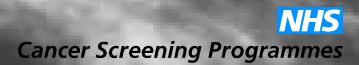


# Monitoring Diagnosis and Treatment of Screen-Detected Breast Cancer in the NHSBSP

Julietta Patnick ICSN 2008



#### Monitoring Screening: Principles

- Maintenance of minimum standards, continual striving for excellence
- Data items to drop out of clinical record: no special items
- Extensive reporting back to individual units with regional and national comparisons
- Performance indicators can be interrogated
- All women included, all units must submit complete records
  - 6 month time elapse before data requested



#### **Monitoring Diagnosis**

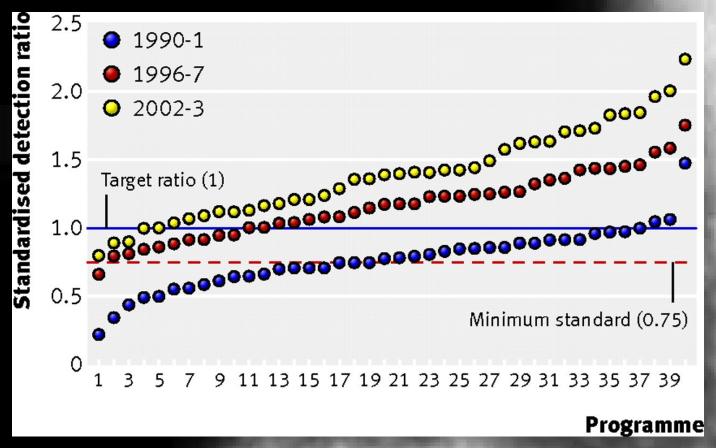
- Standardised Detection Ratio (observed cancers/expected cancers)
- Cancer Detection Rate (invasive/in situ)
- Small Invasive Cancer Rate (<15 mm)
- Image Quality
- Radiation Dose
- Repeat Film Rate
- Assessment Rate
- Non-operative Diagnosis Rate
- Benign Biopsy Rate
- Interval Cancer Rate (long term outcome)



# Examples of initial standards set for the prevalent (first) round of screening for women aged 50-64

Objective	Measurement	Minimum acceptable standard	Target standard
Maximise the number of cancers detected	No of cancers detected in women invited and screened	>3.5 in 1000	>5 in 1000
Minimise the number of women referred unnecessarily for further tests	No of women referred for assessment	<10% of women screened	<7% of women screened

#### Prevalent screen standardised detection ratio for the 40 largest screening units in England ranked in ascending order for 1990-1, 1996-7, and 2002-3

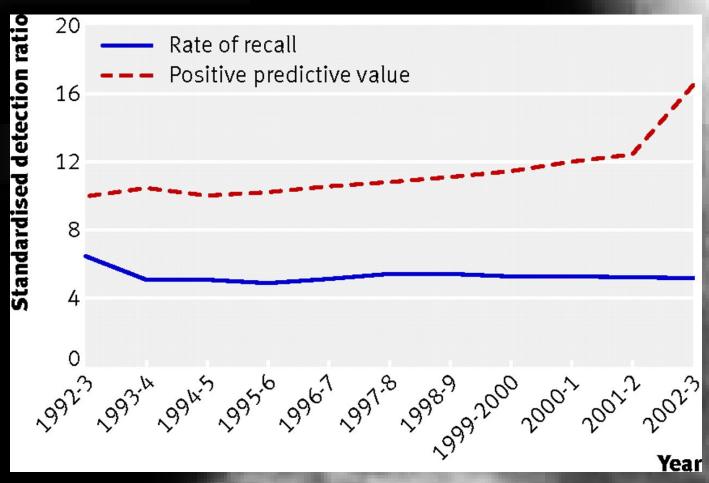


Gray, Patnick, Blanks BMJ 2008;336:480-483

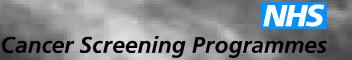




#### Rate of recall for assessment at incident screening and positive predictive value of recall

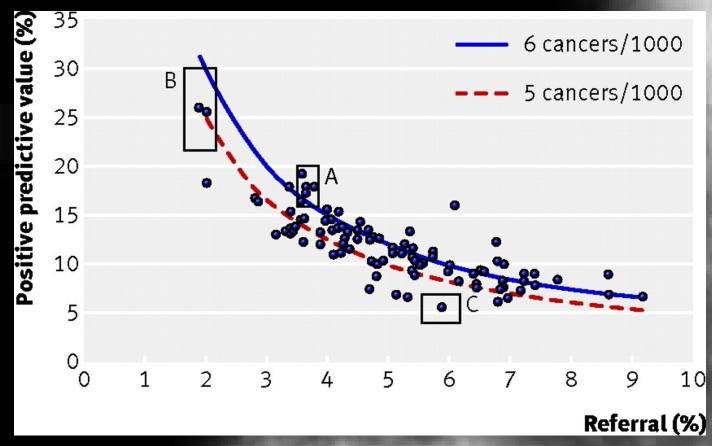


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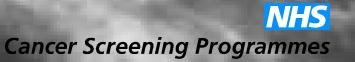




Positive predictive value of recall versus recall for assessment for all 95 UK screening units 1999-2000 (women aged 50-64). Boxes A-C highlight three example units plus 90% confidence intervals, with box A showing a unit with optimal qualities of high positive predictive value and cancer detection rates but low referral rate



