§ 766.352

§ 766.352 Voluntary sale of real property and chattel.

- (a) General. A borrower may voluntarily sell real property or chattel security to repay FLP debt in lieu of involuntary liquidation if all applicable requirements of this section are met. Partial dispositions are handled in accordance with part 765, subparts G and H, of this chapter.
- (1) The borrower must sell all real property and chattel that secure FLP debt until the debt is paid in full or until all security has been liquidated.

(2) The Agency must approve the sale and approve the use of proceeds.

- (3) The sale proceeds are applied in order of lien priority, except that proceeds may be used to pay customary costs appropriate to the transaction provided:
- (i) The costs are reasonable in amount:
- (ii) The borrower is unable to pay the costs from personal funds or have the purchaser pay;

(iii) The costs must be paid to complete the sale;

- (iv) Costs are not for postage and insurance of the note while in transit when required for the Agency to present the promissory note to the recorder to obtain a release of a portion of the real property from the mortgage.
- (4) The Agency will approve the sale of property when the proceeds do not cover the borrower's full debt only if:
- (i) The sales price must be equal to or greater than the market value of the property; and
- (ii) The sale is in the Agency's financial interest.
- (5) If an unpaid loan balance remains after the sale, the Agency will continue to service the loan in accordance with subpart B of 7 CFR part 1956.
- (b) *Voluntary sale of chattel.* If the borrower complies with paragraph (a) of this section, the borrower may sell chattel security by:
- (1) Public sale if the borrower obtains the agreement of lienholders as necessary to complete the public sale; or
 - (2) Private sale if the borrower:
- (i) Sells all of the security for not less than the market value;
- (ii) Obtains the agreement of lienholders as necessary to complete the sale:

- (iii) Has a buyer who is ready and able to purchase the property; and
- (iv) Obtains the Agency's agreement for the sale.

§ 766.353 Voluntary conveyance of real property.

- (a) Requirements for conveying real property. The borrower must supply the Agency with the following:
 - (1) An Agency application form;
- (2) A current financial statement. If the borrower is an entity, all entity members must provide current financial statements;
- (3) Information on present and future income and potential earning ability;
- (4) A warranty deed or other deed acceptable to the Agency;
- (5) A resolution approved by the governing body that authorizes the conveyance in the case of an entity;
- (6) Assignment of all leases to the Agency. The borrower must put all oral leases in writing;
- (7) Title insurance or title record for the security, if available;
- (8) Complete debt settlement application in accordance with subpart B of 7 CFR part 1956 before or in conjunction with the voluntary conveyance offer if the value of the property to be conveyed is less than the FLP debt; and
- (9) Any other documentation required by the Agency to evaluate the request.
- (b) Conditions for conveying real property. The Agency will accept voluntary conveyance of real property by a borrower if:
- (1) Conveyance is in the Agency's financial interest;
- (2) The borrower conveys all real property securing the FLP loan; and
- (3) The borrower has received prior notification of the availability of loan servicing in accordance with subpart C of this part.
- (c) *Prior and junior liens.* (1) The Agency will pay prior liens to the extent consistent with the Agency's financial interest.
- (2) Before conveyance, the borrower must pay or obtain releases of all junior liens, real estate taxes, judgments, and other assessments. If the borrower is unable to pay or obtain a release of the liens, the Agency may attempt to negotiate a settlement with the

lienholder if it is in the Agency's financial interest.

- (d) Charging and crediting the borrower's account. (1) The Agency will charge the borrower's account for all recoverable costs incurred in connection with a conveyance.
- (2) The Agency will credit the borrower's account for the amount of the market value of the property less any prior liens, or the debt, whichever is less. In the case of an American Indian borrower whose loans are secured by real estate located within the boundaries of a Federally recognized Indian reservation, however, the Agency will credit the borrower's account with the greater of the market value of the security or the borrower's FLP debt.
- (e) Right of possession. After voluntary conveyance, the borrower or former owner retains no statutory, implied, or inherent right of possession to the property beyond those rights under an approved lease-purchase agreement executed according to §766.154 or required by State law.

§ 766.354 Voluntary conveyance of chattel.

- (a) Requirements for conveying chattel. The borrower must supply the Agency with the following:
 - (1) An Agency application form;
- (2) A current financial statement. If the borrower is an entity, all entity members must provide current financial statements;
- (3) Information on present and future income and potential earning ability;
- (4) A bill of sale including each item and titles to all vehicles and equipment, as applicable;
- (5) A resolution approved by the governing body that authorizes the conveyance in the case of an entity borrower:
- (6) Complete debt settlement application in accordance with subpart B of 7 CFR part 1956 before or in conjunction with the voluntary conveyance offer if the value of the property to be conveyed is less than the debt.
- (b) *Conditions for conveying chattel.* The Agency will accept conveyance of chattel only if:
- (1) The borrower has made every possible effort to sell the property voluntarily:

- (2) The borrower can convey the chattel free of other liens;
- (3) The conveyance is in the Agency's financial interest;
- (4) The borrower conveys all chattel securing the FLP loan; and
- (5) The borrower has received prior notification of the availability of loan servicing in accordance with subpart C of this part.
- (c) Charging and crediting the borrower's account. (1) The Agency will charge the borrower's account for all recoverable costs incurred in connection with the conveyance.
- (2) The Agency will credit the borrower's account in the amount of the market value of the chattel.

§ 766.355 Acceleration of loans.

- (a) *General.* (1) The Agency accelerates loans in accordance with this section, unless:
- (i) State law imposes separate restrictions on accelerations;
- (ii) The borrower is American Indian, whose real estate is located on an Indian reservation.
- (2) The Agency accelerates all of the borrower's loans at the same time, regardless of whether each individual loan is delinquent or not.
- (3) All borrowers must receive prior notification in accordance with subpart C of this part, except for borrowers who fail to graduate in accordance with §766.101(a)(8).
- (b) *Time limitations*. The borrower has 30 days from the date of the Agency acceleration notice to pay the Agency in full.
- (c) Borrower options. The borrower may:
 - (Ĭ) Pay cash;
- (2) Transfer the security to a third party in accordance with part 765, subpart I of this chapter;
- (3) Sell the security property in accordance with § 766.352; or
- (4) Voluntarily convey the security to the Agency in accordance with §§ 766.353 and 766.354, as appropriate.
- (d) Partial payments. The Agency may accept a payment that does not cover the unpaid balance of the accelerated loan if the borrower is in the process of selling security, unless acceptance of the payment would reverse the acceleration.