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from the United States or abandoned by the importer for destruction, and pending such action shall be subject to the immediate application of such safeguards against escape of plant pests as the inspector may prescribe. If such material is not promptly safeguarded by the importer, removed from the United States, or abandoned for destruction to the satisfaction of the inspector it may be seized, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in accordance with section 10 of the Plant Quarantine Act (7 U.S.C. 164a). Neither the Department of Agriculture nor the inspector will be responsible for any costs accruing for demurrage, shipping charges, cartage, labor, chemicals, or other expenses incidental to the safeguarding or disposal of material refused entry by the inspector, nor will the Department of Agriculture or the inspector assume responsibility for the value of material destroyed.

Subpart—Sugarcane

§319.15 Notice of quarantine.

(a) On and after October 1, 1934, under authority conferred by the Plant Quarantine Act approved August 20, 1912 (37 Stat. 315; 7 U.S.C. 151-167), as amended, the importation into the United States of canes of sugarcane, or cuttings or parts thereof, sugarcane leaves, the bagasse, from all foreign countries and localities, is prohibited: Provided, That this prohibition shall not apply to importations by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for scientific or experimental purposes, nor to importations of specific materials which the Department may authorize under permit on condition that they have been or are to be so treated, processed, or manufactured that, in the judgment of the Department, their entry will involve no pest risk: Provided further, That whenever the Deputy Administrator of the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs shall find that existing conditions as to pest risk involved in the importation of bagasse and related sugarcane products into Guam, make it safe to modify by making less stringent the restrictions of this section with respect to such importation, he shall publish such finding in administrative instructions, specifying the manner in which

the restrictions shall be made less stringent and imposing such conditions on such importation as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, whereupon such modification shall become effective.

(b) As used in this subpart, unless the context otherwise requires, the term "United States" means the States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

§319.15a Administrative instructions and interpretation relating to entry into Guam of bagasse and related sugarcane products.

Bagasse and related sugarcane products have been so processed that, in the judgment of the Department, their importation into Guam will involve no pest risk, and they may be imported into Guam without further permit, other than the authorization contained in this paragraph. Such importations may be made without the submission of a notice of arrival inasmuch as there is available to the inspector the essential information normally supplied by the importer at the time of importation. Inspection of such importations may be made under the general authority of §330.105(a) of this chapter. If an importation is found infected, infested. or contaminated with any plant pest and is not subject to disposal under this part, disposition may be made in accordance with §330.106 of this chap-

Subpart—Citrus Canker and Other Citrus Diseases

§319.19 Notice of quarantine.

(a) In order to prevent the introduction into the United States of the citrus canker disease (Xanthomonas citri (Hasse) Dowson) and other citrus diseases, the importation into the United States of plants or any plant part, except fruit and seeds, of all genera, species, and varieties of the subfamilies Aurantioideae, Rutoideae, and Toddalioideae of the botanical family Rutaceae is prohibited, except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section.