

## Bundling Ecosystem Services: Lessons from an industrial forest landowner







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# Overview

- Land Stewardship and the Provision of Public Benefits
- Bundling or Stacking Multiple Streams of Revenue
- Natures Services Investment in Public Benefits
  - Value Proposition for Restoration, Conservation & Preservation
- Investment Criteria Public versus Private
  - Discount Rates and Time Horizon, Wetlands Example
- Take Home Private Production of Public Benefits
   <u>Can be a Bargain for Everyone</u>

# **Bundled Ecosystem Services**

- Multiple Streams Revenue Improve Investment Profile
- In Reality All Investments Compete for Working Capital
- Ecosystem Service Markets
  - Carbon: Voluntary, Regulatory on the Horizon
  - Mitigation Banking: Streams, Wetlands, Biodiversity
  - Water Quality Trading: Nascent Market, Early Stages
- The Markets Are in Different Stages of Development
- Least Common Denominator Provide Public Benefits

# **Providing Public Benefits**

- Public Benefits Historically No Cost for Production
- Lead to unsustainable consumption bad price signals
  - For instance, in our national account of GDP we treat the reduction of the natural resource base as income
  - We consume the "principle" at the expense of future supply
- Any Solution Requires Additionality
  - Increase in Production, Restore Productive Capacity
  - Decrease Consumption, Provide Appropriate Price Signals



# **Providing Public Benefits**

- Public Provision Little Additionality, Accrue to Public
  - Preservation and Conservation
- Private Provision More Additionality by Design

-Restoration

• Public and Private Planning Horizons are Different

-Historically - Private Gain at Public Expense, (e.g. consume now at the expense of future supply)

-However Leveraging different Horizons, Stimulate Investment

Investment Requires a Measure of Return, <u>Valuation</u>



## Private vs. Public Investment Criteria

INVESTOR											
Lock In Years	8	50 or 100	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ARR	10.00%	3.00%	0%	3%	7%	10%	14%	17%	20%	24%	27%
SOCIETY			_								
50 year NPV	106.00	(0.00)	(1,442.15)	3.60	7.21	10.81	14.42	18.02	21.62	25.23	28.83
IRR	29.69%	1,442.15	(760.00)	76.00	159.60	251.56	352.72	463.99	586.39	721.02	869.1
100 year NPV	74.55	(0.04)	(1,442.15)	2.53	5.07	7.60	10.14	12.67	15.21	17.74	20.28

	Dollars / Acre	\$ (760.00)	
	Private	Public	3%
ARR	IRR	50 year	100 year
8%	22.33%	\$68.84	\$48.42
9%	26.11%	\$87.06	\$61.23
10%	29.69%	\$106.00	\$74.55



# **Providing Public Benefits**

- Public Provision of Public Benefits
  - Little Additionality the Benefits Already Accrue to the Public
  - -Preservation and Conservation
- Leverage Public Investment Criteria for Private Provision
  - -Restoration of productive capacity
  - -Incorporate cost for production into price of goods and services
  - -Stimulate and support market mechanisms, insurance pool to back delivery (federal reserve)
  - Provide weights and measures, transparency and transactional integrity (securities and exchange)



# Example

- Here is a specific example of the valuation a public benefit and the opportunity for leverage to stimulate private investment for the provision of public goods.
- This example will be used to demonstrate the dollar value of the restoration process to society, and the dollar value of preservation (not wrecking it to start).
- This is a forested wetland example, the basic tenants apply to the overall private provision of public benefits.



"Tll be honest, Raymond. I really don't give a damn about the wetlands."

# Honest...

- The example really can apply to each of the markets: carbon, mitigation banking, and water quality trading.
- Process...
  - Quantify what we get in the long term,
  - Quantify what is costs in the short term,
  - Get the must be worth "at least" value
  - Validate...



### What do we get in the long term?

Composite Projected Functional Capacity Index Scores for Mid-Gradient Riverine Subclass.

