natural environment concerns within these sites and areas.

To reduce these public safety and natural environment concerns in these sites and areas, the following restrictions are to be implemented: (1) Quiet hours within the Egin Lakes Access Site and Red Road Recreation Area is from 11pm until 7am; (2) The burning of any foreign material other than wood in all camp fires is prohibited throughout the St. Anthony Sand Dunes SRMA. Prohibited material includes but not limited to pallets, treated lumber, tires, glass, aluminum, etc.; (3) Engaging in fighting; (4) Addressing any offensive, derisive, or annoying communication that has a direct tendency to cause acts of violence by the person to whom, individually, the remark is addressed.

Maps of the areas where the restrictions and regulations apply will be available at the Idaho Falls Field Office. Signs with the rules and regulations will be posted at all entrances into the WSA as well as at the recreation sites and areas. The new rules and regulations will incorporated into the existing St. Anthony Sand Dunes and Sand Mountain WSA information flyer.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bill Boggs, Bureau of Land Management, Upper Snake River District, Idaho Falls Field Office, 1405 Hollipark Drive, Idaho Falls, Idaho 83401, (208) 524– 7527.

Dated: May 13, 1999.

Joe Kraayenbrink,

Field Manager.

[FR Doc. 99–12809 Filed 5–20–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Minerals Management Service

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submitted for Office of Management and Budget Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: To comply with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), we are notifying you that we have submitted an information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. We are also soliciting your comments on this ICR which describes the information collection, its expected costs and burden, and how the data will be collected.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before June 21, 1999. ADDRESSES: You may submit comments directly to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for the Department of the Interior (OMB Control Number 1010-0073). 725 17th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20503; telephone (202) 395-7340. Copies of these comments should also be sent to us. The U.S. Postal Service address is Minerals Management Service, Royalty Management Program, Rules and Publications Staff, P.O. Box 25165, MS 3021, Denver, Colorado 80225-0165; the courier address is Building 85, Room A-613. Denver Federal Center. Denver. Colorado 80225; and the e:Mail address is RMP.comments@mms.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dennis C. Jones, Rules and Publications Staff, telephone (303) 231–3046, FAX (303) 231–3385, e:Mail Dennis.C.Jones@mms.gov. You may also contact Dennis Jones to obtain a copy of the ICR at no cost.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Net Profit Share Leases. OMB Control Number: 1010–0073. Abstract: The Department of the Interior is responsible for matters relevant to mineral resource development in the OCS. The Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) is responsible for managing the production of minerals from Federal and Indian lands and the OCS; for collecting royalties from lessees who produce minerals; and for distributing the funds collected in accordance with applicable laws. The Minerals Management Service (MMS) performs the royalty management functions for the Secretary.

To encourage exploration and development of oil and gas leases on submerged lands of the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS), regulations were promulgated at 30 CFR 260.110(4) implementing a net profit share bidding system. The Net Profit Share Lease (NPSL) bidding system was established to properly balance a fair market return to the Federal Government for the lease of its lands, with a fair profit to companies risking their investment capital. The system provides an incentive for early and expeditious exploration and development, and provides for a sharing of the risks by the lessee and the Government. The bidding system incorporates a fixed capital recovery system as the means through which the lessee recovers costs of exploration and development from production revenues, along with a

reasonable return on investment. This collection of information is necessary in order to determine when royalty payments are due, and to determine the proper amount of payment.

Under the NPSL bidding system, a notice of OCS lease sale is published in the **Federal Register** with a net profit share rate and a capital recovery factor (CRF) established for each tract within the sale. The CRF allows the lessee to inflate certain allowable costs by multiplying costs by the CRF. This additional allowance results in a type of risk-sharing arrangement with the Government. Tracts within the same sale may have different profit share rates and different CRF's. The last OCS lease sale involving NPSL's was in August 1983.

When companies enter into NPSL agreements, they agree to submit the reports required by 30 CFR 220.031. There are no reporting forms required, but the lessees must submit updates containing specific information. Before production begins, reports are required on an annual basis. These reports must document costs incurred, credits received, and the balance in the NPSL capital account. Once production begins, monthly reports are required that include the amount and disposition of oil and gas saved, removed, or sold; the amount of production revenue; the amount and description of costs and credits to the NPSL capital account; the balance in the capital account; the net profit share base and net profit share payment due the Government; and the lessee's monthly profit share. All information submitted is taken directly from the lessee's own records. No unique information is required by MMS.

