§§ 4279.132-4279.136 [Reserved]

§ 4279.137 Financial statements.

(a) The lender will determine the type and frequency of submission of financial statements by the borrower. At a minimum, annual financial statements prepared by an accountant in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles will be required.

(b) If specific circumstances warrant and the proposed guaranteed loan will exceed \$3 million, the Agency may require annual audited financial statements. For example, the need for audited financial statements will be carefully considered in connection with loans that depend heavily on inventory and accounts receivable for collateral.

§§ 4279.138-4279.142 [Reserved]

§ 4279.143 Insurance.

(a) Hazard. Hazard insurance with a standard mortgage clause naming the lender as beneficiary will be required on every loan in an amount that is at least the lesser of the depreciated replacement value of the collateral or the amount of the loan. Hazard insurance includes fire, windstorm, lightning, hail, explosion, riot, civil commotion, aircraft, vehicle, marine, smoke, builder's risk during construction by the business, and property damage.

(b) Life. The lender may require life insurance to insure against the risk of death of persons critical to the success of the business. When required, coverage will be in amounts necessary to provide for management succession or to protect the business. The cost of insurance and its effect on the applicant's working capital must be considered as well as the amount of existing insurance which could be assigned without requiring additional expense.

- (c) *Worker compensation*. Worker compensation insurance is required in accordance with State law.
- (d) *Flood.* National flood insurance is required in accordance with 7 CFR, part 1806, subpart B (FmHA Instruction 426.2, available in any field office or the National Office).
- (e) Other. Public liability, business interruption, malpractice, and other insurance appropriate to the borrower's particular business and cir-

cumstances will be considered and required when needed to protect the interests of the borrower.

§ 4279.144 Appraisals.

Lenders will be responsible for ensuring that appraisal values adequately reflect the actual value of the collateral. All real property appraisals assoguaranteed ciated with Agency loanmaking and servicing transactions will meet the requirements contained in the Financial Institutions Reform, and Enforcement (FIRREĂ) of 1989 and the appropriate guidelines contained in Standards 1 and 2 of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practices (USPAP). In accordance with USPAP, the Agency will require documentation that the appraiser has the necessary experience and competency to appraise the property in question. All appraisals will include consideration of the potential effects from a release of hazardous substances or petroleum products or other environmental hazards on the market value of the collateral. For additional guidance and information concerning the completion of real property appraisals, refer to "Standard Practices for Environmental Site Assessments: Transaction Screen Questionnaire" and "Phase I Environmental Site Assessment," both published by the American Society of Testing and Materials. Chattels will be evaluated in accordance with normal banking practices and generally accepted methods of determining value.

[69 FR 64831, Nov. 9, 2004]

§§ 4279.145-4279.148 [Reserved]

§ 4279.149 Personal and corporate guarantees.

- (a) Personal and corporate guarantees, when obtained, are part of the collateral for the loan. However, the value of such guarantee is not considered in determining whether a loan is adequately secured for loanmaking purposes.
- (b) Personal and corporate guarantees for those owning greater than 20 percent of the borrower will be required where legally permissible, except as provided for in this section. Guarantees of parent, subsidiaries, or

§ 4279.150

affiliated companies and secured guarantees may also be required.

(c) Exceptions to the requirements for personal guarantees must be requested by the lender and concurred in by the Agency approval official on a case-by-case basis. The lender must document that collateral, equity, cash flow, and profitability indicate an above average ability to repay the loan.

§ 4279.150 Feasibility studies.

A feasibility study by a qualified independent consultant may be required by the Agency for start-up businesses or existing businesses when the project will significantly affect the borrower's operations. An acceptable feasibility study should include, but not be limited to, economic, market, technical, financial, and management feasibility.

§§ 4279.151-4279.154 [Reserved]

§4279.155 Loan priorities.

Applications and preapplications received by the Agency will be considered in the order received; however, for the purpose of assigning priorities as described in paragraph (b) of this section, the Agency will compare an application to other pending applications.

- (a) When applications on hand otherwise have equal priority, applications for loans from qualified veterans will have preference.
- (b) Priorities will be assigned by the Agency to eligible applications on the basis of a point system as contained in this section. The application and supporting information will be used to determine an eligible proposed project's priority for available guarantee authority. All lenders, including CLP lenders, will consider Agency priorities when choosing projects for guarantee. The lender will provide necessary information related to determining the score, as requested.
- (1) *Population priority.* Projects located in an unincorporated area or in a city with under 25,000 population (10 points).
- (2) *Community priority.* The priority score for community will be the total score for the following categories:

- (i) Located in an eligible area of long term population decline and job deterioration based on reliable statistical data (5 points).
- (ii) Located in a rural community that has remained persistently poor over the last 60 years (5 points).
- (iii) Located in a rural community that is experiencing trauma as a result of natural disaster or experiencing fundamental structural changes in its economic base (5 points).
- (iv) Located in a city or county with an unemployment rate 125 percent of the statewide rate or greater (5 points).
- (3) Empowerment Zone/Enterprise Community (EZ/EC). (i) Located in an EZ/EC designated area (10 points).
- (ii) Located in a designated Champion Community (5 points). A Champion Community is a community which developed a strategic plan to apply for an EZ/EC designation, but not selected as a designated EZ/EC Community.
- (4) *Loan features.* The priority score for loan features will be the total score for the following categories:
- (i) Lender will price the loan at the Wall Street Journal published Prime Rate plus 1.5 percent or less (5 points).
- (ii) Lender will price the loan at the Wall Street Journal published Prime Rate plus 1 percent or less (5 points).
- (iii) The Agency guaranteed loan is less than 50 percent of project cost (5 points).
- (iv) Percentage of guarantee is 10 or more percentage points less than the maximum allowable for a loan of its size (5 points).
- (5) High impact business investment priorities. The priority score for high impact business investment will be the total score for the following three categories:
- (i) *Industry*. The priority score for industry will be the total score for the following, except that the total score for industry cannot exceed 10 points.
- (A) Industry that has 20 percent or more of its sales in international markets (5 points).
- (B) Industry that is not already present in the community (5 points).
- (ii) *Business*. The priority score for business will be the total score for the following: