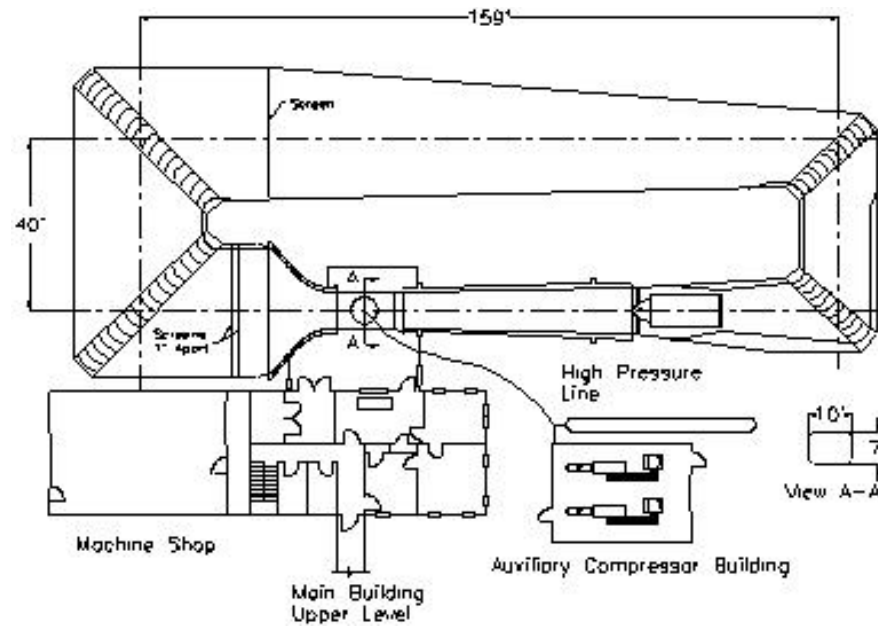
Current Programs
 2D wing/airfoil, aircraft, bicycles, ground vehicles, missiles (for Raytheon, for example); offshore structures (such as oil rigs); power plants, and other structures; data types include force and moment, pressure, dynamics, endurance.

Planned Improvements
 1950 (constructed); 1980 (upgrade).

User Fees
 \$350/hr (8 hrs/day, 5 days/wk).

Contact Information
 Jorge L. Martinez (Director), OWN Low Speed Wind Tunnel, Texas A & M University, 1775 George Bush Drive West, College Station, TX 77845; Tel (Martinez): (979) 845-1028; Fax (Martinez): (979) 845-8191; Email (General): information@wind.tamu.edu; Email (Martinez): jorge.l.martinez@wind.tamu.edu, Web site: http://wind.tamu.edu/.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel,
Texas A & M University,
College Station, Texas USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Fluids and Heat Transfer Laboratory, Moscow, Idaho, USA	18 x 18 x 36 in ³	Room temperature
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	1 to 160 mph	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel		2,700 Pa
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	US\$50,000	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active and in excellent condition as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Eiffel type; test section made of 3/4 in plexiglass with removable top, bottom, and ports.

Data Acquisition

Drag force, lift force, airspeed, flow visualization.

Current Programs

Rocket, glider, parachute, electronics cooling, wind loading, human-powered vehicle; education and research.

Planned Improvements

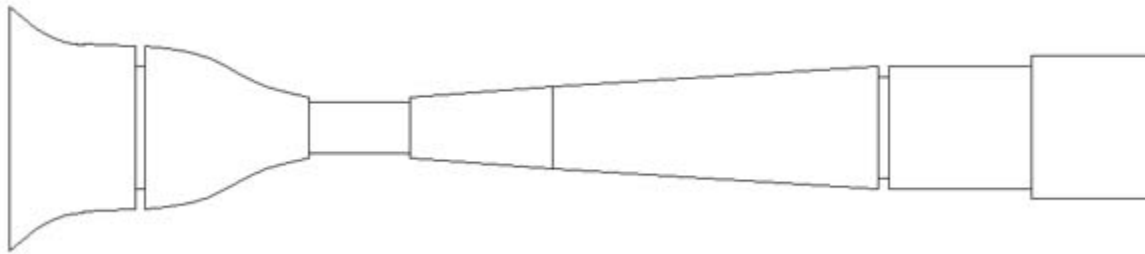
2000 (delivered); 2002 (instrumentation completed); planned improvements: new smoke-wire assembly.

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. Ralph S. Budwig (Department Chair), University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, P.O. Box 440902, Moscow, Idaho 83844-0902; Tel: (208) 885-6579; Fax: (208) 885-9031; Email (Budwig): rbudwig@uidaho.edu; Web site: <http://webs1.uidaho.edu>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel,
University of Idaho,
Department of Mechanical Engineering,
Moscow, Idaho USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	36 x 51 x 72 in ³	Ambient
Facility Name	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	0.26 Mach (200 mph)	2
	Cost	Dynamic Pressure
		90 psf
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	Ambient

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

1965 (constructed).

User Fees

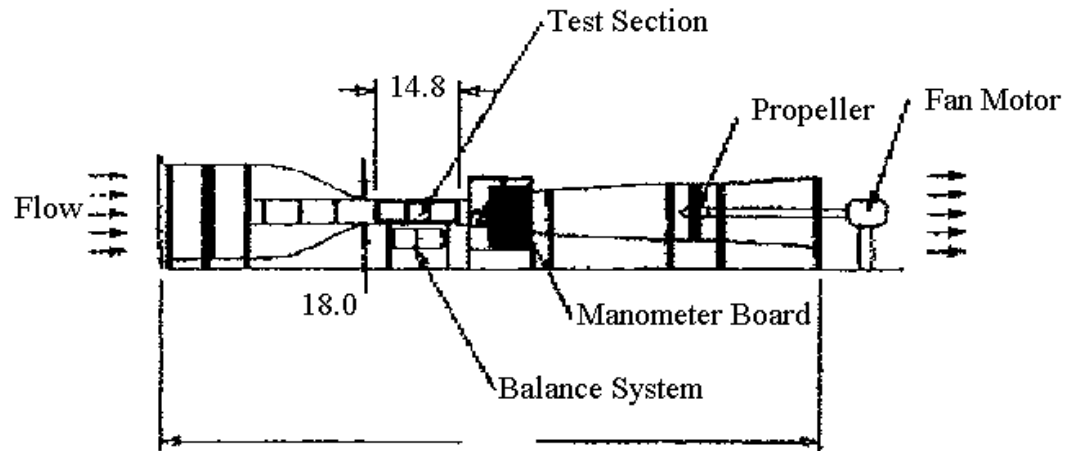
US\$125/hr test-section occupancy (plus any overtime, report preparation, etc.).

Contact Information

D. Downing (Professor of Aerospace Engineering), The University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, 2120 Learned Hall, Lawrence, KS 66045-7621; Tel: (785) 864-4267; Fax: (785) 864-3597; Email (Downing): drdrd@ku.edu; Email (General): aerohawk@ku.edu; Web site: <http://www.engr.ku.edu/ae/facilities.htm>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

All Dimensions are in inches



**3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel,
University of Kansas,
Department of Aerospace Engineering,
Lawrence, Kansas USA**

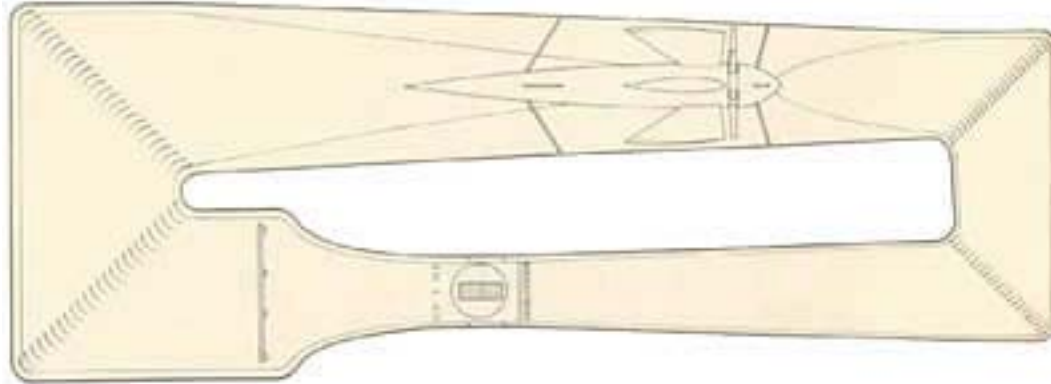
Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Maryland, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, Maryland, USA	7.75 x 11.04 x 12.0 ft ³ with corner fillets	Atmospheric (not controlled)
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0 to 0.3 Mach	2.2
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT)		130 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		Ambient
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of January 2007 (daily operation).	
<i>Testing Capabilities</i>		
Closed construction; single return; 2,250 hp fan power; external/internal balances; suction ground effects; 8 atm air supply system; 2.3 pps air-mass flow.		
<i>Data Acquisition</i>		
HP 9000/7x workstations; HP 743 with VXI Bus, HPIB.		
<i>Current Programs</i>		
Conventional airplanes; unmanned air vehicles; vertical takeoff and landing aircraft; submarines; ground vehicles; trucks; surface ships; keel and bulb study; antennas; buildings and other structures; military ejection seats and helmets; kites; migratory birds; athletic equipment; basic flow investigations; and turbofan-thrust reverser studies.		
<i>Planned Improvements</i>		
1947 (constructed); planned improvements: many upgrades including data recording and facility control systems; planning to upgrade the data system during the next decade.		
<i>User Fees</i>		
US\$900/hr.		
<i>Contact Information</i>		
Dr. Jewel B. Barlow (Director), University of Maryland at College Park, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, MD 20742; Tel: (301) 405-6861; Fax: (301) 314-9628; Email (Barlow): barlow@umd.edu; Web site: http://windvane.umd.edu .		

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT),
University of Maryland,
Department of Aerospace Engineering,
College Park, Maryland USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	Cross-section of test region: 4 ft (0.37 m)	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	100 ft/sec (30.5 m/sec)	
Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of February 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Low-turbulence, free-jet, closed test section; cut-off frequency about 100 Hz; energy-absorption level at 0.99 or greater; wind tunnel is removable from the anechoic chamber.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Aerodynamic measurements, sound-pressure level, and sound-intensity measurements generated from propellers, fans, pumps, and airfoil configurations; aircraft, automotive, and marine vehicles.

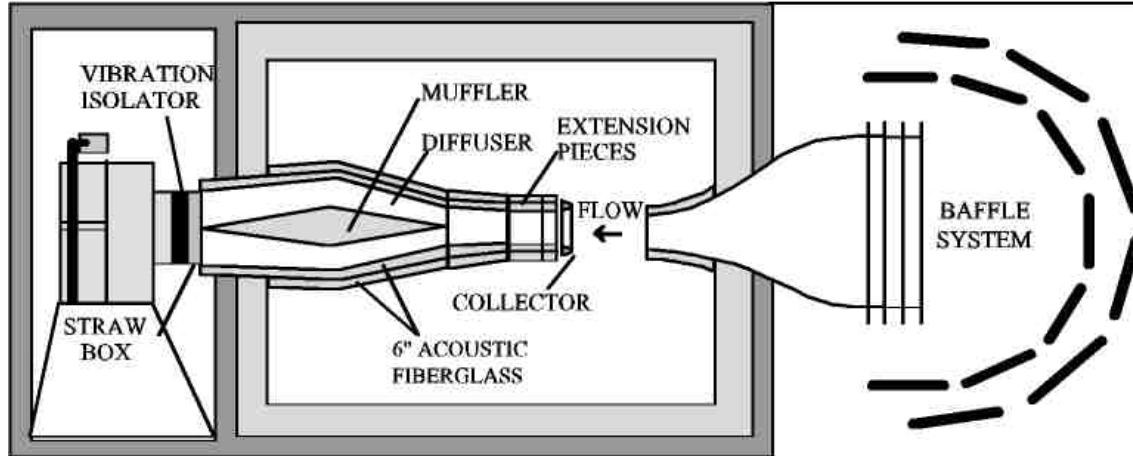
Planned Improvements

User Fees

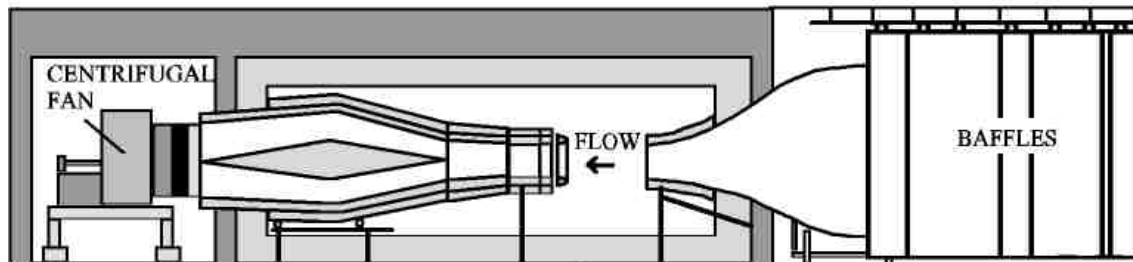
Contact Information

Anechoic Chamber/Wind Tunnel, University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, 365 Fitzpatrick Hall, Notre Dame, Indiana 46556-5637; Tel: (574) 631 5430; Fax: (574) 631 8341; Email: amedept@nd.edu; Web site: <http://www.nd.edu/~ame/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



a) TOP VIEW



b) SIDE VIEW

**Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel,
University of Notre Dame,
Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering,
Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research,
Notre Dame, Indiana USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	61 cm x 61 cm x 1.8 m (24 in x 24 in x 1.6 ft)	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	67.76 m/sec (150 mph)	
Subsonic Wind Tunnel (2 similar tunnels)	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of February 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Open circuit; square; horizontal; contraction ratio of 20.6:1; reduction cones provide very low turbulence levels in test section; ahead of the reduction cone is a set of 12 anti-turbulence screens; reduction cone and test sections mounted on rollers provide easy means to interchange components; downstream of test section, diffuser is fixed into laboratory wall; diffuser decelerates air, gradually transforming square contour to circle; impeller driven by variable-speed electric motor; glass front panels for smoke visualization.

Data Acquisition

Force balances; LDV; hot-wire anemometry, and pressure-scanning systems.

Current Programs

Flow visualization; Delta wing aerodynamics; aspects of vortex dynamics; low Reynolds number aerodynamics of low-aspect-ratio wings; fundamental studies of high lift systems; bluff body experiments; studies of boundary-layer receptivity to free-stream turbulence, as an indirect measurement of free-stream turbulence in cryogenic wind tunnels.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Subsonic Wind Tunnel, University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, 365 Fitzpatrick Hall, Notre Dame, Indiana 46556-5637; Tel: (574) 631 5430; Fax: (574) 631 8341; Email: amedept@nd.edu; Web site: <http://www.nd.edu/~ame/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Oklahoma, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Norman, Oklahoma, USA	1.22 x 1.83 x 3.4 m ³ (4 x 6 x 11 ft ³)	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	70 m/sec (155 mph)	
L.A. Comp Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	Atmospheric

Testing Capabilities

Closed loop; closed throat; elliptical; driven by 400 hp, constant-speed electric motor and 3-blade, 7 ft propeller; variable-pitch, stepper-motor-driven pilot valve, made of steel, reinforced concrete, and brick; vanes located at tunnel corners; hydraulic piston controlled by a stepper-motor-driven pilot valve; 1% freestream turbulence; pyramidal balance for force and moment measurement:

Data Acquisition

LABVIEW on PCs; tunnel temperature monitored using thermocouple mounted on south wall; no provision for cooling, so tunnel must be allowed to come to thermal equilibrium before data acquisition.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

1936 (constructed); 1960s (electric motor and a variable-pitch propeller replaced internal combustion engine); 1978 (digital data acquisition system updated).

User Fees

Contact Information

University of Oklahoma, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, 212 Felgar Hall, 865 Asp Avenue, Norman, OK 73019-1052; Tel: (405) 325-5011; Fax: (405) 325-1088; Email: ame@ou.edu; Web site: <http://www.coe.ou.edu/ame/about/windtunnel.htm>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL), Seattle, Washington, USA	8 x 12 x 10 ft ³	Depends on ambient conditions; typically 55°F to 110°F, 80°F.
<i>Facility Name</i>	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel	250 mph	1.9
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	US\$140,000 (in 1935)	1 to 100 psf
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active as of November 2006.	Ambient

Testing Capabilities

Double-return, closed circuit with corner fillets; rectangular test section; two 500 hp, dc motors that drive two 14 ft, 9 in, 7-blade fans; test section vented to atmosphere; can be viewed from all sides.

Data Acquisition

Dual Pentium III 666-MHz PC with 16-bit A/D converter for data acquisition; Pentiums for data reduction and plotting; 30 analog channels; scanivalve DSM 3,000.

Current Programs

Six-component force tests; pressure tests; flow visualization tests; tests aero vehicles, ground transportation, buildings; academic use.

Planned Improvements

1939 (commenced operation); planned improvements: new flexures for the external balance to increase strength; updated aircraft ground plane; new sting mount.

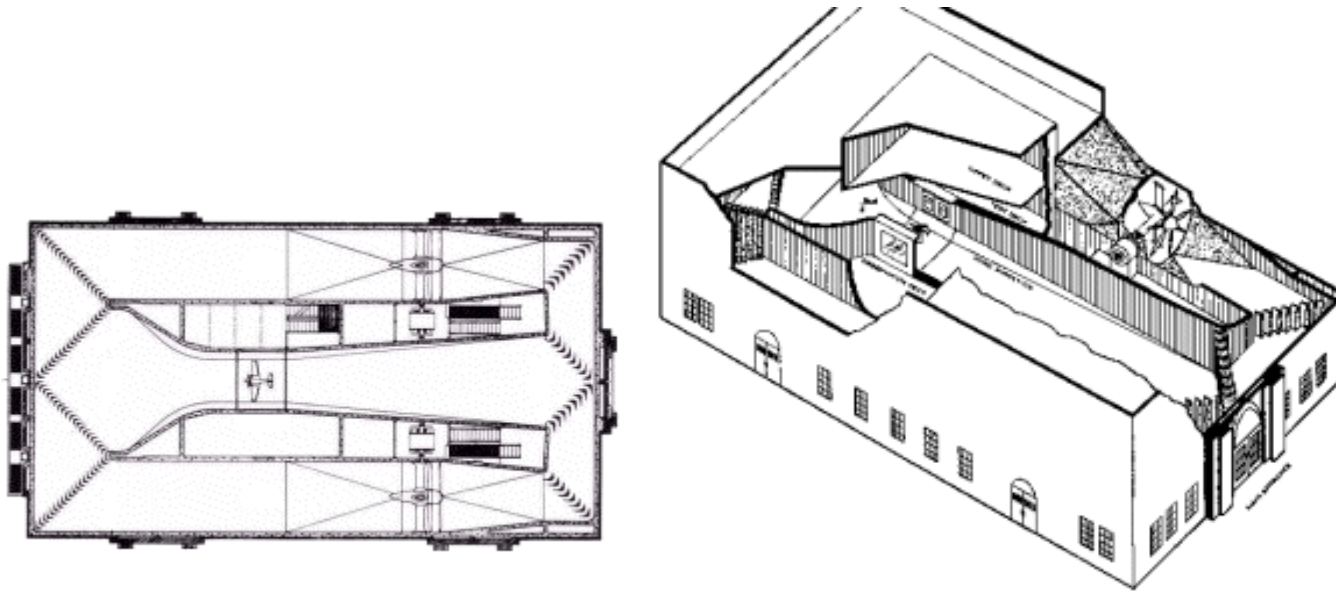
User Fees

US\$395/hr plus incidentals.

Contact Information

Jack Ross (UWAL Business Manager), Kirsten Wind Tunnel, University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Box 352400, Seattle, WA 98195-2400; Tel: (206) 543 0439; Fax: (206) 616 2150; Email (Ross): jwross@u.washington.edu; Web site: <http://www.uwal.org/uwalinfo/techguide.htm#techguide>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel,
University of Washington,
Department of Aeronautics & Astronautics,
Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL),
Seattle, Washington USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
ViGYAN Inc., Virginia Langley Research and Development Park, Hampton, Virginia, USA	3 x 4 x 5 ft ³ (0.9 x 1.2 x 1.5 m ³)	Atmospheric (stagnation)
<i>Facility Name</i>	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
Low Speed Wind Tunnel	180 mph (289.7 kph)	1.15
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	Atmospheric

Testing Capabilities

Conventional, straight-through, open-return-type layout; powered by a variable-pitch, multi-blade axial fan located at the exit; turbulence factor less than 1.05; alternate wall configurations (solid, semi-open, ground-board, etc.) for special test requirements; model attitude can be varied -10 to +90° of pitch and -20 to +20° of yaw, accurate to 0.1°.

Data Acquisition

Multiple PC/Windows 2000 Professional; national instruments LabVIEW software/hardware; 32 analog channels, 32 digital channels; Data Analysis System (DAS) software for plotting and analysis; other software such as Kaleidagraph and MS Excel also available; statistical, process-control procedures monitor data quality.

Current Programs

3D; 2D; static force and pressure; flow visualization; structure; instrument calibration, etc.; supplies NASA Langley, NASA Ames, Juback, Questair, ATI, AFWAL, and Sunstrand.

Planned Improvements

1987-88 (constructed); 1999-2000 (major renovation of model support, electronics, and data acquisition systems).

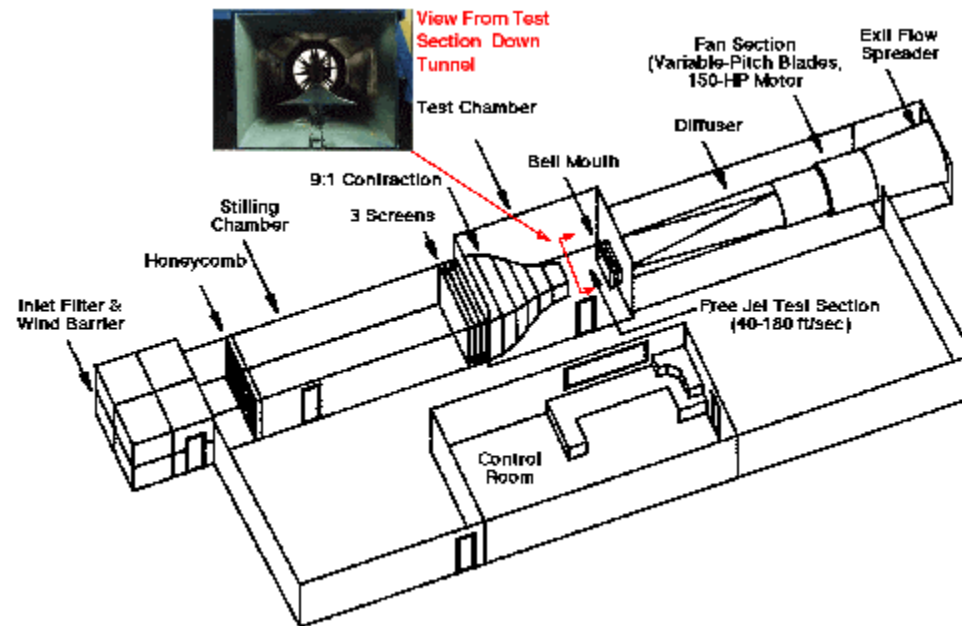
User Fees

US\$300.00/hr (baseline rental rate).

Contact Information

Richard White, Sudhir C. Mehrotra (Technical Support), ViGYAN Inc., Aero-Fluids Laboratory Building, 30 Research Drive, Hampton, VA 23666-1325; Tel: (757) 865-1400; Fax: (757) 865-8177; Email (White): rwhite@vigyan.com; Email (Mehotra): mehotra@vigyan.com; Web site: <http://vigyan.com/tunnel.shtml>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



Low Speed Wind Tunnel,
ViGYAN Inc.,
Virginia Langley Research and Development Park,
Hampton, Virginia USA

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	3 x 2 x 20 ft ³	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0 to 30 m/sec	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
3 x 2 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Presumed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Flow in the test section is very closely uniform and of low turbulence intensity (0.17%).

Data Acquisition

Two-axis, computer-controlled traverse gear; sophisticated, multi-sensor, hot-wire manufacture; repair, calibration, and measurement systems; and directly calibrated, 7-hole, yaw probe system.

Current Programs

Used primarily by graduate and undergraduate students for sponsored research projects in experimental fluid mechanics; recent research includes experiments on wakes, tip vortices, vortex control, and airfoil aerodynamics.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. William Devenport (Director), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, , 215 Randolph Hall, Blacksburg, VA 24061; Tel: (540) 231 6611; Fax: (540) 231 9632; Email: info@aoe.edu; Email (Devenport): devenport@vt.edu; Web site: <http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/subsonic.php>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	3 x 24 ft ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		
Boundary Layer Research Wind Tunnel and Laboratory		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Cost</i>	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Low-speed, low-turbulence-intensity, open-loop, pressurized tunnel; feedback-controlled, rotating-blade damper can produce large-amplitude gusts up to 2 Hz; adjustable upper wall permits various streamwise pressure gradients and has active suction; tangential wall-jet boundary controls on non-test walls used to prevent unwanted stalls in strong, adverse-pressure-gradient, and unsteady flows.

Data Acquisition

Controlled rotating-blade damper produces amplitude gusts up to 2 Hz; custom-designed, custom-constructed, laser-Doppler anemometers.

Current Programs

Past: new features of the turbulence structure of turbulent boundary layers and separated flows; turbulent, convective, heat transfer in 3D and separated flows; currently: definition of second-order turbulence structure of 3D flows around hull/appendage and wing/body junctions.

Planned Improvements

1978 (commenced operation).

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. William Devenport (Director), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, 215 Randolph Hall, Blacksburg, VA 24061; Tel: (540) 231 6611; Fax: (540) 231 9632; Email: info@aoe.edu; Email (Devenport): devenport@vt.edu; Web site: <http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/bllab.php>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	39 to 72 in (diameter), 3 ft (length), circular	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0 to 150 mph	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Open Jet Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Open test section; instructional tunnel; made of plywood; corners are 4 sets of straightening vanes; power from 35 hp, dc motor, supplied by motor-generator combination; separate excitation furnished by smaller motor-generator set.

Data Acquisition
 Pressures measured using traditional manometer board; forces and moments measured using a strain-gauge, balance system borrowed from other facilities as required; air speed measured by pitot-static tube or a settling manometer.

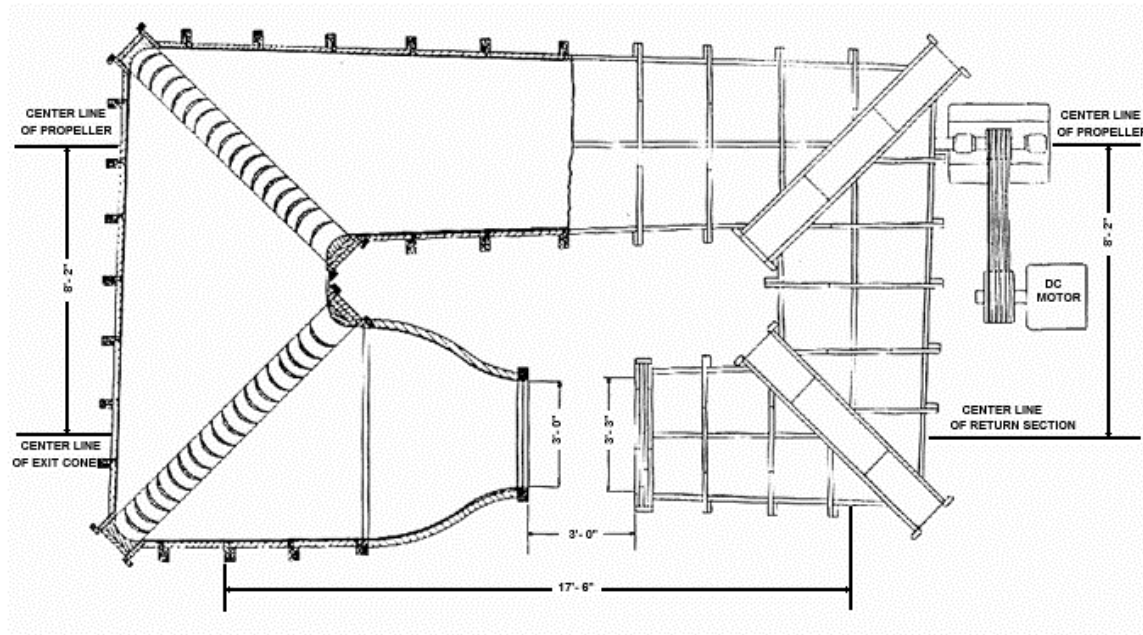
Current Programs
 Undergraduate instruction.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Dr. William Devenport (Director), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, 215 Randolph Hall, Blacksburg, VA 24061; Tel: (540) 231 6611; Fax: (540) 231 9632; Email: info@aoe.edu; Email (Devenport): devenport@vt.edu; Web site: <http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/openjet.php>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Open Jet Wind Tunnel,
Virginia Polytechnic and State University,
Virginia Tech Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering,
Blacksburg, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	6 x 6 x 24 ft ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	275 ft/sec	1.66
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Stability Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous, closed jet, single return; interchangeable round and square test sections; powered by a 600 hp, dc motor, driving a 14 ft propeller providing max speed of 275 ft/sec.

Data Acquisition

Tunnel speed regulated by custom-designed, Emerson VIP ES-6600 SCR drive, which can interface with the computer data acquisition system; computers: AT-MIO-16-XE-10 data acquisition card; Pentium 133 computer; LabView 4.0; Windows 95; DAQ system; TBX-1328 terminal blocks.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

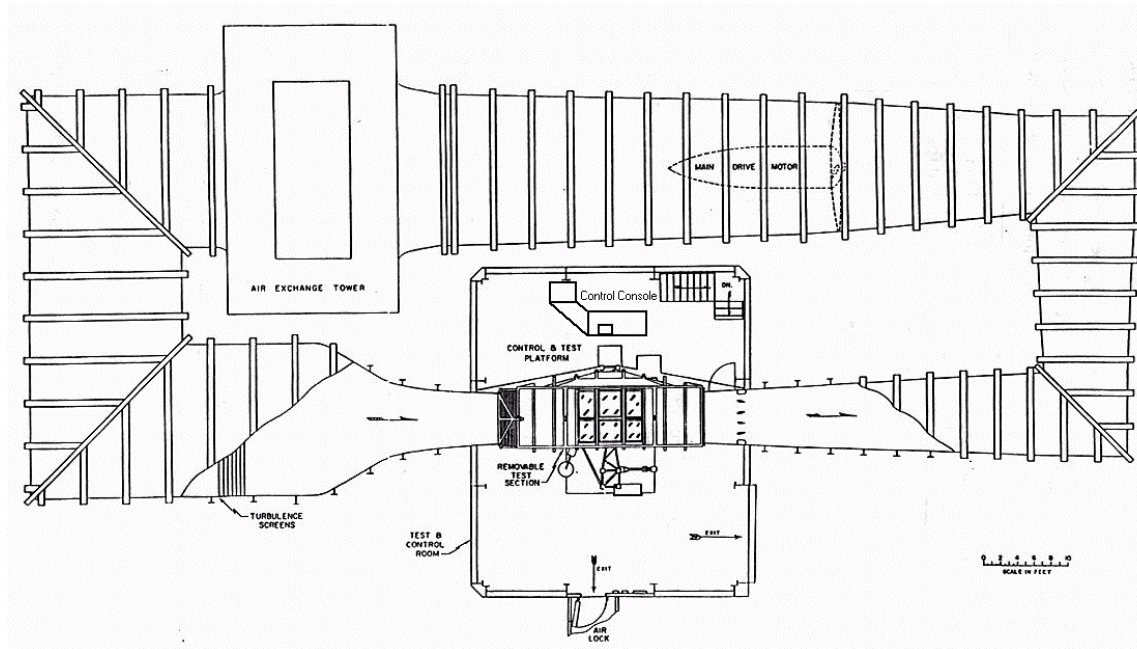
1940 (constructed by NASA Langley Aeronautical Lab); 1958 (VPI acquired); 1959-61 (calibration); 1994 (overhaul fan motor); 1996 (new fan blades).

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. William Devenport (Director), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, 215 Randolph Hall, Blacksburg, VA 24061; Tel: (540) 231 6611; Fax: (540) 231 9632; Email (General): info@aoe.edu; Email (Director): devenport@vt.edu; Web site: http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/stab/tunnel_descrip.php.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Stability Wind Tunnel,
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University,
Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering,
Blacksburg, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Subsonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research (NIAR), Wichita, Kansas, USA	7 x 10 x 12 ft ³	Ambient to 110°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	0.3 Mach (empty test section, normal day)	1.8
Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT)	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
		120 psf (empty test section)
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active as of April 2007.	Ambient

Testing Capabilities

Atmospheric, return type, closed throat; honeycomb structure; glass-paned optical access; under-floor external balance; 6-component, truncated prism; pyramidal balance; test section made of steel, aluminum, and glass.

Data Acquisition

HP 3852 can accept up to 30 cards of signal conditioning; 80 channels of signal conditioning available; PSI 8400 system; smoke-flow visualization; other types of flow visualization include micro tufts, yarn tufts, mini tufts, tempera paint, and oil flow; flow-field surveys; still and video photography.

Current Programs

Aerodynamic drag characteristics and durability of various objects; tests include aircraft and automobile models, motorcycles, bicycles and bicyclists, ski positions, and various other items.

Planned Improvements

1948 (tunnel completed); 1977 (computer upgrade); 2005 (\$6 million renovation: new flow-conditioning equipment; installation of a new 2,500 hp, electric, variable-frequency drive unit; new heat-exchange system; test-section rebuild, etc.).

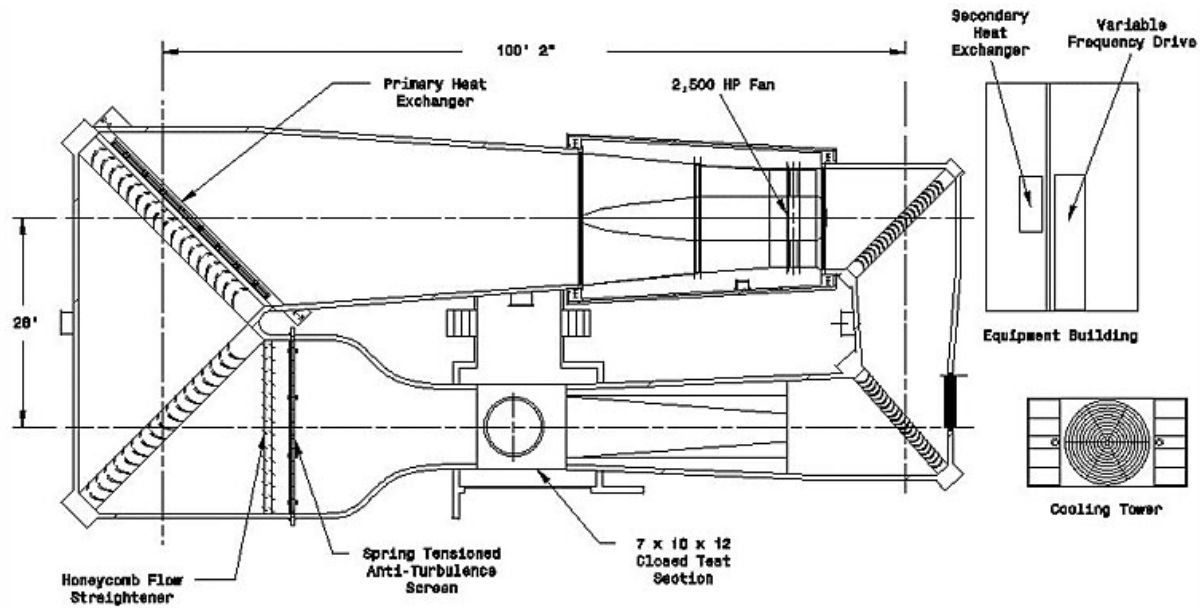
User Fees

US\$375/hr plus overtime, report preparation, etc.

Contact Information

John Laffen (Director), Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research, 1845 N. Fairmount, Wichita, KS 67260-0093; Tel (Laffen): (316) 978-3569; Email (Laffen): john.laffen@wichita.edu; Web site: http://www.niar.wichita.edu/researchlabs/ad_overview.asp.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT),
Wichita State University,
National Institute For Aviation Research (NIAR),
Wichita, Kansas USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

Canada

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	#1: 1.524 x 1.524 m ² ; #2: 0.381 x 1.524 m ² ; #3: 1.467 x 1.524 m ²	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0.1 to 4.25 Mach	#1: Up to 80, #2: Up to 160
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
1.5 m Trisonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
		13.8 bar
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of March 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Pressurized; intermittent; capable of running subsonic, transonic, and supersonic flow regimes.

Data Acquisition

DEC PDP 11/55; 98 analog amplifier channels; 5-bit A/D conversion; 60 kHz (low-speed); 192 channels sampled at 38.4 kHz; channel parallel recording at 100 Hz; filtered RMS data; multisource, focusing-type Schlieren system; electronic pressure-scanning system (ESP) capability.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

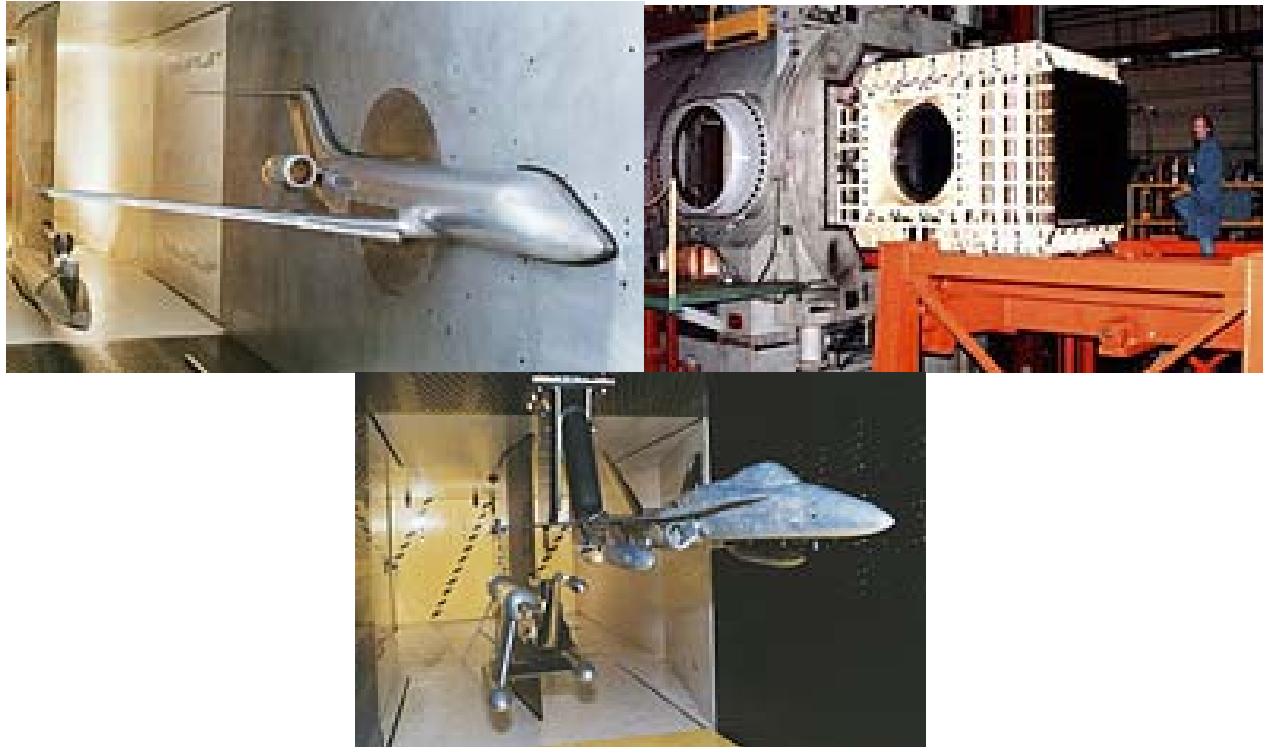
1962-63 (commissioned); 1980s (2D test section and half-model testing upgraded; roll-in/roll-out, 2D and 3D test-section system upgraded).

User Fees

Contact Information

Cabot A. Broughton, Group Leader, Uplands Facilities, Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), National Research Council Canada (NRC), Uplands, Bldg. U-66, Room 217, Ottawa, ON, Canada, K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 998-9401; Fax: (613) 998-1281; Email: Cabot.Broughton@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_7_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**1.5 m Trisonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel,
National Research Council Canada (NRC),
Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR),
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

Canada

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada		
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		
Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of March 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

One-twelfth scale version of the 1.5 m Trisonic Wind Tunnel.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Calibration of flow measurement probes.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Steven J. Zan, Director, Aerodynamics Laboratory, Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), National Research Council Canada (NRC), 1200 Montreal Road, Bldg. M-2, Room 129B, Ottawa, ON, Canada, K1A 0R6; Tel: (613) 993-1156; Fax: (613) 957-4309; Email: Steven.Zan@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca; Web site: http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero/aero_8e_e.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel,
National Research Council (NRC),
Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR),
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	13 ½ in	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, and 4 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Channel 2: 13 ½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Axisymmetric nozzle block mounted on centerbody model support tube, to obtain desired external flow; Mach number in free-jet test section; model air/simulated, supersonic, external flow supplied from facility air storage system; various Mach numbers available by changing nozzle block on 5 in diameter model support tube.

Data Acquisition

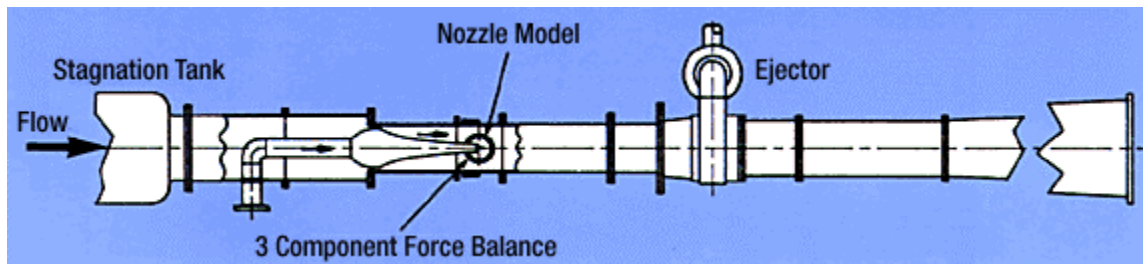
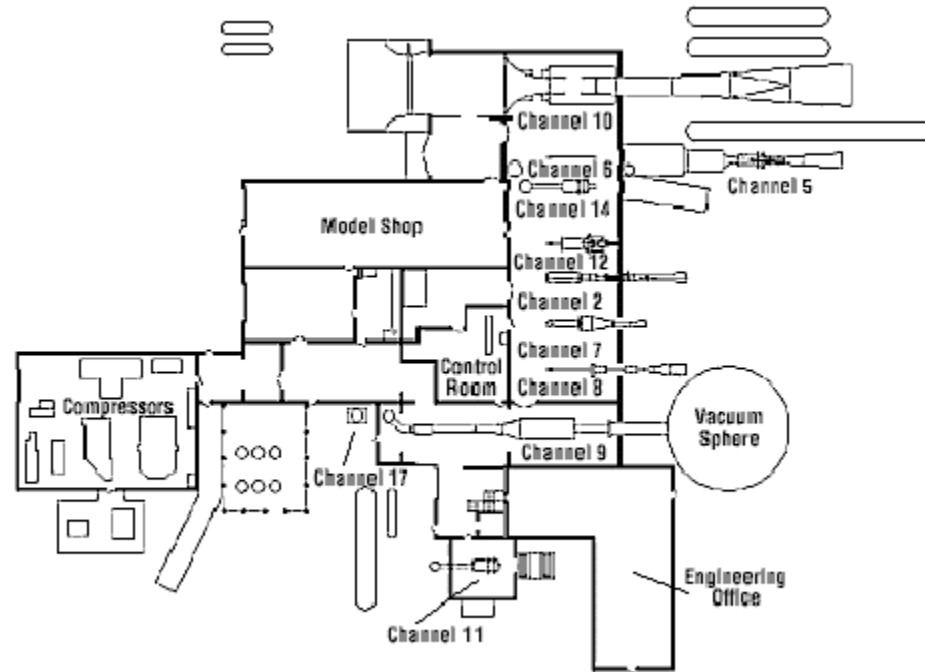
Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 P. Giese (Wind Tunnel Programs), Aero Systems Engineering, Inc., 358 E. Fillmore Avenue, St. Paul, MN 55107; Tel (General): (651) 227 7515; Fax (General): (651) 227 0519; Email (General): ase@aerosysengr.com; Email (Giese): pgiese@aerosysengr.com; Web site: http://www.aerosysengr.com/Aero_Test_Services/ATCapabilities/.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Channel 2: 13½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel,
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE),
St. Paul, Minnesota USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	22 x 22 in ²	Atmospheric
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	1.15 Mach	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	Atmospheric

Testing Capabilities

Induction-type wind tunnel; exhaust nozzle model and force balance system can be supported in the test section by a cantilevered 5 in diameter tube; dried and heated air (obtained from a 500 psi storage system) supplied to model through support tube; high pressure air is throttled, metered, and discharged through the model.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Aerodynamic, nozzle-installed performance; icing tests; exhaust nozzle tests of atmospheric stagnation pressure; Mach numbers to 1.15; 5 in-diameter model support tube; transonic icing tests of run times, 12 min at M 0.8 to 40 min at M 0.25; measures performance degradation from ice accretion; tests de-icing and anti-icing systems; variable liquid water content and droplet size.

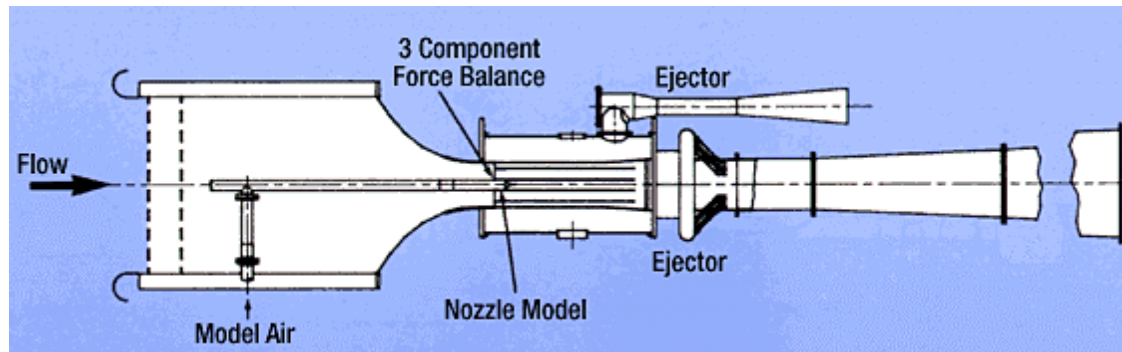
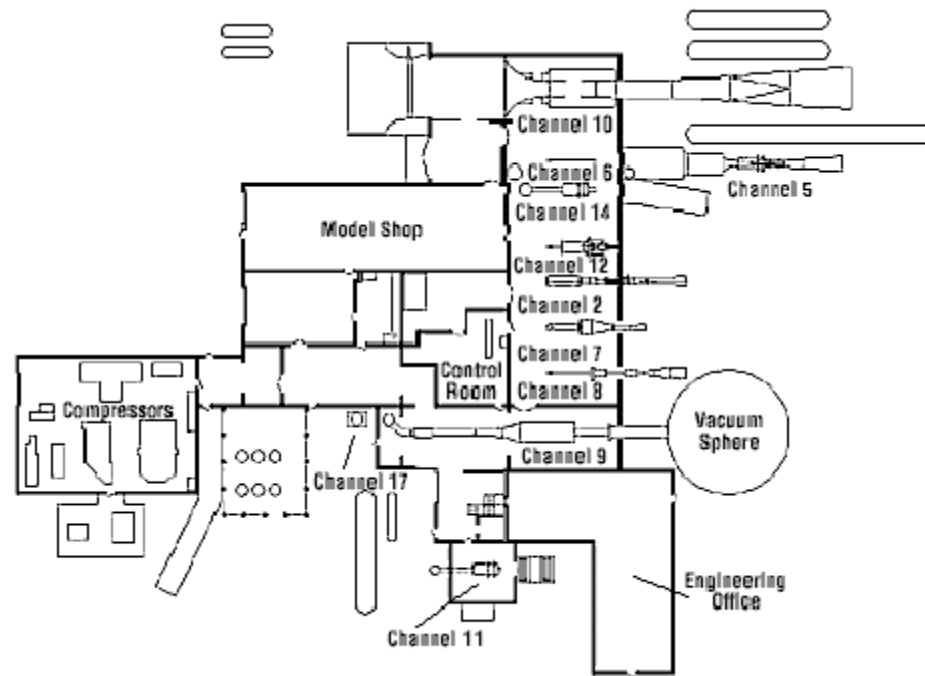
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

P. Giese (Wind Tunnel Programs), Aero Systems Engineering, Inc., 358 E. Fillmore Avenue, St. Paul, MN 55107; Tel (General): (651) 227 7515; Fax (General): (651) 227 0519; Email (General): ase@aerosysengr.com; Email (Giese): pgiese@aerosysengr.com; Web site: http://www.aerosysengr.com/Aero_Test_Services/ATCapabilities/atcapabilities.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel,
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE),
St. Paul, Minnesota USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	5.5 x 5.5 ft ² , slotted upper and lower walls	100°F at M=1.0
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0 to 1.15 Mach	4.2 at M=1.0
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel		1 atm
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Channel 6: static (M=0), wind-tunnel setup and checkout facility used before testing nozzle model in Channel 10; 2,500 psi air-storage system to a sting-mounted, 3- or 5-component, flow-through force balance; channel 10: induction-type wind tunnel; atmospheric air; air ejectors to reduce downstream pressure; test cell supported by cantilevered tube; support stings in 6.25, 8, 10, and 14.5 ft in diameter.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Aircraft components such as ram air turbines; nozzle thrust-minus-drag; afterbody drag; sidewall-mounted wing; inlet drag; parachute decelerator; and profan tests.

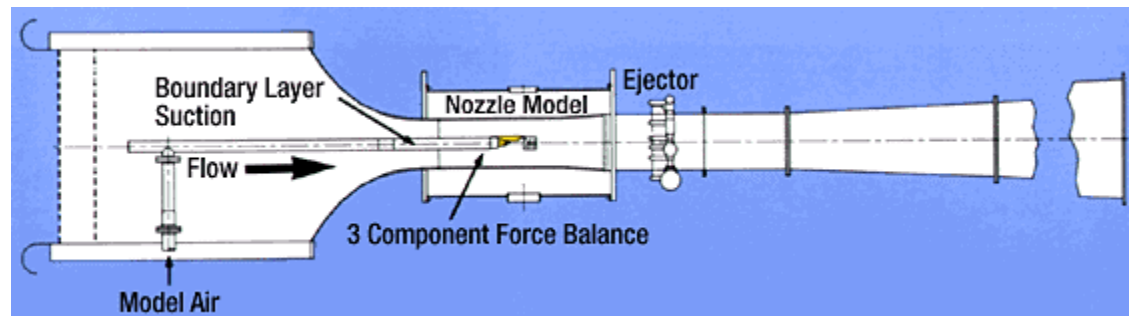
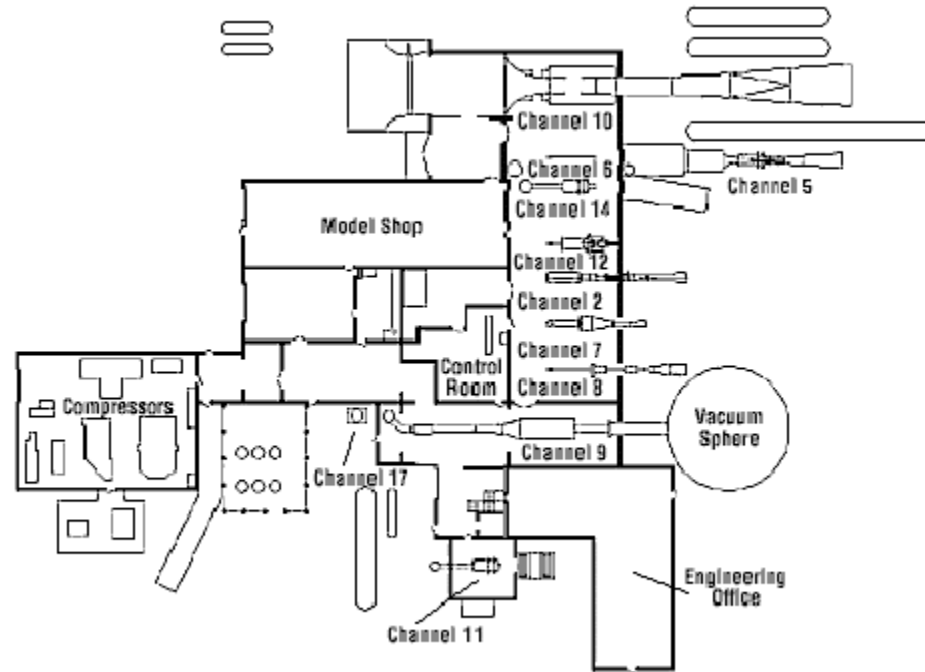
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

P. Giese (Wind Tunnel Programs), Aero Systems Engineering, Inc., 358 E. Fillmore Avenue, St. Paul, MN 55107; Tel (General): (651) 227 7515; Fax (General): (651) 227 0519; Email (General): ase@aerosysengr.com; Email (Giese): pgiese@aerosysengr.com; Web site: <http://www.aerosysengr.com/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel,
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE),
St. Paul, Minnesota USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	16 x 16 x 40 ft ³	540 to 600°R
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0.06 to 1.60 Mach	0.2 to 6.0
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
16T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel		2 to 1,100 psf
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	US\$78.7 million (construction cost-4T, 16S, 16T).	
	Operational Status	
	Reported active February 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Aerodynamic models; aerothermodynamic models; store/stage/separation; combined aerodynamic/propulsion systems tests; full-scale missile tests (engine performance, airframe aerodynamics); rocket propulsion systems and external aerodynamics; dynamics of clean-store separation; testing of the Navy EA-18G Growler and F-35 Joint Strike Fighter in 2006.

Planned Improvements

1961 (constructed); 1999 (multi-view, pressure-sensitive, paint data acquisition system installed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC)/DOF, 740 Fourth Street, Arnold AFB, TN 37389-6000; Tel: (931) 454-3767; Fax: (931) 454-3339; Web site: <http://www.arnold.af.mil>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	4 x 4 x 12.5 ft ³	540 to 600°R
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.2 to 2.0 Mach	2.0 to 7.0
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
4T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)		20 to 1,400 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	US\$78.7 million (construction cost-4T, 16S, 16T).	200 to 3,400 psf
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Reported active February 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Closed loop, continuous flow, variable density; 2 operating modes: Independent Drive System (IDS) mode and Plenum Evacuation System (PES) mode.

Data Acquisition

ESP-2,048 channel (max) from 32 multiplex channels; dynamic pressure data from 64 channels (max); 256 channels total, excluding pressure data; force and moment data from 50 channels (max); analog from 120 channels (max); temperature data from 96 channels (max); data acquisition rate range (move pause mode), 3 to 10 sec/pt; data acquisition range (sweep mode), variable, 1.2 sec/pt.

Current Programs

Aerodynamic performance (lift and drag); lateral and longitudinal static stability; control effectiveness; surface static-pressure mapping; bomb-bay acoustic; heat transfer; aerodynamic loads; inlet performance; duct drag; spin damping; pitch/yaw damping; magnus force and moment; jet interaction/effects; flow visualization; external and internal store separation and jettison; free drop; and flow-field surveys.

Planned Improvements

1961 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC)/DOF, 740 Fourth Street, Arnold AFB, TN 37389-6000; Tel: (931) 454-3767; Fax: (931) 454-3339; Web site: <http://www.arnold.af.mil>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility
Arnold Engineering Development Center

**4 T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT),
Arnold Engineering Development Center,
Arnold AFB, Tennessee USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	4 x 4 ft ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.45 to 5.579 Mach	1.0 to 48
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Polysonic Wind Tunnel (PSWT)		100 to 7,500 psf
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		0.3 to 30 psia
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of August 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Two test sections: one for supersonic testing; one for subsonic and transonic testing.

Data Acquisition

64 analog channels, up to 500 KHz/channel; EPS 1,024 channels; 100 KHz aggregate; digital distortion analyzer of 64 channels, up to 500 KHz/channel; flutter analyzers, high-speed video, and closed-circuit TV; data reduction includes Dell Precision Workstation, dual 1.7 GHz Xeon Processors with 2.0 GB RAM, Windows 2000 operating system with Microsoft Visual Studio.

Current Programs

Testing aerospace components; generating scale-model inlet and aerodynamic data; configuring upgrades to existing Boeing product lines.

Planned Improvements

Recent improvements include upgrades to the primary compressor unit and the gas turbine compressor; additional cooling; improved heat exchanger.

User Fees

Contact Information

Ms. LeAnn Diessner (Marketing Manager), Boeing Technology Services, P.O. Box 3707, MC 1W-02, Seattle Washington 98124-2207; Tel: (206) 662 4287; Email: LeAnn.M.Diessner@boeing.com; Web site: <http://www.boeing.com/bts>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	8 x 12 x 14.5 ft ³	80° to 130°F
<i>Facility Name</i>	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
Transonic Wind Tunnel	0.3 to 1.1 Mach	Varies with Mach number; 4.386/ft at M=1.1 and TT=100°F
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
		0 to 840 psf
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Operational as of August 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous flow; internal and external balances; sting; swept strut; plate and floor mountings; controllable dew point +3°F or lower; 2 corner fillets.

Data Acquisition

EPS up to 1,536 ports; inventory of EPS modules of load capacity; qualitative and quantitative flow-imaging tools; airflow calibration facility for ducts; flow-through nacelles; powered nacelles.

Current Programs

Calibration of ducts, flow-through nacelles, and powered nacelles.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Ms. LeAnn Diessner (Marketing Manager), Boeing Technology Services, P.O. Box 3707, MC 1W-02, Seattle Washington 98124-2207; Tel: (206) 662 4287; Email: LeAnn.M.Diessner@boeing.com; Web site: <http://www.boeing.com/bts>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Calspan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, USA	8 x 8 x 18.75 ft ³ (2.44 x 2.44 x 5.7 m ³)	65° to 140°F
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0.20 to 1.35 Mach	5 (conventional operations); 12.5 (ejector augmentation)
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)		750 psf (conv ops); 2,200 psf (ejector augmentation)
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
		0.25 to 3.25 atm
	Operational Status	
	Confirmed active as of August 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous-flow, variable-density, closed-circuit facility; shock attenuation and deblocking; TWT provides validation testing; weapons integration testing; semi-span testing; derivative-assessment testing; inlet optimization; and jet effects.

Data Acquisition

Main balance force and moment (F&M) data; model pressures; standard facility instrumentation acquired and transferred via Ethernet to Calspan's data reduction system; uses customer-supplied algorithms as well as Calspan's standard data reduction methodologies; fully corrected data made available in tabular, plotted, and electronic formats minutes after run is completed.

Current Programs

The following have been tested in the Calspan TWT: Lockheed L-1011; DC-8, 9, 10, Boeing 707, 727, 737, 747, 757, 767; Jetstar; Cessna Citation; Learjet 45, 60; Gulfstream I-V; Bombardier Challenger; F-100, P-20A, F-2, F-4, F-5, F-111, F-15, F-16, F-18, F-22, A-6, X-29, LCA, EF-2000, JSF, T-50, AT-2000 fighters; B-52, B-58, B-2 bombers; C-5, C-130 air lifts; Tomahawk, Harpoon, NSM, SLAM-ER, JSOW, JDAM, JASSM, SDB missiles; Saturn V, Space Shuttle, DC-X, Taurus, X-34 space vehicles; customers from Canada, Germany, India, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea, Sweden, Taiwan.

Planned Improvements

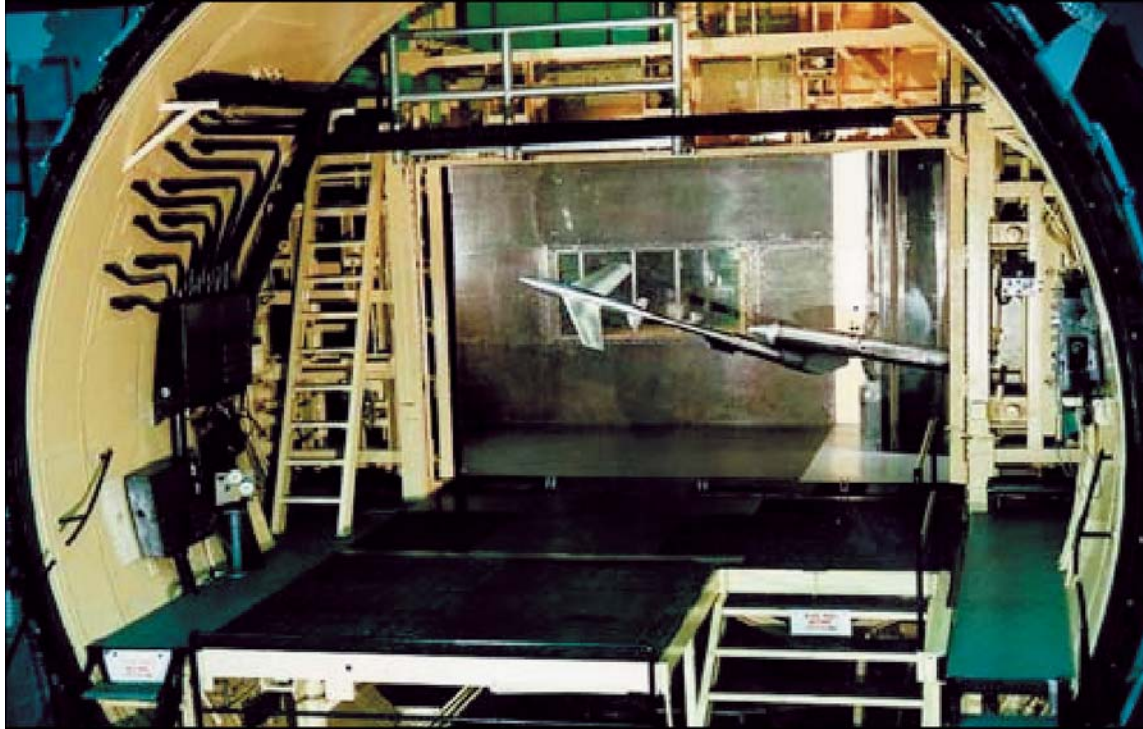
1947 (commenced operation).

User Fees

Contact Information

Roman Paryz (Director), Calspan Corporation, 4455 Genesee Street, Buffalo, NY 14225; Tel: (716) 631-6785; Fax: (716) 631-4175; Email (Paryz): roman.paryz@calspancom; Web site: <http://www.calspan.com>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT),
Calspan Corporation,
Buffalo, New York USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Lockheed Martin, Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC), Grand Prairie, Texas, USA	Transonic: 4 x 4 x 6 ft ³ ; supersonic: 4 x 4 x 5 ft ³	100°F (no more than a 5°F variation during test runs)
		Speed Range
Facility Name	Transonic: 0.3 to 1.8 Mach; supersonic: 1.6 to 4.8	Reynolds Number (max)
		4 to 34
High Speed Wind Tunnel Facility (HSWT)	Cost	Dynamic Pressure
		US\$45 million (excluding land acquisition)
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
		Operational as of November 2006.
		150 to 1,200 kn
		20 to 350 psi

Testing Capabilities

Blowdown to atmosphere; flexible plate nozzle; model cart; remote roll sting; support stings and adapters; inlet and propulsion testing; flight-dynamics simulator; dynamic stability; spin and magnus testing; instrumented stores testing; flow visualization; bench-test facility; high-pressure nitrogen gas facility; and additional test-support equipment.

Data Acquisition

80 analog data channels; digital data processor; max digital data counts 32,768; 2.5 to 10,000 mV input signal range per channel; 125,000 samples/sec; 8300 XWB instrumentation amplifiers; dynamic data recording; data availability; 6-component, strain-gauge balance.

Current Programs

Aerodynamic force and moment measurements; jet interaction; flutter; store separation/captive trajectory; inlet simulation; spin/roll damping and dynamic stability; in-house model and instrumentation design and support.

Planned Improvements

1958 (constructed).

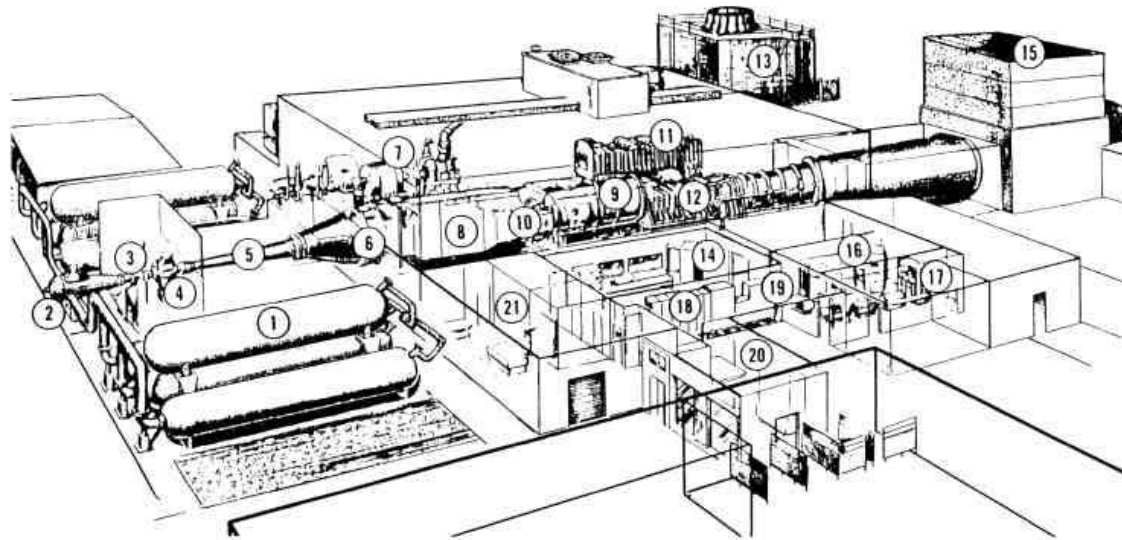
User Fees

Hourly occupancy basis with fixed rate for installation and removal of test type, including pretesting or post testing.

Contact Information

Tim Fennell (Manager), High Speed Wind Tunnel, P.O. Box 531046 Grand Prairie, Texas 75053-1046; Tel: (972) 946 2751; Fax: (972) 946 5466; Email (Fennell): tim.j.fennell@lmco.com; Web site: <http://www.lockheedmartin.com/hswt>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



1. STORAGE TANK
2. MIXING HEADER
3. GATE VALVE
4. CONTROL VALVE
5. ENTRANCE CONE
6. STILLING CHAMBER
7. AIR COMPRESSOR ROOM

8. VARIABLE NOZZLE
9. TRANSONIC TEST SECTION
10. SUPERSONIC TEST SECTION
11. SUPERSONIC DIFFUSER
12. SUBSONIC DIFFUSER
13. COOLING TOWER
14. CONTROL ROOM

15. EXHAUST MUFFLER
16. COMPUTER
17. DATA REDUCTION ROOM
18. OFFICE
19. CUSTOMER OFFICES
20. LOBBY
21. MODEL ROOM

331-1209-2

**High Speed Wind Tunnel (HSWT),
Lockheed Martin Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC),
Grand Prairie, Texas USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	20 x 28 x 72 in ³	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0.20 to 1.1 Mach with sonic nozzle; 1.5 and 2.0 Mach with nozzle inserts.	5 to 50
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Compressible Flow Wind Tunnel (CFWT)		
	Cost	
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Presumed active as of May 2006.	20 to 175 psi

Testing Capabilities

Blowdown type; 2D testing; solid sidewalls with variable porosity top and bottom walls; semi-span testing uses solid-reflection plane floor with tunnel boundary-layer bleed, used with variable-porosity side and top walls; complete model testing uses sting-support system with all 4 variable-porosity walls; additional test-section walls available for special test applications.

Data Acquisition

Anemometer velocity acquisition; flow visualization; and data reduction.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

1970 (commenced operation).

User Fees

Contact Information

Z. Grether (Lead Engineer), D. Arnold (Lead Instrumentation Engineer), Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Compressible Flow Wind Tunnel, 1055 Richardson Road, Smyrna, GA 30080-1040; Tel: (770) 494-5619; Fax: (770) 494-4790; Email (Grether): zachary.grether@lmco.com; Email (Arnold): w.d.arnold@lmco.com; Web site: <http://www.lockheedmartin.com/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	11 x 11 ft ²	150°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.20 to 1.45 Mach	0.30 to 9.6
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
11 ft Transonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of August 2006.	3.0 to 32.0 psia

Testing Capabilities

Closed circuit; single return; variable density; continuous flow.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

John Holmberg (Facility Manager), Don Nickison (Division Chief), Unitary Wind Tunnels, NASA Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, CA; Tel (General): (650) 604-5000; Tel (Nickison): (650) 604-1748; Fax (Nickison): (650) 604-4357; Email (Nickison): Donald.J.Nickison@nasa.gov; Email (Holmberg): John.L.Holmberg@nasa.gov; Web site: <http://aocentral.arc.nasa.gov/11ft1.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	9 x 7 ft ²	600°R
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	1.55 to 2.55 Mach	0.50 to 5.7
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
9 x 7 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of August 2006.	2.8 to 29.5 psia

Testing Capabilities

Closed circuit; single return; variable density; continuous flow.

Data Acquisition

Schlieren; pressure-sensitive paint; oil flow; tufts; sublimation; skin-friction interferometry; laser vapor screen; and liquid crystal.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

John Holmberg (Facility Manager), Don Nickison (Division Chief), Unitary Wind Tunnels, NASA Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, CA; Tel (General): (650) 604-5000; Tel (Nickison): (650) 604-1748; Fax (Nickison): (650) 604-4357; Email (Nickison): Donald.J.Nickison@nasa.gov; Email (Holmberg): John.L.Holmberg@nasa.gov; Web site: <http://aocentral.arc.nasa.gov/11ft1.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	1 x 1 ft ²	520 to 1,110°R
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	1.3 to 6.0 Mach	0.4 to 16.5
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)		80 to 170 psf
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
		165 psia
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition
DEC Alpha microprocessor.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
John F. Leone (Acting Facility Manager), 1x1 Supersonic Wind Tunnel at NASA Glenn Research Center, 21000 Brookpark Rd, Cleveland, OH 44135; Tel (General): (216) 433 4000; Tel (Leone): (216) 433 5722; Fax (Leone): (216) 433 8551; Email (Leone): John.F.Leone@grc.nasa.gov; Web site: <http://facilities.grc.nasa.gov/1x1/index.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT),
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)
Glenn Research Center,
Cleveland, Ohio USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	8 x 6 x 23.5 ft ³	60 to 250°F
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0 to 0.1 Mach and 0.25 to 2.0 Mach	3.6 to 4.8
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)		
	Cost	
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	15.3 to 25 psia

Testing Capabilities

--

Data Acquisition

--

Current Programs

Aircraft and missile development; launch vehicles; jet and rocket engines; national aerospace plane (NASP); joint strike fighter (JSF); advanced ducted propeller (ADP); space shuttle; advanced tactical fighter; high-speed civil transport; orbital space plane (OSP).

Planned Improvements

--

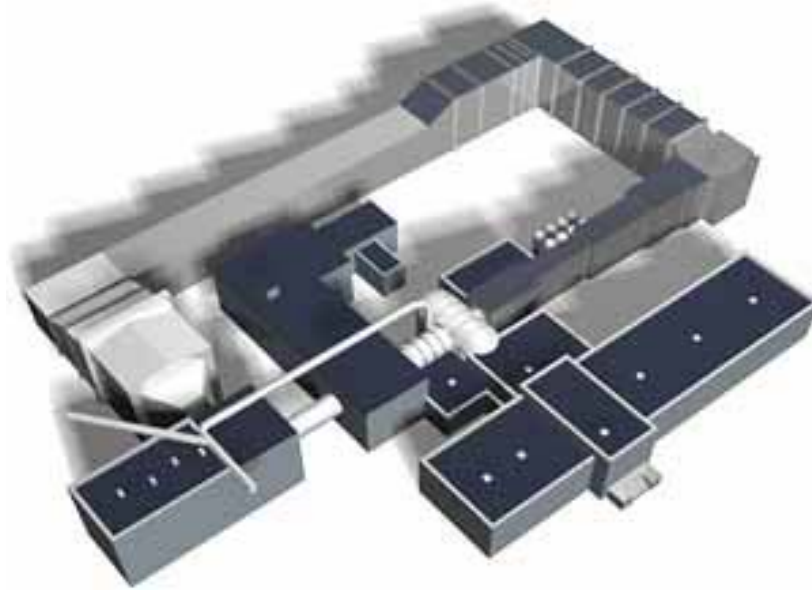
User Fees

--

Contact Information

David E. Stark (Facility Manager), 8 x 6 Supersonic Wind Tunnel at NASA Glenn Research Center, 21000 Brookpark Road, Cleveland, OH 44135; Tel (General): (216) 433-4000; Tel (Stark): (216) 433-2922; Fax (Stark): (216) 433-8551; Email (Stark): David.E.Stark@nasa.gov; Web site: <http://facilities.grc.nasa.gov>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT),
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)
Glenn Research Center,
Cleveland, Ohio USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	10 x 10 x 40 ft ³	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		0.1 to 3.4 (aerodynamic mode); 2.1 to 2.7 (propulsion mode)
Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of March 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous, closed/open-loop system; tunnel air heater; high-pressure air; altitude-exhaust cooling water; hydraulics; Gust/Mach Plates; liquid and gaseous fuel supplies; model string/struts and adapters; variety of available research-test hardware.

Data Acquisition

ESP; Escort; DEC Alpha microprocessor; multichannel, high-speed, digitized, dynamic data system; paint; Schlieren systems; laser; oil-flow and video-flow visualization; test-article controls and remote-access control room.

Current Programs

Full-scale models; full-scale jet and rocket engines and aircraft components; inlets and nozzles; propulsion system integration; has tested Atlas-Centaur, Saturn, and Atlas-Agena class launch vehicles; vehicle-focused research programs, including testing of high-speed civil transport, national aerospace plane, and joint strike fighter.

Planned Improvements

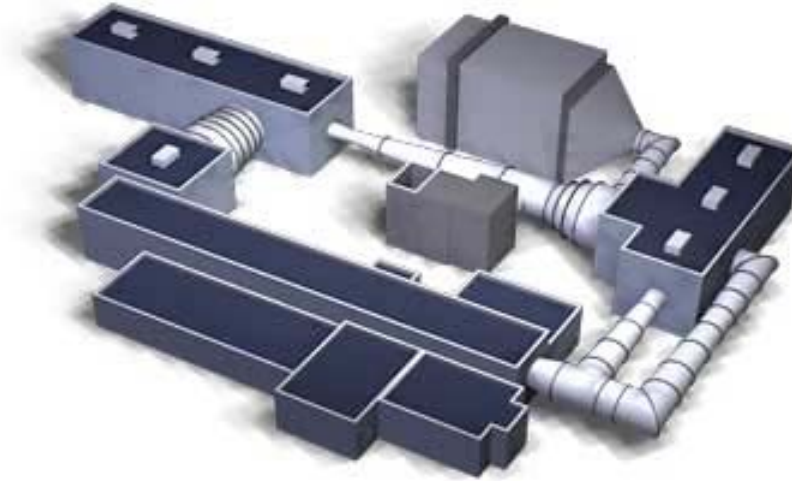
1956 (commenced operation).

User Fees

Contact Information

David E. Stark (Facility Manager), Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel at NASA Glenn Research Center, 21000 Brookpark Rd., Cleveland, OH 44135; Tel (General): (216) 433-4000; Tel (Stark): (216) 433-2922; Fax (Stark): (216) 433-8551; Email (Stark): David.E.Stark@nasa.gov; Web site: http://facilities.grc.nasa.gov/10x10/10x10_desc.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA),
Glenn Research Center,
Cleveland, Ohio USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	13 x 13 in ² (33 x 33 cm ²)	-320 to 130°F
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	0.2 to 0.9 Mach	1 to 100
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
0.3 m Transonic Cryogenic Tunnel (0.3-M TCT)		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	14.7 to 88 psia

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

192 analog channels; 32 digital channels; Unix computer; final data reduced on separate Unix workstation.

Current Programs

Two-dimensional, airfoil/aeronautical research; in-house skin-friction measurements; university-sponsored research projects.

Planned Improvements

Planned improvements: electronically scanned pressure system (ESP) recently acquired.

User Fees

Contact Information

The 0.3 m Transonic Cryogenic Tunnel Manager, NASA Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864-5109; Fax: (757) 864-8297; Email: wte+fm_03m@larc.nasa.gov; Web site: http://wte.larc.nasa.gov/facilities_updated/aerodynamics/03m.htm.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	8.2 x 8.2 ft ²	-250 to 150°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.1 to 1.2 Mach	4 to 145
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
National Transonic Facility (NTF)		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	15 to 130 psia

Testing Capabilities

High pressure, cryogenic, closed circuit; test section has 12 slots and 14 reentry flaps in ceiling and floor; powered by a 100 MW motor; 2 cooling modes; accommodates various types of internal, 6-component, strain-gauge balances; onboard angle-of-attack (AOA); ESP system available in 2.5, 5, 15, 30, and 45 psi pressures.

Data Acquisition

256 analog channels; 32 digital channels; 1 frequency channel; 14-track FM tape recorder; Unix and Macintosh computer; Unix workstation; ultraviolet lighting; temperature-sensitive paint (TSP) and pressure-sensitive paint (PSP); several different flow-visualization techniques.

Current Programs

Supports stability and control; cruise performance; stall-buffet onset; configuration-aerodynamics validation for full- and half-span models.

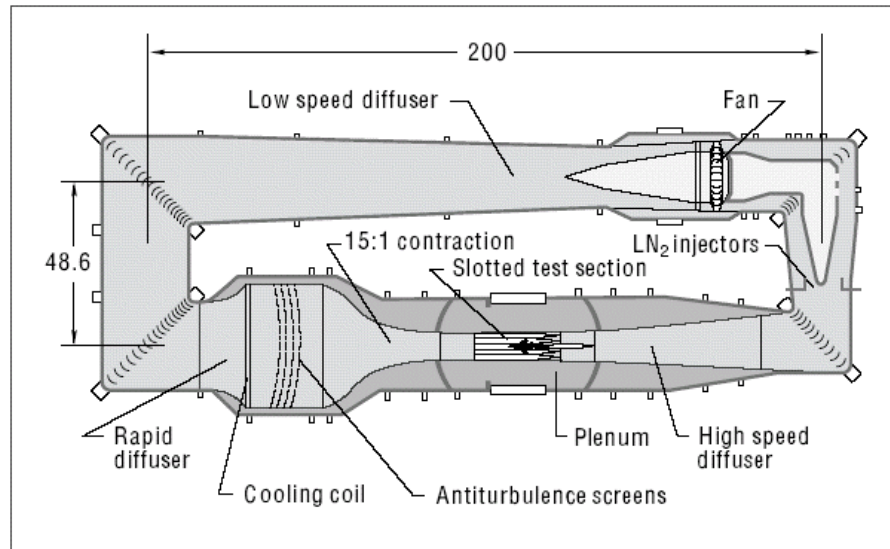
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

The National Transonic Facility Manager, NASA Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864-5033; Fax: (757) 864-7892; Email: wte+fm_ntf@larc.nasa.gov; Web site: <http://wte.larc.nasa.gov/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**National Transonic Facility (NTF),
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA),
Wind Tunnel Enterprise,
Langley Research Center,
Hampton, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	0.4 x 4 x 7 ft ³	125 to 175°F
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	1.5 to 4.6 Mach	0.5 to 11
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT)		
	Cost	
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Presumed active as of March 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Closed-circuit, continuous-flow, variable-density, 100,000 hp drive system; 6 centrifugal compressors; dry air supply; evacuating system; cooling system; interconnecting ducting.

Data Acquisition
 128 analog channels; 40 digital channels; Unix, Macintosh, and PC computers; Schlieren system; colored and UV oil flow; laser vapor screen; fluorescent minitufts; PSP and TSP available.

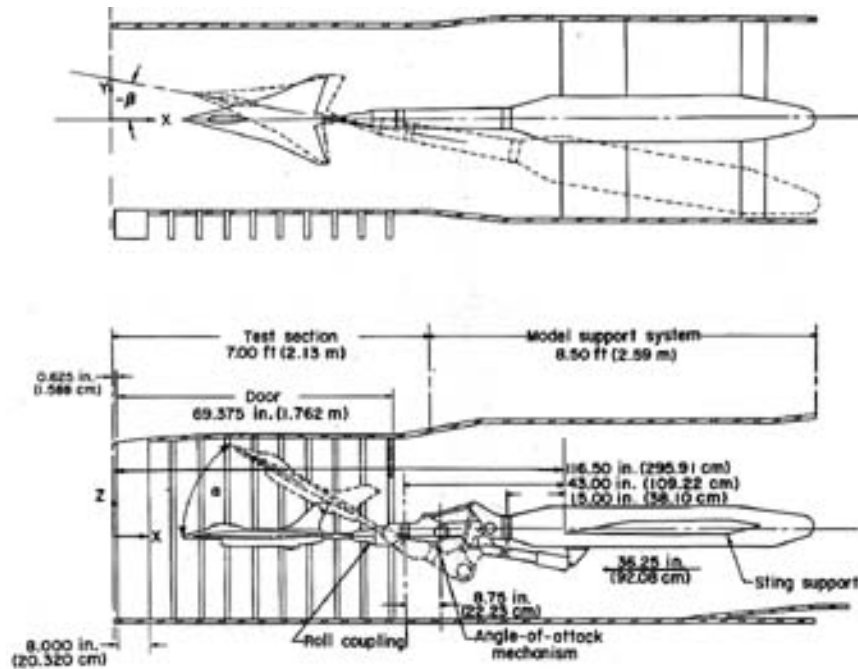
Current Programs
 U.S. supersonic military aircraft, missiles, and spacecraft, including supersonic transport program (SST), space shuttle, and national aerospace plane; high-speed research (HSR), advanced-technology demonstrator (X-33), small, reusable booster (X-34), and experimental crew-return vehicle (XCRV or X-38).

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 The Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel Manager, NASA Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, VA 23681-2199; Tel: (757) 864-5033; Fax: (757) 864-7892; Email: wte+fm_ntf@larc.nasa.gov; Web site: <http://wte.larc.nasa.gov/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT),
National Aeronautical and Space Administration (NASA),
Langley Research Center,
Wind Tunnel Enterprise,
Hampton, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	6 x 6 in ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	1.5 to 3 Mach	2 to 20
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
6 x 6 in Supersonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition
 Harris H800 superminicomputer for real-time data acquisition and analysis; two 21 in, grating spectrographs for studies in combustion and high-temperature gas flows; 5 W, argon-ion laser and associated optics for 2-channel, laser-Doppler anemometer.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Professor Gerald M. Gregorek (Director), Aero/Astro Research Laboratory, 2300 West Case Road, Columbus, Ohio 43235; Tel: (614) 292 5507 or 5491; Fax: (614) 292 5552; Web site: <http://aerospace.eng.ohio-state.edu/research/index.php?contents=research.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	200 x 200 mm ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	2 and 3 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
8 x 8 in Supersonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	

Testing Capabilities

High Reynolds number, supersonic, blowdown facility with 3 interchangeable test sections and Mach 2 and 3 nozzles; special test sections available; models mounted on the floor, a false plate, or a sting; surveys can be made in the transverse and longitudinal directions; eccentric window arrangement allows detailed examination of 3D flows.

Data Acquisition

Schlieren and shadowgraph systems; 1- and 2-component, automated traverse systems; automated scanivalve pressure-survey equipment; 8 channels of high-frequency pressure transducers; and 6 channels of constant-temperature anemometer equipment.

Current Programs

Suitable for testing over a wide range of Reynolds numbers.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

A. Smits, Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, James Forrestal Campus, Princeton, New Jersey 08544-0710; Tel: (609) 258 7634; Tel (Smits): (609) 258 5117; Fax: (609) 258 6109; Email: gasdyn@princeton.edu; Web site: http://gasdyn.princeton.edu/info/e71/supersonic_wind_tunnel.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	2 in	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i> 2 in Blowdown Tunnel	2.5 Mach	
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Operational as of November 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Can be operated in pressure-vacuum mode.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Teaching.

Planned Improvements

1960 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Steve Schneider (Professor), Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2023; Tel (Schneider): (765) 494 3343; Tel (Lab): (765) 494 3343; Fax (Schneider): (765) 496 3321; Email (Schneider): steves@purdue.edu; Web site: <http://cobweb.ecn.purdue.edu/~aae519/BAM6QT-Mach-6-tunnel/summary-oct2005.pdf>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	4 x 4 in ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		400,000
Mach 4 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	US\$100,000 (roughly)	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Confirmed active as of November 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Exclusively for teaching and developing instrumentation for Mach 6 tunnel.

Planned Improvements

1960s (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Steve Schneider (Professor), Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2023; Tel (Schneider): (765) 494 3343; Tel (Lab): (765) 494 3343; Fax (Schneider): (765) 496 3321; Email (Schneider): steves@purdue.edu; Web site: <https://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE/Research/ResearchFacilities/LabFacilities#aero>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	1 in	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		
Supersonic Jet Apparatus	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Can be operated in pressure-vacuum mode; includes a heater and particle filter, to enable supersonic hot-wire calibrations.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Nozzle-flow studies; teaching.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Steve Schneider (Professor), Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2023; Tel (Schneider): (765) 494 3343; Tel (Lab): (765) 494 3343; Fax (Schneider): (765) 496 3321; Email (Schneider): steves@purdue.edu; Web site: <https://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE/Research/ResearchFacilities/LabFacilities#aero>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility, Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	12 x 12 in ² , square	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	0.3 to 1.3 (transonic); 1.5 to 3.0 (supersonic)	4 to 17
Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
		2 to 20 psi
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Blowdown-to-atmospheric type; working medium is air; subsonic and transonic flows produced using a converging nozzle with perforated test section walls; supersonic streams produced using any of the converging-diverging nozzle walls with solid-test section walls; run times from 20 to 120 secs at 30 min intervals; model scales typically from 6% to 10% (gravity bombs and missiles).

Data Acquisition

Automatic-control system maintains set stagnation-pressure level; controls movement of the pitch sector (upon which the model is mounted); orientation of models set manually; all other tunnel and data acquisition procedures done remotely from the wind-tunnel control room.

Current Programs

Subsonic, transonic, and supersonic experiments for a wide variety of vehicles; TWT facility is traditionally used for force and moment experiments on bomb and reentry vehicle geometries, to gain aerodynamic performance data for flight-control systems; also used for understanding basic physics of compressible, high-speed flows.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Robert D. M. Tachau, Steven J. Beresh (User Liaisons), Sandia National Laboratories, P.O. Box 5800, MS-0834, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185-0834; Tel (Tachau): (505) 845-7157; Tel: (Beresh): (505) 844-4618; Fax (Tachau): (505) 844-9297; Fax (Beresh): (505) 844-4523; Email (Tachau): rdtacha@sandia.gov; Email (Beresh): sjberes@sandia.gov; Web site: <http://www.sandia.gov/bus-ops/partnerships/tech-access/facilities/eng-sci.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Triumph Aerospace Systems-Newport News, El Segundo, California, USA	7 x 7 ft ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	0.2 to 3.5 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
North American Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous, blowdown, with variable wall nozzle; walk-in test section; operated by Allied; owned by University of California, Los Angeles.

Data Acquisition

Internal balances; steady-state pressures; dynamic pressures; high-speed digital video (1,000 ft/sec, B&W, 4 cameras); pressure-sensitive paint (PSP); flow visualization includes Schlieren, 60 in diameter (supersonic, solid-wall test section only); shadowgraph (transonic/subsonic, porous-wall test section only); fluorescent oil flow; and mini-tufts.

Current Programs

Force and moment testing; inlet testing; semi-span testing; auxiliary services include high-pressure air; high-flow compressed air; special-purpose models/equipment; past programs: XB-70, X-15, Apollo, B-1, B-1B, Gripen, Eurofighter, and many Boeing, Douglas, and Lockheed airliners; current customers: U.S. Army and Navy, Boeing, ATK, Bombardier, Cessna, Lockheed Martin, Northrop Grumman, and Raytheon.

Planned Improvements

1950s (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Rick Hughes (Director), Trisonic Wind Tunnel, Triumph Aerospace Systems, 400 Duley Road, El Segundo, CA 90245; Tel: (310) 335 1585; Fax: (310) 640 1056; Email (Hughes): rhughes@triumphgroup.com; Web site: <http://www.alliedaerospace.com/WT%20Trisonic.htm>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	2 x 3¼ in ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	1.5 to 3.0 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Supersonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Blowdown type; property of the state of Kansas.

Data Acquisition
 Schlieren system and pressure-measuring equipment.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 D. Downing (Professor of Aerospace Engineering), University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, 2120 Learned Hall, Lawrence, KS 66045-7621;
 Tel: (785) 864-4267; Fax: (785) 864-3597; Email (General): aerohawk@ku.edu; Email (Downing): drdrd@ku.edu; Web site:
<http://ae.engr.ku.edu/about/facilities.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	40.3 to 161.3 cm ² (6.25 to 25 in ²)	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	0.3 to 1.3 Mach	
Three Transonic and Supersonic Wind Tunnels	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of February 2007.	Atmospheric

Testing Capabilities

Three tunnels independently connected to a common manifold through a series of valves; high-contraction ratio inlets, up to 150:1; 3 vacuum pumps driven by 125 hp, electric motor; continuous, extended-duration operation; each tunnel equipped with high-contraction ratio inlet (up to 150:1); 6% slotted-wall, transonic test section available with adjustable plenum pressure.

Data Acquisition

Schlieren and shadowgraph systems available for flow visualization.

Current Programs

Unsteady forced response of rotor and stator blades; nozzle and base-flow studies and measurements on 2D and 3D configurations; turbulent, compressible-boundary-layer research; smoke-flow visualization using direct smoke injection at transonic and supersonic speeds.

Planned Improvements

Planned improvements: new compressible shear-layer test section to study fluid, optic interactions in weakly compressible, transitional shear-layer flows.

User Fees

Contact Information

Transonic/Supersonic Wind Tunnels, University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, 365 Fitzpatrick Hall, Notre Dame, Indiana 46556-5637; Tel: (574) 631 5430; Fax: (574) 631 8341; Email: amedept@nd.edu; Web site: <http://www.nd.edu/~ame/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Supersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	23 x 23 cm ²	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	2.4 to 4, 0.2 to 0.8 Mach	2 to 5
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	3 to 20.5 atm

Testing Capabilities
 Three nozzle chambers; 8 to 60 second run durations; total power rate of compressor plant is 500 hp; dewpoint below -40°C; maximum model diameter at M=3 is 9 cm; storage tank volume 23 m³; remote-control model support allowing position changes to vertical plane; maximum air pressure in storage tanks: 51 atm.

Data Acquisition
 All IBM PC-based, using modern software such as LabView; 30 cm Schlieren apparatus; direct shadowgraph system or focused shadowgraph arrangement; interferograms use laser-based, single-plate interferometer system and CCD camera; hycam, high-speed, motion picture camera; 6-component, force and moment balance; main pressure-measuring system includes a PSI Model 780B, electronically scanned pressure system.

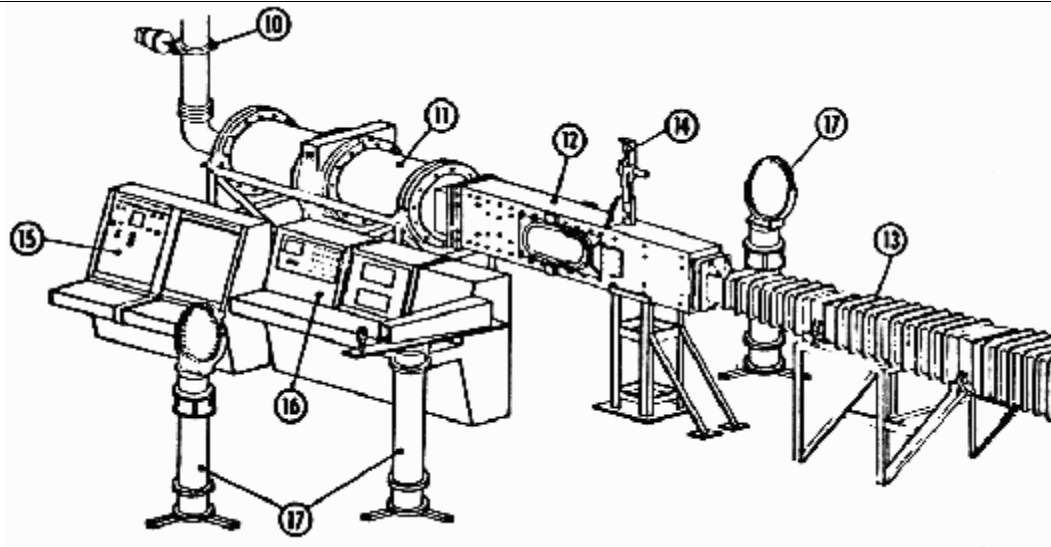
Current Programs

Planned Improvements
 1958 (purchased from NASA); 1963 (commenced operation); recent changes (modifications to air pumping, tunnel control, and instrumentation equipment).

User Fees

Contact Information
 Dr. William Devenport (Director), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, , 215 Randolph Hall, Blacksburg, VA 24061; Tel: (540) 231 6611; Fax: (540) 231 9632; Email: info@aoe.edu; Email (Devenport): devenport@vt.edu; Web site: <http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/superson.php>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



10-Pressure Regulator, 11-Settling Chamber, 12-Test Section, 13-Diffuser, 14-Model Support and Drive System, 15-Tunnel Control Panel, 16-Measurement Panel, 17-Schlieren Apparatus

**Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University,
Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering,
Blacksburg, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

Brazil

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	15 cm (diameter) x 24 m (length)	Up to 7,500°C
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	8.5 km/sec	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
T3 Hypersonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	US\$1.3 million	
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Operational beginning in January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

One of the largest hypersonic wind tunnels in the world; medium: helium.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Spacecraft, aircraft, new types of engines.

Planned Improvements

January 2007 (commenced operation).

User Fees

Contact Information

Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Accurate Automation Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA	360 x 226 x 200 mm ³	290 K (M=2,3,4), 376 K (M=5), 504 K (M=6), 645 K (M=7)
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	2 to 7 Mach	2.96 (M=2), 3.83 (M=3), 5.92 (M=4), 5.86 (M=5), 5.96 (M=6), and 5.6 (M=7)
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel		0.54 to 1.04
	<i>Cost</i>	
		<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of February 2007.	115 to 141

Testing Capabilities

Blowdown; 2.5 second duration; 100 mm flow diameter; 20 kW power; nitrogen gas.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Shock-wave modification using plasma on cone models; material performance characterization; hypersonic investigations; company currently supports the Naval Surface Weapons Center, NASA Marshall, NASA Ames, and NASA Langley.

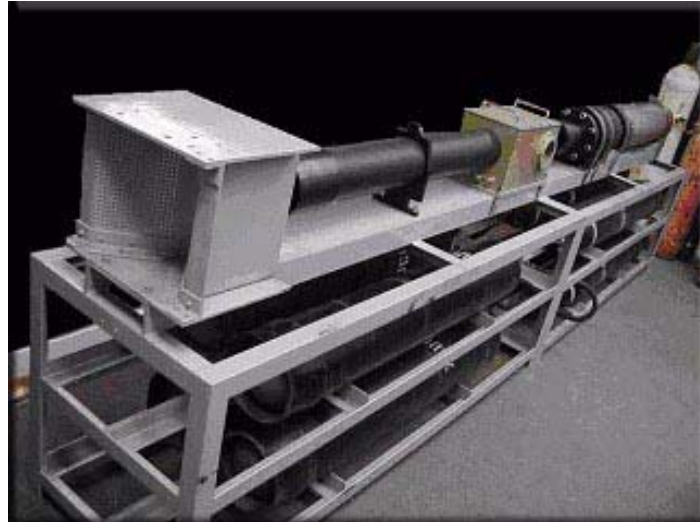
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Accurate Automation Corporation, 7001 Shallowford Road, Chattanooga, TN 37421; Tel: (423) 894 4646; Fax: (423) 894 4645; Email (sales): sales@accurate-automation.com; Web site: http://www.accurate-automation.com/Technology/Wind_Tunnel/wind_tunnel.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel,
Accurate Automation Corporation,
Chattanooga, Tennessee USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	20 in diameter	Exhaust nozzles: 1,200°F; hypersonic inlet: 3,000°F (stagnation)
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
	7, 11, 14 Mach	
Facility Name		Dynamic Pressure
Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel		
	Cost	Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	Exhaust nozzles: 1,200 psia; hypersonic inlet: 2,000 psia

Testing Capabilities

Three-component force balance; pressure ratios to 100,000; flow rates to 10 pps; 30-sec run times; currently configured as high-pressure-ratio, exhaust nozzle, thrust stand; model assembly supported by 3-component, strain-gauge force balance, isolated from the facility, piping by an elastic seal.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Exhaust nozzles; flow surveys; temperatures; heat-transfer measurements; hypersonic inlet tests; tests of exhaust nozzles with very high area ratios.

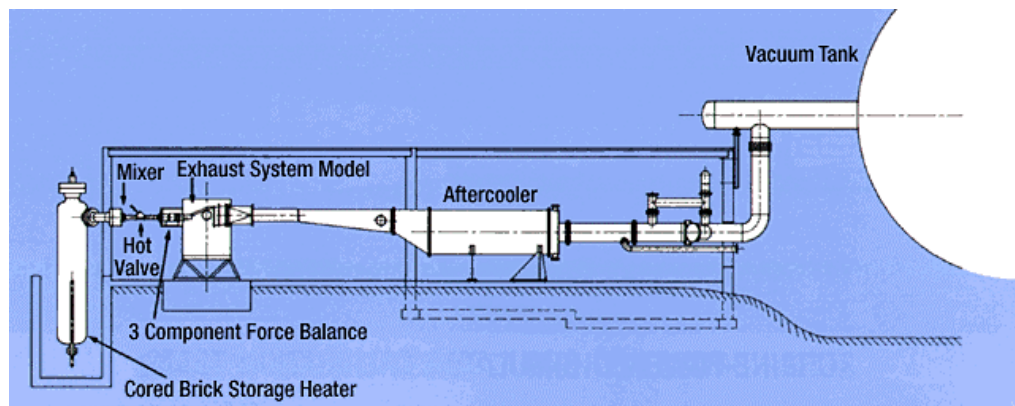
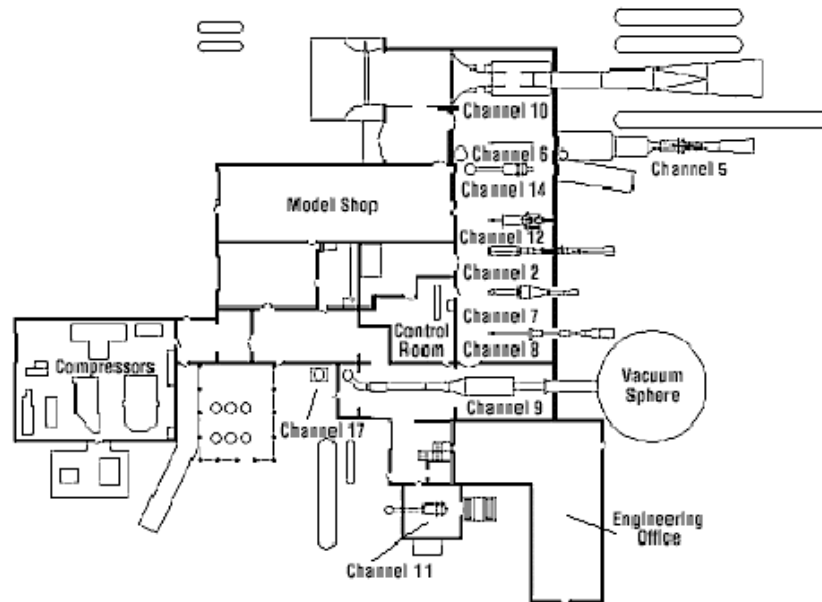
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

P. Giese (Wind Tunnel Programs), Aero Systems Engineering, Inc., 358 E. Fillmore Avenue, St. Paul, MN 55107; Tel (General): (651) 227 7515; Fax (General): (651) 227 0519; Email (General): ase@aerosysengr.com; Email (Giese): pgiese@aerosysengr.com; Web site: <http://www.aerosysengr.com/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test Stand and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel,
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE),
St. Paul, Minnesota USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	40 x 40 in ²	Up to 290°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	1.5 to 5.5 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
VKF Wind Tunnel A		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Reported active February 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous flow, closed circuit, variable density; computer controls continuous-curvature nozzle that can vary the Mach number; working medium is air supplied by a 9-stage compressor system, driven by electric motors providing up to 92,500 hp.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Devoted primarily to study of aerodynamic design; obtains large aerodynamic and aerothermodynamic databases used to develop supersonic and hypersonic flight vehicles, including reentry and tactical vehicles to space capsules, X-planes, and winged vehicles; has tested Boeing X-37 and the space shuttle.

