# **EPA's Regulatory Program** for "E-Waste"

Robert Tonetti
EPA Office of Solid Waste
October 2007

#### **FOCUS OF PRESENTATION**

■ THE BASICS OF HOW EPA
HAZARDOUS WASTE RULES DO &
DON'T APPLY

THE CRT RULE

### EPA's POLICY APPROACH

- THE WASTE MANAGEMENT HEIRARCHY
  - 1. REUSE
  - 2. RECYCLING
  - 3. DISPOSAL
- EPA's REGULATORY AND VOLUNTARY PROGRAMS EMPHASIZE THIS HEIRARCHY
- ALTHOUGH NOT PREFERRED, "E-WASTE" CAN BE SAFELY DISPOSED IN NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILLS

#### **EPA RULES**

- GENERALLY, MOST "E-WASTE" IN THE U.S. IS EITHER:
  - NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE
  - NON-WASTE
- SEVERAL HAZARDOUS WASTE EXCLUSIONS & EXEMPTIONS APPLY
  - TO ENCOURAGE REUSE & RECYCLING

# RCRA EXCLUSIONS & EXEMPTIONS

- RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
  - FEDERAL LAW re HAZARDOUS WASTE
- Under RCRA, a material must first be a waste in order to have the potential to be a hazardous waste
- EPA regulations under RCRA have many exclusions and exemptions
  - EXCLUSION: It is not a waste
  - EXEMPTION: It is a waste, but not a hazardous waste

# RCRA INCENTIVES for REUSE & RECYCLING

■ EQUIPMENT FOR POTENTIAL REUSE IS NOT WASTE

■ WASTE CAN BE MADE NON-WASTE BY PROCESSING — i.e., raw materials/commodities can be produced

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE EXEMPTIONS

- **NON-HAZARDOUS WASTES:** 
  - HOUSEHOLD WASTES incl any electronics from households
  - SCRAP METAL FOR RECYCLING
  - WHOLE CIRCUIT BOARDS FOR RECYCLING
  - PRECIOUS METALS FOR RECYCLING

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE EXCLUSIONS

- NON-WASTES: (Products or commodities)
  - MATERIALS OR EQUIPMENT FOR REUSE
  - PROCESSED SCRAP METAL FOR RECYCLING
  - SHREDDED CIRCUIT BOARDS FOR RECYCLING
    - Must be packaged to prevent release
    - Free of NiCd and Li batteries and mercury devices
  - PROCESSED CRT GLASS FOR RECYCLING
  - INTACT CRTs FOR RECYCLING
  - PARTIALLY PROCESSED CRTs FOR RECYCLING
    - CONDITIONS APPLY

### **EPA POLICY**

- JUNE 2002 FEDERAL REGISTER:
  - BECAUSE OBSOLETE ELECTRONICS ARE OFTEN CAPABLE OF REUSE, THEY ARE NOT CONSIDERED WASTES UNTIL A DECISION IS MADE THAT THEY CANNOT OR WILL NOT BE REUSED
  - SUCH DECISIONS ARE MADE BY PERSONS WITH SPECIALIZED EXPERTISE (unless destruction specified)
    - i.e., resellers & recyclers
  - THIS ALLOWS COLLECTION TO OCCUR WITHOUT REGARD TO WASTE RULES.

#### **HAZARDOUS WASTES**

- IF ALL FOUR ELEMENTS APPLY:
  - GENERATED BY NON-HOUSEHOLDS
  - GENERATED AT MORE THAN 220 lbs/mo
  - HAVE A HAZ WASTE "CHARACTERISTIC,"
     e.g., FAIL TCLP. EXAMPLES:
    - CRTs
    - **■SOME LAPTOPS, CELL PHONES, ETC.**
  - SENT FOR DISPOSAL

### SUMMARY COLLECTION, REUSE & RECYCLING

- PERSONS OR BUSINESSES THAT SEND USED ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT TO RECYCLERS:
  - 1. ARE NOT WASTE GENERATORS
    - Unless they require destruction
  - 2. GENERALLY AVOID RCRA LIABILITY
- MUCH OF WHAT A RECYCLER COLLECTS IS NOT WASTE
- RECYCLERS' OUTPUT INCLUDES:
  - Used and unused products
  - Recyclable commodities
    - Both non-wastes & non-hazardous wastes
  - Wastes requiring special handling or disposal

