Department of Veterans Affairs Veterans Health Administration Washington, DC 20420 VHA HANDBOOK 1301.01 Transmittal Sheet January 24, 2006

IONIZING RADIATION REGISTRY (IRR) PROGRAM PROCEDURES

- **1. REASON FOR ISSUE**: This Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Handbook sets forth clinical and administrative policies related to the maintenance of the VHA Ionizing Radiation Registry (IRR) program of physical examinations for eligible, concerned veterans.
- **2. SUMMARY OF MAJOR CHANGES**: The principal change, as the result of reconstruction of the Austin Automation Center, provides new registry data entry procedures required to access the reconstructed Austin Automation Center website http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov. In addition to entering new patient data, this new website allows Environmental Health (EH) Clinicians and Coordinators to search for and allow access to exam information by name or Social Security Number, giving them the ability to retrieve all exam information, historical and current, for an individual, regardless of point of entry.
- **3. RELATED ISSUES:** VHA Directive 1301.
- **4. RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS**: The Office of Public Health and Environmental Hazards (13), is responsible for the contents of this Handbook. Questions may be referred to 202-273-8463. *NOTE:* Questions relating to eligibility for VA care, including enrollment, are to be directed to the eligibility staff at the local VA facility or Veterans Benefits Service Center at 1-877-222-8387 and/or access the Veterans Benefit Administration (VBA) website http://www.vba.va.gov/
- **5. RESCISSIONS**: VHA Handbook 1301.1, dated October 21, 2003, is rescinded.
- **6. RECERTIFICATION**: This VHA Handbook is scheduled for recertification on or before the last working day of January 2011.

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IONIZING RADIATION REGISTRY (IRR) PROGRAM PROCEDURES

1. PURPOSE

This Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Handbook sets forth clinical and administrative policies related to the maintenance of the VHA Ionizing Radiation Registry (IRR) Program for physical examinations for eligible, concerned veterans.

2. AUTHORITY TO FURNISH IRR EXAMINATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION OF VETERANS ELIGIBLE FOR THESE EXAMINATIONS

- a. Public Law (Pub. L.) 99-576, Veterans Benefits Improvement and Health Care Authorization Act of 1986, enacted October 28, 1986, required the Veterans Administration (now Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)) to establish and maintain an IRR of veterans exposed to radiation under conditions described in Title 38 United States Code (U.S.C.) § 1710(e)(1)(B). Title 38 U.S.C. Section 1710(e)(1)(B) and (e)(4)(B) refer to "radiation-exposed veteran[s]" as that term is defined in 38 U.S.C. § 1112(c)(3); a "radiation-exposed veteran" means a veteran who participated in a "radiation-risk activity," The term "radiation-risk activity" is defined as:
- (1) On site participation in a test involving the atmospheric detonation of a nuclear device, whether or not the testing nation was the United States;
- (2) Participation in the occupation of Hiroshima or Nagasaki from August 6, 1945, through July 1, 1946; or
- (3) Internment as a Prisoner of War (POW) in Japan (or service on active duty in Japan immediately following such internment) during World War II which the Secretary of Veteran Affairs, henceforth referred to as the Secretary, determines resulted in an opportunity for exposure to ionizing radiation comparable to that of veterans involved in the occupation of Hiroshima or Nagasaki. *NOTE:* See 38 U.S.C. § 1710(e)(4)(B), referencing 38 U.S.C. § 1112(c)(3).
- b. In addition, VA regulations, Title 38 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 3.309(d)(3)(ii)(D), provide that "radiation-risk activity" means service at:
- (1) Department of Energy gaseous diffusion plants at Paducah, KY, Portsmouth, OH, or the K25 area at Oak Ridge, TN, for at least 250 days before February 1, 1992, if the veteran was monitored for each of the 250 days using dosimetry badges to monitor radiation to external body parts or if the veteran served for at least 250 days in a position that had exposures comparable to a job that was monitored using dosimetry badges; or
- (2) Longshot, Milrow, or Cannikin underground nuclear tests at Amchitka Island, AK, before January 1, 1974.
- **NOTE:** Veterans whose service is described in subparagraphs 2b(1) and 2b(2) are eligible to participate in the IRR Program under VA's general authority ((703(b) of Pub.L. 102-585 (1992))

to provide registry examinations to veterans who are eligible for listing, or inclusion, in a VA health-related registry.

c. Section 901 of Pub. L. 105-368, Veterans Programs Enhancement Act, enacted on November 11, 1998, and codified at 38 U.S.C. § 1720E, specifically authorizes VA to furnish, in part, a medical examination to veterans who received nasopharyngeal (NP) radium irradiation treatments while in the active military, naval, or air service who are concerned about possible adverse effects of their NP radium treatments.