Planned Improvements

1957 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC)/DOF, 740 Fourth Street, Arnold AFB, TN 37389-6000; Tel: (931) 454-3767; Fax: (931) 454-3339; Web site: <http://www.arnold.af.mil>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	50 x 50 in ²	Up to 900°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	6 and 8 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
VKF Wind Tunnel B		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Reported active February 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous flow; working medium is air supplied by 9-stage compressor system driven by electric motors providing up to 92,500 hp; air heated with natural gas-fired heaters.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Primarily studies aerodynamic design; obtains large aerodynamic and aerothermodynamic databases used to develop supersonic and hypersonic flight vehicles, including reentry and tactical vehicles to space capsules, X-planes, and winged vehicles.

Planned Improvements

1957 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC)/DOF, 740 Fourth Street, Arnold AFB, TN 37389-6000; Tel: (931) 454-3767; Fax: (931) 454-3339; Web site: <http://www.arnold.af.mil>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA		Up to 1,440°F
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	4, 6, and 10 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
VKF Wind Tunnel C		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Reported active February 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous flow; aerothermal environment for testing materials proposed for space vehicles and aircraft; working medium is air supplied by 9-stage compressor system driven by electric motors providing up to 92,500 hp.

Data Acquisition

Special photographic techniques visualize shock waves and heat patterns.

Current Programs

Subjects flight hardware to combination aerodynamic and thermodynamic effects; engineers study response of aerospace vehicles and materials to combined effects of external heating, internal heat conduction, and pressure loading; obtains large aerodynamic and aerothermodynamic databases used to develop supersonic and hypersonic flight vehicles, including reentry and tactical vehicles for space capsules, X-planes, and winged vehicles.

Planned Improvements

1957 (constructed).

User Fees

Contact Information

Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC)/DOF, 740 Fourth Street, Arnold AFB, TN 37389-6000; Tel: (931) 454-3767; Fax: (931) 454-3339; Web site: <http://www.arnold.af.mil>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	12 in	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	6 to 15 Mach	0.05 to 3
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
12 in Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnel	<i>Cost</i>	
		<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Continuous flow.

Data Acquisition

Harris H800 superminicomputer for real-time data acquisition and analysis; two 21 in, grating spectrographs for studies in combustion and high-temperature gas flows; 5 W, argon-ion laser and associated optics for a 2-channel, laser-Doppler anemometer.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Professor Gerald M. Gregorek (Director), Aero/Astro Research Laboratory, 2300 West Case Road, Columbus, Ohio 43235; Tel: (614) 292 5507 or 5491; Fax: (614) 292 5552; Web site: <http://aerospace.eng.ohio-state.edu/research/index.php?contents=research.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	4 in (diameter)	2,800°R
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	8 to 7 Mach	
Two 4 in diameter Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnels	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Harris H800 superminicomputer for real-time data acquisition and analysis; two 21 in, grating spectrographs for studies in combustion and high-temperature gas flows; 5W, argon-ion laser and associated optics for a 2-channel, laser-Doppler anemometer.

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Professor Gerald M. Gregorek (Director), Aero/Astro Research Laboratory, 2300 West Case Road, Columbus, Ohio 43235; Tel: (614) 292 5507 or 5491; Fax: (614) 292 5552; Web site: <http://aerospace.eng.ohio-state.edu/research/index.php?contents=research.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	9 in (diameter), 6 ft (length), circular	870 K (stagnation)
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	8 Mach	
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Hypersonic Boundary Layer Facility (HyperBLaF)		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of November 2006.	10 MPa (1,500 psia)

Testing Capabilities

Run times vary from 2 to 10 mins; 316-L stainless steel used to fabricate the heater coil, nozzle, test section, expansion joint, and diffuser.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Fundamental studies of compressible turbulence; shock wave/boundary-layer interactions; shock/shock interactions; configuration studies of hypersonic vehicles.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Olden Street Princeton, NJ 08544; Tel: (609) 258 7634; Fax: (609) 258 6109; Email: mae@princeton.edu; Web site: http://gasdyn.princeton.edu/info/e69/the_hypersonic_boundary_layer_facility.html.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	9.5 in (diameter)	160° to 200°C
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	6 to 6.1 Mach	13
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwieg Tube		0.05 to 5 psia
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	US\$1 to 2 million	3 to 300 psia
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Confirmed active as of November 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Ludwieg-tube concept; 4,000 ft³ vacuum tank; sliding sleeve; double-burst diaphragm; fixed-sting support; contraction windows; slow gate valve; diffuser; bleed-slot suction; stainless-steel, second-throat section upstream; laminar nozzle, wall boundary layer; 17.5 in driver tube; 122.5-ft long; 6 to 10 sec run time, once/hr.

Data Acquisition

Hot-wires; hot-films; temperature paints; pressure sensors; controlled perturbations for instability.

Current Programs

Studies laminar-turbulent transition and mechanisms; research supports NASA, DoD flight programs, AFOSR, Sandia National Labs.

Planned Improvements

1995-2001 (construction); planned improvements: new sting-support section to start larger models; new throat section to improve quiet flow (presently quiet to a freestream).

User Fees

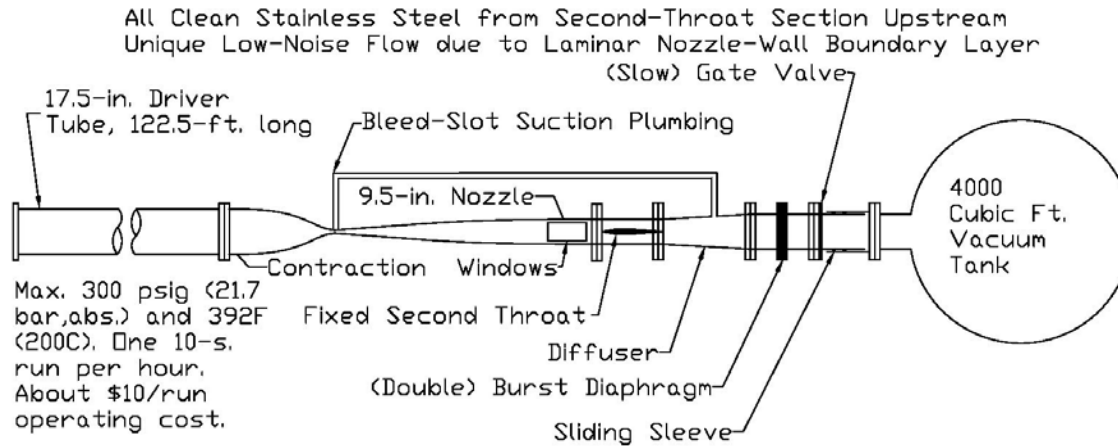
Operating cost: US\$10-\$12/test run plus graduate student stipend.

Contact Information

Steve Schneider (Professor), Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2023; Tel (Schneider): (765) 494 3343; Tel (Lab): (765) 494 3343; Fax (Schneider): (765) 496 3321; Email (Schneider): steves@purdue.edu; Web site: <http://cobweb.ecn.purdue.edu/~aae519/BAM6QT-Mach-6-tunnel/summary-oct2005.pdf>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

sps 5-30-01



Schematic of Boeing Mach-6 Quiet-Flow Ludwieg Tube

**Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwieg Tube,
Purdue University,
School of Aeronautics and Astronautics Engineering (AAE),
Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL),
West Lafayette, Indiana USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility (ESEF), Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	14 in (M=8), 18 in (M=5 and 14) (diameter)	620° to 2,500°R (stagnation)
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>	5, 8, 14 Mach	0.4 to 8
Hypersonic Wind Tunnel (HWT)	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
		0.2 to 7 psi
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	Presumed active as April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Blowdown-to-vacuum type; 45 sec run time; air (M=5) or nitrogen (M=8 and 14) is the working fluid; each test section has 4 glass windows placed 90° apart from each other; model hardware is normally sting-mounted and ranges in size from 6 to 14 in long, with a base diameter of 4 in or less; typical model scales from 6% to 20%.

Data Acquisition

Surface and flow-visualization techniques; average and instantaneous pressure measurements, 6-component balance force and moment data.

Current Programs

High-speed flight of missiles, reentry vehicles, and gravity bombs.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Robert D. M. Tachau, Steven J. Beresh (User Liaisons), Sandia National Laboratories, P.O. Box 5800, MS-0834, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185-0834; Tel (Tachau): (505) 845-7157; Tel: (Beresh): (505) 844-4618; Fax (Tachau): (505) 844-9297; Fax (Beresh): (505) 844-4523; Email (Tachau): rdtacha@sandia.gov; Email (Beresh): sjberes@sandia.gov; Web site: <http://www.sandia.gov/bus-ops/partnerships/tech-access/facilities/eng-sci.html>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
U.S. Air Force, Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), White Oak, Maryland, USA	5 ft (diameter) x 12 ft (length)	3,000°F (M=7); 1,100°F (M=8); 1,350°F (M=10); 2,750°F (M=14); 2,880°F (M=16.5)
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	7, 8, 10, 14, 16.5 Mach	3.7 to 15.8 (M=7); 4.5 to 50.0 (M=8); 0.86 to 20.0 (M=10); 0.072 to 3.8 (M=14); 3.24 (M=16.5)
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9		Up to 1,430 atm
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		100 to 21,000 psia
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Reported active February 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Two test cells; blowdown-type facility; unique storage heater provides supply pressures up to 1,430 atm and supply temperatures up to 3,460°R; sustains long-duration, constant-condition runs.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Aerodynamic simulation in critical altitude regimes associated with strategic-offensive missile systems; advanced, defensive interceptor systems; reentry vehicles; hypersonic vehicle technologies; experiments support Navy Mk4/Mk5 reentry body development, Ballistic Missile Defense Organization and Army endoatmospheric interceptor programs; Air Force reentry and decoy programs; NASA space shuttle; hypersonic technologies such as waveriders, scramjets, and the national aerospace plane.

Planned Improvements

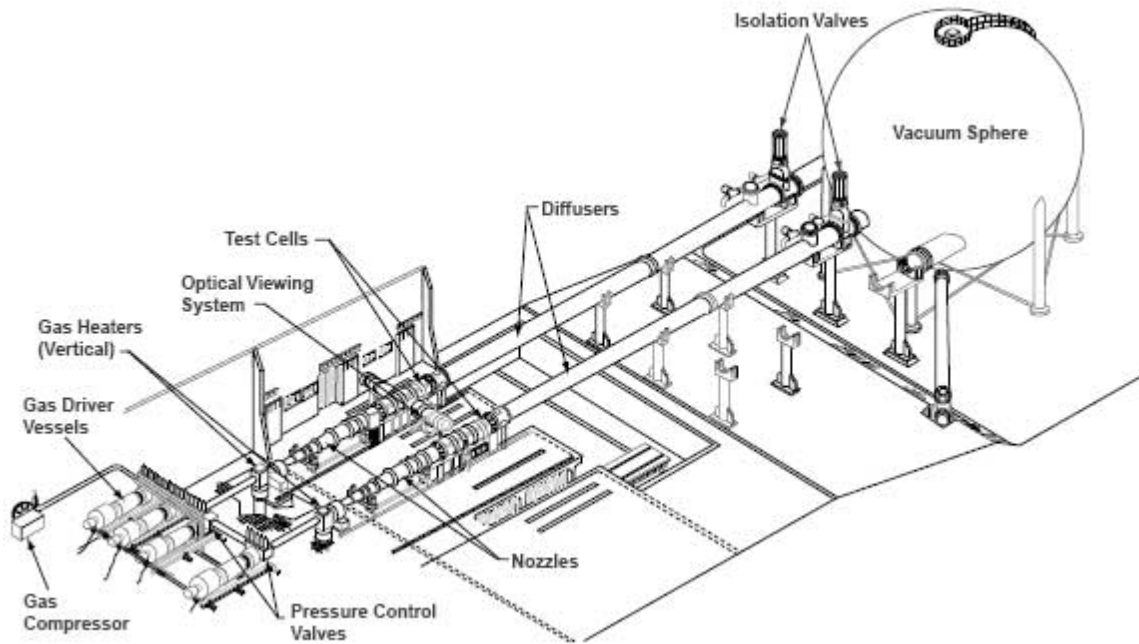
1976 (commenced operation).

User Fees

Contact Information

AEDC/DOSH White Oak, 10905 New Hampshire Avenue, Silver Spring, MD 20903-1050; Tel: (301) 394-1669; Fax: (301) 394-4631; Email: hypersonics@hap.arnold.af.mil; Web site: <http://www.arnold.af.mil/aedc/tunnel9.htm>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9,
Arnold Engineering Development Center,
White Oak, Maryland USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Hypersonic

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	100 mm	720 K (stagnation)
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
	2.0 to 7.0 Mach	1,000 at Mach 7.0
<i>Facility Name</i>		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
Hypersonic Wind Tunnel		
	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
		20 Mpa
	<i>Operational Status</i>	
	Presumed active as of January 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

Plenum chamber charged with bottled air; heater for raising pressure further and preventing condensation; operated by turning actuator handle through 90°; facility can be easily recharged and run 5 or 6 times/hr; atmospheric exhaust; produces very uniform flowfield.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Academic instruction and research of high-speed flows.

Planned Improvements

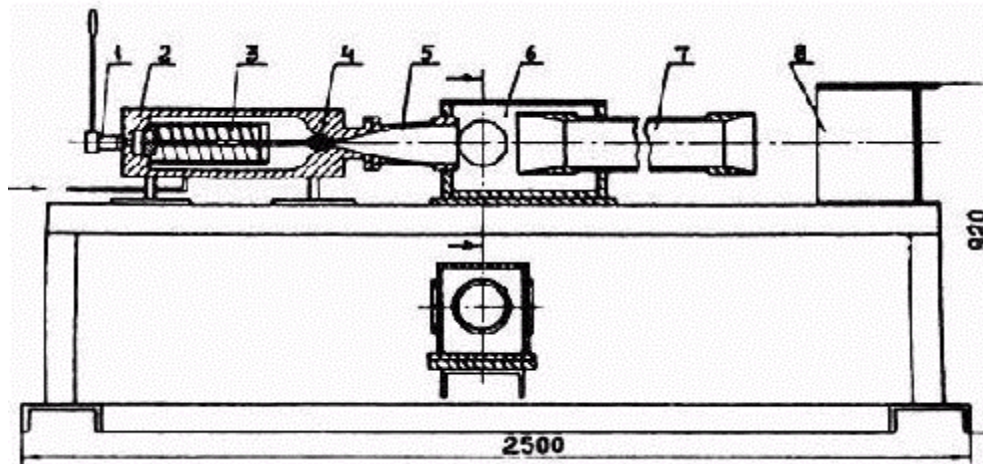
constructed for Theoretical and Applied Mechanics of the Russian Academy of Sciences in Novosibirsk by Dr. V. Zvegintsev; made available through a joint venture of the Virginia-Siberia Trading Co., Inc.

User Fees

Contact Information

Dr. William Devenport (Director), Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, 215 Randolph Hall, Blacksburg, VA 24061; Tel: (540) 231 6611; Fax: (540) 231 9632; Email: info@aoe.edu; Email (Devenport): devenport@vt.edu; Web site: <http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/hyperson.php>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



1-Valve actuator, 2-Plenum chamber, 3-Heater, 4-Plug valve,
5-Nozzle, 6-Test chamber, 7-Diffuser and 8-Exhaust deflector

**Hypersonic Wind Tunnel,
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University,
Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering,
Blacksburg, Virginia USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Unknown

Brazil

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	6 m long	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		
T1		<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Cost</i>	
		<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Unknown

Brazil

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	14 m long	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
Facility Name		
T2		Dynamic Pressure
	Cost	
		Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Unknown

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA		
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
Facility Name		
Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell for Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests		Dynamic Pressure
	Cost	
	Operational Status	Stagnation Pressure
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities
 Cold flow, high pressure ratio, static-thrust stands; ability to exhaust either into atmosphere or sealed test cabin connected to vacuum system; model supported by 3-component or 6-component, strain-gauge force balance; model isolated from facility piping by an elastic seal; tests can be conducted at specific combinations of pressure ratio, rotor speed, and inlet stagnation > 1 atm.

Data Acquisition

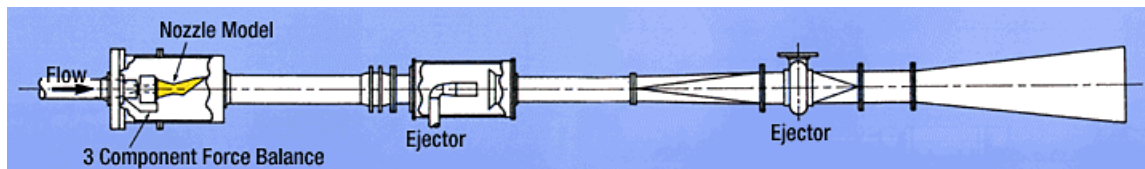
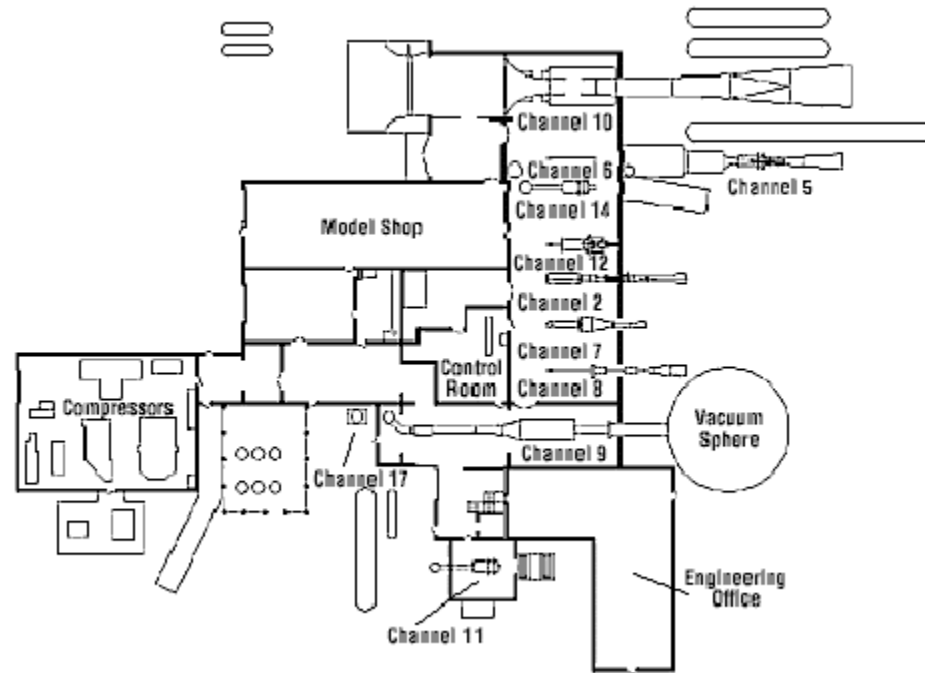
Current Programs
 Measurements of axial and normal balance forces; model total and static pressures; ambient pressure and the upstream ASME meter pressures; temperature necessary to calculate a flow rate and stream thrust entering the metric portion of a model assembly; calibration of turbine-powered simulator (TPS) systems.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information
 P. Giese (Wind Tunnel Programs), Aero Systems Engineering, Inc, 358 E. Fillmore Avenue, St. Paul, MN 55107; Tel (General): (651) 227 7515; Fax (General): (651) 227 0519; Email (General): ase@aerosysengr.com; Email (Giese): pgiese@aerosysengr.com; Web site: <http://www.aerosysengr.com/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell For Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests,
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE),
St. Paul, Minnesota USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Unknown

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA		
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
Facility Name		
Static Test Stands		Dynamic Pressure
	Cost	
		Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of April 2007.	

