



weather kiosks in Santa Barbara and Channel Islands Harbors. channelislands.noaa.gov, www.nmfs.noaa.gov and the sanctuary 162.475 Minz for marine forecasts. For current weather conditions, visit state of change. Monitor VHF Weather Channel 3 (WX 3) VHF-FM. Be aware that the weather in the Channel Islands is in a continuous

WEATHER

National Park for hiking information. All of the islands offer great hiking opportunities. Please contact the park visitor center at (805) 658-5730 or refer to the annual park newspaper 'Island Views: A Visitor's Guide to Channel Islands'.

HIKING

The rich and productive waters of the Channel Islands support both seasonal and year-round fishing opportunities. Anyone 16 years and older must have a valid fishing license to take any kind of fish, mollusk, invertebrate, or crustacean in California. Additionally, an ocean sport fishing regulations book and/or commercial fishing sport fishing license. Fishing regulations are available in the current Point Arguello, except when fishing under the authority of a two-day Ocean Enhancement Stamp is required for ocean fishing south of

FISHING

Boaters and kayakers need to be cognizant of different seabird nesting seasons and nesting sites at the Channel Islands. Species of concern like the Xantus' Murrelet, endangered California Brown Pelican, and Pigeon Guillemot, nest on rocky crevices and sea caves. Maintain a safe distance of at least 100 yards (30 m) to avoid disturbing seabirds. For the best time of year to view different species of wildlife see the Natural Events Calendar at channelislands.noaa.gov/seasons/jan.html.

WATCHING WILDLIFE

The waters around the Channel Islands offer year-round wildlife viewing opportunities. The sanctuary and park home, including the world's largest congregation of whales and dolphins, orcas and Risso's dolphins also frequent the region.

DIVE CAREFULLY—BE GENTLE.

Chiem Islands offer some of the best diving in the world. Explore the remains of historic shipwrecks that line the ocean floor, but please do not disturb or remove them as they are protected by law. Resist the temptation to collect shells and rocks, because they provide homes for sea creatures, and good surfaces for young plants and animals to settle out and grow on.

BOATING AND KAYAKING

The Channel Islands offer wonderful kayaking and boating opportunities to explore island sea caves, and enjoy breathtaking views of scenic coastline. Please refer to the Channel Islands National Park newspaper for information on planning a safe, enjoyable and environmentally friendly kayak trip to the Channel Islands.

FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS PURSUIT OF MARINE MAMMALS.

Federal law prohibits pursuit of marine mammals. Whale to pass. Boat movement should be from the rear of a whale. Please observe the marine mammal viewing code of conduct by remaining at least 100 meters from marine mammals and only bubbles or footprints.

NEVER GET BETWEEN WILDLIFE AND A SEAWARD ESCAPE ROUTE.

Never feed wild animals. Injured, or orphaned. Do not touch any animal even if it appears to be sick, or keep your distance. Do not use food, calls, whistles, decoys, or other artificial means to attract wildlife.

SOME WATCHABLE WILDLIFE GUIDELINES:

Secure gear and alternate equipment placement. Slightly species of seabirds including the rare Xantus' Murrelet and endangered California Brown Pelican nest, feed, and migrate here.

HOW TO ENJOY YOUR SANCTUARY AND PARK

WELCOME TO THE MAGNIFICENT AND DIVERSE CHANNEL ISLANDS NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY & NATIONAL PARK

Close to the California mainland, yet worlds apart, the Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary and National Park encompass the ocean environment and five of the eight California Channel Islands (Anacapa, Santa Cruz, Santa Rosa, San Miguel, and Santa Barbara). The sanctuary and park bridge two biogeographical provinces, and in a remarkably small area, harbor thousands of species of plants and animals. One hundred and forty-five of these species are found nowhere else in the world. Cultural resources date back 13,000 years.

The islands' remote, isolated position at the confluence of two major ocean currents creates remarkable biodiversity. The mingling of cool, nutrient-rich waters from the north with warm currents from the south form a dynamic transition zone that is home to a myriad of sea life from microscopic plankton to blue whales.

Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) are sections of the ocean set aside to protect and restore habitats and ecosystems, conserve biodiversity, provide a refuge for sea life, enhance recreational and educational opportunities, provide reference areas for scientists to measure changes elsewhere in the environment, and help rebuild depleted fisheries. There are a variety of types of MPAs, ranging from limited to full protection. California State MPA classifications include:

MARINE RESERVES (MR): Prohibit all take of living, geological, or cultural resources. Scientific take may be permitted.

MARINE CONSERVATION AREAS (MCA): Prohibit specific commercial and/or recreational take of living, geological, or cultural resources on a case-by-case basis. Scientific take may be permitted.

Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary
113 Harbor Way, Ste. 150, Santa Barbara, CA 93109 (805) 966-7107
3600 So. Harbor Blvd., Ste. 111, Oxnard, CA 93035 (805) 382-6149
channelislands.noaa.gov

IMPORTANT CONTACT INFORMATION

FOR FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES:
Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary
113 Harbor Way, Ste. 150
Santa Barbara, CA 93109, (805) 966-7107
3600 So. Harbor Blvd., Ste. 217
Oxnard, CA 93035, (805) 382-6149
channelislands.noaa.gov

Channel Islands National Park
1901 Spinnaker Drive, Ventura, CA 93001
(805) 658-5700 www.nps.gov/chis.

FOR BOATER SAFETY:
United States Coast Guard
111 Harbor Way, Santa Barbara, CA 93109
(805) 962-7430, www.uscg.mil/g11/

FOR FEDERAL FISHING REGULATIONS AND MARINE MAMMAL REGULATIONS:
National Marine Fisheries Service
501 West Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200
Long Beach, CA 90802
(562) 980-4030, www.swr.nmfs.noaa.gov

FOR STATE FISHING REGULATIONS:
Calif. Dept. of Fish & Game Marine Region
4665 Lampson Avenue, Suite C
Los Alamitos, CA 90720
(562) 342-7100, www.dfg.ca.gov
CaTIP to report violations
888-334-2258

FOR SANTA CRUZ ISLAND INFORMATION/ACCESS:
The Nature Conservancy
3639 Harbor Blvd., Suite 201
Ventura, CA 93001
(805) 642-0345, www.nature.org/california

TO REPORT OIL AND POLLUTION DISCHARGES:
National Response System
800-424-8802

24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

U.S. Coast Guard Search & Rescue.....805-985-9822
Channel Islands Harbor Patrol805-382-3000
Ventura Harbor Patrol805-642-8618
Port Hueneme Wharfinger805-488-4615
Santa Barbara Harbor Patrol805-564-5530
Boaters Use Marine Band Radio VHF CH 16



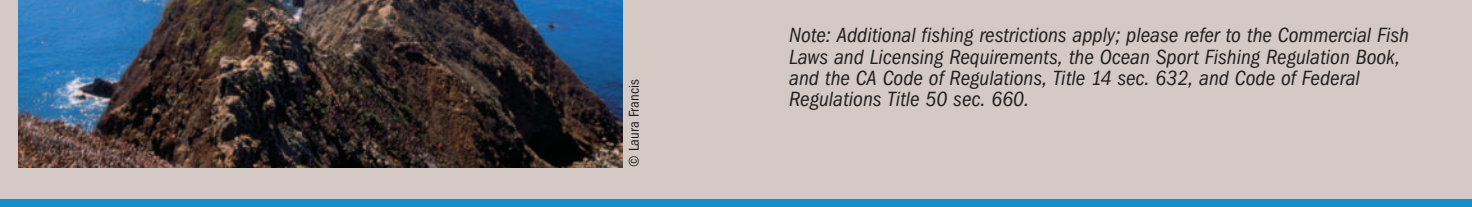
CHANNEL ISLANDS NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY

The Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary located off the coast of Santa Barbara and Ventura counties in California, is a special marine protected area administered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), within the Department of Commerce. The sanctuary encompasses 1,128 square nautical miles of water from mean high tide to 6 nautical miles offshore of Santa Barbara, Anacapa, Santa Cruz, Santa Rosa, and San Miguel Islands. The sanctuary is a special place for species close to extinction, sensitive habitats, shipwrecks and maritime heritage artifacts. Many valuable commercial and recreational activities, such as fishing, shipping, and tourism occur in the sanctuary. A comprehensive ecosystem-based management approach is used to promote long-term conservation of sanctuary waters, wildlife, habitats, and cultural resources, while allowing compatible human uses.

CHANNEL ISLANDS NATIONAL PARK

The Channel Islands National Park, a special terrestrial and marine protected area of national and global significance, is administered by the National Park Service within the Department of Interior. The park consists of 250,000 acres of land and ocean environment, encompassing Anacapa, Santa Cruz, Santa Rosa, San Miguel, and Santa Barbara Islands, their submerged lands, and the waters within one nautical mile of each island.

Channel Islands National Park monitors and protects threatened and endangered species, restores ecosystems, and preserves the natural and cultural resources for current and future generations.



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GET INVOLVED

How You Can Have a Positive Effect on the Sanctuary and Park Environment

- Attend or host a local beach or creek cleanup.
- Plan or participate in an underwater cleanup.
- Participate in the Great Annual Fish Count.
- Educate yourself and others—
 - Enroll in a sanctuary adult education course
 - Attend lectures and films on the Channel Islands
 - Invite staff/experts to lecture at your club or school
 - Expose children to the wonder and beauty of the Islands
- Join the Channel Islands Naturalist Corps – learn how to educate the public while venturing to the sanctuary and park.
- Attend or join the Sanctuary Advisory Council and help provide advice to the sanctuary on how best to protect the sanctuary and your interests.
- Be observant – if you observe vandalism or damage to resources, injuries to marine life, or notice strange substances in the water, please notify the sanctuary or park.
- Get out there and boat, hike, and get wet!

