Social Studies

Physicist Stephen Eubank: Modeling Disease, Disaster, and Traffic

Findings

Stephen Eubank Studies Habits

Physicist Eubank builds models to predict the spread of disease.

Complex systems

- Have multiple components interacting in infinite ways
- Are affected by interactions of components
- Can be studied using mathematics

Department of Health and Human Services National Institutes of Health National Institute of General Medical Sciences

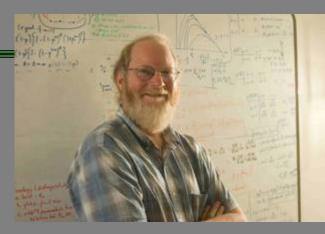


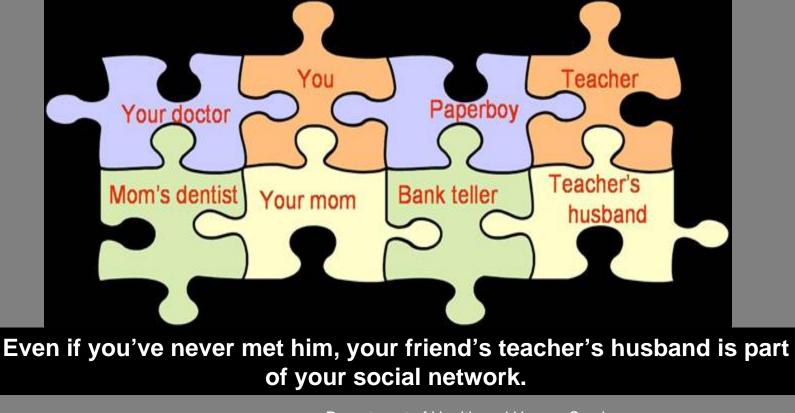
Photo: John McCormick

Question:

Are humans part of a complex system?

Answer: Yes

Humans are part of a complex system known as a social network.



Findings

Complexity Made Easy

Identify components of a complex system

Track the interaction of components

Enter interactions in software program on high-performance computers

Simulate all of the possible interactions

Study the results to assure they make sense

Retool the models to improve accuracy of results



Earth's Climate: a Complex System



- Static components, such as topography
- Dynamic components, such as ocean current, heat, rainfall

What are the possible results of the interactions of these components, and are the results always the same? Why or why not?

Findings

Traffic: Another Complex System

Goal: Simulate second-by-second movements of 1.6 million people

Results: 6 or fewer degrees of separation between people

Possible uses for the TRANSIMS model: Traffic safety and energy consumption

Eubank's use for the model: Use it as a foundation for modeling how diseases might move through communities and testing which interventions might slow or stop the spread of the disease

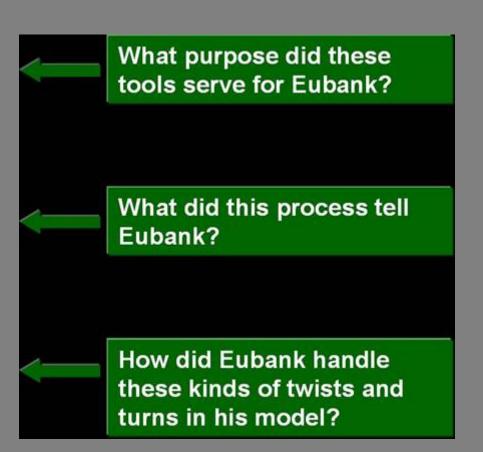
Transportation Analysis System (TRANSIMS)





Tools and Tricks of Eubank's Trade

- Public surveys, census reports, transportation data
- Linking an individual to personal contacts, those contacts to their contacts, and so on
- Changes in plans or the weather



The MIDAS Touch

Models of Infectious Disease Study (MIDAS)

- Made up of a network of government-funded interdisciplinary researchers
- Uses mathematical and analytical models in highperformance computer simulations
- Predicts spread of disease, such as pandemic flu
- Estimates the potential effectiveness and timing of interventions
- Provides information for other researchers and for public health officials



MIDAS: Chicago Outbreak

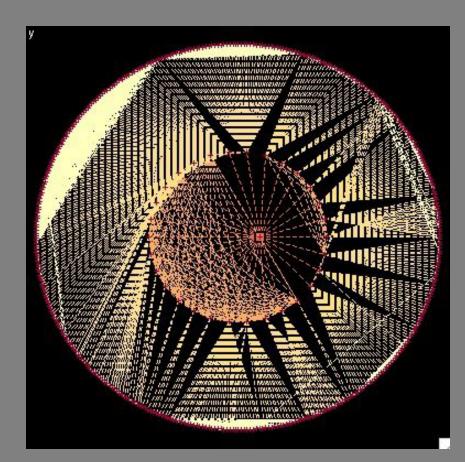
- Modeled spread of pandemic flu in Chicago
- Used data about social network, historical data about spread of contagious diseases, and information about avian flu itself
- Modeled by 60 computers in 10 hours



Photo: Stephen Eubank



Future Uses of Computer Modeling?



- Predicting human behavior
- Understanding the spread of disease in insect communities
- Identifying the most effective modes of communication during emergencies

Photo: Stephen Eubank



Research Applications

How do simulation failures help researchers who study complex systems?