Testing Capabilities

High-pressure dried air from 500 psi storage system is throttled, metered through an ASME long-radius metering nozzle, and discharged through the test model to the atmosphere; model supported by a 3-component or 6-component, strain-gauge force balance; model is isolated from facility piping by an elastic seal.

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Measurements of axial and normal balance forces; model total and static pressures; ambient pressure; upstream ASME meter pressures and temperature; calculates flow rate/stream thrust entering the metric portion of a model assembly.

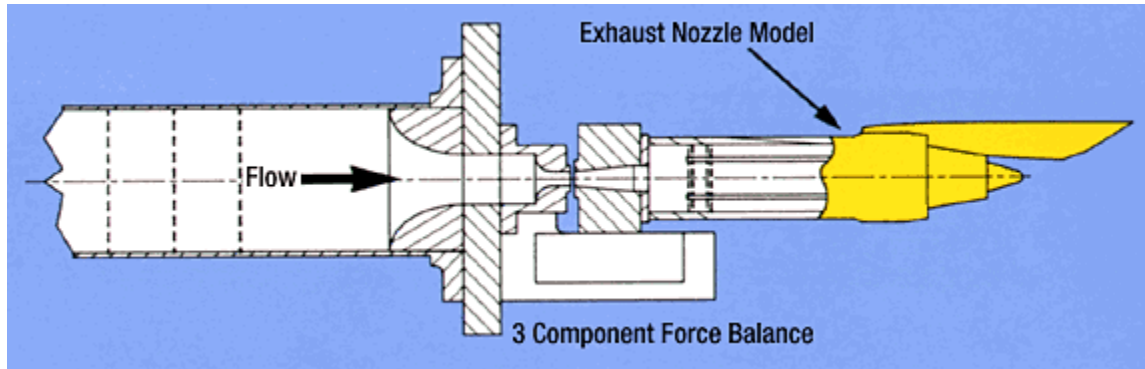
Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

P. Giese (Wind Tunnel Programs), Aero Systems Engineering, Inc, 358 E. Fillmore Avenue, St. Paul, MN 55107; Tel (General): (651) 227 7515; Fax (General): (651) 227 0519; Email (General): ase@aerosysengr.com; Email (Giese): pgiese@aerosysengr.com; Web site: <http://www.aerosysengr.com/>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**Static Test Stands,
Aero Systems Engineering Inc., (ASE),
St. Paul, Minnesota USA**

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Unknown

United States

<i>Installation Name</i>	<i>Test Section Size</i>	<i>Temperature Range</i>
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	4 in	
	<i>Speed Range</i>	<i>Reynolds Number (max)</i>
<i>Facility Name</i>		
4 in Shock Tube	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Dynamic Pressure</i>
	<i>Operational Status</i>	<i>Stagnation Pressure</i>

Testing Capabilities

Data Acquisition

Current Programs

Teaching purposes.

Planned Improvements

User Fees

Contact Information

Steve Schneider (Professor), Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), 315 N. Grant Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2023; Tel (Schneider): (765) 494 3343; Tel (Lab): (765) 494 3343; Fax (Schneider): (765) 496 3321; Email (Schneider): steves@purdue.edu; Web site: <https://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE/Research/ResearchFacilities/Lab Facilities#aero>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

NO IMAGE AVAILABLE

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere

Unknown

United States

Installation Name	Test Section Size	Temperature Range
University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, Davis, California, USA	33.6 in x 48 in x 12 ft	
	Speed Range	Reynolds Number (max)
Facility Name		
UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel (AWT)		Dynamic Pressure
	Cost	
		Stagnation Pressure
	Operational Status	
	Presumed active as of December 2006.	

Testing Capabilities

Contraction ratio 7.5:1; aluminum honeycomb 6 in deep with 0.25 cells; 20 x 20 in mesh, stainless-steel, anti-turbulence screens; pyramidal balance system with parallel sides, 4 tapered fillets, aluminum floor and ceiling; side walls are clear, plexiglass panels hinged at the top to provide four 64 in wide doors, centered on the two 36 in turntables.

Data Acquisition

Pentium 166 with LabVIEW and instrument control/data acquisition boards; probe-traversing mechanism currently can be controlled via LabVIEW.

Current Programs

Full-span, semi-span, and full-span-vertically-mounted general aviation aircraft; multielement airfoil; fluorescent oil-film method of boundary-layer visualization; performance of a Gurney Flap; active load control and lift enhancement using MEM Translational Tabs; turbulence determined through turbulence spheres.

Planned Improvements

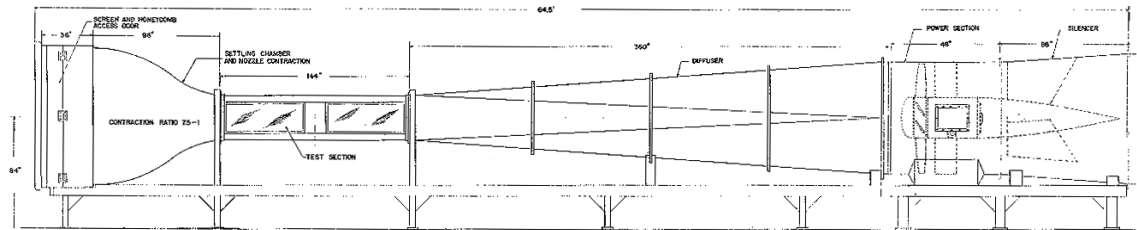
1997 (installed); planned improvements: interface of other systems with LabVIEW.

User Fees

Contact Information

C.P. van Dam (Director of Engineering), University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, One Shields Avenue, Davis, CA 95616-5294; Tel (van Dam): (530) 752 7741; Fax (van Dam): (530) 752 4158; Email (van Dam): cpvandam@ucdavis.edu; Web site: <http://windtunnel.engr.ucdavis.edu>.

Wind Tunnels of the Western Hemisphere



**UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel Facility (AWT),
University of California, Davis,
Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering,
Davis, California USA**

BIBLIOGRAPHY—Western Hemisphere

- “7 x 10 Low Speed Wind Tunnel.” Northrop Grumman. Integrated Systems Test Laboratories. 2003.
http://www.is.northropgrumman.com/test/test_capabilities/wind_tunnel/wind_tunnel.html.
- “Aerodynamics Laboratory.” National Research Council Canada. July 25, 2006. http://iar-ira.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/aero_main_e.html.
- Aero Systems Engineering. “Wind Tunnels.” http://www.aerosysengr.com/Wind_Tunnels/wind_tunnels.html.
- “Anechoic Chamber.” Georgia Institute of Technology, Georgia Tech Research Institute. <http://www.gtri.gatech.edu>.
- Antón, Philip S., Dana J. Johnson, Michael Block, Michael Brown, Jeffrey Drezner, James Dryden, Eugene C. Gritton, Tom Hamilton, Thor Hogan, Richard Mesic, Deborah Peetz, Raj Raman, Paul Steinberg, Joe Strong, and William Trimble. *Wind Tunnel and Propulsion Test Facilities, Supporting Analyses to an Assessment of NASA’s Capabilities to Serve National Needs*. Santa Monica: National Defense Research Institute, RAND, 2004.
http://www.rand.org/pubs/monographs/2004/RAND_MG178.pdf.
- Assessment of Asian Wind Tunnels*. Tullahoma, TN: Sverdrup Technology, June 1999.
- “AOE Research—Facilities.” Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering. September 27, 2006.
<http://www.aoe.vt.edu/research/facilities/>.
- “Boeing Technology Services—Aerodynamics.” Boeing Company. http://boeing.com/commercial/techsvcs/boeingtech/bts_aerz.html.
- Delnero, J. S., J. Colman, U. Boldes, M. Martinez, J. Marañón di Leo, and F.A. Bacchi. “About the Turbulent Scale Dependent Response of Reflexed Airfoils.” *Latin American Applied Research* 35, no.4 (October–December 2005).
http://www.scielo.org.ar/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0327-07932005000400007&lng=en&nrm=iso.
- “Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility (ESEF).” Sandia National Laboratories. <http://www.sandia.gov/business/partnerships/tech-access/facilities/eng-sci.html>.
- “Facilities, Hydromechanics Department.” Carderock Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center. April 22, 2004.
<http://www.dt.navy.mil/hyd/fac/>.

- “Facilities.” Georgia Institute of Technology, School of Aerospace Engineering, Experimental Aerodynamics Group.
<http://www.ae.gatech.edu/labs/windtun/>.
- “Fact Sheets.” Arnold Air Force Base. <http://www.arnold.af.mil/library/factsheets/index.asp>.
- “Gevers Wind Tunnels.” Gevers Aircraft. <http://www.geversaircraft.com>.
- “Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel.” University of Maryland, School of Engineering, Department of Aerospace Engineering. 2006.
<http://www.windtunnel.umd.edu/>.
- “Glenn Research Center—Aero and Space Test Facilities.” Cleveland: NASA Glenn Research Center, 2005.
http://facilities.grc.nasa.gov/documents/Facilities_Booklet_2005.pdf.
- “Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research.” University of Notre Dame, Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering.
<http://ame.nd.edu/facilities/Hessert.html>.
- “Info: Facilities.” Princeton University, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Gas Dynamics Laboratory. 2007
<http://gasdyn.princeton.edu/info/e45/facilities.html>.
- Jacobs Sverdrup. <http://www.jacobssverdrup.com/>.
- Jane’s International ABS Aerospace Directory*. 1998 (accessed via Intelink).
- “Lab Facilities Available in AAE.” Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautics.
<https://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE/Research/ResearchFacilities/LabFacilities>.
- Langley Full Scale Tunnel. 2006. <http://www.lfst.com/>.
- Levin, Daniel, and Asher Sigal. “Wind Tunnel Tests of a Missile Having Elliptic Cross Sectioned Body.” Paper presented at the IAA Atmospheric Flight Mechanics Conference and Exhibit, Monterey, California, August 5–8, 2002.
http://pdf.aiaa.org/preview/CDReadyMAFM02_574/PV2002_4419.pdf.

- “Lockheed Martin Wind Tunnel Test Group.” Lockheed Martin. 2005.
<http://www.lockheedmartin.com/wms/findPage.do?dsp=fec&ci=16217&rsbci=16228&fti=0&ti=0&sc=400>.
- “MIT’s Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel.” MIT, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics.
<http://web.mit.edu/aeroastro/www/labs/WBWT/>.
- “NASA’s Aeronautics Test Program.” National Aeronautics and Space Administration. January 30, 2007.
<http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/aero/atp/index.html>.
- “Officers and Members.” Supersonic Tunnel Association International. October 4, 2006.
<http://www.grc.nasa.gov/WWW/STA/members.html>.
- Peñaranda, Frank E., and M. Shannon Freda, eds. *Aeronautical Facilities Catalogue*. Vol. 1, *Wind Tunnels*. Washington: NASA, 1985.
- Progress in Astronautics and Aeronautics*. Vol. 198, *Advanced Hypersonic Test Facilities*, edited by Frank K. Lu and Dan E. Marren. Reston, VA: American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, 2002.
- “Research Facilities.” Glenn Research Center, NASA. May 9, 2007. <http://facilities.grc.nasa.gov/>.
- Schneider, S.P. “Facilities and Instrumentation for Hypersonic Measurements of Transition Mechanisms at Purdue University, Summary of Facilities as of February 2006.” Purdue University, Schools of Engineering, Aeronautics, and Astronautics. February 2006. <http://cobweb.ecn.purdue.edu/~aae519/BAM6QT-Mach-6-tunnel/summary-2006.pdf#>.
- Schneider, S.P. “The Boeing/AFOSR Mach-6 Quiet Tunnel at Purdue University.” Purdue University, Schools of Engineering, Aeronautics, and Astronautics. October 2005. <http://cobweb.ecn.purdue.edu/~aae519/BAM6QT-Mach-6-tunnel/summary-oct2005.pdf>.
- Sizemore, Darby. “Center Adapts Technology for F-35 Wind Tunnel Tests.” SpaceWar.com. March 31, 2006.
http://www.spacewar.com/reports/Center_Adapts_Technology_For_F_35_Wind_Tunnel_Tests.html.
- Subsonic Aerodynamic Testing Association. “Testing Facilities by Company.” <http://www.sata.aero/>.

“Teaching and Research Facilities.” University of Kansas. School of Engineering. Department of Aerospace Engineering. <http://www.ae.engr.ku.edu/about/facilities.html>.

“Testing Facilities by Company.” Subsonic Aerodynamic Testing Association. <http://www.aa.washington.edu/sata/members/bycompany.html> (accessed September 2005–February 2006).

“Testing Facilities.” Subsonic Aerodynamic Testing Association. <http://sata.aero/>.

“The Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL)—West.” Ohio State University, Department of Aerospace Engineering. November 21, 2006. <http://www.aerospace.ohio-state.edu/research/aarl.html>.

“The Facilities.” Wind Tunnels, NASA Ames Research Center. April 16, 2007. <http://aocentral.arc.nasa.gov/>.

“The L.A. Comp Sub-Sonic Wind Tunnel.” University of Oklahoma, College of Engineering, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering. January 9, 2007. <http://www.coe.ou.edu/ame/about/windtunnel.htm>.

The Worthey Connection. “The Wind Tunnel Connection.” <http://www.worthey.net/windtunnels/>.

“Transonic Wind Tunnel.” Calspan Corporation. June 27, 2005. <http://www.calspan.com/pdfs/TWTGeneral062705.pdf>.

“UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel Facility.” University of California at Davis, College of Engineering. <http://windtunnel.engr.ucdavis.edu/>.

“What is UWAL.” University of Washington, Aeronautical Laboratory. <http://www.uwal.org/index.html>.

“Wind Tunnel Enterprise.” Langley Research Center, NASA. October 25, 2006. <http://windtunnels.larc.nasa.gov/>.

“Wind Tunnel Facility.” Accurate Automation Corporation. http://www.accurate-automation.com/Technology/Wind_Tunnel/wind_tunnel.html.

“Wind Tunnel Lab.” Embry-Riddle University, College of Engineering, Department of Aerospace Engineering. 2007. <http://www.erau.edu/omni/db/academicorgs/dbaed/windtunnellab.html>.

“Wind Tunnel Services.” ViGyan Inc. February 24, 2005. <http://vigyan.com/tunnel-services.shtml>.

“Wind Tunnel Testing Laboratory.” Agency for Defense Development. <http://www.add.re.kr/> (accessed in November 2005 and January 2006).

“Wind Tunnel Testing.” Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Flight Research Laboratory. <http://flight.tamu.edu/tunnel/intro.html>.

“Wind Tunnels.” Aero Systems Engineering. http://www.aerosysengr.com/Wind_Tunnels/wind_tunnels.html.

“Wind Tunnels.” National Institute for Aviation Research. http://www.niar.wichita.edu/researchlabs/ad_windtunnels.asp.

“Wind Tunnels.” Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautics. https://engineering.purdue.edu/AAE/Academics/Courses/Raisbeck/wind_tunnels.htm#.

“Wind Tunnels/Test and Evaluation.” Triumph Aerospace Systems—Newport News. <http://www.alliedaerospace.com/Wind%20Tunnel%20Testing.htm>.

Index by Country—Western Hemisphere

Country	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
Argentina	National University of La Plata, Faculty of Engineering, Boundary Layer and Environmental Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (LACLYFA), La Plata, Argentina	Boundary Layer Wind Tunnel	1
Brazil	Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	T1	197
		T2	199
		T3 Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	171
	Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	Closed Circuit Subsonic Wind Tunnel	5
		Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel	7
		TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel	3
	University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, SP, Brazil	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	9
Canada	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)	11
		1.5 m Trisonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	111
		2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel	13
		3 x 6 m Open-Circuit Propulsion Icing Wind Tunnel (PIWT)	15
		5 m Vertical Wind Tunnel	17
		9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel	19
		Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel	113
		Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC)	21
United States	Accurate Automation Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA	Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	173
	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	Channel 2: 13 ½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	115
		Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	117
		Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	119
		Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell for Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests	201

Country	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
		Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	175
		Static Test Stands	203
	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	4T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	123
		16T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel	121
	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	VKF Wind Tunnel A	177
		VKF Wind Tunnel B	179
		VKF Wind Tunnel C	181
	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	9 x 9 ft Subsonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	25
		20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	23
		Boeing Research Aero-Icing Tunnel (BRAIT)	27
		Polysonic Wind Tunnel (PSWT)	125
		Transonic Wind Tunnel	127
	Calspan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, USA	Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	129
	Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Laboratory, Daytona Beach, Florida, USA	Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	29
	Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility	35
		Experimental Research Wind Tunnel	31
		Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	33
	Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	John J. Harper Low Speed Wind Tunnel	37
		Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel	39
	Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	5 x 7 ft Wind Tunnel	43
		19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel	41
	Lockheed Martin, Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC), Grand Prairie, Texas, USA	High Speed Wind Tunnel Facility (HSWT)	131
	Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	Compressible Flow Wind Tunnel (CFWT)	133
		Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	45
	Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA	Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT)	47
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames	9 x 7 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel	137

Country	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
USA	Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	11 ft Transonic Wind Tunnel	135
		12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel	49
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, National Full-Scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC), Moffet Field, California, USA	NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel	51
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	139
		8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	141
		9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	53
		Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	143
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	0.3 m Transonic Cryogenic Tunnel (0.3-M TCT)	145
		12 ft Low Speed Tunnel	55
		14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	57
		20 ft Vertical Spin Tunnel (VST)	59
		Langley Low Turbulence Pressure Tunnel (LTPT)	61
		National Transonic Facility (NTF)	147
		Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT)	149
	Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	Anechoic Flow Facility	63
		Subsonic Wind Tunnel	65
	Northrop Grumman Integrated Systems, Test Laboratories, El Segundo, California, USA	7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT)	67
	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	3 x 5 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	69
		6 x 6 in Supersonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	151
		6 x 12 in Transonic/Subsonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	71
		6 x 22 in Transonic/Subsonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	73
		12 in Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnel	183
		Two 4 in diameter Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnels	185
	Old Dominion University, College of Engineering and Technology, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST)	75
	Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	8 x 8 in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	153
		Hypersonic Boundary Layer Facility (HyperBLaF)	187
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic	2 in Blowdown Tunnel	155

Country	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	4 in Shock Tube	205
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	189
		Boeing Wind Tunnel	77
		Low Speed Wind Tunnels	79
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	Mach 4 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	157
		Supersonic Jet Apparatus	159
	Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility (ESEF), Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel (HWT)	191
		Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	161
	Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel	81
		Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel	83
	Triumph Aerospace Systems-Newport News, El Segundo, California, USA	North American Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	163
	U.S. Air Force, Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), White Oak, Maryland, USA	Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9	193
	University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, Davis, California, USA	UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel (AWT)	207
	University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Fluids and Heat Transfer Laboratory, Moscow, Idaho, USA	18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	85
	University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	87
		Supersonic Wind Tunnel	165
	University of Maryland, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, Maryland, USA	Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT)	89
	University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel	91
		Subsonic Wind Tunnel (2 similar tunnels)	93
		Three Transonic and Supersonic Wind Tunnels	167
	University of Oklahoma, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Norman, Oklahoma, USA	L.A. Comp Wind Tunnel	95
	University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL), Seattle, Washington, USA	F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel	97