NOTE: Eligibility for an IRR examination does not constitute a basis for service connection or in any way affect determination regarding service connection. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, a veteran's assertion of exposure to a radiation-risk activity will be accepted.

3. INFORMATION EXCHANGE

- a. The IRR consists of physical examinations with access to supplemental data on compensation claims and radiation exposures from the Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA) and the Department of Defense's (DOD) Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA), (formerly the Defense Special Weapons Agency (DSWA) and the Defense Nuclear Agency (DNA). VA must compile and consolidate all pertinent information maintained by relevant elements of VA or DOD. According to DTRA, over 200,000 test participants have been identified as to their specific involvement and their recorded radiation exposure. Approximately an equal number of service personnel were involved in occupation duties at Hiroshima and/or Nagasaki.
- b. The Environmental Epidemiology Service (EES), in conjunction with DTRA, shares files, when deemed appropriate, to obtain updated information on each veteran in the IRR, i.e., radiation exposures, unit assignments, etc.
- c. Although the results of an IRR examination may be used to support a compensation claim, the examination will not, in and of itself, be considered such a claim. Veterans who wish to submit a claim for conditions possibly related to radiation exposure need to do so using the normal claims process at the nearest VA Regional Office of jurisdiction (call 1-800-827-1000), or through a veterans benefits representative physically located at a VA health care facility.

4. PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

NOTE: The Environmental Health Clinician, Environmental Health Coordinator, and health administration staff of each VA facility play a significant role in determining the perceptions Ionizing Radiation (IRAD) veterans have concerning the quality of VA health care service and of their individual treatment by VA health care providers. Veterans with qualifying participation in a radiation-risk activity are to be encouraged to undergo an IRAD examination, if they have not previously done so. Veterans requesting IRR examinations do not have to be enrolled in the VA's health care system and are not subject to co-payments in connection with the receipt of the IRR examination.

a. <u>Environmental Health Coordinator</u>. The facility Director, or designee, designates the Environmental Health Coordinator and alternate(s). All these coordinators need to attend the periodic EAS conference calls from VHA Central Office, and all need to contact VHA Central

Office EAS, to be enrolled in the electronic mail group, "Environmental Health Coordinators," in MS Exchange. These coordinators are responsible for:

- (1) Receiving all IRAD-related inquiries, and communicating appropriate information.
- (2) Posting and communicating the names, locations, and office telephone numbers of the Environmental Health Clinicians and Coordinators to concerned VA facility staff. *NOTE:* An appropriate method is the use of medical center memoranda providing registry policies and procedures and identifying those responsible for carrying them out.
- (3) Displaying IRR posters in admission areas and/or other prominent places. *NOTE:* Include local contact information identifying the Environmental Health Coordinator's name, location and telephone.
- b. Environmental Health Clinician. The facility Chief of Staff (COS) designates an Environmental Health Clinician and one or more alternates. In order to keep abreast of current information and program activities, these clinicians and assistants need to be familiar with various materials distributed by VHA Central Office. All program officials need to attend the periodic Environmental Agents Service (EAS) conference calls from VHA Central Office. All Environmental Health Clinicians, with computer access, need to contact EAS, VHA Central Office, to be enrolled in the electronic mail group, "Environmental Health Clinicians," in Microsoft (MS) Exchange.
- c. <u>Environmental Health Clinician and Coordinator Listings.</u> Separate directories of the Environmental Health Clinicians and Coordinators are maintained by EAS. In an effort to keep these directories current, the facility Director, or designee, is responsible for notifying EAS of changes, as they occur, in the status of these clinicians and coordinators at their respective facilities and/or satellite clinics. These directories must include the name, title, mail routing symbol, and commercial telephone and FAX numbers with area code. This information must be submitted to EAS by fax (202) 273-9562 or e-mail <u>VHACO13bsha@va.gov</u>.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CLINICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES

The Environmental Health Clinician is responsible for the program's clinical management and serves in an advisory capacity for the IRR Program's administrative management. Major responsibilities of the Environmental Clinician, or alternates, include:

- a. <u>Counseling.</u> The Environmental Health Clinician advises the veteran of all aspects of the IRR examination.
 - b. **Documenting the Physical Examination.** The Environmental Health Clinician must:
- (1) Conduct and document the physical examination in the Consolidated Health Record (CHR) and/or the Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS).
- (a) This examination involves taking a complete medical history to include information about:
 - 1. Family;

- <u>2</u>. Occupation;
- 3. Social activities noting tobacco, alcohol, and drug use; and
- 4. Psychosocial condition.
- (b) If a veteran is subsequently diagnosed with a significant radiation-related health problem by a non-VA physician, the veteran is to be encouraged to contact the veteran's local VA medical center so that the additional diagnoses can be included in the CHR, and/or CPRS, and IRR.
- <u>1</u>. This new diagnosis must be submitted over the non-VA physician's signature on official letterhead.
- <u>2</u>. VA worksheet must be completed with this diagnosis and transmitted to the Austin Automation Center (AAC) via website for inclusion in the IRR.
- (2) Review the records of every IRAD veteran examined to ensure that a complete physical examination was performed and documented.
 - (3) Personally discuss with each veteran the:
- (a) Findings of the physical examination and completed diagnostic studies. *NOTE:* The interview must be conducted in such a way as to encourage the veteran to discuss health concerns, as well as those of family members, as they relate to ionizing radiation exposure. This information must be documented in the veteran's CHR and/or scanned into Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture (VistA) imaging with access through CPRS. Every effort needs to be made to maintain the veteran's current address in the veteran's health care records and in VistA's computerized information system.
- (b) Need for follow-up examination(s), either as recommended by the Environmental Health Clinician, or as requested by the veteran.
- c. <u>Preparing and Signing Follow-up Letter</u>. The clinician must ensure that appropriate personalized follow-up letters, explaining the results of the examination and laboratory studies, have been signed and mailed to the veteran (see App. A).
- (1) Follow-up letters must be mailed to the veteran within 2 weeks of the initial examination. The only exception to this timeframe is when a consultation at a specialty clinic is requested as part of the initial examination process. This exception suspends, but does not remove, the requirement for the follow-up letter. The follow-up letter must be sent within 2 weeks after the consultation.
- (2) A dated copy of the follow-up letter must be filed in the veteran's CHR and/or CPRS. **NOTE:** It is essential that this letter be written in language that can be easily understood by the veteran. Inappropriate wording could unduly alarm or confuse the veteran. A great deal of sensitivity and care needs to be exercised in the preparation of this correspondence.

- (3) The follow-up letter must explain the results of the examination and laboratory studies in the following manner:
- (a) If the veteran examined has no detectable medical problems, the follow-up letter needs to so indicate, and suggest that the veteran contact the nearest VA health care facility if health problems appear later.
- (b) If it is determined upon examination that the veteran does have medical problems, it is not necessary to specify the problems in the letter. The veteran is to be advised in the letter that the recent examination indicated a health condition and/or problem, which may require further examination and/or treatment.
- (c) If the veteran requires medical treatment, the letter is to advise the veteran to apply for enrollment and provide the name of a contact person, including telephone number, within the facility.
- (d) If veteran is already enrolled in VA health care, a copy of the letter needs to be sent to the VA Primary Care clinician, unless the Primary Care clinician is the Environmental Health Clinician and the originator of the letter.
- (e) If the veteran is not eligible for treatment, the letter is to so advise, and recommend that the veteran seek appropriate medical care elsewhere.

6. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH COORDINATOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Environmental Health Coordinator is responsible for the <u>administrative management</u> of the program, including:

- a. <u>Scheduling of Appointments.</u> Every effort needs to be made to give veterans ionizing radiation examinations within 30 days of the request date.
- b. **Monitoring Timeframe Compliance.** All of the following require timeframe compliance:
- (1) **Follow-up Letters.** Follow-up letters must be mailed to veteran within 2 weeks of initial registry examination.
- (2) **Registry Examination Appointment.** The registry examination appointment must be scheduled within 30 days of request date.
- (3) **VA Staff (Environmental Health Clinicians and Coordinators) Changes.** VHA Central Office (131) must be advised of changes in Environmental Health Clinicians and Environmental Health Coordinators as they occur.
- (4) **Registry Worksheets for Registry Examinations.** Registry Worksheets for Registry Examinations must be transmitted to AAC via website http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov no later than 10 working days following the registry examination.

- c. <u>Reviewing Records for Accuracy and Completion.</u> All required records, e.g., follow-up letters, registry worksheets of veteran participants, and CHR and/or CPRS entries, are to be completed and reviewed for accuracy.
- d. <u>Data for Reporting Purposes.</u> Required registry data must be obtained from the veteran, or family, and entered on IRR dataset via the AAC registry website. These AAC electronic IRR data reports are available to VHA Central Office via registry website. http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov
- e. <u>Disseminating Information</u>. It is important that each veteran be fully advised of the IRR examination program and if possible, in advance of the means test policy. Facility staff is encouraged to fully-communicate all aspects of the IRR examination program by any appropriate means. The following suggestions might be considered:
- (1) Advise the veteran that the veteran must complete a means test on the initial visit. Except for a registry examination, a clinician must make a determination on each visit for each veteran in Priority Group 6 that such care is related to ionizing radiation exposure in order to exempt the visit from medical care co-payment requirements. Having a means test on file ensures that VA can provide a full-range of services to the veteran whether the care is related to exposure or not.
- (2) Provide each veteran reporting to the Outpatient and Admission areas with a handout describing the purpose of the examination and its limitations. During the course of the physical examination, the examining physician can further clarify this, preferably prior to beginning the physical examination process.
- (3) Provide each veteran and local Veteran Service Organizations with a copy(ies) of the current Ionizing Radiation Newsletter, Office of Public Affairs News Service Fact Sheets, and Office of Public Health and Environmental Hazards Radiation Programs Information Letters. Display these in prominent areas (outpatient clinics, admission areas, etc.) to ensure availability to veterans and other interested individuals.
- (4) Display IRR posters in admission areas and/or other prominent places. Include the local Environmental Health Coordinator's name, location and telephone on the poster.

g. Completing Worksheet

- (1) The Environmental Health Coordinator completes the registry worksheet, before the veteran is referred to the clinician for the examination.
- (2) To further ensure the worksheet's completeness, the clinical examiner reviews it and, if necessary, enters missing items at the veteran's direction. In addition, the clinician must inquire whether any of the veteran's natural children or grandchildren have any birth defects, and note "Y(es)," "N(o)," or "U(nknown)," these defects must be described in the "Remarks" section of the worksheet and in the CHR and/or CPRS. **NOTE:** Refer to instructions in Appendix D.
- (3) In the event the veteran applying for care, claiming exposure to IRAD, does not wish to participate in the registry, a worksheet must be completed and retained in the veteran's CHR

and/or CPRS. *NOTE:* Do not transmit to AAC. In the "Remarks" section of the worksheet indicate the current date and note that at this time the veteran did not want to participate in the registry.

(4) **Establishing and updating the CHR and/or CPRS.** The Environmental Health Coordinator must establish a medical record if one does not already exist. VA Form 10-1079, Emergency Medical Identification, is to be affixed to the front of the CHR record and the word "RADIATION" circled. Any veteran claiming exposure to IRAD, and all veterans participating in the registry, need to have VA Form 10-1079 affixed to the front of the CHR unless the records are maintained in CPRS. Completed worksheets printed from the website, dated follow-up letters, all medical records of registry examinations, and laboratory and/or test results must be maintained in veteran's CHR and/or CPRS. Worksheets may be scanned into VistA Imaging with access through CPRS.

