## §413.865

one or more of the causes for debarment specified in this part.

- (e) Whether you have entered into an administrative agreement with a Federal agency or a State or local government that is not governmentwide but is based on conduct similar to one or more of the causes for debarment specified in this part.
- (f) Whether and to what extent you planned, initiated, or carried out the wrongdoing.
- (g) Whether you have accepted responsibility for the wrongdoing and recognize the seriousness of the misconduct that led to the cause for debarment.
- (h) Whether you have paid or agreed to pay all criminal, civil and administrative liabilities for the improper activity, including any investigative or administrative costs incurred by the government, and have made or agreed to make full restitution.
- (i) Whether you have cooperated fully with the government agencies during the investigation and any court or administrative action. In determining the extent of cooperation, the debarring official may consider when the cooperation began and whether you disclosed all pertinent information known to you.
- (j) Whether the wrongdoing was pervasive within your organization.
- (k) The kind of positions held by the individuals involved in the wrongdoing.
- (l) Whether your organization took appropriate corrective action or remedial measures, such as establishing ethics training and implementing programs to prevent recurrence.
- (m) Whether your principals tolerated the offense.
- (n) Whether you brought the activity cited as a basis for the debarment to the attention of the appropriate government agency in a timely manner.
- (o) Whether you have fully investigated the circumstances surrounding the cause for debarment and, if so, made the result of the investigation available to the debarring official.
- (p) Whether you had effective standards of conduct and internal control systems in place at the time the questioned conduct occurred.
- (q) Whether you have taken appropriate disciplinary action against the

individuals responsible for the activity which constitutes the cause for debarment.

- (r) Whether you have had adequate time to eliminate the circumstances within your organization that led to the cause for the debarment.
- (s) Other factors that are appropriate to the circumstances of a particular case.

## § 413.865 How long may my debarment last?

- (a) If the debarring official decides to debar you, your period of debarment will be based on the seriousness of the cause(s) upon which your debarment is based. Generally, debarment should not exceed three years. However, if circumstances warrant, the debarring official may impose a longer period of debarment.
- (b) In determining the period of debarment, the debarring official may consider the factors in §413.860. If a suspension has preceded your debarment, the debarring official must consider the time you were suspended.
- (c) If the debarment is for a violation of the provisions of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, your period of debarment may not exceed five years.

## §413.870 When do I know if the debarring official debars me?

- (a) The debarring official must make a written decision whether to debar within 45 days of closing the official record. The official record closes upon the debarring official's receipt of final submissions, information and findings of fact, if any. The debarring official may extend that period for good cause.
- (b) The debarring official sends you written notice, pursuant to §413.615 that the official decided, either—
  - (1) Not to debar you; or
- (2) To debar you. In this event, the notice:
- (i) Refers to the Notice of Proposed Debarment;
- (ii) Specifies the reasons for your debarment;
- (iii) States the period of your debarment, including the effective dates; and
- (iv) Advises you that your debarment is effective for covered transactions and contracts that are subject to the