Your efforts will help us all learn more about and protect the vital resources of the Channel Islands and Santa Barbara Channel. For more information on how to get involved, contact the Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary or Channel Islands National Park offices listed in this brochure.



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PROTECTING YOUR CHANNEL ISLANDS

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 2008



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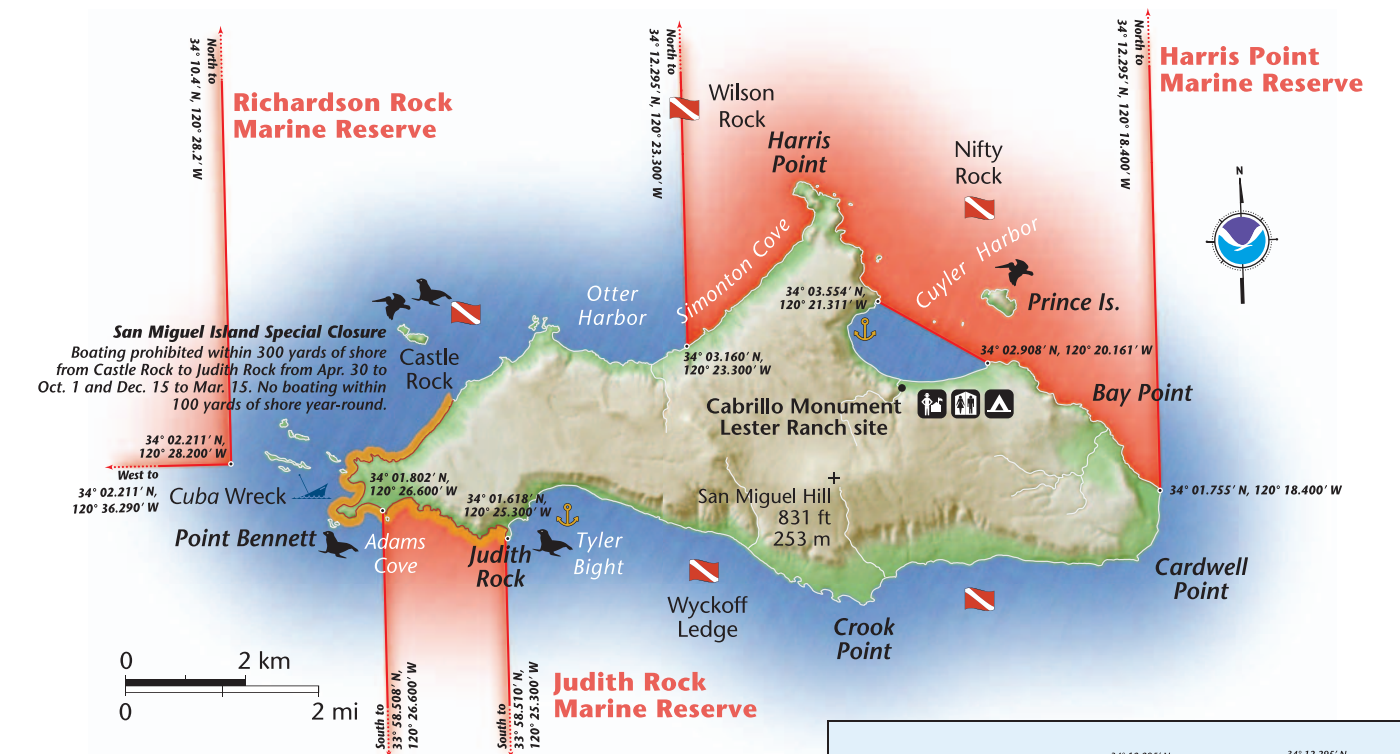
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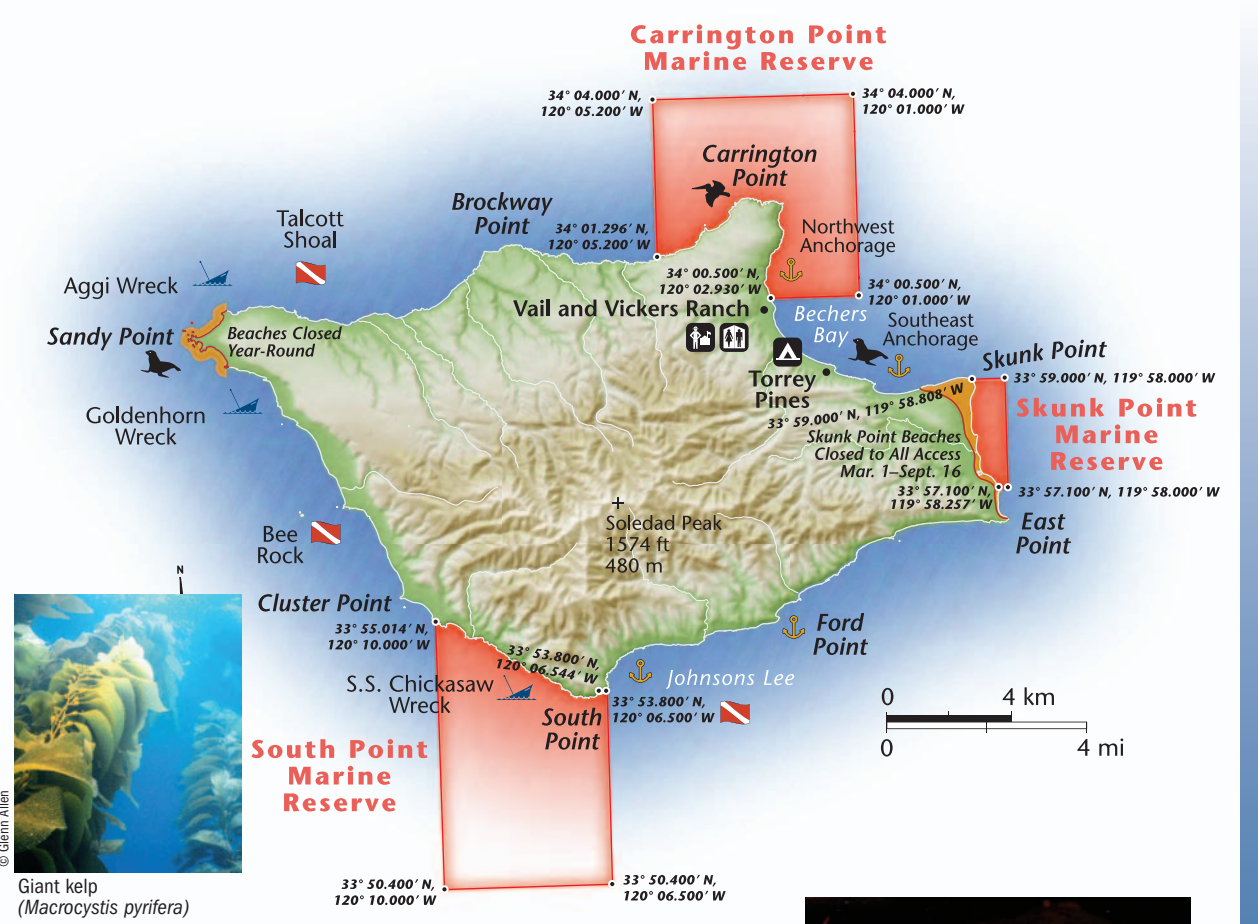


