## Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Revised Management Plan













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National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Ocean Service

National Marine Sanctuary Program

This document is the revised management plan for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. It replaces the management plan that was implemented in 1996 and will serve as the primary management document for the Sanctuary during the next five years.

Comments or questions on this management plan should be directed to:

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#### Note to Reader

In an effort to make this document more user-friendly, we have included references to the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Web site rather than including the entire text of many bulky attachments or appendices that are traditionally included in management plans. Readers who do not have access to the Internet may call the Sanctuary office at (305) 809-4700 to request copies of any documents that are on the Sanctuary's Web site. For readers with Internet access, the Sanctuary's Web site can be found at floridakeys.noaa.gov.

### ABOUT THIS DOCUMENT

This document is a report on the results of NOAA's five-year review of the strategies and activities detailed in the 1996 *Final Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement* for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. It serves two primary purposes: 1) to update readers on the outcomes of successfully implemented strategies - in short, accomplishments that were merely plans on paper in 1996; and, 2) to disseminate useful information about the Sanctuary and its management strategies, activities and products. The hope is that this information, which charts the next 5 years of Sanctuary management, will enhance the communication and cooperation so vital to protecting important national resources.

#### Sanctuary Characteristics

The Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary extends approximately 220 nautical miles southwest from the southern tip of the Florida peninsula. The Sanctuary's marine ecosystem supports over 6,000 species of plants, fishes, and invertebrates, including the nation's only living coral reef that lies adjacent to the continent. The area includes one of the largest seagrass communities in this hemisphere. Attracted by this tropical diversity, tourists spend more than thirteen million visitor days in the Florida Keys each year. In addition, the region's natural and man-made resources provide recreation and livelihoods for approximately 80,000 residents.

The Sanctuary is 2,900 square nautical miles of coastal waters, including the 2001 addition of the Tortugas Ecological Reserve. The Sanctuary overlaps four national wildlife refuges, six state parks, three state aquatic preserves and has incorporated two of the earliest national marine sanctuaries to be designated, Key Largo and Looe Key National Marine Sanctuaries. Three national parks have separate jurisdictions, and share a boundary with the Sanctuary. The region also has some of the most significant maritime heritage and historical resources of any coastal community in the nation.

The Sanctuary faces specific threats, including direct human impacts such as vessel groundings, pollution, and overfishing. Threats to the Sanctuary also include indirect human impacts, which are harder to identify but are reflected in coral declines and increases in macroalgae and turbidity. More information about the Sanctuary can be found in this document and at the Sanctuary's Web site.

#### Management Plan Organization

Within this document, the tools that the Sanctuary uses to achieve its goals are presented in five management divisions: 1) Science; 2) Education, Outreach & Stewardship; 3) Enforcement & Resource Protection; 4) Resource Threat Reduction; and 5) Administration, Community Relations, & Policy Coordination. Each management division contains two or more *action plans*, which are implemented through supporting *strategies* and *activities*. The strategies described in the 1996 *Management Plan* generally retain their designations in this document. As in the 1996 plan, two or more action plans may share a strategy where their goals and aims converge. The 1996 plan can be accessed on the Sanctuary's Web site floridakeys.noaa.gov

#### Accomplishments and Highlights

The Sanctuary's programs and projects have made significant progress since the original management plan was implemented 1996. An overview of these accomplishments is provided in the Introduction. In addition, each action plan contains bulleted lists of accomplishments since the 1996 management plan was adopted.

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## **Acronyms**

ACHP Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

AGRRA Atlantic and Gulf Rapid Reef Assessment Program

ASA Abandoned Shipwreck Act

ATBA Areas to Be Avoided

AWT Advanced Wastewater Treatment CAD Computer Automated Dispatch

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CERP Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan

CFR Code of Federal Regulations CRCP Coral Reef Conservation Program

DARP Damage Assessment and Restoration Program
DEP Florida Department of Environmental Protection

DTNP Dry Tortugas National Park
EIS Environmental Impact Statement
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ESA Endangered Species Act

F.S. Florida Statues

FAC Florida Administrative Code

FDACS Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

FDCA Florida Department of Community Affairs FDHR Florida Division of Historical Resources FDOT Florida Department of Transportation FKNMS Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

FKNMSPA Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Protection Act

FPS Florida Park Service FR Federal Register

FWC Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

FWRI Fish and Wildlife Research Institute

FY Federal Fiscal Year

GIS Geographic Information System

GMD Growth Management Division (Monroe County)
GMFMC Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council

GPS Global Positioning System HAZMAT Hazardous Materials

ICS Incident Command Structure

ICW Intra-coastal Waterway

IMO International Maritime Organization

MBTA Migratory Bird Treaty Act

MEERA Marine Ecosystem Event Response and Assessment

MHR Maritime Heritage Resources
MMPA Marine Mammal Protection Act
MMS Minerals Management Service
MOA Memorandum of Agreement
MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MRD Marine Resources Division (Monroe County) NCCOS National Centers for Coastal Ocean Science