7. INCARCERATED VETERANS

- a. IRAD examinations may be provided to incarcerated veterans. The examination may be provided either in the prison, or jail, or in the VA facility.
- b. If an incarcerated veteran is accepted for an IRAD examination, VA may conduct such an examination in a VA facility, but only after the veteran has been released by an official under circumstances where there is no obligation placed on VA to exercise custodial restraint, or to ensure the return of the veteran to custody upon completion of the exam.

NOTE: The clinic Director, or designee, must notify the prison authorities when the IRR examination is completed.

- c. A bill is not issued for the IRR examination of an incarcerated veteran.
- d. For purposes of entry into the IRR, VA medical facilities can provide assistance to penal authorities or institutions agreeable to conducting examinations to veterans. *NOTE.* VA will not reimburse the penal authorities when they conduct these IRR examinations.
- (1) Copies of Handbook 1301.1, directives, worksheets, etc., are to be provided to penal institutions upon request.
- (2) Penal authorities must be advised, at the time of such requests, that the results of the examination provided at their institutions must be returned to the VA medical facility of jurisdiction for inclusion, on the veteran's behalf, in the VA's IRR.
- (3) A recommendation can be made to the penal institution to retain a copy of the examination documents submitted to VA. Such documents need to be maintained by penal authorities until the release of the individual from the penal institution.

8. VETERANS WITH OTHER THAN HONORABLE DISCHARGES

The requirements of VHA Manual M-1, Part I, Chapter 4, Paragraph 38, apply to veterans with less than honorable discharges applying for IRR examinations (see the Publications website at: http://vaww1.va.gov/vhapublications/

9. CONDUCTING THE IRR EXAMINATION

- a. It is essential that a complete medical history, physical examination, and interview be performed and documented on appropriate medical record standard forms, by/or under the direct supervision of the Environmental Health Clinician, or alternate.
- b. The person actually performing the physical examination must be identified with the signature and title (Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Physician's Assistant (PA), Certified Nurse Practitioner (CNP), etc.). An examination completed by someone other than a physician must be completed by medical personnel privileged to do physical examinations.
- c. When an IRR examination is done as part of a compensation and pension examination, the physical examination must be done by/or under the direct supervision of the Environmental Health Clinician, or equivalent.
- d. Special attention must be given to the following diagnoses that VA has recognized, by statute or regulation, as being associated with radiation exposure:
 - (1) Leukemia, Lymphoid (except chronic lymphatic leukemia);
 (2) Leukemia, Myeloid;
 (3) Leukemia, Monocytic;
 (4) Leukemia, Hairy Cell;
 (5) Leukemia, other;
 (6) Leukemia, unspecified cell type;
 (7) Thyroid Cancer;
 (8) Breast Cancer;
 (9) Lung Cancer (malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung);
 (10) Bone Cancer;
 (11) Primary Liver Cancer;

(35) Benign neoplasms of the brain and central nervous system; and

(36) Other malignancy(ies), not listed in the preceding diagnoses.

NOTE: Other conditions may be recognized in the future.

- e. In gathering medical history data, it is important that the clinician record the:
- (1) Time of the onset of the veteran's symptoms or conditions,
- (2) Intensity of symptoms or conditions,
- (3) Degree of physical incapacitation, and
- (4) Details of any treatment received.
- f. Each veteran must be given the following baseline laboratory studies:
- (1) Chest X-ray (if determined to be medically necessary);
- (2) Complete blood count;
- (3) Basic Metabolic Panel (BMP) and Comprehensive Metabolic Panel (CMP), or equivalent blood chemistries and enzyme studies; and
 - (4) Urinalysis.
- g. Appropriate additional diagnostic studies are to be performed and consultations obtained as indicated by the patient's symptoms and physical and laboratory findings.
- h. Non-routine diagnostic studies, such as computed tomography or magnetic resonance imaging, are to be performed only if medically indicated.
 - i. Laboratory test results are to be filed in the CHR and/or CPRS.

10. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- a. <u>Worksheet Transmission.</u> Report Control Number 10-0110, applies to this reporting requirement.
- b. <u>Environmental Health Clinician and Coordinator Directories</u>. Separate directories of the Environmental Health Clinicians and Coordinators are maintained by the EAS. In an effort to keep these listings current, facility Directors, or designees, are required to notify the EAS of any changes at their respective facilities and/or satellite clinics (refer to subpar 4c).