San Miguel Island

San Miguel is the westernmost Channel Island and is located closest to Point Conception. This weather-beaten island supports an under-water treasure chest of pinnacles covered with multicolored invertebrates. The colder waters support a distinct group of fish and invertebrates that are not found on the southern islands, but are found more commonly north of Point Conception. This island is also an important haul out and breeding site for pinnipeds including the northern elephant seals, California sea lions, and harbor seals.



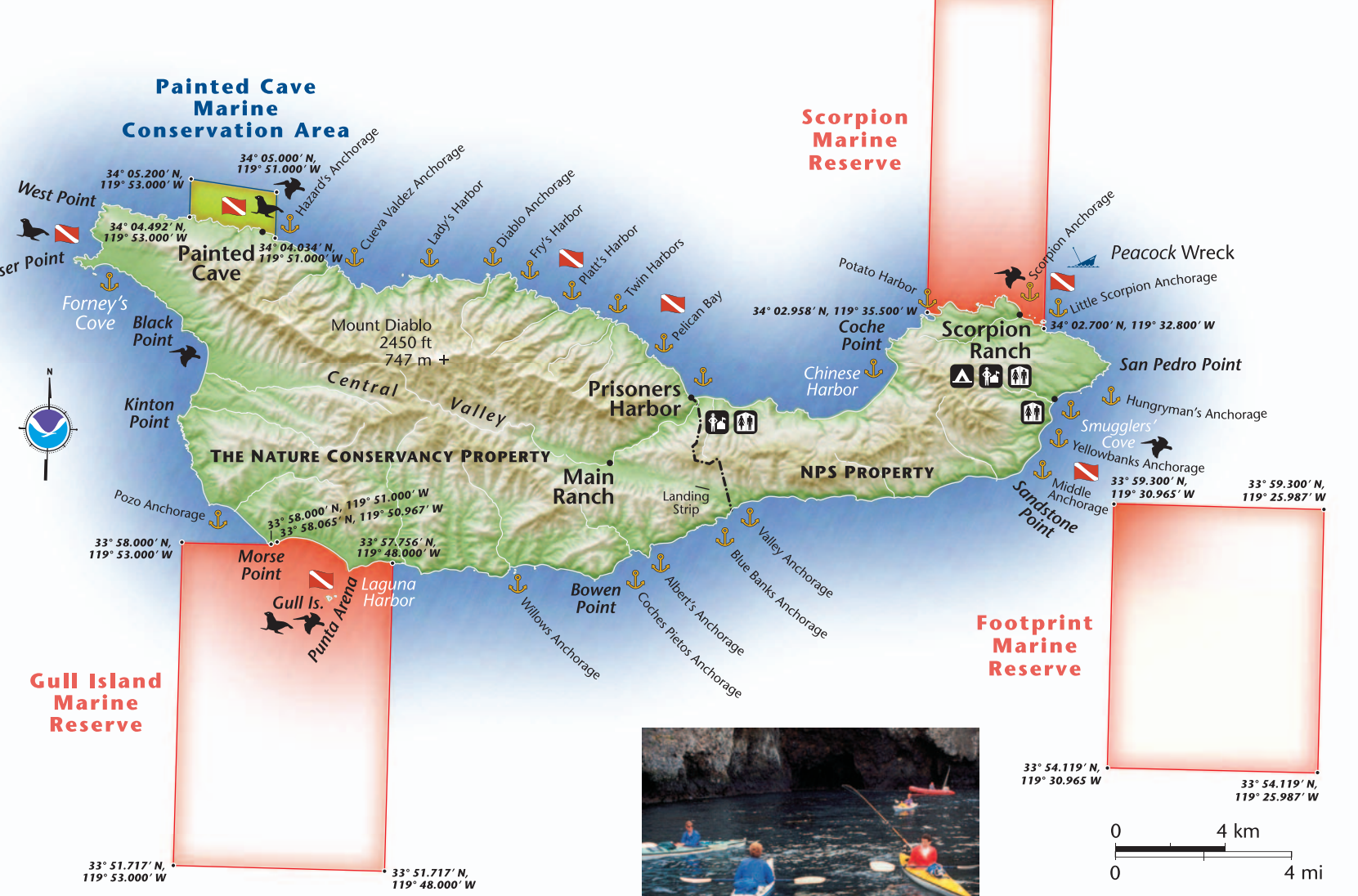
- RICHARDSON ROCK MR**
Critical Habitat: Offshore pinnacle. Deeper waters include high relief rocky habitat.
Species of Interest: Diverse assemblage of fishes and marine mammals. Cold-water rockfish (Sebastes sp.), variety of colder water rockfish such as yellowtail (*S. flavidus*), olive (Sebastes seranoides), and vermilion (Sebastes seranoides); Lingcod (*Ophiodon elongatus*).
- HARRIS POINT MR**
Critical Habitat: Kelp Forest, Surfgrass. Deeper waters include rocky features and a steep continental slope.
Species of Interest: Red abalone (*Haliotis rufescens*), copper, gopher, black and yellow, blue, black, vermilion (Sebastes sp.), Cassin's Auklet (*Ptychoramphus aleuticus*).
- JUDITH ROCK MR**
Critical Habitat: Kelp Forest, Surfgrass.
Species of Interest: Northern elephant seals (*Mirounga angustirostris*), Breeding and roosting site for seabirds. Nearshore rockfish (Sebastes sp.).



Santa Rosa Island

Santa Rosa is the second largest of the Channel Islands. The island is known for its rolling hills, coastal terraces, windswept sandy beaches, and the islands' largest coastal lagoon. The marine life associated with Santa Rosa Island is influenced by the cold California Current much like San Miguel Island.

- SOUTH POINT MR**
Critical Habitat: Sandy coves, Kelp forest, Surfgrass and Medium relief rocky substrate mixed with sand on the continental shelf and slope.
Species of Interest: Northern elephant seals (*Mirounga angustirostris*), Nearshore rockfish (Sebastes sp.), Red abalone (*Haliotis rufescens*).
- CARRINGTON POINT MR**
Critical Habitat: Kelp forest, Surfgrass, Eelgrass.
Species of Interest: Several rock crab species (*Cancer* sp.), Nearshore rockfish (Sebastes sp.), Blue whales (*Balaenoptera musculus*).
- SKUNK POINT MR**
Critical Habitat: Only lagoon in Northern Channel Islands.
Species of Interest: Snowy Plovers (*Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus*), Harbor seal haul out (*Phoca vitulina*).

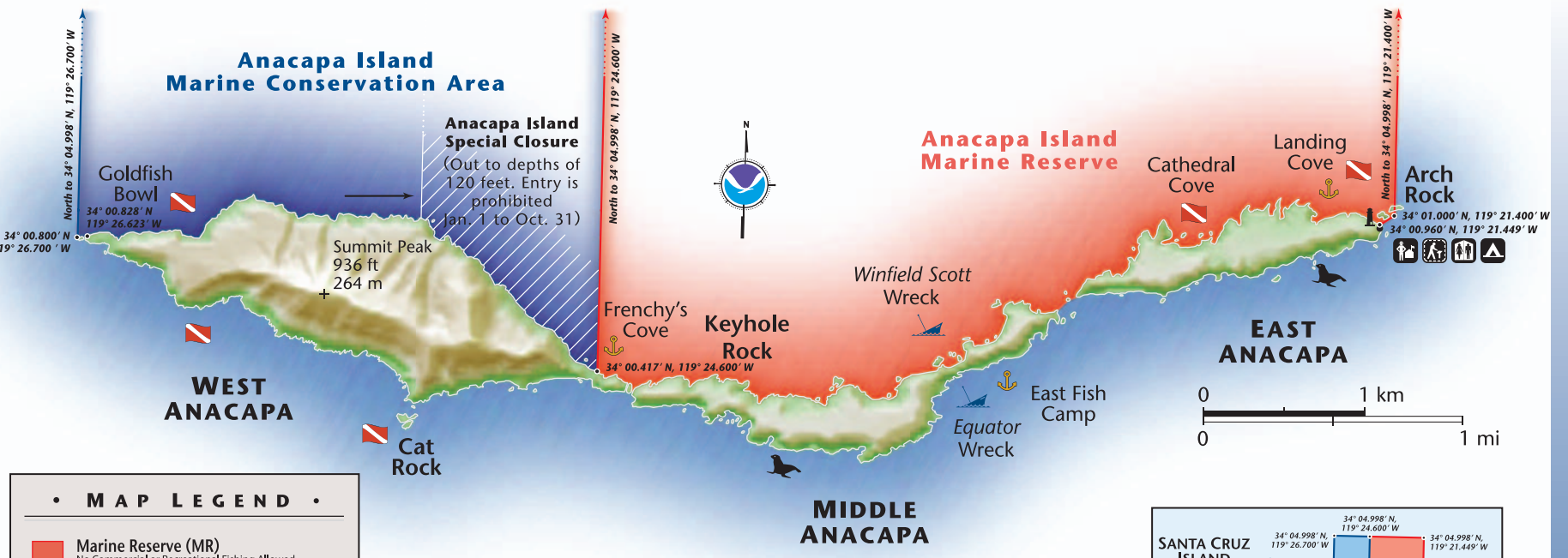


Santa Cruz Island

The largest of the Channel Islands is in the transition zone for warm currents from the south and colder northern currents, offering a diverse assemblage of underwater life. Painted Cave, one of the world's largest sea caves, is found on the west end of Santa Cruz Island. All sea caves are closed to landing.

- GULL ISLAND MR**
Critical Habitat: Rocky reefs, Emergent rocks, Kelp Forest and Steep wall of Santa Cruz Submarine Canyon.
Species of Interest: Snowy Plovers (*Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus*), California hydrocoral (*Stylaster californicus*), Historically, Red (*Haliotis rufescens*) and black (*H. cracherodii*) abalone. Rockfish species including Blue (*Sebastes mysius*), vermilion (*S. miniatus*), bocaccio (*S. paucispinis*).
- PAINTED CAVE MCA**
Critical Habitat: Largest sea cave in North America. Rocky cliffs.
Species of Interest: Pinnipeds, Cetaceans: gray (*Eschrichtius robustus*), blue (*Balaenoptera musculus*), humpback (*Megaptera novaeangliae*) whales, Seabird breeding habitat.
- SCORPION MR**
Critical Habitat: Caves. High relief rocky features.
Species of Interest: Eelgrass, Spiny lobster (*Parulius interruptus*), Ashy Storm-Petrel (*Oceanodroma homochroa*), Cormorants.