Country	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	ViGYAN Inc., Virginia Langley Research and Development Park, Hampton, Virginia, USA	Low Speed Wind Tunnel	99
	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	3 x 2 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	101
		Boundary Layer Research Wind Tunnel and Laboratory	103
		Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	195
		Open Jet Wind Tunnel	105
		Stability Wind Tunnel	107
		Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel	169
	Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research (NIAR), Wichita, Kansas, USA	Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT)	109

Index by Speed—Western Hemisphere

Category	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
Subsonic	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	9 x 9 ft Subsonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	25
		20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	23
		Boeing Research Aero-Icing Tunnel (BRAIT)	27
	Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Laboratory, Daytona Beach, Florida, USA	Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	29
	Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility	35
		Experimental Research Wind Tunnel	31
		Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	33
	Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	John J. Harper Low Speed Wind Tunnel	37
		Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel	39
	Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	5 x 7 ft Wind Tunnel	43
		19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel	41
	Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	Closed Circuit Subsonic Wind Tunnel	5
		Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel	7
		TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel	3
	Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	45
	Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA	Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT)	47
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel	49
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, National Full-Scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC), Moffet Field, California, USA	NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel	51
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	53
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton,	12 ft Low Speed Tunnel	55
14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel		57	

Category	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	Virginia, USA	20 ft Vertical Spin Tunnel (VST)	59
		Langley Low Turbulence Pressure Tunnel (LTPT)	61
	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)	11
		2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel	13
		3 x 6 m Open-Circuit Propulsion Icing Wind Tunnel (PIWT)	15
		5 m Vertical Wind Tunnel	17
		9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel	19
Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC)	21		
Subsonic	National University of La Plata, Faculty of Engineering, Boundary Layer and Environmental Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (LACLYFA), La Plata, Argentina	Boundary Layer Wind Tunnel	1
		Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	Anechoic Flow Facility
		Subsonic Wind Tunnel	65
	Northrop Grumman Integrated Systems, Test Laboratories, El Segundo, California, USA	7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT)	67
	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	3 x 5 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	69
		6 x 12 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	71
		6 x 22 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	73
	Old Dominion University, College of Engineering and Technology, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST)	75
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	Boeing Wind Tunnel	77
		Low Speed Wind Tunnels	79
	Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel	81
		Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel	83
	University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Fluids and Heat Transfer Laboratory, Moscow, Idaho, USA	18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	85
University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	165	
University of Maryland, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, Maryland, USA	Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT)	89	

Category	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel	91
		Subsonic Wind Tunnel (2 similar tunnels)	93
	University of Oklahoma, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Norman, Oklahoma, USA	L.A. Comp Wind Tunnel	95
	University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, SP, Brazil	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	15
	University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL), Seattle, Washington, USA	F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel	97
	ViGYAN Inc., Virginia Langley Research and Development Park, Hampton, Virginia, USA	Low Speed Wind Tunnel	99
	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	3 x 2 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	101
		Boundary Layer Research Wind Tunnel and Laboratory	103
		Open Jet Wind Tunnel	105
		Stability Wind Tunnel	107
Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research (NIAR), Wichita, Kansas, USA	Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT)	109	
Supersonic	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	Channel 2: 13 ½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	115
		Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	117
		Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	119
	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	4T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	123
		16T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel	121
	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	Polysonic Wind Tunnel (PSWT)	125
		Transonic Wind Tunnel	127
	Calspan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, USA	Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	129
	Lockheed Martin, Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC), Grand Prairie, Texas, USA	High Speed Wind Tunnel Facility (HSWT)	131
	Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	Compressible Flow Wind Tunnel (CFWT)	133
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	9 x 7 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel	137	
	11 ft Transonic Wind Tunnel	135	

Category	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	139
		8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	141
		Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	143
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	0.3 m Transonic Cryogenic Tunnel (0.3-M TCT)	145
		National Transonic Facility (NTF)	147
		Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT)	149
	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	1.5 m Trisonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	111
		Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel	113
	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	6 x 6 in Supersonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	151
	Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	8 x 8 in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	153
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	2 in Blowdown Tunnel	155
		Mach 4 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	157
		Supersonic Jet Apparatus	159
	Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility, Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	161
	Triumph Aerospace Systems-Newport News, El Segundo, California, USA	North American Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	163
University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	Supersonic Wind Tunnel	165	
University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	Three Transonic and Supersonic Wind Tunnels	167	
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel	169	
Hypersonic	Accurate Automation Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA	Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	173
	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	175
	Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	T3 Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	171

Category	Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	VKF Wind Tunnel A	177
		VKF Wind Tunnel B	179
		VKF Wind Tunnel C	181
	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	12 in Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnel	183
		Two 4 in diameter Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnels	185
	Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	Hypersonic Boundary Layer Facility (HyperBLaF)	187
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautical Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	189
	Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility (ESEF), Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel (HWT)	191
U.S. Air Force, Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), White Oak, Maryland, USA	Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9	193	
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	195	
Unknown	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell for Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests	201
		Static Test Stands	203
	Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	T1	197
		T2	199
	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautical Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	4 in Shock Tube	205
	University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, Davis, California, USA	UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel (AWT)	207

Index of Companies—Western Hemisphere

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
Accurate Automation Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA	Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	173
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	Channel 2: 13 ½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	115
	Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	117
	Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	119
	Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell for Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests	201
	Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	175
	Static Test Stands	203
Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	T1	197
	T2	199
	T3 Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	171
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	4T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	123
	16T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel	121
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	VKF Wind Tunnel A	177
	VKF Wind Tunnel B	179
	VKF Wind Tunnel C	181
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	9 x 9 ft Subsonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	25
	20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	23
	Boeing Research Aero-Icing Tunnel (BRAIT)	27
	Polysonic Wind Tunnel (PSWT)	125
	Transonic Wind Tunnel	127
Calspan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, USA	Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	129
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Laboratory, Daytona Beach, Florida, USA	Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	29
Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility	35
	Experimental Research Wind Tunnel	31
	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	33

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	John J. Harper Low Speed Wind Tunnel	37
	Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel	39
Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	5 x 7 ft Wind Tunnel	43
	19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel	41
Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	Closed Circuit Subsonic Wind Tunnel	5
	Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel	7
	TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel	3
Lockheed Martin, Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC), Grand Prairie, Texas, USA	Compressible Flow Wind Tunnel (CFWT)	133
Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	High Speed Wind Tunnel Facility (HSWT)	131
	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	45
Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA	Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT)	47
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	9 x 7 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel	137
	11 ft Transonic Wind Tunnel	135
	12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel	49
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, National Full-Scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC), Moffet Field, California, USA	NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel	51
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	139
	8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	141
	9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	53
	Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	143
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	0.3 m Transonic Cryogenic Tunnel (0.3-M TCT)	145
	12 ft Low Speed Tunnel	55
	14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	57
	20 ft Vertical Spin Tunnel (VST)	59
	Langley Low Turbulence Pressure Tunnel (LTPT)	61
	National Transonic Facility (NTF)	147
	Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT)	149
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)	11
	1.5 m Trisomic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	111

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
	2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel	13
	3 x 6 m Open-Circuit Propulsion Icing Wind Tunnel (PIWT)	15
	5 m Vertical Wind Tunnel	17
	9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel	19
	Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel	113
	Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC)	21
National University of La Plata, Faculty of Engineering, Boundary Layer and Environmental Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (LACLYFA), La Plata, Argentina	Boundary Layer Wind Tunnel	1
Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	Anechoic Flow Facility	63
	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	65
Northrop Grumman Integrated Systems, Test Laboratories, El Segundo, California, USA	7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT)	67
Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	3 x 5 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	69
	6 x 6 in Supersonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	151
	6 x 12 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	71
	6 x 22 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	73
	12 in Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnel	183
	Two 4 in diameter Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnels	185
Old Dominion University, College of Engineering and Technology, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST)	75
Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	8 x 8 in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	153
	Hypersonic Boundary Layer Facility (HyperBLaF)	187
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	189
	Boeing Wind Tunnel	77
	Low Speed Wind Tunnels	79
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	2 in Blowdown Tunnel	155
	4 in Shock Tube	205
	Mach 4 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	157
	Supersonic Jet Apparatus	159
Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility (ESEF), Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel (HWT)	191
	Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	161

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel	81
	Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel	83
Triumph Aerospace Systems-Newport News, El Segundo, California, USA	North American Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	163
U.S. Air Force, Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), White Oak, Maryland, USA	Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9	193
University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, Davis, California, USA	UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel (AWT)	207
University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Fluids and Heat Transfer Laboratory, Moscow, Idaho, USA	18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	85
University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	87
	Supersonic Wind Tunnel	165
University of Maryland, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, Maryland, USA	Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT)	89
University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel	91
	Subsonic Wind Tunnel (2 similar tunnels)	93
	Three Transonic and Supersonic Wind Tunnels	167
University of Oklahoma, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Norman, Oklahoma, USA	L.A. Comp Wind Tunnel	95
University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL), Seattle, Washington, USA	F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel	97
University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, SP, Brazil	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	15
ViGYAN Inc., Virginia Langley Research and Development Park, Hampton, Virginia, USA	Low Speed Wind Tunnel	99
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	3 x 2 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	101
	Boundary Layer Research Wind Tunnel and Laboratory	103
	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	195
	Open Jet Wind Tunnel	105
	Stability Wind Tunnel	107
	Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel	169
Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research (NIAR), Wichita, Kansas, USA	Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT)	109

Index of Facilities—Western Hemisphere

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
1	0.3 m Transonic Cryogenic Tunnel (0.3-M TCT)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	139
2	0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	5
3	1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	133
4	1.5 m Trisonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	105
5	2 in Blowdown Tunnel	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	149
6	2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	7
7	3 x 2 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	95
8	3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	159
9	3 x 5 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	63
10	3 x 6 m Open-Circuit Propulsion Icing Wind Tunnel (PIWT)	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	9
11	4 in Shock Tube	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	199
12	4T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	117
13	5 m Vertical Wind Tunnel	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for	11

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
		Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	
14	5 x 7 ft Wind Tunnel	Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	37
15	6 x 6 in Supersonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	145
16	6 x 12 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	65
17	6 x 22 in Transonic/Subsonic Blow Down Wind Tunnel	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	67
18	7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT)	Northrop Grumman Integrated Systems, Test Laboratories, El Segundo, California, USA	61
19	8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	135
20	8 x 8 in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	147
21	9 x 7 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	131
22	9 x 9 ft Subsonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	19
23	9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	13
24	9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	47
25	11 ft Transonic Wind Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	129
26	12 ft Low Speed Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	49
27	12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	43
28	12 in Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnel	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	177
29	14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	51
30	16T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion	115

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
		Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	
31	18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Fluids and Heat Transfer Laboratory, Moscow, Idaho, USA	79
32	19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel	Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	35
33	20 ft Vertical Spin Tunnel (VST)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	59
34	20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	23
35	Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	137
36	Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel	University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	85
37	Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility	Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation, and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	29
38	Anechoic Flow Facility	Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	57
39	Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	183
40	Boeing Research Aero-Icing Tunnel (BRAIT)	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	21
41	Boeing Wind Tunnel	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	71
42	Boundary Layer Research Wind Tunnel and Laboratory	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	97
43	Boundary Layer Wind Tunnel	National University of La Plata, Faculty of Engineering, Boundary Layer and Environmental Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (LACLYFA), La Plata, Argentina	1
44	Channel 2: 13 ½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formally Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	109
45	Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formally Fluidyne), St.	111

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
		Paul, Minnesota, USA	
46	Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formally Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	113
47	Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell for Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	195
48	Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formally Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	169
49	Closed Circuit Subsonic Wind Tunnel	Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	5
50	Compressible Flow Wind Tunnel (CFWT)	Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	127
51	Experimental Research Wind Tunnel	Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	25
52	F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel	University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL), Seattle, Washington, USA	91
53	Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT)	University of Maryland, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, Maryland, USA	83
54	High Speed Wind Tunnel Facility (HSWT)	Lockheed Martin, Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC), Grand Prairie, Texas, USA	125
55	Hypersonic Boundary Layer Facility (HyperBLaF)	Princeton University, Gas Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA	181
56	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	189
57	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel (HWT)	Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility (ESEF), Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	185
58	Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9	U.S. Air Force, Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), White Oak, Maryland, USA	187
59	John J. Harper Low Speed Wind Tunnel	Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	31
60	Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel	Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, TAMU Wind Tunnel Complex, College Station,	75

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
		Texas, USA	
61	L.A. Comp Wind Tunnel	University of Oklahoma, School of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Norman, Oklahoma, USA	89
62	Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST)	Old Dominion University, College of Engineering and Technology, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	69
63	Langley Low Turbulence Pressure Tunnel (LTPT)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	55
64	Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel	Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	33
65	Low Speed Wind Tunnel	ViGYAN Inc., Virginia Langley Research and Development Park, Hampton, Virginia, USA	93
66	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	39
67	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	27
68	Low Speed Wind Tunnels	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	73
69	Mach 4 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	151
70	National Transonic Facility (NTF)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	141
71	NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, National Full-scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC), Moffet Field, California, USA	45
72	North American Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	Triumph Aerospace Systems-Newport News, El Segundo, California, USA	157
73	Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Laboratory, Daytona Beach, Florida, USA	23
74	Open Jet Wind Tunnel	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University,	99

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
		Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	
75	Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel	Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	77
76	Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	107
77	Polysonic Wind Tunnel (PSWT)	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	119
78	Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel	Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	
79	Stability Wind Tunnel	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	101
80	Static Test Stands	Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formerly Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	197
81	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	59
82	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, SP, Brazil	9
83	Subsonic Wind Tunnel (2 similar tunnels)	University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	87
84	Supersonic Jet Apparatus	Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Boeing Compressible-Flow Laboratory, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	153
85	Supersonic Wind Tunnel	University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	159
86	Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	163
87	Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	Accurate Automation Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA	167
88	T1	Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	191
89	T2	Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology	193

No.	Facility Name	Installation Name	Page No.
		Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	
90	T3 Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	Air Force of Brazil (FAB), General Aerospace Technology Command (CTA), São José dos Campos, Brazil	165
91	TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel	Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	3
92	Three Transonic and Supersonic Wind Tunnels	University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	161
93	Transonic Wind Tunnel	Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	121
94	Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	Calspan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, USA	123
95	Trisonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	Sandia National Laboratories, Engineering Sciences Experimental Facility, Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA	155
96	Two 4 in diameter Hypersonic Continuous Flow Wind Tunnels	Ohio State University, Aeronautical and Astronautical Research Laboratory (AARL), Columbus, Ohio, USA	179
97	UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel (AWT)	University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, Davis, California, USA	201
98	Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT)	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	143
99	VKF Wind Tunnel A	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	171
100	VKF Wind Tunnel B	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	173
101	VKF Wind Tunnel C	Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Von Karman Gas Dynamics Facility, Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	175
102	Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT)	Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research (NIAR), Wichita, Kansas, USA	109
103	Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC)	National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	21
104	Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT)	Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA	47

Index of Schematics—Western Hemisphere

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
Accurate Automation Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee, USA	Supersonic-Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	174
Aero Systems Engineering Inc. (ASE, formally Fluidyne), St. Paul, Minnesota, USA	Channel 2: 13 ½ in Supersonic Wind Tunnel	116
	Channel 5: 22 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	118
	Channels 6 and 10: 66 in Transonic Wind Tunnel	120
	Channels 7 and 8: Altitude Test Cell for Exhaust Nozzle Model Tests	202
	Channel 9: High Area Ratio Nozzle Test and Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	176
	Static Test Stands	204
Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), Propulsion Wind Tunnel Facility (PWT), Arnold Air Force Base, Tennessee, USA	4T Transonic Propulsion Wind Tunnel (PWT)	124
Boeing Technology Services, Seattle, Washington, USA	20 x 20 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	24
Calspan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, USA	Transonic Wind Tunnel (TWT)	130
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Laboratory, Daytona Beach, Florida, USA	Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	30
Georgia Institute of Technology, Aerospace, Transportation and Advanced Systems Laboratory (ATAS), Atlanta, Georgia, USA	Anechoic Flight Simulation Facility	36
	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	34
Georgia Institute of Technology, Daniel Guggenheim School of Aerospace Engineering, Atlanta, Georgia, USA	Low Speed Aero-Controls Wind Tunnel	40
Gevers Aircraft, Inc., Lafayette, Indiana, USA	19 x 27 in Wind Tunnel	42
Institute of Aeronautics and Space, Aerospace Technical Center, São José dos Campos, Brazil	Closed Circuit Subsonic Wind Tunnel	6
	Research Open Circuit Low Speed Wind Tunnel	8
	TA-1 Subsonic Wind Tunnel	4
Lockheed Martin, Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC), Grand Prairie, Texas, USA	High Speed Wind Tunnel Facility (HSWT)	132
Lockheed Martin, Wind Tunnel Test Group, Smyrna, Georgia, USA	Low Speed Wind Tunnel (LSWT)	46
Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA	Wright Brothers Wind Tunnel (WBWT)	48

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, Moffet Field, California, USA	12 ft Pressure Wind Tunnel	50
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Ames Research Center, National Full-Scale Aerodynamics Complex (NFAC), Moffet Field, California, USA	NFAC 80 x 120 ft Wind Tunnel	52
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, USA	1 x 1 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	140
	8 x 6 ft Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	142
	9 x 15 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel	54
	Abe Silverstein Supersonic Wind Tunnel (SWT)	144
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Langley Research Center, Wind Tunnel Enterprise, Hampton, Virginia, USA	12 ft Low Speed Tunnel	56
	14 x 22 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	58
	National Transonic Facility (NTF)	148
	Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel (UPWT)	150
National Research Council Canada (NRC), Institute for Aerospace Research (IAR), Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	0.57 x 0.57 m Altitude Icing Wind Tunnel (AIWT)	12
	1.5 m Trisonic Blowdown Wind Tunnel	112
	2 x 3 m Wind Tunnel	14
	3 x 6 Open Circuit Propulsion Icing Wind Tunnel (PIWT)	16
	5 m Vertical Wind Tunnel	18
	9 x 9 m Low Speed Wind Tunnel	20
	Pilot Blowdown Wind Tunnel	114
	Water Tunnel Orbital Platform Rotary Balance System (OPLEC)	22
Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), Bethesda, Maryland, USA	Anechoic Flow Facility	64
	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	66
Northrop Grumman Integrated Systems, Test Laboratories, El Segundo, California, USA	7 x 10 ft Low Speed Wind Tunnel (NGC LSWT)	68
Old Dominion University, College of Engineering and Technology, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	Langley Full Scale Tunnel (LFST)	76
Purdue University, School of Aeronautics and Astronautic Engineering (AAE), Aerospace Sciences Lab (ASL), West Lafayette, Indiana, USA	Boeing Mach 6 Quiet Flow Ludwig Tube	190
	Boeing Wind Tunnel	78
Texas A&M University, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Wind Tunnel Complex, Flight Research Laboratory, College Station, Texas, USA	Klebanoff-Saric Unsteady Wind Tunnel	82
	Oran W. Nicks Low Speed Wind Tunnel	84

Installation Name	Facility Name	Page No.
U.S. Air Force, Arnold Engineering Development Center (AEDC), White Oak, Maryland, USA	Hypervelocity Wind Tunnel 9	194
University of California-Davis, Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering, Davis, California, USA	UC Davis Aeronautical Wind Tunnel (AWT)	208
University of Idaho, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Fluids and Heat Transfer Laboratory, Moscow, Idaho, USA	18 in Open Circuit Wind Tunnel	86
University of Kansas, Department of Aerospace Engineering, Lawrence, Kansas, USA	3 x 4 ft Subsonic Wind Tunnel	88
University of Maryland, Department of Aerospace Engineering, College Park, Maryland, USA	Glenn L. Martin Wind Tunnel (GLMWT)	90
University of Notre Dame, Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, Hessert Laboratory for Aerospace Research, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA	Anechoic Chamber and Wind Tunnel	92
University of São Paulo, São Carlos Engineering School, Aerodynamics Laboratory (LAE), São Carlos, SP, Brazil	Subsonic Wind Tunnel	10
University of Washington, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Aeronautical Laboratory (UWAL), Seattle, Washington, USA	F. K. Kirsten Wind Tunnel	98
ViGYAN Inc., Virginia Langley Research and Development Park, Hampton, Virginia, USA	Low Speed Wind Tunnel	100
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Department of Aerospace and Ocean Engineering, Blacksburg, Virginia, USA	Hypersonic Wind Tunnel	196
	Open Jet Wind Tunnel	106
	Stability Wind Tunnel	108
	Supersonic/Transonic Wind Tunnel	170
Wichita State University, National Institute for Aviation Research (NIAR), Wichita, Kansas, USA	Walter H. Beech Memorial Wind Tunnel (WBMWT)	110