# SECTION IV

# PROCEDURES AND PUNCTUATION CHECKS

#### PROCEDURE 1: PERSONAL NAMES

- 1. Convert indicators as follows:
  - Set MARC 21 first indicator as follows:
    - If UNIMARC second indicator = 0, set MARC 21 first indicator = 0

      If UNIMARC second indicator = 1, set MARC 21 first indicator = 1 (D)
  - Set MARC 21 second indicator according to MARC 21 tag, as follows:
    - If field converted to MARC 21 = 600, set MARC 21 second indicator according to Procedure 8, else;
    - Set MARC 21 second indicator = # (blank).
- 2. Convert UNIMARC subfields as follows:

Keep data in order of occurrence in UNIMARC field unless otherwise specified below.

- Subfield \$a: Keep \$a as such.
- Subfield \$b: Substitute ",#" for "\$b" and move new data to the end of MARC 21 \$a.
- Subfield \$c: Keep \$c as such; Insert "," at end of preceding subfield.
- Subfield \$d: Change UNIMARC \$d to MARC 21 \$b
- Subfield \$f: Change UNIMARC \$f to MARC 21 \$d; Insert "," at end of preceding subfield.
- Subfield \$g: Change UNIMARC \$g to MARC 21 \$q; insert "(" before and ")" at end subfield \$q data.
- Subfield \$4: Convert UNIMARC relator code according to Table 2; if UNIMARC code has no MARC 21 equivalent, do not convert UNIMARC subfield.

  Subfield \$3: Do not convert \$3.

Do not convert any UNIMARC subfields which are not listed above.

- 3. Delete any punctuation that precedes the first subfield in the field.
- 4. If a MARC 21 \$c immediately follows another MARC 21 \$c, substitute "#" for second and subsequent occurrences of "\$c".
- 5. Do Punctuation check A at end of last subfield in the name portion preceding \$4.

#### PROCEDURE 2: CORPORATE NAMES

- 1. Convert indicators as follows:
  - Set MARC21 first indicator equal to UNIMARC second indicator if values = 0, 1, 2; else set first indicator = 2.
  - Set MARC 21 second indicator according to MARC 21 tag, as follows:
     If field converted to MARC 21 = 610, set MARC 21 second indicator
     according to Procedure 8, else;
     Set MARC 21 second indicator = # (blank).
- 2. Convert UNIMARC subfields:
  - Subfield \$a: Keep \$a as such.
  - Subfield \$g: Enclose \$g data in parentheses, if not already present, and substitute "#" for "\$g". Data will thus become part of previous subfield.
  - Subfield \$h: Substitute "#" for "\$h". Ddata will thus become part of previous subfield.
  - Subfield \$c: Enclose \$c data in parentheses and substitute "#" for \$c. Data will thus become part of previous subfield.
  - Subfield \$b: Keep \$b as such; Insert "." at end of preceding subfield, unless "." is already present.
  - Subfield \$d: Change UNIMARC \$d to MARC 21 \$n; Insert "(" at beginning of subfield \$n data, unless "(" is already present.
  - Subfield \$e: Change UNIMARC \$e to MARC 21 \$c; Insert "#:" before \$c data and ")" at end of subfield \$c data. NOTE: MARC 21 subfield \$c should always follow subfield \$d in records with code a in Leader/18.
  - Subfield \$f: Change UNIMARC \$f to MARC 21 \$d: If MARC 21 \$d is preceded by \$n, insert "#:" before \$d, else insert "(" before \$d.
  - Subfield \$4: If UNIMARC field = 4XX (any embedded field) or 6XX, do not convert \$4; else convert data according to Table 2
  - Subfield \$3: Do not convert \$3
- 3. Delete any punctuation that precedes the first subfield in the field.
- 4. Do Punctuation check A at end of last subfield in name portion.

