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- (c) Procedures for providing for educational continuity for migratory children through the timely transfer of educational and health records, beyond that required generally by State and local agencies;
- (d) Collecting and using information for accurate distribution of subgrant funds;
- (e) Development of a statewide needs assessment and a comprehensive State plan for MEP service delivery;
- (f) Supervision of instructional and support staff;
- (g) Establishment and implementation of a State parent advisory council; and
- (h) Conducting an evaluation of the effectiveness of the State MEP.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6392, 6571)

 $[67~\mathrm{FR}~71736,~\mathrm{Dec.}~2,~2002;~68~\mathrm{FR}~19152,~\mathrm{Apr.}~18,~2003]$

§ 200.83 Responsibilities of SEAs to implement projects through a comprehensive needs assessment and a comprehensive State plan for service delivery.

- (a) An SEA that receives a grant of MEP funds must develop and update a written comprehensive State plan (based on a current statewide needs assessment) that, at a minimum, has the following components:
- (1) Performance targets. The plan must specify—
- (i) Performance targets that the State has adopted for all children in reading and mathematics achievement, high school graduation, and the number of school dropouts, as well as the State's performance targets, if any, for school readiness; and
- (ii) Any other performance targets that the State has identified for migratory children.
- (2) Needs assessment. The plan must include an identification and assessment of—
- (i) The unique educational needs of migratory children that result from the children's migratory lifestyle; and
- (ii) Other needs of migratory students that must be met in order for migratory children to participate effectively in school.
- (3) Service delivery. The plan must describe the strategies that the SEA will pursue on a statewide basis to achieve

the performance targets in paragraph (a)(1) of this section by addressing—

- (i) The unique educational needs of migratory children consistent with paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section; and
- (ii) Other needs of migratory children consistent with paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (4) Evaluation. The plan must describe how the State will evaluate the effectiveness of its program.
- (b) The SEA must develop its comprehensive State plan in consultation with the State parent advisory council or, for SEAs not operating programs for one school year in duration, in consultation with the parents of migratory children. This consultation must be in a format and language that the parents understand.
- (c) Each SEA receiving MEP funds must ensure that its local operating agencies comply with the comprehensive State plan.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810-0662)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6396)

 $[67~\mathrm{FR}~71736,~\mathrm{Dec.}~2,~2002;~68~\mathrm{FR}~19152,~\mathrm{Apr.}~18,~2003]$

§ 200.84 Responsibilities of SEAs for evaluating the effectiveness of the MEP.

Each SEA must determine the effectiveness of its program through a written evaluation that measures the implementation and results achieved by the program against the State's performance targets in §200.83(a)(1), particularly for those students who have priority for service as defined in section 1304(d) of the ESEA.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0662)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6394)

[67 FR 71736, Dec. 2, 2002; 68 FR 19152, Apr. 18, 2003]

§ 200.85 Responsibilities of SEAs and operating agencies for improving services to migratory children.

While the specific school improvement requirements of section 1116 of the ESEA do not apply to the MEP, SEAs and local operating agencies receiving MEP funds must use the results of the evaluation carried out under