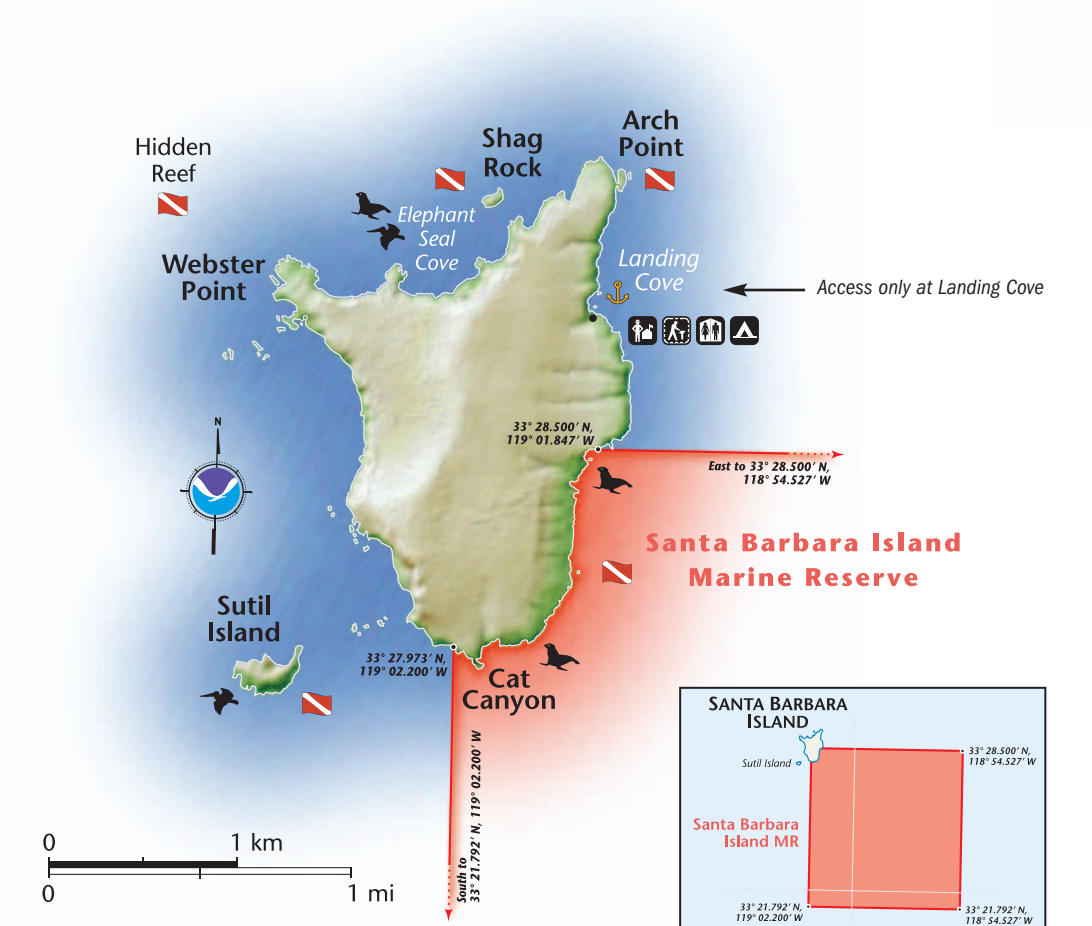
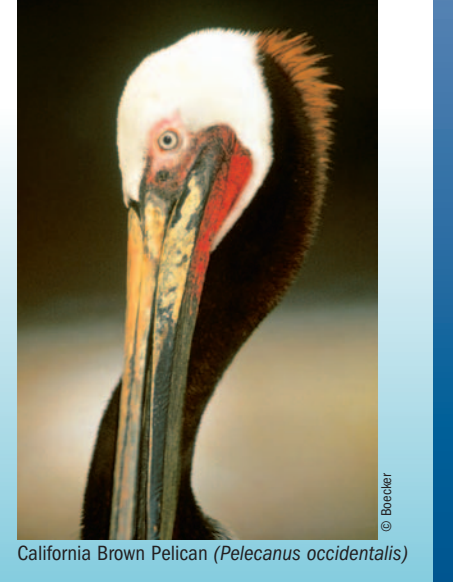
PLEASE NOTE: These maps are not suitable for navigational purposes. The information in this brochure is current as of November, 2007.



Anacapa Island

Twelve miles from the mainland a five-mile long spine of rock emerges from the ocean, breaks into three islets, and is home to a wealth of resources. Seabird rookeries for the endangered California Brown Pelican, Western Gull and Xantus's Murrelet are found on Anacapa Island. Seabird nesting sites are also located in many of the island's 130 sea caves. Visitors must be aware of seasonal closures of seabird nesting areas and caves. California sea lions and harbor seals rest and breed along the rocky shores of Anacapa. Maintain a safe distance of 100 meters to avoid disturbing nesting and pupping sites. No net or traps allowed in waters less than 20 feet deep.

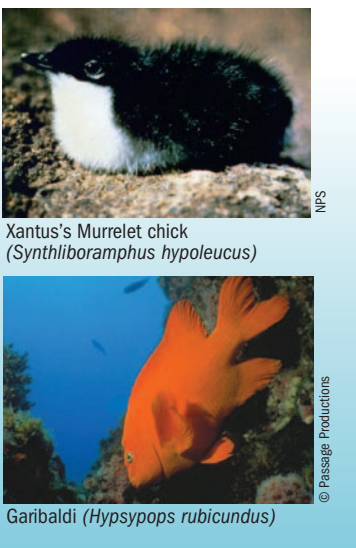
- ANACAPA MCA**
Critical Habitat: Emergent rocks, Boulder fields, Kelp forest, Surfgrass, Low relief ridges of mud, sand, and gravel.
Species of Interest: Nearshore rockfish (*Sebastes* sp.), Giant sea bass (*Stereolepis gigas*), Largest breeding and fledgling area for California Brown Pelican (*Pelecanus occidentalis*) on west coast of North America.
- ANACAPA MR**
Critical Habitat: Kelp Forest, Surfgrass, Emergent rocks, Low relief ridges of mud, sand, and gravel.
Species of Interest: Ashy Storm-Petrel (*Oceanodroma homochroa*), Squid spawning (*Loligo opalescens*), Breeding leopard sharks (*Triakis semifasciata*).
- FOOTPRINT MR**
Critical Habitat: Deep, high relief rocky reefs, Cobble and boulder features.
Species of Interest: Black 'Christmas Tree' Coral (*Antipathes dendrochroites*), Variety of warm water rock fish (*Sebastes* sp.), including cowcod (*S. levis*), and bocaccio (*S. paucispinis*).



