Table 4-2. Estimated number of hunter days and estimated net value of hunting trips on public lands, FY 1996

	Deer		Elk		Waterfowl		Small Game		Other Game	
Administrative State	Hunter Days/a/	Net Economic Value/b/	Hunter Days/a/	Net Economic Value/b/		Net Economic Value/b/	Hunter Days/a/	Net Economic Value/b/	Hunter Days/a/	Net Economic Value/b/
Alaska	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arizona	1,903,104	\$115,807,817	28,512	\$1,735,014	NA	NA	2,243,340	\$75,081,535	477,400	\$9,441,503
California	2,795,184	\$170,092,731	/c/	/c/	178,290,237	\$89,507,204	2,079,990	\$63,279,763	NA	NA
Colorado	1,169,616	\$71,173,554	261,792	\$15,930,585	NA	NA	402,930	\$12,259,562	59,024	\$1,167,313
Eastern States/d/	19,824	\$1,206,332	/c/	/c/	27,272	\$1,363,049	32,670	\$994,018	3,472	\$68,666
Idaho	1,764,336	\$107,363,497	209,952	\$48,558,592	518,168	\$19,334,143	686,070	\$20,874,390	74,648	\$1,476,308
Montana	1,387,680	\$84,443,200	195,696	\$11,908,507	NA	NA	370,260	\$11,265,544	152,768	\$3,021,281
Nevada	812,784	\$49,459,589	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,374,020	\$72,232,015	138,880	\$2,746,619
New Mexico	1,070,496	\$65,141,898	19,440	\$1,182,964	NA	NA	381,150	\$11,596,883	67,704	\$1,338,976
Oregon	3,310,608	\$201,457,349	272,160	\$16,561,499	374,660	\$18,809,040	805,860	\$24,519,125	333,312	\$6,591,886
Utah	4,103,568	\$249,710,606	86,832	\$5,287,160	695,436	\$34,906,858	827,640	\$25,181,803	187,488	\$3,707,936
Wyoming	1,367,856	\$83,236,869	216,432	\$13,170,335	NA	NA	642,510	\$19,549,032	232,624	\$4,600,587
Total	19,705,056	\$1,199,093,441	1,290,816	\$114,334,657	3,398,443	\$163,920,294	10,846,440	\$336,833,670	1,727,320	\$34,161,076

<sup>/</sup>a/ Hunter days are based on figures from the 1991 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation.

NA - Not Available: The sample size was considered too small for an accurate estimate.

Source: The 1991 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation, published by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior.

<sup>/</sup>b/ The methodology for calculating the 1996 Net Economic Values, has undergone two changes: (1) numbers are adjusted according to fiscal year rather than calendar year, and

<sup>(2)</sup> a logarithmic function is used to calculate the average annual growth rate. In order to make these changes, the above two criteria were applied starting with the 1993 PLS, Tables 25 and 26, and calculated through to 1996. The 1993 PLS was the beginning point because it is based on numbers published in the 1991 *National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation*; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1993. Due to the adjusted time period and mathematical methodology, numbers shown in Table 4-2 in the 1966 PLS are not directly comparable to numbers in Table 25 and 26 in previous PLS publications.

<sup>/</sup>c/ This species does not occur on public lands in this Administrative State.

<sup>/</sup>d/ Eastern States administers BLM public lands in the 31 States east of and bordering the Mississippi River. Wyoming administers BLM public lands in North and South Dakota. New Mexico administers BLM public lands in Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas. Oregon administers BLM public lands in Washington.