		Stand Age (years)									
	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
Functional Capacity Index											
Detain Floodwater	0.00	0.25	0.53	0.71	0.88	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Detain Precipitation	0.00	0.75	0.89	0.93	0.96	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Cycle Nutrients	0.00	0.42	0.60	0.80	0.93	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.42	0.60	0.80	0.93	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Communities	0.00	0.22	0.65	0.74	0.82	0.87	0.89	0.92	0.95	0.97	1.00
Provide wildlife Habitat	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.79	0.89	0.97	0.97	0.98	0.99	0.99	1.00
Composite Score	0.00	0.34	0.65	0.80	0.90	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.99	0.99	1.00



### Hydrogeomorphic Lift Potential

#### Bottomland Hardwood Stand

	Lift Potential Ove	er	l	_ift Potential Over	
	10 Year Periods	6		50 Year Periods	
		lift			lift
start	end	potential	start	end	potential
age	age	⁻acre ⁻ year	age	age	<sup>-</sup> acre <sup>-</sup> period
0	10	0.17	0	50	0.54
10	20	0.15	10	60	0.27
20	30	0.07	20	70	0.14
30	40	0.05	30	80	0.07
40	50	0.03	40	90	0.04
50	60	0.01	50	100	0.02

## What does it cost?

COSTS	YEAR	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	50
Restoration Land		450 00							Assumption	ns:	
Legal - Conservation Fa	sement	20.00							8.00%	ARR	
Mitigation Banking Instru	ument	65.00							3.87% i	inflation	
Jurisdictional Determina	tion	15.00							0.43%	abor	
Survey		12.00							4.60%	real price Sa	aw
Site Preparation									0.60% 1	real price Pu	glu
Mowing	_	12.55	-	-	-				1,000 a	acres	
Subsoil Plow	ring	11.33	-	-	-				305	1/0 bare roo	t
Herbicide Ap	plication	13.56	-	-	-				5	seedlings / a	acre
Establishment									0.50	HGM Credit	/ Acre
Seedlings - E	 Bare Root	97.12	-	-	-						,
Seed / Acorr	IS	-	-	-	-						
Planting		39.46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Survival Surv	/ey	-	8.41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Timber Stand Imp	rovement	-	-	-	14.86	-	-	-	-	-	-
Management Fee		10.00	8.41	7.07	5.94	5.00	4.20	3.53	2.97	2.50	1.76
Property Taxes		15.00	12.34	10.16	8.36	6.88	5.66	4.66	3.83	3.15	2.14
		761.02	29.16	17.22	29.16	11.87	9.86	8.19	6.80	5.65	3.90
REVENUES											
Mitigation Credit Sales		288.77	237.62	195.53	160.90	-	-	-	-	-	-
Timber: Hardwood Sa	awtimber	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardwood P	ulp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		288.77	237.62	195.53	160.90	-	-	-	-	-	-
BRK-EVEN \$ 1,155.09	/ acre	(472.25)	208.47	178.31	131.74	(11.87)	(9.86)	(8.19)	(6.80)	(5.65)	(3.90)
NPV HGM Credit Value	\$ 0.00 \$ 2,310										

#### must be worth at least...

#### 'At Least' Value Required for Investment (\$/acre)

RESTORATION			ARR					
	8%	12%	16%					
	\$1,155.09	\$1,339.74	\$1,537.39					
	\$2,310.18	\$2,679.48	\$3,074.78					
1%	\$71.67	\$75.31	\$81.70					
2%	\$95.54	\$100.39	\$108.92					
3%	\$125.09	\$131.43	\$142.60					
1%	\$36.15	\$37.97	\$41.20					
2%	\$58.21	\$61.16	\$66.36					
3%	\$87.98	\$92.44	\$100.29					
	1% 2% 3% 2% 3%	8%         \$1,155.09         \$2,310.18         1%         \$71.67         2%         \$95.54         3%         \$125.09         1%         \$36.15         2%         \$58.21         3%         \$87.98	ARR         8%       12%         \$1,155.09       \$1,339.74         \$2,310.18       \$2,679.48         1%       \$71.67         \$95.54       \$100.39         3%       \$125.09         \$131.43         1%       \$36.15         \$37.97         2%       \$58.21         \$61.16         3%       \$87.98					

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- What it costs...
  - \$1,155.09 per acre for forested wetland restoration
- What we get...
  - \$87.89 per acre for forested wetland services, ramped up from \$0.00 of services at time 0.
- Service provision must be worth at least \$87.89 to invest.