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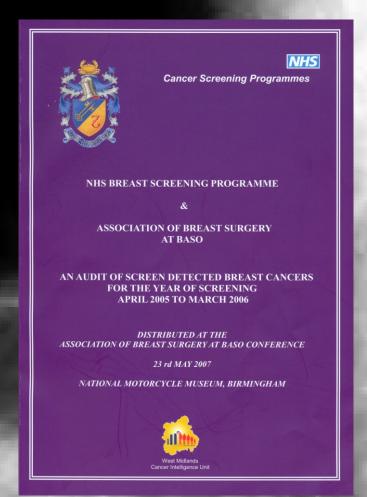


## Effect of different protocols on standardised detection ratio (SDR) for small invasive breast cancers (<15 mm)

Protocol	SDR	Rate ratio (95%CI)
One view/single reading	0.68	1.00
One view/double reading (recall if one reader suggests)	0.93	1.37 (1.15 to 1.62)
Two views/single reading	0.97	1.43 (1.15 to 1.77)
One view/double reading (consensus)		1.47 (1.21 to 1.78)
Two views/double reading (recall if one reader suggests)		1.54 (1.26 to 1.87)
Two views/double reading (consensus)	1.12	1.64 (1.31 to 2.06)
One view/double reading with arbitration)	1.18	1.73 (1.40 to 2.13)
Two views/double reading with arbitration		1.88 (1.49 to 2.37)

#### Monitoring Treatment: Principles

- Outside screening programme, so must get cooperation of others
- No new data items, use clinical record
- Extensive reporting back to individual units with regional and national comparisons



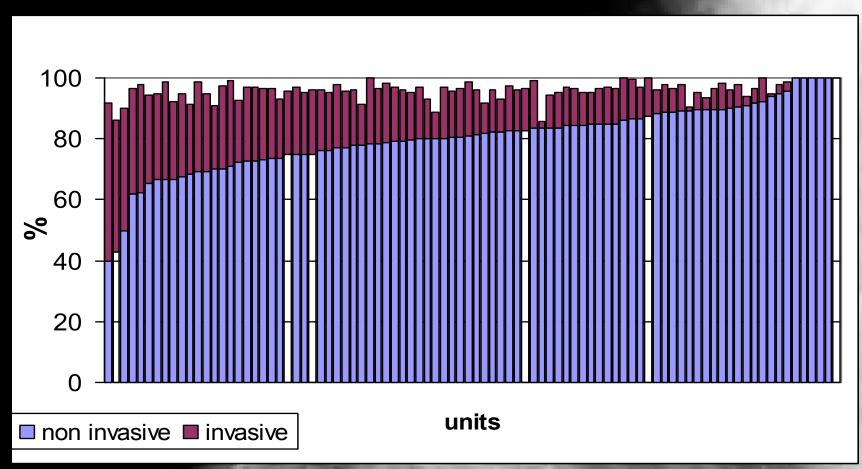


#### Monitoring Treatment: Data Items

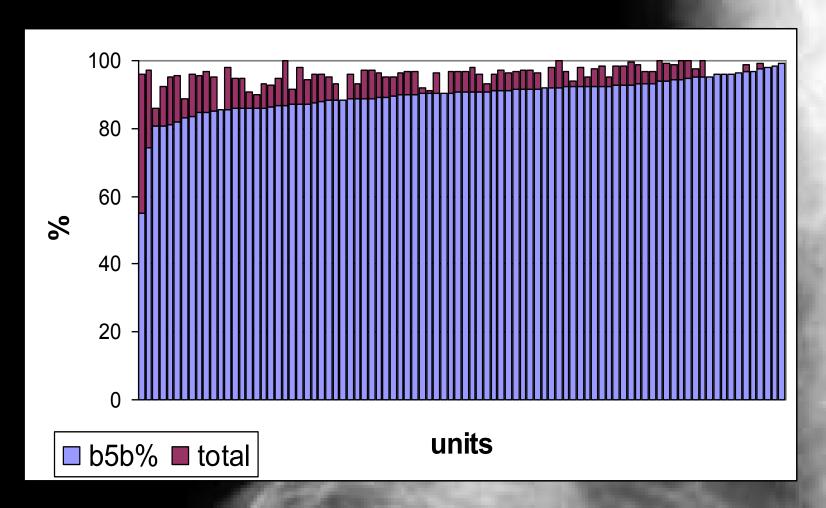
- Cancers (invasive vs in situ)
- Non-operative diagnosis (accuracy)
- Surgical treatment (conservation vs mastectomy)
- Lymph nodes (status, number, procedure etc)
- Waiting times
- Surgical caseload
- Number of operations
- Adjuvant therapy
- Survival



### National Analysis of Individual Unit Data: Non-Operative Diagnosis



### National Analysis of Individual Unit Data: Non-Operative Diagnosis





## Rates of non-operative diagnosis for screening programme (minimum standard 70%, target standard > 90%)

Year	Women with non- operative diagnosis (%)	Regions meeting minimum standard (%)	No (%) regions meeting target
1997/8	71	68	0
1998/9	81	100	1 (7)
1999/ 2000	85	100	1 (10)
2000-1	87	100	2 (15)
2001-2	89	100	6 (45)

Blanks RG, Wallis MG, Moss SM. J Med Screen 1998



#### Conclusions

- Detailed monitoring of diagnosis and treatment is possible
- Feedback and "added value" to those submitting data is vital
- Cooperation and goodwill is essential for collection of treatment data in particular
- Total quality management becomes a way of life





#### Thanks for listening

www.cancerscreening.nhs.uk