#### PROCEDURE 3: CONFERENCE NAMES

- 1. Convert indicators as follows:
  - Set MARC 21 first indicator equal to UNIMARC second indicator if value = 0,
     1, or 2; else set 1st ind. = 2 (Default)
  - Set MARC 21 second indicator according to MARC 21 tag, as follows:
     If field converted to MARC 21 = 611, set MARC 21 second indicator
     according to Procedure 8, else;
     Set MARC 21 second indicator = # (blank).
- 2. Convert UNIMARC subfields as follows:
  - Subfield \$a: Keep \$a as such.
  - Subfield \$b: Change UNIMARC \$b to MARC 21 \$e; Insert "." at end of preceding\ subfield if "." is not already present.
  - Subfield \$c: Enclose \$c data in parentheses and substitute "#" for "\$c" . The data thus becomes part of previous subfield.
  - Subfield \$d: Change UNIMARC \$d to MARC 21 \$n; Insert "(" at beginning of subfield \$n data, unless "(" is already present.
  - Subfield \$e: Change UNIMARC \$e to MARC 21 \$c; Insert "#:" before \$c data and ")" at end of subfield \$c data. NOTE: MARC 21 subfield \$c should always follow subfield \$d in records with code a in Leader/18.
  - Subfield \$f: Change UNIMARC \$f to MARC 21 \$d: If MARC 21 \$d is preceded by \$n, insert "#:" before \$d, else insert "(" before \$d.
  - Subfield \$g: Substitute "#" for "\$g"; Enclose \$g data in parentheses, if not already present.
  - Subfield \$h: Substitute "#" for "\$h" The data thus becomes part of the previous subfield.
  - Subfield \$4: If UNIMARC field = 4XX (any embedded field) or 6XX, do not convert \$4; else convert data according to Table 2
  - Subfield \$3: Do not convert \$3
- 3. Delete any punctuation that precedes the first subfield in the field.
- 4. Do Punctuation check A at end of last subfield in name portion.

#### PROCEDURE 4: TITLES

#### Convert title subfields as follows:

```
Subfield $a: Keep $a as such.
Subfield $b: Do not convert subfield $b.
Subfield $e: If $e immediately preceded by MARC 21 $a, $n, or $p, change $e
    to $b; insert "#:" (if not already present) immediately preceding new
    MARC 21 $b; else, substitute "#:#" for "$e".
Subfield $h: Change $h to $n; insert "." (if not already present)
    immediately preceding the new MARC 21 $n.
    Do NOT insert "." preceding new subfield $n if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $i: Change $i to $p.
    If $i immediately preceded by UNIMARC $h, insert "," (if not already
        present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $p; else, insert "."
        (if not already present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $p.
    Do NOT insert "." preceding new subfield $p if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $j: Change UNIMARC $j to MARC 21 $f
Subfield $k: Change UNIMARC $k to MARC 21 $f; insert "." (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $f.
    Do NOT insert "." preceding new subfield $f if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $1: Change UNIMARC $1 to MARC 21 $k; insert "." (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $k.
    Do NOT insert "." preceding new subfield $k if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $m: Change UNIMARC $m to MARC 21 $1; insert "." (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $1.
    Do NOT insert "." preceding new subfield $1 if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $n: Change UNIMARC $n to MARC 21 $g
Subfield $q: Change UNIMARC $q to MARC 21 $s; insert "." (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $s.
    Do NOT insert "." preceding new subfield $s if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $r: Change UNIMARC $r to MARC 21 $m; insert "," (if not already
    present) immediately preceding MARC 21 $m.
    Do NOT insert "," preceding new subfield $m if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $s: Change UNIMARC $s to MARC 21 $n; insert "," (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $n.
    Do NOT insert "," preceding new subfield $n if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $t: Change UNIMARC $t to MARC 21 $0; insert ";" (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $0.
    Do NOT insert ";" preceding new subfield $0 if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $u: Change UNIMARC $u to MARC 21 $r; insert "," (if not already
    present) immediately preceding new MARC 21 $r.
    Do NOT insert "," preceding new subfield $r if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $v: Do not convert $v unless originally embedded in UNIMARC 410
    in which case keep as such; insert "#;" (if not already present)
    immediately preceding new MARC 21 $v.
    Do NOT insert "#;" preceding new subfield $v if it is the first subfield.
Subfield $x: Keep $x as such; insert "," (if not already present)
    immediately preceding new MARC 21 $x.
    Do NOT insert "," preceding new subfield $x if it is the first subfield.
    [Note: This processing creates an obsolete MARC 21 data element!]
Subfield $z: Do not convert $z
```

[Referenced: 410, 500, 510-517, 520, 541]

Subfield \$3: Do not convert \$3

## PROCEDURE 5: CREATION OF MARC 21 FIELD 886

Create MARC 21 field 886 as follows:

```
If UNIMARC tag = Leader, set 886 1st ind. = 0
If UNIMARC tag = 001-009, set 886 1st ind. = 1
If UNIMARC tag = 010-999, set 886 1st ind. = 2
```

Create 886 \$2 containing a MARC code corresponding to the format of the original MARC record (before conversion). This MARC code is usually derived from a parameter setting at conversion time since the MARC record structure is not self-defining for format implementation.

Create 886 \$a with content = UNIMARC tag number
Create 886 \$b and transfer entire contents of UNIMARC field (indicators, subfield codes and data) to 886 \$b.

NOTE: In processing an 886 field, all subfield codes -- foreign MARC as well as MARC 21 -- are to be removed from the data and nested at the head of the field. The 886 is thus handled the same as all other converted subfields.

#### PROCEDURE 6: SETTING NONFILING INDICATORS

In UNIMARC, nonfiling characters are specified in the data by control characters immediately preceding and immediately following the nonfiling characters. The technique of using these control characters has been approved for MARC 21 but is not yet implemented. Until these new control characters are implemented in MARC 21, follow the instructions below for fields where the nonfiling indicator positions have been defined.

In the older MARC 21 nonfiling indicator technique, nonfiling characters are specified by a value in one of the indicator positions (usually the 2nd indicator). A value from 0 to 9 indicates the number of nonfiling characters, including the space, occurring at the beginning of the field.

To set the MARC 21 nonfiling indicator, do this:

Count the number of characters occurring between control function hex '88' and control function hex '89' in the first UNIMARC subfield \$a in the field. NOTE: Hex '88' must be the first character in the first subfield \$a. Set the MARC 21 nonfiling indicator with the number obtained.

Delete the control functions from the UNIMARC field. (Default = 0)

NOTE: The control function characters must eventually be stripped out of the MARC 21 record. However, the MARC 21 non-filing indicators must be set before these are stripped out.

If there is no subfield \$a, set the non-filing indicator = 0.

## PROCEDURE 6.1: SETTING NONFILING INDICATORS FOR LINKING ENTRY FIELDS (76X-78X)

In UNIMARC, nonfiling characters are specified in the data by control characters immediately preceding and immediately following the nonfiling characters. The technique of using these control characters has been approved for MARC 21 but is not yet implemented. Until these new control characters are implemented in MARC 21, follow the instructions below for fields where the nonfiling indicator positions have been defined.

Delete control characters hex '88' and hex '89' and the data that occurs between them. Nonfiling strings are not recorded in MARC 21 linking entry fields (76X-78X).

#### PROCEDURE 7: LINKING ENTRY FIELDS

UNIMARC fields in the 4XX block may carry other embedded UNIMARC fields (including their tags, indicators, and subfields). The need to deal with the embedding technique in the UNIMARC 4XX group is signaled by the presence of control subfield \$1 (digit one) in the UNIMARC 4XX field. If no subfield \$1 occurs in a UNIMARC 4XX field, do not follow this procedure.

#### General instructions:

Special processing for a variety of UNIMARC embedded field tags is specified below. The embedded field should always be preceded by subfield \$1. The end of an embedded field is marked by the occurrence of another subfield \$1, or the MARC end-of-field character (hex 1E). When processing the data in an embedded field, the \$1, UNIMARC field tag and associated indicator values are deleted. The value of the embedded UNIMARC field tag is used to determine the equivalent MARC 21 subfield code to be used in the MARC 21 Linking entry field according to the following rules:

Embedded 7XX fields: Transfer the data following subfield \$a, except subfields \$3 and \$4, in the first UNIMARC 7XX field to subfield \$a in the corresponding MARC 21 linking entry field. Convert remaining UNIMARC 7XX subfields as follows:

```
If UNIMARC field = 700, 701, 702, 720, 721, or 722,
 convert $b to ",#"
  convert $c to ",#"
  convert $d to "#"
  convert $f to ",#"
  convert g to "#(" and add ")" at the end of the g data
  convert $p to ",#"
 Do Punctuation check A.
If UNIMARC field = 710, 711, or 712,
  convert $b to ".#"
  convert $c to "#(" and add ")" at the end of the $c data
  convert $d to "#("
  if not preceded by $d, convert $e to "#(", else convert $e to "#:#
  convert $f to "#:#" and add ")" at end of $f data
  convert $g to ",#"
  convert $h to ".#"
  convert $p to ",#"
  Do Punctuation check A.
```

Embedded 5XX field: If there is no embedded 7XX field, transfer all subfields and data except \$3 and \$v to MARC 21 \$a. Convert remaining 5XX subfields as follows:

Insert "." (if not already present) immediately preceding UNIMARC subfields \$h, \$k, \$1, \$m, and \$q. If UNIMARC \$i immediately preceded by UNIMARC \$h, insert "," (if not already present) immediately preceding UNIMARC \$i; else insert "." (if not already present) immediately preceding UNIMARC \$i. Substitute "#" (blank) for each embedded subfield identifier.

```
Else, transfer all subfields and data following UNIMARC $a except $3 and
    $v to MARC 21 $s. Substitute "#" (blank) for all subfield codes except $a.
    Do Punctuation check A
Field 205: Transfer all subfields and data after UNIMARC $a to MARC 21 $b
    Substitute ", #" for second and subsequent UNIMARC "$a"
    Substitute ",#" for UNIMARC "$b"
If UNIMARC $d is followed by "=#", substitute "#" for "$d"; else
    substitute "#=#" for UNIMARC "$d"
    Substitute "#/#" for UNIMARC "$f"
    Substitute "#;#" for UNIMARC "$g"
    Do Punctuation Check A at end of new MARC 21 $a.
Field 210: Transfer all subfields and data after UNIMARC $a except for UNIMARC
    $i,$j, $k, $1 and $m to MARC 21 $d
Substitute "#;#" for any second and subsequent UNIMARC $a
Enclose UNIMARC $b data in parentheses (if not already present) and
    substitute "#" for "$b"
Substitute "#:#" for UNIMARC "$c"
Substitute ",#" for UNIMARC "$d"
Substitute "#" for UNIMARC "$e"
Substitute ",#" for "$f"
Substitute "#:#" for "$g"
Substitute ",#" for "$h"
Insert "(" as first character of UNIMARC $e, $f, $g or $h, whichever comes
    first and ")" as last data character of UNIMARC $e, $f, $g, or $h
    whichever comes last.
Do Punctuation check A at end of new MARC 21 $d.
Field 101: If MARC 21 tag = 775, transfer $a data only to MARC 21 $e; else do
    not process 101 data.
Field 102: If MARC 21 tag = 775, Transfer $a data only to MARC 21 $f
Convert data as specified in Table 1.
Field 225: Transfer data following UNIMARC $a to MARC 21 $k
If $d is followed by "=#", substitute "#" for "$d"; else substitute "#=#"
    for each UNIMARC "$d"
Substitute "#:#" for each UNIMARC "$e"
Substitute "#/#" for each UNIMARC "$f"
Substitute ".#" for each UNIMARC "$h"
Substitute ",#" for each UNIMARC "$i" if $i immediately preceded by
    UNIMARC $h; else substitute ".#" for each "$i".
Enclose entire data of $k in parentheses "( )" if not already present.
Field 510: Transfer UNIMARC $a data to MARC 21 $q; do not convert other 510
subfields.
```

Do Punctuation check A.

#### PROCEDURE 7: LINKING FIELDS (continued)

Field 200: Transfer UNIMARC \$a data to MARC 21 \$t; Transfer UNIMARC \$h and \$i.

Substitute ".#" for each UNIMARC \$h.

Substitute ",#" for each UNIMARC \$i if it is immediately preceded by UNIMARC \$h; else substitute ".#" for UNIMARC \$i.

Do Punctuation Check A at end of each field.

Field 530: If no UNIMARC 200, convert 530; else drop embedded 530. Transfer UNIMARC \$a data to MARC 21 \$t
Transfer UNIMARC \$b data to MARC 21 \$c; do not convert other subfields.
If new \$c not enclosed in parentheses, enclose \$c data in parentheses.
Do Punctuation check A

Field 001: Transfer to \$w.

Field 011: Transfer \$a to \$x; do not convert other subfields

Field 040: Transfer \$a data to \$y; do not convert other subfields

Field 010: Transfer \$a data to \$z; do not convert other subfields.

Arrange new MARC 21 subfields in the following order: \$a, \$s, \$t, \$c, \$q, \$b, \$d, \$k

Other subfields may following in any order.

## PROCEDURE 8: SETTING OF SECOND INDICATOR FOR 600-607

Set MARC 21 second indicator on fields 600, 601, 602, 605, 606, and 607 according to the content of \$2 as follows:

```
If $2 contains "lc", set MARC 21 second indicator = 0

If $2 contains "lcch", set MARC 21 second indicator = 1

If $2 contains "mesh", set MARC 21 second indicator = 2

If $2 contains "nal", set MARC 21 second indicator = 3

If $2 contains "other" set MARC 21 second indicator = 4

If $2 contains "cae", set MARC 21 second indicator = 5

If $2 contains "caf", set MARC 21 second indicator = 6

If $2 contains other than the above terms, set MARC 21 second indicator = 7

If $2 does not exist in the field, set MARC 21 second indicator = 4
```

Keep \$2 as such if MARC 21 2nd ind. = 7; else do not convert UNIMARC \$2

#### PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field

Note: This procedure is invoked for the creation of MARC21 format records from UNIMARC source records.

Convert the UNIMARC Record Label according to the following specifications when creating MARC21 format records. Like UNIMARC,

MARC21 records begin with twenty-four characters called the Leader. The MARC21 Leader has no indicators or subfield codes.

MARC		l	_1	UNIM		l		
TAG	•	NO. O	F   NAME/DESCRIPTION		•	NO. OF	  NAME/DESCRIPTION	  NOTES
I 	FOS.	CHAR.	NAME/DESCRIPTION	 			NAME/DESCRIPTION	NOIE2
	I	1	1	REC	I	I	I	
LDR	İ	24	LEADER	LAB	Ì	24	RECORD LABEL	İ
1	100-04		LOGICAL RECORD LENGTH		00-04	   5	RECORD LENGTH	Computed by the
i	i	i	(right justified,	ii	İ	i	right justified,	record conversion
		1	zero fill)	П		1	zero fill)	program.
 I	05	5  1	RECORD STATUS		05	1	RECORD STATUS	 
 	06	5  1	TYPE OF RECORD		06	1	TYPE OF RECORD	
 	07	7  1	BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL		07	1	BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL	l
 	08	3  1	UNDEFINED		08	1	TYPE OF CONTROL	SET to # (blank)
 	09	)  1	UNDEFINED		09	1	CHARACTER CODING SCHEME	SET to # (blank)
 	10	)  1	INDICATOR COUNT		10	1	INDICATOR LENGTH	SET to value 2
	11	1	SUBFIELD CODE COUNT	11	11	1	SUBFIELD IDENT. LENGTH	SET to value 2
I	12-16	5  5	BASE ADDRESS OF DATA	П	12-16	5	BASE ADDRESS OF DATA	The value is calcu-
			(right justified, zero	$\prod$			(right justified;	lated by the con-
1		1	fill)	П	1	I	zero fill)	version program.
 	17	7   1	ENCODING LEVEL		17	1	ENCODING LEVEL	l I
	18	3   1	DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGING FORM	r	18	1	DESCRIPTIVE CAT. FORM	
	19	9  1	LINKED RECORD REQUIREMENT		19	1	UNDEFINED	SET /19 to value #
	20	)  1	LENGTH OF THE LENGTH-OF-		20	1	LENGTH OF THE LENGTH-OF-	
i	i	i	FIELD PORTION	ii	İ	i	FIELD PORTION	i i

PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

	   	21  	1	LENGTH OF THE STARTING-   CHARACTER-POSITION PORT	  ON	   	21	   	1	LENGTH OF THE STARTING-   CHARACTER-POS. PORTION	 	
	   	22	1	LENGTH OF THE IMPLEMENTA-   TION-DEFINED PORTION	 	   	22	   	1	UNDEFINED 	SET TO VALUE 0 	
	   	23  	1	UNDEFINED	    	   	23	   	1	UNDEFINED ENTRY MAP CHARACTER POSITION	SET TO VALUE 0	

PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

  MARC	21								
		NO. OF	1				NO. OF	I	 
17.0	:	1	1	ESCRIPTION	140		1	  NAME/DESCRIPTION	NOTES
					 		· 		· 
DIR	1		DIRECTO	DRY	DIR.		1	RECORD DIRECTORY	Assembled by
									conversion program;
(NR)			(Accord	ding to ISO 2709;	П				see note below
			arrange	ed in ascending order					1
			accordi	ing to 1st character	П				1
			of tag	or by complete tag)					1
									1
	Proce	ssing N	ote for	Record Directory:					1
	The R	ecord D	irectory	y is assembled as spe	cified	in MA	RC21 Sp	ecifications for Record	1
	St	ructure	, Charac	cter Sets, Tapes, p.	5-6.	Note e	special	ly that the Sequence	1
	Nu	mber mu	st be as	ssigned to fields 001	-399 r	elativ	e to an	y repetition of an entire	1
	fi	eld num	tive to repetition of any	1					
	fi	eld wit	1						
	Re	cord Di	rectory	entries are sorted a	t the	end of	the co	nversion, the entries for	1
	fi	elds 00	1-399 mu	st be sorted differe	ntly f	rom th	ose for	fields 400-999.	1
	(s	ee exam	ple belo	ow)					
		wa na	01	Garage Ward and					
l i			21 Tag 020	Sequence Number  1 SORTED	OM EME	TDE	a		l l
l i	1				ON ENT	IRE TA	G		
	1 .		020	2	or 1 am	DIGIE			
l i	'		490 440	1 SORTED 2 OF THE		DIGIT			l l
 	1				TAG				
l 	 		490	3					
	MAR	C21 Lea	der/00-0	04 and /12-16 should	be cal	culate	d once	the Directory has been	
	:	embled.						_	İ
İ	NOT	E: Dire	ctory er	ntries for MARC21 886	shoul	d be p	laced 1	ast and arranged in	Ì
İ	asc	ending	order ac	cording to the order	of th	e sour	ce fiel	ds in the UNIMARC record.	İ
İ		_		ruction concerning th					İ
				<b>3</b> ·				-	•

## PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

The MARC 21 field 008 (Fixed-Length Data Elements) contains data in coded form. Information from UNIMARC field 100 (General Processing Data) is general mapped to MARC 21 field 008 according to the following specifications.

MARC			UNIM		
TAG	CHAR.	·		CHAR.	·
	POS.	NAME	SF	POS.	NOTES
800	00-05	DATE ENTERED ON FILE	100	02-07	
1	1		\$a	1	1
	· 	·		· 	· 
1008	l 06	TYPE OF DATE/PUBLICATION STATUS	100	l 08	1
i	i	i	\$a	i	i i
	' 			' 	 
lona	107-10	DATE 1/BEGINNING DATE OF PUBL.	100	109-12	I I
1	10, 10		\$a	1	 
I	I	1	२०	1	I I
1000	111 1/	DATE 2/ENDING DATE OF PUBLICATION	11100	112 16	
1000	1	DATE 2/ENDING DATE OF PUBLICATION		173-10	
I		I	\$a	I	
1000	1				la 1 c 1.
1008	172-17	PLACE OF PUBLICATION, PROD., OR	102	!	No default
		EXECUTION	\$a	l	l I
008	35-37	LANGUAGE	101		
008	38	MODIFIED RECORD	100	21	Information is found in UNIMARC 100##\$a/21 and
			\$a	2	/25
008	39	CATALOGING SOURCE	801	I	GENERATE "d"
	1	I	\$a	1	i i
	· 	•		· 	·

PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

## IF BOOKS, THEN:

TAG	21: BOO  CHAR.  POS.			CHAR	.    NOTES	-     
008 	18-21 	ILLUSTRATION CODE	105   \$a	-		-   
008 	22 	TARGET AUDIENCE	100   \$a	-		-   
	ORM OF		00     \$a		 	-  008
008 	24-27 	NATURE OF CONTENTS	105   \$a	-	·	-   
008 	28 	GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION	100   \$a	-		 
008 	29 	CONFERENCE PUBLICATION	105   \$a	-		-   
008 	30 	FESTSCHRIFT 	105   \$a	•	   	-   
008 	31 	INDEX	105   \$a	-	   	-   
008	32	MAIN ENTRY IN BODY OF ENTRY			GENERATE "0"	- 
008 	33	FICTION	105   \$a	•	•	
008	34	BIOGRAPHY 	105   \$a	-	   	-    -

# PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

# IF COMPUTER FILES, THEN:

MARC21: COMPUTER FILES	UNIMARC
•	TAG   CHAR.
POS.   NAME	SF  POS.  NOTES
008   18  FREQUENCY	110
· · · ·	\$a
008   19  REGULARITY	110
·	\$a
008  20-21 UNDEFINED	GENERATE "##"
008   22  TARGET AUDIENCE	
· · · ·	\$a
008  23-25 UNDEFINED	GENERATE "###"
008   26  TYPE OF COMPUTER FILE	135   00
	\$a
008   27  TYPE OF MACHINE	GENERATE "a"
008   28  GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION	100   20
	\$a
008  29-34 UNDEFINED	GENERATE "#####"
IF MAPS, THEN:	
II mis, imm.	
•	UNIMARC
	TAG CHAR.
POS. NAME	SF   POS.   NOTES
008  18-21 RELIEF	120   03-06 If no 120, default to "#"
	\$a

PROCEI	DURE 9	: Construction of MARC21 Leader, I	)ir	ecto:	ry, 008	B Field (Cont.)
008 	22-23 	PROJECTION			07-08 	   
008	24	PRIME MERIDIAN 			09-10 	If no 120, default to "#" 
008 	25 	CARTOGRAPHIC MATERIAL TYPE 			08 	Default to " " (fill character) 
800	26-27	UNDEFINED	-			GENERATE "##"
008	28	GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION 			20 	
800	29-30	UNDEFINED	-	<b></b>		GENERATE "##"
008	31	INDEX 			01 	Default to "0" 
008	32	UNDEFINED				GENERATE "#"
008	33-34	SPECIAL FORMAT CHARACTERISTICS				GENERATE " " (fill character)
IF MUS	SIC, TI	HEN:				
•	21: MU:			UNIM		
-	CHAR.  POS.				CHAR.	
008	18 <b>-</b> 19	FORM OF COMPOSITION			 	 
•	•	FORMAT OF MUSIC 			00 	
008	21 	EXISTENCE OF PARTS			01 	 
008	22 	TARGET AUDIENCE 		100 \$a	17-19 	 

		9. Construction of MARC21 header, D			0 11014 (00.01)	
008 	23 			00 		
008 	24-2 		126   \$a	13-18 	   	   
008 	30-3 	1 LITERARY TEXT FOR SOUND RECORDING	125   \$b	•	   	   
008	32	MAIN ENTRY IN BODY OF ENTRY			GENERATE "0"	-
008	33-3	4   UNDEFINED			GENERATE "#"	_
IF VI	SUAL	MATERIALS, THEN:				
008 	18-2 			01-03 		
008	21	UNDEFINED			GENERATE "#"	
008 	22 	·	100   \$a	17-19 	   	
008	23-2 	•		11-14 		-    -
008	28 	·	100   \$a	20	 	
008	29-3	UNDEFINED			GENERATE "###"	
008	32	MAIN ENTRY IN BODY OF ENTRY			GENERATE "0"	- 
008	33	TYPE OF MATERIAL	    	   	GENERATE " " (fill character)	
008 	34 		115   \$a	09 	 	    -

PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

PROCEDURE 9: Construction of MARC21 Leader, Directory, 008 Field (Cont.)

# IF SERIALS, THEN:

008 	18 	FREQUENCY 	110   \$a	•	 
008	19 	REGULARITY 	110   \$a	02	 
008 	20 	ISDS CENTER 	802   \$a	•	   
008 	21 	TYPE OF SERIAL 	110   \$a	00 	   
008 	22 	FORM OF ORIGINAL ITEM 	111   \$a	00 	·
008 	23 	FORM OF ITEM 	111   \$a	-	   
008 	24 	NATURE OF ENTIRE WORK 	110   \$a	03 	·
008 	   25-27 	NATURE OF CONTENTS 	110   \$a		   
008 	   28 	GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION 	100   \$a	-	   
008 	   29 	CONFERENCE PUBLICATION	110   \$a	•	   
008 	30 	TITLE PAGE AVAILABILITY 	110   \$a		GENERATE "#" (blank) 
008 	   31 	INDEX AVAILABILITY 	110   \$a	•	GENERATE "#" (blank) 
008 	   32 	CUMULATIVE INDEX CODE 	110   \$a	•	GENERATE "#" (blank) 

008   33  ORIGINAL ALPHABET OF TITLE	100   34
008   34  SUCCESSIVE/LATEST ENTRY	GENERATE "1" if 520 present in UNIMARC record; else "0"

## PROCEDURE 10: 007 VISUAL MATERIALS

Note: No more than one 007 should be generated in a single MARC21 record.

If Visual Materials, and a UNIMARC 115 present, create a single MARC21 007 \$a from the first occurring 115 (only). Generate values in each byte of 007 as indicated below.

NARC21: FILMS							
POS.   NAME	MARC	21: FI	LMS	UNI	<b>IARC</b>		I
007   00   GMD	TAG	CHAR.		TAG	CHAR.		
		POS.	NAME	SF	POS.	NOTES	
							٠-
007   01   SMD (If US 007/00 = g or m)	1007	00	•	• •	•	]	
		 		Şa 	 	l 	
	007	01	SMD (If US 007/00 = g or m)	115	00	[Note: 115\$a/00 sets value but 115 a/08 may	ı
007   01   SMD (If US 007/00 = v)	i	i			=	•	i
	· 	· 	· 		·	· 	
007   02   ORIGINAL VS. REPRODUCTION	007	01	SMD (If US 007/00 = v)	115	00	[Note: 115\$ a/00 sets value but 115\$ a/15 may	
007   03   COLOR	1			\$a	or 15	override it.]	
007   03   COLOR							٠-
	007	02	ORIGINAL VS. REPRODUCTION		1	GENERATE " " (fill character)	ı
	1007	l 03	COLOR	   115	l 04	 	· –
007   04   PRESENTATION FORMAT	1	03	•		•	! 	i
(If US 007/00 = m)	' 						. <u>'</u>
007   04   PRESENTATION FORMAT	007	04	PRESENTATION FORMAT	115	10		Ī
007   05   SOUND ON MEDIUM/SEPARATE     115   05	ĺ	İ	(If US 007/00 = m)	\$a	İ		Ì
007   05   SOUND ON MEDIUM/SEPARATE     115   05							. <u>-</u>
	007	04	PRESENTATION FORMAT			GENERATE " " (fill character)	
	1007		GOIND ON MEDIUM/GEDADAME	   111E			· –
007   06   MEDIUM FOR SOUND	1007	1 05	•		•	 	1
	I 	ı 		२ª 		! 	ا 
	007	06	MEDIUM FOR SOUND	115	06	1	ı
007   07   WIDTH/DIMENSIONS	i	i	•	• •	•	İ	i
		· 			·		
007   08   SECONDARY SUPPORT     115     If 007/00 = g, then GENERATE " " (fill character) in	007	07	WIDTH/DIMENSIONS	115	07		
			1	\$a			
							٠_
(II US 007/00 = g only)	007	08					
	I	I	(II US 007/00 = g only)	Şa	I	UU//U8; else do not generate UU//U8	I

## PROCEDURE 11: 007 MUSIC

NOTE: No more than one 007 should be generated in a single MARC21 record.