11. RECORDS CONTROL AND RETENTION

a. Records Control

- (1) If a veteran receives an IRR examination and a medical record for this veteran does not exist, one must be established in CHR and/or CPRS.
- (2) A VA Form 10-1079 sticker must be affixed to the front of the CHR and word "Radiation" circled. *NOTE:* This is not required if documentation is in CPRS.
- (3) The worksheet printed from the website must be maintained in the veteran's CHR and/or CPRS.
- (4) The medical records including laboratory test results, progress notes, etc., must be filed in the CHR and/or CPRS.
- b. <u>Records Retention.</u> IRR examination documents become part of the patient's CHR and/or CPRS, i.e., medical records, and must be retained in accordance with VHA Records Control Schedule 10-1. This includes:
 - (1) VA Worksheet,
 - (2) Progress notes,
 - (3) Laboratory reports,
 - (4) X-rays, and
 - (5) Any other documentation that may have been part of a radiation examination.

12. EDUCATION AND TRAINING

a. Current information on the status of the IRAD Program (see EAS website at: http://www.va.gov/irad/) needs to be presented to VA medical center staff (e.g., at staff conferences or grand rounds), veterans organizations, and community groups.

NOTE: This is an excellent means of exchanging ideas in a continuing effort to update and provide quality management of the IRAD Program

- (1) Telephone Conferences with VA medical facilities are held periodically by EAS, VHA Central Office. *NOTE:* Minutes of these telephone conferences, research journal reprints, and other educational items, such as: the current Ionizing Radiation Newsletter, Office of Public Affairs News Service VA Fact Sheet on "VA Programs for Veterans Exposed to Radiation," "VA Radiation Programs Information for VHA Environmental Health Clinicians and Coordinators," and VA Fact Sheet on "Nasopharyngeal Radium Therapy," are distributed by EAS to all Environmental Health Clinicians and Coordinators.
- (2) VHA intranet websites http://www.va.gov/irad for clinicians and coordinators.
- b. Education and training need to ensure the successful accomplishment of the following goals:

SAMPLE IONIZING RADIATION FOLLOW-UP LETTER (MEDICAL PROBLEMS INDICATED)

	(EDICAL PROBLEMS INDICATED)
(Date) (Name and Address)	
Dear:	
(VA) Ionizing Radiation Regi	your recent participation in the Department of Veterans Affairs stry (IRR) Program. This effort will be helpful in assisting us to ealth problems that may have resulted from a radiation exposure.
showed certain problems (opt these findings, we have sched	ision of your visit, results of your examination and laboratory tests ional these findings may be described in lay terms). In view of uled you for treatment of these health problems on(date) If up this appointment, please call(phone number) at the earliest schedule.
Environmental Health Coordi	or concerns about your IRR examination, please contact the nator(phone number) for assistance. You may be interested p-to-date information on our ionizing radiation program:
benefits. If you wish to file a contact the nearest VA Region (address). Their telephore be filed only for injury or illudisability was incurred or agg you may contact a Veterans S	examination does not automatically initiate a claim for VA claim for compensation to establish service connection, please nal Office. In your area, the Regional Office is located at ne number is(phone number) Compensation claims need not ess incurred in combat; the law requires only that a disease or ravated during military service. If you need any further assistance, ervice Representative by calling the VA toll-free telephone number is the Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA) website at
- · ·	osequently evaluates you and finds a new diagnosis, you are th all additional diagnoses, which will be included in your medical
We trust this information	is helpful to you.
	Sincerely, (Name)
	(Environmental Health Clinician)

SAMPLE IONIZING RADIATION REGISTRY FOLLOW-UP LETTER (NO MEDICAL PROBLEMS)

DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

- **1. Austin Automation Center (AAC).** The AAC, Austin, TX, is the location of the Ionizing Radiation Registry (IRR) database of veteran participants, and the findings of radiation physical examinations, including related diagnostic data.
- 2. Basic Metabolic Panel (BMP).
- 3. Comprehensive Metabolic Panel (CMP).
- 4. Certified Nurse Practitioner (CNP).
- 5 Chief of Staff (COS).
- 6. Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS).
- **7.** Consolidated Health Record (CHR). The CHS is a file containing medical records relating to patient identity, diagnosis, prognosis, or treatment at a Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) health care facility.
- **8. Defense Special Weapons Agency (DSWA).** The DSWA was formerly the Defense Nuclear Agency (DNA) and is now identified as the Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA).
- **9. Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA).** The DTRA was formerly the DSWA and DNA.
- 10. Department of Defense (DOD).
- 11. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA).
- 12. Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.).
- 13. Doctor of Medicine (M.D.).
- **14.** Environmental Agents Service (EAS). The EAS, Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Central Office, has the responsibility of coordinating and monitoring all VHA activities, research and otherwise, relating to the ionizing radiation issue.
- **15. Environmental Epidemiology Service (EES).** The EES, VA, is the Service responsible for providing epidemiological expertise to support clinical care, as well as performing relevant research studies.
- **16. Facility.** A facility is any VA entity that provides IRR examinations to veterans.
- **17. Follow-up Examination.** A follow-up examination is an examination that is performed subsequent to the completed initial (first) examination. *NOTE:* This is not a consultation associated with the initial examination. Data from the first follow-up examination are to be

entered in website: http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov. Data from subsequent follow-up examinations, if performed, do not have to be entered into the IRR website unless there is a change in diagnosis.

- **18. Initial Examination.** An initial examination is the first physical examination that is completed and entered in IRR website: http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov.
- **19. Ionizing Radiation (IRAD).** Ionizing Radiation is any of the various forms of radiant energy that causes ionization when it interacts with matter. The most common types are alpha radiation, made up of helium nuclei; beta radiation, made up of electrons; and gamma and x rays, consisting of high-energy electromagnetic radiation.
- **20. Ionizing Radiation Registry (IRR).** The IRR, managed centrally by the EAS in VA Central Office is a computerized index of veteran participants, and the coded findings of radiation physical examinations, including related diagnostic data.
- 21. Physician's Assistant (P.A.).
- 22. Prisoner of War (POW).
- **23.** Records Control Schedule (RCS) 10-1. The RCS-10-1 is a document providing instructions for record retention and disposition.
- 24. Social Security Number (SSN).
- 25. Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA).
- 26. Veterans Service Representative (VSR).
- **27. VA Form 10-0020A.** VA Form 10-0020A, Ionizing Radiation Registry Work Sheet, this edition is the updated Ionizing Radiation Registry work sheet superseding the August 2003 edition of VA Form 10-0020A.
- **28. VA Form 10-1079.** VA Form 10-1079 is the Emergency Medical Identification sticker which is to be affixed to the front of CHR.
- 29. Veterans Health Administration (VHA).
- **30.** Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture (VistA). VA computer system (formerly called Decentralized Hospital Computer Program (DHCP)) that supports day-to-day operations at local VA health care facilities.
- 31. Veterans Integrated Service Network (VISN).

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING, ENTERING DATA AND TRANSMITTING IONIZING REGISTRY WORKSHEET, VA FORM 10-0020A

General Instructions for Completing. Entering Data and Transmitting Ionizing Radiation Registry Worksheet VA Form 10-0020A

- 1. Instructions for completing, entering and transmitting Ionizing Radiation registry data to the Ionizing Radiation Registry Worksheet, Department of VeteransVA Form 10-0020A are included in the Users Guide that you will access via website http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov.
- 2. Follow instructions provided in the User's Guide carefully to ensure that <u>all</u> data fields are accurately completed.
- 3. The work sheet must be printed from the website and filed in the Consolidated Health Record (CHR) and/or the Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS) with the medical records.

NOTE: As of October 1, 2003, the AAC no longer accepts hard copies of code sheets mailed to their offices in Austin, TX.

4. Go to the web site address at, http://vaww.registries.aac.va.gov for Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Form 10-00020A, Ionizing Radiation Registry Work Sheet. Since this is a low-use form, it is not be stocked by the Hines Service and Distribution Center (formerly known as the Forms and Publications Depot).