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along the Baylor/Throckmorton County line to the line of longitude  $-99.0191^{\circ}$  W.; then south along the line of longitude  $-99.0191^{\circ}$ W. to the line of latitude  $33.3535^{\circ}$  N.; then west along the line of latitude  $33.3535^{\circ}$  N to the line of longitude  $-99.1270^{\circ}$  W.; then north along the line of longitude  $-99.1270^{\circ}$  W. to the point of beginning.

(2) Beginning at the Throckmorton/Young County line and the line of latitude  $33.3003^{\circ}$  N.; then south along the Throckmorton/ Young County line to the line of latitude  $33.1809^{\circ}$  N.; then west along the line of latitude  $33.1809^{\circ}$  N. to the line of longitude  $-98.9890^{\circ}$  W; then north along the line of longitude  $-98.9890^{\circ}$  W. to the line of latitude  $33.2055^{\circ}$  N.; then west along the line of latitude  $33.2055^{\circ}$  N. to the line of longitude  $-99.0043^{\circ}$  W.; then north along the line of longitude  $-99.0043^{\circ}$  W. to the line of latitude  $33.3003^{\circ}$  N.; then east to the point of beginning.

Young County. Beginning at the Throckmorton/Young County line and the line of latitude 33.3003° N.; then east along the line of latitude 33.3003° N. to the line of longitude  $-98.8886^{\circ}$  W.; then south along the line of longitude  $-\,98.8886^\circ$  W. to the line of latitude 33.2880° N.; then east along the line of latitude 33.2880° N. to the line of longitude -98.8356° W.; then south along the line of longitude -98.8356° W, to the line of latitude 33.1946° N.; then west along the line of latitude 33.1946° N. to the line of longitude -98.8762° W.; then south along the line of longitude -98.8762° W. to the line of latitude 33.1809° N.; then west along the line of latitude 33.1809° N. to the Throckmorton/Young County line; then north along the Throckmorton/Young County line to the point of beginning.

[61 FR 52207, Oct. 4, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 23624, May 1, 1997; 62 FR 62505, Nov. 24, 1997;
63 FR 1, Jan. 2, 1998; 63 FR 50751, Sept. 23, 1998; 64 FR 23752, May 4, 1999; 65 FR 50596, Aug. 21, 2000; 66 FR 32210, June 14, 2001; 66 FR 37576, July 19, 2001; 66 FR 63152, Dec. 5, 2001;
67 FR 61978, Oct. 3, 2002; 69 FR 246, Jan. 5, 2004; 69 FR 8096, Feb. 23, 2004; 69 FR 27823, May 17, 2004; 70 FR 15555, Mar. 28, 2005; 70 FR 73555, Dec. 13, 2005; 71 FR 12992, Mar. 14, 2006;
71 FR 67434, Nov. 22, 2006]

#### §301.89-4 Planting.

Any wheat, durum wheat, or triticale that originates within a regulated area must be tested and found free from bunted wheat kernels and spores before it may be used as seed within or outside a regulated area.

[69 FR 8096, Feb. 23, 2004]

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# § 301.89-5 Movement of regulated articles from regulated areas.

(a) Any regulated article may be moved from a regulated area into or through an area that is not regulated only if moved under the following conditions:

(1) With a certificate or limited permit issued and attached in accordance with §§ 301.89–6 and 301.89–10;

(2) Without a certificate or limited permit, provided that each of the following conditions is met:

(i) The regulated article was moved into the regulated area from an area that is not regulated;

(ii) The point of origin is indicated on a waybill accompanying the regulated article;

(iii) The regulated article is moved through the regulated area without stopping, or has been stored, packed, or handled at locations approved by an inspector as not posing a risk of contamination with Karnal bunt, or has been treated in accordance with the methods and procedures prescribed in § 301.89-13 while in or moving through any regulated area; and

(iv) The article has not been combined or commingled with other articles so as to lose its individual identity;

(3) Without a certificate or limited permit, provided the regulated article is a soil sample being moved to a laboratory approved by the Administrator<sup>1</sup> to process, test, or analyze soil samples;

