

**§ 181.23 Antimycotics.**

Substances classified as antimycotics, when migrating from food-packaging material shall include:

Calcium propionate.  
Methylparaben (methyl *p*-hydroxybenzoate).  
Propylparaben (propyl *p*-hydroxybenzoate).  
Sodium benzoate.  
Sodium propionate.  
Sorbic acid.

[42 FR 14638, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977]

**§ 181.24 Antioxidants.**

Substances classified as antioxidants, when migrating from food-packaging material (limit of addition to food, 0.005 percent) shall include:

Butylated hydroxyanisole.  
Butylated hydroxytoluene.  
Dilauryl thiodipropionate.  
Distearyl thiodipropionate.  
Gum guaiac.  
Nordihydroguaiaretic acid.  
Propyl gallate.  
Thiodipropionic acid.  
2,4,5-Trihydroxy butyrophenone.

[42 FR 14638, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977]

**§ 181.25 Driers.**

Substances classified as driers, when migrating from food-packaging material shall include:

Cobalt caprylate.  
Cobalt linoleate.  
Cobalt naphthenate.  
Cobalt tallate.  
Iron caprylate.  
Iron linoleate.  
Iron naphthenate.  
Iron tallate.  
Manganese caprylate.  
Manganese linoleate.  
Manganese naphthenate.  
Manganese tallate.

[42 FR 14638, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977]

**§ 181.26 Drying oils as components of finished resins.**

Substances classified as drying oils, when migrating from food-packaging material (as components of finished resins) shall include:

Chinawood oil (tung oil).  
Dehydrated castor oil.  
Linseed oil.

Tall oil.

[42 FR 14638, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977]

**§ 181.27 Plasticizers.**

Substances classified as plasticizers, when migrating from food-packaging material shall include:

Acetyl tributyl citrate.  
Acetyl triethyl citrate.  
*p-tert*-Butylphenyl salicylate.  
Butyl stearate.  
Butylphthalyl butyl glycolate.  
Dibutyl sebacate.  
Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (for foods of high water content only).  
Diethyl phthalate.  
Diisobutyl adipate.  
Diisooctyl phthalate (for foods of high water content only).  
Diphenyl-2-ethylhexyl phosphate.  
Epoxidized soybean oil (iodine number maximum 6; and oxirane oxygen, minimum, 6.0 percent).  
Ethylphthalyl ethyl glycolate.  
Glycerol monooleate.  
Monoisopropyl citrate.  
Mono, di-, and tristearyl citrate.  
Triacetin (glycerol triacetate).  
Triethyl citrate.  
3-(2-Xenolyl)-1,2-epoxypropane.

[42 FR 14638, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977, as amended at 50 FR 49536, Dec. 3, 1985]

**§ 181.28 Release agents.**

Substances classified as release agents, when migrating from food-packaging material shall include:

Dimethylpolysiloxane (substantially free from hydrolyzable chloride and alkoxy groups, no more than 18 percent loss in weight after heating 4 hours at 200 °C.; viscosity 300 centisokes, 600 centisokes at 25 °C, specific gravity 0.96 to 0.97 at 25 °C, refractive index 1.400 to 1.404 at 25 °C).  
Linoleamide (linoleic acid amide).  
Oleamide (oleic acid amide).  
Palmitamide (palmitic acid amide).  
Stearamide (stearic acid amide).

[42 FR 14638, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977]

**§ 181.29 Stabilizers.**

Substances classified as stabilizers, when migrating from food-packaging material shall include:

Aluminum mono-, di-, and tristearate.  
Ammonium citrate.  
Ammonium potassium hydrogen phosphate.  
Calcium glycerophosphate.