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act NGO Non-governmental Organization NHPA National Historic Preservation Act NMFS National Marine Fisheries Service

NMS National Marine Sanctuary NMSA National Marine Sanctuary Act

NMSF National Marine Sanctuary Foundation NMSP National Marine Sanctuary Program

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NOAA/OLE NOAA Office of Law Enforcement

NOS National Ocean Service

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NPS National Park Service

NRDA Natural Resource Damage Assessment Claims

NURC National Undersea Research Center

OFW Outstanding Florida Waters OSDS On-Site Disposal System

OSTDS On-Site Sewage Treatment and Disposal System PREP National Prepared for Response Exercise Program

PSSA Particularly Sensitive Sea Area RECON Reef Ecosystem Condition Program

REEF Reef Environmental Education Foundation

RNA Research Natural Area

RSMAS University of Miami/Rosenstiel School of Marine and Atmospheric Science

SAFMC South Atlantic Fishery Management Council

SAP Science Advisory Panel

SAV Submerged Aquatic Vegetation SCR Submerged Cultural Resources SEFSC Southeast Fisheries Science Center

SFWMD South Florida Water Management District

SHIELDS Sanctuary Hazardous Incident Emergency Logistics Database System

SPA Sanctuary Preservation Area

SWIM Surface Water Improvement and Management Act

SWM Stormwater Management
TAC Technical Advisory Committee
TNC The Nature Conservancy

USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USCG U.S. Coast Guard

USDOC U.S. Department of Commerce USDOI U.S. Department of Interior USDOS U.S. Department of State

USDOT U.S. Department of Transportation USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS U.S. Geological Survey

WAMS Waterway Assessment and Marking System

WMA

Wildlife Management Area Water Quality Protection Program Water Quality Steering Committee WQPP WQSC



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# Appendix F – Agreements for the Integrated Management of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

This Appendix contains a list of final and draft agreements between NOAA and the State of Florida current at the time of publication. This list provides status updates for each of the then-draft agreements listed in Appendix J of the 1996 Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Final Management Plan.

#### Interim Memorandum of Agreement between the State of Florida and NOAA

The purpose of this agreement was to promote and ensure the cooperation of the Co-Trustees in the implementation of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary and Protection Act (FKNMSPA) and the Florida Trustees Resolution. By entering into the Agreement, the Co-Trustees established a mechanism necessary for join consultation and cooperation for the protection of the marine environment and Sanctuary resources during the period of time between the effective date of the agreement and adoption of the final Management Plan and regulations by NOAA and the State of Florida.

Status: Originally signed on September 15, 1992. Replaced by with the Co-Trustees Agreement for Cooperative Management

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### **Co-Trustees Agreement for Cooperative Management**

The purpose of this agreement is to clarify the relative jurisdiction, authority, and conditions of Co-Trustee management of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. It clarifies the State of Florida's continuing authority and jurisdiction over submerged lands and other state resources within the Sanctuary. It also sets forth provisions on how NOAA and the state will cooperate on specific matters such as regulatory amendments, permits and other matters.

Status: This agreement became effective on May 19, 1997, the date of the last signature on the document. The agreement states that it will continue in force unless or until terminated in conjunction with the five year review of the management plan by NOAA and the state or for as long as there is a Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. The Sanctuary could be disestablished outside the 5 year review timetable.

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### **Interagency Compact Agreement**

The purpose of this agreement was to establish a mechanism for joint consultation, integrated management and cooperation for the protection of the marine environment and Sanctuary resources. Signatories to the agreement were to have included NOAA, EPA, USDOI, USACE, USCG, Governor of the State of Florida, Monroe County Mayor, City of Key West Mayor, City of Key Colony Beach Mayor, City of Layton Mayor, and the South Florida Water Management District Board Chair.

Status: When the FKNMS final Management Plan (1996) was implemented in July 1997, significant progress had been made in obtaining signatures of all the agencies listed in the Interagency Compact Agreement for the Integrated Management of the Sanctuary. However, the City of Layton, based on the opposition that existed toward the Sanctuary in the mid-1990's, raised some concerns about the compact agreement. The City Council was concerned that by signing the agreement, it would commit the City to funding portions of the final Management Plan. While all of the other signatures had been obtained, Sanctuary managers chose to approach the City of Layton at a later date and once again request their approval to sign the compact agreement. In the meantime, two more cities were incorporated in Monroe County (The Villages of Islamorada and the City of Marathon) and several of the agency heads that had previously signed the compact agreement had transferred from the positions or left their jobs. Within a year it became evident that the compact agreement was constantly becoming outdated before signatures from all parties could be obtained.