(b) When an inspector has probable cause to believe a person or means of conveyance is moving a regulated article, the inspector is authorized to stop the person or means of conveyance to determine whether a regulated article is present and to inspect the regulated article. Articles found to be infected by an inspector, and articles not in compliance with the regulations in this subpart, may be seized, quarantined,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Criteria that laboratories must meet to become approved to process, test, or analyze soil, and the list of currently approved laboratories, may be obtained from the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine, Surveillance and Emergency Programs Planning and Coordination, 4700 River Road Unit 98, Riverdale, Maryland 20737-1236.

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treated, subjected to other remedial measures, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of. Any treatments will be in accordance with the methods and procedures prescribed in §301.89–13.

[61 FR 52207, Oct. 4, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 23627, May 1, 1997; 63 FR 50751, Sept. 23, 1998; 69 FR 8096, Feb. 23, 2004]

## §301.89-6 Issuance of a certificate or limited permit.

(a) An inspector<sup>2</sup> or person operating under a compliance agreement will issue a certificate for the movement of a regulated article outside a regulated area if he or she determines that the regulated article:

(1) Is eligible for unrestricted movement under all other applicable Federal domestic plant quarantines and regulations;

(2) Is to be moved in compliance with any conditions deemed necessary under section 414 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714)<sup>3</sup> to prevent the artificial spread of Karnal bunt; and

(3)(i) Is free of Karnal bunt infestation, based on laboratory results of testing, and history of previous infestation;

(ii) Has been grown, produced, manufactured, stored, or handled in a manner that would prevent infestation or destroy all life stages of Karnal bunt; or

(iii) Has been treated in accordance with methods and procedures prescribed in §301.89-13.

(b) To be eligible for movement under a certificate, hay cut after the dough stage or grain from a field within a regulated area must be tested prior to its movement from the field or before it is commingled with similar commodities and must be found free from bunted kernels. If bunted kernels are found, the grain or hay will be eligible for movement only under a limited permit issued in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, and the field of production will be considered positive for Karnal bunt.

(c) An inspector or a person operating under a compliance agreement will issue a limited permit for the movement outside the regulated area of a regulated article not eligible for a certificate if the inspector determines that the regulated article:

(1) Is to be moved to a specified destination for specified handling, utilization, or processing (the destination and other conditions to be listed in the limited permit and/or compliance agreement), and this movement will not result in the artificial spread of Karnal bunt because Karnal bunt will be destroyed or the risk mitigated by the specified handling, utilization, or processing;

(2) Is to be moved in compliance with any additional conditions the Administrator may impose under section 414 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714) to prevent the artificial spread of Karnal bunt; and

(3) Is eligible for movement under all other Federal domestic plant quarantines and regulations applicable to the regulated article.

(d) An inspector shall issue blank certificates and limited permits to a person operating under a compliance agreement in accordance with §301.89-7 or authorize reproduction of the certificates or limited permits on shipping containers, or both, as requested by the person operating under the compliance agreement. These certificates and limited permits may then be completed and used, as needed, for the movement of regulated articles that have met the applicable requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section for the issuance of certificates or of paragraph (c) of this section for the issuance of limited permits.

[61 FR 52207, Oct. 4, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 23627, May 1, 1997; 63 FR 50751, Sept. 23, 1998; 64 FR 23754, May 4, 1999; 66 FR 21053, Apr. 27, 2001; 67 FR 21161, Apr. 30, 2002; 69 FR 8096, Feb. 23, 2004]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inspectors are assigned to local offices of APHIS, which are listed in local telephone directories. Information concerning such local offices may also be obtained from the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine, Surveillance and Emergency Programs Planning and Coordination, 4700 River Road Unit 98, Riverdale, Maryland 20737–1236.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>An inspector may hold, seize, quarantine, treat, apply other remedial measures to, destroy, or otherwise dispose of plants, plant pests, or other articles in accordance with sections 414, 421, and 431 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714, 7731, and 7754).