

FOREST TO THE CITY



YOUcan play a part in conserving water!

- Turn off the water while shaving or brushing teeth,

 SAVE 1-5 gal/min
- Run only full loads of dishes in the dishwasher, SAVE 15 gal/load
- Fix leaky faucets and fixtures,

 SAVE 2700 gal/year
- Install a low-flow showerhead, SAVE 7.5 gal/min
- Run only full loads of laundry in the machine, SAVE 15-23 gal/load
- Water landscaping in the early morning or evening to reduce water lost through evaporation.

 SAVE 50%

WATER FROM THE FOREST

Water is important in the high altitude prairies of the West where annual rainfall is only 10-15 inches. Water collected during spring runoff from mountain snowfall is critical. Lake Owen, in front of you, holds this water for use downstream.

The system must be large enough to collect a year's worth of water in a few short weeks during spring when the snow is melting.



The people of Cheyenne are dependent on water from the forest. The water system uses gravity to transport water across two mountain ranges and over 90 miles through a series of pipes, creeks, rivers, and reservoirs.

Improvements to this trail were provided in part by the City of Cheyenne,
Board of Public Utilities.



Six foot diameter pipe collects spring runoff on the west side of the Continental Divide.



Collection structures guide water through 12 miles of pipes to the Continental Divide where it is transported under the divide via a tunnel to Hog Park.



This system begins in the Sierra Madre Mountains, west of the Continental Divide.

Cheyenne uses the water at Hog Park Reservoir to trade for water in Rob Roy Reservoir. Water from Rob Roy is piped 63 miles through Lake Owen to Granite and Crystal Reservoirs east of Vedauwoo.