### WASTES REQUIRING SPECIAL HANDLING

- UNIVERSAL WASTES ARE
  HAZARDOUS WASTES WITH SPECIAL
  CONTROLS TO FACILITATE
  TREATMENT/RECYCLING
  - Certain batteries
    - NiCd, Li, Pb acid
  - Lamps and other mercury devices

# STATE HAZARDOUS WASTE RULES

- REMEMBER:
  - BE AWARE OF STATE RULES
  - STATE RULES MAY BE MORE STRINGENT THAN EPA
    - SOME STATES CLASSIFY E-WASTE AS UNIVERSAL OR HAZARDOUS WASTE

### **CRT RULE**

- **FINAL RULE ISSUED JULY 2006**
- INTENDED TO STREAMLINE REQUIREMENTS AND ENCOURAGE RECYCLING
- THE RULE IS A CONDITIONAL EXCLUSION
- THUS, IF RULE IS COMPLIED WITH, CRTs CAN BE HANDLED AS NON-WASTE
- NON-COMPLIANCE CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE REQUIREMENTS
- THE RULE MAKES NO CHANGES TO HOW RCRA APPLIES TO DISPOSAL OF CRTs
- DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS GO INTO EFFECT IF ADOPTED BY THE STATES
- EXPORT REQUIREMENTS WENT INTO EFFECT 1/29/07

## CRT RULE DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS

- INTACT CRTs SENT FOR RECYCLING IN U.S.
  - NO SPECULATIVE ACCUMULATION
    - 75% by volume or weight must be recycled within a calendar year
- BROKEN CRTs (i.e., vacuum released) SENT FOR RECYCLING IN U.S.
  - NO SPECULATIVE ACCUMULATION
  - UNIVERSAL-WASTE-TYPE PACKAGING & LABELING REQUIREMENTS FOR STORAGE & TRANSPORT

## CRT RULE DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS

#### GLASS PROCESSORS:

- MUST STORE BROKEN CRTs INDOORS OR IN CONTAINERS TO MINIMIZE RELEASES
- NO SPECULATIVE ACCUMULATION OF BROKEN CRTs
- MAY NOT USE TEMPERATURES HIGH ENOUGH TO VOLATILIZE LEAD

## CRT RULE DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS

#### PROCESSED GLASS:

- NOT REGULATED IF SENT TO CRT GLASS MANUFACTURER OR LEAD SMELTER
- IF SENT TO OTHER TYPES OF RECYCLING, MAY BE EXCLUDED ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS
- NO SPECULATIVE ACCUMULATION

## CRT RULE EXPORT REQUIREMENTS

- CRTs EXPORTED FOR RECYCLING
  - EXPORTER MUST SEND NOTIFICATION TO EPA 60 DAYS PRIOR TO EXPORT
  - NOTIFICATION MAY COVER EXPORT OVER A 12 MONTH OR LESSER PERIOD
  - EPA FORWARDS THE NOTIFICATION TO TRANSIT & IMPORTING COUNTRIES
  - EPA NOTIFIES EXPORTER OF CONSENT OR DENIAL BY COUNTRIES
  - EXPORT CANNOT PROCEED WITHOUT CONSENT OF COUNTRIES INVOLVED
  - SAME PACKAGING & LABELING REQUIREMENTS AS IF DOMESTIC SHIPMENT
  - NO SPECULATIVE ACCUMULATION

## CRT RULE EXPORT REQUIREMENTS

- INTACT CRTs EXPORTED FOR REUSE
  - EXPORTER MUST SEND A ONE-TIME NOTIFICATION TO EPA OR THE STATE
    - EXPORTER'S CONTACT INFORMATION
    - STATEMENT OF INTENT TO EXPORT
  - EXPORTER MUST KEEP BUSINESS
    RECORDS FOR 3 YEARS
    DEMONSTRATING EXPORT FOR
    LEGITIMATE REUSE/REFURBISHMENT