Sperm whales and seismic activities: marine mammal observer data from the Gulf of Mexico, 2003-2006

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GOM Region Seismic History

- 2002 Biological Opinion for Lease Sales in the GOM
- Notice to Lessees (NTL 2003-G08) for Implementation of Seismic Survey Mitigation Measures and Protected Species Observer Program
- Updated NTL 2004-G01 issued to include shutdowns for <u>all whales</u>, and all water depths in the Eastern Planning Area
- Updated NTL 2007-G02 clarifications of existing mitigation requirements

GOMR Planning Areas





Gulf of Mexico

- •2003 106 G&G permits
- •2004 101 G&G permits
- •2005 98 G&G permits
- •2006 100 G&G permits

GOM Mitigation Strategy

- · ramp-up;
- visual monitoring;
- pre-determined exclusion zone;
- mandatory shut-down of operations;
- reporting requirements;
- encourage PAM

Ramp-up

- Gradual increase in the sound level to full power
 - Visually monitor the exclusion zone for 30 minutes before ramp-up
 - No ramp-up at night or when you can't monitor the exclusion zone (e.g. fog)
 - Initiated by firing of a single gun, then add guns until array is operation (20-40 minutes)

Visual monitoring

- Using trained observers to survey the exclusion zone for presence of marine mammals and sea turtles
- Required on all vessels conducting seismic operations in water depths greater than 200 meters throughout the GOM; all water depths east of 88.0 W longitude
- No more than 4 hours consecutive duty allowed;
 no more than 12 hours in a 24-hour period

Observer Training

- All observers must complete a protected species observer course
- MMS reviews both course content and trainer qualifications
- Each trainee is provided with a completion certificate
- MMS keeps a database of all trained observers in the GOM

Exclusion zone

- The area at and below the sea surface within a 500 meter radius of the center of the airgun array
- Each survey vessel must maintain its <u>own</u> unique exclusion zone
- Zone remains fixed in size regardless of water depth or sound source

Shut-down

- Mandatory shut-down any time a whale enters, or is likely to enter, the exclusion zone
- Vessel operators must comply with all shutdown requests
- A 30-minute all clear before ramp up can begin
- All shut-downs must be reported to MMS within
 24 hours

Reporting requirements

- Reports are submitted to MMS electronically on the 1st and 15th of each month
 - Survey Report
 - Observer Effort Report
 - Sighting Report

Date: 8/1/07	UTC Time: 17:18-17:26 Project Number: 61180 Sighting Number: 1					1	
Vessel/Rig Name: Ocean Odyss			ey Survey Type:		Surface Seismic		
How did this sighting			Observer(s):				
While on watch for protected species			X				
Incidental sighting by you or someone else							
Other (please specify on line below)							
Ship's Position:	Latitude:	atitude: 27'46.79 N		Block Nam	e:	Green Canyon	
	Longitude:	de: 90'24.38 W		Block Num	ber:	163	
	Bearing:	227'		Water Dept	th (meters)	889m	
Weather and Watch Conditions:				Visibility (Kilo	meters)	1-5km	
Swell Height <	nt <1m Sea State		Slight	% Cloud Cover		100%	
Precipitation Light rain				Glare- directi	on / severity:	: None	
Species Identification:				Number of Animals:			
Common Name:	S	perm Whal	e	Total Number:		1	
Scientific Name: Physeter macrocephalus			phalus	Adults:		1	
Certainty of ID: Definite/Probable/Possible			Possible	Juveniles:	0		
Description and dis	Description and distinguishing features: Note size, color & pattern, dorsal placement, size/shape of blow, etc						

Large adult, forward 45' angle blows, squared head, low dorsal hump

Animal(s)' behavior: Include specific details of sighting (blow frequency, swim speed, dive pattern etc)

One Sperm Whale, Physeter macrocephalus, was initially noted ~1nm off Ocean Odyssey's starboard bow at 17:18. Individual was noted traveling 170' surfacing and blowing frequently. Whale began traveling in a more 80' direction whereupon it entered the exclusion zone. A shutdown of operations occurred at 17:25. One minute later, 17:26, individual was observed to fluke-up approximately 70m off port side; approximately 100m from guns. Whale was not noted to surface again and ramp-up began at 17:56.

ě	Direction of travel in relation to the vessel:	Activity of Vessel:			
		Underway			
	+	Airguns firing (when animals first seen) ?			
	'	Yes / No / Ramp up			
		Did animal enter the exclusion zone?			
	Compass heading of animals: 170', 80'	Yes / No - if yes, for how long? Sperm Whale was			
	Closest distance of animals to airguns in meters:	noted inside exclusion zone for 2 minutes.			
	Record even if guns aren't firing or onboard	Were airguns shut down due to this sighting?			
	100m	Yes / No - if yes, for how long?			
	100111	Airguns were shutdown for 30 minutes.			
	Photos or video taken?	Airguits were structown for 50 minutes.			
	Yes/No- if yes, provide information	Notes or comments:			
	See Project Photography Photo One				

Sighting Report



PAM is not required but is encouraged

Use of PAM allows for ramp-up in times of reduced visibility (darkness, fog)

Sperm Whale Sightings 2003-2006

2003 – 20 Sightings, 1 shutdown

2004 – 75 Sightings, 7 shutdowns

2005 – 109 Sightings, 4 shutdowns

2006 – 244 Sightings, 24 shutdowns

Sperm Whale Shutdowns N=36

- Guns were either at full power (N=26), mitigation gun on (N=9), or ramping up (N=1)
- Mean Group Size 3.9 (range 1-15)
- Average distance to airguns 340 m (range 100-500 m)
- Average water depth 1604 m (range 589-7179 m)

Sightings with operational guns* N=287

- Mean Group Size 3.2 (range 1-18)
- Average distance to airguns 2386 m (range 400-25900 m)
- Average water depth 1511 m (range 200-3279 m)

* no shutdowns

Sightings without airguns N=125

- Mean Group Size 2.4 (range 1-10)
- Average distance to airguns 1897 m
 (range 5 6300 m)
- Average water depth 1408 m (range 461-3297 m)