If Music, and a UNIMARC 126 present, create a single MARC21 007 \$ a from the first occurring 126 (only). Generate values in each byte of 007 as indicated below.

						-
•		OUND RECORDING	UNIM			
-	CHAR.	· ·		CHAR.		ļ
l	POS.	NAME	SF	POS.	NOTES	ı
007	00	GMD - SOUND RCD (007/00 = s)			GENERATE "s" when 126 present	-
007	01	SMD	   126   \$a	•	   	-   
I 	 	·	Pa 	ı 	! 	  -
007	02	ORIGINAL VS. REPRODUCTION		 	GENERATE " " (fill character)	  -
007	03	SPEED	126	07		l
			\$a			
1007		KIND OF SOUND	   126		If no 126/19, use alternate instructions under	- I
007 	04			•	126 \$a/08	 
		·				<u>.</u>
007	05	GROOVE WIDTH/PITCH	126	•	1	
			\$a	1		
1007	. ne	DIMENSIONS	   126	10	 I	- I
007	00		\$a	10 	! 	 
· 	· 	·		<u>.</u>		-
007	07	TAPE WIDTH	126	11		
			\$a			l
1007	l 08	TAPE CONFIGURATION	126	12	 	- I
			\$a			
·	· 			· 		-
007	09	KIND OF DISC, CYLINDER	126	00		
l	ļ		\$b	l		
1007	10	KIND OF MATERIAL	126	01	 	- I
	-		\$b			
						_

007   11  KIND OF CUTTING 	126   02     \$b	   
007   12  SPECIAL REPRODUCT. TECHNIQ	126   20   If no 126 \$a/20, input " " (fill character)   \$a	   

## PROCEDURE 12: 007 MICROFORM

NOTE: If more than one 130 is present, generate a new 007 for each.

Generate values in each byte of 007 as indicated below.

MARC21: MICROFORM  TAG  CHAR.     POS.  NAME	UNIMARC   TAG  CHAR.    SF  POS.  NOTES
007    MICROFORMS (007/00 = h)	
007   00  GMD [= h]	
007   01  SMD	130   00
007   02  ORIGINAL VS. REPRODUCTION	GENERATE " " (fill character)
007   03  POLARITY	130   01
007   04  DIMENSIONS	130   02
007   05  REDUCTION RATIO CODE	130   03
007  06-08 SPECIFIC REDUCTION RATIO	130   04-06
007   09  COLOR	130   07
007   10   EMULSION OF FILM	130   08
007   11  GENERATION	130   09
007   12  BASE OF FILM	130   10

## PROCEDURE 13: 007 MAPS

NOTE: No more than one 007 should be generated in a single MARC21 record.

If a UNIMARC 121 or 124 \$b present, create a single MARC21 007 \$a from the first occurring 121 and/or 124 \$b (only). Generate values in each byte of 007 as indicated below.

MARC21: MAPS  TAG  CHAR.		   UNIMARC   TAG  CHAR.			- 	
•	•	·   NAME		POS.		
007 	00 		   124   \$b	   	   	-     
007	01 	•	124   \$b	   	 	-     
007	02	ORIGINAL VS. REPRODUCTION		I	GENERATE " " (fill character)	I
007	03 	•	120   \$a	00 	If no 120, GENERATE " " (fill character) 	-     
007 	04 	•	121   \$a	03-04 	If no 121, GENERATE " " (fill character) 	
007	05	TYPE OF REPRODUCTION		I	GENERATE " " (fill character)	I
007 	06		121   \$a		If no 121, GENERATE " " (fill character) if US 007/00  = a; else, do not generate 007/06.	-   
007	07	POLARITY (If US 007/00 = a 	 	   	GENERATE " " (fill character) if US 007/00 = a;  else do not generate 007/07	   

Note: Globes = 00-05 long Maps = 00-07 long

#### PUNCTUATION CHECKS

#### PUNCTUATION CHECK A

Insert period at end of the field or subfield if one of the following marks of punctuation is not already present:

- "." Period
- "-" Hyphen
- "?" Question mark
- "!" Exclamation mark
- ")" Closing parenthesis
- "]" Closing square bracket

If the punctuation marks ";" (semicolon) ":" (colon) "," (comma) or "/" (slash) appear at the end of field or subfield, delete them and any immediately preceding "#" (blank) and insert "." (period).

#### PUNCTUATION CHECK B

Remove any blanks that occur at the end of a subfield.