Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (c) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops at a level not to exceed 2.0 percent by weight: *Provided*, That.
- (1) The hops extract is added to the wort before or during cooking in the manufacture of beer.
- (2) The label of the hops extract specifies the presence of the isopropyl alcohol and provides for the use of the hops extract only as prescribed by paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

§ 173.250 Methyl alcohol residues.

Methyl alcohol may be present in the following foods under the conditions specified:

- (a) In spice oleoresins as a residue from the extraction of spice, at a level not to exceed 50 parts per million.
- (b) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops, at a level not to exceed 2.2 percent by weight; *Provided*, That:
- (1) The hops extract is added to the wort before or during cooking in the manufacture of beer.
- (2) The label of the hops extract specifies the presence of methyl alcohol and provides for the use of the hops extract only as prescribed by paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

§ 173.255 Methylene chloride.

Methylene chloride may be present in food under the following conditions:

- (a) In spice oleoresins as a residue from the extraction of spice, at a level not to exceed 30 parts per million; *Provided*, That, if residues of other chlorinated solvents are also present, the total of all residues of such solvents shall not exceed 30 parts per million
- (b) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops, at a level not to exceed 2.2 percent, *Provided*, That:
- (1) The hops extract is added to the wort before or during cooking in the manufacture of beer.
- (2) The label of the hops extract identifies the presence of the methylene chloride and provides for the use of the hops extract only as prescribed by paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (c) In coffee as a residue from its use as a solvent in the extraction of caffeine from green coffee beans, at a level not to exceed 10 parts per million (0.001)

percent) in decaffeinated roasted coffee and in decaffeinated soluble coffee extract (instant coffee).

§173.270 Hexane.

Hexane may be present in the following foods under the conditions specified:

- (a) In spice oleoresins as a residue from the extraction of spice, at a level not to exceed 25 parts per million.
- (b) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops, at a level not to exceed 2.2 percent by weight; *Provided*, That:
- (1) The hops extract is added to the wort before or during cooking in the manufacture of beer.
- (2) The label of the hops extract specifies the presence of the hexane and provides for the use of the hops extract only as prescribed by paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

§ 173.275 Hydrogenated sperm oil.

The food additive hydrogenated sperm oil may be safely used in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The sperm oil is derived from rendering the fatty tissue of the sperm whale or is prepared by synthesis of fatty acids and fatty alcohols derived from the sperm whale. The sperm oil obtained by rendering is refined. The oil is hydrogenated.
- (b) It is used alone or as a component of a release agent or lubricant in bakery pans.
- (c) The amount used does not exceed that reasonably required to accomplish the intended lubricating effect.

§ 173.280 Solvent extraction process for citric acid.

A solvent extraction process for recovery of citric acid from conventional Aspergillus niger fermentation liquor may be safely used to produce foodgrade citric acid in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) The solvent used in the process consists of a mixture of n-octyl alcohol meeting the requirements of §172.864 of this chapter, synthetic isoparaffinic petroleum hydrocarbons meeting the requirements of §172.882 of this chapter, and tridodecyl amine.