As implementation of the final Management Plan has progressed, the public has become more comfortable and accepting of the FKNMS. In addition, Sanctuary managers have realized that the Water Quality Protection Program's Steering Committee is made up of most of the signatories originally identified for the compact agreement and that much of the original intent of the compact agreement is handled through that integrated management body.

## Programmatic Agreement for Historical Resource Management in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

The purpose of this Programmatic Agreement (formerly known as the Submerged Cultural Resources Agreement) is to define the relative relationship of the State of Florida, as owner of all submerged cultural resources (Chapter 267, Florida Statutes) located in state waters, with NOAA, and to jointly develop a policy, as represented by this Agreement, for protection and management of historic resources in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary by the Co-Trustees, the State of Florida and NOAA. The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (Council) agrees that this is a Programmatic Agreement under sections 106 and 110 of the National Historic Preservation Act and implementing regulations. This agreement is also consistent with the provisions of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary and Protection Act, the National Marine Sanctuaries Act and the Abandoned Shipwreck Act.

Status: Originally signed in 1998, this agreement was re-signed in 2004 and remains in effect for an additional five year period.

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### **Cooperative Enforcement Agreement**

The purpose of this agreement is to set forth the cooperation and coordination between the agencies multiple federal and state agencies listed in the agreement in support of enforcement operations within the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary.

Status: This agreement became effective on July 12, 1999, the date of the last signature on the document. It will remain in effect until terminated by any party.

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### Agreement for the Coordination of Civil Claims

The purpose of this agreement is to provide for the cooperation and coordination among the Co-Trustees with respect to civil claims for response costs or damages based on injury to Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Resources.

Status: This agreement became effective on May 19, 1997, the date of the last signature on the document. It will remain in effect, and may be modified from time to time, until terminated.

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### **Protocol for Cooperative Fisheries Management**

The purpose of this document is to establish a protocol which describes the roles of the federal and state governments in the ongoing management of the fishery resources of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. The collective objectives of the Florida Marine Fisheries Commission, the South Atlantic Fisheries Management Council, the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Council, NOAA's Marine Fisheries Service, and NOAA's Ocean Service are to: develop consistent (or one set of ) regulations within the FKNMS; provide for a flexible management system that minimizes regulatory delays while retaining substantial state, federal and public management decisions, and rapidly adapts to changes in resource abundance, new scientific information and changes in fishing patterns among user groups; and promote public comprehension of, voluntary compliance with, and effective enforcement of the fisheries regulations within the FKNMS

Status: This agreement became effective in January 1998 on the date of the last signature on the document.

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### **Protocol for Emergency Response Notifications**

The purpose of this document was to provide a protocol for notification and response to promote effective and efficient response by NOAA, USCG and the DEP to events that involve injury to Sanctuary resources, including vessel groundings and similar incidents. The protocol was to establish a general framework and objectives for coordinating on notification and response to such incidents.

Status: As the Damage Assessment and Restoration Program for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Program has evolved since the final Management Plan was adopted in 1997, the protocol for emergency response has also evolved. The protocol that is followed for large vessel groundings with oil or hazardous materials spills, or that pose the threat of such spill is led by the USCG and is contained in the Area Contingency Plan found at http://homeport.uscg.mil/mycg/portal/ep/contentView.do?channelId=-17389&contentId=78475&programId=12623&programPage=%2Fep%2Fprogram%2Feditorial.jsp&pageTypeId=16440&contentType=EDITORIAL&BV\_SessionID=@@@@0172244917.1199280288@@@@&BV\_EngineID=ccceaddmjggkdedcfjgcfgfdffhdghj.0.

A formal protocol for smaller groundings and other events was not finalized or published. However, an interagency procedures document is in draft format and it is expected to be finalized and adopted within the year.

#### Certification/Authorization of Permits Agreement

The purpose of the agreement (implemented as a Memorandum of Understanding) between the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and NOAA is to streamline the process for issuing FWC and NOAA permits related to collection of all coral species, sea fans (*Gorgonia* spp.), live rock and live sand in the FKNMS.

Status: This agreement became effective on July 2, 2002, the date of the last signature on the document. It will remain in effect until terminated by either party.

A full copy of this document can be found on the FKNMS Web site at floridakeys.noaa.gov/regs/welcome.html

#### Water Quality Protection Program Steering Committee Bylaws

The purpose of the Steering Committee for the Water Quality Protection Program is to set guidance and policy for the development and implementation of the Program. The Committee will work together to insure that the components (corrective actions, monitoring, research and public education/outreach) of the Program are implemented. The By-Laws provide a framework for the Committee to operate by and within.

Status: The By-Laws were originally adopted on March 11, 1993. They were amended and readopted on September 24, 1996. They remain in effect until further amended.