Santa Barbara Island

Steep cliffs of this smallest island—644 acres or about one square mile—rise above the rocky shores to a grassy mesa flanked by twin peaks. Santa Barbara Island hosts a large California sea lion rookery and over 11 species of seabirds nest along the trails and in the seacliffs, including the endangered California Brown Pelican and rare Xantus's Murrelet. Visitors must be aware of seasonal closures of seabird nesting areas and caves. Maintain a safe distance of 100 meters to avoid disturbing nesting and pupping sites.

- SANTA BARBARA MR**
Critical Habitats: Cobble beaches, Kelp forest, Surfgrass, High relief deep continental shelf and slope.
Species of Interest: Large mussel beds (*Mytilus* sp.), White abalone (*Haliotis sorensensii*), Xantus's Murrelet (*Synthliboramphus hypoleucus*), Warm water rockfish such as Cowcod (*Sebastes levis*).



WORKING TOGETHER TO PROTECT THE CHANNEL ISLANDS

Synopsis of Sanctuary and Park Regulations*

Together the State of California, Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary and National Park protect a wealth of natural and maritime heritage resources and increase awareness through public education, research, and monitoring.

To protect the natural and cultural resources of the sanctuary and park, the following activities are prohibited:

- Discharging or depositing any material or other matter. Except for fish or chumming materials, water, and other biodegradable effluents incidental to vessel use and generated by marine sanitation devices (i.e. Type I or II only), routine vessel maintenance (e.g., deck wash down), engine exhaust, or meals** on board vessels.
- Drilling, dredging, constructing on, or otherwise altering the seabed within two nautical miles of any island, except for navigational aids, to anchor vessels or to bottom trawl from a commercial fishing vessel. But note that California law prohibits trawling within three nautical miles from shore.
- Exploring for, developing, and producing hydrocarbons, except for leases executed prior to March 30, 1981 and except for the laying of pipeline.
- Operating cargo vessels or vessels engaged in the trade or servicing of offshore installations within one nautical mile of any island.
- Disturbing marine mammals or birds by flying motorized aircraft at less than 1000 feet over the waters within one nautical mile of any island.
- Removing or damaging historical or cultural resources, including shipwrecks and archaeological artifacts.
- Operating motorized personal watercraft within 1 mile around any island. (e.g., Sea-Doo®, JetSk®)
- Disturbing or harassing seabirds, seals, sea lions, whales, or dolphins. Harassment includes any action that modifies the behavior of birds or mammals.

Camping and Landing on the Islands

Private boaters may land on all five islands within the park year-round. A landing permit is required to access The Nature Conservancy property on Santa Cruz Island; call (805) 642-0345 ext. 503 or visit www.tncchannelislands.org for an application. Camping permits are required for each island, however no landing permits are required for the islands administered by the National Park Service. Reservations are required for hiking beyond the ranger station at San Miguel Island. Refer to the park newspaper or website for detailed information or contact the island Park



California hydrocoral (*Stylaster californicus*)

Ranger on Channel 16 before landing. For camping reservations call (877) 444-6777.

- Please be aware that there are no all-weather anchorages around the islands.
- Visitors are responsible for any damage to the resources.
- Please note there are park areas that are closed and restricted—refer to the regulations and guidelines section of the park newspaper "Island Views: A Visitor's Guide To The Channel Islands National Park" and web site.

Island Regulations Include:

- Collecting, harassing, feeding, or otherwise harming wildlife, plant life, or other natural resources is prohibited.
- Archeological resources, including Native American sites, shipwrecks, and historical ranch sites, are protected under federal law. It is illegal to disturb or damage these sites in any way.
- Pets are not allowed on the islands.
- Beach campfires (including charcoal fires), fireworks, explosives, and firearms are prohibited.

No camping is allowed on Island beaches, except seasonally by permit on Santa Rosa Island. Private aircraft may not land within the park boundaries and all aircraft must maintain a minimum 1000 foot altitude above land and sea surfaces within the park.

To protect wildlife, landing on offshore rocks and islets is prohibited. Visitors must pack out their own trash. No trash cans are provided. * This is an abridged version of the regulations and regulations are subject to change. You are responsible for knowing the rules. For sanctuary regulations refer to the Code of Federal Regulations Title 15 sec. 922.70, or call the sanctuary office at (805) 966-7107, or visit channelislands.noaa.gov. For park regulations, refer to the Code of Federal Regulations Title 36 and the superintendent's compendium. Visit www.nps.gov/chis/ for a complete list of regulations, or call the park office at (805) 658-5700. Also be aware that you must comply with all other laws and regulations.