## § 200.49

- (i) Funds allocated under subpart A of this part;
- (ii) Funds, where allowable, from other Federal education programs; and
- (iii) State, local, or private resources.
- (2) Unless a lesser amount is needed, the LEA must spend an amount equal to 20 percent of its allocation under subpart A of this part to—
- (i) Provide, or pay for, transportation of students exercising a choice option under §200.44:
- (ii) Satisfy all requests for supplemental educational services under § 200.45; or
- (iii) Pay for both paragraph (a)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section, except that—
- (A) The LEA must spend a minimum of an amount equal to 5 percent of its allocation under subpart A of this part on transportation under paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section and an amount equal to 5 percent of its allocation under subpart A of this part for supplemental educational services under paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section, unless lesser amounts are needed to meet the requirements of §§ 200.44 and 200.45; and
- (B) The LEA may not include costs for administration or transportation incurred in providing supplemental educational services, or administrative costs associated with the provision of public school choice options under § 200.44, in the amounts required under paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (3) If the amount specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section is insufficient to pay all choice-related transportation costs, or to meet the demand for supplemental educational services, the LEA may make available any additional needed funds from Federal, State, or local sources.
- (4) To assist an LEA that does not have sufficient funds to make available supplemental educational services to all students requesting these services, an SEA may use funds that it reserves under part A of Title I and part A of Title V of the ESEA.
- (b) Cap on school-level reduction. (1) An LEA may not, in applying paragraph (a) of this section, reduce by more than 15 percent the total amount it makes available under subpart A of

this part to a school it has identified for corrective action or restructuring.

- (2) [Reserved]
- (c) Per-child funding for supplemental educational services. For each student receiving supplemental educational services under §200.45, the LEA must make available the lesser of—
- (1) The amount of its allocation under subpart A of this part, divided by the number of students from families below the poverty level, as counted under section 1124(c)(1)(A) of the ESEA; or
- (2) The actual costs of the supplemental educational services received by the student.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6316)

[67 FR 71725, Dec. 2, 2002]

## § 200.49 SEA responsibilities for school improvement, corrective action, and restructuring.

- (a) Transition requirements for public school choice and supplemental educational services. (1) Except as described in §§ 200.32(d) and 200.33(c), if a school was in school improvement or subject to corrective action on January 7, 2002, the SEA must ensure that the LEA for that school provides public school choice in accordance with § 200.44 not later than the first day of the 2002–2003 school year.
- (2) Except as described in §§ 200.32(d) and 200.33(c), if a school was in school improvement status for two or more consecutive school years or subject to corrective action on January 7, 2002, the SEA must ensure that the LEA for that school makes available supplemental educational services in accordance with § 200.45 not later than the first day of the 2002–2003 school year.
- (b) State reservation of funds for school improvement. (1) In accordance with § 200.100(a), an SEA must reserve 2 percent of the amount it receives under this part for fiscal years 2002 and 2003, and 4 percent of the amount it receives under this part for fiscal years 2004 through 2007, to—
- (i) Support local school improvement activities:
- (ii) Provide technical assistance to schools identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring; and
- (iii) Provide technical assistance to LEAs that the SEA has identified for

improvement or corrective action in accordance with §200.50.

- (2) Of the amount it reserves under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the SEA must—
- (i) Allocate not less than 95 percent directly to LEAs serving schools identified for improvement, corrective action, and restructuring to support improvement activities; or
- (ii) With the approval of the LEA, directly provide for these improvement activities or arrange to provide them through such entities as school support teams or educational service agencies.
- (3) In providing assistance to LEAs under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the SEA must give priority to LEAs that—
- (i) Serve the lowest-achieving schools:
- (ii) Demonstrate the greatest need for this assistance; and
- (iii) Demonstrate the strongest commitment to ensuring that this assistance will be used to enable the lowest-achieving schools to meet the progress goals in the school improvement plans under § 200.41.
- (c) Technical assistance. The SEA must make technical assistance available, through the statewide system of support and improvement required by section 1117 of the ESEA, to schools that LEAs have identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring.
- (d) LEA failure. If the SEA determines that an LEA has failed to carry out its responsibilities with respect to school improvement, corrective action, or restructuring, the SEA must take the actions it determines to be appropriate and in compliance with State law.
- (e) Assessment results. (1) The SEA must ensure that the results of academic assessments administered as part of the State assessment system in a given school year are available to LEAs before the beginning of the next school year and in such time as to allow for the identification described in §200.32(a)(2).
- (2) The SEA must provide the results described in paragraph (e)(1) of this section to a school before an LEA may identify the school for school improvement under §200.32, corrective action

- under §200.33, or restructuring under §200.34.
- (f) Accountability for charter schools. The accountability provisions under section 1116 of the ESEA must be overseen for charter schools in accordance with State charter school law.
- (g) Factors affecting student achievement. The SEA must notify the Secretary of Education of major factors that have been brought to the SEA's attention under section 1111(b)(9) of the ESEA that have significantly affected student academic achievement in schools and LEAs identified for improvement within the State.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810-0581)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6311 and 6316) [67 FR 71725, Dec. 2, 2002]

## § 200.50 SEA review of LEA progress.

- (a) State review. (1) An SEA must annually review the progress of each LEA in its State that receives funds under subpart A of this part to determine whether—
- (i) The LEA's schools served under this part are making AYP, as defined under §§ 200.13 through 200.20, toward meeting the State's student academic achievement standards; and
- (ii) The LEA is carrying out its responsibilities under this part with respect to school improvement, technical assistance, parental involvement, and professional development.
- (2) In reviewing the progress of an LEA, the SEA may, in the case of targeted assistance schools served by the LEA, consider the progress only of the students served or eligible for services under this subpart, provided the students selected for services in such schools are those with the greatest need for special assistance, consistent with the requirements of section 1115 of the ESEA.
- (b) Rewards. If an LEA has exceeded AYP as defined under §§ 200.13 through 200.20 for two consecutive years, the SEA may—
- (1) Reserve funds in accordance with §200.100(c); and
- (2) Make rewards of the kinds described under section 1117 of the ESEA.
- (c) Opportunity for review of LEA-level data. (1) Before identifying an LEA for