Royalty payments are made based on the individual lease's net profit share rate, multiplied by the quantity (revenues and other credits, less costs). MMS uses the data submitted in the annual and monthly reports to verify costs claimed, revenues earned, and royalty payments due. No royalties are paid until the lessee recovers exploration and development expenses. Information provided in the reports is used by MMS auditors. Failure of the respondent to submit the information results in noncompliance with the requirements of 30 CFR Part 220 and could result in loss of royalty payments to the Government.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The **Federal Register** Notice with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on December 11, 1998 (63 FR 68472).

Estimated Number and Type of Respondents/Affected Entities: Approximately 11 Federal and Indian lessees and payors.

Frequency of Response: Monthly responses are required for 15 leases, and annual responses are required for 3 leases.

Burden Statement and Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping "Hour" Burden: We estimate the respondent burden to average 16 hours per response for a total of 2,928 hours. We estimate 1 hour of recordkeeping for each of the 18 OCS leases with NPSL agreements for a total of 18 hours. Therefore, the total annual burden hour estimate for this collection is 2,946 hours.

Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping "Cost" Burden: We have identified no paperwork cost burdens for this collection.

Comments: Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act requires each agency "* * * to provide notice * * and otherwise consult with members of the public and affected agencies concerning each proposed collection of information $\hat{*} * \hat{*}$. Agencies must specifically solicit comments to: (a) evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the agency to perform its duties, including whether the information is useful; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) enhance the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Send your comments directly to the offices listed under the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice. OMB has up to 60 days to approve or disapprove the information collection but may respond after 30 days. Therefore, to ensure maximum consideration, OMB should receive public comments by June 21, 1999.

MMS Information Collection Clearance Officer: Jo Ann Lauterbach (202) 208–7744.

Dated: April 22, 1999.

Lucy Querques Denett,

Associate Director for Royalty Management. [FR Doc. 99–12832 Filed 5–20–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–MR–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

Notice of Request for Extension of a Currently Approved Information Collection

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice announces the intentions of the Bureau of Reclamation to seek extension of the information collection for the Lower Colorado River Well Inventory. The current OMB approval expires on December 31, 1999.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by July 20, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To obtain copies of the information collection form and to submit comments on this information collection contact: Mr. Jeffrey Addiego, Boulder Canyon Operations Office, PO Box 61470, Boulder City, NV 89006–1470; telephone (702) 293–8525; or e-mail at JAddiego@lc.usbr.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of Reclamation, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of Reclamation's estimated burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Consideration will be given to comments and suggestions submitted within 60 days of this publication.

Title: Lower Colorado River Well Inventory.

OMB No.: Reinstatement of OMB No. 1006–0014.

Description of respondents: All diversions of mainstream Colorado River water along the lower Colorado River must be accounted for and, for non-Indian diverters, in accordance with a water use contract with the Secretary of the Interior. Each diverter (including well pumpers) must be identified and their diversion locations and water use determined. This requires an inventory of wells along the lower Colorado River and the gathering of specific information concerning each well. *Frequency:* These data will be collected only once for each well owner or operator as long as changes in water use, or other changes that would impact contractual or administrative requirements, are not made.

Estimated completion time: An average of 30 minutes is required for Reclamation to interview individual well owners or operators. Reclamation will use the information collected during these interviews to complete the information collection form.

Annual responses: 1,000.

Annual burden hours: 500 hours.

Dated: April 13, 1999.

William E. Rinne,

Area Manager, Boulder Canyon Operations Office.

[FR Doc. 99–12129 Filed 5–20–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–94–M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Investigation No. 731–TA–326 (Review); Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice from Brazil

Determination

On the basis of the record ¹ developed in the subject five-year review, the United States International Trade Commission determines,² pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)) (the Act), that revocation of the antidumping duty order on frozen concentrated orange juice from Brazil would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.

Background

The Commission instituted this review on December 2, 1998 (63 FR 66572) and determined on March 5, 1999 that it would conduct an expedited review (64 FR 12351, March 12, 1999). The Commission transmitted its determination in this review to the Secretary of Commerce on May 17, 1999. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3195 (May 1999), entitled *Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice from Brazil: Investigation No. 731–TA–326 (Review).*

Issued: May 17, 1999.

 $^{^1}$ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.2(f)).

² Chairman Bragg not participating.

Commissioners Crawford and Askey dissenting.