### Validate

- Estimate the replacement, substitution, or market costs of the functions provided.
- 1. Detain Floodwaters, damage avoided cost.
- 2. Detain Precipitation, replacement cost drinking water treatment
- 3. Cycle Nutrients, replacement cost for waster water treatment

Export Organic Carbon (included gratis)

4. Maintain Plant Communities and Wildlife Habitat,
– market value of fiber and recreational lease

### **Detain Floodwaters**

#### 1993 Mississippi Flood Loss Analysis

Total Loss	\$16	Billion
Storage Required	40	million acre / feet
to avoid the loss		
Net	\$4,000	arce / foot
~ storage @ 3 ft / acre	13	million acres required
~ storage value	\$1,200	acre
flood probability	1.00%	
Adjusted Loss	\$160	million
Adjusted value	\$12	acre

Adapted from: <u>The Wetland Initiative</u> by Donald Hey Ecosystem Multiple Markets (Kieser & Associates, 2004)



### other values from literature...

#### Table 15: Summary of Functional Capacity Value Estimates

Function and Description	Q/ac/yr	Price	Extended
FCI-1: Detain Floodwater (ft)	3	\$ 2.00 <sup>1</sup>	\$ 6.00
FCI-2: Detain Precipitation (ga)	326 <sup>2</sup>	\$ 0.04 <sup>3</sup>	\$ 13.04
FCI-3: Cycle Nutrients (lb) Total Suspended Solids Nitrogen Phosphorus	2000 <sup>4</sup> 326 <sup>6</sup> 8.9 <sup>8</sup>	\$ 0.01 <sup>5</sup> \$ 0.30 <sup>7</sup> \$ 1.64 <sup>9</sup>	\$ 20.00 \$ 97.80 \$ 14.60
FCI-4: Export Organic Carbon (lb)			\$-
FCI-5: Maintain Plant Communities (ac)	1	\$ 19.51 <sup>10</sup>	\$ 19.51
FCI-6: Provide Wildlife Habitat (ac)	1	\$ 7.50 <sup>11</sup>	\$ 7.50
Total			\$ 178.45

### validation

- Minimum value required to stimulate investment, \$87.89.
- Estimate of service flow provisions, \$178.45.
- The investment criteria don't include consideration of other public benefits, aesthetics, spiritual values, etc.
- The Private Provision of Public Services is a Bargain.
- We can lever 3% money and the long term time horizon to gain significant benefit.



### NPV compared to 'at least' value

'at least'	
wetlands value / acre	
to support investment	
1% \$36.15 \$37.97 \$4	41.20
100 year discount period 2% \$58.21 \$61.16 \$6	6.36
<u> </u>	00.29
FUNCTIONAL CAPACITY ESTIMATE \$178.45	
	208 10
1% \$0,034.30 \$0,548.90 \$0,	390.49
Actual NPV 100 year period 2% \$3.446.67 \$3.361.99 \$3	213.06
	210.00
3% \$1.699.12 \$1.615.31 \$1.	467.83

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#### Value of Preservation vs. Restoration



### Value of Preservation vs. Restoration

Societal Value of Preservation vs. Restoration (\$/acre)

RESTORATION			ARR	
		8%	12%	16%
Preservation NPV less Restored NPV	_			
	1%	\$4,484.20	\$4,569.66	\$4,720.07
50 year discount period	2%	\$4,159.68	\$4,244.31	\$4,393.24
	3%	\$3,886.65	\$3,970.45	\$4,117.94
	1%	\$4,613.14	\$4,698.61	\$4,849.01
100 year discount period	2%	\$4,244.28	\$4,328.91	\$4,477.84
	3%	\$3,939.71	\$4,023.51	\$4,171.00
FUNCTIONAL CAPACITY ESTIMATE			\$178.45	



## Conclusion

- Private Provision of Public Benefits can be a Bargain for Everyone.
- Public support and development of the market space for nature's services is an investment in supply for future generations.
  - The US Forest Service has a significant leadership role in this endeavor.

