- (1) Capital equivalency deposits maintained pursuant to §28.15;
- (2) Reserves required to be maintained by the Federal branch or agency pursuant to the FRB's authority under 12 U.S.C. 3105(a); and
- (3) Assets pledged, and surety bonds payable, to the FDIC to secure the payment of domestic deposits.
- (d) Exclusions. In determining eligible assets for purposes of this section, the Federal branch or agency shall exclude:
- (1) Any amount due from the head office or any other branch, office, agency, subsidiary, or affiliate of the foreign bank;
  - (2) Any classified asset;
- (3) Any asset that, in the determination of the OCC, is not supported by sufficient credit information:
- (4) Any deposit with a bank in the United States, unless that bank has executed a valid waiver of offset agreement:
- (5) Any asset not in the Federal branch's actual possession unless the branch holds title to the asset and maintains records sufficient to enable independent verification of the branch's ownership of the asset, as determined at the most recent examination; and
- (6) Any other particular asset or class of assets as provided by the OCC, based on a case-by-case assessment of the risks associated with the asset.
- (e) International banking facility. Unless specifically exempted by the OCC, the eligible assets and liabilities of any international banking facility operated through the Federal branch or agency must be included in the computation of eligible assets and liabilities for purposes of this section.

[61 FR 19532, May 2, 1996, as amended at 68 FR 70700, Dec. 19, 2003]

## § 28.21 Service of process.

A foreign bank operating at any Federal branch or agency is subject to service of process at the location of the Federal branch or agency.

## §28.22 Voluntary liquidation.

(a) Procedures to close all Federal branches and agencies. Unless otherwise provided, in cases in which a foreign bank proposes to close all of its Federal branches or agencies, the foreign bank shall comply with applicable requirements in 12 CFR 5.48 and the Manual, including requirements that apply to an expedited liquidation of an insured Federal branch.

- (b) Notice to customers and creditors. A foreign bank shall publish notice of the impending closure of each Federal branch or agency for a period of two months in every issue of a local newspaper where the Federal branch or agency is located. If only weekly publication is available, the notice must be published for nine consecutive weeks.
- (c) Report of condition. The Federal branch or agency shall submit a Report of Assets and Liabilities of United States Branches and Agencies of Foreign Banks as of the close of the last business day prior to the start of liquidation of the Federal branch or agency. This report must include a certified maturity schedule of all remaining liabilities, if any.
- (d) Return of certificate. The Federal branch or agency shall return the Federal branch or agency license certificate within 30 days of closure to the public.
- (e) Reports of examination. The Federal branch or agency shall send the OCC certification that all of its Reports of Examination have been destroyed or return its Reports of Examination to the OCC.

[61 FR 19532, May 2, 1996, as amended at 68 FR 70700, Dec. 19, 2003]

## § 28.23 Procedures for closing of some of a foreign bank's Federal branches and/or agencies.

In cases where §28.22 does not apply, and a foreign bank is closing one or more, but not all, of its Federal branches and/or agencies, it shall follow the procedures set forth in 12 U.S.C. 1831r-1(a) and (b) (branch closings).

[68 FR 70700, Dec. 19, 2003]

## § 28.24 Termination of a Federal branch or agency.

- (a) Grounds for termination. The OCC may revoke the authority of a foreign bank to operate a Federal branch or agency if:
- (1) The OCC determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the foreign bank has violated or failed to